COMP/MATH 339

Midterm Examination (Oct. 29, 10:15-11:30 AM)

If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the student is urged to make a clear statement of any assumptions made.

Show all the steps of your calculations and justify your answers (except Question 1)
Submit your solutions as a PDF file (maximum 5-6 pages) on Moodle, under Midterm Exam
Every page of your solution file must contain your name and student ID

- 1. (10 points) Short answer questions. Just give your answer, no explanation is required.
 - a) Give the number of binary strings of length 10 with at least two 1's.
 - b) Give the number of binary strings of length 10 with odd number of 0's.
 - c) In how many ways you can select (with repetitions allowed) k of n distinct objects?
 - d) Give the number of 7 digit decimal numbers containing a 0 and a 1.
 - e) What is the value of A, where $A = \sum_{k=0}^{39} {80 \choose 2k} \sum_{k=0}^{39} {80 \choose 2k+1}$
 - f) Evaluate: $\sum_{k=0}^{80} (-1)^{k+8} \begin{pmatrix} 80 \\ 80-k \end{pmatrix} 2^{84-k}$
 - g) What is the Ordinaray generating function for the sequence 0, -1, 0, -1, 0, -1,
 - h) What is the Exponential generating function for the sequence 0, -1, 0, -1, 0, -1,
 - i) g) What is the Ordinaray generating function for the sequence P(0), P(1), P(2),, where P(0) = 1 and P(n) is the number of partitions (without regarding the order) of positive integer n into summands that do not exceed 3.
 - j) Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + (n-1)^2$ for all n > 0, and $a_0 = 0$.
- 2. (5 points) Find the number of all permutations of the word A N T A N A N A R I V O
 - a) with non-distinguishable A's, non-distinguishable N's and no consecutive A's (2 points)
 - b) with non-distinguishable A's, distinguishable N's and at least 3 consecutive A's (3 points) Show the details of your solution.

(For no solution you will get 1 point)

- 3. (5 points) Define the integer sequence $a_0, a_1, a_2, ...$ recursively by
 - 1) $a_0 = a_1 = a_2 = 1$; and
 - 2) For $n \ge 3$, $a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-3}$

Prove by induction that $a_{n+2} \ge (\sqrt{2})^n$ for all $n \ge 0$.

(For no solution you will get 1 point)

- 4. (5 points) Show that $\binom{2n}{n} = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \binom{n}{k}^2$ using a combinatorial proof. Show the details of your solution. (For no solution you will get 1 point)
- 5. (5 points) Use the method of Generating function to find the number of 5 element subsets of the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, ..., 16\}$ with no consecutive integers. Show the details of your solution. For a complete solution using a different method you will get 2 points. (For no solution you will get 1 point)