CV HW3

R11922196 林佑鑫

(a) original image and its histogram

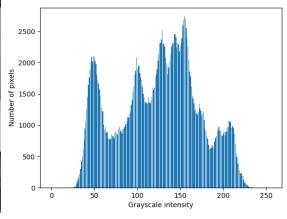
Brief description, algorithm: iterate through 每個 pixels,並將各個 pixel 的 值記錄在 256 維的 list 中,例如(1, 1)值為 136,則 count[136]加一,最後畫出 count list。

Parameters: None

Principal code fragment:

Resulting image:





(b) image with intensity divided by 3 and its histogram

Brief description, algorithm: iterate through 每個 pixels、將每個 pixel 的値都除三並無條件捨去,得到 new_img,最後用(a)小題的程式畫出histogram。

Parameters: None

Principal code fragment:

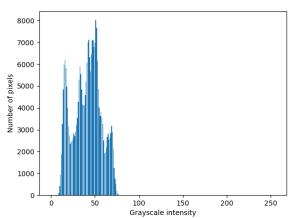
```
def intensity_divided_by_three(img):
    height, width = img.shape
    new_img = np.zeros_like(img)

for h in range(height):
    for w in range(width):
        new_img[h, w] = img[h, w] // 3

return new_img
```

Resulting image:





(c) image after applying histogram equalization to (b) and its histogram Brief description, algorithm: 先 iterate 記錄各個 grayscale intensity pixels 的數量,記錄在 count 裡。用 CH3 講義 page 105 算出 intensity 轉換的 map,並將 img 轉換爲 new_img,最後一樣用(a)小題的程式畫成 histogram。

Parameters: None

Principal code fragment:

```
def histogram_equalization(img):
    map = np.zeros(256, dtype=float)
    count = np.zeros(256, dtype=int)
    height, width = img.shape
    total_pixels = height * width
    for h in range(height):
        for w in range(width):
            count[img[h, w]] += 1
    for k in range(256):
        for j in range(k):
            map[k] += 255 * count[j] / total_pixels
    new_img = np.zeros_like(img)
    for h in range(height):
        for w in range(width):
            new_img[h, w] = int(map[img[h, w]])
    return new_img
```

Resulting image:



