UCF ICPC Training Camp Day III: Game Theory

Yongwhan Lim Thursday, March 23, 2022

Yongwhan Lim









Education





Part-time Jobs







Full-time Job





Workshops















Coach/Judge





https://www.yongwhan.io

Yongwhan Lim









- Currently:
 - a Co-Founder in a Stealth Mode Startup;
 - ICPC Internship Director;
 - Columbia ICPC Head Coach;
 - ICPC Judge for NAQ and Regionals;
 - Lecturer at MIT;
 - Adjunct (Associate in CS) at Columbia;



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Today's Format

9am ET - 10:15am ET

Lecture & Lecture Exercises

10:35am ET - 12:35pm ET

Educational Codeforces Round 145

12:35pm ET - 2pm ET

Lunch & Buffer

We will briefly go over problems!

2pm - 5pm ET

Practice Contest

UCF ICPC Training Camp Day 3

Request 1:1 Meeting, through Calendly

- Use <u>calendly.com/yongwhan/one-on-one</u> to request 1:1 meeting:
 - Mock Interview
 - Resume Critique
 - Career Planning
 - Practice Strategy
 - 0 ...
- Always inspired by driven students like yourself!
- Since I'd feel honored/thrilled to talk to you, do not feel shy to sign up!!

Lecture

Now, let's dive right into Game Theory!

- I. The Basics
- II. The Game of Nim
- III. Composite Games Grundy Number

I. The Basics: Main Idea

- All terminal positions are losing.
- If a player is able to move to a losing position then he is in a winning position.
- If a player is able to move only to the winning positions then he is in a losing position.

I. The Basics: Implementation

II. The Game of Nim: Problem Statement

Problem Statement: There are n piles of coins. When it is a player's turn
he chooses one pile and takes at least one coin from it. If someone is
unable to move he loses (so the one who removes the last coin is the
winner).



II. The Game of Nim: Main Idea

- Let n_1 , ..., n_k be the pile sizes.
- Crucial observation: It is a **losing** position for the current player

if and only if

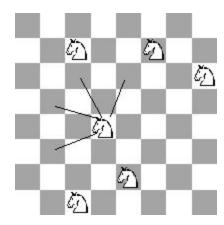
$$n_1 \times n_k = 0$$
.



II. The Game of Nim: Main Idea

- From the losing positions we can move only to the winning ones:
 - o if xor of the sizes of the piles is 0 then it will be changed after our move (at least one 1 will be changed to 0, so in that column will be odd number of 1s).
- From the winning positions it is possible to move to at least one losing:
 - if xor of the sizes of the piles is not 0 we can change it to 0 by finding the leftmost column where the number of 1s is odd, changing one of them to 0 and then by changing 0s or 1s on the right side of it to gain even number of 1s in every column.

• Problem Statement: N x N chessboard with K knights on it. Unlike a knight in a traditional game of chess, these can move only as shown in the picture below (so the sum of coordinates is decreased in every move).



- There can be more than one knight on the same square at the same time.
 Two players take turns moving and, when it is a player's, turn he chooses one of the knights and moves it. A player who is not able to make a move is declared the loser.
- This is the same as if we had K chessboards with exactly one knight on every chessboard. This is the ordinary sum of K games and it can be solved by using the **grundy numbers**. We assign grundy number to every subgame according to which size of the pile in the Game of Nim it is equivalent to. When we know how to play Nim we will be able to play this game as well.

```
int grundyNumber(position pos) {
    moves[] // possible positions to which
            // I can move from pos
    set s:
    for (all x in moves)
        insert into s grundyNumber(x);
    // return the smallest non-negative
    // integer not in the set s;
    int ret = 0;
    while (s.contains(ret)) ret++;
    return ret;
```

0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1
1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2
1	1	2	1	4	3	2	3
0	0	3	4	0	0	1	1
0	0	2	3	0	0	2	1
1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2
1	1	2	3	1	1	2	0

Further Topics

- Cooperative vs Non-cooperative;
- Symmetric vs Asymmetric;
- Zero-sum vs Non-zero-sum;
- Simultaneous vs Sequential;
- Perfect information vs Imperfect information;
- Combinatorial Games;
- Infinitely Long Games;
- Discrete vs Continuous;
- Differential Games;
- Evolutionary vs Stochastic;
- Bounded Rationality;

Further Readings

- CP Algorithms:
 - https://cp-algorithms.com/game theory/games on graphs.html
- USACO Guide: https://usaco.guide/adv/game-theory?lang=cpp

- Winning Ways for Your Mathematical Plays, Conway, et. al.
- Game Theory, Tirole, et. al.

Lecture Exercises

Lecture Exercise #1 (46/367)

https://community.topcoder.com/stat?c=problem_statement&pm=6856

Solution

 https://www.topcoder.com/tc?module=Static&d1=match_editorials&d2=sr m330

Lecture Exercise #2 (23/413)

 https://community.topcoder.com/stat?c=problem_statement&pm=7424&r d=10662

Solution

 https://www.topcoder.com/tc?module=Static&d1=match_editorials&d2=sr m338

Lecture Exercise #3 (4/335)

https://community.topcoder.com/stat?c=problem_statement&pm=6239

Solution

 https://www.topcoder.com/tc?module=Static&d1=match_editorials&d2=sr m309

A Terse Guide on ICPC Contest Strategies

- Please take a look at:
 - A <u>Terse Guide</u> on ICPC Contest Strategies for Columbia team.
 - In addition, we have <u>Google Drive</u> to Terse Guides, of course!

These documents will be frequently expanded upon later.

Reminder! Discord Servers

Join the following discord servers, if you have not already!!!

[ICPC CodeForces Zealots] https://discord.gg/7bvMnMyF6G

Reminder! Practice makes PERFECT!

- Do as many practice contests as you can!
 - Live Contests
 - CodeForces: Division 1-4
 - AtCoder: Beginner; Regular; Grand;
 - LeetCode: Weekly/Biweekly
 - ICPC North America Practice Contests on:
 - Sundays from 1pm ET to 6pm ET
 - Zealot Problem Sets
 - **Everyday** (24 hours 7 days a week)!



