

Atomic Memory in BAMP systems

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On '**Atomic Read/Write Memory in Signature-Free Byzantine Asynchronous Message-Passing Systems**'

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BAMP: Byzantine Asynchronous Message Passing

There are up to $t < \frac{n}{3}$ **Byzantine Processes**.

Messages are delivered **Asynchronously**.

Processes communicate by **Message Passing** (Clique).

'*Signature Free*' - No cryptographic primitives required.

Who cares?

What we get

This implementation provides a reduction from Message Passing models to Atomic Memory models.

What it can be used for

Many distributed algorithms are based on atomic memory; this reduction provides instant implementations of these algorithms in message passing systems.

Examples

- Atomic, multi-writer multi-reader registers
- Concurrent time-stamp systems
- Variants of 4Lexclusion
- Atomic snapshot scan

Atomic Memory (Registers)

... The type of memory we expect.

Atomic Consistency is also known as Linearizability.

A Simple Definition

'for any execution of the system, there is some way of totally ordering the reads and writes so that the values returned by the reads are the same as if the operations had been performed in that order, with no overlapping.'

- 'On Interprocess Communication' (1985), Leslie Lamport.

Single Writer Multiple Reader Registers (*SWMR*)

A single process can write; everyone can read.

Single Writer & Byzantine Processes

If all shared memory can be written by all processes - a single Byzantine process can destroy it.

Memory Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ a & b & c \end{bmatrix}$$