

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ a) } \text{curl } \vec{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ y^2 & 2xy + e^{3z} & 3ye^{3z} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \langle 3e^{3z} - 3e^{3z}, 0 - 0, 2y - 2y \rangle = \langle 0, 0, 0 \rangle$$

$$\text{b) } \varphi_x = y^2 \Rightarrow \varphi = y^2 x + g(y, z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_y = 2xy + g_y(y, z) = 2xy + e^{3z} = g_y(y, z) = e^{3z}$$

$$\Rightarrow g(y, z) = ye^{3z} + h(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi = y^2 x + ye^{3z} + h(z)$$

$$\Rightarrow \varphi_z = 3ye^{3z} + h'(z) = 3ye^{3z}$$

$$\Rightarrow h'(z) = 0 \Rightarrow h(z) \text{ constant (say 0)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\varphi = y^2 x + ye^{3z}}$$

$$\text{c) } \varphi(36, e^{15}, 7) - \varphi(0, 1, 7)$$

$$= (e^{15})^2 \cdot 36 + e^{15} e^{21} - 0 - 1 \cdot e^{21}$$

②  $z = f(x, y) = 7 - x^2 - 2y^2$

$\nabla f = \langle -2x, -4y \rangle = \langle -2, -4 \rangle$  at  $(1, 1)$

a) DD in direction  $\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rangle$

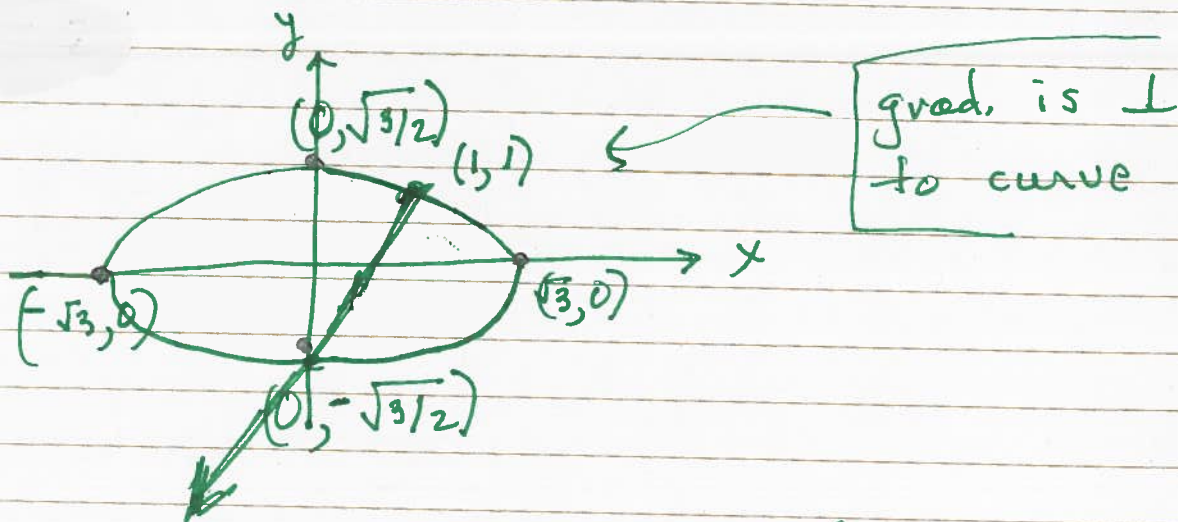
is  $\langle -2, -4 \rangle \cdot \langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rangle = -\frac{6}{\sqrt{2}} = -3\sqrt{2}$

b)  $\frac{-\nabla f}{\|\nabla f\|} = \frac{\langle 2, 4 \rangle}{\sqrt{20}}$  is direction

DD is

$\nabla f \cdot \frac{\langle 2, 4 \rangle}{\sqrt{20}} = \langle -2, -4 \rangle \cdot \frac{\langle 2, 4 \rangle}{\sqrt{20}} = -\sqrt{20}$

c)  $f(x, y) = 4$  becomes  $x^2 + 2y^2 = 3$



not to scale



$$\textcircled{3} \quad \theta = 45^\circ \therefore \cos \theta = \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$x(t) = (\sqrt{18} \cos \theta) t = 3t$$

$$\begin{aligned} y(t) &= -\frac{1}{2} \cdot 32 t^2 + (\sqrt{18} \sin \theta) t + 100 \\ &= -16 t^2 + 3t + 100 \end{aligned}$$

$$a) \quad y(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t \approx 2.6 \text{ sec} \quad (\text{by quadratic formula})$$

$$b) \quad x(2.6) \approx 7.8 \text{ ft}$$

④  $\vec{r} = \langle \cos 2t, \sin 2t, 6t \rangle$

$$\vec{r}' = \langle -2\sin 2t, 2\cos 2t, 6 \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}'' = \langle -4\cos 2t, -4\sin 2t, 0 \rangle$$

$$\|\vec{r}'\| = \sqrt{40}$$

a)  $L = \int_0^1 \sqrt{40} dt = \sqrt{40}$

b)  $K = \frac{\|\vec{r}'(0) \times \vec{r}''(0)\|}{\|\vec{r}'(0)\|^3}$

at  $t=0$

$\begin{pmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 0 & 2 & 6 \\ -4 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$$= \frac{\|\langle 0, -24, 8 \rangle\|}{40^{3/2}}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{640}}{40^{3/2}} = .1$$

$$(5) \quad f(x, y, z) = 2x^3 - e^{xy} - z = 0$$

$$\nabla f = \langle 6x^2, -xe^{xy}, -1 \rangle$$

$$= \langle 6, -1, -1 \rangle \quad \text{at } (1, 0, 1)$$

$$\underline{TP}: \quad \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x-1 \\ y-0 \\ z-1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$6x - y - z = 5$$

$$\underline{NL} \quad \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = 1 + 6t$$

$$y = -t$$

$$z = 1 - t$$



⑥

$$a) \text{ Area} = \frac{1}{2} \| \langle 2, 3, 4 \rangle \times \langle 7, 0, 3 \rangle \|$$

$$\hookrightarrow \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 7 & 0 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\langle 9, 22, -21 \rangle \leftarrow$$

$$\therefore \text{ Area} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{81 + 22^2 + 21^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1006} \approx 15.86$$

b) Think of volume of parallelepiped :

$$| \vec{a} \cdot (\vec{b} \times \vec{c}) |$$

$$| \langle 1, 4, 7 \rangle \cdot \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -9 & 18 \end{vmatrix} |$$

$$= | \langle 1, 4, 7 \rangle \cdot \langle 18, -36, -18 \rangle |$$

$$= 0 \quad \therefore 3 \text{ vectors coplanar (0-volume)}$$