Homework4: SPECjvm2008 基准测试

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操作系统: ubuntu 20.04

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访问 SPECjvm2008 官方网站,阅读 User's Guide、Run and Report Rules、Known Issues、FAQ 四份文档,了解 SPEC 组织和一个标准的基准测试集的基本情况

下载和安装 SPECjvm2008,根据上述文档的指引,跑一次完整的基准测试(大约 2~3 小时),记录安装和测试的过程和结果,了解一个标准的基准测试集的基本执行过程

安装 JDK 8

先使用 sudo update-alternatives -config java 查看已安装的 JDK:

```
wounghojaneywounghojan-XPS-15-7598;/medla/younghojan/Study/undergraduate/juntor/SEM1/软件系统优化/homework/hw6$ sudo update-alternatives --config java 有 2 个候选项可用于替换 java (提供 /usr/bin/java)。

选择 路径 优先级 状态

* 0 /usr/tib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java 1111 自动模式
1 /usr/tib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java 1111 手动模式
2 /usr/tib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/jire/bin/java 1081 手动模式
2 /usr/tib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/jire/bin/java 1081 手动模式
更维持当前值[*]请按<回车键>,或者键入选择的编号: 2 update-alternatives: 使用 /usr/tib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/jre/bin/java 来在手动模式中提供 /usr/bin/java (java) younghojan/sudy/younghojan/Study/undergraduate/juntor/SEM1/软件系统优化/homework/hw6$ younghojan/Study/undergraduate/juntor/SEM1/软件系统优化/homework/hw6$ java -version openjdk version "1.8.0_292" openJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 1.8.0_292-8u292-b10-0ubuntu1-20.04-b10) openJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.292-b10-mixed mode)
```

貌似已经切换到 OpenJDK 1.9.0_292,但是与 OpenJDK 1.8.0_41 不完全一致,保险起见,还是多安装一个 OpenIDK 1.8.0_41:

- 下载 OpenJDK 1.8.0_41 RI Binaries
- 解压到 /usr/lib/jvm
- 修改环境变量

在 ~/.bashrc 中添加:

```
# set oracle jdk environment(for SPECjvm2008 use)
export JAVA_HOME=/usr/lib/jvm/java-se-8u41-ri
export JRE_HOME=${JAVA_HOME}/jre
export CLASSPATH=::${JAVA_HOME}/lib:${JRE_HOME}/lib
export PATH=${JAVA_HOME}/bin:$PATH
```

使用 source ~/.bashrc 使环境变量的修改马上生效

• 系统注册此 IDK

sudo update-alternatives --install /usr/bin/java java /usr/lib/jvm/java-se-8u41-ri/bin/java 300

• 因为安装了多个 JDK, 需要切换至 OpenJDK 1.8.0_41

```
sudo update-alternatives --config java
```

```
younghojan@younghojan-XPS-15-7590:/usr/llb/jvm$ sudo update-alternatives --config java 有 3 个候选项可用于替换 java (提供 /usr/bin/java)。

选择 路径 优先级 状态

0 /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java 1111 自动模式
* 1 /usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-amd64/bin/java 1111 手动模式
2 /usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/bin/java 1081 手动模式
3 /usr/lib/jvm/java-se-8u41-ri/bin/java 300 手动模式
要维持当前值[*]请按<回车键>,或者键入选择的编号: 3
update-alternatives: 使用 /usr/lib/jvm/java-se-8u41-ri/bin/java 来在手动模式中提供 /usr/bin/java (java)
younghojan@younghojan-XPS-15-7590:/usr/lib/jvm$ java -version
openjdk version "1.8.0_41"
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 1.8.0_41-b04)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 25.40-b25, mixed mode)
```

Running the benchmark

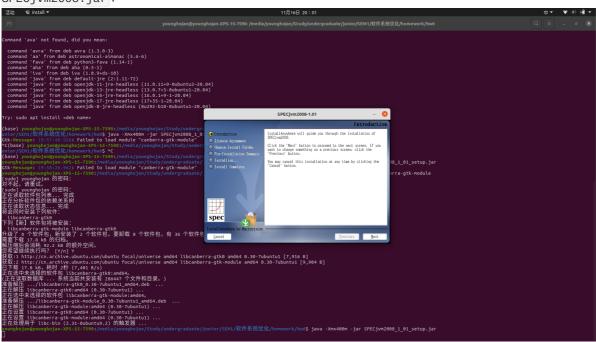
安装

使用 java -Xmx400m -jar SPECjvm2008.jar 命令,这个命令的使用方法为

```
java [<jvm options>] -jar SPECjvm2008.jar [<SPECjvm2008 options>] [<benchmark
name> ...]
```

```
younghojan@younghojan-XPS-15-7598:/media/younghojan/Study/undergraduate/junlor/SEM1/软件系统优化/homework/hw6$ java -Xmx400m -jar SPECjvm2008_1_01_setup.jar
Gtk-Hessage: 19:58:26.962: Failed to load module "canberra-gtk-module"
```

好像差点东西...用 apt-get install 安装一下 canberra-gtk-module, 然后再 java -Xmx400m -jar SPECjvm2008.jar:



弹出来了安装的对话框,一路 next (注意要用 sudo, 否则没有权限来选择安装路径)。

现在 SPECjvm2008 已经安装在了 / 目录下, 打开 README.txt 看看:

```
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://medka/younghojan/Study/undergraduate/junlor/SEMI/软件系统优化/homework/hw6$ cd /
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s kg SPECjvm2008 srv swapfile sys usr vai
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s cd SPECjvm2008/
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s cd SPECjvm2008/
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s cd SPECjvm2008\
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s cd SPECjvm2008\
younghojan@younghojan.xPS-15-7590://s cd SPECjvm2008\
butld-tools.ztp lub props redistributable_sources report.sh run-specjvm.cnd SPECjvm2008_Installog.xml src version.txt
docs license README.txt report.cnd resources run-specjvm.sh SPECjvm2008_Jar Uninstall
younghojan@younghojan.XPS-15-7590:/SPECjvm2008$ cat README.txt

Butlding:
You do not need to build SPECjvm2008 to run it.
The user guide will describe how it is done if need be.

Running:
To run a compliant run:
    java -jar SPECjvm2008.jar

To know how to configure, run:
    java -jar SPECjvm2008.jar --help

More documentation:
See docs/index.html
```

trial run

根据 userguide,先用 trial run 的命令来 check installation:

```
java -jar SPECjvm2008.jar -wt 5s -it 5s -bt 2 compress
```

```
SPECjvm2008 Peak
  Properties file: none
  Benchmarks:
                   compress
 WARNING: Run will not be compliant.
 Not a compliant sequence of benchmarks for publication.
 Property specjym.iteration.time must be at least 240 seconds for publication.
 Kit signature and checksum is validated.
 This can take several minutes.
 Use argument '-ikv' to skip this.
  .....passed.
 Benchmark: check
             static run
 Run mode:
 Test type: functional
             1
 Threads:
 Iterations: 1
 Run length: 1 operation
Iteration 1 (1 operation) begins: Tue Nov 16 20:10:30 CST 2021
Iteration 1 (1 operation) ends: Tue Nov 16 20:10:30 CST 2021
Iteration 1 (1 operation) result: PASSED
Valid run!
 Benchmark: compress
 Run mode:
            timed run
 Test type: multi
 Threads: 2
 Warmup:
             5s
 Iterations: 1
 Run length: 5s
Warmup (5s) begins: Tue Nov 16 20:10:30 CST 2021
Warmup (5s) ends: Tue Nov 16 20:10:37 CST 2021
Warmup (5s) result: 147.53 ops/m
Iteration 1 (5s) begins: Tue Nov 16 20:10:37 CST 2021
Iteration 1 (5s) ends: Tue Nov 16 20:10:43 CST 2021
Iteration 1 (5s) result: 151.76 ops/m
Valid run!
Score on compress: 151.76 ops/m
Results are stored in:
/SPECjvm2008/results/SPECjvm2008.002/SPECjvm2008.002.raw
Generating reports in:
/SPECjvm2008/results/SPECjvm2008.002
Noncompliant composite result: 151.76 ops/m
```

一切正常!下面来正式 run 一次。

作业要求"只需运行 Base 类别,无需运行 Peak 类别,请注意 Base 类别运行的要求",所以在 run 的时 候需要注意参数设置。使用 java -jar SPECjvm2008.jar --help 来查看参数的设置规范:

```
--peak
--lagom
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 rations.
n should be.
as an integer,
seconds, or an integer
e 4m (4 minutes).
s, s, m and h.
too short, based on the
l be adjusted to handle
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               ut not adjusting time
              --createRawFile <bool>
--createTextFile <bool>
--createHtmlFile <bools
--xmlDir "path"
                   ss: startup.helloworld startup.compiler.compiler startup.compiler.sunflow startup.compress startup.crypto.aes startup.crypto.rs startup.crypto.signwerify startup.mpegaudio startup.scinark.fft start
startup.scinark.monte_carlo startup.scinark.sor startup.scinark.sparse startup.serial startup.sunflow startup.xml.transform startup.xml.validation compiler.compiler.sunflow compress crypto
ac crypto.signwerify derby mpegaudio scinark.fft.large scinark.lu.large scinark.sor.large scinark.sparse.large scinark.fft.small scinark.lu.small scinark.sor.small s
```

用 sudo java -jar SPECjvm2008.jar --base 试试。

```
eration 1 (1 operation) begins: Fri Nov 19 20:01:37 CST 2021
eration 1 (1 operation) ends: Fri Nov 19 20:01:37 CST 2021
eration 1 (1 operation) result: PASSE0
     ation 1 (1 operation) begins: Fri Nov 19 20:01:37 CST 2021
ation 1 (1 operation) ends: Fri Nov 19 20:01:37 CST 2021
ation 1 (1 operation) result: 352.94 ops/m
eration 1 (1 operation) begins: Fri Nov 19 20:01:37 CST 2021
eration 1 (1 operation) ends: Fri Nov 19 20:01:39 CST 2021
eration 1 (1 operation) result: 29.82 ops/m
                           startup.compiler.sunflow
static run
single
```

卡住几个小时,赶紧排查一下哪儿出错了。

在 https://www.spec.org/jvm2008/docs/FAQ.html 中找到如下说明:

O4.8: Why won't SPECivm2008 run with Java SE 8, Java SE 9, or later?

Java SE 8 and later specifications are not supported. See Trouble shooting, Q3.2.

For Java SE 8 and later:

- The following SPECjvm2008 benchmarks are known to not work.
 - startup.compiler.compilerstartup.compiler.sunflow

 - compiler.compilercompiler.sunflow
- However, you may be able to run the remaining benchmarks by using the command line, or using a properties file, to specify all the benchmarks (except for the above).
 For information on how to do this, see:
 - - http://www.spec.org/jvm2008/docs/UserGuide.html#OperationalConfiguration
 http://www.spec.org/jvm2008/docs/UserGuide.html#Properties
 http://www.spec.org/jvm2008/docs/UserGuide.html#AppendixA
 - http://www.spec.org/jvm2008/docs/UserGuide.html#SPECjvm2008WorkloadNames

For Java SE 9 and later:

- The XML benchmarks will fail, due to increased class protections.
- However, you may be able to run these benchmarks by adding the following JVM options to make the needed classes visible:
 - --add-exports=java.xml/com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal.parsers=ALL-UNNAMED
 --add-exports=java.xml/com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal.util=ALL-UNNAMED
- . This may not work in a future release after Java SE 10.

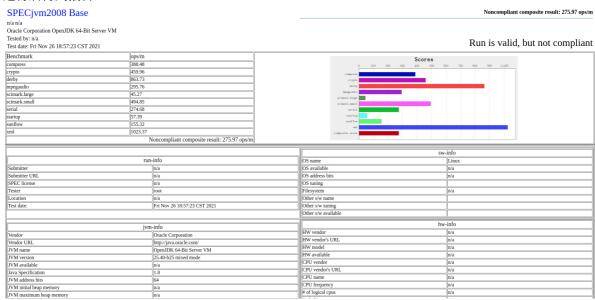
Java SE 8 及之后版本,startup.compiler.compiler, startup.compiler.sunflow,compiler.compiler.compiler.sunflow 都不再 work 了,只能 run 剩下的 benchmark。

按照配置文件示例 /SPECjvm2008/props/specjvm.properties,可以创建一个配置文件 properties,内容为

specjvm.benchmarks=startup.helloworld startup.compress startup.crypto.aes startup.crypto.rsa startup.crypto.signverify startup.mpegaudio startup.scimark.fft startup.scimark.lu startup.scimark.monte_carlo startup.scimark.sor startup.scimark.sparse startup.serial startup.sunflow startup.xml.transform startup.xml.validation compress crypto.aes crypto.rsa crypto.signverify derby mpegaudio scimark.fft.large scimark.lu.large scimark.sor.large scimark.sparse.large scimark.fft.small scimark.lu.small scimark.sor.small scimark.sparse.small scimark.monte_carlo serial sunflow xml.transform xml.validation

这样就去掉了不 work 的 benchmarks,只运行 remainings。

运行后得到报告:



查阅过去官方发布结果,对比最近任意一次发布结果(可从表格中任选一项)与自己执行结果的差异,并尝试解释原因

spec

Composite result: 335.78 SPECjvm2008 Base ops/m

Run is compliant



• 首先,一个明显的不同之处是,我的设备信息没有显示:

			sw-info	
run-info		OS name	Linux	
Submitter	n/a	OS available	n/a	
Submitter URL	n/a	OS address bits	n/a	
SPEC license	n/a	OS tuning		
Tester	root	Filesystem	n/a	
Location	n/a	Other s/w name		
Test date:	Fri Nov 26 18:57:23 CST 2021	Other s/w tuning		
		Other s/w available		
jvm-info			hw-info	
Vendor		HW vendor	n/a	
Vendor URL	Oracle Corporation http://java.oracle.com/	HW vendor's URL	n/a	
	OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM	HW model	n/a	
JVM name JVM version	25,40-b25 mixed mode	HW available	n/a	
JVM version JVM available		CPU vendor	n/a	
	n/a	CPU vendor's URL	n/a	
Java Specification JVM address bits	1.8	CPU name	n/a	
	64	CPU frequency	n/a	
JVM initial heap memory	n/a	# of logical cpus	n/a	
JVM maximum heap memory JVM command line	n/a	# of chips	n/a	
	n/a	# of cores	n/a	
JVM command line startup		Cores per chip	n/a	
JVM launcher startup	default	Threads per core	n/a	
Additional JVM tuning		Threading enabled	n/a	
JVM class path	SPECjvm2008.jar	HW address bits	n/a	
JVM boot class path	Journ lib/trum java-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/resources.jar uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/resources.jar uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/sumsastajn.jar: uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/res jar: uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/resarsi.jar: uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/lib/rajar: uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/lib/rajar: uarni biy miya-se-Bel-1-trijre lib/rajar:	Primary cache	n/a	
		Secondary cache	n/a	
		Other cache	n/a	
		Memory size	n/a	
		Memory details	n/a	
		Other HW details	n/a	
			A.	
violations				
Not a compliant sequence of benchmarks for publication.				
suite configuration				
specjym.propfile=properties				
L.				

这是因为在配置文件 properties 没有设置这些信息, 比如:

```
# # # # # # # # # # # # #
#
# Information about the hardware system
#
# # # # # # # #
# Company which sells the hardware
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.vendor=HW_VENDOR
# Home page for company that sells the hardware
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.vendor.url=HW_VENDOR_URL
# What type of system was used when testing
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.model=HW_MODEL
# Date when the hardware product is shipping and
# generally available to the public
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.available=HW_AVAILABLE
# Name of the processor vendor
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.cpu.vendor=HW_CPU_VENDOR
```

```
# URL to the processor vendor
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.cpu.vendor.url=HW_CPU_VENDOR_URL

# Product name of the processor(s)
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.cpu.name=HW_CPU_NAME

# MegaHertz rating of the chip. Usually an integer
spec.jvm2008.report.hw.cpu.speed=HW_CPU_SPEED
```

• 我的 compress 测试中,warmup 的每秒操作次数(ops/s)比正式测试的每秒操作次数更高,如下图。



而华为的 compress 测试则与我的相反:



查了一下文档,这个测试是关于 finds common substrings and replaces them with a variable size code,并且它的数据是来自于真实文件,"it compresses real data from files instead of synthetically generated data"。

一个猜想,不一定对:warmup 应该是读了一些数据进内存,保证正式测试的时候是热启动。但是我的内存比较小,只有华为硬件的 1/3,所以我正式测试的时候还在不停进行磁盘 IO,导致速度下降(?)

其他项也有差异,这里不详述了。

谈谈自己运行一次标准的基准测试的感想和体会

要成功运行一个标准的 benchmark 主要有两点需要注意:

1. 遵守 user guide

按照 user guide 一步步进行,能避免很多错误。对于不理解的地方,要善于检索信息(English 要好)。

2. 善于排查自身系统的问题

很多问题出现的原因, 都是自身系统的问题。