

## How to create an EC2 instance on the AWS Console

Here are the steps to create an EC2 instance on the AWS Console:

1. **Login to AWS Console:**
  - Navigate to [AWS Management Console](#).
  - Sign in with your credentials.
2. **Open EC2 Service:**
  - In the console, search for **EC2** in the services search bar and click on it.
3. **Launch an Instance:**
  - Click on the **Launch Instance** button.
4. **Configure Instance:**
  - **Name:** Provide a name for your instance.
  - **AMI (Amazon Machine Image):** Choose an operating system (e.g., Amazon Linux, Ubuntu, etc.).
  - **Instance Type:** Select the desired instance type (e.g., t2.micro for free tier).
  - **Key Pair:** Create or select an existing key pair for SSH access.
  - **Network Settings:** Configure security group rules (allow SSH, HTTP/HTTPS if needed).
5. **Storage:**
  - Specify the root volume size and type (default is 8GB for many AMIs).
6. **Review and Launch:**
  - Double-check all configurations.
  - Click **Launch Instance**.
7. **Access the Instance:**
  - Use the public IP address and the key pair to connect via SSH or other methods.

To attach a security group with an inbound rule allowing **port 22 (SSH)** from your **IP address**, follow these steps:

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### After Instance Launch (Attach Security Group to an Instance)

1. **Access EC2 Dashboard:**
  - Navigate to the **Instances** section.
2. **Select Instance:**
  - Click on the instance ID to open its details.
3. **Modify Security Groups:**
  - Under the **Security** tab, click **Edit security groups**.
  - Attach the security group with the **SSH rule (port 22)** for your IP address.
  - Click **Save**.

Now, your instance will accept SSH connections only from your IP on port 22.

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### Key Pairs in AWS

A **key pair** in AWS is used for secure authentication when connecting to an EC2 instance via SSH. It consists of two components:

1. **Public Key:**
  - Stored on the EC2 instance during its creation.
  - Used to verify the identity of the user attempting to connect.
2. **Private Key:**
  - Downloaded and stored securely by you.
  - Used to authenticate your access to the EC2 instance.

### Purpose of the Key Pair:

- **Secure SSH Connection:** Ensures that only users with the correct private key can access the instance.
- **Passwordless Login:** Instead of using a password, the private key is used to authenticate the connection, enhancing security.
- **Encryption:** The private and public key pair enables encrypted communication between your device and the EC2 instance.

### Important Notes:

- The private key is **not retrievable** after creation. If lost, you cannot connect to the instance unless a new key pair or alternative authentication method is configured.
- Keep the private key safe and secure, as anyone with access to it can connect to your instance.

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## Create AWS IAM Roles

To create an AWS IAM role via the AWS Management Console, do the following:

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### 1. Open the IAM Console

- Navigate to the [AWS IAM Console](#).
  - Sign in with an account that has permissions to create roles.
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### 2. Select “Roles”

- In the left-hand navigation menu, click **Roles**.
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### 3. Click “Create Role”

- On the Roles page, click the **Create role** button.
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### 4. Choose Trusted Entity

- **AWS Service:** For roles used by AWS services (e.g., EC2, Lambda).

After selecting, click **Next**.

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### 5. Attach Permissions Policies

- Choose one or more policies to define what the role can access.
    - Example: Select **AmazonS3ReadOnlyAccess** to grant read-only access to S3.
  - Click **Next**.
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### 7. Name and Review the Role

- Provide a **Role Name** (e.g., MyEC2S3AccessRole).
  - Review the summary to ensure the configuration is correct.
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### 8. Create the Role

- Click **Create role** to complete the process.
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### 9. Use the Role

- Attach the role to an AWS resource (e.g., an EC2 instance or Lambda function).
  - Ensure the resource has permissions to assume the role.
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## Attach an inline policy to an AWS Role

To attach an inline policy to an AWS IAM role using the AWS Management Console, follow these steps:

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### 1. Open the IAM Console

- Go to the [AWS IAM Console](#).

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### 2. Locate the Role

- In the IAM dashboard, click **Roles** from the left-hand navigation.
- Search for and click on the role to which you want to attach an inline policy.

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### 3. Access the Permissions Tab

- On the role's detail page, go to the **Permissions** tab.

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### 4. Add an Inline Policy

- Click on the **Add Permissions** dropdown
- Select **Create inline policy**.

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### 5. Define the Policy

- Use one of the following methods to define the policy:
  - **Visual Editor:**
    - Select the service (e.g., S3, EC2).
    - Specify actions (e.g., ListBucket, GetObject for S3).
    - Define resources (e.g., a specific S3 bucket ARN or \* for all resources).
  - **JSON Editor:**
    - Switch to the JSON tab and paste your policy document. Example:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Action": [
        "s3:ListBucket",
        "s3:GetObject"
      ],
      "Resource": [
        "arn:aws:s3:::example-bucket",
        "arn:aws:s3:::example-bucket/*"
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

```
}  
]  
}
```

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## 6. Review and Save

- Click **Next** to validate the policy.
  - Provide a name for the inline policy (e.g., S3AccessPolicy).
  - Click **Create Policy** to attach it to the role.
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## 7. Verify the Policy

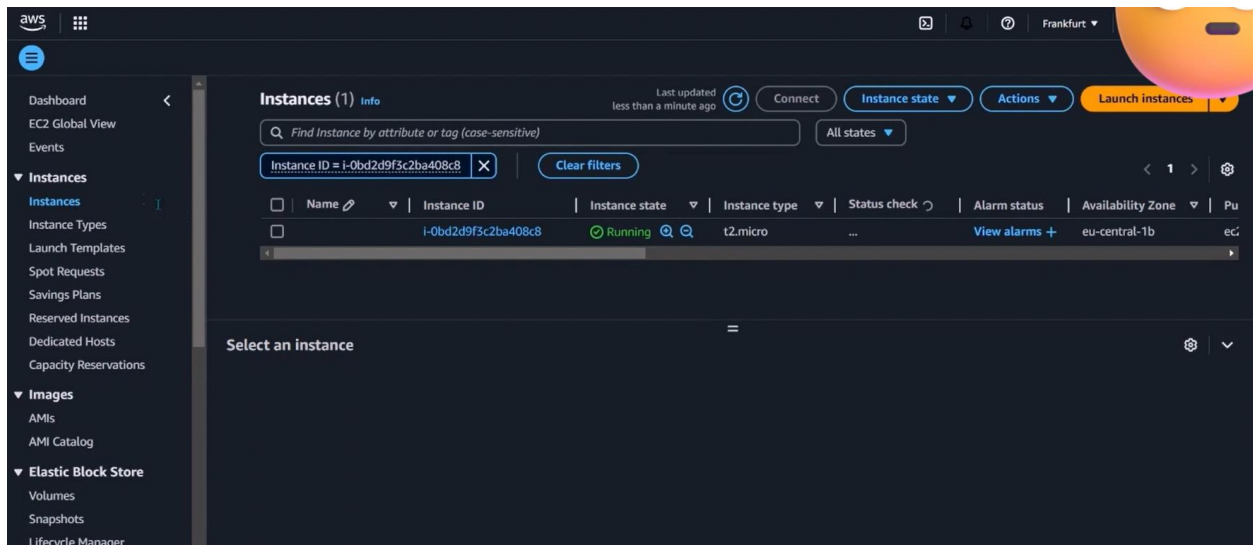
- Return to the role's **Permissions** tab and confirm that the inline policy is listed under the **Inline Policies** section.
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### Note:

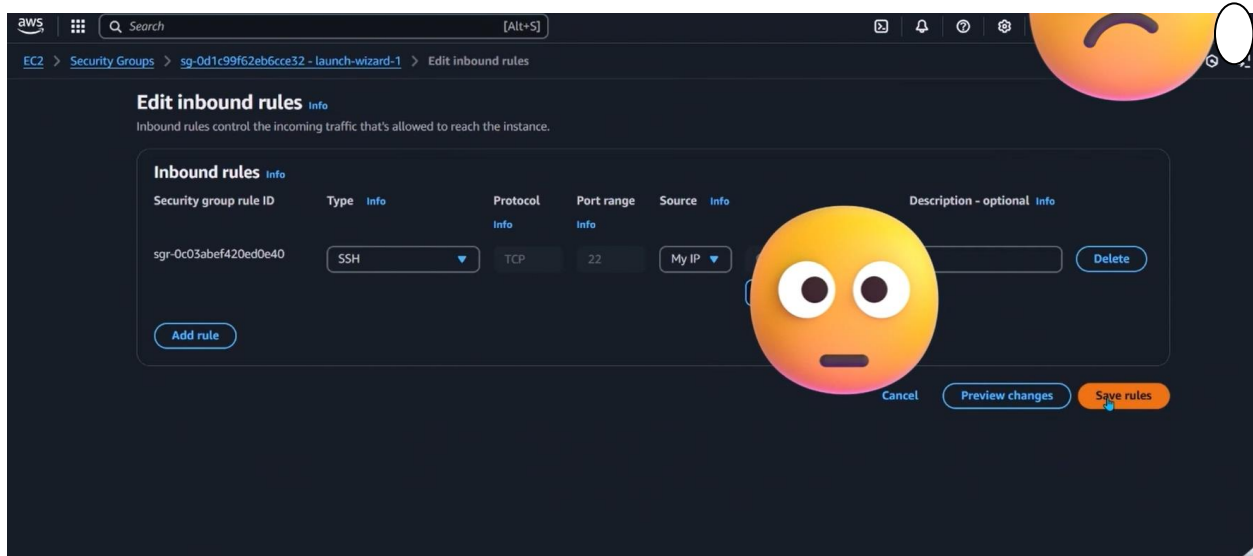
- **Inline policies** are specific to the role they are attached to and cannot be shared or reused.
  - For reusable policies, consider attaching **managed policies** instead.
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## Practice

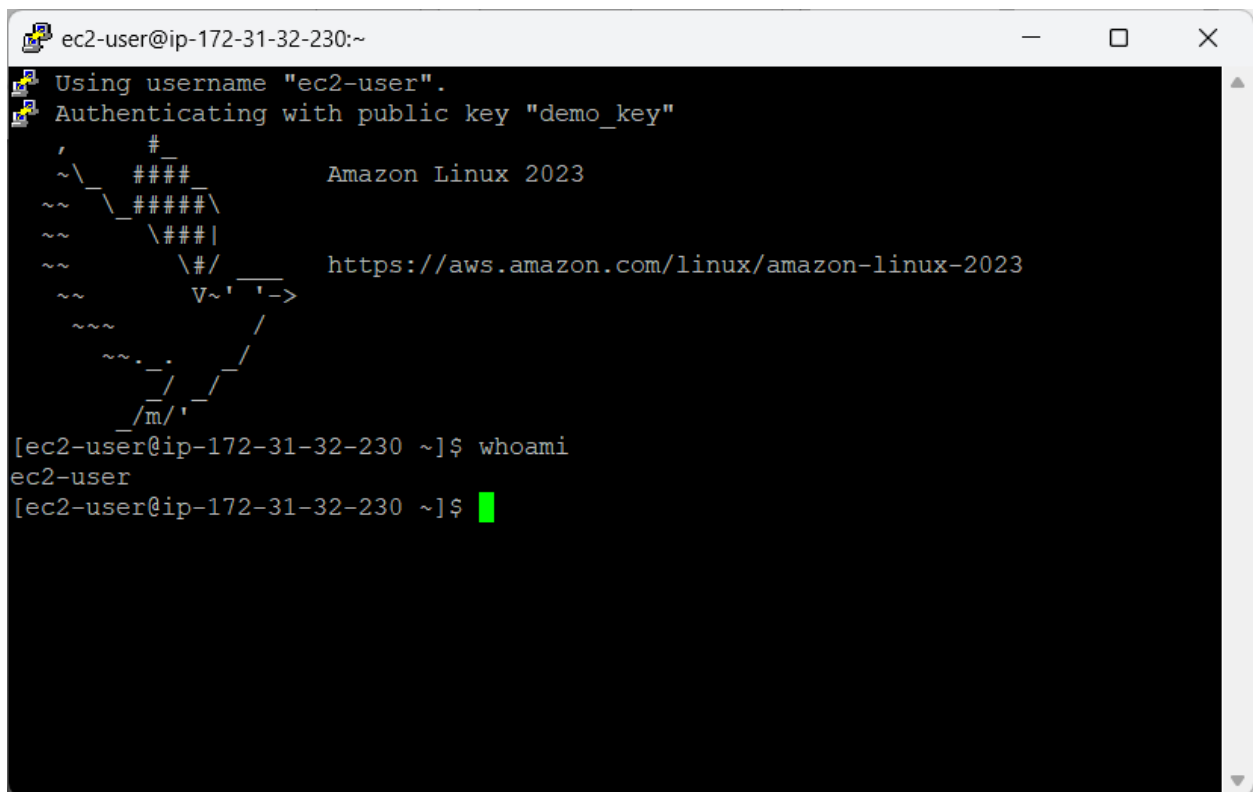
### 1. Creating an EC2 Instance



## 2. Modify Security Groups



## 3. Connect to instance via puTTY



#### 4. Create and Attach role to Instance

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface. At the top, a green notification bar states: "Successfully attached S3\_EC2Access to instance i-0bd2d9f3c2ba408c8". Below this, the "Instances (1/1) Info" section displays a table with one instance:

Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone	Public IP
i-0bd2d9f3c2ba408c8	i-0bd2d9f3c2ba408c8	Running	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed	View alarms +	eu-central-1b	ec2-13-115-100-100.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com

Below the table, the "Security" tab for instance i-0bd2d9f3c2ba408c8 is selected. Under "Security details", the "IAM Role" is listed as "S3\_EC2Access". A red arrow points to this role name. The "Launch time" is shown as "Sat Nov 30 2024 12:38:17 GMT+0100 (Mitteleuropäische Normalzeit)".

#### 4. Attach inline policy to Role

The screenshot shows the AWS IAM console interface. A "Policy JSON Document" dialog box is open, displaying the following JSON:

```
{
  "Version": "2012-10-17",
  "Statement": [
    {
      "Sid": "Stmt1732973579415",
      "Action": [
        "billing:GetBillingData",
        "billing:GetBillingDetails",
        "billing:GetBillingNotifications",
        "billing:GetBillingPreferences"
      ],
      "Effect": "Allow",
      "Resource": "*"
    }
  ]
}
```

The dialog box includes a "Close" button at the bottom. The background shows the "Step 3: Add permissions" section of the IAM console, with the "Effect" set to "Allow" and the "Resource" set to "\*".

## 5. Illustrated Summary with draw.io

