Langevin FTS

Langevin Field-Theoretic Simulation (L-FTS) for Python

This branch includes FFTW library, which is distributed under GPL license.

Features

- SCFT and L-FTS
- AB Diblock Copolymer Melt
- Conformational Asymmetry
- · Stress Calculation
- Chain Model: Continuous, Discrete
- · Periodic Boundaries
- 3D, 2D and 1D
- · Pseudospectral Method, Anderson Mixing
- · Platforms: FFTW, MKL (CPU) and CUDA (GPU)

Dependencies

- Linux System
- C++ Compiler

Any C++ compiler that supports C++14 standard or higher. To use MKL, install Intel oneAPI toolkit.

CUDA Toolkit

https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-toolkit

Required for the GPU computation. If it is not installed, ask admin for its installation.

Anaconda

https://www.anaconda.com/

Environment variables must be set so that nvcc and conda can be executed in the command line (Type which nvcc and which conda to check the installation).

Compiling

```
conda create -n lfts python=3.9 cmake=3.19 conda git pybind11 scipy fftw openmpi conda activate lfts mkdir build && cd build cmake ../ make make test make install
```

To use MKL, choose Intel C++ compiler with the following command.

```
cmake ../ -DCMAKE_CXX_COMPILER=icpc
```

If you encounter segmentation fault, type following commands.

```
ulimit -s unlimited
export OMP_STACKSIZE=1G
```

If you want to remove all installations (2), type following commands.

```
conda deactivate
conda env remove -n lfts
```

User Guide

- This is not an application but a library for SCFT and L-FTS, and you need to write your own program using Python language. It requires a little programming, but this approach provides flexibility and you can easily customize your applications.
- A few basic SCFT and L-FTS implementations are provided in examples folder. Please start from those scripts: scft/Gyroid.py, fts/DiscreteGyroid.py, fts/ContinuousLamellar.py
- To use this library, first activate virtual environment by typing conda activate
 lfts in command line. In Python script, import the package by adding from
 langevinfts import *.
- Be aware that unit of length in this library is end-to-end chain length $aN^{(1/2)}$, not gyration of radius $a(N/6)^{(1/2)}$, where a is statistical segment length and N is polymerziation index.
- The fields acting on chain are described using per chain language instead of per segment language for both SCFT and L-FTS. The same notation is used in [Macromolecules 2013, 46, 8037]. If you want to obtain the same fields used in [Polymers 2021, 13, 2437], multiply 1/N to each field.
- Use FTS in 1D and 2D only for the test. It does not have a physical meaning.
- Open-source has no warranty. Make sure that this program reproduces the results of previous FTS studies, and also produces resonable results.
- Matlab and Python tools for visualization and renormalization are included in tools folder.

Developer Guide

Platforms

This program is designed to run on different platforms such as FFTW, MKL and CUDA, and there is a family of classes for each platform. To produce instances of these classes for given platform abstract factory pattern is adopted.

Anderson Mixing

It is neccesery to store recent history of fields during iteration. For this purpose, it is natural to use circular buffer to reduce the number of array copys. If you do not want to use such data structure, please follow the code in [*Polymers* **2021**, 13, 2437]. There will be a performance loss of 5~10%.

Parameter Parser

A parser is implemented using regular expression and deterministic finite automaton to read input parameters from a file. If you want to modify or improve syntax for parameter file, reimplement the parser using standard tools such as bison and flex. In Python scripts, it is no longer necessary. You can use a yaml or json file as an input parameter file instead. Using argparse is also a good option.

Python Binding

pybind11 is utilized to generate Python interfaces for the C++ classes. https://pybind11.readthedocs.io/en/stable/index.html

References

CUDA Implementation

G.K. Cheong, A. Chawla, D.C. Morse and K.D. Dorfman, Open-source code for self-consistent field theory calculations of block polymer phase behavior on graphics processing units. *Eur. Phys. J. E* **2020**, 43, 15

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M.W. Matsen, and T.M. Beardsley, Field-Theoretic Simulations for Block Copolymer Melts Using the Partial Saddle-Point Approximation, *Polymers* **2021**, 13, 2437

Citation

Daeseong Yong, and Jaeup U. Kim, Accelerating Langevin Field-theoretic Simulation of Polymers with Deep Learning, **2022**, in revision