[toc]

课上测试

ch03

作业题目: Base64编码

完成下面任务(14分)

- 1. 在 Ubuntu 或 openEuler 中完成任务 (推荐openEuler)
- 2. 手动对"你的姓名的首字母"进行 BASE64 编码,给出编码过程。(5分)
- 3. 使用OpenSSL 命令或者 Linux base64 命令验证你的编码的正确性 (4分)
- 4. 使用OpenSSL编程对sn.txt进行加密解密,提交代码或代码链接,以及编译运行过程(文本或截图)(5分)

作业提交要求 (1')

- 0. 记录实践过程和 AI 问答过程,尽量不要截图,给出文本内容
- 1. (选做)推荐所有作业托管到 gitee或 github 上
- 2. (必做)提交作业 markdown文档,命名为"学号-姓名-作业题目.md"
- 3. (必做)提交作业 markdown文档转成的 PDF 文件, 命名为"学号-姓名-作业题目.pdf"

实际过程

- 手动对"你的姓名的首字母"进行 BASE64 编码,给出编码过程。
 - 。 我的名字首字母是"xlm"
 - 其ASCII码是: 120 108 109
 - 。 将ASCII码的二进制转换后练成一串: 01111000 01101100 01101101
 - 将这个二进制串分割成每6位一组(从左到右):011110000110110001101101
 - 。 最后一组有6位,不需要填充
 - 将每6位二进制数转换为十进制,然后根据BASE64编码表找到对应的字符:
 - 011110 (30) -> e
 - 000110 (6) -> G
 - 110001 (49) -> x
 - 101101 (45) -> t
 - 最终得到的 BASE64 编码结果是 "eGxt"
- 使用OpenSSL 命令或者 Linux base64 命令验证你的编码的正确性:显然结果是正确的。

```
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# echo -n "xlm" | openssl
base64
eGxt
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# echo -n "xlm" | base64
eGxt
```

• 使用OpenSSL编程对sn.txt进行加密解密,提交代码或代码链接,以及编译运行过程(文本或截图)

- 。 这里使用的openssl中的evp接口调用sm4算法实现加解密,代码参考实验1-2,密钥和iv文件由 gmssl命令生成。
- 。 代码编译与加解密过程

```
root@Youer:~/shiyan/shiyan01/shiyan1-2/task01/test_sm4# ls
decrypted_file.txt iv.bin my_sm4_iv.bin plain.txt sm4_decrypt.c
sm4_encrypt.c
encrypted_file.bin key.bin my_sm4_key.bin sm4_decrypt sm4_encrypt
root@Youer:~/shiyan/shiyan01/shiyan1-2/task01/test_sm4# cp ./*.c
~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad
root@Youer:~/shiyan/shiyan01/shiyan1-2/task01/test_sm4# cd
~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# gcc sm4_encrypt.c -o
sm4_encrypt -lssl -lcrypto
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# gcc sm4 decrypt.c -o
sm4_decrypt -lssl -lcrypto
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# ./sm4_encrypt
Usage: ./sm4_encrypt <key_file> <iv_file> <input_file> <output_file>
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# gmssl rand -outlen 16 -
out key.bin
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# gmssl rand -outlen 16 -
out iv.bin
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# 1s
iv.bin key.bin sm4_decrypt sm4_decrypt.c sm4_encrypt sm4_encrypt.c
sn.txt
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# echo "20221414xlmXLM" >
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# touch en outcome.bin
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# touch de_outcome.bin
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# ./sm4_encrypt key.bin
iv.bin sn.txt en outcome.bin
Encryption complete.
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# ./sm4_decrypt key.bin
iv.bin en_outcome.bin de_outcome.bin
Decryption complete.
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# cat de outcome.bin
20221414x1mXLM
root@Youer:~/TestInClass/ClassTest/testSM3Pad# cat sn.txt
20221414x1mXLM
```

。 代码

■ sm4加密

```
#include <openssl/evp.h>
#include <openssl/err.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

void handleErrors(void) {
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "An error occurred.\n");
    ERR_print_errors_fp(stderr);
    exit(1);
}
int read_key_and_iv(const char *key_file, const char *iv_file,
unsigned char *key, unsigned char *iv) {
    FILE *kf = fopen(key_file, "rb");
    FILE *ivf = fopen(iv_file, "rb");
    if (!kf || !ivf) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Could not open key or IV file.\n");
        return -1;
    }
    size_t key_len = fread(key, 1, 16, kf);
    if (key_len != 16) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Key must be 16 bytes long.\n");
        fclose(kf);
        fclose(ivf);
        return -1;
    }
    size_t iv_len = fread(iv, 1, 16, ivf);
    if (iv_len != 16) {
        fprintf(stderr, "IV must be 16 bytes long.\n");
        fclose(kf);
       fclose(ivf);
        return -1;
    }
    fclose(kf);
    fclose(ivf);
    return 0;
}
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if (argc != 5) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s <key_file> <iv_file>
<input_file> <output_file>\n", argv[0]);
       return 1;
    }
    unsigned char key[16], iv[16];
    if (read_key_and_iv(argv[1], argv[2], key, iv) != 0) {
        return 1;
    }
    FILE *f_input = fopen(argv[3], "rb");
    FILE *f_output = fopen(argv[4], "wb");
    if (!f_input || !f_output) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Could not open input or output file.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx = EVP_CIPHER_CTX_new();
    if (!ctx) handleErrors();
```

```
if (1 != EVP_EncryptInit_ex(ctx, EVP_sm4_cbc(), NULL, key,
iv))
        handleErrors();
    unsigned char buffer[1024], ciphertext[1024 +
EVP_MAX_BLOCK_LENGTH];
    int bytes_read, ciphertext_len, final_len;
    while ((bytes_read = fread(buffer, 1, sizeof(buffer),
f_input)) > 0) {
        if (1 != EVP_EncryptUpdate(ctx, ciphertext,
&ciphertext_len, buffer, bytes_read))
            handleErrors();
        fwrite(ciphertext, 1, ciphertext_len, f_output);
    }
    if (1 != EVP_EncryptFinal_ex(ctx, ciphertext + ciphertext_len,
&final len))
        handleErrors();
    fwrite(ciphertext, 1, ciphertext_len + final_len, f_output);
    EVP_CIPHER_CTX_free(ctx);
   fclose(f_input);
   fclose(f_output);
   printf("Encryption complete.\n");
   return 0;
}
```

■ sm4解密

```
#include <openssl/evp.h>
#include <openssl/err.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
void handleErrors(void) {
    fprintf(stderr, "An error occurred.\n");
    ERR_print_errors_fp(stderr);
    exit(1);
}
int read_key_and_iv(const char *key_file, const char *iv_file,
unsigned char *key, unsigned char *iv) {
    FILE *kf = fopen(key_file, "rb");
    FILE *ivf = fopen(iv file, "rb");
    if (!kf || !ivf) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Could not open key or IV file.\n");
       return -1;
    size_t key_len = fread(key, 1, 16, kf);
    if (key_len != 16) {
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "Key must be 16 bytes long.\n");
        fclose(kf);
        fclose(ivf);
        return -1;
    size_t iv_len = fread(iv, 1, 16, ivf);
    if (iv_len != 16) {
        fprintf(stderr, "IV must be 16 bytes long.\n");
        fclose(kf);
        fclose(ivf);
        return -1;
    }
   fclose(kf);
   fclose(ivf);
   return 0;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    if (argc != 5) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s <key_file> <iv_file>
<input_file> <output_file>\n", argv[0]);
       return 1;
    }
   unsigned char key[16], iv[16];
    if (read_key_and_iv(argv[1], argv[2], key, iv) != 0) {
        return 1;
    }
   FILE *f_input = fopen(argv[3], "rb");
    FILE *f_output = fopen(argv[4], "wb");
    if (!f_input || !f_output) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Could not open input or output file.\n");
        return 1;
    }
    EVP_CIPHER_CTX *ctx = EVP_CIPHER_CTX_new();
    if (!ctx) handleErrors();
   if (1 != EVP_DecryptInit_ex(ctx, EVP_sm4_cbc(), NULL, key,
iv))
        handleErrors();
    unsigned char buffer[1024], plaintext[1024 +
EVP MAX BLOCK LENGTH];
    int bytes_read, plaintext_len, final_len;
   while ((bytes_read = fread(buffer, 1, sizeof(buffer),
f_input)) > 0) {
        if (1 != EVP_DecryptUpdate(ctx, plaintext, &plaintext_len,
buffer, bytes_read))
            handleErrors();
        fwrite(plaintext, 1, plaintext_len, f_output);
```