

# Professional Program on Data Analyst

## Exercise: Handling Missing Data and Analysing the Data with Python

### Objective:

- Handle missing data and analyse a dataset using Python and Pandas on Kaggle.

### Tasks:

1. Load the dataset from the CSV file.
2. Check for missing values in the dataset.
3. Handle missing data by filling or dropping rows/columns.
4. Verify that the missing values are handled properly.
5. Analyse the data to find specific insights.

### How to Use Kaggle

Kaggle is an online community for data scientists and machine learning practitioners. It provides a platform for users to find and publish datasets, explore and build models in a web-based data science environment, and participate in competitions. Here's how to use Kaggle for this exercise:

1. **Create a Kaggle Account:**
  - Go to [Kaggle](#) and create an account if you don't have one.
2. **Upload Your Dataset:**
  - Navigate to the "Datasets" section and upload your dataset ([housing\\_data.csv](#)).
3. **Create a New Notebook:**
  - Go to the "Code" section, create a new notebook, and choose Python as the language.
4. **Write and Execute Your Code:**
  - Use the provided code template to handle missing data and analyze the dataset.

### Task Details

#### Part 1: Handling Missing Data

1. Load the dataset from the CSV file you created ([housing\\_data.csv](#)).

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Step 1: Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/housing_data.csv')
```

## 2. Check for missing values in the dataset.

```
# Step 2: Check for missing values
print("Missing values in the dataset:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

## 3. Handle missing data by filling missing values or dropping rows/columns:

- For **Price** and **Bedrooms**, fill missing values with the **mean** of the respective columns.

```
# Step 3: Handle missing data
# Fill missing 'Price' with mean of the column
df['Price'] = df['Price'].fillna(df['Price'].mean())

# Fill missing 'Bedrooms' with mean of the column
df['Bedrooms'] = df['Bedrooms'].fillna(df['Bedrooms'].mean())
```

## 4. Verify that the missing values are handled properly.

```
# Verify if missing values are handled
print("\n\nDataset after handling missing values:")
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

## Part 2: Analyse the Data

### 1. Find the average price of all houses.

```
# Part 2: Data Analysis

# 1. Find the average price
average_price = df['Price'].mean()
print(f"\n\nAverage price of houses: ${average_price:,.2f}")
```

### 2. Find the house with the highest price and the house with the lowest price.

```
# 2. Find the house with the highest price
max_price_house = df.loc[df['Price'].idxmax()]
print(f"\n\nHouse with the highest price:\n\n{max_price_house}")
```

```
# 3. Find the house with the lowest price
min_price_house = df.loc[df['Price'].idxmin()]
print(f"\\nHouse with the lowest price:\\n{min_price_house}")
```

### **3. Filter houses with a price greater than 600,000 and display their details.**

```
# 4. Filter houses with price greater than 600,000
filtered_houses = df[df['Price'] > 600000]
print("\\nHouses with price greater than 600,000:")
print(filtered_houses)
```

## **Summary**

In this exercise, you learned how to:

1. Load and inspect a dataset using Pandas.
2. Identify and handle missing data by filling or dropping rows/columns.
3. Verify that missing values are properly handled.
4. Perform basic data analysis to find average prices and filter data based on specific criteria.

Dataset for Practice: Download the sample dataset to practise these tasks and replicate the exercise.