

Table 1. Sample characteristics (N=2,570)

<i>Numeric Variables</i>	Mean	SD
Age (years)	37.31	12.63
Distance to hospital (miles)	2.30	0.95
Health-related worry (0-100 scale)	52.27	26.71
COVID-related worry (0-100 scale)	74.93	20.54
<i>Categorical variables</i>	<i>N</i>	<i>%</i>
Gender		
Cisgender women	2456	85%
Cisgender men	324	11%
Transgender or nonbinary individuals	118	4%
Sexual identity		
Heterosexual	1,680	58%
Sexual minority	1,202	42%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	2464	85%
Black	48	2%
Latina/Latino/Latinx or Hispanic	174	6%
American Indian or Alaska Native	0	0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	199	7%
Biracial	7	0%
Education		
1. High school or less	57	2%
2. Less than a bachelor's degree	419	16%
3. Bachelor's degree	783	27%
4. Enrolled in graduate school	287	10%
5. Graduate or professional school	894	31%
6. Doctorate (e.g., MD, PhD, DrPH)	449	16%

Source: Papautsky, E. L., Rice, D. R., Ghoneima, H., McKowen, A. L. W., Anderson, N., Wootton, A. R., & Veldhuis, C. (2021). Characterizing Health Care Delays and Interruptions in the United States During the COVID-19 Pandemic: Internet-Based, Cross-sectional Survey Study. *Journal of Medical Internet Research*, 23(5), e25446. <https://doi.org/10.2196/25446>