

# Push

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## Synopsis

Push allows a programmer to add items to a declared array.

## Why

After a coder declares an array, they may need to update the array with other items. I.E., if a coder writes a list of movies that he/she owns like:

```
1 var movie = ["The Thing", "Firefly", "Rush Hour", "Friday"];
```

What happens if the coder buys another movie? They would want a way to add the movie to the array.

## Syntax

To add to an array, you need to state the name of the array, followed by a “.” and then the word push. Immediately after push, you have parentheses “()”. Inside the parentheses, you place what you want to add to the array.

## Advanced

The element that is being added gets added to the end of the array. Think of reloading bullets into a magazine. As you add bullets they get placed on the top end of the magazine. Pushing new values, of course, also changes the result of .length on the array.

## Examples

```
1 // ----- Example 1 -----
2
3 var movie = ["The Thing", "Firefly", "Rush Hour", "Friday"];
4
5 movie.push("Angel");
6 // ["The Thing", "Firefly", "Rush Hour", "Friday", "Angel"]
7
8 // ----- Example 2 -----
9
10 var movie = ["The Thing", "Firefly", "Rush Hour", "Friday"];
11
12 movie.push("Angel", "Fight Club");
13 // ["The Thing", "Firefly", "Rush Hour", "Friday", "Angel", "
    Fight Club"]
14
15 // ----- Example 3 -----
16
17 var number_array = [];
18
19 for (var i = 0; i < 5; i++){
20
21     number_array.push(i);
22
23 } // End of For Loop
24
25 console.log(number_array);
26 // 0 , 1 , 2 , 3 , 4
```

## Further Reading

[MDN - Push](#)

[w3schools - Push](#)

[StackOverFlow - Push](#)