

**Homework 2A****Question 1**

Find the reoccurrence relation and first four terms of the power series solutions of the following.

$$1.1. \quad (2 + x^2)y'' - xy' + 4y = 0 \quad ; \quad x_0 = 0$$

$$1.2. \quad (1 + x^2)y'' - 4xy' + 6y = 0 \quad ; \quad x_0 = 0$$

$$1.3. \quad y'' - 2xy' + \lambda y = 0 \quad , \quad \lambda = \text{const} \quad ; \quad x_0 = 0 \quad (\text{The Hermit Equation})$$

Solutions:

$$1.1. \quad a_{n+2} = -(n^2 - 2n + 4)a_n / [2(n+1)(n+2)] \quad , \quad a_2 = -a_0 \quad , \quad a_3 = -a_1/4$$

$$\varphi_1 = 1 - x^2 + \frac{1}{6}x^4 - \frac{1}{30}x^6 + \dots \quad , \quad \varphi_2 = x - \frac{1}{4}x^3 + \frac{7}{160}x^5 - \frac{19}{1920}x^7 + \dots$$

$$1.2. \quad a_{n+2} = -(n-2)(n-3)a_n / [(n+1)(n+2)]$$

$$\varphi_1 = 1 - 3x^2 \quad , \quad \varphi_2 = x - \frac{1}{3}x^3$$

$$1.3. \quad a_{n+2} = -\frac{\lambda-2n}{(n+2)(n+1)} \cdot a_n \quad , \quad a_2 = -\frac{\lambda}{2}a_0$$

$$\varphi(x) = a_0 \left[ 1 - \frac{\lambda}{2}x^2 + \frac{(\lambda-4)\lambda}{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}x^4 + \frac{(\lambda-8)(\lambda-4)\lambda}{6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}x^6 + \dots \right] + a_1 \left[ x - \frac{\lambda-2}{3 \cdot 2}x^3 + \frac{(\lambda-6)(\lambda-2)}{5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}x^5 + \frac{(\lambda-10)(\lambda-6)(\lambda-2)}{7 \cdot 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \cdot 2}x^7 + \dots \right]$$

**Question 2**

Find the first seven terms of the power series solution of the following.

$$y'' + 5xy = 2 + 6x^2 \quad ; \quad x_0 = 0$$

*Hint: use the same procedure as for homogeneous equations, but equate the power-terms coefficients for both sides of the equation*

Solution:

$$\varphi(x) = a_0 \left[ 1 - \frac{5}{6}x^3 + \frac{5}{36}x^6 + \dots \right] + a_1 \left[ x - \frac{5}{12}x^4 + \frac{5}{432}x^7 + \dots \right] + 1 \cdot \left[ x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x^4 - \frac{1}{4}x^5 - \frac{5}{84}x^7 + \dots \right]$$