

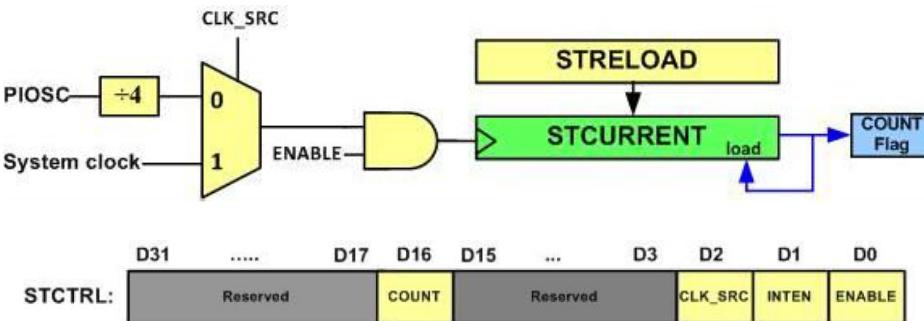
System Tick Timer (SysTick)

The Tiva-C system timer (SysTick) is a simple 24-bit decrementing timer. The timer can be used as an RTOS tick timer, high-speed alarm timer, or a simple counter.

The Timer Registers

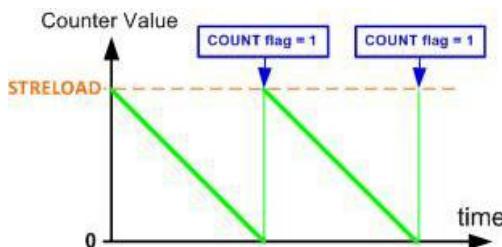
The Timer consists of three registers:

- SysTick Control and Status (**STCTRL**): used to enable the counter, enable the interrupt, select the clock source and determine the counter status. Use **SysTick->CTRL** to access it.
- SysTick Reload Value (**STRELOAD**): used to hold the reload value for the counter. Use **SysTick->LOAD** to access it.
- SysTick Current Value (**STCURRENT**): holds the current value of the counter. Use **SysTick->VAL** to access it.



How it works

After Starting, the timer counts down on each clock from the reload value in the **STRELOAD** register to zero, then starts again counting from the value in the **STRELOAD** register on the next clock. When it reaches 0, in the next clock, it underflows and it raises a flag called **COUNT** (field in the **STCTRL** register).



If **STRELOAD** register is loaded with N, then the SysTick needs $N+1$ clock cycles to set **COUNT** flag. Hence, the time needed to set **COUNT** is $(N+1) / \text{CLK}$. The following function makes a delay of 1ms. Assume sysclk = 16MHz

```
void delay(void)
{
    SysTick->LOAD = 15999;
    SysTick->CTRL = 0x5; /*Enable the timer and choose sysclk */
    while((SysTick->CTRL & 0x10000) == 0) /*wait until the Count flag is set */
    {
    }
    SysTick->CTRL = 0; /*Stop the timer (Enable = 0) */
}
```