Dictionary

- Dict items are enclosed in curly braces
- Dict items contains key, and value
- Dict keys need to be immutable (numbers, string, tuple) list not allowed
- Dict value can have any data types
- Dict keys need to be unique
- Dict is not ordered, you can access it's elements using its keys

```
user = {
   "name": "osama",
   "age": 35,
   "gender": "male"
}
              print(user)
print(user.keys())
print(user.values())
                        # dict_items([('name', 'osama'), ('age', 35), ('gender',
print(user.items())
'male')])
print(user.get("name"))
                         # osama
# two dimensional dictionary, also called nested dictionary
languages = {
    'one': {
       "name": "html",
       "progress": "90%",
       },
    'two': {
       "name": "css",
       "progress": "95%",
       },
    'three': {
       "name": "js",
       "progress": "85%",
}
print(languages.keys())
                          # dict_keys(['one', 'two', 'three'])
print(languages["one"])
                         # {'name': 'html', 'progress': '90%'}
print(languages["one"]["name"])
                                # html
print(len(languages)) # 3
                               # 2
print(len(languages["one"]))
```

Dictionary Methods

```
# clear()
# - used to clear all items on the dictionary
user = {
    "name": "osama",
    "grade": "A+",
    "age": 35,
}
user.clear()
                # {}
print(user)
# update()
# - used to update items in the dictionary
member = {
    "Name": "Osama",
print(member)
                    # {'Name': 'Osama'}
member.update( {"Country": "Egypt"} ) # {'Name': 'Osama', 'Country': 'Egypt'}
print(member)
# copy()
# - used to copy dictionary items to another dictionary
user_info = {
    "Name": "Osama",
    "Age": 35,
    "Gender": "Male",
USER_INFO = user_info.copy()
print(user_info) # {'Name': 'Osama', 'Age': 35, 'Gender': 'Male'}
print(USER_INFO) # {'Name': 'Osama', 'Age': 35, 'Gender': 'Male'}
# kevs()
# get the keys of the dictionary
                         # dict_keys(['Name', 'Age', 'Gender'])
print(user_info.keys())
# values()
# - get the values of the dictionary
print(user_info.values()) # dict_values(['Osama', 35, 'Male'])
# setdefault()
# - used to search about the key
# - if the key exist that will get the value of the key
# - if the key not exist that will be written on the dictionary
# if the key exists
user = {
    "Name": "Osama",
print(user)
               # {'Name': 'Osama'}
user.setdefault("Name", "Osama")
print(user) # {'Name': 'Osama'}
```

```
# if the key is not exist
# if not write the key, python will write it as "None"
member = {
    "Age": 35,
}
print(member)
                    # {'Age': 35}
member.setdefault("Name", "Osama")
print(member)
                    # {'Name': 'Mohamed', 'Age': 35}
user = {
    "Name": "Osama",
    "Age": 35,
    "Country": "Egypt",
# popitem()
# - this remove last element that exist on the dictionary
                # {'Name': 'Osama', 'Age': 35, 'Country': 'Egypt'}
tem()) # ('Country', 'Egypt')
print(user)
print(user.popitem())
print(user)
                # {'Name': 'Osama', 'Age': 35}
# items()
# - print all keys, values on the dictionary
                       # dict_items([('Name', 'Osama'), ('Age', 35)])
print(user.items())
# fromkeys()
# - make dictionary from variable, and iterable
# the keys will be random written in the dict
iterable_name = {"key 1", "key 2", "key 3"}
KEY = 'x'
print(dict.fromkeys(iterable_name, KEY)) # {'key 3': 'x', 'key 1': 'x', 'key 2': 'x'}
```