CONCORDIA UNIVERSITY

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & SOFTWARE ENGINEERING COMP 232/4 INTRODUCTION TO DISCRETE MATHEMATICS Winter 2019

Assignment 4

Due date: Monday, April 1st, 2019

1. Find a formula for

$$\frac{1}{1\cdot 2} + \frac{1}{2\cdot 3} + \ldots + \frac{1}{n(n+1)}$$

by examining the values of this expression for small values of n. Use mathematical induction to prove your result.

2. Show that

$$1^3 + 2^3 + \ldots + n^3 = \left(\frac{n(n+1)}{2}\right)^2$$

whenever n is a positive integer.

- 3. Use mathematical induction to show that 3 divides $n^3 + 2n$ whenever n is a nonnegative integer.
- 4. Show that n lines separate the plane into $(n^2 + n + 2)/2$ regions if no two of these lines are parallel and no three pass through a common point.
- 5. Show by strong induction that any integer $n \geq 6$ can be written as 3a + 4b for some non-negative integers a and b.
- 6. Use strong induction to show that every positive integer can be written as a sum of distinct powers of two.

Hint: In the inductive step, consider separately the cases when n + 1 is even and n + 1 is odd.

- 7. The Fibonacci numbers are defined as follows: $f_1 = 1$, $f_2 = 1$, and $f_{n+2} = f_n + f_{n+1}$ whenever $n \ge 1$.
 - (a) Characterize the set of integers n for which f_n is even and prove your answer using induction.

1

(b) Use induction to prove that $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i f_i = n f_{n+2} - f_{n+3} + 2$ for all $n \ge 1$.