

Input-files of makeDHexaMesh

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File name	Contents
meshgen.inp	Controlling parameters
obs_site.dat	Desired edge lengths around observation sites
<i>Arbitrary name</i>	Topography/bathymetry (The name is defined in the keyword 'TOPO' of 'meshgen.inp')

How to run makeDHexaMesh

You need to execute the following command in the directory where input files exist.

```
makeDHexaMesh
```

File format of 'meshgen.inp' (1/2)

Keyword	Content	Data type	Option	Default	Example
DIVISION_NUMBERS	Division numbers in the x, y, and z direction of the initial mesh.	Three positive integers			DIVISION_NUMBERS 53 59 73
X_COORDINATES	X-coordinates (km) of the edges of the initial mesh	Real values (division number – 1)			
Y_COORDINATES	Y-coordinates (km) of the edges of the initial mesh	Real values (division number – 1)			
Z_COORDINATES	Z-coordinates (km) of the edges of the initial mesh ¹⁾	Real values (division number – 1)			
CENTER	Coordinate values (x,y, and z in km) of the cuboids to specify edge lengths.	Three real values			CENTER 0.0 0.0 0.0
ROTATION	Rotation angle around the x-y plane (deg.) of the cuboids.	Real value		0.0	ROTATION 30.0
CUBOIDS	Information about the cuboids to control edge lengths	<i>Shown in the next slide</i>			<i>Shown in the next slide</i>
INITIAL_RESISTIVITY	Initial subsurface resistivity (Ωm)	Positive real value		100.0	INITIAL_RESISTIVITY 100.0

*1) Z-coordinate 0.0 (km) must be exist. Also, z-coordinate identical to the depth defined in the keyword 'SEA_DEPTH' must be exist only when the sea layer is included in the mesh.

Keyword ‘CUBOIDS’

CUBOIDS

Number of cuboids (N_e)

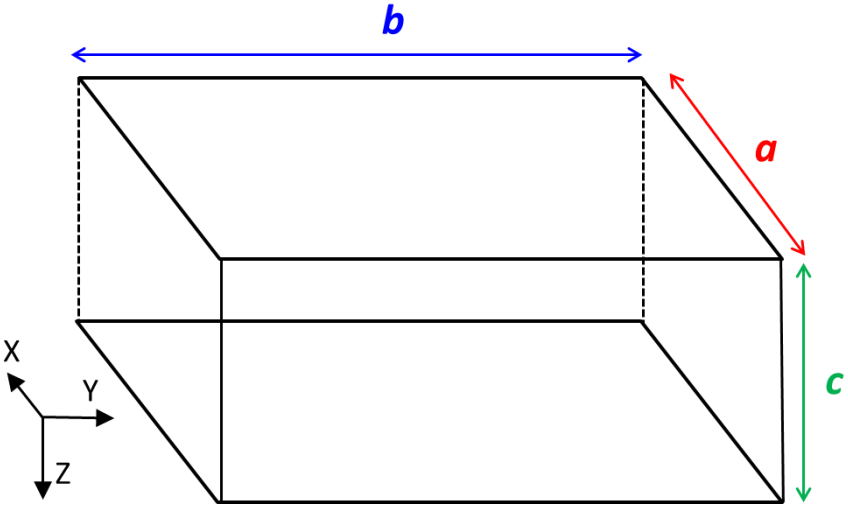
Information about the 1st cuboid

⋮

Information about the N_e -th cuboid

a b c l_h

- a : Length along x-axis (km)
- b : Length along y-axis (km)
- c : Length along z-axis (km)
- l_h : The upper limit of the horizontal edge lengths within cuboid (km)



[NOTE] Subsequent cuboids must cover the formers (must be larger than the formers)

Example

CUBOIDS			
3			
30.0	30.0	20.0	1.0
50.0	50.0	30.0	2.0
100.0	100.0	50.0	5.0

File format of 'meshgen.inp' (2/2)

Keyword	Content	Data type	Option	Default	Example
AIR_RESISTIVITY	Resistivity of the air layer (Ωm)	Positive real value		1.0e+10	AIR_RESISTIVITY 1.0e+10
TOPO	Information about the topography/bathymetry data and the interpolation method of them ¹⁾	<i>Shown in the next slide</i>			<i>Shown in the next slide</i>
SEA_DEPTH	Sea-floor depth of the initial mesh (km) ²⁾	Positive real value			SEA_DEPTH 3.50
SEA_RESISTIVITY	Resistivity of the sea (Ωm)	Positive real value		0.25	SEA_RESISTIVITY 0.30
THRE_SEA_DEPTH	Threshold of the sea-floor depth (km) ³⁾	Positive real value		0.1	THRE_SEA_DEPTH 0.3
LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL	Threshold about the partitioning of parameter cells ⁴⁾	Positive real value		100	LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL 1
END	Indication of the end of controlling parameters				END

*1) Details are described in the next slide. If this keyword is not defined, no topography/bathymetry is incorporated into the mesh.

*2) If this keyword is not defined, no sea layer is made in the mesh.

*3) Details are described in a later slide.

*4) Details are described in a later slide.

Keyword ‘TOPO’

TOPO

File name of topography/bathymetry data

Maximum number of the points used for interpolation (N)

Search radius (km)

Small number to avoid zero divide (km) (ε)

Example

TOPO

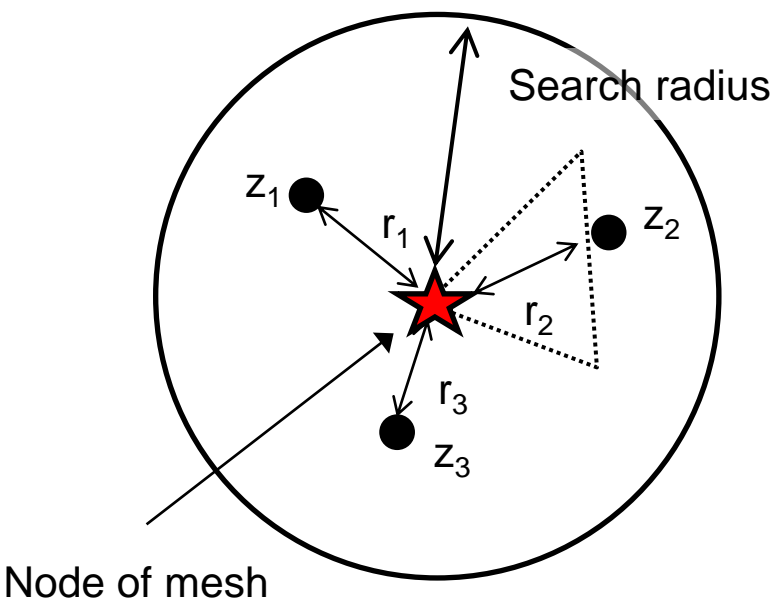
topo.xyz

3

3.0

0.001

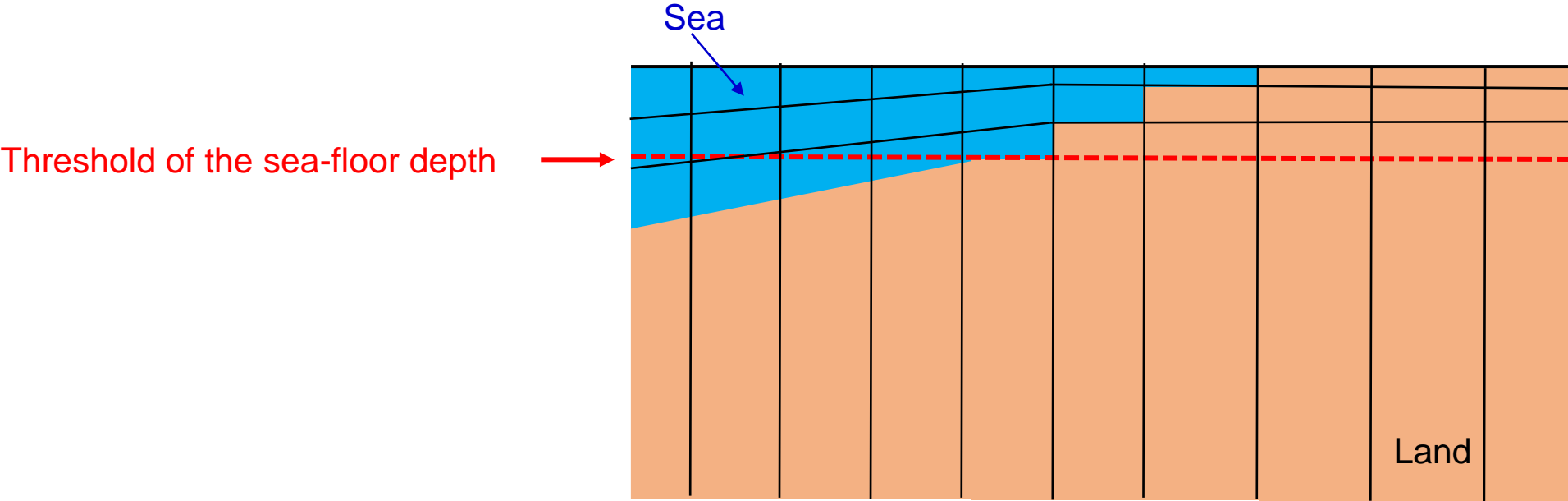
Inverse distance weighting method is used for interpolation of z-coordinates.



$$z = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N w_i z_i}{\sum_{i=1}^N w_i}$$

$$w_i = \frac{1}{(r_i + \varepsilon)}$$

Keyword 'THRE_SEA_DEPTH'



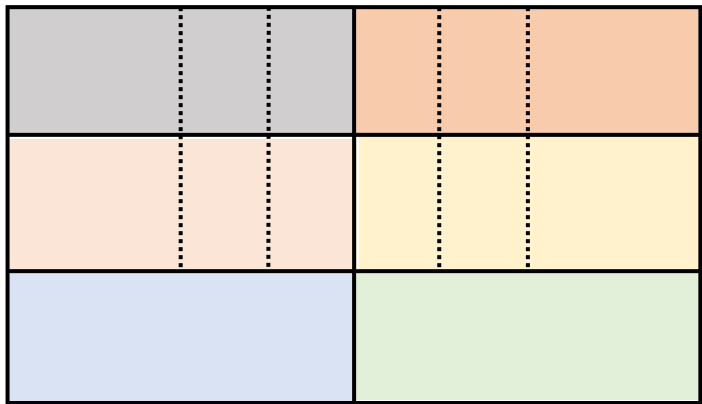
Above the threshold of the sea-floor depth, the bathymetry is represented by a stair-like mesh.

Keyword 'LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL'

By using this option, you can specify the level of partitioning of the parameter cell, based on the level of partitioning of the mesh.
If you set X as this option, the sub-elements generated at the X-th partitioning or later are forced to have the same resistivity.

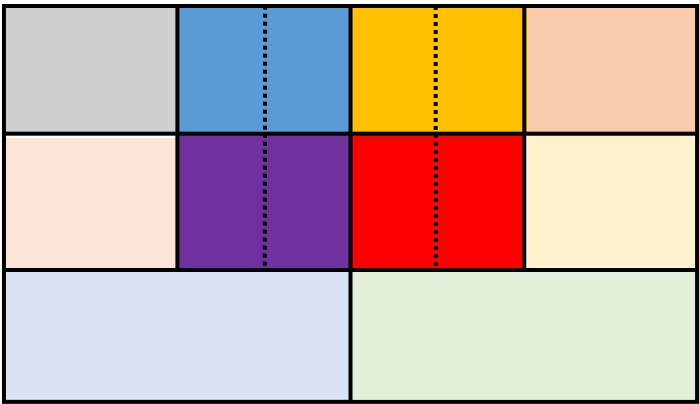
*) In the figures below, different colors indicate different parameter cells.

LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL
0



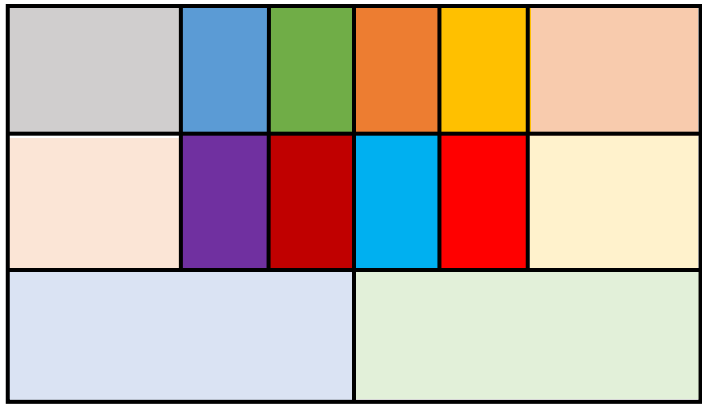
Solid line indicates the edges of the initial mesh

LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL
1



Solid line indicates the edges of the mesh after the 1st mesh partitioning

LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL
2

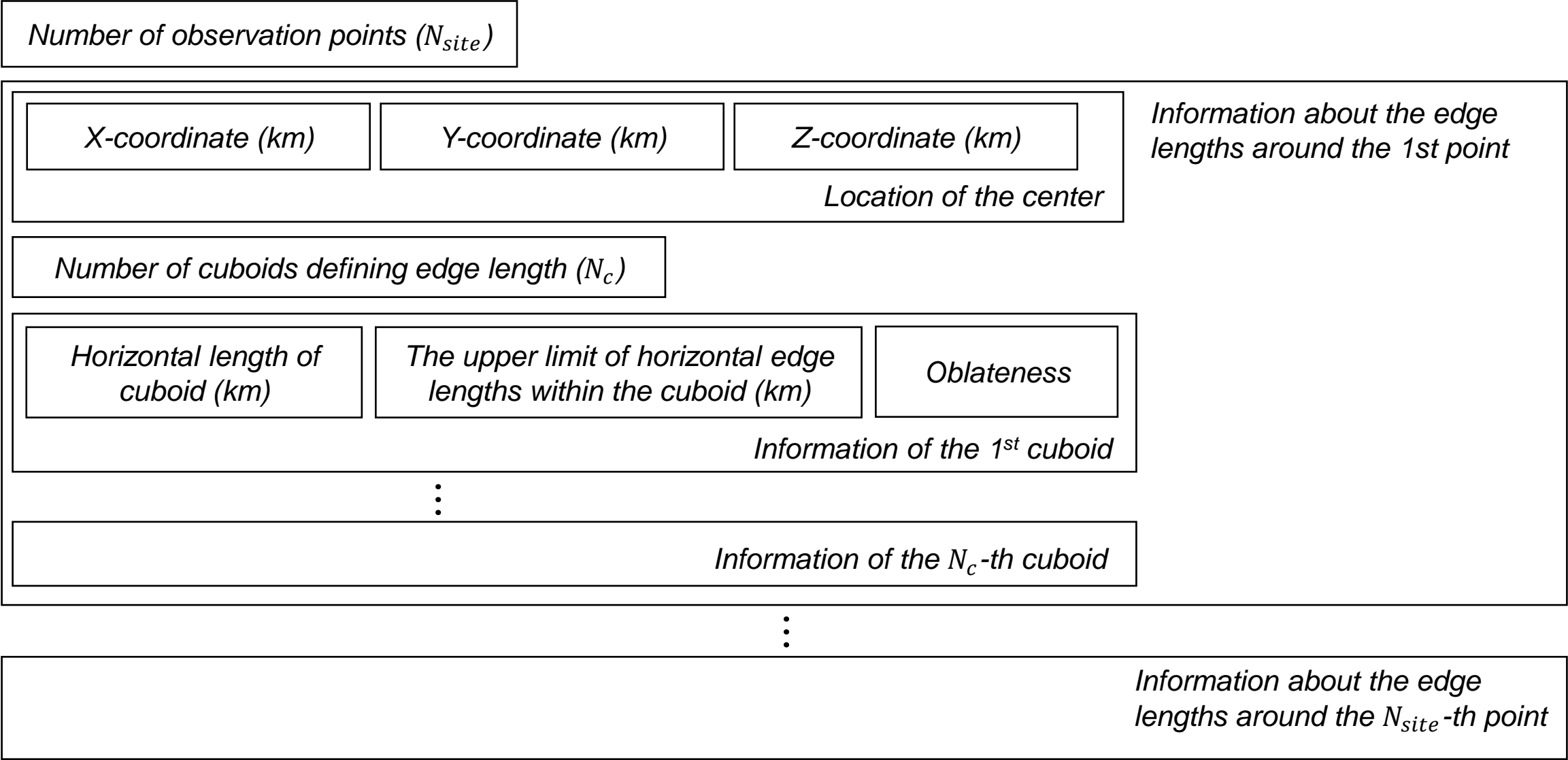


Solid line indicates the edges of the mesh after the 2nd mesh partitioning

If the option is zero, all sub-elements in each element of initial mesh are forced to have the same resistivity.

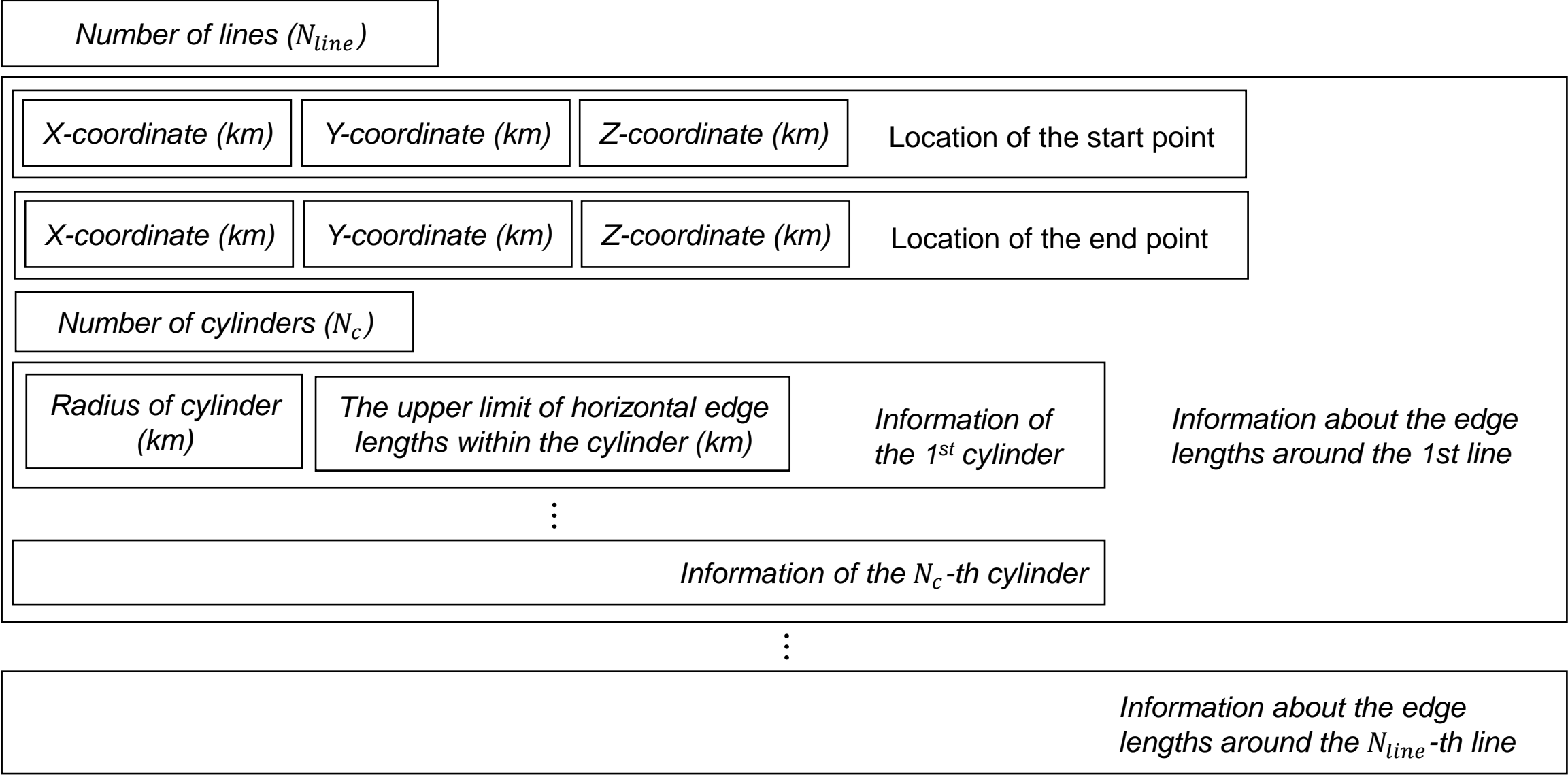
If the option is large enough (default), respective subsurface elements are allowed to have different resistivity values.

File format of ‘obs_site.dat’ (1/3)



*) Subsequent cuboids must cover the formers (must be larger than the formers)

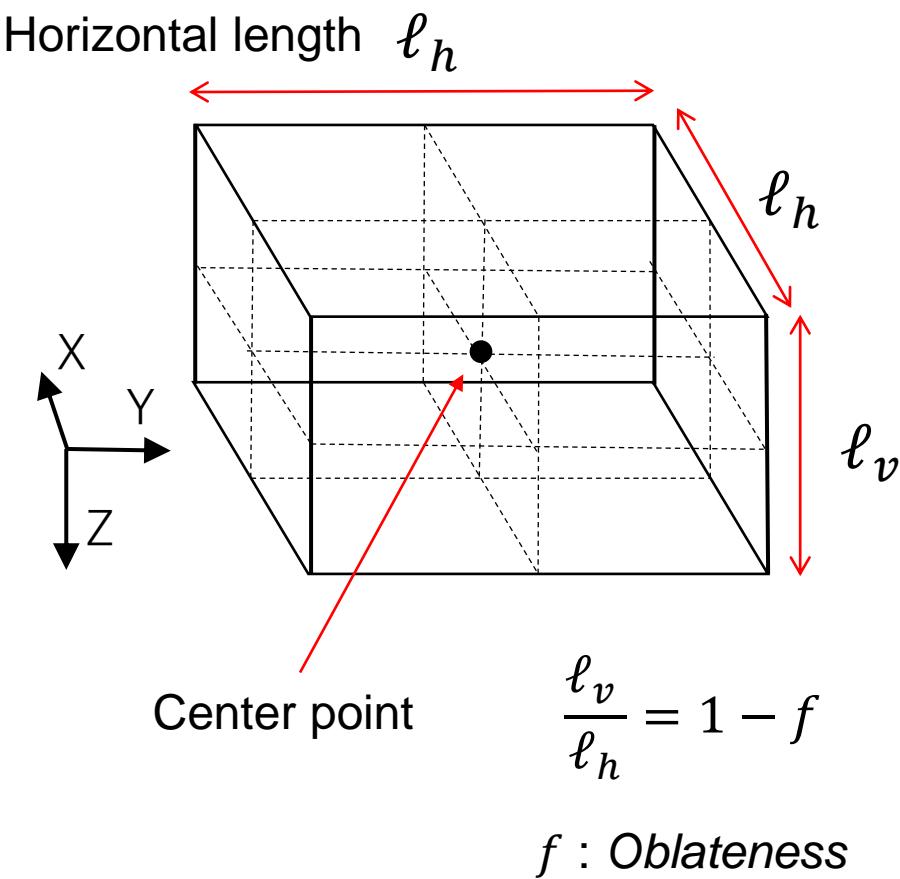
File format of 'obs_site.dat' (2/3)



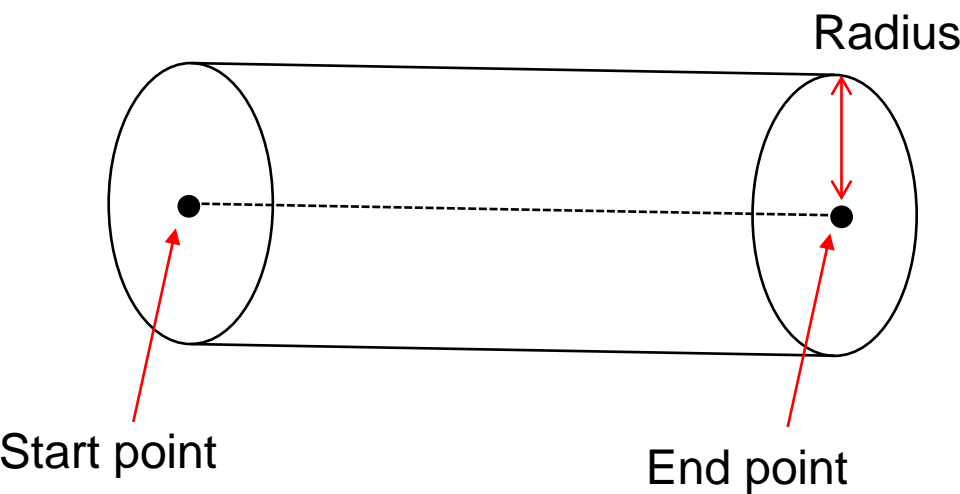
*) Subsequent cylinders must cover the formers (must be larger than the formers)

File format of 'obs_site.dat' (3/3)

Cuboid for an observation points



Cylinder for a line

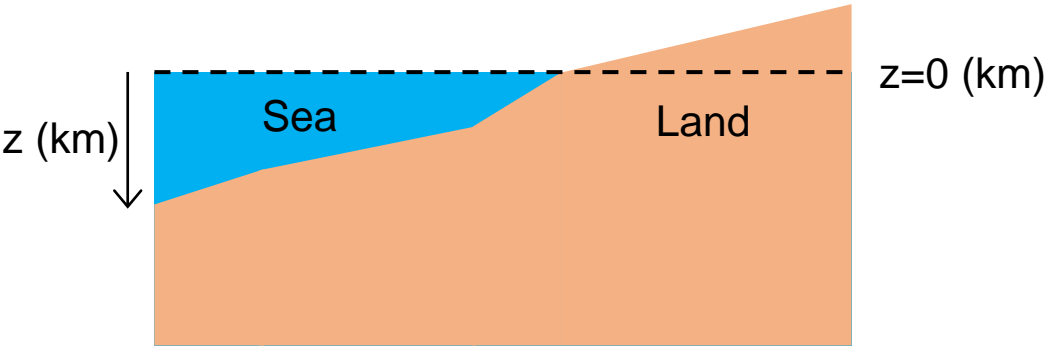


Format of the files including topography/bathymetry data

<i>X-coordinate (km)</i>	<i>Y-coordinate (km)</i>	<i>Z-coordinate (km)</i>
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⋮

Z-coordinates are positive in the downward direction.



Example

-106.824031915	76.2046151595	2.100000e-003↓
-106.824276161	76.1651038245	6.000000e-003↓
-106.824459262	76.1354703228	8.500000e-003↓
-106.824642292	76.1058368206	7.400000e-003↓
-106.824886221	76.0663254836	9.000000e-003↓
-106.825069084	76.0366919804	9.300000e-003↓
-106.825251877	76.0070584767	8.600000e-003↓
-106.825495489	75.9675471378	8.600000e-003↓
-106.825678115	75.9379136331	9.400000e-003↓
-106.82586067	75.908280128	1.040000e-002↓
-106.826103966	75.8687687872	1.070000e-002↓
-106.826286354	75.839135281	9.300000e-003↓
-106.826468671	75.8095017744	1.110000e-002↓
-106.82671165	75.7699904316	1.390000e-002↓
...

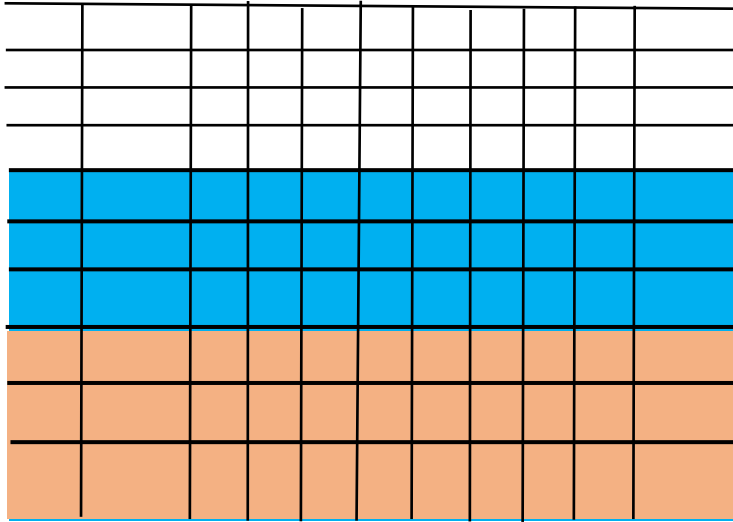
Output-files of makeDHexaMesh

Output-files of makeDHexaMesh

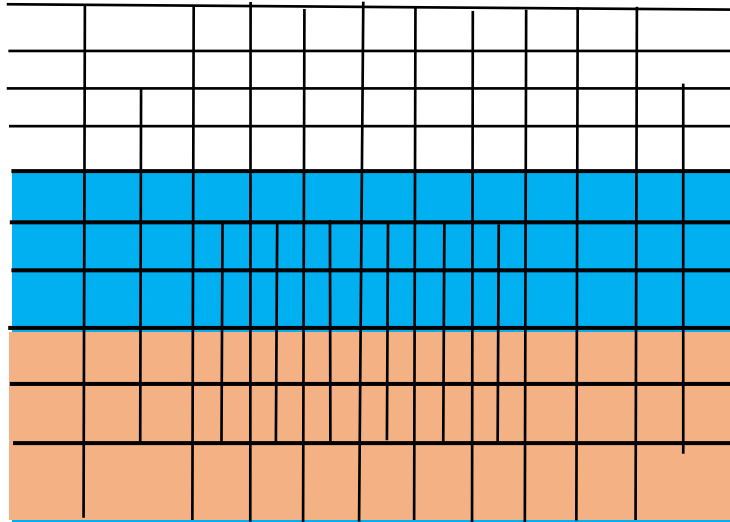
File name	Contents
mesh.dat	Data of computational mesh (Input file of FEMTIC)
resistivity_block_iter0.dat	Information about parameter cells and the initial resistivity values (Input file of FEMTIC)
MeshData.vtk	Data of computational mesh (For the visualization by ParaView)
depth.vtk	Data of the surface mesh of the computational mesh (For the visualization by ParaView)

Algorithm of makeDHexaMesh

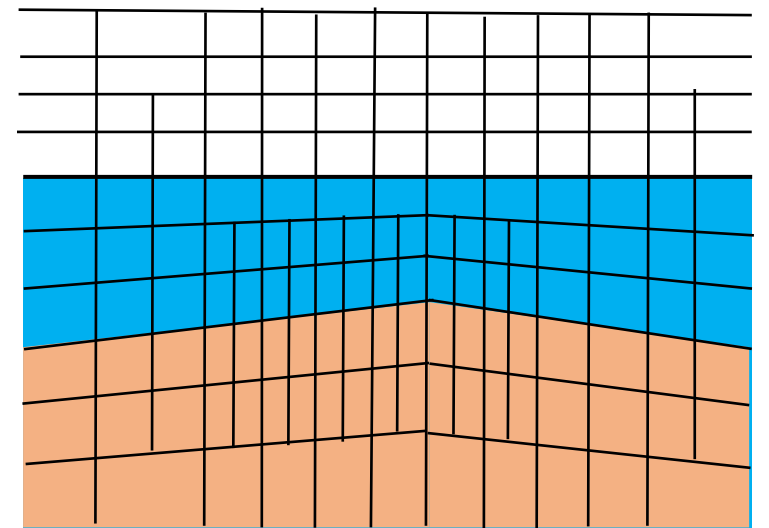
(1) Initial mesh



(2) Subdivision of mesh ¹⁾



(3) Incorporation of topography/bathymetry ²⁾



*1) Subdivision is performed based on the coordinates prior to the incorporation of topography/bathymetry. Therefore, you need to set the coordinates in the keyword 'CUBOIDS' of 'meshgen.inp' and the coordinates in 'obs_site.dat' based on the flat mesh.

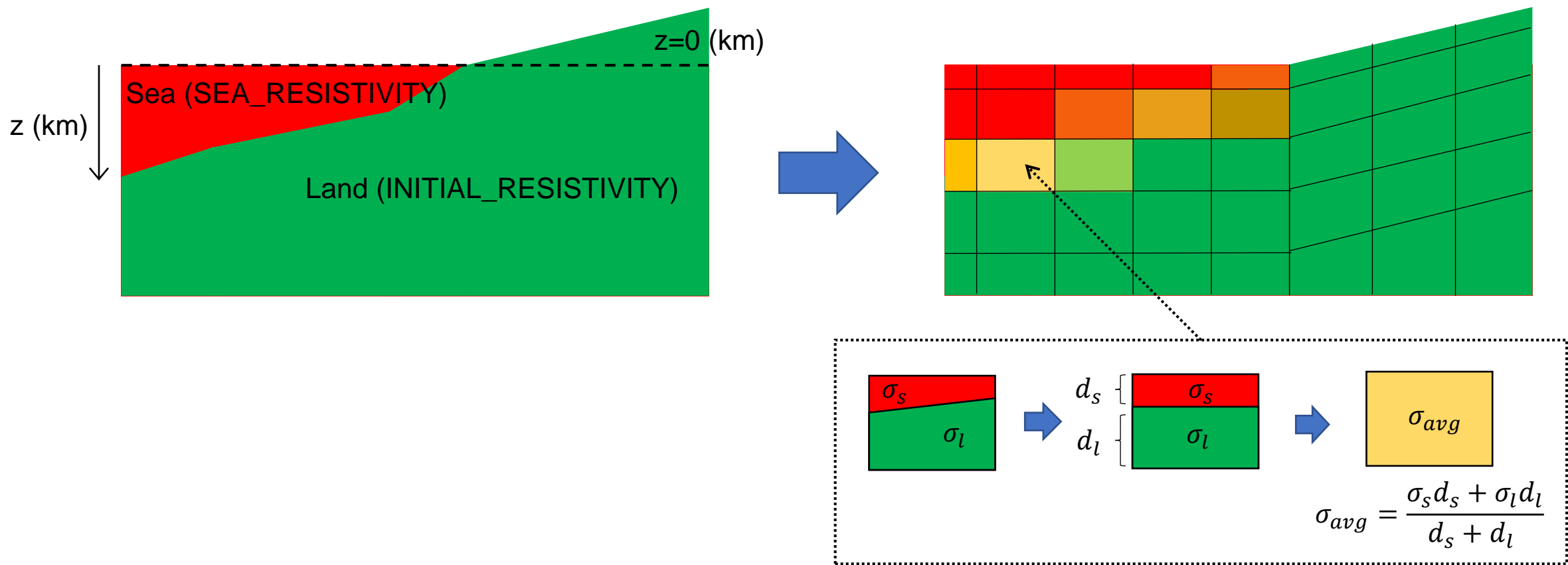
*2) This step requires significant time because the coordinates of each node and each point of topography/bathymetry data are compared.

(4) Output input data for FEMTIC

Averaging of sea conductivity and land conductivity

If 'SEA_DEPTH' is NOT defined and there is sea area in topography data, sea floor is not represented.

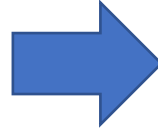
Instead, the average conductivity of the sea and land sides is assigned to the elements under the sea area.



How to make a mesh without topography

meshgen.inp

```
INITIAL_RESISTIVITY↓  
100.0↓  
AIR_RESISTIVITY↓  
1.0e+10↓  
CENTER↓  
-40.0 -30.0 3.5↓  
ROTATION↓  
0.0↓  
CUBOIDS↓  
3↓  
  30.0  30.0 20.0 1.0 1.0↓  
  50.0  50.0 30.0 2.0 2.0↓  
 100.0 100.0 50.0 5.0 5.0↓  
LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL↓  
0↓  
TOPO↓  
ETOPO1_ice_g_int_projected_mod.xyz↓  
3↓  
3.0↓  
0.001↓  
END↓
```



meshgen.inp

```
INITIAL_RESISTIVITY↓  
100.0↓  
AIR_RESISTIVITY↓  
1.0e+10↓  
CENTER↓  
-40.0 -30.0 3.5↓  
ROTATION↓  
0.0↓  
CUBOIDS↓  
3↓  
  30.0  30.0 20.0 1.0 1.0↓  
  50.0  50.0 30.0 2.0 2.0↓  
 100.0 100.0 50.0 5.0 5.0↓  
LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL↓  
0↓  
END↓
```

If TOPO data is not included, topography/bathymetry is not incorporated into the mesh.

How to make a conforming hexahedral mesh

meshgen.inp

```
AIR_RESISTIVITY↓  
1.0e+10↓  
CENTER↓  
-40.0 -30.0 3.5↓  
ROTATION↓  
0.0↓  
CUBOIDS↓  
0↓  
LEVEL_LIMIT_PARAM_CELL↓  
0↓  
TOPO↓  
ETOPO1_Ice_g_int_projected_mod.xyz↓  
3↓  
3.0↓  
0.001↓  
END↓
```

obs_site.dat

```
0↓  
0↓  
1↓
```

If you set the number of cuboids as 0 in 'meshgen.inp' and set both numbers of points and lines as zeros in 'obs_site.dat', we can make a conforming hexahedral (subdivision is not performed)

Cautions

When both land topography and bathymetry are incorporated into mesh, some elements that originally belong to the sea are changed to the land elements in the program.

However, the algorithm of the above procedure is NOT robust.

Please check the surface mesh by using 'depth.vtk before you perform inversion.