

Balkenschrift

Balkenschrift

Rounded

Balkenschrift Hairline Italic

Balkenschrift Hairline *Italic*

Balkenschrift Light *Italic*

Balkenschrift Regular *Italic*

Balkenschrift Medium *Italic*

Balkenschrift Bold *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Hairline *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Hairline *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Light *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Regular *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Medium *Italic*

Balkenschrift Rounded Bold *Italic*

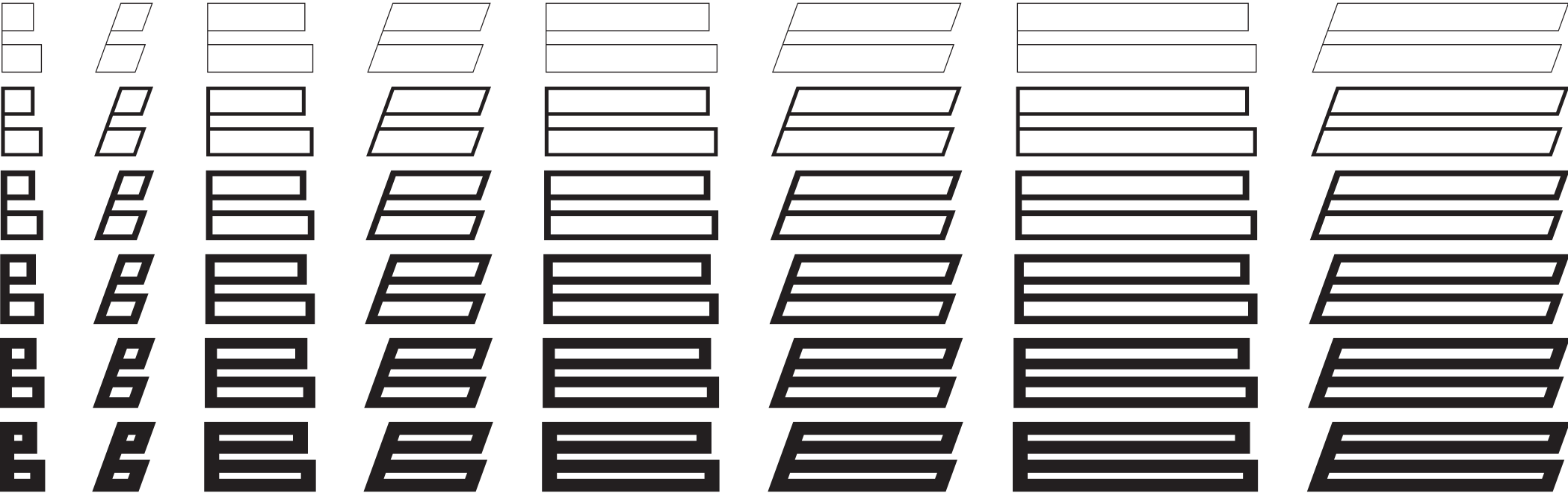
Default Width

Wide

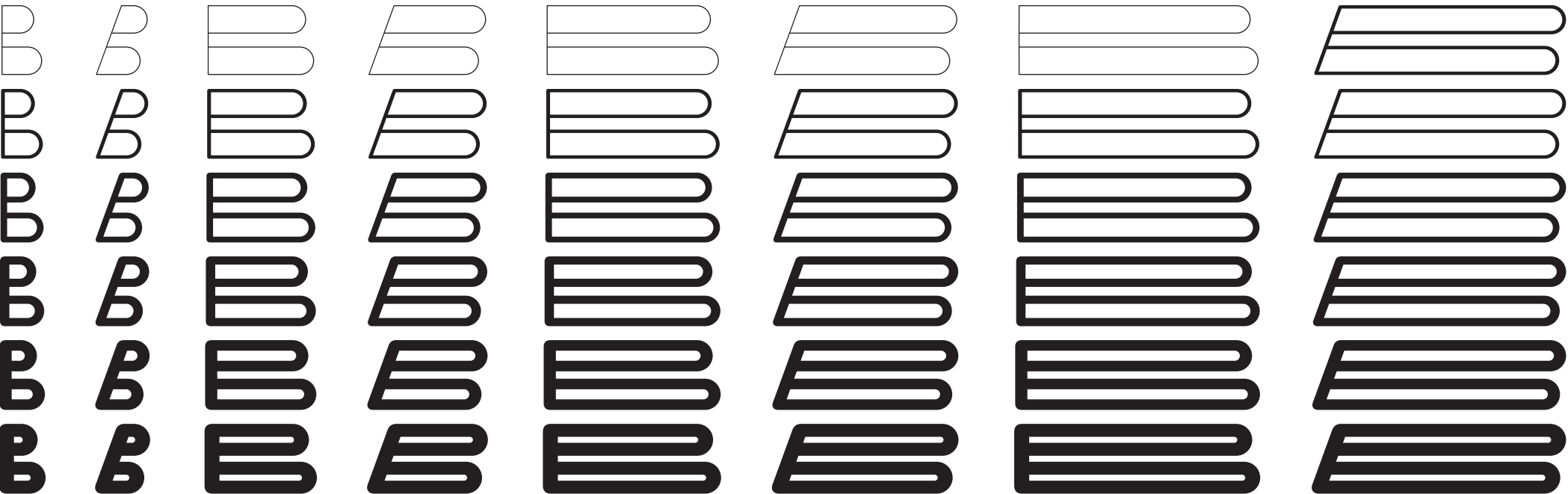
Extra Wide

Ultra Wide

Normal



Rounded



Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg

Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn

Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu

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1234567890.,!?"

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg

Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn

Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu

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1234567890.,!?"

Designer

Gabriel Richter, Andreas Mehele

Fontproduction

Christoph Koehlerlin

Release

2024

URL

<https://nicetotype.jp/retiltypefaces/balkenschrift.html>

Contact

Gabriel Richter

info@nicetotype.jp

Specimen Version

1.0

Texts

The following texts are sourced from wikipedia.com.

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A B C

Uppercase + Lowercase Latin

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

[illegible]

Superior Lowercase

H a b c d e f g h i j k k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

Figures Standard | Oldstyle | Figures | Tabular Standard | Tabular Oldstyle

0123465789 | 0123456789 | 0123465789 | 0123456789

Subscript | Denominator | Numerator | Superscript

H0123456789 | H0123456789 | H0123456789 | H0123456789

Standard Fractions

 $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{2}{3} \frac{1}{4} \frac{3}{4} \frac{1}{8} \frac{3}{8} \frac{5}{8} \frac{7}{8}$

Circled Figures

☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7 ☐ 8 ☐ 9
 ☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7 ☐ 8 ☐ 9
☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7 ☐ 8 ☐ 9
 ☐ 0 ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5 ☐ 6 ☐ 7 ☐ 8 ☐ 9

Punctuation Standard | Tabular

[illegible]

Punctuation Case

Hüß/_---~...●○▷◁><»()□-□-

Prinxtiation Ornamental

Currencies Standard | Tabular

[illegible]

Symbols Math

+ - x · ÷ = ≠ > < ≥ ≤ ± ~ ≈ ¬ % ‰ ‹ › ^ ° // ∕ μ Ω π Ø ø ™ ∞ [] § √ Δ ∂ !

Symbols Standard

☼☼🔒🔒ntat&†#N0\$C R P SMTMe✓X□✓X-≡

Symbols Geometric

A set of small, light-gray navigation icons typically found in Beamer presentations, including symbols for back, forward, search, and other navigation functions.

Arrows

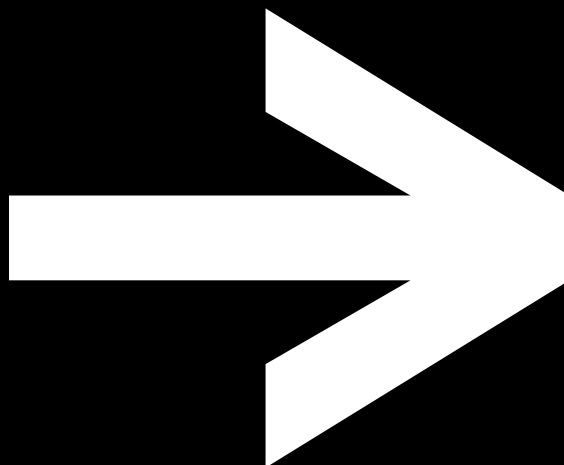
↑ ↗ → ↘ ↓ ↙ ← ↖ ↔ ↕

Alternate arrows for wide styles (see page 13)

Alternates for wide characters only (see page 13)

[illegible]

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Oldstyle Figures (onum)

123456 → 123456

Tabular Figures + Currencies (tnum)

123456 € → 123456 €

658983 € → 658983 €

123456 € → 123456 €

658983 € → 658983 €

Case-Sensitive Forms (case)

(LO-FI) → (LO-FI)

Individual Fractions (frac)

1/12 ¢ → 1/12 ¢

Superscript (sup) + Scientific Inferiors (sinf)

H2O1abc → H₂O^{1abc}

Stylistic Set 01 – Alternate Y (ss01)

YES → YES

Stylistic Set 02 – Alternate n (ss02)

alternate → alternate

Stylistic Set 03 – Alternate æ (ss03)

Fjær → Fjær

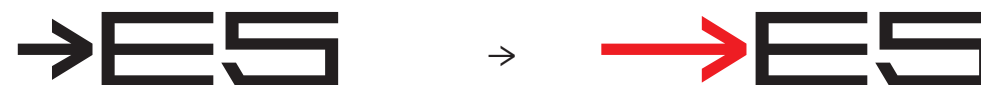
Stylistic Set 04 – Alternate k (ss04)

Balken → Balken

Stylistic Set 05 – Alternate Circled Numbers (ss05)



Stylistic Set 09 – Alternate Arrows (ss09)




Stylistic Set 06 – Alternate Asterisk (ss06)



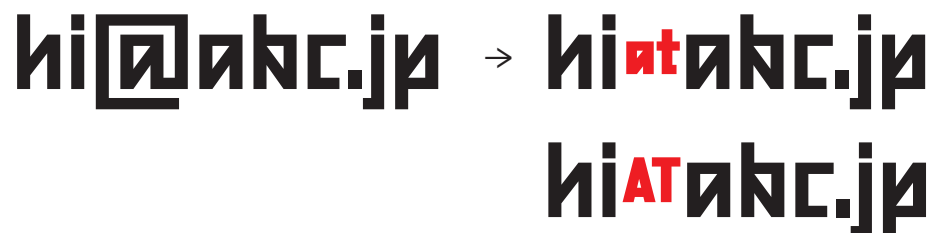
Stylistic Set 10 – Alternate Wide Characters (ss10) *applies only to wide styles*



Stylistic Set 07 – Tabular Period and Commas (ss07)



Stylistic Set 08 – Alternate @ (ss08)



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◇ Glyphs
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🔍 Search by Name, Unicode value or Character / Glyph ID

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¤	\$	€	£	₣	₵	₶	₷	₸	₹	¥	¥	¥	
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SYMB MATH	+	-	x	·	÷	=	≠	≡	>	<	≥	≤	
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Balkenschrift
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Medium
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LATI I C
LATI I C

TABLE I

Diactitics Lowercase

The quick
brown
fox...

70/72 pt Balkenschrift Hairline

A girder is a member used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller members. Girders often have an I-member cross section composed of two load-bearing

32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder placed to resist shear loads.

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14/10,8 pt Balkenschrift Hairline

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Hairline Italic

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10/12 pt Balkenschrift Medium Italic

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Bold

**A girder is a beam used
in construction. It is the
main horizontal support
of a structure which sup-
ports smaller beams. Gird-
ers often have an I-beam
cross section composed of**

32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Bold

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a ver-

28/24 pt Balkenschrift Bold

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder placed to resist shear loads. Small steel girders are rolled into shape. Larger girders

14/16,8 pt Balkenschrift Bold

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder placed to resist shear loads. Small steel

10/12 pt Balkenschrift Bold

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Bold Italic

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32/38 pt Balkenschrift Bold Italic

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20/24 pt Balkenschrift Bold Italic

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder placed to resist shear loads. Small steel girders are rolled

14/16 pt Balkenschrift Bold Italic

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10/12 pt Balkenschrift Bold Italic

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60/62 pt Balkenschrift Wide Hairline

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32/384 pt Balkenschrift Wide Hairline

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28/24 pt Balkenschrift Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing

12/144 pt Balkenschrift Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder placed to resist shear loads. Small steel girders are rolled into shape. Larger girders (1 m/3 feet deep or more)

60/62 pt Balkenschrift Wide Hairline Italic

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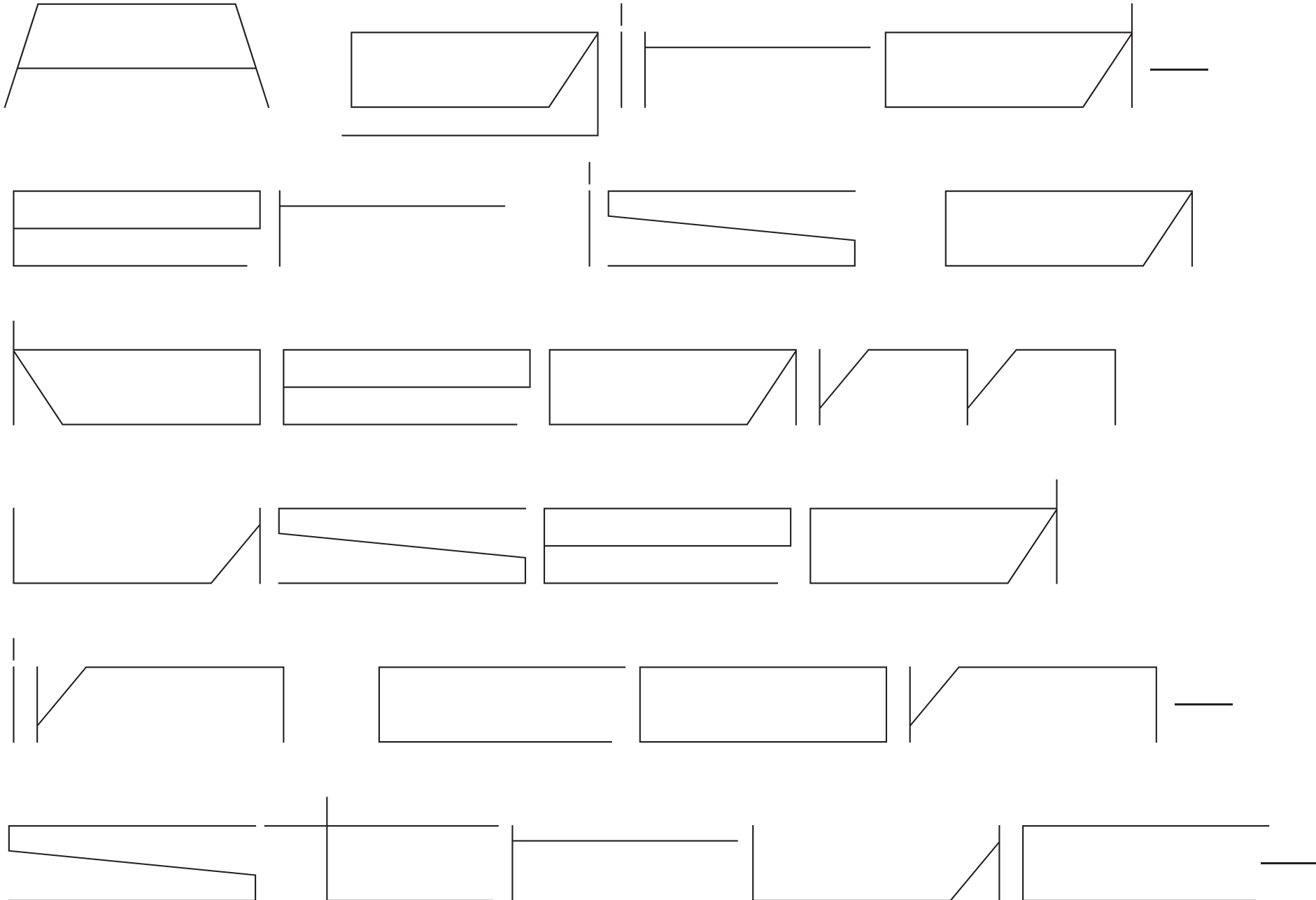
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80/85 pt Balkenschrift Extra Wide Halfline



32/384 pt Balkenschrift Extra Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams.

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A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders

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A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure.

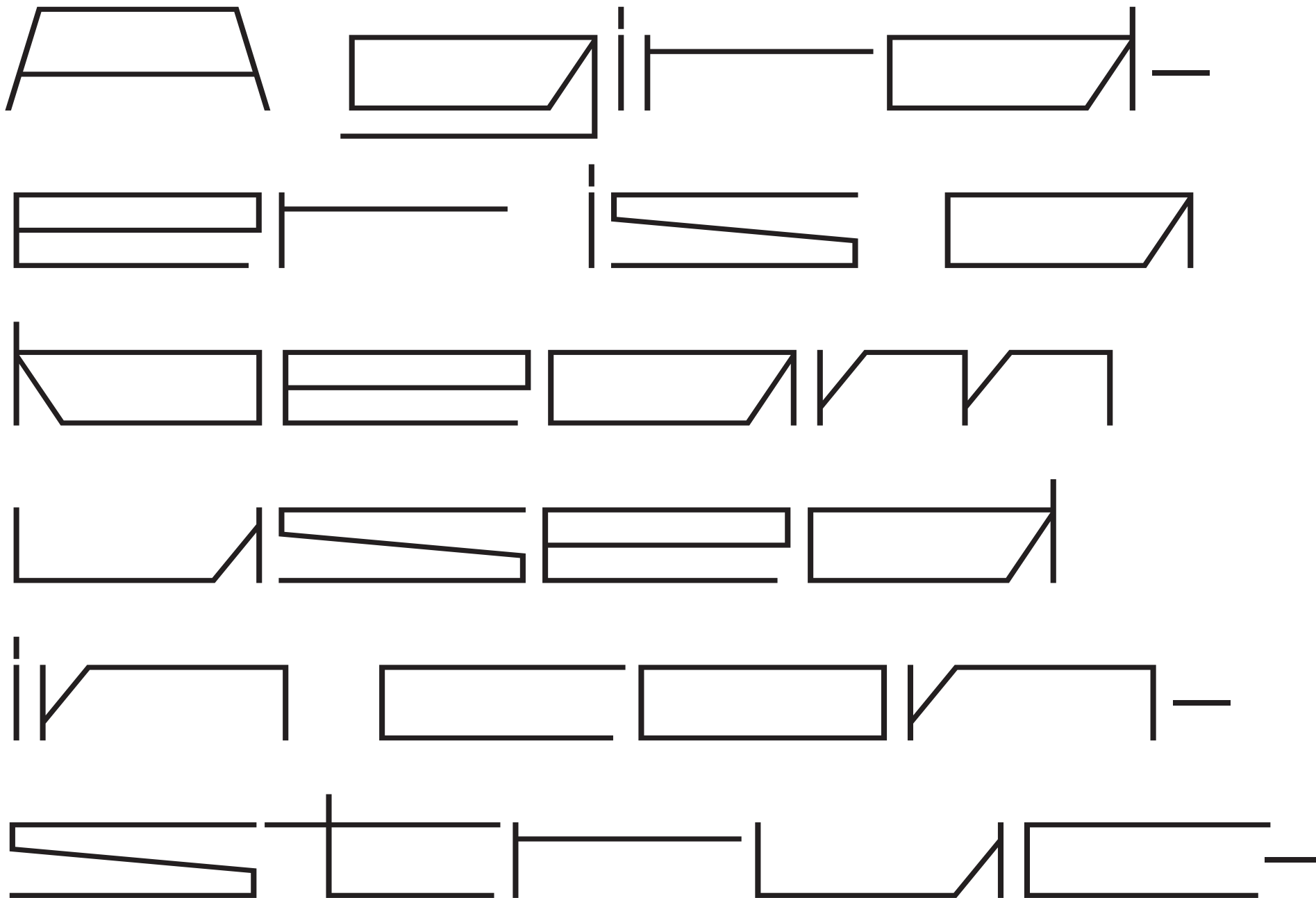
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80/85 pt Balkenschrift Extra Wide Thin Italic

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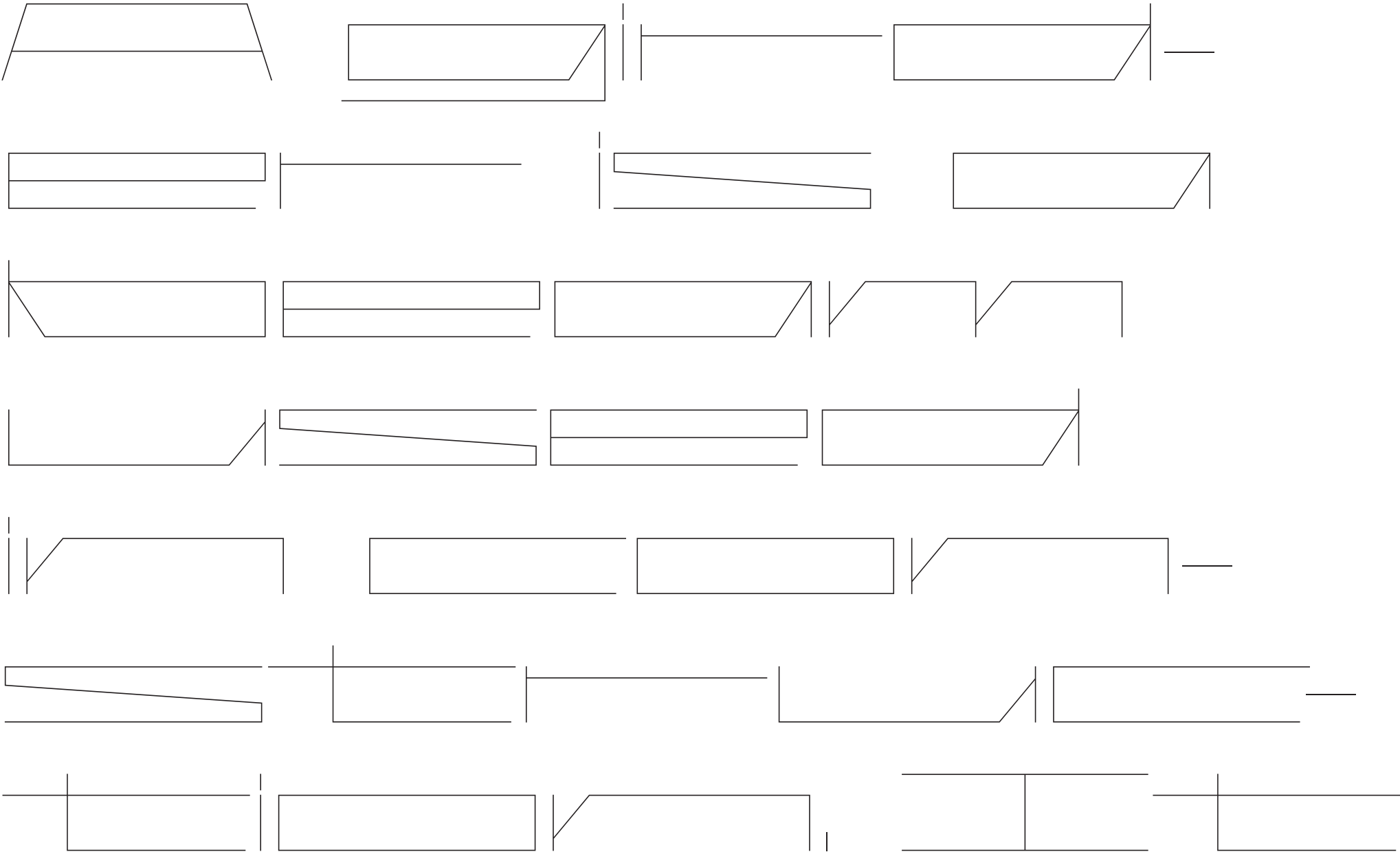
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60/70 pt Balkenschrift Ultra Wide Hairline



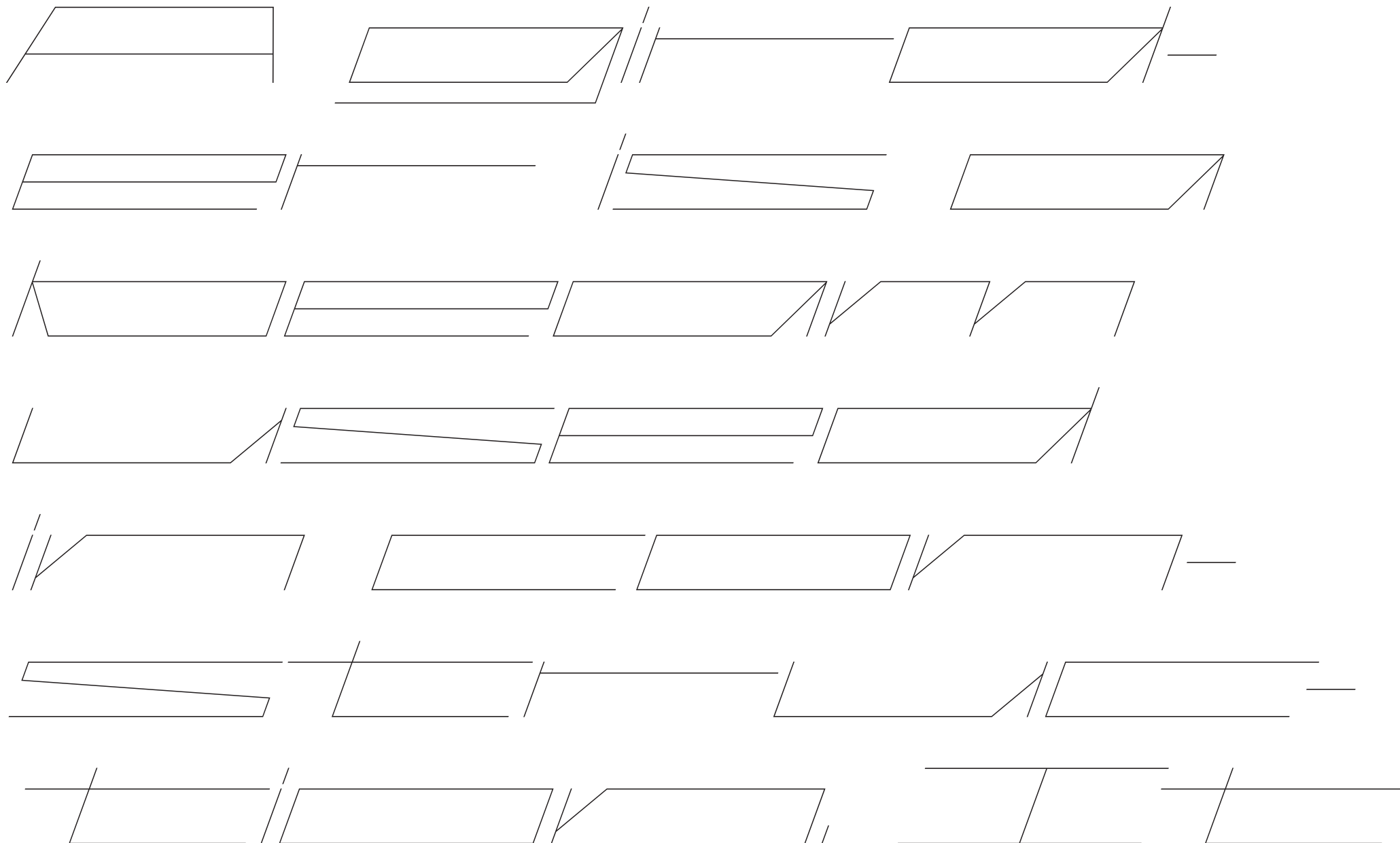
32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Ultra Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two L-shaped flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have box shapes, Z shapes, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder

12/18,2 pt Balkenschrift Ultra Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two L-shaped flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have box shapes, Z shapes, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder

60/70 pt Balkenschrift Ultra Wide Hairline Italic



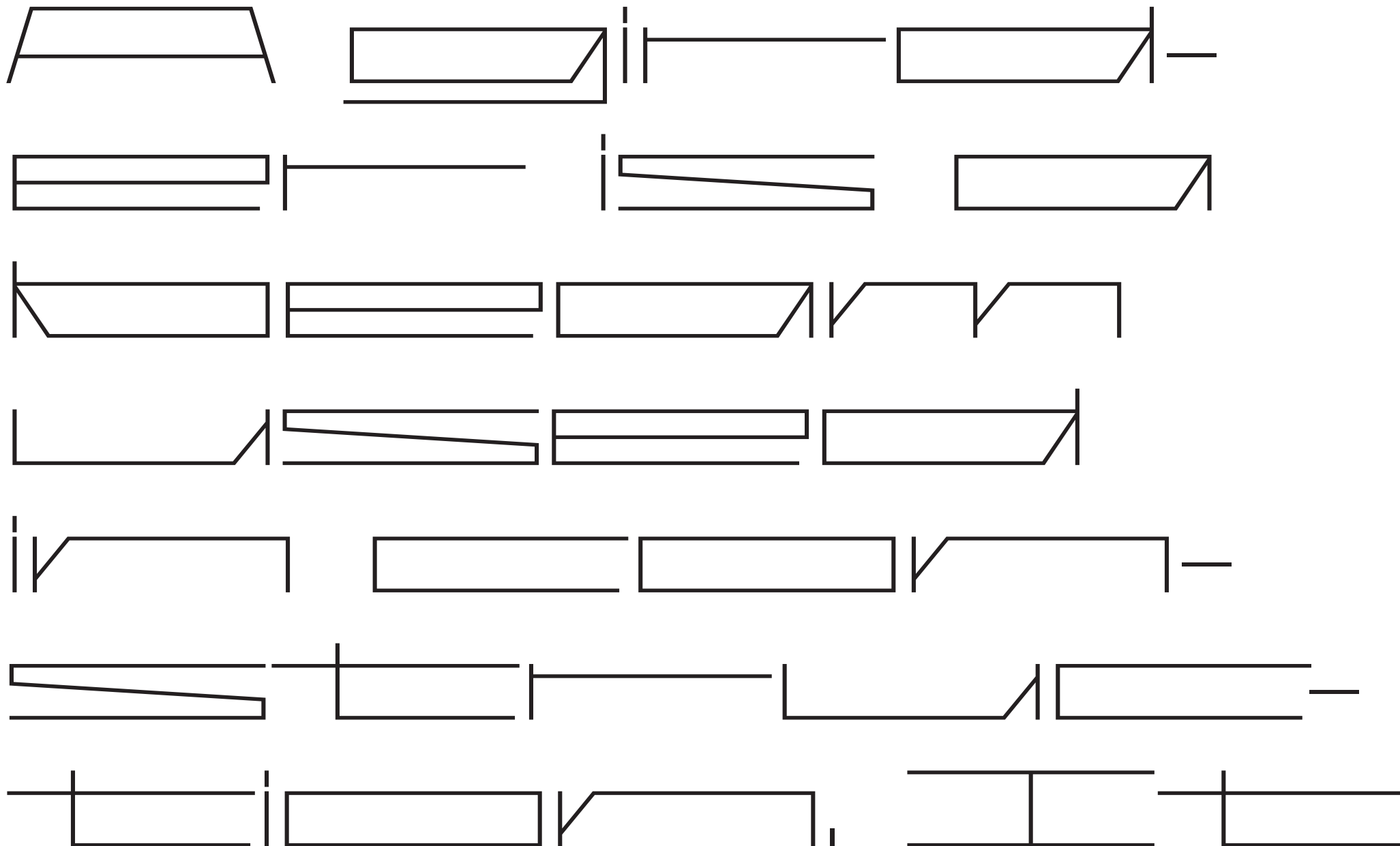
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60/70 pt Balkenschrift Ultra Wide Thin



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A girder
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It is the main
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A diagram illustrating the components of a system, showing various blocks and connections. The diagram is organized into several rows and columns, with components labeled with letters and numbers. The components include:

- Block A (top left)
- Block B (top middle)
- Block C (top right)
- Block D (middle left)
- Block E (middle middle)
- Block F (middle right)
- Block G (bottom left)
- Block H (bottom middle)
- Block I (bottom right)

The diagram shows the interconnections between these components, with lines indicating the flow of information or data. The connections are as follows:

- Block A is connected to Block B.
- Block B is connected to Block C.
- Block C is connected to Block D.
- Block D is connected to Block E.
- Block E is connected to Block F.
- Block F is connected to Block G.
- Block G is connected to Block H.
- Block H is connected to Block I.

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Hairline

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28/24 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Hairline

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Hairline Italic

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Thin

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32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Thin

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14/16,8 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Thin

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18/12 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Thin

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14/16,8 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold

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10/12 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold

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70/72 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold Italic

***A girder is a beam used
in construction. It is the
main horizontal support
of a structure which sup-
ports smaller beams. Gird-
ers often have an I-beam
cross section composed of***

32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold Italic

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder

28/24 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold Italic

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14/10,8 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold Italic

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10/12 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Bold Italic

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60/62 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline

A g i t e e t i s a
k e e n m i n u s e d i n
c o n s t r u c t i o n .
I t i s t h e m o d e r n
h o r i z o n t a l
s u p p o r t o f
a s t r u c t u r e
w h i c h s u p -

32/384 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross

28/24 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two load-bearing

12/144 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline

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60/62 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline Italic

A girder is a
beam used in
construction.
It is the main
horizontal
support of
a structure
which sup-

32/384 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Hairline Italic

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60/62 pt Balkeſchrift Rounded Wide Thin

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60/62 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Light Italic

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32/38 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Wide Regular

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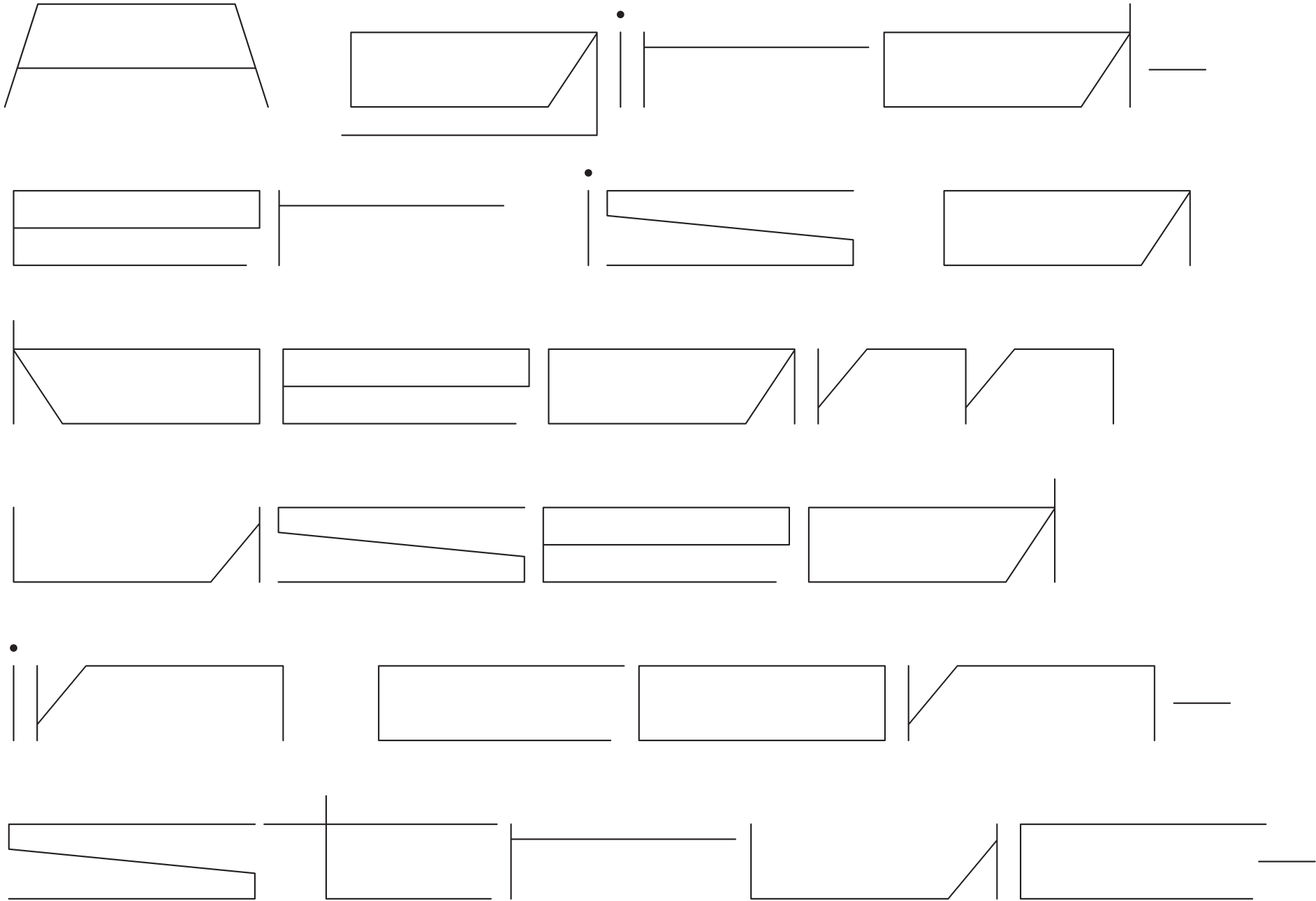
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80/85 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Extra Wide Hairline



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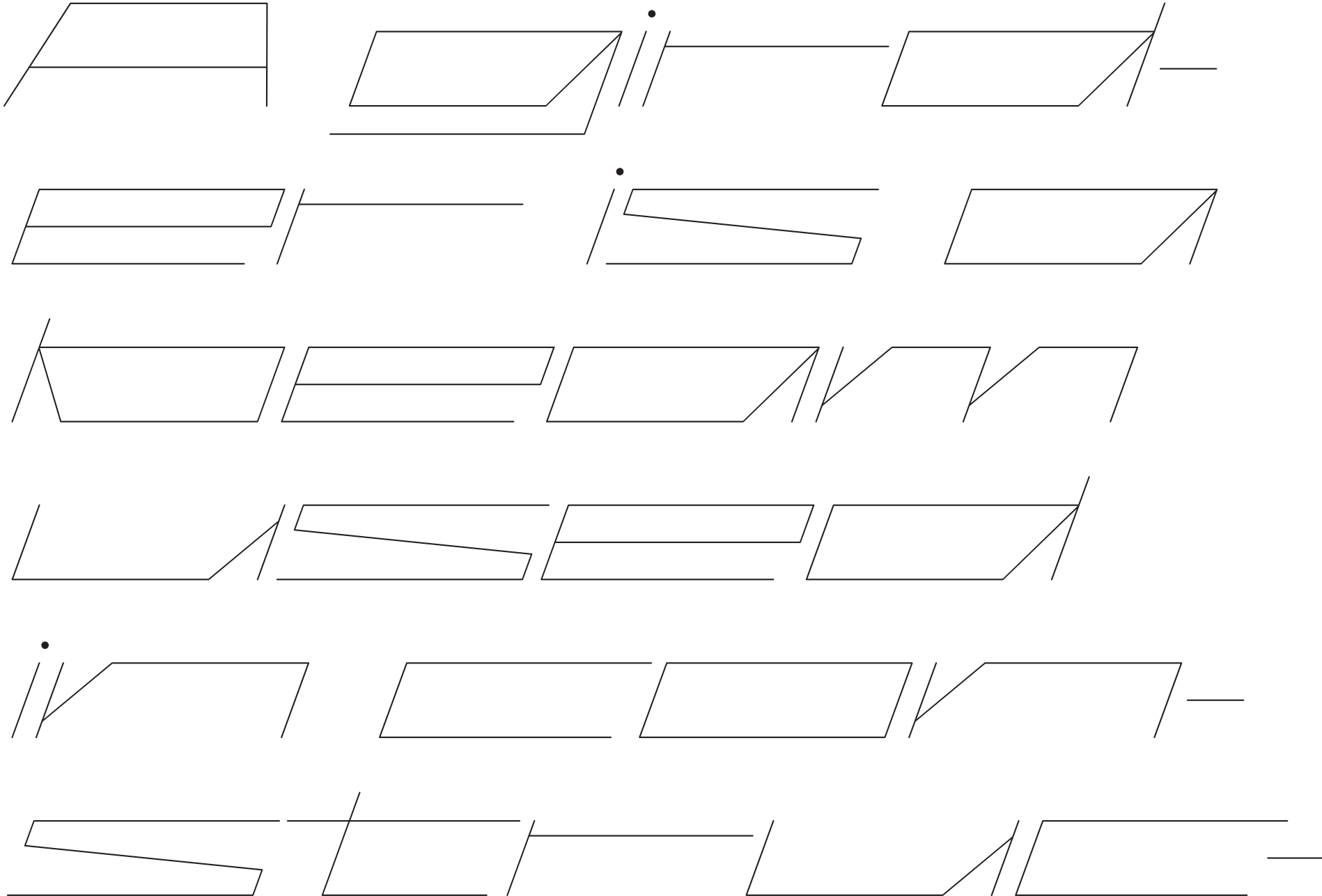
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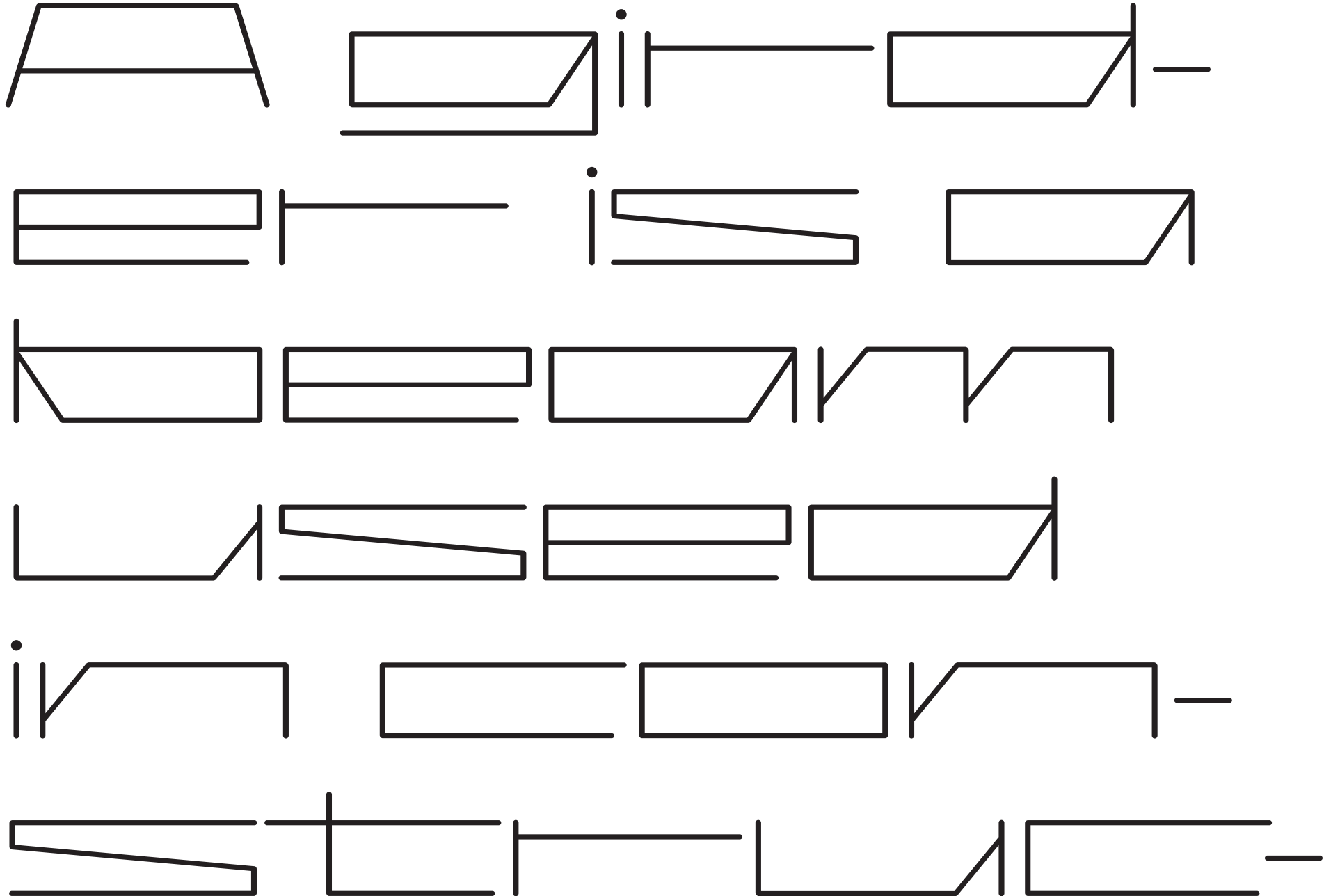
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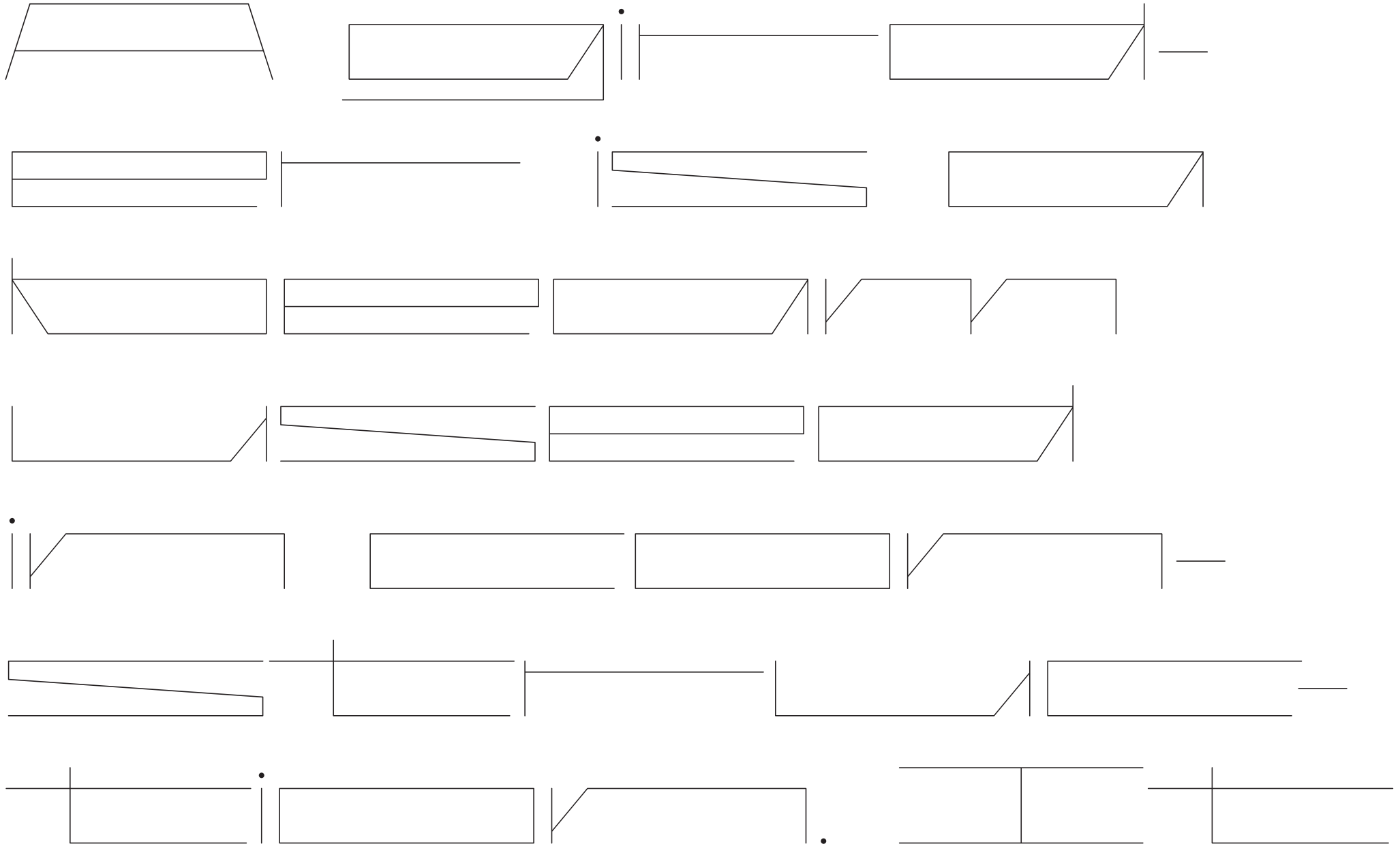
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60/70 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Hairline



32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Hairline

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two L-shaped flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder

12/18,2 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Hairline

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60/70 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Hairline Italic



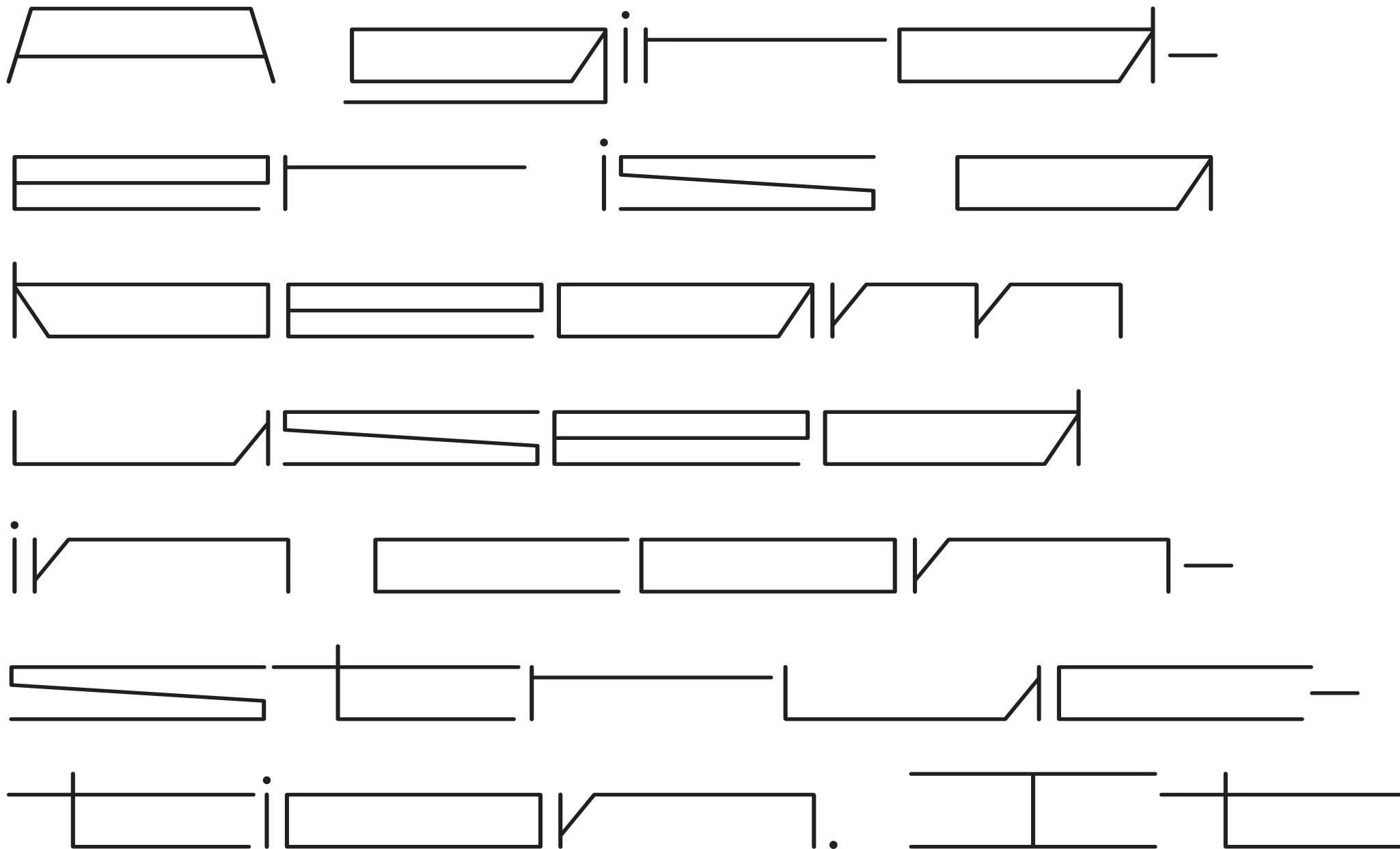
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A parallelogram is a quadrilateral with two pairs of parallel sides. It is a type of convex quadrilateral. The word "parallelogram" is derived from the Greek words "para" (beside) and "allelos" (alternating).

32/38,4 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Thin Italic

A girder is a beam used in construction. It is the main horizontal support of a structure which supports smaller beams. Girders often have an I-beam cross section composed of two L-shaped flanges separated by a stabilizing web, but may also have a box shape, Z shape, or other forms. Girders are commonly used to build bridges. A girt is a vertically aligned girder

12/18,2 pt Balkenschrift Rounded Ultra Wide Thin Italic

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