Class 7

User and group

User = who use the computer is called user

Window

- 1. Administrator = full power
- 2. Standard = less power
- 3. Guest = no power

Linux

3 types of user

- 1. Privilege user = full power = same as administrator = root
- 2. Non-privilege = less power
- 3. System user = specific work (ftp server = ftp user)

Kernel not understand the name .It give UID = user Identification

- 1. Root = RHEL 5,6,7,8,9 = uid = 0
- 2. Non-privilege =RHEL 5,6,7 = uid 500 or above , RHEL 8,9 = uid 1000 or above
- 3. System user = RHEL 5,6,7 = uid = 1-499 , RHEL 8,9 uid 1-999

Make a user

Useradd somesh or adduser somesh

Window = make the user without password

Linux = we can't

Give the password

Passwd somesh

Make user without password

Passwd –d somesh (-d = delete)

Entry of user in whole OS

4 file , 2 folder

File

/etc/passwd

/etc/group

/etc/shadow

/etc/gshadow

2 folders

/home

/var/spool/mail

Delete the user

Userdel somesh = delete the user but keep the data

Userdel -r sashi (-r = recursive) = delete the user with data

/etc/passwd

india:x:1001:1001::/home/india:/bin/bash

india = name

:x: = encrypted password (/etc/shadow)

```
1001 = uid
       :1001 =GID (group identification )
       :: = give the comment
       /home/india = home directory
       :/bin/bash = shell
       Shell = secure handle edit logic level = convert into high to low language and low to high .
      User modification (usermod)
       1. Change the login name
          India = 100 policies
          Test
                 -l newname oldname (-l = login name)
       Usermod
       2. Change the uid
          Usermod -u 2000 name (-u -uid)
       3. Give the comment
          Usermod -c "IT admin" name (-c = comment)
       4. Change the home directory
          Mkdir /xyz
          Usermod -d /xyz name (-d = directory)
       5. Change the shell
          Usermod -s /sbin/nologin name
          Ex = /bin/bash , /sbin/nologin
       6. Change the GID
          Exit group = IT - 2000
          Usermod -g IT username
          Or
          Usermod -g 2000 username
Class 8
Group = collection of user
2 type of group
   1.Primary group = it automatically make with user (amit- user , amit - primary group)
   2.Secondary group = we have to make
Group = /etc/group
Make a group
Groupadd HR
HR:x:1002:
HR = group name
:x: = encrypted password (/etc/gshadow)
1002: =GID (group identification)
```

Change entry

```
Groupmod = group modification
Change the name
Groupmod –n new old (-n =name)
Change GID
Groupmod -g 3000 name
                         (-g = gid)
User = amit , chandan , shobhit
Group = sales
Make member of group
Usermod -G sales amit
To see
Id amit or /etc/group
make multiple group member
user = amit
group = IT , HR , sales
usermod -G IT,HR,sales amit
or
gpasswd -a amit IT (-a =add)
user = aa ,bb ,cc ,dd
group = IT
gpasswd -M aa,bb,cc,dd IT (-M = member)
remove from membership
gpasswd -d aa IT (-d =delete)
/etc/shadow = user password info
amit:$6$/FWCSIgIGGDMJEQ1$NU4eFjZChcN3qUkvw8GfuLNimSx.LQfzCYWp1V8xciUHkfOAjGex9p5Hg0SSMPOwH7K
DVLrTWMdrs5valoRSG1:19261:0:99999:7:::
amit = user name
:$6$/FWCSlgIGGDMJEQ1$NU4eFjZChcN3qUkvw8GfuLNimSx.LQfzCYWp1V8xciUHkfOAjGex9p5Hg0SSMPOwH7KDVLr
TWMdrs5valoRSG1: = password in encrypted form
```

```
19261 = unix 1/1/1970 = no of days from 1/1/1970
:0 = minimum password age (amit - abc today . 5 days)
:99999 = maximum password age (30 days)
:7::: = warning
See the entry in easy form
Chage -I amit
Change the entry
Minimum password age = 5 days
Maximum age = 30 days
Warning days = 2 days
Chage amit
Lock the account
Usermod -L amit
Unlock the account
Usermod -U amit
Set unencrypted password
Usermod -p india amit
/etc/gshadow = group password
Give the password
Gpasswd amit
Folder
/Home
   1. .bash_logout = save the exit script
   2. .bash_profile = it save login script
   3. .bashrc =it use to make command alias
Mkdir = mk
Vim .bashrc
Alias mk ='mkdir'
Alias t='touch'
:wq
Bash
```

= it redirect r=the data from skel folder to user home. /etc/skel To see the structure of user /etc/default/useradd /etc/login.defs And Vim /etc/defaults/useradd GROUP=100 = a user can make member 100 group HOME=/home = home directory INACTIVE=-1 = password expire EXPIRE= 2022-12-31 = account expire SHELL=/bin/bash =shell SKEL=/etc/skel = skelton folder CREATE_MAIL_SPOOL=yes = mail folder (/var/spool/mail) Vim /etc/login.defs *** default we can make 59000 user User change the password after first login Passwd --expire username Or Chage –d 0 username See who is and was login successfully Last See who login unsuccessfully Lastb Set expiry date of user Usermod -e 2022-12-31 username

Imp command

Whoami = current user name

Who = see all currently login user

```
make a user

name = rhel

uid = 3000

group = sales

gid =2000

comment = IT admin

shell = /sbin/nologin
```

home = /xyz

```
mkdir /xyz
groupadd sales
groupmod -g 2000 sales
useradd -u 3000 -g 2000 -G sales -c "IT admin" -d /xyz -s /sbin/nologin rhel
```