**Deep Learning Challenge: Charity Funding Predictor**

**Overview**:

The non-profit foundation Alphabet Soup wants to create an algorithm to predict whether or not

applicants for funding will be successful. With knowledge of machine learning and neural

networks, we must use the features in the provided dataset to create a binary classifier that is

capable of predicting whether applicants will be successful if funded by Alphabet Soup.

**Results:**

To begin the data processing we removed any irrelevant information. After dropping EIN and

NAME the remaining columns were to be considered features for the model. Name was added

back into the second test for binning purposes. The data was then split for training and testing

sets. The target variable for the model was labeled “IS\_SUCCESSFUL” and has the value of 1

for yes and 0 for no. APPLICATION data was analyzed and “CLASSIFICATION value was used

for binning. We used several data points as a cutoff to bin “rare” variables together with the new

value of “Other” for each unique value. Categorical variables were encoded by get\_dummies() after checking to see if the binning was successful.

**Compiling, Training, and Evaluating the Model:**

There were three layers total for each model after applying Neural Networks. The number of

hidden nodes were dictated by the number of features.



477 parameters were created by a three-layer training model. The first attempt was just over

73% accuracy which was under a desired 75% but not too far off.





**Optimization:**

The second attempt with the “NAME” column in the dataset, achieved an accuracy of almost

79%. This is 4% over the target 75% with 3,298 parameters.



Multiple layers should be used for deep learning models since it learns how to predict and

classify information based on computer filtering inputs through layers.

