



### **Objective**

This example demonstrates the use of the BLE Component to design a BLE Proximity project utilizing BLE standard services Link Loss Service and Tx Power Service.

#### **Overview**

This example uses the BLE Pioneer Kit to design a Proximity application using the standard services defined by the Bluetooth SIG. In this example, the user button on BLE Pioneer Kit is used to decrement and cycle through the TX power of the radio and send these notifications back to Central device on Tx Power Service (TPS). Also, the project contains Link Loss Service (LLS), which can be written by Client device with one of the three alert levels, and is used to set the alert on disconnection (RGB LED).

Central Device (CySmart)

Write Command

TPS GATT Client

Notification

BLE Proximity Peripheral (PSoC 4 BLE)

Tx Power Service

Link Loss Service

LED

Figure 1: PSoC 4 BLE Proximity Application

## Requirements

Design Tool: PSoC Creator 3.1 SP1, CySmart 1.0

Programming Language: C (GCC 4.8.4 – included with PSoC Creator)

Associated Devices: All PSoC 4 BLE devices

Required Hardware: CY8CKIT-042-BLE Bluetooth® Low Energy (BLE) Pioneer Kit

### **Hardware Setup**

The BLE Pioneer Kit has all of the necessary hardware required for this lab. The RGB LED and User Button are connected to the GPIOs of the PSoC 4 BLE device, as shown in Figure 2.

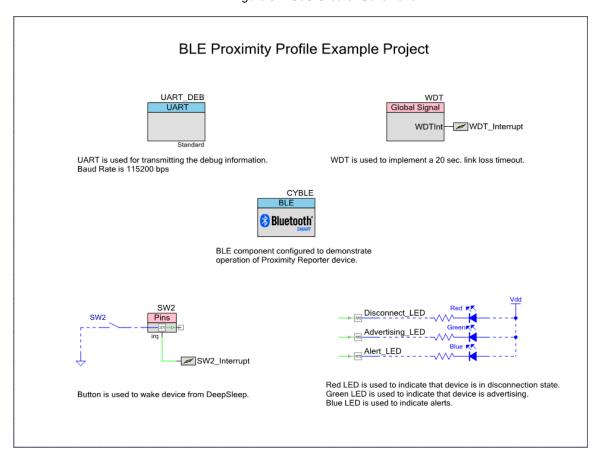


**BLE Pioneer Kit** BLE Connection PSoC 4 BLE BLE- USB Bridge **Bluetooth Low** ARM Energy Cortex-M0 Subsystem (BLESS) Red LED P2[6] CySmart BLE Test and Debug P3[6] Tool Green LED P2[7] P3[7] Blue LED User Button

Figure 2: Block Diagram

### **PSoC Creator Schematic**

Figure 3. PSoC Creator Schematic

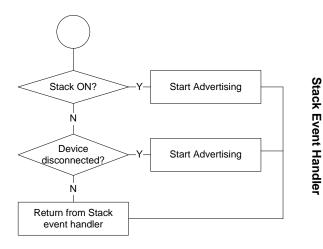


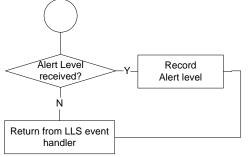


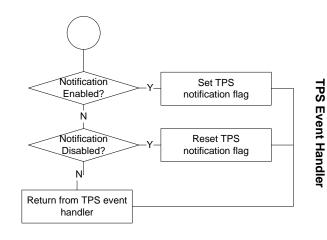
# **Firmware Flow**

Start - Initialize BLE - Register Stack Event Handler Main() Function Start WDT and UART Register LLS and TPS Event Handlers **Process Events** (Stack Processing) **User Button** Pressed? Decrease TX power level Update TPS Attribute Value

Figure 4. Firmware Flow







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**LLS Event Handler** 



- main() function: This is the central function which performs the initialization of the BLE Stack, WDT for the LED timeout and UART for debugging. It then executes the necessary routines to process the BLE events and check user button input.
- 2. **GenericAppEventHandler () function**: This function handles the common events generated for the BLE Stack. For example, the event *CYBLE\_EVT\_STACK\_ON* is received when the Stack is initialized and turned ON. The event *CYBLE\_EVT\_GAP\_DEVICE\_DISCONNECTED* is received when the BLE connection is disconnected.
- 3. **LISServiceAppEventHandler() function**: This function handles the events for Link Loss Service. As a part of the event, it receives the alert levels which are used to drive the Blue LED after disconnection, as given in Table 1.

Table 1: Alert Level vs LED Blink Rate

Alert Level	LED Status
NO_ALERT	Always OFF
MILD_ALERT	LED toggling
HIGH_ALERT	Always ON

4. **TpsServiceAppEventHandler() function**: This function handles the events for Tx Power Service. As a part of the event, it receives the notification enable/disable events, which are used to send notification to the service from main loop.

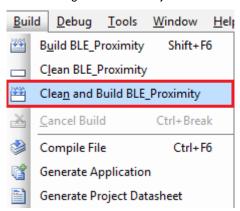
### **Build and Program**

This section shows how to build the project and program the PSoC 4 BLE device. If you are using a development kit with a built-in programmer (BLE Pioneer Kit, for example), connect the BLE Pioneer Baseboard to your computer using the USB Standard-A to Mini-B cable. For other kits, refer to the kit user guide.

If you are developing on your own hardware, you need a hardware debugger, for example, a Cypress CY8CKIT-002 MiniProq3.

1. On PSoC Creator, select Build > Clean and Build BLE\_Proximity, as shown in Figure 5.

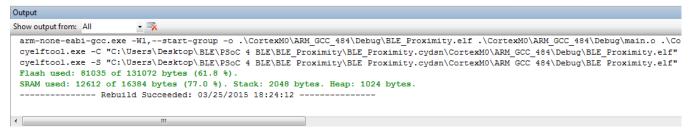
Figure 5. Build Project



2. On a successful build, the total flash and SRAM usage is reported as shown in Figure 6.

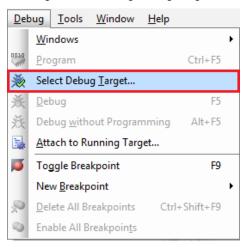


Figure 6. Build Succeeded



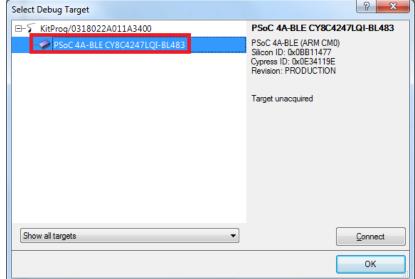
3. Select **Debug > Select Debug Target**, as shown in Figure 7.

Figure 7. Selecting Debug Target



In the Select Debug Target dialog box, click Port Acquire, and then click Connect as shown in Figure 8. Click OK to close the dialog box.

Figure 8. Connecting to a Device KitProg/0318022A011A3400





If you are using your own hardware, make sure the Port Setting configuration under Select Debug Target window for your programming hardware is configured as per your setup.

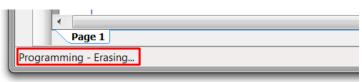
5. Select **Debug > Program** to program the device with the project, as shown in Figure 9.

Figure 9. Programming the Device



You can view the programming status on the PSoC Creator status bar (lower-left corner of the window), as shown in Figure 10.

Figure 10. Programming Status





## **Testing**

#### **Testing with the CySmart iOS® or Android™ Mobile Apps:**

- 1. Plug the BLE Pioneer Kit in your computer's USB port. Ensure it has been programmed with *BLE\_Proximity* project as per steps in previous section. The BLE Pioneer kit will start advertising, indicated by blinking Green LED.
- 2. If the BLE Pioneer kit is not connected within 20 seconds, the advertisement is stopped, indicated by a Red LED remaining ON. Click on user button SW2 to restart advertisement.
- 3. On your BLE-enabled mobile phone, open the **CySmart app** (available on the iOS and Android app stores)
- 4. Once the app is open, swipe down to refresh the list of nearby advertising BLE devices. See Figure 11.

Figure 11: CySmart App Scanning for BLE Devices



- 5. Tap on the device **Proximity** to connect to it.
- 6. Swipe right to see the Find Me Profile and tap on it to open the GUI page as shown in Figure 12.

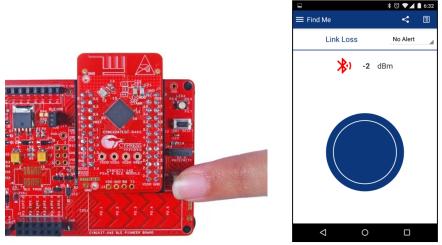
Figure 12: CySmart App Find Me Service Tab





7. Press **user button (SW2)** on the BLE Pioneer Kit to reduce the **TX power**. See the current TX power on the App in dBm, as shown in Figure 13. If the current TX power is -18 dBM, pressing the user button will set TX power to +3 dBm.

Figure 13: Press User Button to change TX Power



8. For Link Loss alert setting, select from the No Alert, Mid Alert, or High Alert options as shown in Figure 14.

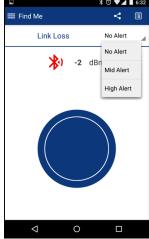


Figure 14: Set Link Loss Alert Level on BLE Pioneer Kit

- 9. Disconnect from the BLE Pioneer Kit by either clicking on back button repeatedly until you are in device selection page, or by moving far from the BLE Pioneer Kit to go out of the RF range. As soon as the disconnection/link loss happens, the Blue LED will start blinking or remain ON, depending on whether Alert level was set as Mid or High, respectively. Blue LED will remain off for No Alert set.
  - **Note**: After disconnection, the Green LED will start blinking to indicate advertisement. The final color will be mix of both.



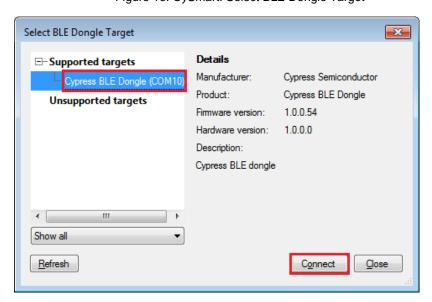


Figure 15. Blue LED status as per Alert level set.

#### Testing with the CySmart BLE Test and Debug Utility for Windows PC:

- 1. Plug the BLE-USB Bridge (included with the BLE Pioneer Kit) in your computer's USB port.
- 2. On your computer, launch CySmart 1.0. It is located in the All Programs -> Cypress -> CySmart folder in the Windows start menu. The tool opens up and asks you to Select BLE Dongle Target. Select the Cypress BLE Dongle (COMxx) and click Connect, as shown in Figure 16.

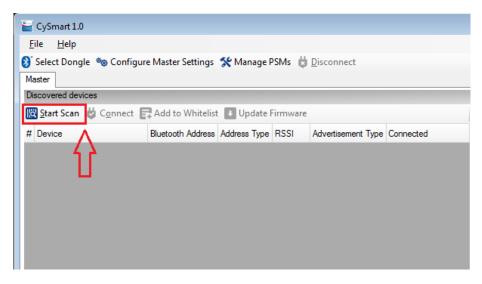
Figure 16: CySmart: Select BLE Dongle Target





3. When the BLE-USB Bridge is connected, click on Start Scan to find your BLE device. See Figure 17.

Figure 17: Finding a BLE Device



- 4. The scanning stops automatically once all the nearby devices are known. The tool lists all the nearby devices in the Discovered devices section.
- 5. Click on **Proximity** device name. The **Connect** option is enabled. See Figure 18.

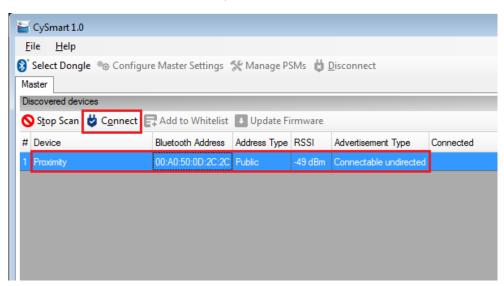
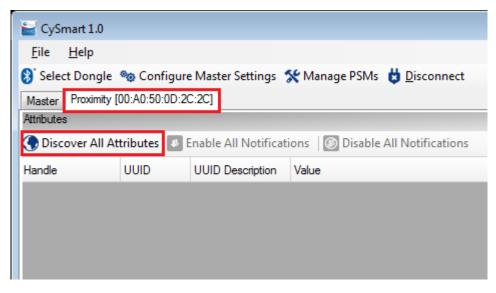


Figure 18: Device found

- 6. Click Connect as seen in Figure 18 to connect to the device.
- 7. The tool will now open a separate tab for the device. Click **Discover All Attributes** to list all the Attributes in the device, with their respective UUIDs and descriptions. See Figure 19.

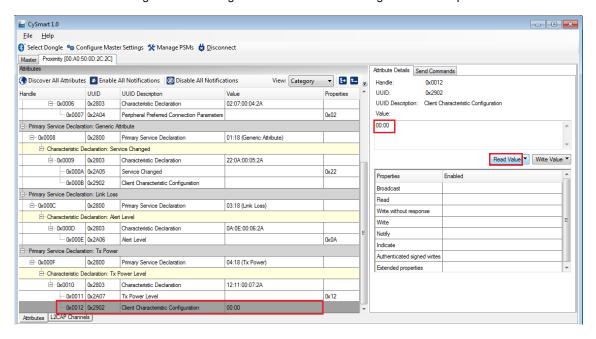


Figure 19: Discovering Attributes of a Connected BLE Device



8. Locate the attributes for **Tx Power service** (end of the Attribute list). Select the **Client Characteristic Configuration** (Handle value as 0x0012) and click on **Read Value** on right to read its current value, as shown in Figure 20.

Figure 20: Reading Client Characteristic Configuration Descriptor Value



9. Modify the value to **01:00** and click on **Write Value** to enable notifications, as shown in Figure 21.



Attribute Details Send Commands Handle: 0x0012 UUID: 0x2902 UUID Description: Client Characteristic Configuration Value: 01:00 Read Value ▼ Write Value Properties Enabled Broadcast Read Write without response Write Notify Authenticated signed writes Extended properties

Figure 21. Write to Client Characteristic Configuration to enable notifications

 Press the user button (SW2) on BLE Pioneer Kit to change TX power. You will also see the new TX power value being received on CySmart PC Tool on TX Power Level Characteristic (Handle value as 0x0011), as shown in Figure 22.

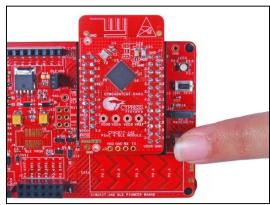
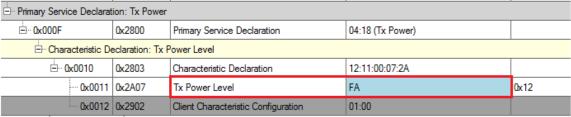


Figure 22. Change TX Power level



11. Locate the **Alert Level** Attribute for the **Link Loss Service** (Handle value as 0x000E). On the right, write a value of **01** to send LLS Alert Level to the Kit. See Figure 23.



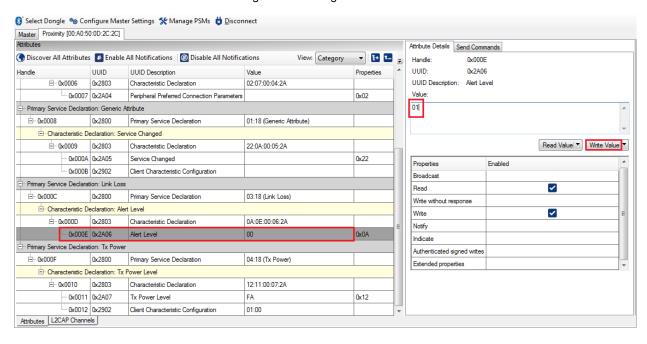
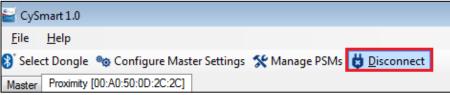


Figure 23: Writing LLS Alert Level Value

12. Click on Disconnect to disconnect from the device, as shown in Figure 24. The Blue LED will start to blink.

Figure 24. Disconnect from CySmart PC Tool



13. Repeat the step for High Alert.

### **Related Documents**

Table 2 lists all relevant application notes, code examples, knowledge base articles, device datasheets, and Component / user module datasheets.

Table 2. Related Documents

Document	Title	Comment
AN91267	Getting Started with PSoC 4 BLE	Provides an introduction to PSoC 4 BLE device that integrates a Bluetooth Low Energy radio system along with programmable analog and digital resources.
AN91445	Antenna Design Guide	Provides guidelines on how to design an antenna for BLE applications.