

Oct 2014

a)  $\underline{8} \cdot \underline{7} \cdot \underline{6} \cdot \underline{5} \cdot \underline{4} \cdot \underline{3} \cdot \underline{2} \cdot \underline{1} = 8!$

b)  $\underline{\text{cuple}} \quad \underline{\quad} \quad \underline{\quad} \quad \underline{\quad} \quad \underline{\quad} \quad \underline{\quad}$  4 ways to arrange =  $4!$   
couples

$$4! \cdot 2! \cdot 2! \cdot 2! \cdot 2! = 192$$

c)

$\underline{8}$	$\underline{7}$	$\underline{6}$	$\underline{5}$
$4!$			

$\underline{8}$	$\underline{7}$	$\underline{6}$	$\underline{5}$
$4!$			

$= 4! \times 4!$

2)  $P(E) = 0.2$ ,  $P(T|E) = .75$  <sup>not, if, what, given</sup>

$$P(T|E') = 0.2$$

$$P(E|T) = \frac{P(T|E)P(E)}{P(T|E)P(E) + P(T|E')P(E')} = \frac{(.75)(.2)}{(.75)(.2) + (.8)(.2)} \Rightarrow$$

$$= 0.4839$$

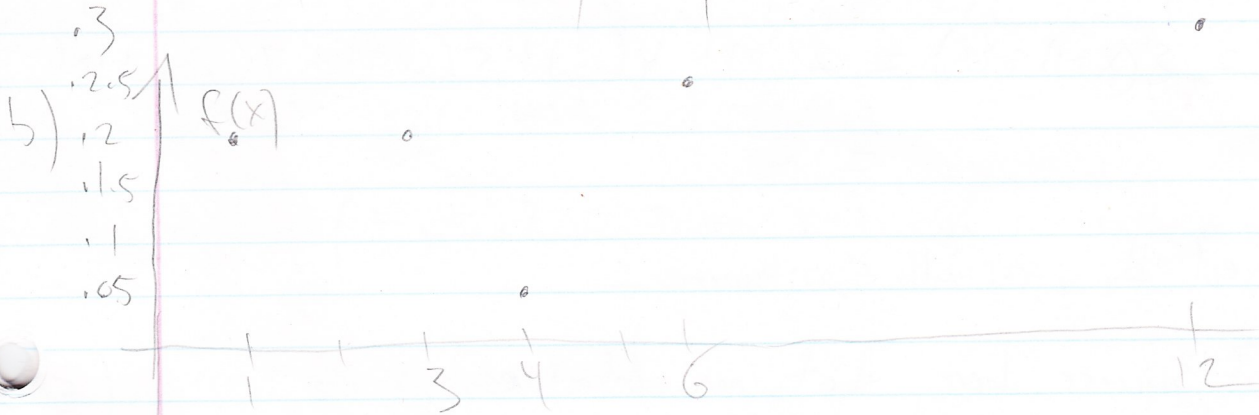
3)  $F \rightarrow f$

$x$	1	3	4	6	12
$f(x)$	.2-0	.4-.2	.45-.4	.7-.45	1-.7

1) What can  $x$  be equal to?

$x$	1	3	4	6	12
$f(x)$	.2	.2	.05	.25	.3

must add to 1



Small  $f$  dots big  $F$  lines  
 don't correct

$$.7 - .2 = \boxed{0.5}$$

$$F(6) - F(2)$$

c)  $P(3 \leq x \leq 6)$



$$d) E(X) = \sum x f(x)$$

$$= 1(.2) + 3(.2) + 4(.05) + 6(.25) + 12(.3)$$

$$= 6.1$$

$$V(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2 = 55 - (6.1)^2 = 17.79$$

(can't be negative)

$$e) E(Y) = \sum (x+1) f(x) = 2(.2) + 4(.2) + 5(.05) + 7(.25) + 13(.3) = 7$$

4) a) fixed  $n$ , Bernoulli  $\rightarrow$  binomial

$X = n$  of success here  $n$  of non defectives

$$n = 5, p = 0.85$$

$$P(X=5) \Rightarrow \binom{5}{5} (.85)^5 (.15)^0 = 0.4437$$

b) expected  $\rightarrow$  mean  $\mu = np = 5(.85) = 4.25$   
 Find  
 on  
 sheet

$$c) \sigma^2 = np(1-p) = 5(.85)(.15) = .6375$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma^2} = .7984$$



4) - Binomial again

-  $X$  is # of trials (boxes) w/ only nondefectives

$$n = 10, \quad p = \text{part a} \approx 0.4437$$

$$P(X \geq 8) = P(X=8) + P(X=9) + P(X=10)$$

e) Until 1st success  $\rightarrow$  Geometric or Neg Binomial

$X$  = # of boxes until 1st success

$$r = 1, \quad p = .4437$$

Since  $r=1$  we can call distribution geometric

5) average  $\Rightarrow$  poisson

a) -  $X$  : # something per something  
Bus minute

$$- \lambda = \frac{360}{\text{hr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} = 5/\text{min}$$

$$- P(X=0) = \frac{e^{-5} (5)^0}{0!} =$$

$$b) \lambda = 5/\text{min} = 10/2 \text{ min}$$

c) S1) p is 5

S2) # buses / 2 min

$$S3) \lambda = 10/2 \text{ min} \rightarrow P(X=10) = \frac{e^{-10} (10)^{10}}{10!}$$