

Nama : YONIF MAYOMA  
Kelas : 2B  
NIM : 20090111

## Tugas 1 : Pengayaan Looping dan Array

### 1. Nested Loop

```
package Nested Looping;    → Deklarasi package (a)
public class no2 {          → (c) Bagian class
    public static void main (String [] args) {
        int x, y;
        for (x = 0; x <= 4; x++) {
            for (y = 0; y < x; y++) {
                System.out.print(x);
            }
            System.out.println(" ");
        }
    }
}
```

(d) Method main

Keterangan : (b) Import library → tidak ada  
(e) Documentation Section → tidak ada

### \* Penjelasan jalannya kode program

Penjelasan

output

$x = 0$ ;  $x \leq 4 \rightarrow T$ ; lanjut looping dalam

$y = 0$ ;  $0 < 0 \rightarrow F$ ; Stop looping dalam

print()

Enter

$x++$ ;  $x = 0 + 1 = 1$ ;  $1 \leq 4 \rightarrow T$ ; lanjut looping dalam

$y = 0$ ;  $0 < 1 \rightarrow T$ ; print 1

1

$y++$ ;  $y = 0 + 1 = 1$ ;  $1 < 1 \rightarrow F$ ; Stop looping dalam

print()

Enter

$x++$ ;  $x = 1 + 1 = 2$ ;  $2 \leq 4 \rightarrow T$ ; lanjut looping dalam

$y = 0$ ;  $0 < 2 \rightarrow T$ ; print 2

2

22

```

y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 2 → T; print 2
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 2 → F; Stop looping dalam
print ()
x++; x = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 <= 4 → T; lanjut looping dalam
y = 0; y = 0 < 3 → T; print 3
y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 3 → T; print 3
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 3 → T; print 3
y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 3 → F; Stop looping dalam
print ()
x++; x = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 <= 4 → T; lanjut looping dalam
y = 0; y = 0 < 4 → T; print 4
y++; y = 0 + 1 = 1; 1 < 4 → T; print 4
y++; y = 1 + 1 = 2; 2 < 4 → T; print 4
y++; y = 2 + 1 = 3; 3 < 4 → T; print 4
y++; y = 3 + 1 = 4; 4 < 4 → F; Stop looping dalam
print ()
x++; x = 4 + 1 = 5; 5 <= 4 → F; Stop looping
print ()
end,
hasil :

```

1  
22  
333  
4444

## 2 Array menggunakan Looping

```

public class arrayperulangan_3 { → (c) Bagian class
    public static void main (String args[]) {
        String [] siswa = { "Reinan", "Odenna", "Geano" }; // Panjang array 3
        for (int i = 0; i < siswa.length; i++) {
            System.out.println("Indeks ke" + i + " = " + siswa[i]);
        }
    }
}

```

(d) Method main

- \*Keterangan :
- a) Deklarasi package → tidak ada
  - b) Import library → tidak ada
  - d) Documentation section → // panjang array 3



## Penjelasan jalannya program

### penjelasan

$i=0; 0 < 3 \rightarrow T$ ; print "Indeks ke " +  $i$  + " = " + siswa[i]

↳ output: Indeks ke 0 = Reinan

$i++$ ;  $i=0+1=1$ ;  $1 < 3 \rightarrow T$ ; print "Indeks ke " +  $i$  + " = " + siswa[i]

↳ output: Indeks ke 1 = Odenna

$i++$ ;  $i=1+1=2$ ;  $2 < 3 \rightarrow T$ ; print "Indeks ke " +  $i$  + " = " + siswa[i]

↳ output: Indeks ke 2 = Geanno

$i++$ ;  $i=2+1=3$ ;  $3 < 3 \rightarrow F$ , Stop array looping

hasil: Indeks ke 0 = Reinan

Indeks ke 1 = Odenna

Indeks ke 2 = Geanno