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202306UECM34630E1a

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Review of preview

Started on	Monday, 10 July 2023, 12:13 PM
Completed on	Monday, 10 July 2023, 12:13 PM
Time taken	13 secs
Grade	0 out of a maximum of 10 (0%)

1
Marks: 1


A random variable has a mean of 8 and coefficient of variation of 2. The third raw moment is 1460. Determine the skewness. _____

Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: -1.268555

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

2
Marks: 1

Claim severity has the following distribution:

Claim Size	250.0	262.5	275.0	287.5	300.0
Probability	0.47	0.29	0.09	0.07	0.08


Determine the distribution's Skewness. _____

Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: 1.200961

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

3
Marks: 1

Claim sizes expressed in Ringgit Malaysia(RM) follow a pareto distribution with parameters $\alpha = 2$ and $\theta = 2,350$. A euro is worth 4.8 RM. Calculate the probability that a claim will be worth 2475.0 euros or more. _____

Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: 0.027273

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

4
Marks: 1

An insurance loss is being modeled as a continuous two-spliced distribution as follows:

$f_X(x)$

$= c_1 e^{-x/300}, 0 < x < 300$

$= c_2 e^{-x/4800}, x \geq 300$

Calculate the average loss. _____

Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 4611.495023

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

5

Marks: 1

For insurance coverage, you are given that claim size, X , follows a gamma distribution with parameters $\alpha = 3$, $\theta = 960$. Determine $V(X \wedge 2,000)$. _____

Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 173961.8

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

6

Marks: 1

X is a random variable representing loss size.

You are given that $E[X \wedge d] = 445.5 - 297^3/2d^2$.

Loss sizes are affected by 13% inflation. Determine the average payment per loss under a policy with 342 ordinary deductible after inflation. _____

Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 161.59817

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

7

Marks: 1

You are given the following:

- Losses follow a Weibull distribution with parameters $\theta = 26$ and $\tau = 2$.
- The insurance coverage has an ordinary deductible of 12.

If the insurer makes a payment, what is the probability that an insurer's payment is less than or equal to 33. _____

Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 0.938119

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

8

Marks: 1

The distribution of X is specified by its hazard rate function

$$h(x) = xe^{-0.5x} / \int_x^\infty se^{-0.5s} ds, x > 0$$

Calculate $E(X-5)_+$. _____

Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect

Correct answer: 0.7388

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

9

Marks: 1

Suppose $X \sim N(\mu = 60, \sigma^2 = 144)$, calculate $E[(X - 36)_+]$. _____


Answer:



[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: 24.1
Marks for this submission: 0/1.

10



Marks: 1

A loss, X , follows a Pareto distribution with $\alpha = 8$ and unspecified parameter θ . You are given:

$$E[X - 940|X > 940] = 2E[X-115|X > 115].$$

Calculate $E[X - 2,480|X > 2,480]$. _____

Answer:

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect
Correct answer: 455.714286
Marks for this submission: 0/1.