Spring Boot (BOOT)

Exercise BOOT – Spring Boot Application

The Setup:

Create a copy of your W3D2-VAL project and call it **W3D3-Boot**. If you don't like your validation solution, you can actually also just copy the W3D1-MVC project, but it won't have all the features that were added in the last couple of days.

We're going to make some significant changes to the pom.xml, the first of which should of course be changing the <artifactId> to W3D3-Boot.

Then change the <packaging> to jar, delete the <endorsed.dir> tag from properties>, and delete all the contents of the <dependencies> tag and of the <plugins> tag.

Right after the properties> tag, and before the <dependencies> tag add the following parent>:

```
<parent>
     <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
     <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-parent</artifactId>
          <version>2.6.2</version>
</parent>
```

Inside <dependencies> add the following:

```
<!-- automatically reloads app when development files change -->
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
   <optional>true</optional>
</dependency>
<!-- Spring Boot Starters -->
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-data-jpa</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-validation</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

```
<!-- needed for JSP / JSTL -->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.apache.tomcat.embed
           <artifactId>tomcat-embed-jasper</artifactId>
           <scope>provided</scope>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>javax.servlet
           <artifactId>jstl</artifactId>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.springframework.security
           <artifactId>spring-security-taglibs</artifactId>
       </dependency>
       <!-- needed for MySQL -->
       <dependency>
           <groupId>mysql</groupId>
           <artifactId>mysql-connector-java</artifactId>
       </dependency>
Inside the <plugins> add:
           <plugin>
               <groupId>org.springframework.boot
               <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
           </plugin>
```

The Exercise:

Delete the MyWebAppInitializer.java and Config.java classes (don't delete your SecurityConfig). Then create the following App.java class that configures and starts Spring Boot:

```
package edu.mum.cs544;
import org.springframework.boot.SpringApplication;
import org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.SpringBootApplication;
@SpringBootApplication
public class App {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        SpringApplication.run(App.class, args);
    }
}
```

See next page for further instructions.

Lastly create an application.properties file inside the project's resources folder with:

```
spring.datasource.url = jdbc:mysql://localhost/cs544?useSSL=false&serverTimezone=America/Chicago
spring.datasource.username = root
spring.datasource.password = root

spring.jpa.properties.hibernate.dialect = org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL5Dialect
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto = create-drop
spring.jpa.hibernate.use-new-id-generator-mappings=false

spring.mvc.view.prefix=/WEB-INF/view/
spring.mvc.view.suffix=.jsp

logging.level.root=WARN
```

Run your Application class to see the application running. Remember that it will start an embedded Tomcat server, which means that you should make sure that you don't have any other Webserver running on port 8080.

The latest version of Visual Studio Code seems to have broken both the Maven plugin and the Spring-Boot Dashboard plugin. Nevertheless, you can run your spring boot application inside visual studio code simply by running **main()** or by going to the terminal and then executing the command inside your project folder: **mvn spring-boot:run**

If you get errors related to the MySQL timezone (I did when I tried to run the application). Then be sure to set the Timezone on the datasource.url (see properties file above).

REST (RST)

Exercise RST1 -Restful Web Service

The Setup:

The purpose of this exercise is to add a Restful API to our Book application.

Start by copying your Spring Boot application, and renaming it to **W3D3-REST**. Be sure to update the <artifactId> inside the pom.xml as well.

Add the following dependency to your pom:

The Exercise:

Part A, creating a web-service:

- Delete your SecurityConfig.java file. Security for Restful webservices is generally done through an OAuth token, which is unfortunately outside the scope of this course. So for now we'll go without security.
- Then create a BookRestController with the BookService injected and the following methods. Be sure to add the required RequestMappings.

```
public List<Book> getAll() {
public Book get(@PathVariable int id) {
public RedirectView add(@RequestBody Book book) {
public void update(@RequestBody Book book) {
public void delete(@PathVariable int id) {
```

- Note: the JSON converter cannot use the OpenEntityManagerInView filter, which means that it will break if it needs to do any lazy loading. Because of this I recommend having the get() method on the BookService use findById() on the BookDao instead of .getById().
- You can test the GET mappings of your web-service with a web browser, and I
 recommend downloading and installing Postman to test your POST/PUT/DELETE
 mapped methods.

See the next page for part B

Part B: creating a web-service-client:

Create a new Spring Boot project called W3D3-REST-Client. For this part you can more
or less copy the RestTemplate slides. You will only need the following dependencies
(remember to also include the spring-boot plugin)

```
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
   <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
   <optional>true</optional>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework.boot
   <artifactId>spring-boot-starter</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>org.springframework
   <artifactId>spring-web</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
   <groupId>com.fasterxml.jackson.core</groupId>
   <artifactId>jackson-databind</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

Also create an application.properties file with:

spring.main.web-application-type=NONE

- Create an @SpringBootApplication App.java that has a @Bean for the RestTemplate
- Copy the book class from **W3D3-REST** and remove all the annotations (no need for them on this side) so that we can send and receive Book objects with the same properties. You may also want to put a .toString() method on as it can come in handy.
- If you want you can make an interface for BookService and have that use the RestTemplate, but it's not required.
- Create an Client.java that implements CommandLineRunner, and uses the RestTemplate to test the methods of our web service. I recommend the sequence of calls shown below.
 - make a call to whatever url you mapped getAll() on and print the result
 - make a call to the url that you mapped add() on (giving it a new book)
 - make a call to the url that you mapped update() on (giving it an updated version)
 - make a call to the url that you mapped delete() on (deleting one of the books)
 - make a call to the url that you mapped getAll() on and print the result again
 - make a call to the url that you mapped get() to check that you can get one book
- Test your client to see if everything works