

# VolumeMatic and the AI3D.foundation: Text to interactive volume app spatial computing creator app

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Figure 1: Screenshots from VolumeMatic app, from left to right, top to bottom: AI3D Gen prompt widgets showing various service endpoints, Preview Model Prompt, Code Gen Prompt, Generated spatial computing game, Preview Image Prompt [21]

## ABSTRACT

VolumeMatic is an Apple Vision Pro natural language text to interactive volume app creator app, utilizing the “chat to create” motif. The user can easily create 3D using various AI3D creation methods, such as text to 3D and image to 3D from different models and providers, utilizing an abstractified AI3D multimodal API. We utilize object detected and semantic relations among different HCI elements to enable natural language interactive spatial computing app creation. The app hopes to launch an AI3D Foundation to help accelerate the advancement and impact of AI for 3D and interactive content (AI3D). We also present the AI3D Benchmark Card to quickly summarize the results from different models, with a ground truth mesh.

## CCS CONCEPTS

• **Human-centered computing** → **Human computer interaction (HCI)**; **Mixed / augmented reality**; **Graphical user interfaces**; **Natural language interfaces**; **Command line interfaces**; **User interface design**; **Contextual design**; **Activity centered design**; **User centered design**; • **Computing methodologies** → **Artificial intelligence**; **Natural language processing**; **Discourse, dialogue and pragmatics**; **Graphics systems and interfaces**; **Mixed / augmented reality**; **Graphics processors**.

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## KEYWORDS

AI3D, spatial computing, AI app creation, Apple Vision Pro

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## 1 INTRODUCTION

VolumeMatic starts with a freeform chat interface, where the user can chat to create 3D models using AI. The user can also chat to turn the created 3D models into interactive elements in a game or app. Everything happens inside an Apple Vision Pro volume app, and the output is another Vision Pro volume app!

The clientside interfaces with various model endpoint service backend that generates the 3D model and interprets text to commands and interactivity, as described in the AI3D API section below.

Previously, we built Napkinmatic 3D [19] and Napkinmatic [18], both of which required drawing skills. Being text input focused, we hope that this app is more accessible!

### 1.1 Volume Motifs

Discord [22] chat has become the current prevalent method for both image and AI3D creation, so we extended the interface concept and the contextual prompt widgets into spatial computing. In 3D, the “chat box” can appear on any of the 6 surfaces of an Apple Vision Pro cube volume, subject to user preference, as they view and interact with their creation from different angles. Similar to a screen, but in 3D, the interior of the cube contains the extent of the

content and interactivity. The external surfaces thus become a sort of god's eye view in natural language "source creation" mode.

## 2 AI3D API

The AI3D API, maintained by the AI3D Foundation, provides a unified access point to various AI3D-related technologies across the ecosystem.

### 2.1 AI3D Endpoint Providers

Different commercial and open source models produce different results and incur different costs.

We include all commercial providers of AI3D creation. Currently, the list includes: CSM [1], Luma [8], Meshy [9], Sudo [11], and Tripo3D [12].

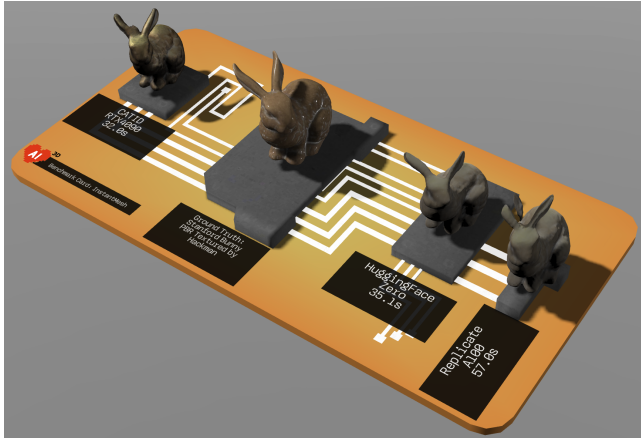
Various model inference-per-second services such as Replicate [10], fal [2], and HuggingFace [7] are also included, running open-source models such as LRM [5], LGM [4], TripoSR [6], and InstantMesh [13].

### 2.2 Hosted AI3D Models

The AI3D Foundation also hosts a number of models and common workflows. One example: mixing different models in a pipeline for text to 3D: text to image via SDXL-lightning [15] (~ 1s) or LCM (~ 200ms on [3]) and image to 3D via Tripo3D [12] or InstantMesh [13] (~ 15 - 30s).

**2.2.1 AI3D Benchmark Card.** The AI3D Foundation produces a "Benchmark Card" that allows for succinct visual comparison of the mesh produced by each model, including the hardware used and inference time expended for each service endpoint.

Shown below is the AI3D Benchmark Card: Instant Mesh [13] benchmarking the Stanford Bunny [24] PBR version [23] using the following endpoints [25] [14] [16] - permalink: [20].



## 3 NATURAL LANGUAGE INTERACTIVITY

VolumeMatic lets you turn natural language chat into generated code. We can process colloquial references and even slang for object references, which works well for small scenes. We show a context-sensitive widget when confusion arises.

### 3.1 Object Identification and Semantic Relations

We re-calibrate scale based on mesh bounds and re-assign pivots based on detected categories (by default, base center - but sometimes, it may make sense for the pivot to be mesh center).

We can use object detection to identify additional colliders to create for sub-object interactivity.

Strong semantic relations help strongly guide the code generation with the scene objects, building on the author's previous pre-gen-AI work DrawmaticAR [17], which parses text into known grammar nouns, adjectives, verbs, and applies material colors, animations accordingly to the modified noun object. With the advent of 1M context-window models such as Google Gemini 1.5 Pro [26], the AI can further query the user when ambiguities in HCI concepts arise, to help create what the user actually wants.

## 4 CONCLUSION

By combining the needed aspects of 3D app creation with the proper code gen and AI3D endpoints and intuitive context-sensitive widgets in a discord-inspired natural language interface, VolumeMatic hopes to enable anyone who wants to create a spatial computing app to easily create what they envision - interactively, in discourse, with virtually no learning curve required.

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