Yongsong Yang

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Research Interest: Multi-Agent System; Embodied AI; Multimodal Learning; State Estimation



EDUCATION EXPERIENCE

M.Eng. in Mechanics. Harbin Institute of Technology (C9, 985, 211) Sep 2021 -Jul 2023

Major Courses: Fundamentals of Modern Mathematics; Numerical Analysis; Vehicle Experiment Design and Data

Processing; Modern control Theory and Application; Intelligent Control

China University of Petroleum (East China) (211) B.Eng. in Vehicle Engineering. Sep 2017 - Jul 2021

Major Courses: Fundamentals of Computer; Practical Program Design (Python); Fundamental of Automotive Computer Aided Engineering; Computer Aided Designed in Mechanics

PUBLICATIONS

- [2] Y. Yang, Y. Xu, Y. Nie, J. Li, L. Zhao, C. Zhang*, Q. Yu*. "Deep transfer learning enables battery state of charge and state of health estimation," Energy, vol. 294, no. February, p. 130779, 2024, (JCR Q1, Top, IF=9).
- [1] Y. Yang, L. Zhao, Q. Yu*, et al. "State of charge estimation for lithium-ion batteries based on cross-domain transfer learning with feedback mechanism," J. Energy Storage, vol. 70, no. 2, p. 108037, 2023, (JCR Q1, Top, IF=8.9, ESI Highly Cited).

PATENTS

- [2] Yang, Y., Long, S., Long, Q. An active inflation-based sealing structure for vehicles, ZL202422231094.5.
- [1] Yu, Q.*, Yang, Y., Li, Z. A reconstruction method toward sparse big data of power battery, ZL2023106096628.

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Agent-Based Intelligent Customer Service based on Owen-2.5 and RAG

Implementation

- Applied Qwen-1.5B for intent recognition (query) and semantic rewriting.
- Hybrid retrieval strategy was utilized to combine semantic search (60%), keywords (15%), and SQL (25%) for precise data fetching.
- Qwen-14B was implemented to synthesize all inputs into a coherent response.
- Managed multi-step processes in state machine, while calling functions to response.

Fine-tuning and Preference Alignment based on Qwen-2.5-VL-Instruct

- Built a Vision Language Model (Qwen-2.5-VL) to accomplish image-to-text tasks.
- Utilized PEFT and prompt to fine-tune model and got better specific task adaption.
- Applied AWQ via high quality seed data to reduce model size by 75% around.
- Gathered preference datasets and implemented the DPO for preference matching.

Quantized Prompt-guided Video Generation via Stable Video Diffusion Model

- Built the stable video diffusion (SVD) model, and implemented a quantization strategy, reducing the model size by 65% through converting weights from to INT8.
- Fine-tuned the SVD model using Low-Rank Adaptation (LoRA), optimizing the loss between predicted and actual noise to enhance generation quality.
- Processed CLIP text embeddings and random noise through a U-Net with crossattention mechanisms, ensuring alignment between prompts and frames.

3D Image Segmentation based on Distilled Separate Anything Model

- For efficient medical image segmentation, segment anything model (SAM) was rebuilt on multimodal medical datasets, achieving robust performance.
- To address the challenge of high computational costs while maintaining accuracy, image encoder TinyViT was distilled from the original ViT by imposing the image embedding outputs to be the same.
- The results validated LiteSAM's ability to deliver accurate segmentation with reduced resource requirements.

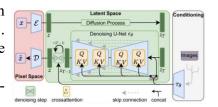
Jun 2025 - Jul 2025



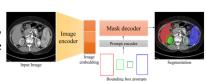
Implementation Jun 2025 - Jun 2025



Optimization Mar 2025 - Jun 2025



Optimization Feb 2025 - Mar 2025



Dual-timescale Joint States Estimation based on Transfer Learning

Institute of Intelligent Electric Vehicles, Weihai

Conceptualization Nov 2022 - Feb 2024

• For State of Health (SOH) estimation, an Ada-CNN-GRU-Ave model was developed utilizing dual-time scale inputs and achieving an MAE of 0.02%, significantly outperforming traditional methods.

- To enable joint SOC and SOH estimation, a Joint Adaptive Deep Transfer Learning (JADTL) model was introduced leveraging previous states output and current characteristics input. By combining Ada-CNN-GRU-KF and Ada-CNN-GRU-Ave, the model achieved MAE of 0.99% (SOC) and 0.07% (SOH).
- To decrease data redundancy and computational burden in SOH estimation, a novel sampling strategy (0.1 Hz) and averaging post-processor were implemented, achieving a balance between computational burden and accuracy.

Conceptualization Jul 2022 - Jun 2023

Sparse Data Reconstruction based on Masked Auto-Encoder with extrapolator Institute of Intelligent Electric Vehicles, Weihai

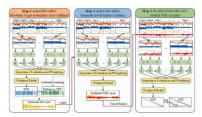
- To address the challenge of limited computational resource in edge devices and cloud transmission bandwidth, this study proposes an Extrapolator Masked Autoencoder (ExtraMAE) framework for data reconstruction.
- Masked time series data with 80% ratio, then employed a GRU-based selfsupervised learning encoder to capture temporal feature from unmasked patches.
- Recovered latent representations through feature-space interpolation by an extrapolator, and reconstructed dense time series from a GRU-based decoder while preserving original unmasked values.
- The model enabled downstream SOC estimation with MAE of 0.29% on the reconstructed data - outperforming the estimation MAE of 1.50% under sparse data.

Conceptualization Jul 2021 - Jun 2022

State Estimation based on Cross Domain Transfer Learning

Institute of Intelligent Electric Vehicles, Weihai

- To extract features from multidimensional time series, CNN was implemented for spatial feature capture while GRU was utilized for temporal dependency capture.
- For the generalization of SOC estimation under varying conditions, a distilled Ada-CNN-GRU was proposed by reducing source-target domain distribution diversity, achieving sub-1% MAE under dynamic driving cycles.
- Kalman filter was employed as post processor to decrease fluctuations.
- A novel feedback mechanism was implemented to predict and correct systematic errors. By training a secondary model to estimate SOC errors and feeding them back as inputs, the framework reduced estimation inaccuracies.



SKILLS

- Professional Skills: Qwen-VL; LangChain; LangGraph; SD; MAE; SAM; VMamba; YOLO; Unet; CNN; GRU
- Programming Skills: Python; MATLAB; C Language
- Language Skills: English (IELTS: 6.5); Mandarin (Native)

WORK EXPERIENCE

BYD Company Limited

Integration Engineer Jul 2023 - present

- Led cross departments integration of vehicle subsystems (electronics, chassis, powertrain) to achieve seamless interoperability while keeping balance among key vehicle attributes, such as: intelligence, comfort, cost, etc.
- Performed system-level trade-off analysis by-data driven feature learning, and reduced integration conflicts by 40% while accelerated platform validation cycles by 25%.

PRIZE & AWARDS

• "Annual Patent Innovation award" from BYD Ltd.

Jan 2025

• "Outstanding Fresh Graduate" from BYD Ltd.

Jul 2024

• "3rd class University Scholarship" from Harbin Institute of Technology

Sep 2022

• "2nd class University Scholarship" from Harbin Institute of Technology

Sep 2021