Storage with Volumes

Kubernetes offers storage management functionality similar to that of Docker, with some key differences. This lesson will explore volumes, one of the options for managing container storage in Kubernetes. This will help us understand how to provide simple external storage for our containers.

Relevant Documentation

Volumes

Lesson Reference

Access UCP in a browser at https://<UCP_SERVER_PUBLIC_IP>.

We can create Kubernetes objects in UCP by navigating to **Kubernetes** > + **Create**. Make sure to use the default namespace throughout this exercise.

Make sure to view the default namespace (Kubernetes > Namespaces, then click Set Context next to default).

Create a pod that uses a hostPath volume.

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
 name: volume-pod
spec:
 restartPolicy: Never
 containers:
  - name: busybox
   image: busybox
   command: ["sh", "-c", "echo \"Successful output!\" > /output/output.txt"]
   volumeMounts:
    - name: host-vol
     mountPath: /output
 volumes:
  - name: host-vol
   hostPath:
     path: /tmp/output
```

Look at the pod list and check which node the volume-pod pod is running on. Log in to that node via SSH.

Check the output location on the node.

```
cat /tmp/output/output.txt
```

We should see the text Successful output!.