A5 (Q3) - Ram Yoogesh Gopu (20867060)

Loading required package: tcltk

```
library(gridExtra)

codeDirectory <- "../../img"
imageDirectory <- "./img"
dataDirectory <- "./data"
path_concat <- function(path1, ..., sep="/") paste(path1, ..., sep = sep)</pre>
```

(3)

The full data set is then read in as

```
labData <- read.csv("labData.csv")</pre>
```

(A)

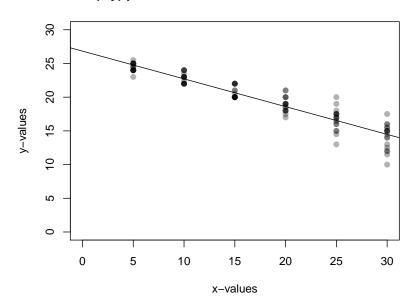
```
observational <- labData[labData$type == "observational", ]</pre>
```

(4)

(B)

```
plot(observationalx, observationalx, xlim = c(0, 30), ylim = c(0, 30), pch = 19, col = adjustcolor("b Bmod <- lm(y-x, observational) abline(Bmod)
```

(x,y) pairs from all of the observational Data



```
#print(Bmod$coefficients)
print("Slope Estimate is ")
```

[1] "Slope Estimate is "

print(Bmod\$coefficients[2])

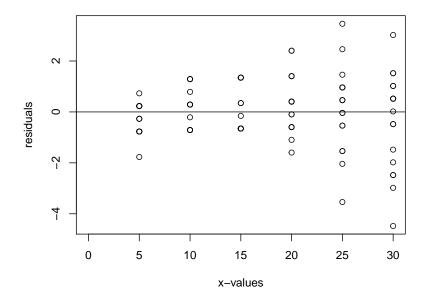
```
## x
## -0.4115873
```

(C)

(i)

plot(observational\$x, Bmod\$residuals, xlim = c(0, 30), abline(h = 0), main = "Residuals against the X v

Residuals against the X values



(ii)

From the above residual plot, we can infer that the range of the residuals increases when the value of x increases. I would say that the measuring system is baised towards the low X values.

(D)

(i)

```
fit <- array()
estimates <- c()

for (value in 1:18){
   fit[value] <- lm(y~x, observational[observational$team == value, ])
   estimates <- c(estimates, fit[[value]][2])
}
print("Average of estimated slopes is ")

## [1] "Average of estimated slopes is "</pre>
```

```
## [1] -0.4115873
```

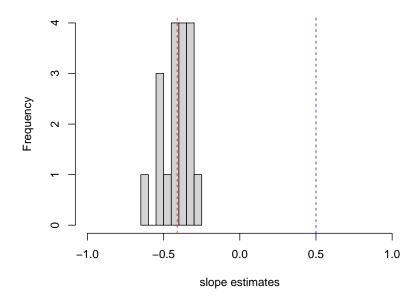
print(mean(estimates))

(ii)

(iii)

```
hist(estimates, xlim = c(-1, 1), col = "lightgrey", main = "Individual slope cofficient estimates", xlambline(v = mean(estimates), col = "red", lty = 2) abline(v = 0.5, col = "blue", lty = 2)
```

Individual slope cofficient estimates



(5)

(E)

print(estimates)

From the observational study and seeing the estimate values, it is evident that the estimates lies between -0.6171 and -0.2885. On the contrary the true value is 0.5. Hence i would conclude that the quality of slope estimates is bad.

(F)

Since Z is a lurking variable for the above problem it is clear that, it has a fixed value (hyperplane). This has a effect on the values of y. Due to this the y is being restricted to take the values.