Test 1 Marking Guide

Name: Student ID: Mark: /100

FACULTY: FES, UTAR COURSE CODE: UECM1404

PROGRAMME/YEAR: AS, FM /Y1 COURSE TITLE: THEORY OF INTEREST SESSION: 202301 LECTURER: DR YONG CHIN KHIAN

1. CO1: Use the concepts of derivatives and functions to solve equations in the context of theory of interest.

- (a) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] You are given $\delta_t = \frac{2}{1+t}$. A payment of 350 at the end of 5 years and 700 at the end of 10 years has the same present value as a payment of 200 at the end of 4 years and X at the end of 9 years. Calculus X. 750.73. (6 marks)
- (b) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] Jeff puts 1000 into a fund that pays an effective annual rate of discount of 21% for the first two years and a force of interest of rate $\delta = 2/(12-t), 2 \le t \le 4$, for the next two years. At the end of four years, the amount in Jeff's account is the same as what it would have been if he had put 1000 into an account paying interest at the nominal rate of i per annum compounded quarterly for four years. Calculate i. 0.2361. (7 marks)
- (c) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] It is known that

$$1 + \frac{i^{(n)}}{n} = \frac{1 + \frac{i^{(6)}}{6}}{1 + \frac{i^{(7)}}{7}}.$$

Find $n. \underline{42}$. (7 marks)

(d) [Show your workings. If no workings are shown, ZERO is awarded] A loan of 10,000 is made at an interest rate of 12% compounded quarterly. The loan is to be repaid with three payments: 4,000 at the end of first year, 8,000 at the end of 4-th year, and the balance at the end of the tenth year. Calculate the amount of final payment.

(15 marks)

Ans.

Let B be the final payment,

$$10,000 = 4,000 \left(1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4}\right)^{-4 \times 1} + 8,000 \left(1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4}\right)^{-4 \times 4} + B\left(1 + \frac{i^{(4)}}{4}\right)^{-4 \times 10}$$

$$10,000 = 4,000 (1.03)^{-4} + 8,000 (1.03)^{-16} + B (1.03)^{-4 \times 10}$$

$$B = \boxed{4764.9118}$$

(e) [Show your workings. If no workings are shown, ZERO is awarded] Investment A for 240,000 is invested at a nominal rate of interest, j, convertible semiannually. After 4 years, it accumulates to 533,469.34. Investment B for 240,000 is invested at a nominal rate of discount, k, convertible quarterly. After 5 years, it accumulates to 2,086,998.31. Investment C for 240,000 is invested at an annual effective rate of interest equal to j in year one and an annual effective rate of discount equal to k in year two. Calculate the value of investment C at the end of two years.

(15 marks)

$$240,000(1+j/2)^{2\times4} = 533,469.34$$

$$j = \left(\left[\frac{533,469.34}{240,000}\right]^{1/(2\times4)} - 1\right) \times 2 = 0.21$$

$$240,000(1-k/4)^{-4\times5} = 2,086,998.31$$

$$k = \left(1 - \left[\frac{2,086,998.31}{240,000}\right]^{-1/(4\times5)}\right) \times 4 = 0.41$$

$$AV_C = 240,000(1+j)(1-k)^{-1} = 240,000(1+0.21)(1-0.41)^{-1} = \boxed{492,203.39}$$

- 2. CO2: Formulate equations to solve problems involving interest/yield rates.
 - (a) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] Kenton borrows 150,000 on January 1, 2023 to be repaid in 24 semiannual annual installments at an effective annual rate of interest of 9%. The first payment is due on June 1, 2023. Instead of semiannual payment he decides to make monthly payments equal to one-sixth of the semiannual payment beginning on February 1, 2023. Dertermine how many months will be needed to pay off the loan. 139.64.
 - (b) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] Annual deposits of 170 are made at the beginning of each year for 19 years. Find the accumulated value at the end of 19 years if the effective rate of interest is 7% for the first 9 years and 6% for the last 10 years. 6277.07. (7 marks)
 - (c) [Fill in the blank with correct answer] An investment requires an initial payment of 130,000 and annual payments of 13,000 at the end of the first 18 years. Starting at the end of the 19 year, the investment returns 12 equal payments of X. Determine X to yield an annual effective rate of 8% over the 30-year period. 133535.73. (7 marks)
 - (d) [Show your workings. If no workings are shown, ZERO is awarded] At time t=0, Edbert deposits Q into a fund crediting interest at an effective annual interest rate of 9%. At the end of each year in years 6 through 20, Edbert withdraws an amount sufficient to purchase an annuity-due of 100 for 10 years at a nominal interest rate of 12% compounded monthly. Immediately after the withdrawal at the end of year 20, the fund value is zero. Calculate Q.

(15 marks)

Ans.

Edbert withdraws
$$100\ddot{a}_{\overline{120}|1\%} = 100 \left[\frac{1 - 1.01^{-120}}{0.01} \right] (1.01) = 7039.75$$

$$Q = 7039.75a - 1.01 + 1.00 - 5$$

$$Q = 7039.75 a_{\overline{15}9\%} (1.09^{-5})$$

$$= 7039.75 \left[\frac{1 - 1.09^{-15}}{0.09} \right] (1.09^{-5})$$

$$= 36,880.51$$

(e) [Show your workings. If no workings are shown, ZERO is awarded] Tom borrows 500 at an annual effective interest rate of 5% and agrees to repay it with 26 annual installments. The amount of each payment in the last 17 years is set at twice that in the first 9 years. At the end of 9 years, Tom has the option to repay the entire loan with a final payment X, in addition to the regular payment. This will yield the lender an annual effective rate of 6.9% over the 9-year period. Calculate X.

(15 marks)

Ans.