

1)

$$\lambda = \frac{c}{f}$$

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

$$n = \frac{f \lambda}{v}$$

2)

$$\frac{n_1}{n_2} = \frac{\sin 52^\circ}{\sin 33^\circ}$$

$$= 1.45$$

3)



$$\theta + \phi = 90^\circ$$

$$\theta = 90^\circ - \phi$$

$$n_a \sin \theta = n_w \sin \phi$$

$$1 \sin(90^\circ - \phi) = 1.33 \sin \phi \quad 1 \sin \theta = 1.33 \sin(90^\circ - \theta)$$

$$\sin \theta = 1.33 \cos \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = 1.33$$

$$\theta = 53.1^\circ$$

4)



$$\frac{\sin \theta}{\sin \theta_r} = 1.52$$

$$\theta =$$

$$n_a \sin \theta = n_w \sin 90^\circ$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{1.33 \sin 90^\circ}{1.52}$$

$$\theta = 61.0^\circ$$

$$\frac{n_w}{n_a} = \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{\sin \theta_r}$$

$$\frac{1.33}{1.52} = \frac{\sin 55^\circ}{\sin \theta_r}$$

$$\theta_r = 69.4^\circ$$

$$n_2 \sin \theta =$$

$$1.52 \sin \theta_r = 1.33 \sin 50^\circ$$

$$\theta_r = 75.8^\circ$$

5)

$$n = \frac{c}{v}$$

$$v = \frac{c}{n}$$

$$\frac{\sin i}{\sin r} = \frac{1}{n}$$

6)

Date _____

No.



1a)

1b)

$$\begin{aligned} \omega R &= V \\ \omega &= \frac{V}{R} \\ &= \frac{1.5}{2.5} \\ &= 1.8 \text{ rad s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

1c)

$$\begin{aligned} K &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{2}{5} m \right) v^2 \\ &= \frac{3}{5} (1.9) (0.15)^2 \\ &= 0.029 \text{ J} \end{aligned}$$

2a)

$$\begin{aligned} mgh &= \frac{1}{2} m v^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(m v^2 + I \frac{v^2}{R^2} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(m + \frac{I}{R^2} \right) v^2 \end{aligned}$$

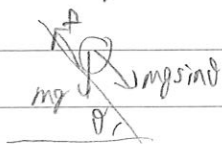
$$\text{hoop: } I = m R^2$$

$$\text{disk: } I = \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

$$\text{sphere: } I = \frac{2}{5} m R^2$$

\therefore sphere reaches bottom first

3a)



$$m g \sin \theta - f = m a \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$a = g \sin \theta - \frac{f}{m}$$

3b)

$$T = I \alpha$$

$$f R = I \alpha$$

$$= I \frac{a}{R}$$

$$f = \frac{I}{R^2} a \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$m g \sin \theta - \frac{I}{R^2} a = m a$$

$$a = \frac{m g \sin \theta}{\left(m + \frac{I}{R^2} \right)}$$

$$f = \frac{I}{R^2} \left(\frac{m g \sin \theta}{\left(m + \frac{I}{R^2} \right)} \right)$$

3c) $V^2 = u^2 + 2as$

6a) loss in KE = gain in PE

$$\frac{1}{2} m V^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 = mgh$$

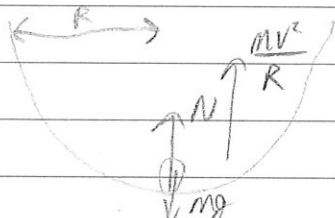
$$m V^2 + I \omega^2 = 2mg \left(\frac{3V^2}{4g} \right)$$

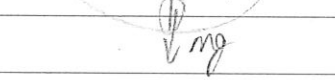
$$m V^2 + \frac{I V^2}{R^2} = 2mg \left(\frac{3V^2}{4g} \right)$$

$$\frac{I}{R^2} = \frac{3}{2} m - m$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} m R^2$$

6b) Circular disc

7a)  KE gain = PE lost
= mgR

7b)  $\frac{1}{2} m V^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2} m V^2 + \frac{1}{5} m V^2$ $I = \frac{2}{5} m R^2$
 $= \frac{7}{10} m V^2$ $\omega = \frac{V}{R}$
 $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{2}{7}$

7c) $\frac{1}{2} (m V^2 + (\frac{2}{5}) m R^2 \omega^2) = m g R$

$$\frac{7}{10} V^2 = g R$$

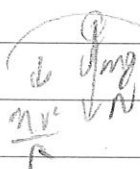
$$\frac{V^2}{R} = \frac{10}{7} g$$

$$N - mg = \frac{m V^2}{R}$$

$$N = mg + \frac{m V^2}{R}$$

$$= \frac{17}{7} mg$$

8a)



$$N + mg = \frac{m V^2}{R}$$

$$N = \frac{m V^2}{R} - mg$$

For object to be in contact

$$N > 0$$

$$\frac{m V^2}{R} > mg$$

$$V^2 > Rg$$

$$mg (h - 2R) = \frac{1}{2} m V^2 + \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

$$mg (h - 2R) = \frac{7}{10} m V^2$$

$$V^2 = \frac{10}{7} (h - 2R) g$$

$$\frac{10}{7} (h - 2R) g > Rg$$

$$h - 2R > \frac{7}{10} R$$

$$h > 2.7R$$

$$8b) \quad mg(5R) = \frac{mv^2}{R} \quad mg(5R) = \frac{7}{10} mv^2$$

$$v^2 = \frac{50}{7} gR$$

$$v = \frac{mv^2}{R}$$

$$1 = m\left(\frac{50}{7}\right)g$$

$$9a) \quad V_A = V_B$$

$$W_A R_A = W_B R_B$$

$$\frac{W_A}{W_B} = \frac{R_B}{R_A}$$

$$= 3$$

$$I_A W_A = I_B W_B$$

$$\frac{I_A}{I_B} = \frac{W_B}{W_A}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}$$

$$9b) \quad \frac{1}{2} I_A W_A^2 = \frac{1}{2} I_B W_B^2$$

$$I_A W_A^2 = I_B W_B^2$$

$$\frac{I_A}{I_B} = \frac{W_B^2}{W_A^2}$$

$$= \frac{R_A^2}{R_B^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{9}$$

$$4a) \quad L = I \omega$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} m R^2 \omega$$

$$= 7 \cdot 10^{33} \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$4b) \quad l = mvr$$

$$= m \omega r^2$$

$$= (5.98 \times 10^{24}) \left(\frac{2\pi}{(1365 \frac{1}{4})(24)(3600)} \right)$$

$$= 2.7 \times 10^{40} \text{ kg m}^2 \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$5) \quad L_i = (I_i) \omega_i + m v_i d$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{m}{2} \right) l^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{m}{2} \right) l^2 \right) \omega_i + m v_i d$$

$$= \frac{m}{12} (2d)^2 \omega_i + m v_i d$$

$$L_f = \left(\frac{m}{12} (2d)^2 + m d^2 \right) \omega_f$$

12a)

$$L_c = mVR$$

$$L_{cs} = -I\omega_0$$

$$L_f = (mR^2 + I)\omega$$

$$mVR - I\omega_0 = (mR^2 + I)\omega$$

$$\omega = \frac{mVR - I\omega_0}{mR^2 + I}$$

13)

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$v^2 = 2gh$$

$$mvl = (\frac{1}{3}ml^2 + ml^2)\omega^2 \quad \text{correct}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{3}ml^2\omega^2 + ml^2\omega^2) = (m+m)gl(1 - \cos\theta)$$

conservation of energy

Rot KE