

Problem Statement

Linear Regression

Import Libraries

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: a=pd.read_csv("world.csv")
a
```

Out[2]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)	Abbreviation	Agricultural Land(%)	Land Area(Km2)	Armed Forces size	Birth Rate	Calling Code
0	Afghanistan	60	AF	58.10%	652,230	323,000	32.49	93.0
1	Albania	105	AL	43.10%	28,748	9,000	11.78	355.0
2	Algeria	18	DZ	17.40%	2,381,741	317,000	24.28	213.0
3	Andorra	164	AD	40.00%	468	NaN	7.20	376.0
4	Angola	26	AO	47.50%	1,246,700	117,000	40.73	244.0
...
190	Venezuela	32	VE	24.50%	912,050	343,000	17.88	58.0
191	Vietnam	314	VN	39.30%	331,210	522,000	16.75	84.0
192	Yemen	56	YE	44.60%	527,968	40,000	30.45	967.0
193	Zambia	25	ZM	32.10%	752,618	16,000	36.19	260.0
194	Zimbabwe	38	ZW	41.90%	390,757	51,000	30.68	263.0

195 rows × 35 columns

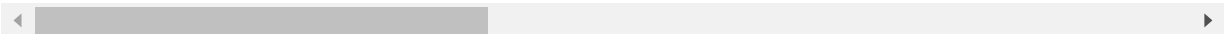
To display top 10 rows

```
In [3]: c=a.head(15)
c
```

Out[3]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)	Abbreviation	Agricultural Land(%)	Land Area(Km2)	Armed Forces size	Birth Rate	Calling Code	C
0	Afghanistan	60	AF	58.10%	652,230	323,000	32.49	93.0	
1	Albania	105	AL	43.10%	28,748	9,000	11.78	355.0	
2	Algeria	18	DZ	17.40%	2,381,741	317,000	24.28	213.0	
3	Andorra	164	AD	40.00%	468	NaN	7.20	376.0	
4	Angola	26	AO	47.50%	1,246,700	117,000	40.73	244.0	
5	Antigua and Barbuda	223	AG	20.50%	443	0	15.33	1.0	
6	Argentina	17	AR	54.30%	2,780,400	105,000	17.02	54.0	
7	Armenia	104	AM	58.90%	29,743	49,000	13.99	374.0	
8	Australia	3	AU	48.20%	7,741,220	58,000	12.60	61.0	
9	Austria	109	AT	32.40%	83,871	21,000	9.70	43.0	
10	Azerbaijan	123	AZ	57.70%	86,600	82,000	14.00	994.0	
11	The Bahamas	39	BS	1.40%	13,880	1,000	13.97	1.0	
12	Bahrain	2,239	BH	11.10%	765	19,000	13.99	973.0	
13	Bangladesh	1,265	BD	70.60%	148,460	221,000	18.18	880.0	
14	Barbados	668	BB	23.30%	430	1,000	10.65	1.0	

15 rows × 35 columns



To find Missing values

In [4]:

```
c.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 15 entries, 0 to 14
Data columns (total 35 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country                               15 non-null     object
1   Density (P/Km2)                       15 non-null     object
2   Abbreviation                           15 non-null     object
3   Agricultural Land( %)                 15 non-null     object
4   Land Area(Km2)                        15 non-null     object
5   Armed Forces size                     14 non-null     object
6   Birth Rate                           15 non-null     float64
7   Calling Code                          15 non-null     float64
8   Capital/Major City                   15 non-null     object
9   Co2-Emissions                        15 non-null     object
10  CPI                                   14 non-null     object
11  CPI Change (%)                       14 non-null     object
12  Currency-Code                        14 non-null     object
13  Fertility Rate                        15 non-null     float64
```

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Linear Ridge and Lasso in world

14 Forested Area (%)

15 Gasoline Price

16 GDP

17 Gross primary education enrollment (%)

18 Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)

19 Infant mortality

20 Largest city

21 Life expectancy

22 Maternal mortality ratio

23 Minimum wage

24 Official language

25 Out of pocket health expenditure

26 Physicians per thousand

27 Population

28 Population: Labor force participation (%)

29 Tax revenue (%)

30 Total tax rate

31 Unemployment rate

32 Urban_population

33 Latitude

34 Longitude

15 non-null

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dtypes: float64(9), object(26)

memory usage: 4.2+ KB

To display summary of statistics

In [5]:

a.describe()

Out[5]:

	Birth Rate	Calling Code	Fertility Rate	Infant mortality	Life expectancy	Maternal mortality ratio	Physicians per thousand	Lati
count	189.000000	194.000000	188.000000	189.000000	187.000000	181.000000	188.000000	194.00
mean	20.214974	360.546392	2.698138	21.332804	72.279679	160.392265	1.839840	19.09
std	9.945774	323.236419	1.282267	19.548058	7.483661	233.502024	1.684261	23.96
min	5.900000	1.000000	0.980000	1.400000	52.800000	2.000000	0.010000	-40.90
25%	11.300000	82.500000	1.705000	6.000000	67.000000	13.000000	0.332500	4.54
50%	17.950000	255.500000	2.245000	14.000000	73.200000	53.000000	1.460000	17.27
75%	28.750000	506.750000	3.597500	32.700000	77.500000	186.000000	2.935000	40.12
max	46.080000	1876.000000	6.910000	84.500000	85.400000	1150.000000	8.420000	64.96

To display column heading

In [6]:

a.columns

Out[6]:

Index(['Country', 'Density\n(P/Km2)', 'Abbreviation', 'Agricultural Land(%)', 'Land Area(Km2)', 'Armed Forces size', 'Birth Rate', 'Calling Code', 'Capital/Major City', 'Co2-Emissions', 'CPI', 'CPI Change (%)', 'Currency-Code', 'Fertility Rate', 'Forested Area (%)', 'Gasoline Price', 'GDP', 'Gross primary education enrollment (%)', 'Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)', 'Infant mortality', 'Largest city', 'Life expectancy', 'Maternal mortality ratio', 'Minimum wage', 'Official language', 'Out of pocket health expenditure', 'Physicians per thousand', 'Population',

```
'Population: Labor force participation (%)', 'Tax revenue (%)',  
'Total tax rate', 'Unemployment rate', 'Urban_population', 'Latitude',  
'Longitude'],  
dtype='object')
```

Pairplot

In [7]:

```
s=a.dropna(axis=1)  
s
```

Out[7]:

	Country	Density\n(P/Km2)
0	Afghanistan	60
1	Albania	105
2	Algeria	18
3	Andorra	164
4	Angola	26
...
190	Venezuela	32
191	Vietnam	314
192	Yemen	56
193	Zambia	25
194	Zimbabwe	38

195 rows × 2 columns

In [8]:

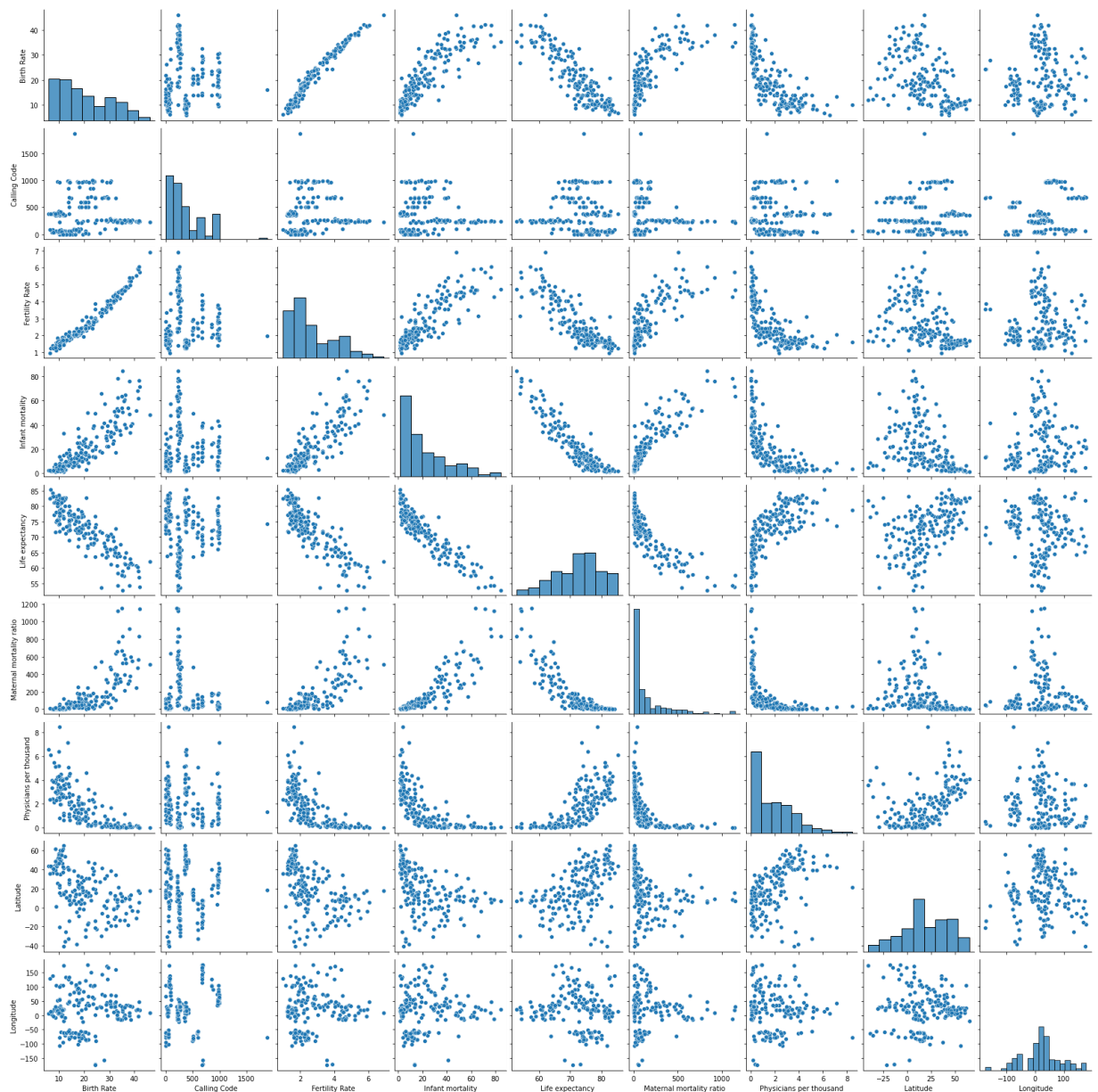
```
s.columns
```

Out[8]: Index(['Country', 'Density\n(P/Km2)'], dtype='object')

In [9]:

```
sns.pairplot(a)
```

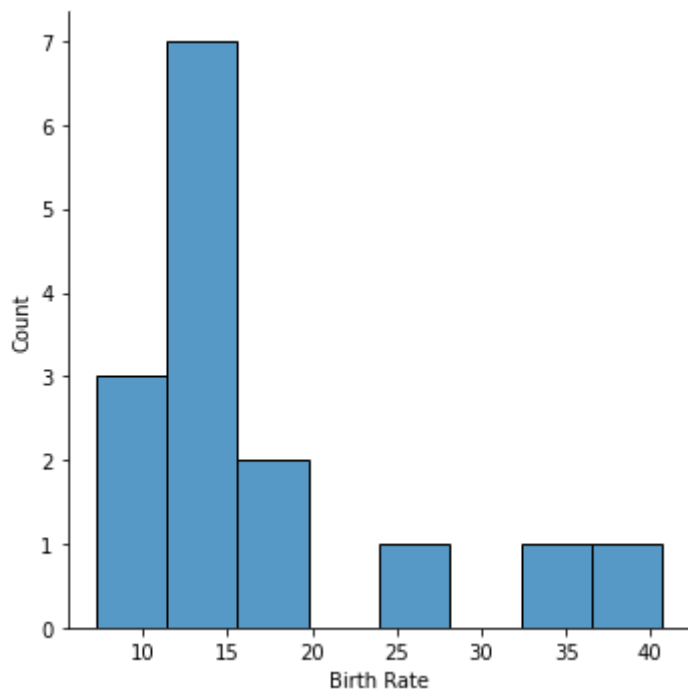
Out[9]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2e32b0658b0>



Distribution Plot

```
In [16]: sns.displot(c['Birth Rate'])
```

```
Out[16]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x2e32fe17a60>
```



Correlation

In [17]:

```
b=a[['Country', 'Density\n(P/Km2)', 'Abbreviation', 'Agricultural Land( %)',
      'Land Area(Km2)', 'Armed Forces size', 'Birth Rate', 'Calling Code',
      'Capital/Major City', 'Co2-Emissions', 'CPI', 'CPI Change (%)',
      'Currency-Code', 'Fertility Rate', 'Forested Area (%)',
      'Gasoline Price', 'GDP', 'Gross primary education enrollment (%)',
      'Gross tertiary education enrollment (%)', 'Infant mortality',
      'Largest city', 'Life expectancy', 'Maternal mortality ratio',
      'Minimum wage', 'Official language', 'Out of pocket health expenditure',
      'Physicians per thousand', 'Population',
      'Population: Labor force participation (%)', 'Tax revenue (%)',
      'Total tax rate', 'Unemployment rate', 'Urban_population', 'Latitude',
      'Longitude']]
sns.heatmap(b.corr())
```

Out[17]: <AxesSubplot:>



Train the model - Model Building

```
In [18]: g=c[['Birth Rate']]
         h=c[['Birth Rate']]
```

To split dataset into training end test

```
In [19]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         g_train,g_test,h_train,h_test=train_test_split(g,h,test_size=0.6)
```

To run the model

```
In [20]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
```

```
In [21]: lr=LinearRegression()
         lr.fit(g_train,h_train)
```

```
Out[21]: LinearRegression()
```

```
In [22]: print(lr.intercept_)
```

```
0.0
```

Coefficient

```
In [23]: coeff=pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,g.columns,columns=['Co-effecient'])
         coeff
```

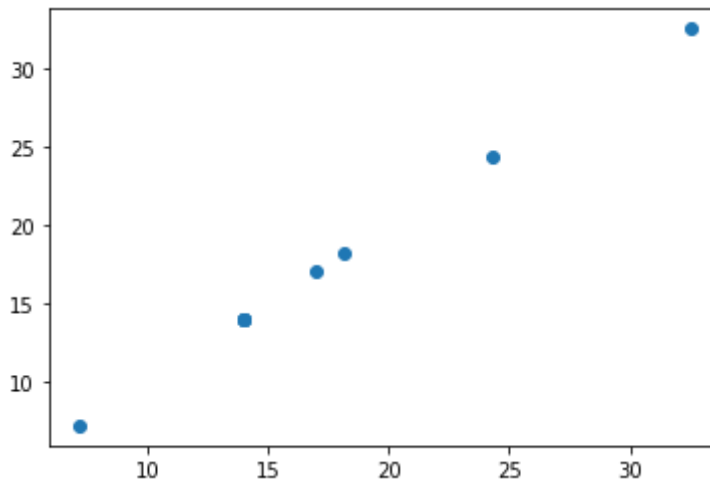
Out[23]:

	Co-effecient
Birth Rate	1.0

Best Fit line

```
In [24]: prediction=lr.predict(g_test)
plt.scatter(h_test,prediction)
```

Out[24]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x2e3302089d0>



To find score

```
In [25]: print(lr.score(g_test,h_test))
```

1.0

Import Lasso and ridge

```
In [26]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

Ridge

```
In [27]: ri=Ridge(alpha=5)
ri.fit(g_train,h_train)
```

Out[27]: Ridge(alpha=5)

```
In [28]: ri.score(g_test,h_test)
```

Out[28]: 0.9999503294747978

```
In [29]: ri.score(g_train,h_train)
```


Out[29]: 0.9999505291894991

Lasso

```
In [30]: l=Lasso(alpha=6)
         l.fit(g_train,h_train)
```

Out[30]: Lasso(alpha=6)

```
In [31]: l.score(g_test,h_test)
```

Out[31]: 0.9973884725557933

```
In [32]: ri.score(g_train,h_train)
```

Out[32]: 0.9999505291894991