# SimChar: Building a Dataset of Visually Similar Characters

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# Background

#### IDN homograph attacks getting vital these days.

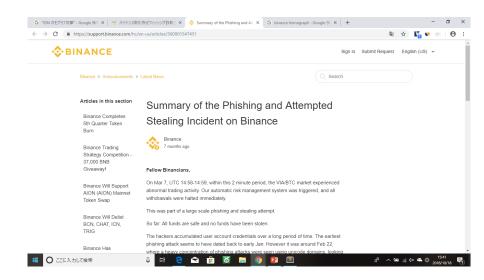
**Aug 2017** 



adobe.com targeted (adobe.com)

Latin small letter b with dot below (U+1E05)

#### Mar 2018

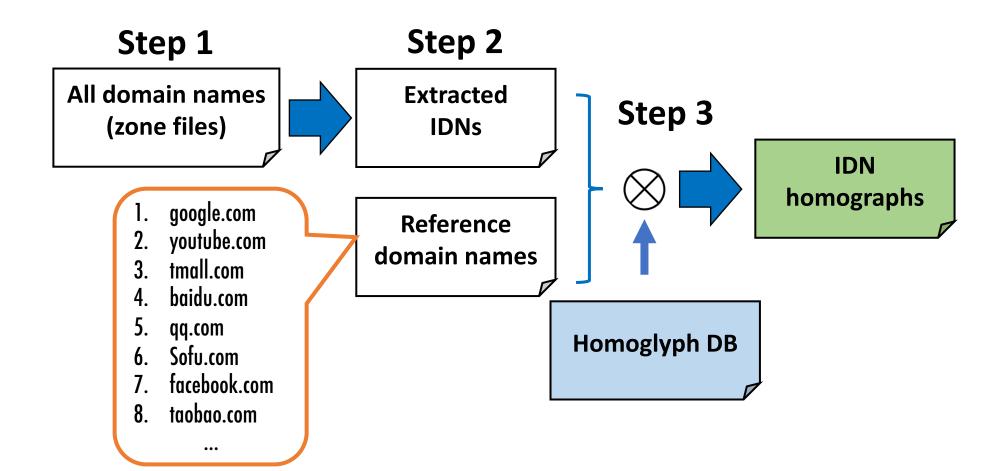


binance.com targeted (binance.com)

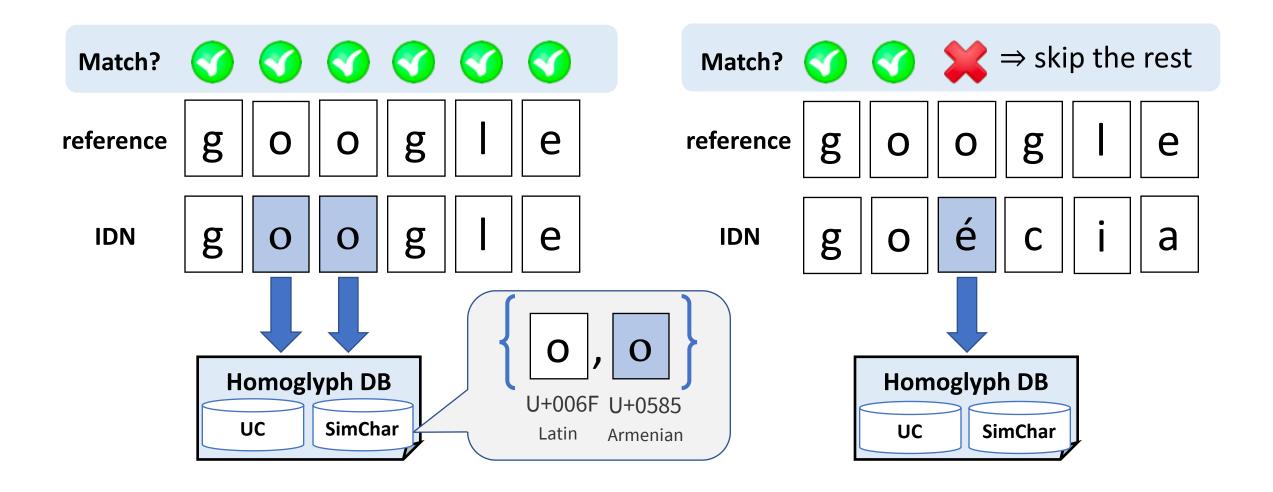
Latin small letter i with dot below (U+1ECB)
Latin small letter a with dot below (U+1EA1)

#### ShamFinder

A framework we built to detect potential IDN homographs automatically.



#### ShamFinder



#### Question

•Is there a homoglyph DB out there?

#### A solution

Yes, we can make use of confusables.txt

http://unicode.org/reports/tr39/#Data\_Collection

#### **Visually Confusable Characters:**

Provides a mapping for visual confusables for use in detecting possible security problems. The usage of the file is described in *Section 4*, *Confusable Detection*.

help | character | properties | confusables | unicode-set | compare-sets | regex | bnf-regex | breaks | transform | bidi | bidi-c | idna | languas

Input							
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#### **Confusable Characters**

P 0070 LATIN SMALL LETTER P	O 03C1 GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO	O 0440 CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ER	P 2CA3 COPTIC SMALL LETTER RO		
a 0061 LATIN SMALL LETTER A	Q 0251 LATIN SMALL LETTER ALPHA	α 03B1 GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA	a 0430 CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A		
<b>y</b> 0079 LATIN SMALL LETTER Y	0263 LATIN SMALL LETTER GAMMA	Y 028F LATIN LETTER SMALL CAPITAL Y	7 03B3 GREEK SMALL LETTER GAMMA	y 0443 CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER U	Y 04AF CYRILLIC SMALL LETTE STRAIGHT U
P 0070 LATIN SMALL LETTER P	O3C1 GREEK SMALL LETTER RHO	0440 CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER ER	P 2CA3 COPTIC SMALL LETTER RO		
a 0061 LATIN SMALL LETTER A	Q 0251 LATIN SMALL LETTER ALPHA	α 03B1 GREEK SMALL LETTER ALPHA	a 0430 CYRILLIC SMALL LETTER A		
0031 DIGIT ONE	006C LATIN SMALL LETTER L	01C0 LATIN LETTER DENTAL CLICK	) 05D5 HEBREW LETTER VAV	05DF HEBREW LETTER FINAL NUN	0627 ARABIC LETTER ALEF

Total raw values: 42,240

#### **Confusable Results**

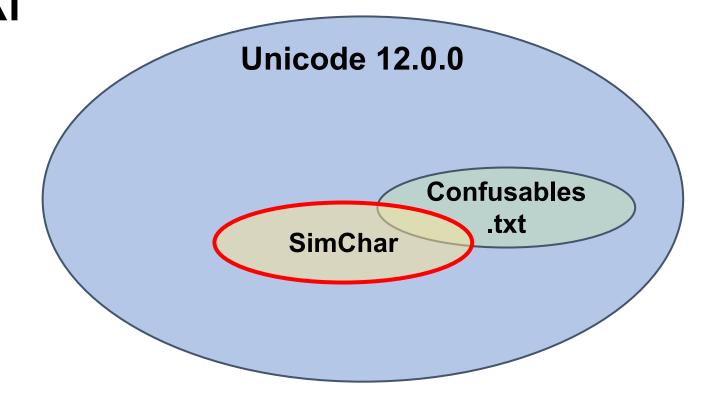
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#### Our Question

•Are there homoglyphs that are NOT listed in the confusables.txt?

#### Answer

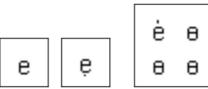
Yes, we found several homoglyphs not listed in the confusables.txt



# The process of building a homoglyph DB (SimChar)

- 1. Get the visual images of characters (Unicode BMP) by using GNU Unifont.
- 2. Compute the distance of two characters (images) with the number of different pixels.
- 3. If the distance is smaller than some threshold, then detect the pair as homoglyph.

## The process of building a homoglyph DB (SimChar)



 $\Delta = 0$   $\Delta = 1$ 

 $\Lambda = 2$ 

 $\Delta = 3$ 

 $\Delta = 4$ 

 $\Delta = 5$ 

 $\Delta = 6$ 

### Stats of DBs

Sets	# Chars	# Pairs
IDNA ∩ Unifont12	52,457	n/a
UC ∩ Unifont12	5,080	3,696
$SimChar \cap Unifont12^1$	12,686	13,208

#### Confusables to Latin letters

Table 3: Number of homoglyphs of Latin letters (lowercase) contained in SimChar and UC  $\cap$  IDNA.

SimChar						UC ∩ <i>IDNA</i>						
	#		#		#		#		#		#	
o'	40	's'	14	ʻf'	8	o'	34	'c'	4	ʻp'	3	
'e'	26	ʻr'	14	ʻm'	8	'1'	12	ʻd'	4	ʻx'	3	
'n'	24	ʻa'	14	ʻg'	7	'y'	10	ʻg'	4	ʻj'	2	
w'	20	'k'	13	ʻj'	7	ʻi'	9	ʻf'	4	'n'	2	
'c'	19	ʻt'	13	ʻp'	7	ʻu'	9	ʻa'	3	ʻz'	2	
'1'	18	ʻz'	12	ʻx'	6	w'	8	ʻb'	3			
ʻu'	18	ʻd'	10	ʻq'	2	'v'	6	'e'	3			
'h'	17	'y'	9	'v'	1	's'	5	ʻh'	3			
ʻi'	16	ʻb'	8			ʻr'	5	ʻq'	3			
Total			351			Total				141		

# Examples

е	ę	ė 0 0 0	ę <b>φ</b> ε ε <b>ę</b>	è é ê ë ē ĕ 9 8 8 è ë 9 ¢ è <del>0</del>
e_0	e_1	e_2	e_3	e_4
B B ε ệ	၀၀ è စ ၀ ၀ ၀ ဗ ၀ ၀ ၅ ၀ ၀ ၃ ၉ ẽ è ၅			
e_5	e_6			

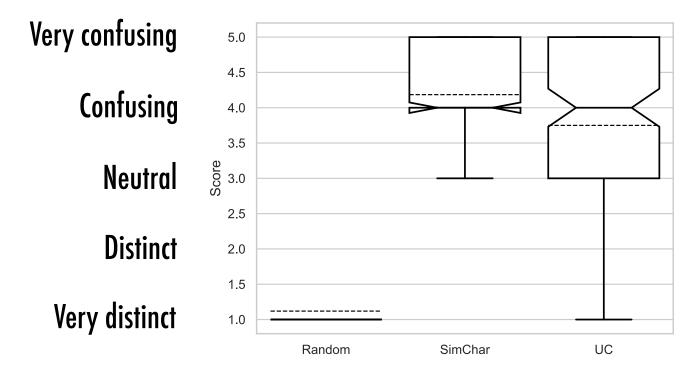
#### Our Question

•Are the detected homoglyphs really confusable?

#### Answer

 Yes, our human study revealed that they are more confusable than those contained in confusables.txt!

Q: Are they distinct or confusing?



#### Limitations & Future work

- Evaluation used GNU Unifont only
  - → Need to extend the evaluation for other font families
- Participants of Human Study were English speakers
  - → Need to consider linguistic/cultural spheres
    - ・Human perception example: ぬ vs. め or わ vs. ね are quite distinguishable for Japanese.

# Summary

- ShanFinder is a framework to detect IDN homographs efficiently.
- ShamFinder makes use of SimChar, which is a database of homoglyphs, and confusables.txt
- SimChar contains homoglyphs not listed in the confusables.txt.
- SimChar is available at:
  - https://github.com/shamfinder/shamfinder
    simchar.json (47MB)
- More technical details are available at arXiv:
  - https://arxiv.org/abs/1909.07539

The paper will appear at ACM IMC 2019 <a href="https://conferences.sigcomm.org/imc/2019/">https://conferences.sigcomm.org/imc/2019/</a>