

State Management in Vue

Introduction to State Management in Vue+Pinia

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Agenda

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- Vue's Built-in State Management
- The Need for Dedicated State Management
- Introduction to Pinia
- Key Features of Pinia
- Setting Up Pinia
- Using Pinia in Components
- Extending Pinia with Plugins
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Introduction to State Management in Vue

- Vue's reactivity system
- Importance of state management
- Common state management patterns

Vue's Built-in State Management

- Local component state (data, props, computed properties)
- Provide/Inject for dependency injection
- Reactive global state using reactive() and ref()

The Need for Dedicated State Management

- Challenges with prop drilling
- Managing complex state across multiple components
- Ensuring reactivity and performance optimization

Introduction to Pinia

- Official state management library for Vue
- Designed as a modern replacement for Vuex
- Simplicity, performance, and TypeScript support

Key Features of Pinia

- Modular store structure
- Reactivity using Vue's Composition API
- Support for SSR (Server-Side Rendering)
- Devtools integration

Setting Up Pinia

1.Install Pinia:

```
npm install pinia -S
```


2. Create a simple Pinia store:

```
import { defineStore } from 'pinia';

interface Todo {
  id: number;
  text: string;
}

export const useTodoStore = defineStore('todo', {
  state: () => ({ todos: [] as Todo[] }),
  actions: {
    addTodo(text: string) {
      this.todos.push({ id: Date.now(), text });
    },
    removeTodo(id: number) {
      this.todos = this.todos.filter(todo => todo.id !== id);
    },
  },
});
```

3. Register Pinia in main.js:

```
import { createApp } from 'vue';  
import { createPinia } from 'pinia';  
import App from './App.vue';  
  
const app = createApp(App);  
app.use(createPinia());  
app.mount('#app');
```

Using Pinia in Components

- Importing and accessing the store:

```
import { useTodoStore } from '@stores/todo';  
  
const todoStore = useTodoStore();  
todoStore.addTo('Learn Pinia with TypeScript');  
console.log(todoStore.todos);
```

Extending Pinia with Plugins

- Pinia supports plugins to extend functionality
- Example of a plugin for local storage persistence:

```
import { defineStore } from 'pinia';

export const useUserStore = defineStore('user', {
  state: () => ({ name: '', email: '' }),
  persist: true,
});
```

- There are already predefined plugins available at <https://pinia.vuejs.org/core-concepts/plugins.html>

Conclusion

- Pinia simplifies Vue state management
- Supports modular architecture and better performance
- Ideal for Vue 3 applications
- Encourages maintainable and scalable code structures