Explainable Network Verification via Subspecifications

<u>User Study - Introduction of Background Knowledge</u>

## Background: Explainable Network Verification

Network verifiers often give YES NO (with a counterexample) answers, without explaining why.

Example: suppose we want a BGP policy blocking the private prefix 192.168.0.0/16.

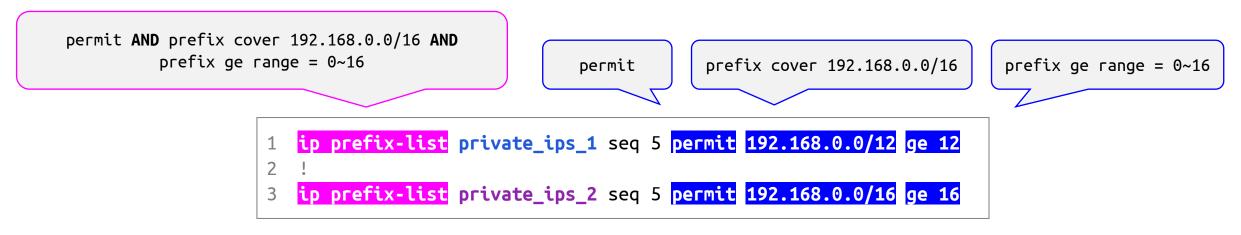
```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 12
2 !
3 ip prefix-list private_ips_2 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/16 ge 16
```

Both of them pass the verification.

However, private\_ips\_2 is more *precise* than private\_ips\_1. Overly restrictive filter may block more prefix than necessary.

#### Explainable Network Verification

Why a specific field, line, or block of the configuration satisfies the specification?



Both of them pass the verification.

private\_ips\_2 is the more precise option.

### Explainable Network Verification via Subspecifications

of that field, line, or block, while preserving the prior verification success.

```
permit
(= VAR_ACTION true)
```

```
prefix cover 192.168.0.0/16

(= ((_ extract 31 16) |0_dst-ip|) #xc0a8) AND

(= (bvnot (bvor (bvnot |0_dst-ip|) (bvnot VAR_MASK)))
  (bvnot (bvor (bvnot VAR_IP) (bvnot VAR_MASK))))
```

```
1     ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5     permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 12
2     !
3     ip prefix-list private_ips_2 seq 5     permit 192.168.0.0/16 ge 16
```

```
prefix ge range = 0~16
   (>= 16 VAR_START)
```

## How to use subspec

Modification

subspec: preserves the verification property.

```
prefix ge range = 0~16
    (>= 16 VAR_START)
```

1 ip prefix-list private\_ips\_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 18



Modification subspec: may violate the property. (sound but not complete)

prefix ge range = 0~16
(>= 16 VAR\_START)

1 ip prefix-list **private\_ips\_1** seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 <mark>ge 14</mark>



## How to use subspec

can modify to anything.

empty

1 ip prefix-list private\_ips\_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 14



can directly remove that line.

(or a line contains

and the subspec is

empty

1 tp\_prefix-list private\_ips\_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 12



## Tins for User Study

1. In this user study, we consider two granularities: and subspecs.

2. In this user study, the eBGP route selection process only involves .

3. In this user study, the route-map naming rule is

# Explainable Network Verification via Subspecifications <u>User Study - Introduction of Background Knowledge</u>

Thank you for participating in this user study!

#### Tips for Subspecs

1. modifications *satisfying* the subspec bounds are guaranteed to preserve the verified specifications

```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/16 ge 16
```

2. modifications *exceeding* the subspec bounds

the verified specifications (sound but not complete)

```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 deny 192.168.0.0/17 ge 17
```

```
permit
(= VAR_ACTION true)
```

```
prefix cover 192.168.0.0/16

(= ((_ extract 31 16) |0_dst-ip|) #xc0a8) AND

(= (bvnot (bvor (bvnot |0_dst-ip|) (bvnot VAR_MASK)))
  (bvnot (bvor (bvnot VAR_IP) (bvnot VAR_MASK))))
```

```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 12
```

```
prefix ge range = 0~16
    (>= 16 VAR_START)
```

#### Tips for Empty Subspecs

1. *safely modify* that field with

c without breaking the verified specifications

```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 deny 0.0.0.0/0 ge 0
```

2. *safely remove* that line with (or a line contains

without breaking the verified specifications and the field-level subspec is )

```
1 ip prefix-list private_ips_1 seq 5 permit 192.168.0.0/12 ge 12
```

