

MEME15203 Statistical Inference**Assignment 2****UNIVERSITI TUNKU ABDUL RAHMAN**

Faculty:	FES	Unit Code:	MEME15203
Course:	MAC	Unit Title:	Statistical Inference
Year:	1,2	Lecturer:	Dr Yong Chin Khian
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Due by:	10/3/2022		

Q1. Consider a random sample from a Exponential distribution, $X_i \sim \text{Exp}(\theta)$. Find the asymptotic normal distribution of $Y_n = \bar{X}_n^4$.

(10 marks)

Q2. Suppose that $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2), i = 1, \dots, 13$, $Z_j \sim N(0, 1), j = 1, \dots, 5$, and $W_k \sim \chi^2(v), k = 1, \dots, 12$ and all random variables are independent. State the distribution of each of the following variables if it is a "named" distribution. [For example $X_1 + X_2 \sim N(2\mu, 2\sigma^2)$]

(a) $\frac{Z_i^2/W_1}{1+Z_1^2/W_1}$

(b) $\frac{\frac{\sum_{k=1}^5 W_k}{\sum_{j=1}^5 (Z_j - \bar{Z})^2}}{1 + \frac{\sum_{k=1}^5 W_k}{\sum_{j=1}^5 (Z_j - \bar{Z})^2}}$

(c) $\frac{W_1}{W_1 + W_2 + W_3 + W_4}$

(10 marks)

Q3. Suppose that $X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2), i = 1, \dots, 11$, $Z_j \sim N(0, 1), j = 1, \dots, 9$, and $W_k \sim \chi^2(v), k = 1, \dots, 10$ and all random variables are independent. State the distribution of each of the following variables if it is a "named" distribution. [For example $X_1 + X_2 \sim N(2\mu, 2\sigma^2)$]

(a) $\frac{8 \sum_{i=1}^{11} (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{10\sigma^2 \sum_{j=1}^9 (Z_j - \bar{Z})^2}$

(b) $\frac{W_1}{\sum_{k=1}^9 W_k}$

(c) $\frac{\bar{X}}{\sigma^2} + \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{11} Z_i}{11}$

(10 marks)

Q4. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n denote a random sample from the density function given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{5}{\theta} x^4 e^{-x^5/\theta}, & \theta > 0, x > 0, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

(a) find the MME of θ .

(b) Find the MLE of θ .

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- (c) Find the CRLB of θ .

(15 marks)

- Q5. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n denote a random sample from an exponentially distributed population with mean $\lambda = \frac{1}{\theta}$. Let $\Theta \sim \chi^2(2v)$.

- (a) Find the Bayes estimator for $\lambda = \frac{1}{\theta}$ under square error loss.
 (b) Show that it is a biased but consistent estimator for $\lambda = \frac{1}{\theta}$.

(20 marks)

- Q6. A pmf on the integers with an integer parameter, θ , is

$$f(x|\theta) = \frac{1}{2}I[x = \theta - 5 \text{ or } x = \theta + 5].$$

For X_1 and X_2 iid from this distribution, compare MSE's for the two estimators of θ ,

$$\hat{\theta} = \begin{cases} X_1 + 5, & \text{if } X_1 = X_2 \\ \bar{X}, & \text{if } X_1 \neq X_2 \end{cases} \text{ or } \tilde{\theta} = \hat{\theta} - \frac{5}{2}.$$

(15 marks)

- Q7. Consider a random sample of size n from a distribution with discrete pdf $f(x : p) = p(1 - p)^x; x = 0, 1, \dots$, zero otherwise.

- (a) Find the MLE of p .
 (b) Find the MLE of $\theta = \frac{1-p}{p}$.
 (c) Find the CRLB for variance of unbiased estimators of θ .
 (d) Is MLE of θ a UMVUE?
 (e) Is MLE of θ MSE consistent?
 (f) Find the asymptotic distribution of the MLE of θ .

(20 marks)