

離散數學 第一次期中考

99

13

100 x 13 = 13 2020/10/14

1300 - 13

1287

注意事項:

1. 禁止使用計算機、翻譯機、禁止攜帶計算紙; 手機請關機。
2. 計算與證明題需要計算過程方予計分。
3. 當然不可以作弊。
4. 請於答案卷左上角填上題號以方便閱卷。
5. 使用兩張答案卷的同學記得兩張都要寫名字, 並將之合併在一起交回。
6. 請努力作答。

$$\begin{array}{r} 288 \\ 13 \\ \hline 864 \\ 288 \\ \hline 3744 \end{array}$$

$$13 \times 12 \times 11 \times 10 \times 9$$

126

$$13 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 11 \times 4$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 216 \times 864 \\ 4 \\ \hline 864 \\ 143 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13 \times 12 \\ 2 \\ \hline 78 \end{array} \times 4 \times 6 \times 2$$

一、簡答題 (35%)

1. (1-3 no.8) How many ways can a gambler draw five cards from a standard deck and get
 - (a) A flush (five cards of the same suit)? $\binom{4}{1} \binom{13}{5}$ (2%)
 - (b) A full house (three of a kind and a pair)? $\binom{13}{2} \binom{4}{3} \binom{4}{2} \times 2$ (2%)
 - (c) Two pairs? $\binom{13}{2} \binom{4}{2} \binom{4}{2} \binom{11}{1} \binom{4}{1}$ (2%)
2. (1-3 no.27) Determine the sum of all the coefficients in the expansions of
 - (a) $(x+y)^{10} = 2^{10}$ (2%)
 - (b) $(2s-3t+5u+3v-10w+3x+2y)^{10} = 2^{10} = 1024$ (3%)
3. (2-1 no.4) Let p, q, r, s denote the following statements:

p : I finish writing my computer program before lunch.

q : I shall play tennis in the afternoon.

r : The sun is shining.

s : The humidity is low.

Write the following in symbolic form.

 - (a) If the sun is shining, I shall play tennis this afternoon. $r \rightarrow q$ (2%)
 - (b) (Finishing the writing of my computer program before lunch) is necessary (for my playing tennis this afternoon.) $p \vee q$ $p \vee (p \rightarrow q)$ (2%)
 - (c) (Low humidity and sunshine) are sufficient for me to play tennis this afternoon. $[s \wedge r] \rightarrow q$ (2%)
4. (2-1 no.11a) How many rows are needed for the truth table of the compound statement $(p \vee \neg q) \leftrightarrow [(\neg r \wedge s) \rightarrow t]$, where p, q, r, s , and t are primitive statements? 2^5 (2%)
5. (2-4 no.3) Let $p(x)$ be the open statement " $x^2 = 3x$," where the universe comprises all integers. Determine whether each of the following statements is true or false.
 - (a) $p(-3)$ false (2%)
 - (b) $\exists x p(x)$ true (2%)
6. (2-4 no.6) let $p(x, y), q(x, y)$ denote the following open statements.

$$p(x, y): x^2 \geq y \quad q(x, y): x + 2 < y$$

If the universe for each of x, y consists of all real numbers, determine the truth value for each of the following statements.

- (a) $p(-3, 8) \wedge q(1, 3)$ *false* (2%)
 (b) $p(1/2, 1/3) \vee \neg q(1, 2)$ *true* (2%)
 (c) $p(2, 2) \rightarrow q(1, 1)$ *false* (2%)

7. (2-4 no.25) Let the universe for the variables in the following statements consist of all real numbers. In each case negate and simplify the given statement.

- (a) $\forall x \forall y [(x < y) \rightarrow \exists z (x < z < y)]$ $\neg \exists x \exists y [(x < y) \wedge \forall z \neg (x < z < y)]$ (3%)
 (b) $\forall x \forall y [(|x| = |y|) \rightarrow (y = \pm x)]$ (3%)

$$\neg \exists x \exists y [(|x| = |y|) \wedge \neg (y = \pm x)] = F.$$

二、計算與證明，須有計算過程或說明方予計分 (65%)

8. (1-1 no.3) Buick automobiles come in five models, 10 colors, three engine size, and two transmission types. (a) how many distinct Buicks can be manufactured? $5 \times 10 \times 3 \times 2$ (3%)
 (b) If one of the available colors is blue, how many different blue Buicks can be manufactured? (2%)

$$5 \times 3 \times 2 = 30$$

9. (1-1 no.21) (a) How many arrangements are there of all the letters in SOCIOLOGICAL? (2%)
 (b) In how many arrangements in part (a) are all the vowels adjacent? C C L L G A S (3%)

$$1 \cdot 0 \quad \frac{7!}{2!2!} \times \binom{8}{5} \times \frac{5!}{2!2!}$$

10. (1-1 no.37) Sixteen people are to be seated at two circular tables, one of which seats 10 while the other seats six. How many different seating arrangements are possible? (5%)

$$\binom{16}{10} \binom{6}{6} \times \frac{10!}{10} \times \frac{6!}{6}$$

11. (1-4 no.9) Columba has two dozen each of n different colored beads. If she can select 21 beads (with repetitions of colors allowed) in 65,780 ways, what is the value of n? (5%)

$$\binom{n}{21} = 65780$$

12. (1-4 no.13) In how many ways can we distribute eight identical white balls into four distinct containers so that

- (a) No container is left empty? $x + y + z + u = 8$ (2%)
 (b) The fourth container has an odd number of balls in it? (3%)

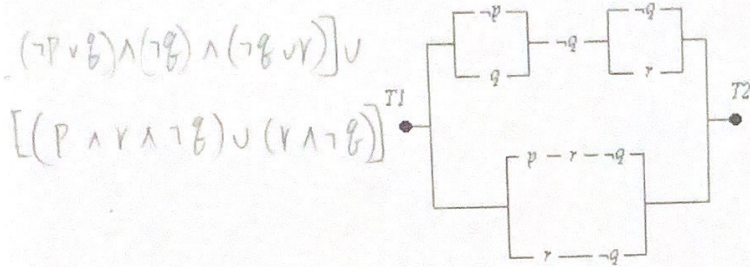
$$x + y + z + (2u + 1) = 8 \Rightarrow x + y + z + 2u = 7$$

13. (Chap 1 no. 18) (a) Determine the number of nonnegative integer solutions to the pair of equations $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$, $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 15$, $x_i \geq 0$, $1 \leq i \leq 5$? $x_4 + x_5 = 9$. (5%)
 (b) Answer part (a) with the pair of equations replaced by the pair of inequalities

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \leq 6, \quad x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 \leq 15, \quad x_i \geq 0, \quad 1 \leq i \leq 5? \quad (5\%)$$

14. (2-2 EX.2.18) Simplify the network shown below:

(10%)



15. (2-3 EX.2.33, no.11) The following argument is validity or invalidity? Prove it or provide a counterexample.

(a) (10%)

$$\begin{array}{l} p \wedge \neg q \\ p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r) \\ \hline \therefore \neg r \end{array}$$

Handwritten simplification:

$$[(\neg q \wedge p) \vee (\neg q \wedge q)] \wedge \neg q \vee r$$

$$[\neg q \wedge p] \wedge [\neg q \vee r]$$

(b) (10%)

$$\begin{array}{l} u \rightarrow r \\ (r \wedge s) \rightarrow (p \vee t) \\ q \rightarrow (u \wedge s) \\ \hline \therefore q \rightarrow p \end{array}$$

Handwritten simplification:

$$\neg(q \rightarrow p)$$

$$\neg(\neg q \vee p)$$

$$\neg\neg q \wedge \neg p$$

$$q \wedge \neg p$$