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#### 202401UECM3473OE5a

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## Review of preview

Started on	Sunday, 7 April 2024, 12:23 PM
Completed on	Sunday, 7 April 2024, 12:23 PM
Time taken	6 secs
Marks	0/8
Grade	0 out of a maximum of 10 (0%)

**1** 🔽 Marks: 1

Past data on two group policyholders are available and are given in the following table. Determine the estimated total credibility premium to be charged to the first group in year 4.

	Policyholder	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
Total Claims	1	-	10050	12200	-
No. in Group		-	90	90	140
Total Claims	2	22550	25550	24100	-
No. in Group		100	110	180	-

Answer:



Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 21547.4

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

2 👺

An insurance company has for five years insured three different types of risk. The number of policies in the  $j^{th}$  year for the  $i^{th}$  type of risk is denoted by  $m_{ij}$  for i=1,2,3 and j=1,2,3,4,5. The average claim size per policy over all five years for the  $i^{th}$  type of risk is denoted by  $\bar{X}_i$ . The values of  $m_{ij}$  and  $\bar{X}_i$  are tabulated below.

	Number of policies				Mean claim size	
Risk type i	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Χ <sub>i</sub>
1	17	26	25	28	38	869.0
2	44	51	70	60	43	710.0
3	47	41	72	95	116	925.0

The insurance company will be insuring 30 policies of type 1 next year and has calculated the aggregate expected claims to be 25827.11 using the assumptions of Empirical Bayes method. Calculate the expected annual claims next year for risks 2 assuming the number of policies will be 48. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



### Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 35129.976 Marks for this submission: 0/1.

3 👺

For four group policyholders, the number of exposures in each group for years 1 and 2 are:

Marks: 1

	Year 1	Year 2
I	42	61
Ш	34	53
Ш	-	18
IV	-	9

Empirical Bayes non-parametric methods are used to assign credibility. You are given:

$$\sum_{i,j} m_{ij} (x_{ij} - \bar{x}_i)^2 = 12,000$$
  
$$\sum_i m_i (\bar{x}_i - \bar{x})^2 = 51,000$$

Determine the credibility assigned to group 1. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 0.8118

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

**4** 👺 Marks: 1 You are making credibility estimates for regional rating factors. You observe that the Bhlmann-Straub nonparametric empirical Bayes method can be applied, with rating factor playing the role of pure premium.  $X_{ij}$  denotes the rating factor for region i and year j, where i = 1, 2, 3, and j = 1, 2, 3, 4. Corresponding to each rating factor is the number of reported claims,  $m_{ji}$ , measuring exposure. You are given:

i	i	m <sub>i</sub>	xbar <sub>i</sub>	vhat <sub>i</sub>
ŀ	1	75	11.29	1.777
1	2	115	11.64	1.050
ŀ	3	135	10.71	1.192

Determine the nonparametric Empirical Bayes credibility premium for group 1, using the method that preserves total losses. \_\_\_\_

Answer:



Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 11.284738 Marks for this submission: 0/1.

5 👺

Three individual policyholders have the following claim amounts over four years:

Marks: 1

Policyholder	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
X	130	150	200	100
Υ	230	250	240	100
Z	350	350	280	350

Using the nonparametric empirical Bayes procedure, estimate the pure premium for the coming year for Policyholder Y. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



### Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 206.63

Marks for this submission: 0/1.

An insurer has data on losses for 4 policyholders for 8 years.  $X_{ij}$  is the loss from the ith policyholder for year j. You are given:

Marks: 1

$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} \sum_{j=1}^{8} (X_{ij} \bar{X}_i)^2 = 36.7; \sum_{i=1}^{4} (\bar{X}_i - \bar{X})^2 = 3.0$$

Calculate the Buhlmann credibility factor for an individual policyholder using nonparametric empirical Bayes estimation. \_\_\_\_

Answer:



# Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 0.836161

Marks for this submission: 0/1.



An actuary has, for three years, recorded the volume of unsolicited advertising that he receives. He has recorded  $X_{ij}$  the number of items received in the i<sup>th</sup> quarter of the j<sup>th</sup> year (i = 1, 2, 3, 4 and j = 1, 2, 3). The actuary wishes to estimate the number of items that he will receive in the first quarter of year 4. He has recorded the following data:

Use empirical Bayes non-parametric methods to estimate the number of items that the actuary expects to receive in the first quarter of year 4.

Answer:



## Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 112.255133 Marks for this submission: 0/1.



For a group policyholder, we have the following data available:

Marks: 1

Total Claims   4000   6000   - No. in Group   10   15   20		Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
No. in Group 10 15 20	Total Claims	4000	6000	-
	No. in Group	10	15	20

If the manual rate per person is 455 per year, estimate the total credibility premium for year 3 using the nonparametric method. \_\_\_\_\_

Answer:



Make comment or override grade

Incorrect

Correct answer: 8000

Marks for this submission: 0/1.



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