IND320 - Dashboard basics

Introduction

This notebook explores the dataset provided for part 1 of the project work.

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Data Import

Loaded the CSV file into a pandas DataFrame.

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv("open-meteo-subset.csv")
    df.head()
```

Out	: [2.	:	

	time	temperature_2m (°C)	precipitation (mm)	wind_speed_10m (m/s)	wind_gusts_10m (m/s)	W
0	2020-01- 01T00:00	-2.2	0.1	9.6	21.3	
1	2020-01- 01T01:00	-2.2	0.0	10.6	23.0	
2	2020-01- 01T02:00	-2.3	0.0	11.0	23.5	
3	2020-01- 01T03:00	-2.3	0.0	10.6	23.3	
4	2020-01- 01T04:00	-2.7	0.0	10.6	22.8	

Insepection

Checked the data types, missing values, and summary statistics.

```
In [3]: df.head()
    df.info()
    df.describe()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
       RangeIndex: 8760 entries, 0 to 8759
       Data columns (total 6 columns):
            Column
                                     Non-Null Count
                                                      object
        0
            time
                                     8760 non-null
           temperature_2m (°C)
                                     8760 non-null
                                                      float64
        1
           precipitation (mm)
                                     8760 non-null
                                                      float64
                                                      float64
        3
            wind_speed_10m (m/s)
                                     8760 non-null
            wind_gusts_10m (m/s)
                                     8760 non-null
                                                      float64
            wind_direction_10m (°) 8760 non-null
        5
                                                      int64
       dtypes: float64(4), int64(1), object(1)
       memory usage: 410.8+ KB
Out[3]:
               temperature_2m precipitation wind_speed_10m wind_gusts_10m wind_dir
                          (°C)
                                      (mm)
                                                       (m/s)
                                                                       (m/s)
                   8760.000000 8760.000000
                                                8760.000000
                                                                 8760.000000
                                                                                    8
         count
         mean
                     -0.394909
                                   0.222854
                                                    3.661689
                                                                    8.300719
                                                                    5.098909
           std
                      6.711903
                                   0.493747
                                                    2.253210
          min
                    -19.300000
                                   0.000000
                                                    0.100000
                                                                    0.200000
          25%
                     -4.900000
                                   0.000000
                                                    1.800000
                                                                    4.500000
         50%
                     -1.000000
                                   0.000000
                                                                    7.700000
                                                   3.300000
```

Data preparation

4.100000

19.900000

75%

max

Converted the time column to datetime and set it as the index.

0.200000

5.800000

5.100000

13.600000

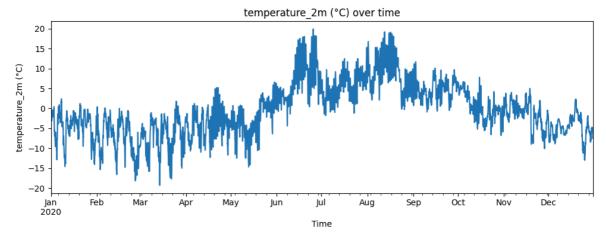
11.500000

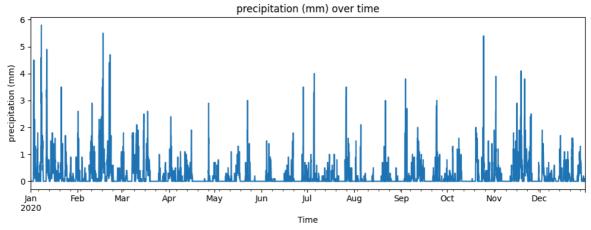
28.700000

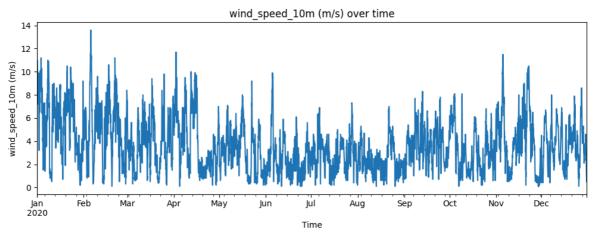
```
In [4]:
        # Make sure 'time' is a datetime index
        if 'time' in df.columns:
            df['time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['time'])
            df = df.set_index('time').sort_index()
        else:
            # 'time' is already the index; ensure dtype is datetime
            if df.index.dtype != 'datetime64[ns]':
                df.index = pd.to_datetime(df.index)
            df = df.sort_index()
        # List of numeric columns to plot (match your CSV headers exactly)
        value_cols = [
            'temperature_2m (°C)',
            'precipitation (mm)',
            'wind_speed_10m (m/s)'
            'wind_gusts_10m (m/s)'
            'wind_direction_10m (°)'
```

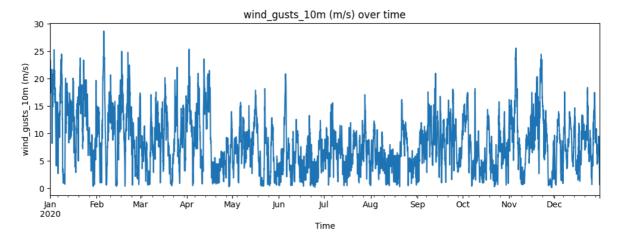
Visualization - Individual Plots

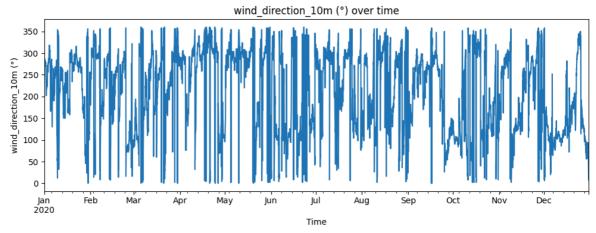
```
In [5]: for col in value_cols:
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,4))
    df[col].plot()
    plt.title(f"{col} over time")
    plt.xlabel("Time")
    plt.ylabel(col)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```





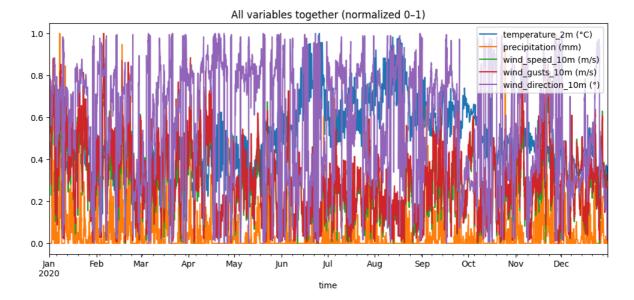






Visualization - All Variables Together

Plotted all variables in a single chart, even though they use different units. Normalized from 0-1 but to make the different values easier to compare, even though the graph is still very noisy.



Al Usage

I used ChatGPT 5 to help me structure the notebook, write code and fix errors i encountered.

Log

Working on this project gave me my first experience using Jupyter Notebook and Streamlit. I had some minimal experience using matplotlib and pandas from work, but had forgotten most of it. I was unsure how to structure the notebook properly, where to place the dataset, and how to write the code. But using chatgpt to analyze the task i got a better grip on what was expected from the task.

In the Jupyter Notebook, I started by importing the CSV file using pandas. I explored the dataset with head(), info(), and describe(), so that i could understand the structure and ranges of the variables. I ran into problems with pandas indexes when converting the time column into a datetime index. I got a KeyError because I tried to access the time column after it had already been set as the index. but through troubleshooting i got a better understanding of how DataFrames handle indexes.

I had plotted using matplotlib before, making individual plots for each variable was simple, but plotting all of them together showed the issue of different units and scales. The combined plot didn't make a lot of sense, but by normalizing the values i felt the graph became more relevant. I felt it still looked messy, but still worked better for comparing trends.

I also learned to structure my notebook with Markdown headings and explanations. This made it much more organized and readable.

I had never used streamlit before so this was completely new for me. I created the four pages including a sidebar navigation, added a data table with line charts for the first month, and built an interactive plotting page with dropdowns and sliders.

Overall, I learned a lot working with these different technologies. Mistakes like missing files or index errors were part of the process, and solving them step by step gave me a better understanding of the setup.

Links

Github repo link: https://github.com/youneshansen/ind320-yohan3351 Streamlit link: https://ind320-yohan3351.streamlit.app/