● 常用平面图形绘图命令



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Plot ParametricPlot PolarPlot ContourPlot ListPlot 显函数绘图 参数方程绘图 极坐标方程绘图 隐函数绘图 绘制点列图



● 常用平面图形绘图命令

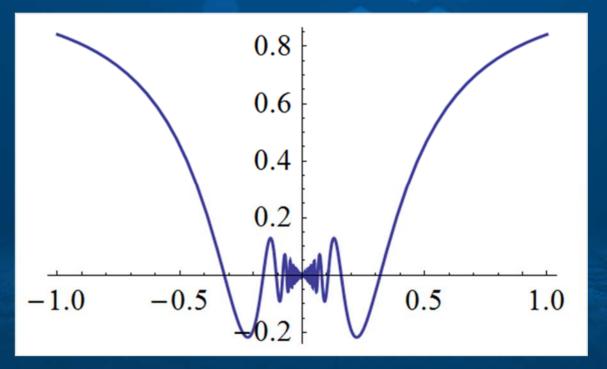
Plot
ParametricPlot
PolarPlot
ContourPlot
ListPlot

显函数绘图 参数方程绘图 极坐标方程绘图 隐函数绘图 绘制点列图

例6 绘制函数 $y = x \sin \frac{1}{x}$ 在 [-1,1] 范围内的图形.

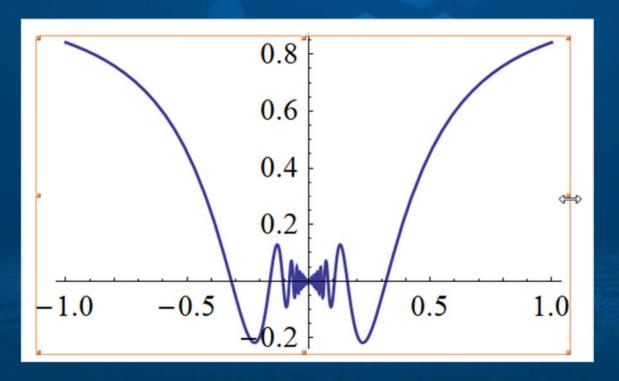






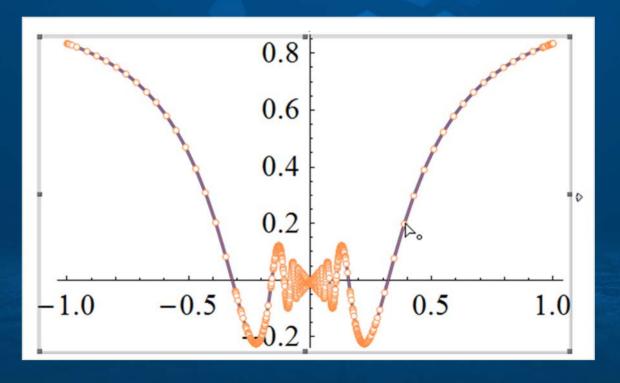


Plot
$$\left[x \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{x}\right], \{x,-1,1\}\right]$$



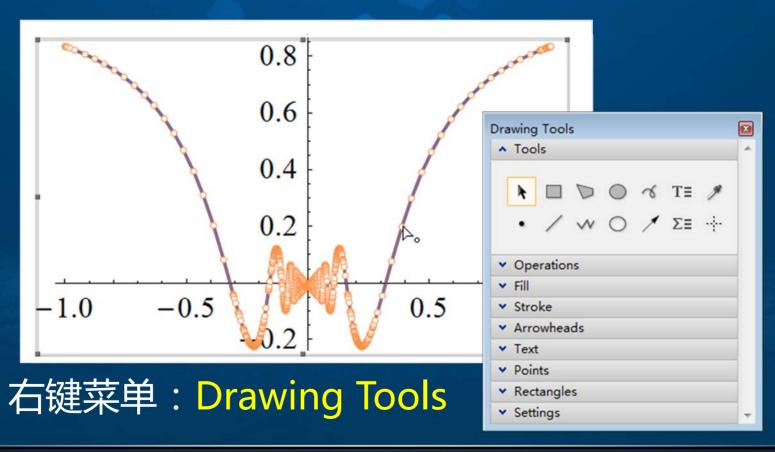


Plot
$$\left[x \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{x}\right], \{x,-1,1\}\right]$$





Plot
$$\left[x \operatorname{Sin}\left[\frac{1}{x}\right], \{x,-1,1\}\right]$$





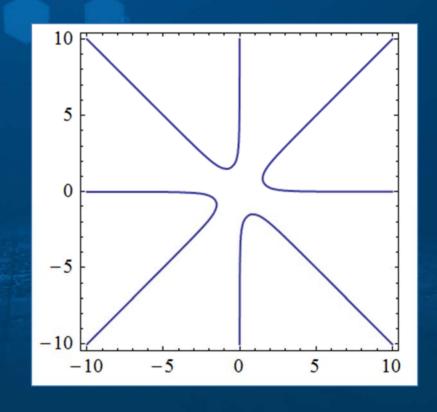
例7 绘制由方程 $xy(x^2 - y^2) = 2$ 在 $[-10,10] \times [-10,10]$ 范围内的曲线图形.

```
ContourPlot[
  x y (x² - y²) == 2,
  {x, -10, 10},
  {y, -10, 10}]
```



例7 绘制由方程 $xy(x^2 - y^2) = 2$ 在 $[-10,10] \times [-10,10]$ 范围内的曲线图形.

ContourPlot[$xy(x^2-y^2) = 2$, $\{x, -10, 10\}$, $\{y, -10, 10\}$]





Plot3D ParametricPlot3D



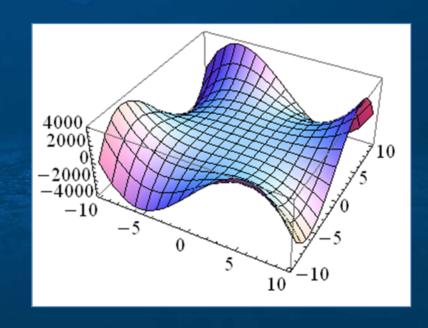
Plot3D ParametricPlot3D

```
Plot3D[

xy(x^2-y^2),

\{x, -10, 10\},

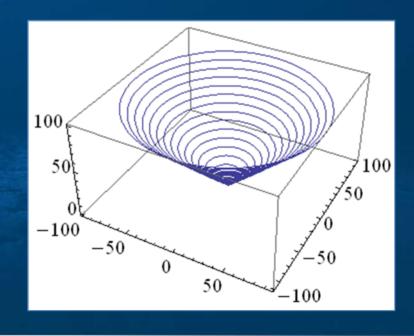
\{y, -10, 10\}]
```





Plot3D ParametricPlot3D

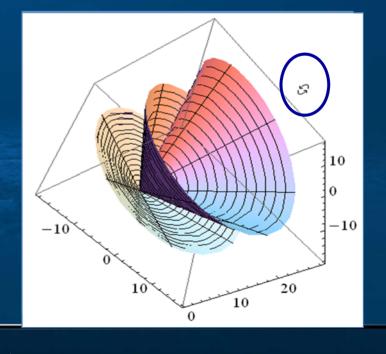
```
ParametricPlot3D[
    {tCos[t], tSin[t], t},
    {t, 0, 100}]
```





Plot3D ParametricPlot3D

```
ParametricPlot3D[
    {3 v Cos[u], 3 v Sin[u],
      0.3 u v}, {u, 0, 5 Pi},
    {v, 0, 6}]
```





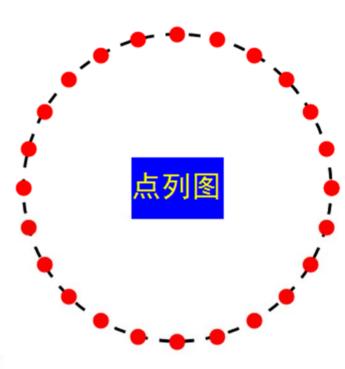
● 常见的图元绘制命令

Circle 、Disk、Rectangle、Line 、Point、Text、Polygon、Arrow、Sphere、Cylinder、Cone:分别绘制圆或圆弧、填充的圆或扇形区域、矩形、直线、点、多边形、箭头、文字、绘制球、圆柱、圆锥

注意: 平面图元对象借助于 Graphics来实现, 三维图元对象则借助于 Graphics3D来实现。



```
Show
Graphics[{Dashed, Circle[],
   Blue, Rectangle[{-0.3, -0.2}, {0
   Yellow, Text["点列图", {0,0}]}],
 ListPlot[
  Table[{Cos[t], Sin[t]},
        {t, 0, 2 Pi, Pi / 12}],
  PlotStyle → {Red, PointSize[0.05]]
 AspectRatio → Automatic
```





● 求解方程与不等式

```
解方程
          Solve[lhs==rhs,x]
解方程组
          Solve[{lhs_1 = rhs_1, lhs_2 = rhs_2,...},{x,y,...}]
在联立方程组中消除指定变量
Eliminate[\{lhs1 = rhs1, lhs2 = rhs2, ...\}, \{x,y,...\}]
给出一组简化方程,包括所有可能的解或解不等式
Reduce[\{lhs1 = rhs1, lhs2 = rhs2,...\}, \{x,y,...\}]
替换变量 expr/.{x->a,y->b,...}
```



● 求解方程与不等式

Solve
$$[x^2 - y^3 = 1, x]$$

 $\{x1, x2\} = x /. \%$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{x} \to -\sqrt{1 + \mathbf{y}^3} \right\}, \left\{ \mathbf{x} \to \sqrt{1 + \mathbf{y}^3} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\left\{-\sqrt{1+\mathbf{y}^3}, \sqrt{1+\mathbf{y}^3}\right\}$$

Reduce
$$\left[\mathbf{x}^2 - 2 \mathbf{x} - 2 \le 0 \right]$$

$$1 - \sqrt{3} \le \mathbf{x} \le 1 + \sqrt{3}$$



例8 求方程组
$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2Rz = 0, \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - R^2 = 0 \end{cases}$$
 对应的曲线关于xOy坐标

面的投影柱面方程。

Eliminate
$$[x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - 2Rz = 0 \& \& x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - R^2 = 0, z] // Simplify$$

$$3 R^3 = 4 R \left(x^2 + y^2\right)$$



▶ 求极限

Limit[expr, $x \rightarrow x_0$]

常用选项:

Assumptions Direction Analytic 设定参数满足的条件 设定变量变化的方向 设定是否以解析式计算



例9 求下列极限

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} a^{1/n} , \lim_{x\to\pi} \frac{\sin mx}{\sin nx} , \lim_{h\to0} \frac{f(x_0+h)-f(x_0)}{h}.$$

Limit
$$\left[a^{1/n}, n \to \infty\right] \longrightarrow 1$$

$$Limit\left[\frac{Sin[m x]}{Sin[n x]}, x \to \pi,\right]$$

Assumptions $\rightarrow \{m, n\} \in Integers$

$$\frac{(-1)^{m+n} m}{n}$$



例9 求下列极限

$$\lim_{n\to\infty} a^{1/n} , \lim_{x\to\pi} \frac{\sin mx}{\sin nx} , \lim_{h\to0} \frac{f(x_0+h)-f(x_0)}{h}.$$

$$\text{Limit} \left[\frac{\mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_0 + \mathbf{h}] - \mathbf{f}[\mathbf{x}_0]}{\mathbf{h}}, \mathbf{h} \to 0, \right.$$

$$\mathbf{f}'[\mathbf{x}_0]$$
Analytic $\to \text{True} \right]$



● 求导数与微分

D[f,x] 求导数 $\partial f / \partial x$

D[f,{x,n}] 求导数 $\partial^n f / \partial x^n$

D[f,x,y,...] 依次对多个变量求导

如果将 D 换成 Dt 则为求全微分



例10 试求下列函数的导数.

(1)
$$y = e^x \sin x$$
, 求 y' .

(2)
$$y = f(ax^2), \bar{x}, y'', y''$$
.

(3) 设 y 是由 $xy = e^{x+y}$ 确定的函数, 试求 y', y''.

$$e^{x} (Cos[x] + Sin[x])$$



例10 试求下列函数的导数.

(1)
$$y = e^x \sin x$$
,求 y' .

(2)
$$y = f(ax^2), \bar{x}, y'', y''$$
.

(3) 设 y 是由 $xy = e^{x+y}$ 确定的函数, 试求 y', y''.

$$\{D[f[ax^2], x], D[f[ax^2], \{x, 2\}]\}$$

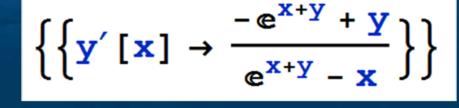
$${2 a x f'[a x^2], 2 a f'[a x^2] + 4 a^2 x^2 f''[a x^2]}$$



(3) 设 y 是由 $xy = e^{x+y}$ 确定的函数 , 试求 y', y''.

s1 = Solve
$$[D[xy[x], x] = D[E^{x+y[x]}, x], y'[x]];$$

s2 = Solve $[D[xy[x], \{x, 2\}] = D[E^{x+y[x]}, \{x, 2\}], y''[x]] / . s1[[1]];$
s1 //. $y[x] \rightarrow y$ // Simplify
s2 //. $y[x] \rightarrow y$ // Simplify





例11 设
$$z = (x^2 + y^2)e^{-\arctan \frac{y}{x}}$$
, 求 d $z = \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y}$.

$$D\left[\left(\mathbf{x}^{2}+\mathbf{y}^{2}\right)\mathbf{E}^{-\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\mathbf{y}}{\mathbf{x}}\right]},\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}\right]//\operatorname{Simplify}$$

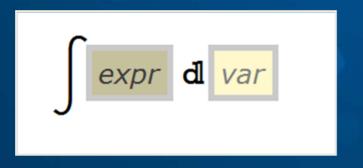
$$Dt\left[\left(\mathbf{x}^{2}+\mathbf{y}^{2}\right)\mathbf{E}^{-\operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\mathbf{y}}{\mathbf{x}}\right]}\right]//\operatorname{Simplify}$$

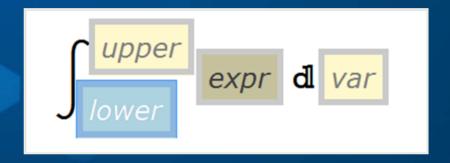
$$-\frac{e^{-ArcTan\left[\frac{y}{x}\right]}\left(x^2 + xy - y^2\right)}{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$e^{-ArcTan\left[\frac{y}{x}\right]}$$
 ((2 x + y) Dt[x] - (x - 2 y) Dt[y])



● 求积分





```
Integrate[f,x] 计算不定积分
Integrate[f,{x,x<sub>min</sub>,x<sub>max</sub>}] 计算定积分
Integrate[f,{x, x<sub>min</sub>,x<sub>max</sub>},{y, y<sub>min</sub>,y<sub>max</sub>},...]
计算重积分
```



$$D\left[\int_{a[x]}^{b[x]} f[t] dt, x\right] = \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x^{p}} dx = \int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{1}{x^p} \ dx$$

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$-f[a[x]]a'[x] + f[b[x]]b'[x]$$

Integrate
$$\left[\frac{1}{x^p}, \{x, 1, \infty\}, Assumptions \rightarrow p > 1\right]$$

Integrate::idiv: Integral of
$$\frac{1}{x}$$
 does not converge on $\{-1, 1\}$. \gg



● 解常微分方程

DSolve[eqns,y[x],x]

解常微分方程

RSolve[eqn,a[n],n]

求通项



例12 求微分方程
$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{2y}{x+1} = (x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}$$
 的通解.

DSolve
$$[y'[x] - 2 \frac{y[x]}{x+1} = (x+1)^{\frac{5}{2}}, y[x], x]$$

$$\left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{y}[\mathbf{x}] \rightarrow \frac{2}{3} (1+\mathbf{x})^{7/2} + (1+\mathbf{x})^{2} C[1] \right\} \right\}$$



例13 求解初值问题 $\begin{cases} y'' + 4y' + 29y = 0, \\ y|_{x=0} = 0, y'|_{x=0} = 15. \end{cases}$

$$\left\{\left\{\mathbf{y}\left[\mathbf{x}\right] \to 3 e^{-2 \mathbf{x}} \operatorname{Sin}\left[5 \mathbf{x}\right]\right\}\right\}$$



例14 求由 $a_{n+2} - 4a_{n+1} + 3a_n = n4^n$, $a_1 = 1$, $a_2 = 3$ 所确定的数列 $\{a_n\}$ 的通项.

```
RSolve[
a[n+2] - 4a[n+1] + 3a[n] = n4^n &&
a[1] = 1 && a[2] = 3, a[n], n]
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ a[n] \rightarrow \frac{1}{9} \left(-2 - 2^{4+2n} + 7 \times 3^{1+n} + 3 \times 2^{2n} n \right) \right\} \right\}$$

