# APIO Architect & Evolvable APIs

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Slides available here:

slidr.io/ahdezma/apio-architect-evolvable-apis

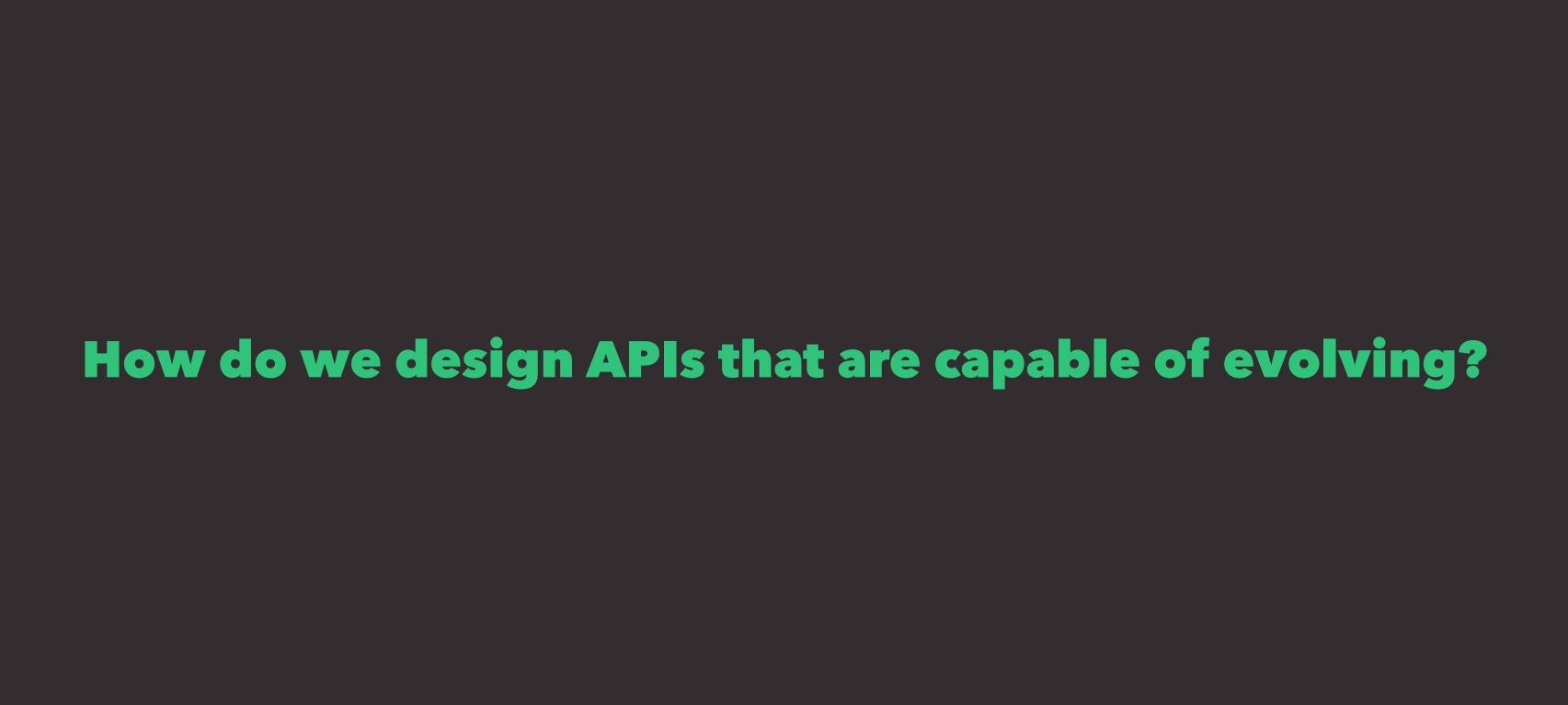
# Liferay APIs in 2018

- SOAP
- JSONWS API (/api/jsonws)
- JAX-RS (7.0+)

• • •

#### APIO Architect Goals

- Evolvable
- Code reuse
- Auto-documentation
- Fun!



#### **Evolvable APIs**

Hypermedia

Shared Vocabularies

**REST Foundation** 

#### **Evolvable APIs**

# These aren't new consepts Hypermedia Vocabularies

**REST Foundation** 

REST style is an abstraction of the architectural elements within a distributed hypermedia system

- Roy Fielding, 2000

# REST "well" done (Richardson Maturity Model)

Martin Fowler's blog



GLORY OF REST

LEVEL 3	HYPERMEDIA CONTROLS
LEVEL 2	HTTP VERBS
LEVEL 1	RESOURCES
LEVEL O	THE SWAMP OF POX

# How are we solving this?



### Home URL

Consumers must only know ONE URL And how to navigate from it

```
"@context": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/doc",
"@id": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io",
"@type": "EntryPoint",
"collection": [
        "@id": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/blog-postings",
        "@type": "Collection",
        "manages": {
            "object": "schema:BlogPosting",
            "property": "rdf:type"
        "@id": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people",
        "@type": "Collection",
        "manages": {
            "object": "schema:Person",
            "property": "rdf:type"
```

Entrypoint with all the "root" APIs (<u>JSON HOME</u>)



# Affordance types

Contract with consumer defines affordance types (relations, actions, ...)

Start with <u>IANA's 80 relation types</u>

```
"_links": {
    "collection": {
        "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people"
    "first": {
        "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people?page=1&per_page=30"
    "last": {
        "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people?page=2&per_page=30"
    "next": {
        "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people?page=2&per_page=30"
    "self": {
        "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people?page=1&per_page=30"
```

#### Pagination (<u>HAL</u>)

```
"collection": {
"first": {
"last": {
```

Standard link types (<u>IANA Link Relations</u>)

```
"@id": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people",
"@type": [
    "Collection"
"members": [
"numberOfItems": 10,
"operation": [
        "@id": "people/create",
        "@type": "Operation",
        "expects": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/f/c/people",
        "method": "POST"
```

Actions (<u>Hydra + JSON-LD</u>)

```
"expects": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/f/c/people",
```

Actions (<u>Hydra + JSON-LD</u>)

```
"@context": "http://www.w3.org/ns/hydra/context.jsonld",
"@id": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/f/c/people",
"@type": "Class",
"description": "This form can be used to create or update a person",
"supportedProperty": [
        "@type": "SupportedProperty",
        "property": "#familyName",
        "readable": false,
        "required": true,
        "writeable": true
"title": "The person form"
```

#### Forms (<u>Hydra + JSON-LD</u>)

```
"creator": {
    "href": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people/1"
```

Links to other resources (HAL)



# Standard types

schema.org: 597 types y 867 properties

# schema.org

#### **BlogPosting**

Canonical URL: http://schema.org/BlogPosting

#### Thing > CreativeWork > Article > SocialMediaPosting > BlogPosting

A blog post.

Usage: Over 1,000,000 domains

[more...]

Property Ex	xpected Type	Description
Properties from SocialMediaPosting		
sharedContent Cr	reativeWork	A CreativeWork such as an image, video, or audio clip shared as part of this posting.
Properties from Article		
articleBody Te	ext	The actual body of the article.
articleSection	ext	Articles may belong to one or more 'sections' in a magazine or newspaper, such as Sports, Lifestyle, etc.
pageEnd	nteger or ext	The page on which the work ends; for example "138" or "xvi".
pageStart	nteger or ext	The page on which the work starts; for example "135" or "xiii".
pagination	ext	Any description of pages that is not separated into pageStart and pageEnd; for example, "1-6, 9, 55" or "10-12, 46-49".
or	peakableSpecification r RL	Indicates sections of a Web page that are particularly 'speakable' in the sense of being highlighted as being especially appropriate for text-to-speech conversion. Other sections of a page may also be usefully spoken in particular circumstances; the 'speakable' property serves to indicate the parts most likely to be generally useful for speech.
		The <i>speakable</i> property can be repeated an arbitrary number of times, with three kinds of possible 'content-locator' values:

#### Liferay DXP Software Reviews | Gartner Peer Insights

https://www.gartner.com/reviews/market/.../liferay/.../liferay-dxp ▼ Traducir esta página

\*\*\*\* Valoración: 4,2 - 13 reseñas

Choose business IT software and services with confidence. Read verified Liferay DXP Digital Experience Platforms (formerly Horizontal Portal Software) Reviews from the IT community.

#### Web Content Review Date? - Foros de la Comunidad | Liferay

https://web.liferay.com/es/community/forums/-/message\_boards/.../15661982 ▼

16 ago. 2012 - I'm talking about the default **Liferay review** date functionality for web content, under the "Schedule" section, not review notifications for Kaleo Workflow. I've unfortunately been able to find very little documentation on this. I've set several relevant portal properties, and my Liferay instance is successfully able ...

```
<div class="reviewSnippetCard" itemtype="http://schema.org/Review">
    <span itemprop="publisher" itemtype="http://schema.org/Organization">
        <meta itemprop="name" content="Gartner, Inc.">
        <meta itemprop="url" content="https://www.gartner.com">
    </span>
    <span itemprop="provider" itemtype="http://schema.org/Organization">
        <meta itemprop="name" content="liferay">
        <meta itemprop="url" content="/reviews/market/horizontal-portals/vendor/liferay">
    </span>
    <span class="product-names" itemprop="itemReviewed" itemtype="http://schema.org/Product">
        <h3 itemprop="name">Liferay DXP</h3>
    <span>
    <div itemprop="reviewRating" itemtype="http://schema.org/Rating">
        <meta itemprop="worstRating" content="1">
        <meta itemprop="bestRating" content="5">
        <meta itemprop="ratingValue" content="4">
   </div>
</div>
```

```
<span itemprop="publisher" itemtype="http://schema.org/Organization">
        <meta itemprop="name" content="Gartner, Inc.">
        <meta itemprop="url" content="https://www.gartner.com">
    </span>
   </div>
</div>
```

```
<span itemprop="provider" itemtype="http://schema.org/Organization">
        <meta itemprop="name" content="liferay">
        <meta itemprop="url" content="/reviews/market/horizontal-portals/vendor/liferay">
    </span>
   </div>
</div>
```

```
<span class="product-names" itemprop="itemReviewed" itemtype="http://schema.org/Product">
        <h3 itemprop="name">Liferay DXP</h3>
    <span>
   </div>
</div>
```

```
<div itemprop="reviewRating" itemtype="http://schema.org/Rating">
        <meta itemprop="worstRating" content="1">
        <meta itemprop="bestRating" content="5">
        <meta itemprop="ratingValue" content="4">
    </div>
</div>
```

# How do we port this to APIs?

```
"blogsEntryId": "24557",
    "subtitle": "Vero ex excepturi exercitationem.",
    "content": "Exercitationem exercitationem temporibus eum quasi aliquid.",
    "userId": "23422",
    "create_date": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
    "modified_date": "2017-30-12",
    "title": "Recalled to Life"
}
```

### Our good old JSON-WS

```
"blogsEntryId": "24557",
   "subtitle": "Vero ex excepturi exercitationem.",
   "content": "Exercitationem exercitationem temporibus eum quasi aliquid.",
   "userId": "23422",
   "create_date": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
   "modified_date": "2017-30-12",
   "title": "Recalled to Life"
```

### Our coupled old JSON-WS

```
"blogsEntryId": "24557",
   "subtitle": "Vero ex excepturi exercitationem.",
   "content": "Exercitationem exercitationem temporibus eum quasi aliquid.",
   "userId": "23422",
   "create_date": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
   "modified_date": "2017-30-12",
   "title": "Recalled to Life"
```

# Our too coupled old JSON-WS

```
"@context": {
   "creator": { "@type": "@id" },
    "@vocab": "http://schema.org/"
"@id": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/blog-postings/24557",
"@type": "BlogPosting",
"alternativeHeadline": "Vero ex excepturi exercitationem.",
"articleBody": "Exercitationem exercitationem temporibus eum quasi aliquid.",
"creator": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people/23422",
"dateCreated": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
"dateModified": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
"headline": "Recalled to Life"
```

#### **Shared vocabularies**

Mapping internal BlogsEntry with schema.org BlogPosting

```
"@type": "BlogPosting",
```

```
"alternativeHeadline": "Vero ex excepturi exercitationem.",
"articleBody": "Exercitationem exercitationem temporibus eum quasi aliquid.",
"creator": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people/23422",
"dateCreated": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
"dateModified": "2017-12-30T17:31Z",
"headline": "Recalled to Life"
```

```
"creator": "https://apiosample.wedeploy.io/p/people/23422",
```

```
"@vocab": "http://schema.org/"
"@type": "BlogPosting",
```

Defining **types** and their **mapping** to **internal models** and actions is the most important API design activity

# How is APIO Architect enabling this?

## How is APIO Architect enabling this?

- Representor pattern
- Routes
- Permissions
- Affordances

### Representor Pattern

## Which format is better?

```
"gender": "female",
"familyName": "Hart",
"givenName": "Sophia",
"jobTitle": "Junior Executive",
"name": "Sophia Hart",
"birthDate": "1965-04-12T00:00Z",
"email": "sophia.hart@example.com",
"_links": {
    "self": {
        "href": "http://localhost:8080/o/api/p/people/30723"
```



```
"class": "BlogPosting",
"properties": {
   "headline": "Hello DEVCON!",
    "content": "The content of this blog posting"
"actions": [
        "name": "delete-blog-posting",
        "title": "Delete Blog Posting",
        "method": "DELETE",
        "href": "http://localhost:8080/o/p/blogs/32400"
```

#### <u>SIREN</u>

```
"gender": "female",
"familyName": "Hart",
"givenName": "Sophia",
"jobTitle": "Junior Executive",
"name": "Sophia Hart",
"birthDate": "1965-04-12T00:00Z",
"email": "sophia.hart@example.com",
"@id": "http://localhost:8080/o/api/p/people/30723",
"@type": "Person",
"@context": "http://schema.org"
```

#### JSON-LD

## Which format is better?

## All of them

## All of them

or none

## It depends on your case

## Whats the solution then?

### Representor Pattern

```
public Representor (BlogsEntry, Long) representor (Builder (BlogsEntry, Long) builder) {
   return builder.types(
        "BlogPosting"
    ).identifier(
        BlogsEntry::getEntryId
   ).addDate(
        "createDate", BlogsEntry::getCreateDate
   ).addDate(
        "publishedDate", BlogsEntry::getLastPublishDate
   ).addString(
        "alternativeHeadline", BlogsEntry::getSubtitle
    ).addString(
        "articleBody", BlogsEntry::getContent
    ).addString(
        "description", BlogsEntry::getDescription
    ).addString(
        "headline", BlogsEntry::getTitle
   ).build();
```

#### It's just a builder

```
public Representor(BlogsEntry, Long) representor(Builder(BlogsEntry, Long) builder) {
   return builder.types(
        "BlogPosting"
    ).identifier(
        blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getEntryId()
    ).addDate(
        "createDate", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getCreateDate()
    ).addDate(
        "publishedDate", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getLastPublishDate()
    ).addString(
        "alternativeHeadline", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getSubtitle()
    ).addString(
        "articleBody", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getContent()
    ).addString(
        "description", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getDescription()
    ).addString(
        "headline", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getTitle()
   ).build();
```

#### Lambdas FTW

```
return builder.types(
    "BlogPosting"
```

#### Defining the type...

```
).identifier(
   blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getEntryId()
```

#### Abstracting from URLs...

```
).addDate(
).addDate(
).addString(
).addString(
).addString(
).addString(
).build();
```

#### Semantic DSL...

```
"createDate", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getCreateDate()
"publishedDate", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getLastPublishDate()
"alternativeHeadline", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getSubtitle()
"articleBody", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getContent()
"description", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getDescription()
"headline", blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getTitle()
```

#### Static information...

With the **Representor Pattern** internal models are **transformed** to types and stored as a **generic representation** that can be then **mapped** to the representation format chosen by the user

Enforce the mapping

- Enforce the mapping
- Abstract from URLs

- Enforce the mapping
- Abstract from URLs
- Type safe!

- Enforce the mapping
- Abstract from URLs
- Type safe!
- Generic representation

- Enforce the mapping
- Abstract from URLs
- Type safe!
- Generic representation
- Link relations

```
).addLinkedModel(
    "author", PersonIdentifier.class, blogsEntry -> blogsEntry.getUserId()
```

## How is APIO Architect enabling this?

- Representor pattern
- Routes
- Permissions
- Affordances

### Abstract away REST

```
public ItemRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> itemRoutes(Builder<BlogsEntry, Long> builder) {
    return builder.addGetter(
        _blogsService::getEntry
).addRemover(
        idempotent(_blogsService::deleteEntry),
        _hasPermission::forDeleting(BlogsEntry.class)
).addUpdater(
        this::_updateBlogsEntry,
        _hasPermission::forUpdating(BlogsEntry.class),
        BlogPostingForm::buildForm
).build();
}
```

Routes for an item

```
public ItemRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> itemRoutes(Builder<BlogsEntry, Long> builder) {
    return builder.addGetter(
        _blogsService::getEntry
).addRemover(
        idempotent(_blogsService::deleteEntry),
        _hasPermission::forDeleting(BlogsEntry.class)
).addUpdater(
        this::_updateBlogsEntry,
        _hasPermission::forUpdating(BlogsEntry.class),
        BlogPostingForm::buildForm
).build();
}
```

#### Semantic DSL

```
public ItemRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> itemRoutes(Builder<BlogsEntry, Long> builder) {
    return builder.addGetter(
        _blogsService::getEntry
).addRemover(
        idempotent(_blogsService::deleteEntry),
        _hasPermission::forDeleting(BlogsEntry.class)
).addUpdater(
        this::_updateBlogsEntry,
        _hasPermission::forUpdating(BlogsEntry.class),
        BlogPostingForm::buildForm
).build();
}
```

Mapping semantic methods with service calls

```
public ItemRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> itemRoutes(Builder<BlogsEntry, Long> builder) {
    return builder.addGetter(
        _blogsService::getEntry
).addRemover(
    idempotent(_blogsService::deleteEntry),
    _hasPermission::forDeleting(BlogsEntry.class)
).addUpdater(
    this::_updateBlogsEntry,
    _hasPermission::forUpdating(BlogsEntry.class),
    BlogPostingForm::buildForm
).build();
}
```

#### Permission checking!

```
"operation": [
        "@id": "people/create",
        "@type": "Operation",
        "expects": "http://apiosample.wedeploy.io/f/c/people",
        "method": "POST"
```

Actions (<u>Hydra + JSON-LD</u>)

```
public ItemRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> itemRoutes(Builder<BlogsEntry, Long> builder)
    return builder.addGetter(
        _blogsService::getEntry
).addRemover(
        idempotent(_blogsService::deleteEntry),
        _hasPermission::forDeleting(BlogsEntry.class)
).addUpdater(
        this::_updateBlogsEntry,
        _hasPermission::forUpdating(BlogsEntry.class),
        BlogPostingForm::buildForm
).build();
}
```

#### Form validation!

```
public static Form<BlogPostingForm> buildForm(Builder<BlogPostingForm> formBuilder) {
   return formBuilder.title(
        language -> "The blog posting form"
    ).description(
        language -> "This form can be used to create or update a blog posting"
    ).constructor(
        BlogPostingForm::new
    ).addRequiredDate(
        "displayDate", BlogPostingForm::_setDisplayDate
    ).addRequiredString(
        "alternativeHeadline", BlogPostingForm::_setAlternativeHeadline
    ).addRequiredString(
        "articleBody", BlogPostingForm::_setArticleBody
    ).addRequiredString(
        "description", BlogPostingForm::_setDescription
    ).addRequiredString(
       "headline", BlogPostingForm::_setHeadline
   ).build();
```

#### Semantic DSL for forms

```
public class BlogPostingForm {
    String alternativeHeadline;
    String articleBody;
    String description;
    Date displayDate;
    String headline;
```

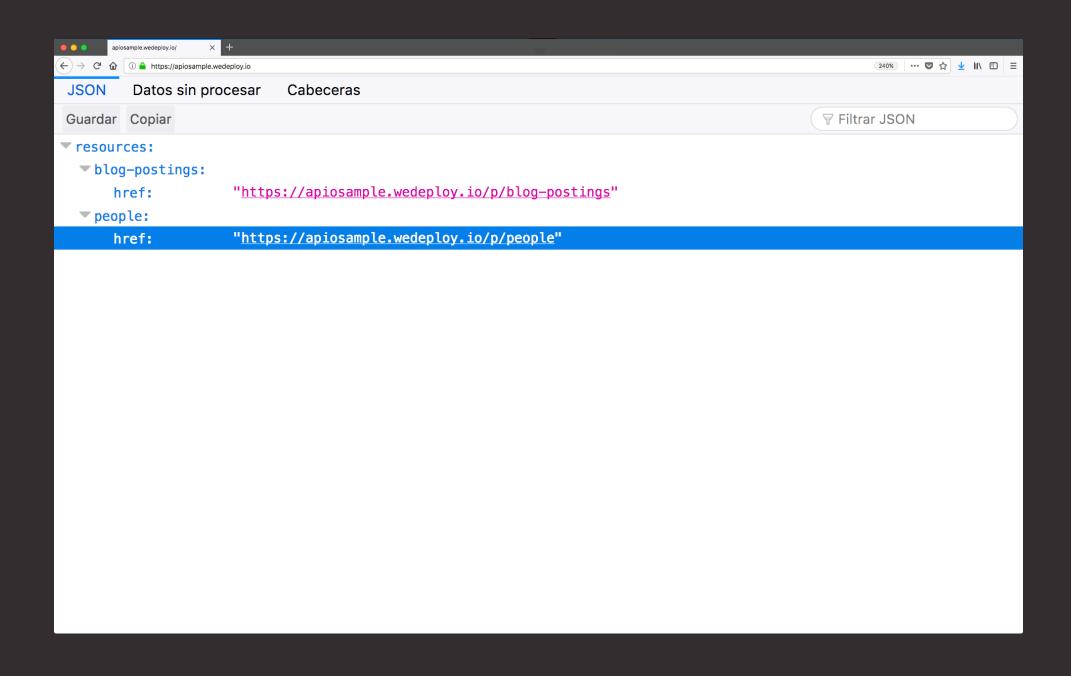
It's just a POJO

```
public NestedCollectionRoutes<BlogsEntry, Long> collectionRoutes(
   Builder < BlogsEntry, Long > builder ) {
    return builder.addGetter(
        this::_getPageItems
    ).addCreator(
        this::_addBlogsEntry,
        _hasPermission.forAddingEntries(BlogsEntry.class),
        BlogPostingForm::buildForm
    ).build();
```

Routes for collections

### modules/apps/headless-apio

### apiosample.wedeploy.io





### #apio-users

# Thank you!

## APIO Architect & Evolvable APIs

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