

# Professional Program on Data Analyst

## Exercise: Handling Missing Data and Analysing the Data with Python

### Objective:

- Handle missing data and analyse a dataset using Python and Pandas on Kaggle.

### Tasks:

- Load the dataset from the CSV file.
- Check for missing values in the dataset.
- Handle missing data by filling or dropping rows/columns.
- Verify that the missing values are handled properly.
- Analyse the data to find specific insights.

### How to Use Kaggle

Kaggle is an online community for data scientists and machine learning practitioners. It provides a platform for users to find and publish datasets, explore and build models in a web-based data science environment, and participate in competitions. Here's how to use Kaggle for this exercise:

- Create a Kaggle Account:**
  - Go to [Kaggle](#) and create an account if you don't have one.
- Upload Your Dataset:**
  - Navigate to the "Datasets" section and upload your dataset (`housing_data.csv`).
- Create a New Notebook:**
  - Go to the "Code" section, create a new notebook, and choose Python as the language.
- Write and Execute Your Code:**
  - Use the provided code template to handle missing data and analyze the dataset.

### Task Details

#### Part 1: Handling Missing Data

- Load the dataset from the CSV file you created (`housing_data.csv`).

```
import pandas as pd
```

```
# Step 1: Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('/kaggle/input/housing_data.csv')
```

## **2. Check for missing values in the dataset.**

```
# Step 2: Check for missing values  
print("Missing values in the dataset:")  
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

## **3. Handle missing data by filling missing values or dropping rows/columns:**

- For **Price** and **Bedrooms**, fill missing values with the **mean** of the respective columns.

```
# Step 3: Handle missing data  
# Fill missing 'Price' with mean of the column  
df['Price'] = df['Price'].fillna(df['Price'].mean())  
  
# Fill missing 'Bedrooms' with mean of the column  
df['Bedrooms'] = df['Bedrooms'].fillna(df['Bedrooms'].mean())
```

## **4. Verify that the missing values are handled properly.**

```
# Verify if missing values are handled  
print("\nDataset after handling missing values:")  
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

## **Part 2: Analyse the Data**

### **1. Find the average price of all houses.**

```
# Part 2: Data Analysis  
  
# 1. Find the average price  
average_price = df['Price'].mean()  
print(f"\nAverage price of houses: ${average_price:.2f}")
```

### **2. Find the house with the highest price and the house with the lowest price.**

```
# 2. Find the house with the highest price  
max_price_house = df.loc[df['Price'].idxmax()]  
print(f"\nHouse with the highest price:\n{max_price_house}")
```

```
# 3. Find the house with the lowest price  
min_price_house = df.loc[df['Price'].idxmin()]  
print(f"\nHouse with the lowest price:\n{min_price_house}")
```

### 3. Filter houses with a price greater than 600,000 and display their details.

```
# 4. Filter houses with price greater than 600,000  
filtered_houses = df[df['Price'] > 600000]  
print("\nHouses with price greater than 600,000:")  
print(filtered_houses)
```

## Summary

In this exercise, you learned how to:

1. Load and inspect a dataset using Pandas.
2. Identify and handle missing data by filling or dropping rows/columns.
3. Verify that missing values are properly handled.
4. Perform basic data analysis to find average prices and filter data based on specific criteria.

Dataset for Practice: Download the sample dataset to practise these tasks and replicate the exercise.