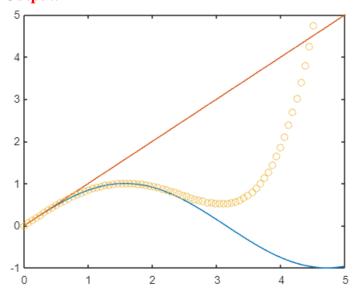
## **Experiment 2: Multivariate Visualization**

Color Style-option		Line Style-option		Marker Style-option	
У	yellow	-	solid	+	plus sign
m	magenta		dashed	О	circle
С	cyan	:	dotted	*	asterisk
r	red		dash-dot	x	x-mark
g	green	none	no line		point
b	blue			^	up triangle
w	white			s	square
k	black			d	diamond, etc.

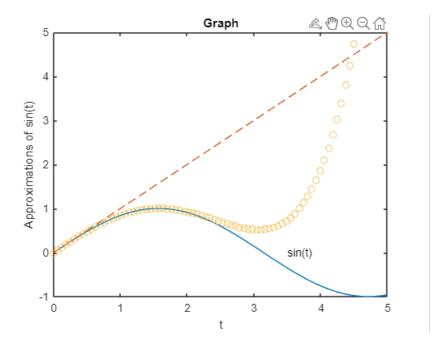
```
1).
x=linspace(0,2*pi,100);
y=sin(x);
plot(x,y)
hold on
z=x;
plot(x,z)
m=x-(x.^3)/6+(x.^5)/120;
plot(x,m,'o')
axis([0 5 -1 5])
hold off
```

## **Output:**



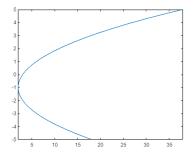
```
2).
t=linspace(0,2*pi,100)
y=sin(t);
z=t;
m=t-(t.^3)/6+(t.^5)/120;
plot(t,y,t,z,'--',t,m,'o')
axis([0 5 -1 5])
xlabel('t')
ylabel('Approximations of sin(t)')
title('Graph')
text(3.5,0,'sin(t)')
```

## **Output:**

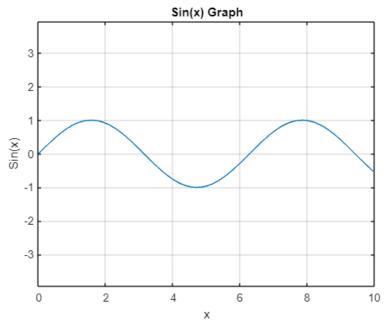


3.) 'fplot' command plots a function between specified limits. Provided 'x' limits, it will automatically take y values.

```
syms x
f=x^2+2*x+3;
fplot(f,x)
```



```
x = [0:0.01:10];
y = sin(x);
plot(x, y), xlabel('x'), ylabel('Sin(x)'), title('Sin(x) Graph'),
grid on, axis equal
```



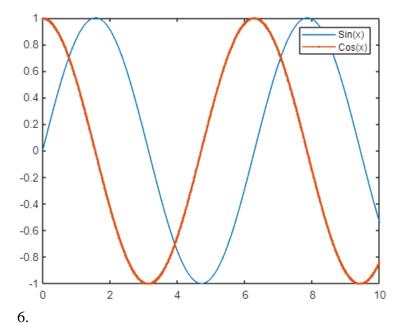
```
5.

x = [0 : 0.01: 10];

y = sin(x);

g = cos(x);

plot(x, y, x, g, '.-'), legend('Sin(x)', 'Cos(x)')
```

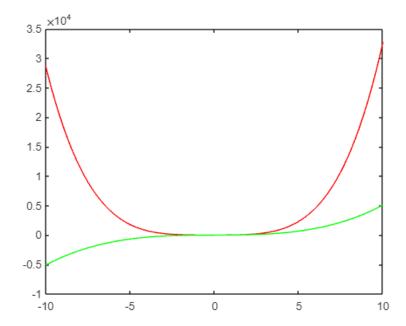


```
x = [-10: 0.01: 10];

y = 3*x.^4 + 2*x.^3 + 7*x.^2 + 2*x + 9;

g = 5*x.^3 + 9*x + 2;

plot(x, y, 'r', x, g, 'g')
```

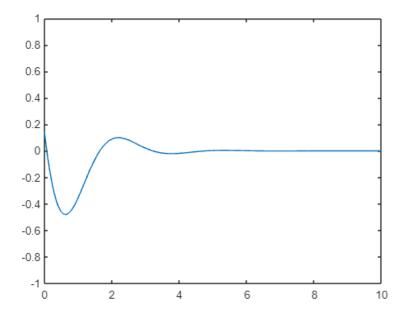


```
7.
```

```
x = [0:0.01:10];

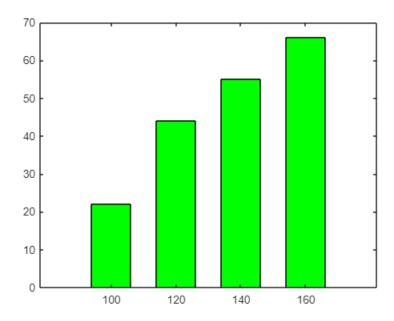
y = \exp(-x).* \sin(2*x + 3);

plot(x, y), axis([0 10 -1 1])
```



```
8.
```

```
x=100:20:160;
y=[22 44 55 66];
bar(x,y,0.6,"green");
```



## 9. Retain current plot when adding new plots

```
x = linspace(-pi,pi);
y1 = sin(x);
plot(x,y1)
hold on
y2 = cos(x);
plot(x,y2)
hold off
```

