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Activity 12: OpenStack Prorequisite Installation	

# **Activity 13: OpenStack Prerequisite Installation**

# 1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (IaC).

# 2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

#### 3. Resources

Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)

1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

#### 4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- 2. Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in <a href="https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/">https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/</a>
  - a. NTP
  - b. OpenStack packages
  - c. SQL Database
  - d. Message Queue
  - e. Memcached
  - f. Etcd
  - g. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in Inventory file.
  - h. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.
- **5. Output** (screenshots and explanations)

```
GNU nano 6.2
                              compute-installer.yml
name: OpenStack Installation Playbook
hosts: compute
become: true
tasks:

    name: Install SQL Database (example for MySQL)

    name: "{{ item }}"
    state: present
  loop:

    mariadb-server

    python3-PyMySQL

    name: Install Message Queue (example for RabbitMQ)

  yum:
    name: "{{ item }}"
    state: present
  loop:

    rabbitmq-server
```

 This playbook allows you to install SQL database and Message queue in CentOS.

```
GNU nano 6.2
                           controller-installer.yml
name: Install NTP and OpenStack packages
hosts: controller
become: true
tasks:
- name: Install NTP
  apt:
    name: ntp
    state: present
- name: Configure NTP
  systemd:
    name: ntp
    enabled: yes
    state: started
- name: Install OpenStack packages
  apt:
    name: "{{ item }}"
```

# state: present

### loop:

- python3-openstackclient
- python3-nova
- neutron-server
- neutron-linuxbridge-agent

- this is the playbook that will install NTP and openstack packages on ubuntu.

```
workstation@workstation:~/hoa13$ ansible-playbook --ask-become-pass etc-installer
 .vml
BECOME password:
ok: [192.168.56.106]
skipping: [192.168.56.106]
skipping: [192.168.56.105]
skipping: [192.168.56.106]
changed: [192.168.56.105]
192.168.56.105 : ok=3 changed=2 unreachable=0 failed=0 pped=2 rescued=0 ignored=0 : ok=3 changed=2 unreachable=0 failed=0 pped=2 unreachable=0 failed=0 pped
                                                          : ok=3 changed=2 unreachable=0 failed=0
pped=2 rescued=0 ignored=0
 workstation@workstation:~/hoa13$
```

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                    etc-installer.yml

    name: OpenStack Installation Playbook

 hosts: etc
 become: true
 tasks:

    name: Install Memcached

   apt:
     name: memcached
     state: present
   when: ansible distribution == "Ubuntu"

    name: Install Memcached

   yum:
     name: memcached
     state: present
   when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

    name: Install Etcd

   apt:
     name: etcd
     state: present
   when: ansible distribution == "Ubuntu"

    name: Install Etcd

   yum:
     name: etcd
     state: present
   when: ansible distribution == "CentOS"
```

- This playbook will install the etcd and memached in the ubuntu and centos servers.

```
workstation@workstation:~/hoa13$ git push origin main
Enumerating objects: 5, done.
Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 293 bytes | 293.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To github.com:yorehh/hoa13.git
    5824d97..f399d87 main -> main
workstation@workstation:~/hoa13$
```

- This is the code that will push and commit the playbook into the github repository.

#### Reflections:

Answer the following:

- 1. What are the benefits of implementing OpenStack?
  - Implementing OpenStack offers various benefits. Firstly, Openstack is an open-source platform which allows you to freely customize it to the needs of the code. Another is its scalability since Openstack is designed to be highly scalable which allows organizations to easily scale their infrastructure.

#### Conclusions:

In this activity, I was able to create a workflow that will install the OpenStack using ansible playbook as my infrastructure. I was also able to see the different cloud deployment and service models. Overall, this activity helped me gain knowledge when implementing Openstack. It also broaden my knowledge when it comes to managing servers.