1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53 Sunday is:					
	(a) 53/366	(b) 1/7	(c) 2/7	(d) 53/365	
2. <i>A</i>				A marble is drawn at	
rand	-	•	wing a black ba		
	(a) 3/5	(b) 2/5	(c) $0/5$	(d) 1/5	
3. 1	The probability	that it will ra	ain tomorrow is	s 0.85. What is the	
prob	bability that it v				
	(a) 0.25	(b) 0.145	(c) 3/20	(d) none of these	
4. V	What is the pro	bability that	a number sele	cted from the numbers	
(1, 2	2, 3,,15)	is a multiple	of 4?		
	(a) 1/5	(b) 4/5	(c) 2/15	(d) 1/3	
5 . \	What are the to	otal outcome	es when we thro	ow three coins?	
	(a) 4	(b) 5	(c) 8	(d) 7	
6.	The probability	that a prime	e number selec	ted at random from the	
num	nbers (1,2,3,	35) is :			
	(a) 12/35	(b) 11/3	(c) 13/3	(d) none of these	
7. 1	The sum of the	probability of	of an event and	I non event is :	
) 0 (d) no		
8.	The following	probabilities	are given; cho	ose the correct answer	
	that which is n	ot possible.			
	(a) 0.15	(b) 2/7	(c) 7/5	(d) none of these.	
9. I				han the probability of	
	ing at least tw		•		
•			(c) ½	(d) 1/8	
10.	A letter is cho	sen at rando	om from the let	tters of the word	
				e letter chosen has:	
•	(a) 6/13	-	-	(d) none of these.	
	(4) 0, 10	(3) 1, 10	(0)	(4)	
11.	A dice is throw	n. Find the n	robability of g	etting an even number.	
(A) :		-	(C) 5/6	_	
· · · · ·	Z/3	(D) I	1010/0		
	2/3	(D) I	(0) 3/0	(=) 1/=	
	Two coins are	thrown at th	•	ind the probability of	
gett		thrown at th	•		

13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum of 9 is:

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C) 1/9	(D) 4	/9				
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.								
	(B) 27/50	(C) 1/4	(D)	29/100				
_	a blue ball is do a bag is:			If the probability en the number of				
		his box. Ther						
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100								
18. What is the probability of getting 53 Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) 53/366 (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366								
19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13								
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312 ,then the probability that it will point to an odd number is: (A) 1/6 (B) 1/12 (C) 7/12 (D) 5/12								
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Aryan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e. three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that Aryan will lose the game. (A) 3/4 (B) 1/2 (C) 1 (D) 1/4								

same birthda	ay is the same bi	_	both will have the (D) 1/133				
2. Then the p	er x is chosen at probability that x (C) 3/5	² < 2 is?	numbers -2, -1, 0	, 1,			
a marble is d red is 2/3, th	Irawn at random	from the jar, the post of white marbles in	nd others are white probability that it is n the jar is:				
Then the pro		a multiple of 3 ar	50 natural numbe nd 4 is:	rs.			
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
a) $\frac{1}{7}$	b) $\frac{5}{42}$	c) $\frac{1}{21}$	d) ± 21				
	_	n in 5 one day mat viation is	ches are 50, 70, 82	2,			
		c) 25.29	d) 25.69				
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
	b) 13, 18		d) 13	, 16			
29. A coin is 3 cases is	_	es. The probabili	ty that tails turn up) in			
a) $\frac{1}{2}$ 30. X is a val	b) $^1\!/_3$ riate between 0 a	c) $\frac{1}{4}$ and 3. The value of		1/6			
a) 8	b) 7	C) Z1	d) 9				
31. The random variables X and Y have variances 0.2 and 0.5 respectively. Let Z= 5X-2Y. The variance of Z is?							

32.Out of the probability?	he following valu	ies, which	one is not p	possible i	n
a) $P(x) = 1$	b) ∑ x P(d) P(x) :	(x) = 3			
c) $P(x) = 0.5$	d) P(x)	= -0.5			
33.If E(x) =	2 and E(z) = 4, t	hen E(z – x	() =?		
a) 2	b) 6	c) 0	C	l) Insuffici	ent data
34.The cova	ariance of two in	dependent	random va	ariable is	
a) 1	b) 0	c) - 1	(d) Undefin	ed
35.If Σ P(x) a) 0	b) 1	e value of c) 3		d) Insuffic	ient data
, ,	0.5 and x = 4, th b) 0.5	, ,		d) 2	
37.In a disc is always?	rete probability o	distributior	ı, the sum	of all prob	abilities
a) 0	b) Infinite	c) 1	ď) Undefine	ed
-	obability of hitti	ng the targ	et is 0.4, fi	nd mean a	and
variance. a) 0.4, 0.24	b) 0.6, 0.2	24	c) 0.4, 0.1	16 d)	0.6, 0.16
-	obability that a b % and if 10 boml b) 6, 2.4	bs are drop	•	nean and	
a) 2	e mean of tossing b) 4 c) the mean and v	8	d) 1 standard i	normal dis	stribution?

c) 5

d) 7

a) 3

b) 4

a) Mean is 0 and variance is 1 b) Mean is 1 and variance is 0 c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0									
		of a rand b) E(X			•		d) (E(X))2		
	43.Mean of a random variable X is given by a) E(X) b) E(X2) c) E(X2) - (E(X))2 d) (E(X))2								
	44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0								
45.V a) 0	/ariance	of a const	tant 'a' is			d) 1			
46.Find the mean and variance of X?									
	Х	0	1	2	3	4			
	f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9			
a) 2,	, 4/3	b) 3	, 4/3	Ó	2, 2/3		d) 3, 2/3		

47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?

	X	0	1	2	3	
	f(x)	1/6	2/6	2/6	1/6	
a) ().5		b) 1.5		c) 2.5	d) 3.5

48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by

- 49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use **Binomial Distribution.**
- a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx
- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx
- 50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard **Deviation?**

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 d) \sqrt{npq}