

## 202306UECM3463OE3b

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| <b>Started on</b>   | Saturday, 26 August 2023, 11:52 PM |
| <b>Completed on</b> | Saturday, 26 August 2023, 11:52 PM |
| <b>Time taken</b>   | 9 secs                             |
| <b>Marks</b>        | 0/11                               |
| <b>Grade</b>        | 0 out of a maximum of 10 (0%)      |

1

Marks: 1

A stop-loss reinsurance pays 75% of the excess of aggregate claims above 1,070, subject to maximum payment of 398. For aggregate claims,  $S$ , you are given:

- $E[(S-1,070)_+] = 450$
- $E[(S-2,140)_+] = 225$
- The probability of an aggregate claim amount between 1,070 and 2,140 is zero.

Determine the total amount of claims the reinsurer expects to pay. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:

✗

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Incorrect

Correct answer: 83.691589

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

2

Marks: 1

Losses follow a compound distribution with both frequency and severity having discrete distribution.  
For frequency

$$P_N(z) = 0.33 + 0.67[e^{3.49z}-1]/[e^{3.49}-1]$$

For Severity

$$P_X(z) = 0.52 + 0.18z + 0.18z^2 + 0.08z^3 + 0.04z^4$$

Calculate the Variance of the aggregate losses. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:

✗

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Incorrect

Correct answer: 7.7486

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

3

Marks: 1

For a certain insurance, individual losses in 2020 were Pareto distributed with parameters  $\alpha = 5$  and  $\theta = 1100$ . A deductible of 110.0 is applied to each loss. In 2021, individual losses have increased 8%. A deductible of 110.0 is still applied to each loss. Determine the standard deviation of amount paid per loss. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:

✗

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Incorrect

Correct answer: 140282.11

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

4

Marks: 1

Let the frequency distribution be negative binomial with  $r = 4$  and  $\beta = 2$ . Let the severity distribution has the exponential distribution with mean 28. Determine  $F_5(38)$ . \_\_\_\_

Answer: ✗

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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 0.0754

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

5

Marks: 1

Claim sizes follow an exponential distribution with  $\theta = 16.00$ . Claim counts are independent of claim sizes, and have the following distribution:

|                |      |      |      |      |
|----------------|------|------|------|------|
| n              | 0    | 1    | 2    | 3    |
| P <sub>n</sub> | 0.37 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 0.13 |

Calculate  $F_5(8)$ . \_\_\_\_

Answer: ✗

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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 0.507952

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

6

Marks: 1

A random variable has an exponential distribution with mean 90. It is to be discretized using the method of rounding with span 60. Determine the mean of the discretized distribution. \_\_\_\_

Answer: ✗

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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 88.354688

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

7

Marks: 1

Prescription drug losses,  $S$ , are modeled assuming the number of claims has a geometric distribution with mean 8.50, and the amount of each prescription is 268. Calculate  $E[(S-670)^+]$ . \_\_\_\_

Answer: ✗

[Make comment or override grade](#)

Incorrect  
Correct answer: 1727.679837

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

8

Marks: 1

A company provides insurance to a concert hall for losses due to power failure. You are given:

- The number of power failures in a year has a Binomial distribution with parameters  $m = 6$  and  $q = 0.48$ .
- The distribution of loss amount due to a single power failure is:

|             |      |      |      |      |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|
| Loss Amount | 10   | 20   | 30   | 40   |
| Probability | 0.60 | 0.28 | 0.12 | 0.00 |
- There is an annual deductible of 29.

Calculate the expected amount of claims paid by the insurer in one year. \_\_\_\_

Answer: ✗

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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 17.692284

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

9   
Marks: 1

Claim counts follow a Poisson distribution with mean 2. Claim sizes follow an exponential distribution with  $\theta = 1000$ . This severity distribution is discretized using the method of rounding with span 80. Claim counts and claim sizes are independent. A stop-loss reinsurance contract has a deductible of 184.0. Calculate expected losses paid by the reinsurance contract. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 2010.5805

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

10   
Marks: 1

A company provides insurance to a concert hall for losses due to power failure. You are given:

- The number of power failures in a year has a Binomial distribution with parameters  $m = 2$  and  $q = 0.65$ .
- The distribution of loss amount due to a single power failure follows a gamma distribution  $\alpha = 2$  and  $\theta = 11$ .
- There is an annual deductible of 24.

Calculate the expected amount of claims paid by the insurer in one year. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 67.753551

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

11   
Marks: 1

A stop-loss reinsurance pays 85% of the excess of aggregate claims above 1,000, subject to maximum payment of 468. For aggregate claims,  $S$ , you are given:

- $E[(S-1,000)_+] = 400$
- $E[(S-2,000)_+] = 200$
- The probability of an aggregate claim amount between 1,000 and 2,000 is zero.

Determine the total amount of claims the reinsurer expects to pay. \_\_\_\_\_


Answer:



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Incorrect  
Correct answer: 93.6

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

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