Week 11 (19.11.11-15) SE102, Fall 2019 DGIST

More on double integrals

- Green's theorem as a special case of Stokes' theorem
- Various tranformation on 2-dimensional domains.
 - Linear transformation.
 - Polar coordinate change.
 - Triangluar domain to rectangular domain.
- Indefinite integrals

$$-\int_{-\infty}^{\infty}e^{-x^2}dx$$

- Gamma function: $\Gamma(p) = \int_0^\infty x^{p-1} e^{-x} dx$
- Beta function: $B(x,y) = \int_0^1 t^{x-1} (1-t)^{y-1} dt$
- Computing the volume of 4-dimensional sphere (...what?)

Homework

- Reading assignment
 - Chapter §6.3.
- Writing assignment (due Nov. 16nd, 11:59pm)
 - 1. Let *D* be a convex *n*-gon on \mathbb{R}^2 with vertices $(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \cdots, (x_n, y_n)$ in counterclockwise order.
 - (a) Using Green's theorem on the vector field F(x,y) = (-y/2, x/2), show that

$$\operatorname{area}(D) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\det \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \end{bmatrix} + \dots + \det \begin{bmatrix} x_n & y_n \\ x_1 & y_1 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

- (b) Given a two-variable function f(x,y) defined on D, explain how to compute the double integral $\iint_D f(x,y) dx dy$.
- (c) Using the method describe above, compute

$$\iint_D \sin(x)e^y + x^2y^2dxdy$$

where *D* is a regular pentagon whose vertices are

$$(1,0), (\cos\frac{2\pi}{5}, \sin\frac{2\pi}{5}), \cdots, (\cos\frac{8\pi}{5}, \sin\frac{8\pi}{5}).$$

(You may use Matlab.)