

## Scenario\_1

### Using NIST Cybersecurity Framework to respond to a security incident

#### Background

HelenTech is a multimedia company that offers web design services, graphic design, and social media marketing solutions to small businesses. The organization recently experienced a DDoS attack, which compromised the internal network for two hours until it was resolved.

During the attack, the organization's network services suddenly stopped responding due to an incoming flood of ICMP packets. Normal internal network traffic could not access any network resources. The incident management team responded by blocking incoming ICMP packets, stopping all non-critical network services offline, and restoring critical network services.

The company's cybersecurity team then investigated the security event. They found that a malicious actor had sent a flood of ICMP pings into the company's network through an unconfigured firewall. This vulnerability allowed the malicious attacker to overwhelm the company's network through a distributed denial of service (DDoS) attack.

To address this security event, the network security team implemented:

- A new firewall rule to limit the rate of incoming ICMP packets
- Source IP address verification on the firewall to check for spoofed IP addresses on incoming ICMP packets
- Network monitoring software to detect abnormal traffic patterns
- An IDS/IPS system to filter out some ICMP traffic based on suspicious characteristics

#### Key Tasks

The main task here is, using this security event to create a plan to improve your company's network security, following the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) Cybersecurity Framework (CSF). Utilizing the CSF to help navigate through the different steps of analyzing this cybersecurity event and integrate the analysis into a general security strategy. The analysis is broken into different parts in the template below.

- **Identify** security risks through regular audits of internal networks, systems, devices, and access privileges to identify potential gaps in security.
- **Protect** internal assets through the implementation of policies, procedures, training and tools that help mitigate cybersecurity threats.

- **Detect** potential security incidents and improve monitoring capabilities to increase the speed and efficiency of detections.
- **Respond** to contain, neutralize, and analyze security incidents; implement improvements to the security process.

**Recover** affected systems to normal operation and restore systems' data and/or assets that have been affected by an incident.

## Incident report analysis

Summary	This morning, an intern reported to the IT department that she was unable to log in to her internal network account. Access logs indicate that her account has been actively accessing records in the customer database, even though she is locked out of that account. The intern indicated that she received an email this morning asking her to go to an external website to log in with her internal network credentials to retrieve a message. We believe this is the method used by a malicious actor to gain access to our network and customer database. A couple of other employees have noticed that several customer records are either missing or contain incorrect data. It appears that not only was customer data exposed to a malicious actor, but that some data was deleted or manipulated as well.
Identify	The incident management team audited the systems, devices, and access policies involved in the attack to identify the gaps in security. The team found that an intern's login and password were obtained by a malicious attacker and used to access data from our customer database. Upon initial review, it appears that some customer data was deleted from the database.
Protect	The team has implemented new authentication policies to prevent future attacks: multi-factor authentication (MFA), login attempts limited to three tries, and training for all employees on how to protect login credentials. Additionally,

	we will implement a new protective firewall configuration and invest in an intrusion prevention system (IPS).
Detect	To detect new unauthorized access attacks in the future, the team will use a firewall logging tool and an intrusion detection system (IDS) to monitor all incoming traffic from the internet.
Respond	The team disabled the intern's network account. We provided training to interns and employees on how to protect login credentials in the future. We informed upper management of this event and they will contact our customers by mail to inform them about the data breach. Management will also need to inform law enforcement and other organizations as required by local laws.
Recover	The team will recover the deleted data by restoring the database from last night's full backup. We have informed staff that any customer information entered or changed this morning would not be recorded on the backup. So, they will need to re-enter that information into the database once it has been restored from last night's backup.

Reflections/Notes: