

R&S®CMW-KM4xx/-KS4xx

WCDMA UE Firmware Applications

User Manual



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This user manual describes the following R&S®CMW options:

- R&S®CMW-KM400 (WCDMA R99, TX measurement, uplink)
- R&S®CMW-KM401 (WCDMA R5/6 HSPA, TX measurement, uplink)
- R&S®CMW-KM403 (WCDMA R7 HSPA+, TX measurement, uplink)
- R&S®CMW-KM405 (WCDMA R9 HSPA+, TX measurement, uplink)
- R&S®CMW-KM012 (TX measurement, multi evaluation list mode)
- R&S®CMW-KS400 (WCDMA R99, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS401 (WCDMA R5/6 HSPA, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS403 (WCDMA R7 HSPA+, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS404 (WCDMA R8, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS405 (WCDMA R9 DB-HSDPA, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS406 (WCDMA R10 HSPA+, basic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS410 (WCDMA R99, advanced signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS411 (WCDMA R5/6 HSPA, advanced signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS413 (WCDMA R7 HSPA+, advanced signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KS425 (WCDMA, user defined bands, generic signaling)
- R&S®CMW-KE100 (Basic fading support: AWGN generator)
- R&S®CMW-KE400 (WCDMA fading profiles TS 25.101, excerpts)

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The following abbreviations are used throughout this manual: R&S®CMW is abbreviated as R&S CMW.

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1 Preface

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1.1 Documentation Overview

This section provides an overview of the R&S CMW user documentation. Most documents are available in PDF format. You can download them from the CMW customer web.

The CMW customer web is a section of GLORIS, the global Rohde & Schwarz information system, see <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>. A registration is required.

Getting started manual / quick start guide

Depending on the instrument model, there is either a getting started manual or a quick start guide.

The document introduces the R&S CMW and describes how to set up and start working with the product.

Online help

The online help is embedded in the software. It offers quick, context-sensitive access to the information needed for operation and programming.

If you perform a software update, the corresponding part of the online help is also updated.

User manual

The user manual provides the same information as the online help. The manual is split into several PDF files:

- The base unit manual describes the base software and common features of the firmware applications. It also describes basic principles for manual operation and remote control. The manual includes the contents of the getting started manual / quick start guide.
- Additional documents, like this one, describe the firmware applications, including the graphical user interface of each application and the remote control commands.

Features & functions

The features & functions documents list the available software options and the related features, settings and measurement results.

Basic safety instructions

Contains safety instructions, operating conditions and further important information. The printed document is delivered with the instrument.

Data sheet and brochure

The data sheet contains the technical specifications of the R&S CMW.

The brochure provides an overview of the instrument and deals with the specific characteristics.

Release notes and open source acknowledgment (OSA)

The release notes list new features, improvements and known issues per software version and installation package.

The open source acknowledgment provides verbatim license texts of the used open source software.

Application notes, application cards, white papers, etc.

These documents deal with special applications or background information on particular topics, see www.rohde-schwarz.com/appnotes.

1.2 R&S CMW Models

The R&S CMW software supports several instrument models. Depending on the model, only a subset of the software packages and software options is allowed.

To check whether this document is relevant for your instrument model and which software options are supported, refer to the preface of your model-specific base unit manual. The PDF filename of this manual starts with CMW<Model>_UserManual, for example CMW500_UserManual.

1.3 How to Read Firmware Application Chapters

Each firmware application is described in a separate chapter. These chapters can be read independently of each other. However, they are all organized as follows:

1. General description
2. Application sheets (optional)
3. GUI reference
4. Programming examples
5. Command reference

The chapters "System Overview" and "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual provide additional important information independent of the individual firmware applications. The most important parts are referenced by the firmware application descriptions.

1.3.1 General Description

This section provides a general description of the firmware application, independent of a specific operation mode (manual or remote control). It gives a high-level introduction to the capabilities of the firmware application. Background information related to the network standard is given as far as it is directly related to administrable parameters. For measurement applications, a detailed description of measurement results and a description of configurable limits is given, including the relation to conformance requirements defined in network standard specifications.

1.3.2 Application Sheets

This optional section provides short application examples for select issues and related background information.

1.3.3 GUI Reference

The GUI reference describes the manual operation of the firmware application via the graphical user interface (GUI).

The description of a configuration dialog usually starts with a screenshot presenting the preset values of the parameters (sometimes preset values are modified to enable hidden parts of a dialog). Below the screenshot all shown parameters are described. For each single parameter, a link to the corresponding command description in the command reference is provided. Ranges for numeric parameters and reset values are given there.

For measurement results, links to the corresponding command descriptions are provided (commands to retrieve the results). The measurement results are described in detail in the general description chapter.

1.3.4 Programming Examples

The programming examples show how to control and configure the firmware application via a remote-control program and how to retrieve measurement results. The examples consist of comprehensive command sequences. You can check just a single command of a sequence to get an example for the syntax of this single command. But you can also consider an entire sequence showing the commands in the context of a command script, under consideration of dependencies and required orders of the commands.

The command sequences are written with the intention to list most commands of the firmware application. They do not show the fastest way for a given configuration task. The fastest way would use many reset values and omit the corresponding commands.

The examples are referenced by the command descriptions of the command reference.

1.3.5 Command Reference

The command reference provides information on the remote commands of the firmware application. The commands are grouped according to their function.

Each command description indicates the syntax of the command header and of the parameters. For input parameters the allowed ranges, reset values and default units are listed, for returned values the expected ranges and default units. Most commands have a command form and a query form. Exceptions are marked by "Setting only", "Query only" or "Event". Furthermore, a link to the programming examples is provided and the first software version supporting the command is indicated.

2 WCDMA Signaling

The "WCDMA Signaling" firmware application (option R&S CMW-KS400) allows you to emulate a UTRAN cell and to communicate with the UE under test. The UE can synchronize to the DL signal, register to the circuit switched (CS) domain and attach to the packet switched (PS) domain. A mobile originated or mobile terminated connection can be set up.

In addition to the signaling mode, a reduced signaling mode is supported. It allows you to set up a connection without registration, attach and layer 3 signaling. Thus modules only supporting layer 1 and 2 can be tested.

The basic R99 signaling functionality provided by R&S CMW-KS400 can be enhanced by the following options:

- R&S CMW-KS410: advanced parameter settings for R99
- R&S CMW-KS401: basic signaling for R5/6, e.g. setup of an HSPA test mode connection
- R&S CMW-KS411: advanced parameter settings for R5/6, e.g. flexible user-defined HSDPA configuration
- R&S CMW-KS403: basic signaling for R7, e.g. connection with 64-QAM modulation (HSPA+)
- R&S CMW-KS413: advanced parameter settings for R7, e.g. CPC feature
- R&S CMW-KS404: basic signaling for R8, e.g. dual carrier HSDPA+
- R&S CMW-KS405: basic signaling for R9, e.g. dual band HSDPA+ or DC-HSUPA
- R&S CMW-KS406: basic signaling for R10, e.g. 3C-HSDPA
- R&S CMW-KS425: not standardized S and L operating bands
- R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400: internal fading (R&S CMW-KS410 and fader I/Q board also required).
- R&S CMW-KS170: support of the wireless emergency alerts (WEA) solution, formerly known as the commercial mobile alert system (CMAS)

Most tests can be performed using the WCDMA "Multi Evaluation" measurement, the "TPC" measurement or the "PRACH" measurement (all included in option R&S CMW-KM400). Data transfer tests can be performed using the data application unit (DAU, option R&S CMW-B450x and R&S CMW-KM050).

Additional measurements are provided by the WCDMA signaling application. For details refer to:

- [BER Measurement](#)
- [HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)
- [HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)
- [E-HICH Measurement](#)
- [E-AGCH Measurement](#)
- [E-RGCH Measurement](#)
- [RLC Throughput Measurement](#)
- [UL Logging Measurement](#)

2.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA Signaling" application. Compared to version 3.5.40, the following features have been added:

- User-defined bands, see [Band Definition](#)
- Robust header compression, see [ROHC](#)
- Additional settings for downlink power control, see [DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration](#)
- Trigger for out-of-sync handling tests, see [Trigger Signals](#)
- Cell change order, see [Mobility Mode](#)
- [Radio Capability Update Requirement](#)
- [Local Time Zone Offset](#)
- Details on coding and modulation in the results of HSDPA ACK RX measurements, see [HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)
- Cell restart with logs reset, see [Debug Settings](#)
- Routing area update reject, see [Reject Causes](#)
- Wizard for out-of-sync handling tests, see [Wizard settings for out-of-sync handling measurement](#)
- The settings of UE category in the GUI of the following wizards:
 - "HSDPA Max. Throughput"
 - "HSUPA Max. Throughput"
 - "HSPA Max. Throughput"Refer to [Using the WCDMA Wizards](#)
- Individual command to set MNC size, see [MNC](#)
- Ranges of inactivity timers reduced, see [Inactivity Timer](#)

2.2 General Description

The following sections describe how to use the R&S CMW for WCDMA signaling tests and provide background information.

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2.2.1 Test Setups

These sections provide an overview of typical test setups for the individual scenarios.

Using several signaling applications in parallel

Depending on the installed hardware and software options, you can run several signaling application instances in parallel.

Example: Assume an instrument with two signaling unit wideband (SUW), one signaling unit universal (SUU), four TX paths and four RX paths.

This instrument allows you to run for example:

- Two WCDMA signaling instances using the dual carrier HSDPA scenario plus one instance of an SUU signaling application (e.g. GSM / CDMA2000), or
- One WCDMA signaling instance using the dual carrier HSDPA scenario, plus one instance of an SUW signaling application (e.g. LTE), or
- One WCDMA signaling instance using the 3C-HSDPA scenario, plus one instance of an SUU signaling application (e.g. GSM / CDMA2000).

The LTE and WCDMA signaling applications both use the SUW. Signaling instance 1 uses SUW1, while instance 2 uses SUW2. An SUW can only be used by one instance at a time. You can run for example LTE signaling instance 2 and WCDMA signaling instance 1 in parallel, but not instance 1 of both applications.

For the minimal HW requirements depending on the selected scenario, refer to [Table 2-38](#).

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2.2.1.1 Test Setup for Standard Cell Scenario

The basic test setup for a standard cell scenario uses a bidirectional RF connection. The RF connection is between the tester and the device under test (DUT), carrying both the downlink and the uplink signal:

- The R&S CMW transmits the downlink signal to which the DUT can synchronize to register or attach. The downlink signal is used to transfer signaling messages and user data to the DUT.
- The DUT transmits an uplink signal that the R&S CMW can receive and decode to set up a connection and execute various measurements.

For this setup, the DUT is connected to one of the bidirectional RF COM connectors at the front panel of the R&S CMW. No additional cabling and no external trigger are needed. The input level ranges of all RF COM connectors are identical.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

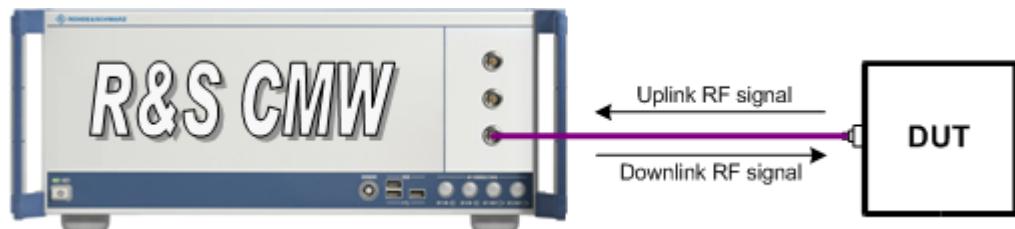


Figure 2-1: Test setup for standard cell

2.2.1.2 Test Setup for Dual Carrier Scenarios

A test setup for a connection with dual carrier involves one or two uplink and two downlink signals.

Setup with one RF TX/RX module

For the tests within a single band, the two downlink/uplink carriers can be routed via only one TX/RX module. For the limitations, refer to "[Output Power \(I_{or}\)](#)" on page 175. The test setup is identical with the [Test Setup for Standard Cell Scenario](#).

Setup with two TX/RX modules

It is also possible to route the two downlink/uplink signals via different TX/RX modules. This test setup is mandatory for multi-band operation, scenarios with fading and Rx diversity.

Depending on the instrument hardware and the UE connectors, you can use one or two connectors at the UE. Many UEs provide several connectors, but only one of them can be used for WCDMA.

Typical setups using two Tx/Rx paths:

- The UE uses only one connector for WCDMA

Use a bidirectional RF connector for the first downlink and uplink signal and a separate RF connector for the second downlink and if used also for the second uplink signal. Connect both RF connectors to an external combiner and connect the combiner to the UE.

- The UE uses two connectors for WCDMA

Use a bidirectional connector for the first downlink and uplink signal. Connect it to the first antenna of the UE. Use an additional connector for the second downlink and if used also for the second uplink signal. Connect it to the second antenna of the UE.

The following figure illustrates this example.



Figure 2-2: Test setup using two connectors at instrument side and UE side

1 = downlink of the carrier one (DL1) and all uplink signals to the first antenna of the UE

2 = DL2 and alternatively if necessary also UL2 to the second antenna of the UE

2.2.1.3 Test Setup for 3C-HSDPA Scenario

This test setup involves two uplink HSUPA signals and three HSDPA+ carriers in downlink. The three downlink carriers can be routed via only two TX modules. The two uplink carriers can be routed via only one RX module.

Use a bidirectional RF connector for uplink (UL1, UL2) and for the first and third downlink (DL1, DL3) signal and another bidirectional RF connector for the second downlink (DL2) signal. Connect the RF connectors to the UE antennas.

The following figure illustrates this example.



Figure 2-3: Test setup for 3C-HSDPA (basic frontend)

1 = DL1, DL3 and UL1, UL2 to the first antenna of the UE

2 = DL2 to the second antenna of the UE

For the DUT with only one WCDMA antenna, connect both R&S CMW RF connectors to an external combiner and connect the combiner to the UE.

The instrument with advanced frontend supports also a setup with only one bidirectional RF connector for all uplink and downlink signals. This test setup is identical with the [Test Setup for Standard Cell Scenario](#).

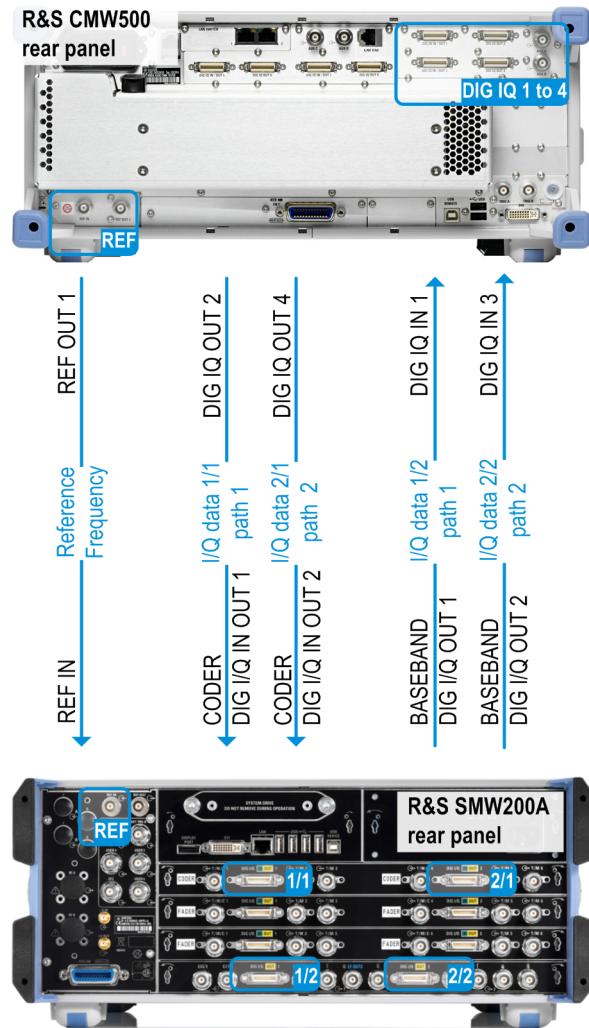
For the limitation for two DL carriers combined on only one TX module, refer to "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175. To avoid such limitation, it is also possible to route the downlink/uplink carriers via different TX/RX modules.

2.2.1.4 Test Setup for External Fading Scenarios

To superimpose fading on the baseband signal, you can integrate an external fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) into a test setup. The external fader must be connected to the digital I/Q interface of the R&S CMW. At least one I/Q board must be installed at the R&S CMW for that purpose (option R&S CMW-B510x/-B520x).

All connections between R&S CMW and R&S SMW200A are established via the rear panels of the instruments.

The following figure shows a setup with two downlink paths using the first I/Q board (DIG IQ 1 to 4).



For a setup with only one downlink path, you need only two of the four I/Q data connections.

The RF connections between R&S CMW and DUT must be established in the same way as without external fading.

2.2.1.5 Test Setup for Internal Fading Scenarios without RX Diversity

The test setup is the same as for the corresponding scenario without fading. The R&S CMW adds the fading signal to the original downlink signal.

While multi-carrier single band fading scenarios require one IQ fader board, dual band fading scenarios require two IQ boards.

2.2.1.6 Test Setup for RX Diversity Scenarios without Dual Band

RX diversity scenarios require two TX modules and a UE with two WCDMA antennas.

If internal fading has to be used, the test setup is the same as for the dual carrier scenario with internal fading.

If external fader has to be used (e.g. SMW200A), the test setup is the same as for the scenario with external fading.

The following figure illustrates which paths the RF signals use. Fader signal consists of fading superimposed on the original downlink signal.



Figure 2-4: Test setup for RX diversity (single band)

1 = uplink plus faded downlink signal of carrier one and two (if needed) to the first antenna of the UE

2 = the second downlink path (carrier one and two) to the second antenna of the UE

2.2.1.7 Test Setup for Dual Carrier Dual Band RX Diversity

The test setup for "Dual Carrier Dual Band RX Diversity" scenario uses four different TX modules for the downlink direction.

If internal fading has to be used, the test setup allocates two internal faders.

If external fader has to be used (e.g. SMW200A), the test setup is the same as for the scenario with external fading.

The following figure illustrates which paths the RF signals use. Fader signal consists of fading superimposed on the original downlink signal.



Figure 2-5: Test setup for dual band RX diversity (basic frontend)

1 = uplink plus faded downlink signal of the carrier one to the first antenna of the UE

2 = faded downlink signal of the carrier two to the first antenna of the UE

3 = the second downlink path of the faded carrier one to the second antenna of the UE

4 = the second downlink path of the faded carrier two to the second antenna of the UE

The instrument with advanced frontend supports also a setup without combiners using only two TX connectors. The following figure illustrates this example.



Figure 2-6: Test setup for dual band RX diversity (advanced frontend)

1 = UL plus faded DL1 and DL2 to the first antenna of the UE

2 = the second downlink path (fading, DL1, DL2) to the second antenna of the UE

2.2.2 Initiating Signaling Tests

The WCDMA downlink signal is turned on as long as the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey indicates the ON state (after switching on, wait until the hour glass symbol has disappeared). When DL signal transmission has been turned on, the connection states can be controlled via hotkeys at the R&S CMW (see [Chapter 2.4.2, "Signaling and Connection Control"](#), on page 158) and via actions at the UE.

The default settings of the R&S CMW generally ensure a DL signal with suitable characteristics for connection setup. The most important settings can be modified directly in the main view.

Checks for failed registration or attach

If the registration of the UE fails, check the demodulation info (see ["CMW Demod. Info"](#) on page 133) and the following R&S CMW settings:

- Reduced signaling must be disabled.
- The frequency of the generated DL signal must be within the frequency bands supported by the UE.
- The expected nominal power must be in accordance with the uplink signal power.
- The output power must be sufficient so that the UE under test can receive the DL signal.

- The PRACH settings must allow a positive answer to received preambles:
 - Enhanced AICH settings: "Acknowledge = Positive"
 - PRACH settings: "Preambles before AICH Transmission ≤ Preamble maximum Retransmission"
- The security settings in the "Network" section of the configuration dialog must be in accordance with the UE capabilities.

Registration can fail if authentication or security is disabled but the UE expects/ requires an authentication or security procedure. It can also fail if authentication or security is enabled but not supported by the UE or the SIM card type or secret key do not match.

An appropriate 3GPP USIM can be obtained from Rohde & Schwarz (R&S CMW-Z04, stock no. 1207.9901.02).
- If operating band VI is used, the MCC has to be set to a value between 440 and 443. Otherwise a release 5 UE (or lower) fails to register in band VI. For reference, see 3GPP TS 25.307 up to release 5, section 6.1.2.

Measurements

The required settings vary depending on the measurement to be performed. However, the general procedure outlined below is applicable to most measurements performed without reduced signaling and without data application unit (no end to end connection).

For a detailed example of a connection setup, see [Chapter 2.3.1.2, "Setting Up a Connection"](#), on page 109.

1. Connect your UE to the R&S CMW (see [Test Setups](#)).
2. Open the WCDMA signaling firmware application.
3. Configure the signaling application according to your test. For TX measurements, disable measurement reporting.
4. To turn on the DL signal, click/press ON | OFF and wait until the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey indicates the "ON" state and the hour glass symbol has disappeared.
5. Switch on the UE.

The UE synchronizes to the DL signal and registers (attaches). Note the connection states displayed in the main view.

6. Set up a UE originated or UE terminated connection.
7. Use the "WCDMA RX Meas" or "WCDMA TX Meas" softkey to switch to the measurement application. The "WCDMA Signaling" firmware application provides the WCDMA RX measurements. The WCDMA TX measurements are available as option R&S CMW-KM400.
8. Configure and start the measurement.



Order of steps

Measurements provided by the signaling application can also be initiated before turning on the DL signal. In that case, the measurement starts when the preconditions for the measurement are fulfilled. A BER measurement for instance starts when a suitable RMC connection has been set up.

2.2.3 Reduced Signaling Mode

In the default mode (no reduced signaling), the WCDMA signaling application emulates a UTRAN cell and generates a downlink WCDMA signal. The UE can synchronize to the downlink signal, register to the circuit switched (CS) domain and attach to the packet switched (PS) domain. After registration/attach, you can set up a connection.

In the reduced signaling mode, the R&S CMW also provides a WCDMA downlink signal, but it does not transfer layer 3 messages. There is no dialog between instrument and UE. No registration or attach procedure is performed and no call connection is set up, so that test times are reduced considerably. Only test mode connections are possible.

To use the reduced signaling mode, ensure that the UE synchronizes to the received downlink signal and transmits an uplink WCDMA signal with correct timing relative to the downlink signal. The offset between DL DPCH and UL DPCH has to be 1024 chips. The signal must contain all channels usually present during an established connection. Configure your UE accordingly. There are no messages sent from the instrument to the UE to configure it.

Please note that the UE must signal the used transport format via the TFCI field. The calculated transport format combination (CTFC) value to be signaled depends on the uplink transport channel configuration. If the uplink signal contains DTCH data only, CTFC=2 must be signaled. If it contains DCCH and DTCH data, CTFC=3 must be signaled. The following table shows the used mapping.

Table 2-1: Used mapping of CTFC values

CTFC	DTCH	DCCH
0	TF0	TF0
2	TF1	TF0
1	TF0	TF1
3	TF1	TF1

Initiating tests with reduced signaling

1. Connect your UE to the R&S CMW (see [Test Setups](#)).
2. Open the "WCDMA signaling" firmware application.
3. Enable the "Reduced Signaling" mode in the "Cell Setup" settings in the main view. See [Chapter 2.4.1.7, "Settings"](#), on page 157.

4. Configure the signaling application. The settings at application side and UE side must match. The instrument does not configure the UE.
5. To turn on the downlink signal, click/press ON | OFF and wait until the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey indicates the "ON" state and the hour glass symbol has disappeared.
The generated signal contains the physical channels P-CPICH, P-SCH, S-SCH, P-CCPCH and PICH.
6. To turn on the additional channels only present during an established connection, click/press "Connection Setup On".
Note the connection state, changing to "On" after completion.
7. Switch on and configure the UE, so that it synchronizes to the DL signal and provides a WCDMA uplink signal timed correctly relative to the downlink signal.
The demodulation information displayed in the connection status pane indicates whether the power of the uplink signal is in range and the R&S CMW can synchronize to the uplink signal.
8. Start measurements in the same way as with "normal" signaling.



Order of steps

The steps listed above describe one possible way how to initiate tests with reduced signaling. The order of the steps is not fixed. You can still vary many settings after switching on the cell, e.g. enable or disable reduced signaling or modify the RMC data rate. Even after switching on the dedicated channels you can still vary the power and channelization codes of some physical downlink channels.

Measurements of the uplink signal are largely analogous with and without reduced signaling. Any differences are stated in the corresponding sections. In both modes, it is possible to send transmit power control (TPC) commands to the UE and measure the resulting uplink power changes. Receiver quality tests are also supported in both modes.

Some parameters that can be configured without reduced signaling are not relevant for reduced signaling and are hidden while this mode is enabled. Corresponding hints are given in the parameter descriptions.

Troubleshooting

If the UE fails to synchronize to the downlink signal or the R&S CMW fails to synchronize to the uplink signal, check that all signaling settings and UE settings are compatible.

Check especially the following settings:

- Operating band and carrier frequency
- Expected nominal power and output power
- Connection configuration settings, e.g. for RMC connections the UL RMC data rate
- Channelization code number of downlink DPCH and for HSDPA test mode also of HS-SCCH

- Downlink scrambling codes
- All settings influencing the selection of MAC-hs or MAC-ehs for HSDPA, see "["MAC-hs / MAC-ehs selection"](#) on page 56
Use the same MAC entity type both at the instrument and the UE, either MAC-hs or MAC-ehs.

Please note that depending on the configured HSPA test mode direction ("["Direction"](#) on page 219) enabled HSPA downlink channels are only present after successful synchronization:

- Direction = HSDPA: The enabled HSDPA-related channels are present when the reduced signaling state on is reached. They are even present if the synchronization of the R&S CMW to the uplink signal is not yet complete or fails.
- Direction = HSPA: The enabled HSDPA and HSUPA downlink channels are only transmitted when the R&S CMW has successfully synchronized to the uplink signal.

2.2.4 End to End Packet Data Connections

To set up a WCDMA packet data connection, you need the data application unit (DAU) in addition to the WCDMA signaling application. The DAU itself is available as option R&S CMW-B450x and the DAU measurements as R&S CMW-KM050. For IPv4 option R&S CMW-KA100 is required, for IPv6 also option R&S CMW-KA150.

For configuration of the DAU, e.g. for initial configuration of the DAU IP settings, please refer to the DAU documentation.

To set up an end to end packet data connection, proceed as follows:

1. Configure the IP settings of DAU according to the DAU documentation.
2. Enable [Packet Switched Domain](#).
3. Enable [Enable Data end to end](#).
4. Configure the packet data parameters. See [Chapter 2.4.11.6, "Packet Data"](#), on page 219
5. Configure any other settings as desired (as for a connection without the DAU) and switch on the cell signal.
6. Register / attach the UE.
7. Initiate a mobile originated packet data connection at the UE.
It is not possible to initiate a mobile terminated packet data connection at the instrument.
The UE establishes single PDP context.
8. If necessary, the UE initiates additional packet data connection for multiple PDP context (e.g. using AT commands or a suitable application).
Monitor the event log. Additional PDP context is indicated.

When the packet data connection has been established, you can use the DAU to perform IP-based data tests (see DAU documentation).

You can also perform an "RLC Throughput" measurement, see [Chapter 2.2.25, "RLC Throughput Measurement"](#), on page 102. Or you can execute other measurements that do not require a DAU, e.g. HSDPA ACK, E-HICH or TX measurements. The BER measurement cannot be performed with a packet data connection.

Most measurements require the transmission of data. For a test mode connection, the signaling application takes care of downlink data transmission. For a packet data connection, the signaling application does not transfer data. So you must generate IP traffic by other means, e.g. using the DAU. You can for example initiate an "IPerf" measurement or an FTP data transfer. For details, refer to the DAU documentation.

Some DAU measurements and applications require to enter the IP addresses assigned to the UE. You can retrieve this information from the UE info section, see [Chapter 2.4.1.5, "UE Info"](#), on page 154.

2.2.5 Audio Measurements

The "Audio Measurements" application with audio measurement option provides an audio signal for audio tests and analyzes the audio signal (for example microphone- and speaker tests for a mobile phone).

In addition, the audio board houses a speech codec board, that provides an interface to the signaling units of the R&S CMW. It decodes the signal delivered by a WCDMA signaling application or encodes an audio signal and delivers it to the WCDMA signaling application.

The speech codec allows the signaling application WCDMA to test the whole transmission chain of the signal. Particularly from analog input into the DUT's microphone through the RF to the output of the AF signal, and the reverse way. Here, the format of the AF signal is selectable between digital (SPDIF), and analog (AF connectors).

Which option is required, depends on your instrument:

- Option R&S CMW-B400B "Audio Analyzer/Generator" is compatible to R&S CMW delivered after November 2011. It is also compatible to R&S CMW delivered before November 2011, that have been upgraded with R&S CMW-U5024.
- Option R&S CMW-U400 "Audio Analyzer/Generator" is compatible to R&S CMW delivered before November 2011, that have not been upgraded with R&S CMW-U5024.
- The audio board must be enhanced with a speech codec board (R&S CMW-B405A).
- Install the latest audio firmware/software package (Setup_CMW_AUDIO.exe) at your R&S CMW. This firmware application provides the routing of speech coder either to audio connectors or to internal audio generator and measurements.

The procedure outlined below is applicable to audio measurements with the "WCDMA signaling" application. For the detailed information, refer to the user manual of the audio measurements application.

To set up an audio connection, perform the following steps:

1. Connect the DUT with the audio connectors provided by the R&S CMW with an installed audio board. Select the connectors according to your test. For the test set-ups, refer to the user manual of the audio measurements application.
2. In the WCDMA signaling, select the [UE term. Connection](#) parameter "Voice".
3. Set the voice [Data Source](#) parameter "Speech".
4. Press the softkey "Go to..." (or "Audio Measurement" if preconfigured) to open the "Audio Measurements" application. See [Chapter 2.4.3, "Using the Shortcut Soft-keys"](#), on page 162.

The "Audio Measurements" application selects a scenario automatically, for example "External Analog Speech Analysis". In addition, the WCDMA signaling is coupled as a controlling master application, to which the speech codec is connected ("Controlled by" setting).

5. For a different test, change the scenario of audio measurements.
6. Configure coding rates for NB or WB AMR connection. See [Chapter 2.4.11.2, "Voice Connection Settings"](#), on page 212.
While the speech decoder detects the coding rate of the incoming speech packets and can adapt to it, the speech encoder uses only the configured coding rate. In case multiple coding rate M is selected, then the encoder is configured with coding rate A for NB AMR and coding rate G for WB AMR.
7. Configure any other settings as desired (as for a connection without the audio board) and switch on the cell signal.
8. Monitor the event log. After switching on the cell, the speech codec is active.

Event Log	
16:08:38	Cell On, Standard Cell Scenario
16:08:05	Speech Unit Available
16:08:02	Signaling Unit Startup
16:08:01	Speech Unit Startup

9. Turn on an internal audio generator of the audio measurements application.
10. Set up a UE originated or UE terminated voice connection.
11. Analyze the audio signal e.g. using the audio measurements application. The WCDMA TX measurements evaluate the different characteristics of the signal as well.

2.2.6 External Fading

An external fading scenario allows you to route the downlink baseband signal to an external fader that superimposes fading on the signal and routes it back. Thus fading can be added to the downlink signal.

Configuring and activating fading

1. Connect the DUT and the external fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) to the R&S CMW (see [Chapter 2.2.1.4, "Test Setup for External Fading Scenarios", on page 20](#)).
2. Configure the signaling application according to your test. Especially specify an external fading scenario and the downlink settings.
3. In the configuration tree, section "IQ Settings > IQ Out", note the "Baseband PEP" and the "Crest Factor".
4. Configure the external fader, especially the following settings:
 - Reference oscillator settings:
 - Set source to *External*
 - Set external reference frequency to 10 MHz
 - Baseband input settings for all used connectors:
 - Set sample rate as user-defined to 100 MHz
 - Baseband input level: enter the crest factor and the PEP displayed in [step 3](#).
 - Digital I/Q output settings for all used connectors:
 - Set sample rate as user-defined to 100 MHz
 - Set output signal level via peak level PEP
 - Set PEP to the value displayed in [step 3](#)
5. In the external fader, activate fading. Note the signal level. If you add noise to the signal, note the signal level without noise.
6. Configure the I/Q input of the R&S CMW:
In the configuration tree, section "IQ Settings > IQ In > Baseband Level", enter the signal level noted in the previous step.
Alternatively, specify the signal output level of the external fader, to note the resulting PEP and to enter this PEP value at the R&S CMW for "Baseband PEP" (not recommended).
7. Turn on the downlink signal at the signaling application. Set up a connection.

The configuration is now complete. Fading is active.

A reconfiguration of the settings at the external fader during an active connection to the DUT results in the loss of the connection or in erroneous measurement results. After a reconfiguration of the baseband input settings of the external fader, turn the downlink signal at the signaling application off and on again.

2.2.7 Internal Fading

Testing under realistic air interface conditions is important in order to verify the receiver performance and the correct operation of the DUT's protocol stack implementation. For example, block error rates, throughput performance and correct operation of layer 1 procedures like hybrid automatic repeat request (HARQ) retransmission can be evaluated.

The internal fading module comes with a fading simulator and AWGN generator that can be selectively enabled. It manipulates the generated downlink I/Q data stream to emulate typical signal conditions at the DUT's receiver.

The following options are required to use the internal fading simulator in WCDMA:

- One fader I/Q board R&S CMW-B510F or R&S CMW-B520F per signaling instance using internal fading.
- One option R&S CMW-KS410 "WCDMA R99, advanced signaling" per WCDMA signaling instance using fading.
- A single option R&S CMW-KE100 B"asic Fading support: AWGN generator".
- A single option R&S CMW-KE400 "WCDMA Fading Profiles TS 25.101, excerpts".

2.2.7.1 Fading Simulator

Multi-path fading is an effect which occurs in real world situations. A signal sent from the base station takes different routes (direct line of sight and/or reflected). It reaches the receiving antenna at different times leading to a sum of phase shifted and, if the receiver is moving, frequency shifted signals.

The internal fading simulator supports propagation conditions defined in annex B.2 of 3GPP TS 25.101 e.g. multipath, moving or birth-death propagation.

A faded signal has a higher crest factor than an unfaded one. To avoid distortion, the baseband signal must be attenuated before entering the fading module, with the necessary attenuation (insertion loss) depending on the selected fading profile.

In WCDMA signaling, the insertion loss at the baseband level can be calculated automatically or set manually. It is automatically compensated on the HF level, which implies a shift of the allowed DL power level range to the same extent, but in opposite direction.

2.2.7.2 AWGN Generator

Additional white Gaussian noise (AWGN) is typically modeled in receiver tests, because it leads to a decrease of throughput. The quality of the received signal is affected by the ratio of the signal power to the surrounding traffic noise level (signal to noise ratio). The modulated signals from neighbor cells simply appear as noise. This effect is simulated by adding AWGN to the signal.

The internal fading module supports AWGN insertion with configurable noise level. Insertion loss at the baseband level is calculated and compensated automatically at the HF.

The properties of the AWGN interferer comply with the requirements of 3GPP TS 34.121, section D1.1 defined as follows:

- For tests with single carrier: minimum bandwidth 5.76 MHz, flatness less than ± 0.5 dB
- For tests with dual carrier HSDPA: minimum bandwidth 11.52 MHz, flatness less than ± 1.0 dB
- Peak to average ratio at a probability of 0.001 % above 10 dB

It is needed for many of the performance tests and support of RRM tests described in 3GPP TS 34.121.

The noise to system bandwidth ratio of the R&S CMW signal depends on the [Carrier Separation](#) value as follows:

- For single carrier, the value equals 1.5 (5.76 MHz / 3.84 MHz)
- For multi-carrier scenarios with the carrier separation less than 9 MHz, the AWGN signal is transmitted at first carrier only with the noise bandwidth = 23.76 MHz. AWGN signal affects all carriers. The minimum noise to system bandwidth ratio equals 6.1875.
- For multi-carrier scenarios with the carrier separation \geq 9 MHz, the AWGN signal is transmitted per carrier with the noise bandwidth = 5.76 MHz.

AWGN insertion via the signaling unit is disabled for fading scenarios (see "[AWGN Noise \(loc\)](#)" on page 175).

2.2.8 Connection States

The UMTS core network consists of two service domains, the circuit switched (CS) and the packet switched (PS) domain. You can set up a connection in the CS domain and/or a connection in the PS domain. For supported connection types, see [Chapter 2.2.12, "Connection Types"](#), on page 48.

The connection schemes for the CS domain and the PS domain are mostly independent from each other. The downlink signal generated by the R&S CMW can emulate a UTRAN cell supporting both CS and PS services, or a UTRAN cell supporting CS services only.

A UE that supports both CS and PS services can be connected to one of the service domains or to both domains, see [Chapter 2.2.12, "Connection Types"](#), on page 48.

2.2.8.1 CS Connection States

The main CS connection states are described in the following table.

CS state	Description
"Off"	No signal transmission / no connection to the UE
"On"	The R&S CMW emulates a UTRAN cell, transmitting a WCDMA signal to which the UE can synchronize. After synchronization the UE can initiate a registration towards the instrument, and the instrument can page the UE to attempt a connection.
"Registered"	Synchronization and registration have been performed.

CS state	Description
"Alerting"	The R&S CMW or the UE started a call attempt. For a mobile terminated call, the UE is responding (ringing) but the connection is not yet established. For a mobile originated call, the MOC Alerting Timeout has not expired yet. This state is skipped for "Connection Type" = "Test Mode".
"Call Established"	A radio resource control (RRC) connection between the instrument and the UE has been established. It means that dedicated channels are allocated between the R&S CMW and the UE. Depending on the radio access bearer (RAB) configuration, the dedicated channel can consist of the signaling radio bearer (SRB). SRB is used to set up the connection or other RABs, e.g. a reference measurement channel (RMC) or voice channel (AMR).

Control commands initiated by the R&S CMW or by the UE switch between the listed states. The following figure shows possible state transitions.

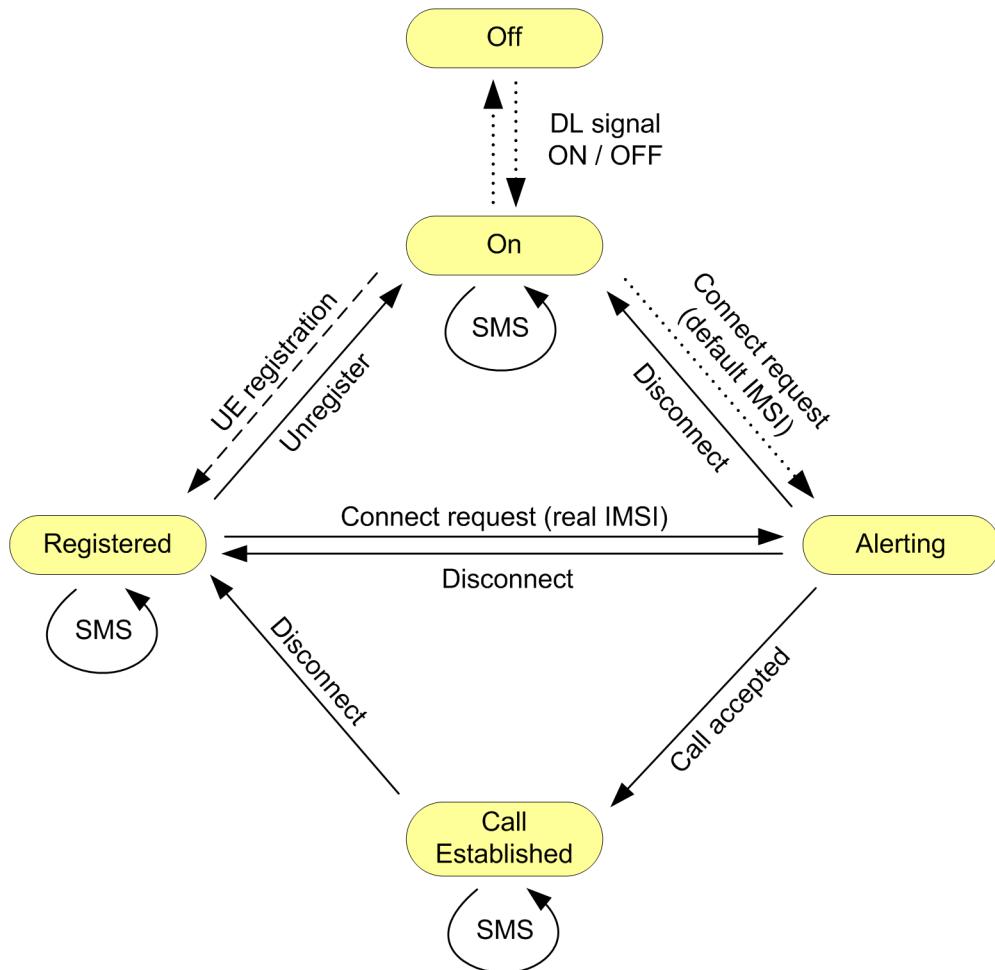


Figure 2-7: Connection states CS domain

dotted line = action initiated by instrument
 dashed line = action initiated by UE
 solid line = action initiated by UE or instrument

In addition to the main states shown in the table and the figure the instrument indicates the following transitory states:

- **"Signaling"**
Displayed e.g. during UE registration, while a short message is sent / received or when the channel changes during a call
- **"Paging"**
Displayed during MTC setup. When an answer from the UE is received, the state changes to "Call Setup in Progress".
- **"Connecting"**
Displayed during MOC and MTC setup
- **"Incoming Handover / Redirection Preparation"**
Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection from another signaling application is requested.
- **"Incoming Handover / Redirection"**
Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection from another signaling application is performed.
- **"Outgoing Handover / Redirection"**
Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection to another signaling application is performed.
- **"Disconnecting"**



Additional transitions and handover

The transitions in the figure above are not complete. The "Off" state can be reached from any state by turning off the cell signal (ON | OFF). Moreover, incidents like an alerting timeout or a loss of the radio link cause additional transitions.

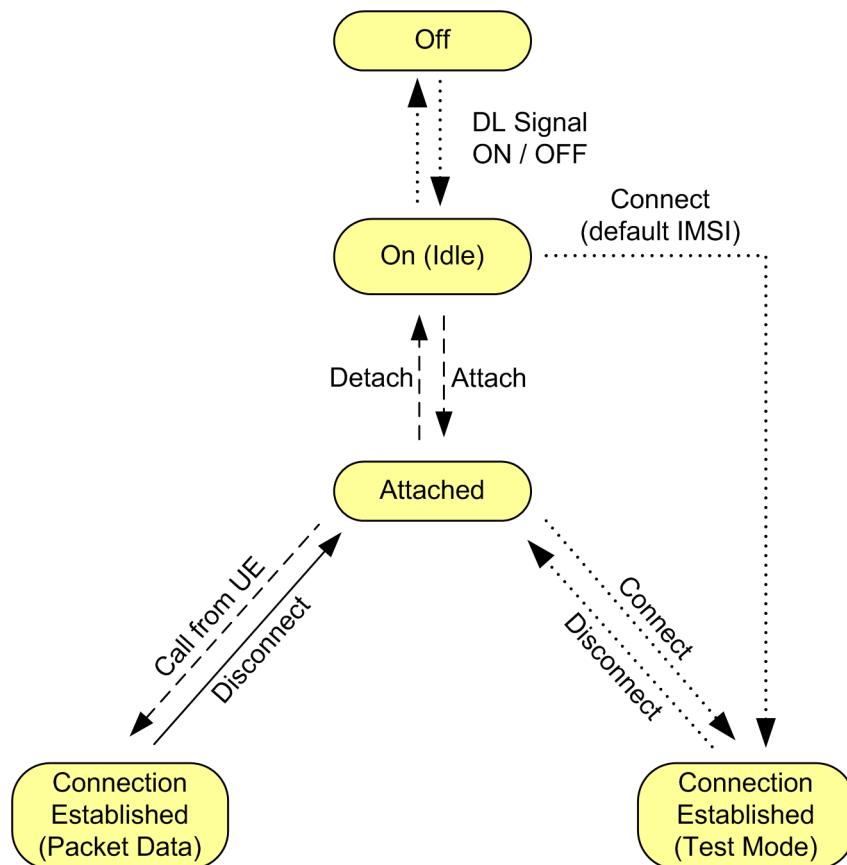
An inter-RAT handover to another signaling application can be performed in the "Call Established" CS state; see [Chapter 2.2.9, "Handover", on page 36](#).

2.2.8.2 PS Connection States

The main PS connection states are described in the following table.

PS state	Description
"Off"	No signal transmission
"On (Idle)"	The R&S CMW emulates a UTRAN cell, transmitting a WCDMA signal to which the UE can synchronize. After synchronization, the UE can read the packet switched domain information. It learns that the instrument (representing the serving cell in a real network) supports packet switched services and can initiate a PS attach.
"Attached"	The UE is PS attached.
"Connection Established"	A connection has been set up, either an RMC on PS, a mobile terminated test mode connection, or a mobile originated end to end packet data connection.

Several control commands initiated by the instrument or by the UE switch between the listed states. The following figure shows possible state transitions.

**Figure 2-8: Connection States PS domain**

dotted line = action initiated by instrument
 dashed line = action initiated by UE
 solid line = action initiated by UE or instrument

In addition to the main states shown in the table and the figure the instrument indicates the following transitory states:

- **"Signaling"**
Displayed e.g. during attach
- **"Connecting"**
Displayed during state transition from "On" or "Attached" to "Connection Established"
- **"Disconnecting"**
Displayed during state transition from "Connection Established" back to "On" or "Attached"
- **"Incoming Handover / Redirection Preparation"**
Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection from another signaling application is requested.
- **"Incoming Handover / Redirection"**
Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection from another signaling application is performed.
- **"Outgoing Handover / Redirection"**

Displayed while an inter-RAT handover/redirection to another signaling application is performed.



Additional transitions

The transitions in the figure above are not complete. The "Off" state can be reached from any state by turning off the cell signal (ON | OFF). Moreover, incidents like a time-out or a loss of the radio link cause additional transitions.

2.2.8.3 Connection States for Reduced Signaling

The main connection states in reduced signaling mode are described in the following table.

Cell state	Reduced signaling state	Description
"Off"	"Off"	No signal transmission / no connection to the UE
"On"	"Off"	The R&S CMW provides a downlink signal containing the following physical channels: P-CPICH, P-SCH, S-SCH, P-CCPCH and PICH. The UE can synchronize to this downlink signal.
"On"	"On"	The physical channels relevant during a connection are provided by the downlink signal. The configured RF input connector is active, so that the uplink signal can be received. It is possible to set up a test mode connection. Note that for HSPA test mode Direction = "HSPA" HSDPA and HSUPA downlink channels are only enabled when the R&S CMW has successfully completed synchronization to the UL signal.

Control commands initiated by the R&S CMW switch between the listed states. The following figure shows possible state transitions.

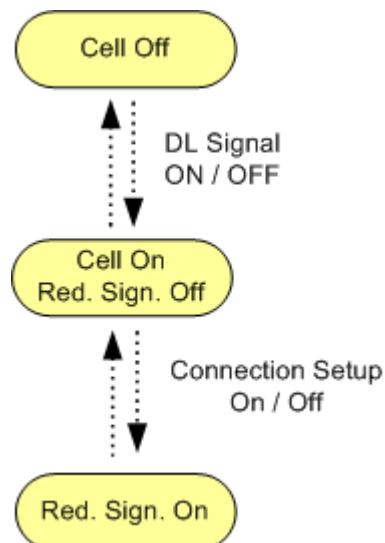


Figure 2-9: Connection states in reduced signaling mode

In addition to the main states shown in the table and the figure the instrument indicates the following transitory states:

- **"Switching Channels On/Off":**

Displayed during transition from state "Reduced Signaling = Off" to "Reduced Signaling = On" and vice versa



Additional transitions

The transitions in the figure above are not complete. The "Cell Off" state can be reached from any state by turning off the cell signal (ON | OFF). Moreover, incidents like a timeout or a loss of the radio link cause additional transitions.

2.2.9 Handover

The WCDMA signaling application supports the following signaling applications for mobility management:

- Transition within the signaling application
- Transition to another signaling application (e.g. to the LTE signaling application)
- Transition to an external instrument (e.g. another R&S CMW or an R&S CMU 200)

The following mobility management mechanisms are supported:

- **Handover:**

The R&S CMW performs an RRC connection reconfiguration. The reconfiguration message includes inter-RAT mobility control information. After successful handover, the connection is continued, using the "Destination Parameters".

Intra-RAT and inter-RAT handovers are supported.

- Intra-RAT handover within the WCDMA signaling application supports CS connections with or without RX diversity and PS connections.

Intra-RAT handover allows you to change the operating band and the channels in a more efficient way than by direct reconfiguration.

- Inter-RAT handover performs handover to another signaling application e.g. GSM. The two signaling applications use two different TX/RX modules. In addition, the inter-RAT handover WCDMA - GSM within a single TX/RX module is also supported.

For an incoming handover, the target WCDMA call type depends on the configuration of several parameters. An overview with supported call types is given in [Table 2-2](#). A compatible source call type must be selected in a particular handover source RAT.

Configure a target WCDMA call type as follows:

- To specify target voice connection, set [Handover](#) to "Voice" and select [Data Source](#)
- To specify test mode, set [Handover](#) to "Test Mode", [UE term. Connection](#) to "Test Mode" and select [Type](#)
- To specify target packet data end to end connection, switch on [Enable Data end to end](#), set [Handover](#) to "Data end to end"

- **Redirection:**

The R&S CMW performs an RRC connection release with redirection information. This mechanism is relevant for a redirection between two different WCDMA instances and for a redirection to another signaling application (e.g. LTE) or another instrument.

A redirection results in a new registration of the UE at the redirection destination. The WCDMA connection is released, the DUT attaches to the destination target cell, no new connection is established. For WCDMA to WCDMA redirection, the UE cannot register in the target cell if this cell differs from the source cell only in the frequency.

For a redirection to another instrument, there is no communication at all between the two instruments and no cabling between the two instruments is required. The UE must be connected to both instruments, e.g. via an external combiner.

- **Circuit switched fallback from LTE to WCDMA:**

The LTE signaling informs the UE via a CS service notification about an incoming mobile terminated call. The UE answers with an extended service request with circuit switched fallback (CSFB) response. Then the R&S CMW performs an RRC connection release with redirection information. The GUI parameter [MT CS Fall-back](#) specifies the target WCDMA call type (either voice call or CS RMC connection in test mode). The UE sends a paging response to the handover destination and a new CS connection is established by the WCDMA signaling application.

The LTE signaling application can be at the same instrument or at another R&S CMW.

- **Cell change order:**

The R&S CMW initiates changing the mobile's serving cell. The UE is in PS attached or connected status. With CS connection cell change order is not possible. The R&S CMW sends a cell change order with the parameters of the destination cell. If the mobile was actively transferring data, the further packet data transfer is handled by signaling between the mobile and destination cell, and does not involve the origination cell.

Table 2-2: WCDMA mobility management supported by the R&S CMW

Mechanism	RAT	WCDMA call type
Handover	WCDMA to WCDMA	voice (loopback, speech), test mode (RMC, HSPA), packet data end to end
	WCDMA to GSM	voice (loopback, speech), test mode (RMC, HSPA)
	WCDMA to LTE	packet data end to end
	GSM to WCDMA	voice (loopback), test mode (RMC, HSPA)
	LTE to WCDMA	packet data end to end, test mode (RMC, HSPA) if supported by the DUT
Redirection	WCDMA to GSM/LTE/WCDMA	any connection type
	any RAT to WCDMA	any connection type
Cell change order	WCDMA to GSM	PS attached or connected without CS connection
CS fallback	LTE to WCDMA	voice (loopback, speech), test mode (CS RMC)

How to perform an outgoing handover

1. Ensure that the two signaling applications use different RX/TX modules ("Converter" setting). For the inter-RAT handover to GSM, one TX/ RX module is sufficient.
2. In the WCDMA signaling application, establish a connection to the DUT.
3. Press the "Inter/Intra-RAT ..." hotkey. A configuration dialog box opens.
4. Configure the settings in the dialog:
 - a) Select the handover target - either the WCDMA signaling application or another signaling application or "No Connection" for an external instrument (for redirection only).
 - b) Select the "Mobility Mode".
 - c) Configure the destination parameters. For a handover to an external instrument, the parameters must reflect the actual configuration of the external instrument.
 - d) If you have selected another signaling application as target, the R&S CMW activates the target cell automatically (downlink signal switched on). Wait until the cell icon  includes an RDY"" to indicate that the handover target is ready to receive the handover.

See also [Troubleshooting](#).

5. Press the button "Execute".

You can monitor the handover process in the "Event Log" area of the main view of the signaling applications.



If you want to reconfigure only one parameter of the WCDMA signaling application, you can also do it directly, without using the "Inter/Intra-RAT ..." hotkey. Simply modify the channel or the operating band during an established connection. The R&S CMW then initiates the parameter reconfiguration.

Troubleshooting

- You can get an error message, stating that blind handover is not supported. This error means that the handover source and target must use different RF paths, so that they can be active in parallel. Whether it is required, depend on the target RAT and on the used mobility management mechanism.
In that case, configure different RX/TX modules ("Converter" setting) for the handover source and target RAT. Keep in mind that several RF paths can be used by the WCDMA signaling application, for example for RX diversity.
- During an incoming handover, a warning message "Mismatching incoming handover configuration" can be displayed in the event log. This error means that the configuration of mobility management in source and destination RAT is not matching. For example: in GSM voice call, a handover to WCDMA is triggered but "Incoming IRAT HO/Mobility"->"Handover" is set to "Data end to end" in WCDMA signaling. This connection type is not supported and the warning message appears. Set "Incoming IRAT HO/Mobility"->"Handover" accordingly, i.e. to "Voice" or "Test Mode".

2.2.10 Messaging (SMS)

The R&S CMW sends and receives short message service (SMS) messages in the signaling state registered and CS connected (voice call).

The R&S CMW sends messages stored in a file or entered directly at the GUI. Incoming messages are stored in files and the last received one is also displayed at the GUI.

The syntax of incoming and outgoing messages is identical, so that the file with a received message can be used to send the message again.

Files have an extension .sms. They are stored in the directory

D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\SMS\WCDMA\Send\ respectively

D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\SMS\WCDMA\Received\.



At R&S CMW startup, all files in the receive directory are deleted.

The R&S CMW recognizes automatically the two supported file formats:

- **Unicode:** 16-bit big-Endian files.

The file contains only user data (unicode text). The R&S CMW does not evaluate the content.

The received messages are stored as rx_sms_xyz_utf_16_BE.sms, where xyz is a sequential number.

- **ANSI:** text files based on ASCII.

The R&S CMW sends and receives messages with data encoding of 7-bit ASCII, 8-bit binary (2 hex-chars per byte) or 16-bit unicode (4 hex-chars per unicode character).

The received messages are stored as `rx_sms_xyz.sms`, where `xyz` is a sequential number.

- ASCII: max 160 characters per message

All characters on the data line are interpreted using the 7-bit ASCII set of characters. Each character must be in the valid ASCII range. Spacing is allowed anywhere since a space is a valid ASCII character.

- Binary: max 140 bytes (2 hex-chars per byte) per message

Data is interpreted as a set of hexadecimal characters representing binary data. The characters must be in the valid hexadecimal range. There must be an even quantity of characters. A space is allowed between each group of four characters for easier reading. For example, the sequence

`4A 5D`

`G6`

Is allowed as well as `4A5DG6`.

- Unicode: max 70 characters (4 hex-chars per unicode character) per message

Data is interpreted as a set of hexadecimal characters representing unicode data. The characters must be in the valid hexadecimal range. There must be 4 hex characters for each unicode character. A space is allowed between each group of four characters for easier reading.

This SMS message file format has a header with all necessary information, see table below.

Table 2-3: ANSI file syntax

Label	Value
ENCODING=	ASCII (7 bit), BINARY (8 bit), UNICODE (16 bit: Big-Endian)
DATA=	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Content according to ENCODING setting • Multiple data lines allowed for sequential SMS • HEX representation for all non-ASCII encoding types

Example: ANSI file - ASCII encoding

SMS message file with ASCII encoding and text *R&S CMW Short Message Service Test - Text SMS*:

`ENCODING=ASCII`

`DATA=R&S CMW Short Message Service Test - Text SMS`

Example: ANSI file - binary encoding

SMS message file with binary encoding and text *R&S CMW Short Message Service Test - Text SMS*:

`ENCODING=BINARY`

`DATA=52265320434D572053686F7274204D65737361676520536572766963652054
657374202D2042696E61727920534D53`

Example: ANSI file - unicode encoding

SMS message file with unicode encoding, teleservice and text *R&S CMW Short Message Service Test - Text SMS*:

ENCODING=UNICODE

**DATA=00520026005300200043004D0057002000530068006F007200740020004D00
650073007300610067006500200053006500720076006900630065002000540065007
300740020002D00200055006E00690063006F0064006500200053004D0053**

Test procedure

1. Create / select an SMS message to send.
2. Configure the send parameters.
3. Register the UE.
4. Use the softkey "Send SMS".

The R&S CMW sends the message to the UE. For a large message, it is truncated or multiple files are sent depending on settings.

Receiving SMS happens without any interaction of the user. The received message files are stored automatically. If requested by the UE, the R&S CMW automatically sends back the SMS status report. No GUI element or remote control exists for the status report.

2.2.11 Physical DL Channels

The radio resources in a WCDMA system are divided into physical channels characterized by a specific carrier frequency, scrambling code, channelization code and duration.

The time duration is defined in integer multiples of chips, slots and radio frames. With a chip rate of 3.84 Mchip/s, a slot corresponds to 2560 chips. A frame consists of 15 slots, i.e. 38400 chips or 10 ms. An HSPA subframe contains 3 slots.

The signaling application provides a set of downlink physical channels allowing the UE to synchronize to the signal, initiate a registration and set up a connection.

For details, refer to the following sections.

● Channel Overview	42
● UE Synchronization and Scrambling Code Identification	44
● Scrambling Codes	45
● Channelization Codes	45
● Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator (OCNS)	46
● Power Levels	47

2.2.11.1 Channel Overview

3GPP specifies different physical channel types. The channels are generated by mapping transport channel information into a physical channel and differ in their physical parameters.

Common channels carry messages that are not directed at a particular UE; they are point-to-multipoint channels. Dedicated channels carry information related to a particular connection; they are point-to-point channels. Shared channels are dedicated channels shared by several UEs. At a given time, a shared channel is assigned to one UE only, but the assignment can change within a few timeslots.

An overview of the physical channels of the generated downlink signal is given in the following table. The third column lists some channel properties. If not mentioned otherwise both primary and secondary scrambling code are allowed and the channelization code can be set. The spreading factor (SF) and the symbol rate are indicated.

Table 2-4: Physical DL channels

Channel type	Purpose	Properties
Primary common pilot channel (P-CPICH)	Determination of the scrambling code out of a scrambling code group Phase reference for SCH and other downlink physical channels	SF = 256, 15 kbps Fixed channelization code $c_{256,0}$ Primary scrambling code Predefined symbol sequence
Secondary common pilot channel (S-CPICH)	Alternative phase reference for the cell; also used as a phase reference for some conformance tests	SF = 256, 15 kbps Predefined symbol sequence Zero or one S-CPICH channel per cell
Primary synchronization channel (P-SCH)	Slot synchronization between the instrument and the UE	Fixed 256-chip code (primary synchronization code) Time-multiplexed with P-CCPCH, 256 chips per slot No channelization, no scrambling
Secondary synchronization channel (S-SCH)	Frame synchronization between the instrument and the UE Provides the scrambling code group	256-chip code depending on the slot number and the scrambling code group Time-multiplexed with P-CCPCH, 256 chips per slot No channelization, no scrambling
Primary common control physical channel (P-CCPCH)	Transmits the system frame number (SFN) and is used as a timing reference for all physical channels Carries the BCH transport channel	SF = 256, 15 kbps Fixed channelization code $c_{256,1}$ Primary scrambling code Time-multiplexed with SCH, 2304 chips per slot
Secondary common control physical channel (S-CCPCH)	Carries the forward access channel (FACH) and the paging channel (PCH)	SF = 64, 60 kbps Primary scrambling code
Paging indicator channel (PICH)	Transfer of paging indicators to the UE	SF = 256, 15 kbps Primary scrambling code First 288 bits of radio frame carry paging indicators, remaining 12 bits no transmission (DTX).

Channel type	Purpose	Properties
Acquisition indicator channel (AICH)	Transfer of acquisition indicators to the UE	SF = 256, 15 kbps Primary scrambling code Repeated sequence of 15 access slots with 5120 chips each. First 4096 chips of access slot carry acquisition indicators, remaining 1024 chips no transmission (DTX).
Dedicated physical channel (DPCH)	Transfer of control information via dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH) and user data via dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH) to the UE. The DPCCH carries pilot bits, transmit power control (TPC) bits and transport format combination indicators (TFCI).	Variable spreading factor depending on connection configuration (e.g. connection type and data rate). DPCCH and DPDCH time-multiplexed
Fractional dedicated physical channel (F-DPCH)	Is a special case of downlink DPCCH, carries control information for the UL DPCCH associated with the F-DPCH. Transfer of up to 10 TPC streams for 10 different HSDPA users.	SF = 256, 15 kbps
High-speed shared control channel (HS-SCCH)	Transfer of downlink signaling information necessary for decoding the HS-PDSCH. Carries a UE ID identifying the target UE of the information. One HS-SCCH set with up to 4 HS-SCCHs can be allocated to one UE. UE monitors allocated HS-SCCHs. When receiving corresponding control information, it starts receiving the indicated HS-PDSCHs.	SF = 128, 30 kbps
High-speed physical downlink shared channel (HS-PDSCH)	Carries the high-speed downlink shared channel (HS-DSCH)	SF = 16, 240 kbps (several codes can be assigned to the same UE)
Enhanced DCH absolute grant channel (E-AGCH)	Transfer of uplink E-DCH absolute grants to the UE	SF = 256, 15 kbps
Enhanced DCH relative grant channel (E-RGCH)	Transfer of uplink E-DCH relative grants to the UE	SF = 128, 30 kbps Same channelization code as E-HICH
Enhanced DCH HARQ indicator channel (E-HICH)	Transfer of uplink E-DCH HARQ acknowledgement indicators to the UE	SF = 128, 30 kbps Same channelization code as E-RGCH

The R&S CMW uses the scheme defined in 3GPP TS 25.213 to spread and combine the downlink channels (see figure below). For all physical channels except P-SCH and S-SCH, the real-valued symbols are mapped to an I and Q branch. The I and Q branches of each channel are spread to the chip rate using the same channelization code $c_{SF,m}$ for both branches.

The complex-valued chip sequences are scrambled with primary or secondary scrambling codes S^P or S^S , weighted with individual factors G and then combined using complex addition. The G factors are directly related to the individual channel levels set at the instrument. See also [Chapter 2.2.11.3, "Scrambling Codes"](#), on page 45.

The complex-valued synchronization channels P-SCH and S-SCH are not spread but weighted separately and then added to the already combined signal.

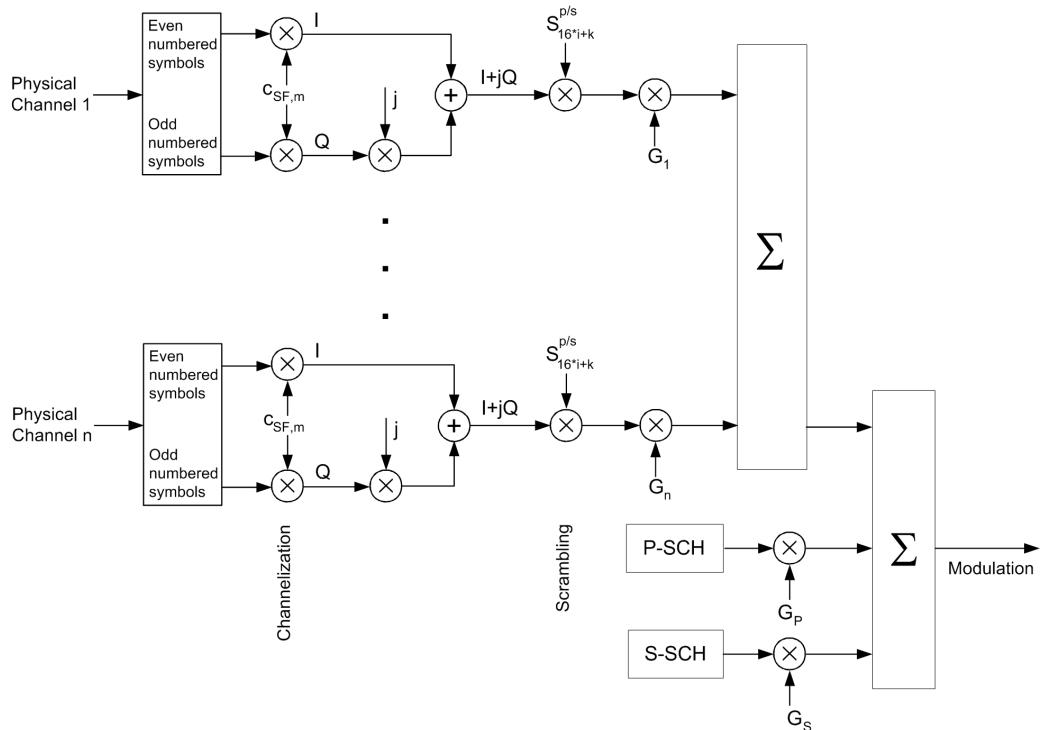


Figure 2-10: Channelization, scrambling, weighting and combining of downlink channels

2.2.11.2 UE Synchronization and Scrambling Code Identification

With the channels of the generated DL signal, synchronization of the UE and scrambling code identification is a three-step process:

1. Slot synchronization

The UE searches for the P-SCH and detects the primary synchronization code using correlation methods. The start of the P-SCH marks the beginning of a slot.

2. Frame synchronization and scrambling code group identification

The UE detects the secondary synchronization code transmitted on the S-SCH to obtain the frame time and the scrambling code group. If needed, it also determines the system frame number (SFN) transmitted on the P-CCPCH.

3. Scrambling code identification and data evaluation

The UE detects the P-CPICH to determine the primary scrambling code within the scrambling code group obtained in step 2. Using this information, it is possible to detect the scrambling code of the DPCH and to decode the data.

2.2.11.3 Scrambling Codes

Scrambling codes are defined in 3GPP TS 25.213. They are used in uplink and downlink.

DL scrambling codes

In the downlink, scrambling codes are used to distinguish different cells. 512 primary scrambling codes and 15×512 secondary scrambling codes are defined, resulting in a total number of 8192 scrambling codes. The codes are numbered as follows: $n = 16 \cdot i + k$ where $i = 0$ to 511 and $k=0$ for primary codes, $k = 1$ to 15 for secondary codes.

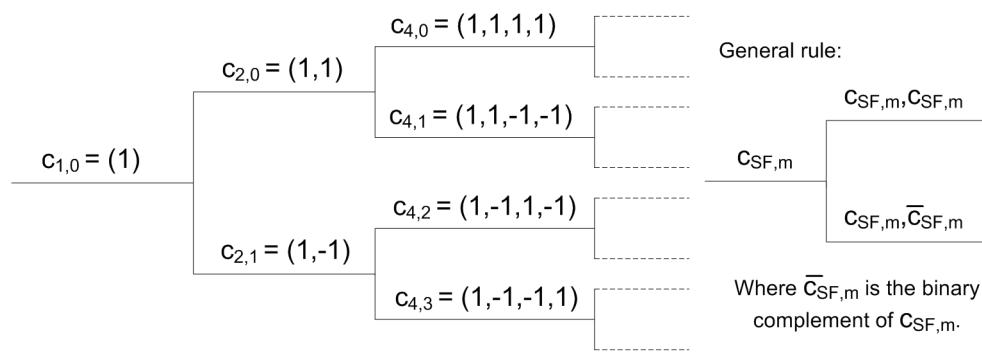
The cell is allocated only one primary scrambling code. Most channels are always transmitted using the primary scrambling code of the cell. Some channels can be transmitted with either the primary scrambling code or one of the secondary scrambling codes associated with the primary scrambling code (see [Table 2-4](#)). The secondary scrambling code can be defined individually for each physical channel supporting secondary scrambling codes.

UL scrambling codes

In the uplink, long scrambling codes are used to distinguish different users. 2^{24} long scrambling codes are defined, numbered 0 to 16777215 (or 0 to FFFFFF hex). 3GPP defines short scrambling codes for multiuser detection (not relevant in this context).

2.2.11.4 Channelization Codes

Channelization codes are used to separate different physical channels of the same carrier frequency, cell and user. They are defined in terms of the spreading factor (SF) and a code number m ranging from 0 to SF – 1. The codes $c_{SF,m}$ are called orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes and are derived from a hierarchical tree:



SF = 1

SF = 2

SF = 4

SF = ...

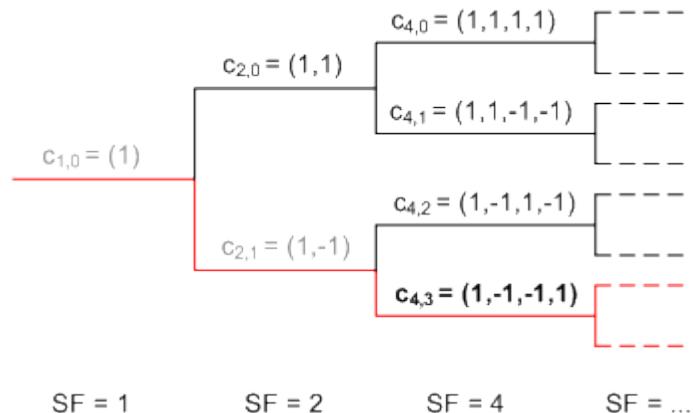
The following rule for assignment of channelization codes avoids code conflicts: Within each branch, only one code can be used at the same time.

It blocks then the following codes:

1. Other codes on the path between the code and the root of the tree

2. Codes in subbranches of the code (to the right of the code)

For an example, see the figure below. The red parts are blocked when $c_{4,3}$ is used.



2.2.11.5 Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator (OCNS)

The OCNS is used to simulate the users or control signals on the other orthogonal channels of a downlink. The channelization code and relative level settings for OCNS signals are specified in 3GPP TS 34.121 and 3GPP TS 25.101. The spreading factor of the OCNS signal is 128. The DPCH data for each channelization code are uncorrelated with each other and with any wanted signal over the period of any measurement. The parameters are chosen to simulate a signal with realistic peak to average ratio.

The following tables list the channelization codes and relative level settings for R99 to R7.

Table 2-5: OCNS channels for R99

Channelization code (SF = 128)	Relative level setting (dB)	Channelization code (SF = 128)	Relative level setting (dB)
2	-1	62	-4
11	-3	69	-6
17	-3	78	-5
23	-5	85	-9
31	-2	94	-10
38	-4	113	-6
47	-8	119	0
55	-7	125	-8

Table 2-6: OCNS channels for HSDPA tests (R5)

Channelization code (SF = 128)	Relative level setting (dB)
122	0
123	-2
124	-2
125	-4
126	-1
127	-3

Table 2-7: OCNS channels for HSDPA tests (R6)

Channelization code (SF = 128)	Relative level setting (dB)
6	0

Table 2-8: OCNS channels for HSDPA tests (R7)

Channelization code (SF = 128)	Relative level setting (dB)
4	0
5	-2
6	-4
7	-1

The relative level setting specified in dB describes the relationship between the OCNS channels. The total power level of all OCNS channels depends on the power level of the other channels, see [Chapter 2.2.11.6, "Power Levels", on page 47](#).

2.2.11.6 Power Levels

The individual channel power levels and the OCNS power level are expressed relative to the RMS output power of the generator. The total power of all active channels is called "accumulated power" (including OCNS channels and excluding AICH and S-CCPCH that are not active during the actual call). It is calculated under consideration of the transmission duration of each channel within a timeslot or frame.

The transmission durations are as follows:

- SCH: first 256 chips of a slot (2560 chips)
- P-CCPCH: last 2304 chips of a slot (2560 chips)
- PICH: 288 bits of a frame (300 bits)
- AICH: 4096 chips out of 5120 chips (not relevant for accumulated power)
- All other channels: transmitted during entire timeslot / frame

For HS-SCCH, HS-DSCH, E-AGCH, E-RGCH and E-HICH it is assumed that these channels are transmitted continuously, e.g. unscheduled subframes/slots filled with dummy data.

Example: For a configuration with active P-CPICH, DPCH, PICH, P-SCH and P-CCPCH the accumulated power is calculated according to the following formula:

$$P_{acc} = P_{P-CPICH} + P_{DPCH} + P_{PICH} \cdot \frac{288}{300} + P_{P-SCH} \cdot \frac{256}{2560} + P_{P-CCPCH} \cdot \frac{2304}{2560}$$

If the resulting accumulated power would be smaller than the RMS output power of the generator, this gap is filled by OCNS channels, see [Chapter 2.2.11.5, "Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator \(OCNS\)"](#), on page 46.

2.2.12 Connection Types

You can set up a connection in the CS domain and/or a connection in the PS domain.

The following connection types are supported:

- CS domain only:
 - Voice call or video call, call content (voice / video) is looped back to the UE
 - Voice call to speech codec board involving audio measurements, see [Chapter 2.2.5, "Audio Measurements"](#), on page 27
 - Signaling radio bearer (SRB)
 - Reference measurement channel (RMC on CS)
- PS domain only:
 - Reference measurement channel (RMC on PS)
 - Mobile terminated HSPA test mode connection
UL/DL = R99/HSDPA or HSUPA/HSDPA
 - Mobile originated end to end packet data connection
UL/DL = R99/R99 or HSUPA/R99 or R99/HSDPA or HSUPA/HSDPA
Multiple PDP context supporting up to two primary and up to two secondary PDP contexts
For end to end packet data connections see [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections"](#), on page 26
- CS + PS domain:
 - Test mode:
CS: RMC connection
PS: mobile terminated HSPA test mode connection
 - Multicall:
CS: call type voice or video
PS: mobile originated end to end connection
Multicalls parameters are displayed in the main view, see ["Connection Setup"](#) on page 158



Multicall limitations

- Only the call types voice and video are supported in the CS domain.
- Mobile terminated calls are supported in the CS domain only, mobile originated connections are supported in both CS and PS domains.
- During the active PS connection, it is not possible to configure the call type for mobile terminated CS call. Set the parameter [UE term. Connection](#) before a PS connection setup. For mobile originated calls, the CS call type is set according to the UE request automatically without such limitations.
- No dynamic adaptation of the code allocation is performed automatically. Example: if all codes are used by an HSDPA connection, an additional CS connection setup fails.
- The channelization codes are adapted automatically according to the sequence of both PS and CS connection setups. The code setting from the configuration tree can be changed for multicall. This code adaptation is not indicated.

In reduced signaling mode, only RMC connections and mobile terminated HSPA test mode connections are supported.

For RMC, SRB and HSPA test mode connections additional information is provided in the following sections.

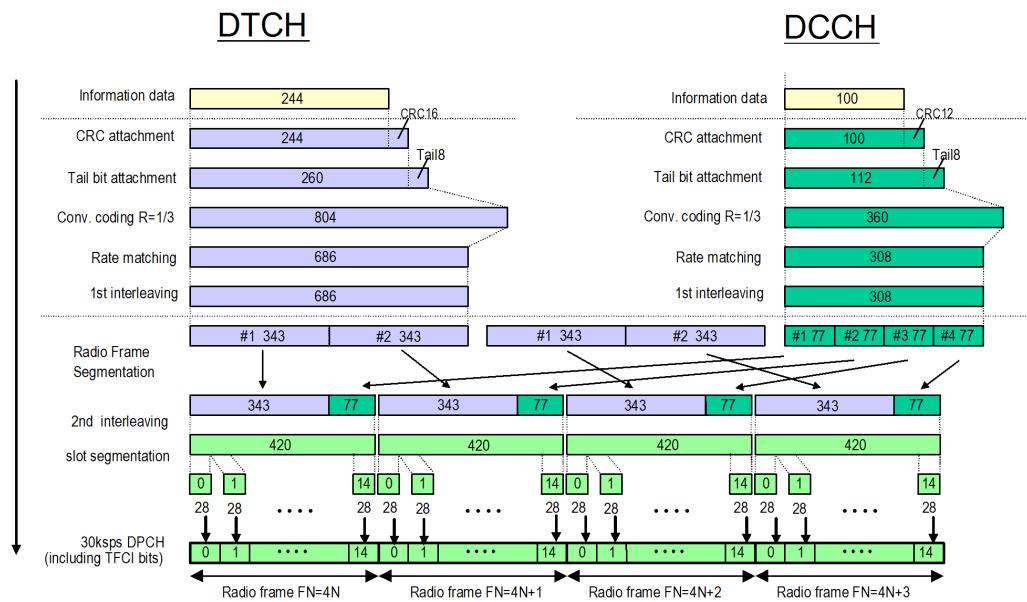
• Reference Measurement Channel (RMC)	49
• Signaling Radio Bearer (SRB)	51
• High Speed Packet Access (HSPA)	52
• Blind Transport Format Detection (BTFD)	57

2.2.12.1 Reference Measurement Channel (RMC)

The data content of the 3GPP downlink RMC is defined on transport channel level according to 3GPP TS 25.101. The data sequence to be transferred is directly fed into the dedicated traffic channel (DTCH) and the dedicated control channel (DCCH). The transport channels are channel coded, multiplexed and mapped onto a dedicated physical channel (DPCH) with variable data rate (see figure below).

The downlink reference measurement channel generated in this way is to be used for various transmitter and receiver tests specified e.g. in 3GPP TS 25.101 and 34.121.

The following example illustrates the generation of a 3GPP reference measurement channel from the DTCH and DCCH transport channels. It lists the physical and transport channel parameters for an information bit rate of 12.2 kbit/s. For other bit rates, refer to specification 3GPP TS 25.101.

**Figure 2-11: Generation of RMC from DTCH and DCCH****Table 2-9: RMC physical parameters (12.2 kbit/s)**

Physical parameter	Value
Information bit rate	12.2 kbit/s
DPCH	30 ksymbol/s
Slot format number	11
TFCI	On
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0 dB
Puncturing	14.7 %

Table 2-10: RMC transport channel parameters (12.2 kbit/s)

Transport channel parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport channel number	1	2
Transport block size	244	100
Transport block set size	244	100
Transmission time interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of error protection	Convolution coding	Convolution coding
Coding rate	1/3	1/3
Rate matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	16	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

Test and loop modes

Various tests, especially receiver tests, require that data is looped back by the UE. Several loop modes are defined in 3GPP TS 34.109. Only loop mode 1 and 2 is relevant for bidirectional radio bearers. For reduced signaling, only loop mode 2 is used. With or without loop, RMC connections are always set up in test mode, i.e. without alerting.

	Loop mode 1	Loop mode 2
Loopback point	Above layer 2	Effectively on transport layer (higher layers in transparent mode)
Data looped back	RLC/PDCP SDUs	Transport block data and CRC bits
Special settings	RLC modes "transparent" and "acknowledged" are available	UL CRC can be enabled or disabled, see below

UL cyclic redundancy check (CRC) options:

- UL CRC disabled:
UE performs no CRC. Received DL CRC bits are added to the UL transport block. Symmetric DL/UL data rate and asymmetric DL/UL transport block size.
- UL CRC enabled:
UE performs CRC check and sends resulting UL CRC bits to the tester. Received DL CRC bits are discarded.
Symmetric DL/UL data rate and symmetric DL/UL transport block size or
Asymmetric DL/UL data rate and asymmetric DL/UL transport block size.

Loops are required for the "WCDMA Signaling BER Measurement", see especially [Chapter 2.2.19.1, "BER, BLER and DBLER Tests"](#), on page 83.

2.2.12.2 Signaling Radio Bearer (SRB)

The data content of the SRB is defined on transport channel level in 3GPP TS 34.108. The most important layer 1 parameters are shown in the following table, depending on the data rate.

	SRB 1.7 kbit/s	SRB 2.5 kbit/s	SRB 3.4 kbit/s	SRB 13.6 kbit/s
DPCCH slot format	0	6	4	8
Transmission time interval	80 ms	40 ms	40 ms	10 ms
Coding type	Convolution coding	Convolution coding	Convolution coding	Convolution coding
Coding rate	1/3	1/3	1/3	1/3
Rate matching attribute	155	256	155	155
Size of CRC	16 bits	12 bits	16 bits	16 bits
TFS (TF0, TF1)	0 x 148 bits, 1 x 148 bits	0 x 100 bits, 1 x 100 bits	0 x 148 bits, 1 x 148 bits	0 x 148 bits, 1 x 148 bits

2.2.12.3 High Speed Packet Access (HSPA)

R5 HSDPA and R6 HSUPA connections require option R&S CMW-KS401. R7 HSPA+ connections require also option R&S CMW-KS403. R8 dual carrier HSDPA connections require option R&S CMW-KS404. R9 connections with dual band HSDPA or dual carrier HSUPA require option R&S CMW-KS405 and R10 connections with 3C-HSDPA require option R&S CMW-KS406 in addition to the other options.

You can set up a mobile originated end to end HSPA packet data connection or a mobile terminated HSPA test mode connection. For end to end packet data connections see [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections", on page 26](#). The following applies to mobile terminated HSPA test mode connections. An HSPA test mode connection can be HSDPA only or HSDPA plus HSUPA.

HSUPA UE categories

The UE category relevant in the context of HSUPA is the E-DCH physical layer category. It indicates for example:

- Maximum E-DCH channelization code
- Supported TTI length
- Maximum number of bits in an E-DCH transport block per TTI
- Resulting maximum UL data rate

The following table provides an overview. For more details refer to 3GPP TS 25.306, chapter 5.

Table 2-11: UE categories for HSUPA (R9)

UE category	Max channel code	TTI length in ms	Max bits per TTI	Max UL data rate in Mbit/s
1	SF4	10	7110	0.71
2	2xSF4	10	14484	1.45
		2	2798	1.4
3	2xSF4	10	14484	1.45
4	2xSF2	10	20000	2
		2	5772	2.89
5	2xSF2	10	20000	2
6	2xSF2 + 2xSF4 ¹⁾	10	20000	2
		2	11484	5.74
7	2xSF2 + 2xSF4 ¹⁾	10	20000	2
		2	22996	11.5
8	2xSF2 + 2xSF4 ¹⁾	2	11484	11.5
9	2xSF2 + 2xSF4 ¹⁾	2	22996	23

¹⁾ Only possible for HSPA without RMC. With additional RMC in the CS domain, maximal channel code is 2xSF2.

From the table, you can see that the maximum HSUPA data rate equals 23 Mbit/s, reachable only with UE category 9 and an HSPA connection without parallel RMC.

Some parameters must be configured appropriately to reach the maximum data rate supported by a UE. Use the wizard for this purpose, see [Chapter 2.2.18, "WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 76.

HSDPA UE categories

The UE category relevant in the context of HSDPA is the HS-DSCH physical layer category. It indicates for example

- Support of MIMO and multi-carrier
- Supported modulation schemes
- Maximum number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes per connection
- Minimum supported inter-TTI distance
- Maximum number of bits in an HS-DSCH transport block per TTI
- Resulting maximum DL data rate

The UE categories 1 to 12 have been introduced in R5. MIMO and multi-carrier operation are not supported. The following table provides an overview.

From the table, you can see that the maximum HSDPA data rate for an R5 UE equals 13.98 Mbit/s.

Table 2-12: UE categories for HSDPA (R5)

UE category	Modulation	Max No. of codes	Min inter-TTI distance	Max bits per TTI	Max DL data rate in Mbit/s
1	QPSK, 16-QAM	5	3	7298	1.22
2			2		1.82
3			1		3.65
4			10		7.21
5			15		10.13
6			2		13.98
7			1		1.82
8			2		0.91
9			1		1.82
10			2		1.82
11	QPSK	5	2	3630	0.91
12			1		1.82

The UE categories 13 to 20 have been introduced in R7. Most categories support MIMO operation. The following table provides an overview.

From the table, you can see that the maximum HSDPA data rate for an R7 UE with MIMO equals 42.20 Mbit/s.

Properties common for all R7 categories:

- No multi-carrier operation
- Maximum number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes = 15
- Minimum inter-TTI distance = 1

Table 2-13: UE categories for HSDPA+ (R7)

UE category	Mod. without MIMO	Mod. with MIMO	Max bits per TTI	Max DL data rate in Mbit/s
13	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	–	35280	17.64
14			42192	21.10
15	QPSK, 16-QAM		23370	23.37
16			27952	27.95
17	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	–	35280	17.64
	–	QPSK, 16-QAM	23370	23.37
18	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	–	42192	21.10
	–	QPSK, 16-QAM	27952	27.95
19	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM		35280	35.28
20			42192	42.20

The UE categories 21 to 24 have been introduced in R8. The following table provides an overview.

From the table, you can see that the maximum HSDPA data rate for an R8 UE equals 42.20 Mbit/s. So the maximum DL data rate for R7 with MIMO and R8 with dual carrier HSDPA is the same.

Properties common for all R8 categories:

- Only dual carrier HSDPA operation, no single carrier operation
- No MIMO operation
- Maximum number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes = 15
- Minimum inter-TTI distance = 1

Table 2-14: UE categories for dual carrier HSDPA+ (R8)

UE category	Modulation	Max bits per TTI	Max DL data rate in Mbit/s
21	QPSK, 16-QAM	23370	23.37
22		27952	27.95
23	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	35280	35.28
24		42192	42.20

The UE categories 25 to 28 have been introduced in R9. The following table provides an overview.

From the table, you can see that the maximum number of bits per TTI for an R9 UE is the same as in R8. So the maximum DL data rate for R8 (without MIMO) is the half of maximum DL data rate for R9 with MIMO.

Properties common for all R9 categories:

- Only dual carrier HSDPA operation, no single carrier operation
- MIMO support (MIMO not integrated in the R&S CMW)
- Maximum number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes = 15
- Minimum inter-TTI distance = 1

Table 2-15: UE categories for dual band HSDPA+ (R9)

UE category	Modulation	Max bits per TTI	Max DL data rate in Mbit/s
25	QPSK, 16-QAM	23370	46.74
26		27952	55.90
27	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM	35280	70.56
28		42192	84.40

The UE categories 29 to 32 have been introduced in R10. The following table provides an overview.

From the table, you can see that the maximum number of bits per TTI remains constant. The maximum DL data rate is increased by additional carriers or MIMO (MIMO not integrated in the R&S CMW).

Properties common for all R10 categories:

- Only multi-carrier HSDPA operation, no single carrier operation
- MIMO support (MIMO not integrated in the R&S CMW)
- Maximum number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes = 15
- Minimum inter-TTI distance = 1

Table 2-16: UE categories for HSDPA+ (R10)

UE category	Modulation	Max bits per TTI	Max DL data rate in Mbit/s
29	QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM 3C-HSDPA	42192	63.3
30*		42192	126.6

* DUT with MIMO 2x2 capability (MIMO not integrated in the R&S CMW)

For more details, refer to 3GPP TS 25.306, chapter 5.

Some parameters must be configured appropriately to reach the maximum data rate supported by a UE. Use the wizard for this purpose, see [Chapter 2.2.18, "WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 76.

MAC-hs / MAC-ehs selection

The WCDMA signaling application sets up an HSPA connection with MAC-hs or MAC-ehs, depending on the HSDPA UE category (manually configured UE category or highest UE category from capability report).

For UE category 1 to 12 the connection is set up with MAC-hs, bit aligned. For UE category 13 to 30 the connection is set up with MAC-ehs, either bit aligned for R5 fixed reference channels or octet aligned otherwise. The following table provides an overview of these statements.

Table 2-17: Selection of MAC-hs / MAC-ehs, bit aligned / octet aligned

HSDPA UE category	MAC type	Configuration type	Alignment
1 to 12	MAC-hs	all configuration types	bit aligned
13 to 30	MAC-ehs	fixed reference channel	The configured H-Set is evaluated: • R5 H-Set: bit aligned • R7 to R10 H-Set: octet aligned
		CQI user defined	octet aligned

H-Set selection for fixed reference channels

For HSDPA fixed reference channels, the configured H-Set must be compatible to the HSDPA UE category (see [HSDPA UE categories](#)). The following tables provide an overview of the H-Sets.

Table 2-18: H-Set overview

Release	HSDPA UE category	H-Set	Modulation	DL carrier
R5	1 to 12	H-Set 1, 2, 3, 6, 10	QPSK, 16-QAM	single carrier
		H-Set 4, 5	QPSK	
		H-Set 1 max input	16-QAM	
R7	13 to 20	H-Set 8	64-QAM	single carrier, UE in CELL_FACH
		H-Set 8 max input H-Set 8 max throughput		
R8 R9	21 to 24 25 to 28	H-Set 3	QPSK	dual carrier
		H-Set 1A max input	16-QAM	
		H-Set 3A, 6A, 10A	QPSK, 16-QAM	
		H-Set 8A	64-QAM	
		H-Set 8A max input		
		H-Set 12	QPSK	
		H-Set 12 max throughput	64-QAM	

Release	HSDPA UE category	H-Set	Modulation	DL carrier
R10	29 to 30	H-Set 1B max input	16-QAM	3C-HSDPA
		H-Set 3B, 6B, 10B	QPSK, 16-QAM	
		H-Set 8B H-Set 8B max input	64-QAM	

Table 2-19: Maximum No. of HS-PDSCH codes of fixed reference channel

H-Set	1*, 2, 3*	4, 5	6*	8*	10*	12*			
Modula-tion	QPSK	16-QAM	QPSK	QPSK	16-QAM	64-QAM	QPSK, 16-QAM	QPSK	64-QAM
No. of HS-PDSCH	5	4	5	10	8	15	15	1	15

* for multi-carrier HSDPA H-Sets (1A/B, 3A/B, 6A/B, 8A/B, 10A/B, 12) the parameter settings for each of the carriers

2.2.12.4 Blind Transport Format Detection (BTFD)

BTFD means that the UE receives transport blocks that contain no transport format combination index (TFCI) and recognizes the transport format autonomously.

According to the conformance specification, BTFD tests are performed on a special set of reference measurement channels (RMCs) with variable DL DTCH transport format. The RMCs correspond to data rates between 1.95 kbit/s and 12.2 kbit/s. The BTFD RMCs are specified in 3GPP TS 25.101, section A.4 and 3GPP TS 34.121, section C4. The physical and transport channel parameters of the RMCs used for BTFD are listed below.

BTFD tests can be performed using the "WCDMA Signaling BER Measurement", see [BTFD Tests \(FDR and UL TFCI Faults\)](#).

Table 2-20: RMC for BTFD, physical parameters

Physical parameter	Value
Information bit rate	Rate 1: 12.2 kbit/s Rate 2: 7.95 kbit/s Rate 3: 1.95 kbit/s
DPCH	30 ksymbols/s
Slot format number	8
TFCI	Off
Power offsets PO1, PO2 and PO3	0 dB
Repetition	5 %

Table 2-21: RMC for BTTFD, transport channel parameters

Transport channel parameter	DTCH	DCCH
Transport channel number	1	2
Transport block size	for rate 1: 244 for rate 2: 159 for rate 3: 39	100
Transport block set size	for rate 1: 244 for rate 2: 159 for rate 3: 39	100
Transmission time interval	20 ms	40 ms
Type of error protection	Convolution coding	Convolution coding
Coding rate	1/3	1/3
Rate matching attribute	256	256
Size of CRC	12	12
Position of TrCH in radio frame	fixed	fixed

2.2.13 Operating Bands

The carrier frequencies for WCDMA signals are defined in 3GPP TS 25.101 (except the S and L operating bands which are not standardized and require R&S CMW-KS425). Uplink and downlink carrier frequencies are defined as frequency pairs, located in separate uplink and downlink frequency bands. Each band contains several carrier frequencies identified by channel numbers (UARFCN, UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number). The assignment between channel numbers N and carrier center frequencies F is defined as:

$$N = 5 \times (F - F_{\text{Offset}}) / \text{MHz}$$

The tables below provide an overview of all bands, for uplink and downlink signals. For each band, they list the offset frequencies F_{Offset} , channel numbers N and carrier center frequencies F. For some operating bands, a second row indicates additional center frequencies, which are shifted by 100 kHz relative to the normal 200 kHz raster.

The table for uplink signals lists also the separation between uplink carrier frequency and downlink carrier frequency (frequency pair for one UE).

Table 2-22: Operating bands for uplink signals

Band	$F_{\text{Offset, UL}}$ in MHz	Channel no N_{UL}	F_{UL} in MHz	$F_{\text{DL}} - F_{\text{UL}}$ in MHz
1	0	9612 to 9888	1922.4 to 1977.6	190
2	0	9262 to 9538	1852.4 to 1907.6	80
	1850.1	12 to 287 (step 25)	1852.5 to 1907.5	
3	1525	937 to 1288	1712.4 to 1782.6	95

Band	$F_{\text{Offset, UL}}$ in MHz	Channel no N_{UL}	F_{UL} in MHz	$F_{\text{DL}} - F_{\text{UL}}$ in MHz
4	1450 1380.1	1312 to 1513 1662 to 1862 (step 25)	1712.4 to 1752.6 1712.5 to 1752.5	400
5	0 670.1	4132 to 4233 782, 787, 807, 812, 837, 862	826.4 to 846.6 826.5 to 842.5	45
6	0 670.1	4162 to 4188 812, 837	832.4 to 837.6 832.5, 837.5	45
7	2100 2030.1	2012 to 2338 2362 to 2687 (step 25)	2502.4 to 2567.6 2502.5 to 2567.5	120
8	340	2712 to 2863	882.4 to 912.6	45
9	0	8762 to 8912	1752.4 to 1782.4	95
10	1135 1075.1	2887 to 3163 3187 to 3462 (step 25)	1712.4 to 1767.6 1712.5 to 1767.5	400
11	733	3487 to 3562	1430.4 to 1445.4	48
12	-22 -39.9	3617 to 3678 3707, 3732, 3737, 3762, 3767	701.4 to 713.6 701.5, 706.5, 707.5, 712.5, 713.5	30
13	21 11.1	3792 to 3818 3842, 3867	779.4 to 784.6 779.5, 784.5	-31
14	12 2.1	3892 to 3918 3942, 3967	790.4 to 795.6 790.5, 795.5	-30
19	770 755.1	312 to 363 387, 412, 437	832.4 to 842.6 832.5, 837.5, 842.5	45
20	-23	4287 to 4413	834.4 to 859.6	-41
21	1358	462 to 512	1450.4 to 1460.4	48
22	2525	4437 to 4813	3412.4 to 3487.6	100
25	875 639.1	4887 to 5188 6067 to 6367 (step 25)	1852.4 to 1912.6 1852.5 to 1912.5	80
26	-291 -325.9	5537 to 5688 5712, 5737, 5762, 5767, 5787, 5792, 5812, 5817, 5837, 5842, 5862	816.4 to 846.6 816.5, 821.5, 826.5, 827.5, 831.5, 832.5, 836.5, 837.5, 841.5, 842.5, 846.5	45
S	0	10012 to 10088	2002.4 to 2017.6	180
S 170 MHz	0	10050 to 10100	2010.0 to 2020.0	170

Band	$F_{\text{Offset, UL}}$ in MHz	Channel no N_{UL}	F_{UL} in MHz	$F_{\text{DL}} - F_{\text{UL}}$ in MHz
S 190 MHz	0	10000 to 10050	2000.0 to 2010.0	190
L	0	8145 to 8290	1629.0 to 1658.0	-101.5
	-30.1	8295 to 8441	1628.9 to 1658.1	

In multi-carrier scenarios, the carriers use adjacent channels, i.e. the center frequencies are separated by 5 MHz, the channel numbers are separated by 25.

With F_1 and F_2 indicating the center frequency of carrier 1 and carrier 2 and F_{max} indicating the highest center frequency of the operating band, the following rules apply:

$$F_2 = F_1 + 5 \text{ MHz}, \text{ if } F_1 \leq F_{\text{max}} - 5 \text{ MHz}$$

$$F_2 = F_1 - 5 \text{ MHz}, \text{ if } F_1 > F_{\text{max}} - 5 \text{ MHz}$$

Table 2-23: Operating bands for downlink signals

Band	$F_{\text{Offset, DL}}$ in MHz	Channel no N_{DL}	F_{DL} in MHz
1	0	10562 to 10838	2112.4 to 2167.6
2	0	9662 to 9938	1932.4 to 1987.6
	1850.1	412 to 687 (step 25)	1932.5 to 1987.5
3	1575	1162 to 1513	1807.4 to 1877.6
4	1805	1537 to 1738	2112.4 to 2152.6
	1735.1	1887 to 2087 (step 25)	2112.5 to 2152.5
5	0	4357 to 4458	871.4 to 891.6
	670.1	1007, 1012, 1032, 1037, 1062, 1087	871.5 to 887.5
6	0	4387 to 4413	877.4 to 882.6
	670.1	1037, 1062	877.5, 882.5
7	2175	2237 to 2563	2622.4 to 2687.6
	2105.1	2587 to 2912 (step 25)	2622.5 to 2687.5
8	340	2937 to 3088	927.4 to 957.6
9	0	9237 to 9387	1847.4 to 1877.4
10	1490	3112 to 3388	2112.4 to 2167.6
	1430.1	3412 to 3687 (step 25)	2112.5 to 2167.5
11	736	3712 to 3787	1478.4 to 1493.4
12	-37	3842 to 3903	731.4 to 743.6
	-54.9	3932, 3957, 3962, 3987, 3992	731.5, 736.5, 737.5, 742.5, 743.5
13	-55	4017 to 4043	748.4 to 753.6
	-64.9	4067, 4092	748.5, 753.5

Band	$F_{\text{Offset, DL}}$ in MHz	Channel no N_{DL}	F_{DL} in MHz
14	-63	4117 to 4143	760.4 to 765.6
	-72.9	4167, 4192	760.5, 765.5
19	735	712 to 763	877.4 to 887.6
	720.1	787, 812, 837	877.5, 882.5, 887.5
20	-109	4512 to 4638	793.4 to 818.6
21	1326	862 to 912	1498.4 to 1508.4
22	2580	4662 to 5038	3512.4 to 3587.6
25	910	5112 to 5413,	1932.4 to 1992.6
	674.1	6292 to 6592 (step 25)	1932.5 to 1992.5
26	-291	5762 to 5913,	861.4 to 891.6
	-325.9	5937, 5962, 5987, 5992, 6012, 6017, 6037, 6042, 6062, 6067, 6087	861.5, 866.5, 871.5, 872.5, 876.5, 877.5, 881.5, 882.5, 886.5, 887.5, 891.5
32*	131	6617 to 6813	1454.4 to 1493.6
	87.1	6837 to 7012 (step 25)	1454.5 to 1489.5
S	0	10912 to 10988	2182.4 to 2197.6
S 170 MHz	0	10900 to 10950	2180.0 to 2190.0
S 190 MHz	0	10950 to 11000	2190.0 to 2200.0
L	-30.1	7788 to 7933	1527.5 to 1556.5
	0	7637 to 7783	1527.4 to 1556.6

* restricted to dual band operation, no uplink frequencies

2.2.14 Trigger Signals

The WCDMA signaling application provides trigger signals that can be used by other R&S CMW applications to synchronize to the generated WCDMA downlink signal. These signals are especially useful to trigger WCDMA TX measurements (option R&S CMW-KM400). The signals can also be routed to the BNC connectors at the rear of the instrument.

The available trigger signals are described below.

To address the trigger signals in remote commands, use the following strings, with <i> replaced by the instance number of the signaling application:

- "WCDMA Sig<i>: Change of TFC Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: CPC Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: DPCCH Power Control Preamble Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: Frame Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: HS-DPCCH Trigger"

- "WCDMA Sig<i>: Out of Sync Sequence Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: PRACH Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: Slot Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: TPC Trigger"
- "WCDMA Sig<i>: UL Compressed Mode Trigger"

Change of TFC trigger

This trigger signal reacts on changes of the transport format combination indicator (TFCI) in the UL DPCH and is aligned to the next DL frame border after that change. It basically generates a trigger event for all such changes.

The "Change of TFC" trigger signal is especially useful to trigger WCDMA TPC measurements in "Change of TFC" measurement mode (option R&S CMW-KM400). For this use case, configure a downlink RMC with loopback and 50 % downlink resources and select the TPC pattern "Change of TFC".

The TFC of the resulting signal changes every two frames (30 slots), because the DPDCH is alternately switched on or off.

CPC trigger

Trigger event at the beginning of a CPC cycle one. To be useful for the measurements, the forerun was implemented to trigger the TX and RX measurements two subframes before a CPC cycle one. For CPC details, see [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)"](#), on page 74.

DPCCH power control preamble trigger

Trigger events before DPCCH power control preamble of each uplink carrier. Every DPCCH establishment and reconfiguration is triggered. Trigger is uplink frame aligned and its timing depends on the kind of DPCCH change.

This trigger signal is only available in a multi-uplink configuration.

The "DPCCH Power Control Preamble Trigger" signal is especially useful to trigger WCDMA DPCCH open loop control measurements (option R&S CMW-KM405)

Frame trigger

Trigger event at the beginning of each downlink frame. The trigger is aligned to the downlink DPCH if available. Otherwise it is aligned to the CPICH.

HS-DPCCH trigger

Trigger event at the beginning of each UL DPCH slot during which an ACK or NACK is expected from the UE. The minimum delay between two trigger events is one HSDPA subframe (3 slots).

The HS-DPCCH trigger event is suppressed if the expected ACK/NACK slot is not directly followed by a CQI slot. The periodicity of ACK/NACK and CQI slots (and possible DTX periods between the slots) depends on the CQI feedback cycle, CQI repetition factor and ACK/NACK repetition mode.

Out of sync sequence trigger

A single trigger event suitable to trigger WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurements within option R&S CMW-KM400. A trigger event is triggered at the point A of DPCH level drop. The trigger is downlink aligned.

PRACH trigger

Trigger event for each PRACH preamble successfully received and detected by the "WCDMA Signaling" application. The trigger event is at a CPICH frame boundary, within 2 slots to 16 slots after the preamble.

The PRACH trigger signal can be used to trigger WCDMA "PRACH" measurements (option R&S CMW-KM400).

Slot trigger

Trigger event at the beginning of each downlink DPCH slot. If no downlink DPCH is available, the trigger is aligned to the CPICH instead.

TPC trigger

Trigger event one slot before a TPC pattern is sent to the UE via the downlink DPCH. For details, see [Chapter 2.2.15.10, "Generating TPC Trigger Signals"](#), on page 71.

This trigger signal is only available when the downlink signal contains a DPCH.

UL compressed mode trigger

The UL compressed mode trigger is derived from the beginning of each frame where a transmission gap pattern begins, starting with the frame with the first transmission gap pattern.

The "UL Compressed Mode Trigger" signal is especially useful to trigger WCDMA TPC measurements in "UL Compressed Mode" (option R&S CMW-KM400). For this use case, configure a downlink RMC with loopback, select the TPC pattern "TPC Test Step UL CM" and the compressed mode pattern "UL CM TX Test".

2.2.15 Transmit Power Control (TPC)

In CDMA networks, control of the UE transmit power is essential to ensure stable transmission and an efficient radio resource management within the system. An output power of the UE transmitter that is too low decreases the coverage area while an excess output power can cause interference to other channels or systems. Both effects decrease the system capacity.

The NodeB transmits a series of transmit power control (TPC) commands on the DL DPCH. The UE receives the TPC commands and adjusts its transmit power according to one of the following algorithms for uplink power control (see 3GPP TS 25.214):

- **Algorithm 1:**

One TPC command is received in each slot. If the received TPC command is equal to 1 (0), then the power control parameter TPC_cmd for that slot is +1 (-1). It implies that the UE transmitter output power changes after each slot.

- **Algorithm 2:**

One TPC command is received in each slot. The slots are grouped into sets of 5 slots, aligned to the frame boundaries, so that there is no overlap between different sets of 5 slots.

If the received TPC command is equal to 1 (0) in all 5 slots of a set, then the power control parameter TPC_cmd for the 5th slot is +1 (-1). Otherwise TPC_cmd for the 5th slot is 0. It implies that the UE transmitter output power only changes if the same TPC command is received in a complete set of 5 slots.

For both algorithms, the UE transmitter output power changes by TPC_cmd multiplied with the TPC step size of 1 dB or 2 dB. According to 3GPP, the TPC step size for algorithm 2 is always 1 dB. The step size for algorithm 1 can be 1 dB or 2 dB.

2.2.15.1 TPC Pattern Setups

The R&S CMW provides several predefined setups with different TPC patterns. Some of these setups are fixed, some can be modified according to the needs of a specific application. The UE power resulting from a TPC pattern sent to the UE can be measured using the WCDMA measurement firmware application (option R&S CMW-KM400).

The following table provides an overview of the predefined setups. <Pattern> refers to a user-definable bit sequence.

Pattern setup name	Transferred pattern
Closed loop	Pattern suitable to command the UE to a configured target power, followed by an alternating pattern when the target power is reached. The target power can be specified as total power or as DPCH power, see Closed Loop TPC Setup .
Alternating	(1)010101010... The first bit of the pattern is different from the last bit transferred before the start of the pattern.
All 1	1111111111...
All 0	0000000000...
Single pattern + alternating	<Pattern>(0)101010101... The first bit after <Pattern> is different from the last bit in <Pattern>
Single pattern + all 1	<Pattern>1111111111...
Single pattern + all 0	<Pattern>0000000000...
Continuous pattern	<Pattern><Pattern><Pattern><Pattern>...
Change of TFC	Alternating pattern and algorithm 2, suitable for "Change of TFC" measurements, see Change of TFC TPC Setup
Max. power E-DCH	Pattern suitable for measurement of maximum output power with E-DCH, see Max. Power E-DCH TPC Setup
TPC test step ...	See TPC Test Steps for Inner Loop Power Control
Phase discontinuity up	111110000 (repeated up to 13 times, then alternating pattern)

Pattern setup name	Transferred pattern
Phase discontinuity down	000001111 (repeated up to 13 times, then alternating pattern) see also TPC Patterns for Phase Discontinuity Measurements
Test step UL CM	Pattern for the uplink TX conformance tests in compressed mode, see TPC Test Setup UL CM
DC HSPA in-Band emission	Pattern for the carrier one starts: 11..., pattern for the carrier two: 00... (or C1:00..., C2:11...) with the length 2 bits to 40 bits, see also TPC Patterns for DC HSPA In-Band Emission Measurements

2.2.15.2 Closed Loop TPC Setup

The closed loop TPC setup allows you to command the UE to a configurable target power.

When the setup is executed, the instrument measures the UL power, sends suitable TPC commands to the UE. The instrument measures the UL power again, and so on, until the target power is reached. Then it sends an alternating pattern.

You can define the target power either as maximum UL DPCH power or as maximum total UL power. "Maximum" because both the DPCH power and the total power can vary during a call, even if the UL power is not changed via TPC commands. The DPCH power for example can vary during a voice call, causing a change of the DPCH power and the total power. Or the HS-DPCCH power can vary depending on the transmitted contents (CQI, ACK/NACK, DTX), causing a change of the total power.

Please note that the closed loop algorithms use the configured gain factors to calculate the maximum expected power from measured UL power values. If the UE fails to apply the gain factors correctly, it results in a deviation of the reached target power.

Many conformance test cases in 3GPP TS 34.121 request that the power level of UE is set to a specific value. Applying a total target power is appropriate in that case. Some test cases also request a specific uplink DPCH power, so that the target power has to be defined as DPCH power. An example is 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.1AA.4.2, step 5, where -18 dBm are requested for the half-slot period with the lowest output power (no HS-DPCCH power, only DPCH power).

2.2.15.3 Change of TFC TPC Setup

The conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.6 "Change of TFC" defines a test for verification of the UE power steps caused by switching the DPDCH on or off.

For this test, an RMC with 12.2 kbps, loopback and 50 % downlink resources in use must be set up. To prevent the power control mechanism from counterbalancing the induced power steps, a power control algorithm 2 with alternating TPC pattern is used.

The TPC setup "Change of TFC" provides such an alternating TPC pattern with algorithm 2. It has been introduced to simplify the configuration of "Change of TFC" tests according to 3GPP. The RMC settings are not influenced by the selected TPC setup

and must be also configured. Remember to reset the usage of downlink resources to 100 % when you want to use another TPC setup.

"Change of TFC" measurements can be performed as combined signal path measurements with the TPC measurement (included in R&S CMW-KM400).

2.2.15.4 Max. Power E-DCH TPC Setup

The conformance test specification 3GPP defines a test for verification of the maximum UE power with active HS-DPCCH and E-DCH. Particularly 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B "Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH". The test comprises five subtests.

Subtest 1 to 4 verify the maximum UE power for different RMC plus HSPA signals. The test procedure is identical for all four subtests. It requires algorithm 2 and the test pattern " $m*11111+n*00000...01..$ ". So m times a +1 TPC_cmd is sent, then n times a -1 TPC_cmd and finally the UE power is kept constant via an alternating pattern. The numbers n and m are dynamic and depend on the E-TFCI values received from the UE during the subtest.

Subtest 5 verifies the maximum UE power for an SRB plus HSPA signal (no RMC). It requires algorithm 1 and an "All 1" TPC pattern.

The "Max. Power E-DCH" TPC setup sends a TPC pattern suitable for subtest 1 to 4, if an "RMC+HSPA" test mode connection is configured. If an "HSPA" test mode connection is configured, it sends a TPC pattern suitable for subtest 5.

The signaling application provides a wizard for comfortable configuration of the signals required for the individual subtests, see [Chapter 2.2.18, "WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 76.

Please note that measurement resources are required by the "Max. Power E-DCH" setup for monitoring of the E-TFCI. Do not execute an HSUPA measurement in parallel (for example the E-HICH measurement) to avoid resource conflict. In that case, execution of the "Max. Power E-DCH" setup is either slowed down, or fail (TPC state "Missing Resource").

For a detailed description of a combined signal path measurement including subtest 1 to 5, see [Chapter 2.3.4, "Maximum Power Measurements with E-DCH"](#), on page 120.

2.2.15.5 TPC Test Steps for Inner Loop Power Control

The conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2 "Inner Loop Power Control" defines the TPC test steps A to H inducing a power ramp of the following shape:

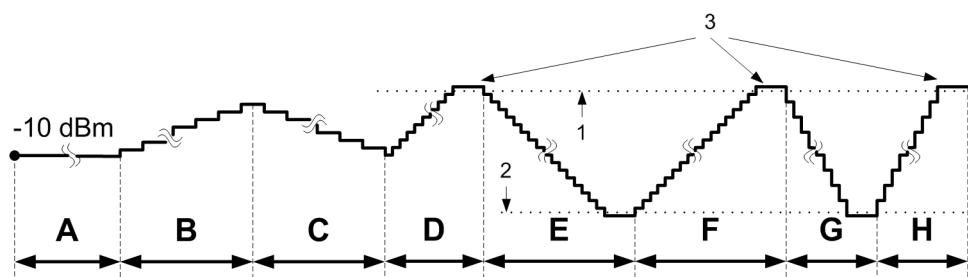


Figure 2-12: TPC test steps A to H as defined by 3GPP

1 = max power threshold for test

2 = min power threshold for test

3 = measured maximum output power

The R&S CMW offers most of these steps as fixed TPC pattern setups, see table below.

Pattern setup name	Transferred pattern	Algorithm / step size
TPC test step ABC	A: 60-bit 3GPP pattern B: 50 x 1, C: 50 x 0 followed by alternating pattern	2 / 1 dB
TPC test step E	all 0	1 / 1 dB
TPC test step F	all 1	1 / 1 dB
TPC test step EF*	n x 0, followed by all 1	1 / 1 dB
TPC test step GH*	m x 0, followed by all 1	1 / 2 dB

* n and m are configurable. 3GPP requests at least 10 more than ... required to ensure that the UE reaches ... minimum power

Segmented TPC test patterns

To improve the accuracy of the power steps, it is possible to split the TPC patterns for test steps E, F, G, and H into segments.

Segmentation means that inverse TPC commands are inserted into each of the four test step patterns: A ...1111...1111... pattern changes to ...11011...11011..., a ...0000...0000... pattern changes to ...00100...00100...

The positions of the inverse TPC commands (segment borders) are fixed and known both by the signaling application and by the TPC measurement being available as part of R&S CMW-KM400. The measurement uses the inverse TPC periods to adjust the instrument hardware to the next input power range. The two UE power steps (before and after each segment border) are assumed to be equal. A difference in the measured UE power steps is attributed to the changed hardware settings and subtracted off:

- For the falling TPC patterns (E, G), the power steps after the segment borders are corrected.
- For the rising TPC patterns (F, H), the power steps before the segment borders are corrected.

As a consequence, the correction in the segment near the maximum UE output power is zero. The segment near the minimum UE output power contains the sum of all corrections in the test step.

Unsegmented TPC test patterns correspond to the unmodified patterns described in 3GPP TS 34.121. However, segmented test patterns still comply with 3GPP specifications. Use segmented TPC test patterns to measure all power steps with maximum accuracy. Note that the corrections can add up to a systematic error of the measured absolute powers, especially in the segments near the minimum UE output power.

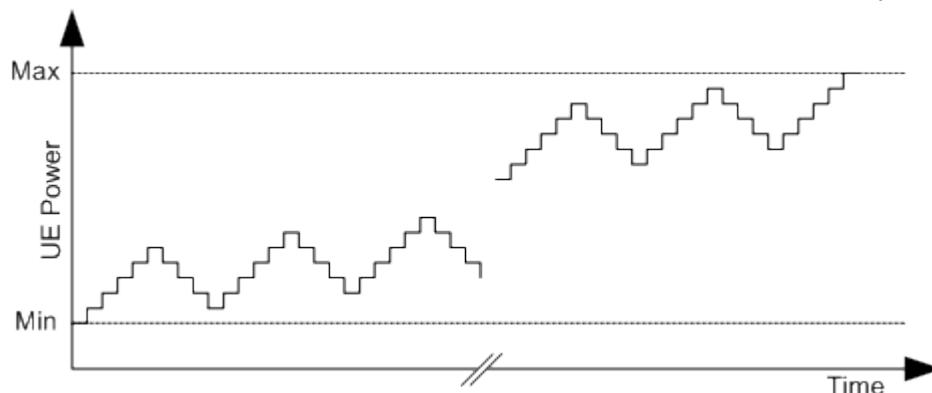
If the UE power steps are systematically above or below the specified values, the UE power towards the end of a test step can get outside the linear analyzer range. The TPC measurement generates then an overflow or underflow message. It can be due to the fixed segment borders and the correction method. It does not necessarily mean that any of the single UE power steps are out of their specified range.

2.2.15.6 TPC Patterns for Phase Discontinuity Measurements

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between any two adjacent timeslots. According to the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, a phase discontinuity measurement requires two special TPC patterns to be transmitted to the UE:

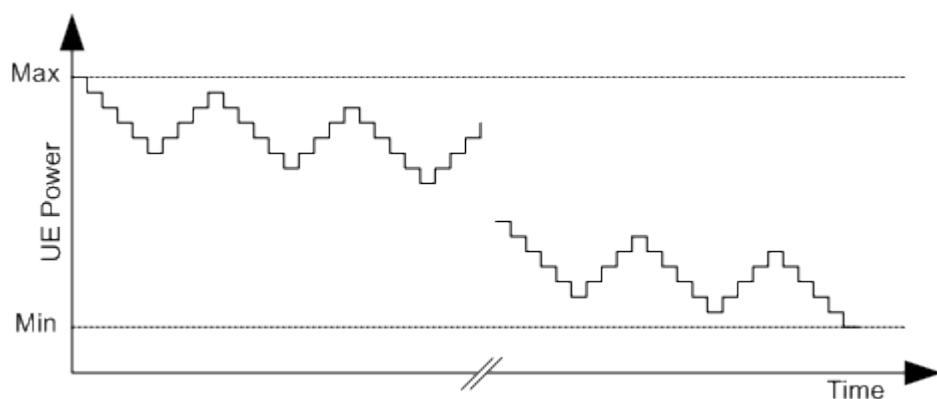
- **Phase discontinuity up:**

Starting with minimum transmit power a sequence of five up and four down TPC commands has to be transmitted until the UE reaches maximum transmit power.



- **Phase discontinuity down:**

Starting with maximum transmit power a sequence of five down and four up TPC commands has to be transmitted until the UE reaches minimum transmit power.



2.2.15.7 TPC Test Setup UL CM

The TPC test setup for uplink compressed mode (CM) activates TPC pattern for CM test cases using UL CM trigger.

When the setup is executed, the instrument sends the power commands to the UE according to the selected CM pattern, see "["UL CM TX Test Pattern"](#) on page 269.

The R&S CMW provides pattern A (rising TPC), pattern A (falling TPC) and pattern B as the compressed mode test pattern in line with 3GPP. The following tables below displays the pattern:

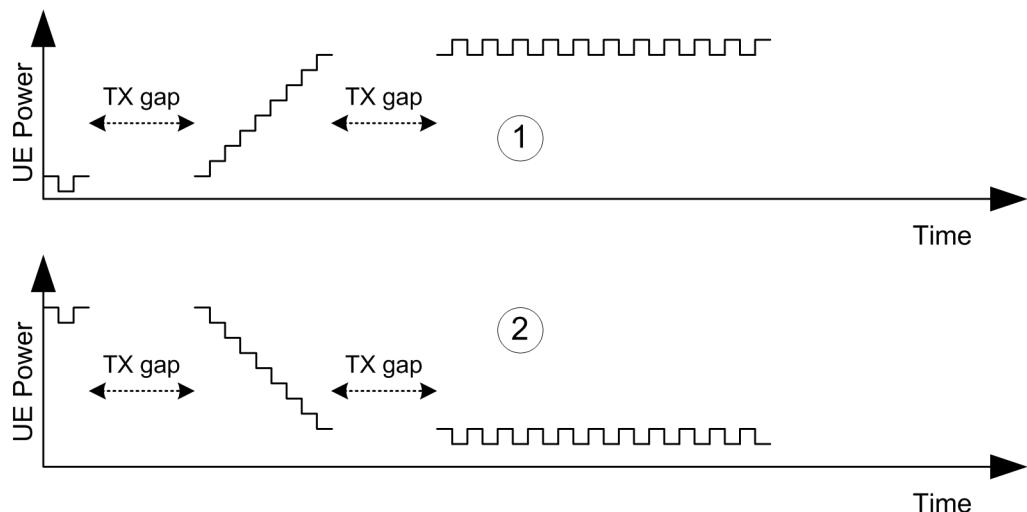


Figure 2-13: Pattern A

1 = rising TPC

2 = falling TPC

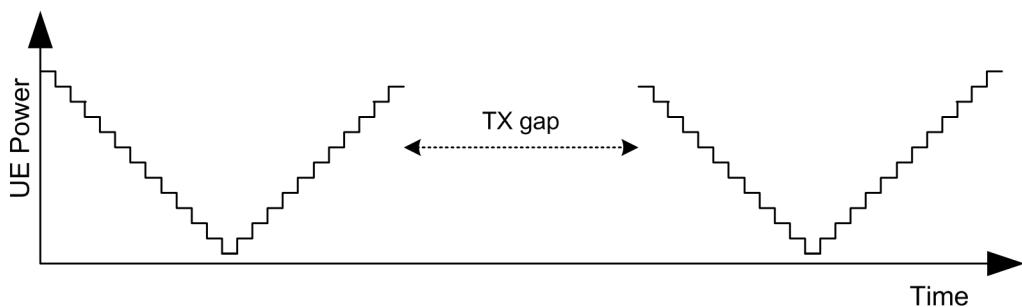


Figure 2-14: Pattern B

As precondition the R&S CMW sets target power before the pattern execution. After the pattern execution, the UE is commanded to set target power again. The R&S CMW uses standardized values as stated in table below.

Table 2-24: TPC setup TPC test step UL CM

CM pattern	Target power	TPC commands in 3GPP TS 34.121	Algorithm / step size
Pattern A (rising TPC)	-36 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.6	1 / 2 dB
Pattern A (falling TPC)	2 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.7	1 / 2 dB
Pattern B	-10 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.8	1 / 1 dB

2.2.15.8 TPC Patterns for DC HSPA In-Band Emission Measurements

The "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" test is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5. The UE transmit power in the tested carrier has to be set to the minimum output power and the power in the other carrier to the maximum output power.

The DC HSPA in-band emission test is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5. A requirement of the connection is defined for a dual carrier HSUPA connection using FRC H-Set 3A QPSK, see "[H-Set](#)" on page 242 and BPSK modulation in uplink.

Use the wizard "Dual Carrier HSPA Innerloop Power Control" for the quick automatic signal setting, see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163. Afterwards execute the TPC patterns for DC HSPA in-band emission tests.

2.2.15.9 Rules for the Transfer of TPC Patterns

Administrable TPC patterns are transmitted via the downlink DPCH.

A pattern starts always at the beginning of a frame:

- A new pattern following an all 0 or all 1 pattern starts at the beginning of the first frame after the current frame.
- A new pattern following an alternating pattern always starts at the next frame boundary. There, the last bit of the alternating pattern is different from the first bit of the new pattern. It can be the first or second frame after the current frame.
- A running continuous pattern is immediately interrupted by a new pattern. The new pattern starts at the beginning of the first frame after the current frame.

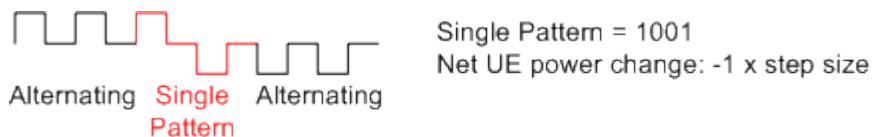
Example:

Single pattern + alternating can be used to first change the (average) UE power by a definite number of steps and then maintain the new (average) UE power. Due to the rules quoted above, the first and the last bit in <Pattern> cancel the effect of the preceding and the following bits. The rules tend to stabilize the net UE power and minimize the effect of <Pattern>.

It is easy to show this mechanism for power control algorithm 1 where the UE power changes after each slot by a definite step size. If the first and the last bits in <Pattern> are different, the net UE power change caused by these bits is zero. Example:



If both the first and the last bit in <Pattern> are 1 (0), then the net UE power change equals the step size multiplied with 1 (−1). The effect of 1 bit is canceled. Example:



For each of the central bits, 0 and 1 in <Pattern> causes a UE power change of the step size multiplied with −1 and 1, respectively. The central bits are all bits except the first and the last bit.

2.2.15.10 Generating TPC Trigger Signals

The WCDMA signaling application provides TPC trigger signals. These signals allow a measurement (e.g. a WCDMA TX measurement, option R&S CMW-KM400) to synchronize to the transferred TPC patterns, e.g. for measuring the resulting UE power.

For "Change of TFC" and "TPC test Step UL CM" measurements, a dedicated trigger signal is available, see "["Change of TFC trigger"](#) on page 62 and "["UL compressed mode trigger"](#) on page 63. The description below applies to "TPC Trigger" signals.

The trigger pulse related to a certain TPC pattern is generated one timeslot before the first TPC bit. Example: If the first TPC bit is transferred in the timeslot 0, the trigger pulse is transmitted at the beginning of the last timeslot (14) of the previous frame.

Depending on the pattern setup, a trigger pulse can be generated either once or it can be repeated periodically:

- Once: One trigger pulse is generated for the first TPC bit (slot 14 of previous frame)
For the TPC setup "Max. Power E-DCH", one trigger pulse is generated when the maximum power has been reached. No trigger pulse is generated for the TPC bits sent to reach the maximum power.
- Periodic ("10 Slot"): The first trigger pulse is repeated every tenth bit/slot (slot 14, slot 9, slot 4, slot 14, ...)

- Periodic ("Patt. Length"), for continuous pattern only: Whenever the first bit of <Pattern> is transferred, a trigger pulse is generated in the previous timeslot. For a continuous pattern with length 1, a trigger pulse is generated in every second timeslot.

The assignment of one of these options to a pattern setup is fixed and displayed at the GUI, see [Chapter 2.4.10.4, "TX Power Control - General Settings", on page 203](#).

Trigger pulses are generated for pattern execution, not for reaching a precondition.



Configuring measurements for single trigger pulses

For a "Once" trigger providing only one single pulse, configure the measurement to measure only one measurement interval, which is then triggered by the single trigger pulse.

If you configure more than one measurement interval, the second interval results in a trigger timeout.

Configuring only one measurement interval means setting the statistic counts to 1 and executing a single shot measurement.

2.2.15.11 Preconditions and Pattern Execution

For some measurements, it is useful to command the UE to a specific precondition, e.g. the UE must transmit at maximum power.

Possible preconditions are:

- "Min. Power": The UE is commanded to reach its minimum power.
- "Max. Power": The UE is commanded to reach its maximum power.
- "Target Power": The UE is commanded to the selected target power, followed by an alternating pattern when the target power is reached.
- Alternating: An alternating bit sequence is transmitted. The UE power is kept constant (for algorithm 1 alternating increase/decrease by one power step).

To reach the precondition of the active setup, you can press the "Precond." button. Using the "Precond." button is only required in exceptional situations. For maximum speed and convenience, the precondition is reached automatically whenever possible. For the "Precond." button, see [Chapter 2.4.10.4, "TX Power Control - General Settings", on page 203](#).

The pattern execution can be started by pressing the "Execute" button. If the precondition of the active TPC setup has not been reached when the "Execute" button is pressed, the precondition is reached first, then pattern execution is started. For TPC setups without precondition, the pattern execution starts automatically whenever possible.

Events:

- When the signal is switched on:
If the active TPC setup has a precondition, the precondition is reached automatically.
If the active TPC setup has no precondition, pattern execution is started automatically.

- When the precondition of the active TPC setup is changed while the signal is on:
The new precondition is reached automatically (if it is set to none, pattern execution is started).
- When the active setup is changed while the signal is on:
If the new TPC setup has a precondition, the precondition is reached automatically.
If the new TPC setup has no precondition, pattern execution is started automatically.

Changes of the TX power control settings (including pressing the "Precond." or "Execute" button) cannot be evaluated immediately while reaching a precondition or executing a pattern. Instead the changes are evaluated when pattern execution is finished or the minimum power, maximum power or target power has been reached. While an "Alternating" or "Continuous Pattern" TPC setup is executed, changes are evaluated at any time.

2.2.16 Random Access Procedure

Random access procedures are used when establishing the layer 1 communication between the UE and UTRAN, i.e. when the UE attempts a registration or connection towards the R&S CMW.

For this purpose, the UE randomly selects access slots and transmits RACH preambles via the physical random access channel (PRACH). Preambles are transmitted at increasing power until the NodeB sends an ACK/NACK on the acquisition indicator channel (AICH) or until the maximum number of preambles within one cycle is exceeded. After receiving an ACK the UE transmits a message, otherwise the ramping cycle is repeated.

The following figure shows a random access procedure where the UE receives an ACK after the fourth sent preamble.

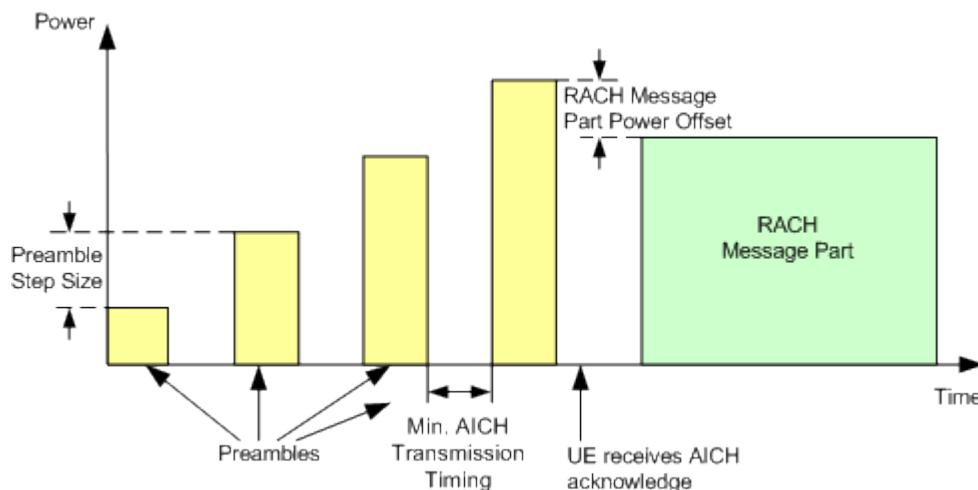


Figure 2-15: Random access procedure

The minimum AICH transmission timing can be configured as part of the AICH settings, see [Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings"](#), on page 181. For con-

figuration of the other parameters related to the random access procedure, see [Chapter 2.4.10.3, "PRACH Settings", on page 201](#).

Initial preamble power

According to 3GPP TS 25.331, the UE calculates the power of the first preamble of a preamble cycle using the following formula:

$$P = \text{minimum}(\langle\text{Max. allowed UE power}\rangle, \langle\text{UL Interference}\rangle + \langle\text{Constant Offset Value}\rangle + \langle\text{Signaled P-CPICH Level}\rangle - \langle\text{CPICH_RSCP}\rangle)$$

With the following parameters:

- $\langle\text{Maximum allowed UE Power}\rangle, \langle\text{UL interference}\rangle, \langle\text{Constant Offset Value}\rangle, \langle\text{Signaled P-CPICH Level}\rangle$:

These values are broadcasted to the UE. For configuration, see:

- ["Maximum UE Power" on page 199](#)
- ["UL Interference" on page 201](#)
- ["Constant Offset Value" on page 201](#)
- ["P-CPICH Enhanced > Signalized Level" on page 185](#)

- CPICH_RSCP: denotes the CPICH received signal code power, i.e. the received signal power on one code, measured by the UE on the pilot bits of the P-CPICH.

The expected power of the first preamble is displayed at the GUI, see ["Exp. Initial Preamble Power" on page 201](#).

2.2.17 Continuous Packet Connectivity (CPC)

With a CPC, the UE is held online, so that the latencies occurred by a connection termination and reestablishment are avoided. To reduce the UE battery consumption when no user data are transferred, there is a bundle of features that support packet data users in an R7 HSPA+ network. With increased acceptance of packet data services, a high number of users are supported in a cell.

The main task of the CPC is to support control channels by reducing the control channel overhead for the following channels:

- Dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH) in the uplink
- High-speed dedicated physical control channel (HS-DPCCH) in the uplink
- High-Speed shared control channel (HS-SCCH) in the downlink

The next important task is to minimize the latency as perceived in HSPA CELL_DCH state, and to avoid the frequent connection termination and re-establishment.

The R&S CMW supports the following CPC features:

- **UE uplink discontinuous transmission (DTX)**

Uplink DPCCH is transmitted from time to time according to a known activity pattern. This regular activity is needed to maintain synchronization and power control loop. The UE DTX is only active if there is no uplink data transmission on E-DCH or HS-DPCCH.

Two uplink DPCCH activity patterns are possible per UE:

- UE DTX cycle 1
Used temporarily, after an inactivity threshold UE changes from cycle 1 to 2
- UE DTX cycle 2
Allows you to transmit the uplink DPCCH less frequently than cycle 1

After the last uplink transmission on E-DCH, the UE waits for the duration of the "Inactivity Threshold" and then switches from UE DTX cycle 1 to the longer cycle 2. See the following figure.

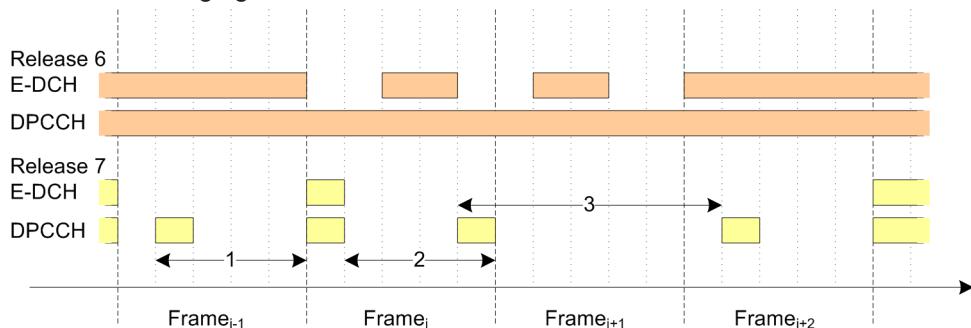


Figure 2-16: Uplink DTX example, 2 ms TTI

- 1 = DTX cycle 1
- 2 = inactivity threshold for DTX cycle 2
- 3 = DTX cycle 2

In normal signaling mode, the DTX mode is activated/deactivated automatically according to the settings. During reduced signaling is activated, use the [HS-SCCH Order](#) button to send the order type 0 manually.

- **UE downlink discontinuous reception (DRX)**

DL DRX operation is only possible when the UL DTX operation is activated. Network limits the number of HS-SCCH subframes to be monitored by the UE to reduce UE battery consumption. Parameter UE_DRX_cycle sets which HS-SCCH subframes the UE has to monitor. The DRX also defines the monitoring of E-RGCH and E-AGCH downlink control channels. In general, when UE uplink data transmission is ongoing or has stopped, the UE has to monitor these channels.

In normal signaling mode, the DRX mode is activated/deactivated automatically according to the settings. During reduced signaling is activated, use the [HS-SCCH Order](#) button to send the order type 0 manually.

- **E-DCH TX start time restrictions**

UE is forced to transmit only on pre-defined time instants, due that a MAC DTX cycle and a MAC inactivity threshold are introduced.

- **HS-SCCH order type 0**

The HS-SCCH order type 0 enables/disables discontinuous downlink reception, discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission and HS-SCCH less operation. No HS-PDSCH is associated with HS-SCCH orders.

In normal signaling mode, the HS-SCCH order type 0 is sent automatically to the UE. During reduced signaling is activated, use the [HS-SCCH Order](#) button to send the order type 0 manually.

The "HS-SCCH Order" button is available only in reduced signaling mode.

- **HS-SCCH less operation**

The HS-SCCH less operation reduces the HS-SCCH overhead and UE battery consumption. It is optimized for services with small packets, such as VoIP. The NodeB decides for each packet about applying HS-SCCH less operation.

During the HS-SCCH less operation, the transmission on HS-DSCH is done without an associated HS-SCCH, therefore UE does not monitor HS-SCCH in HS-SCCH less operation. The first NodeB - UE transmission always uses QPSK, one of four predefined transport formats and predefined channelization codes, so that the UE can blindly detect the correct format. First HS-PDSCH code to use is signaled.

If the packet is not received in the initial transmission, two retransmissions using HS-SCCH signaling are allowed in HS-SCCH less operation. After two unsuccessful retransmissions, higher layer mechanisms react.

- **New UL-DPCCH slot format**

For the new UL-DPCCH slot format no. 4, see the table below. This slot format contains four transmit power control (TPC) bits in order to reduce DPCCH transmit power. Feedback information (FBI) and transport format combination indicator (TFCI) bits are not sent.

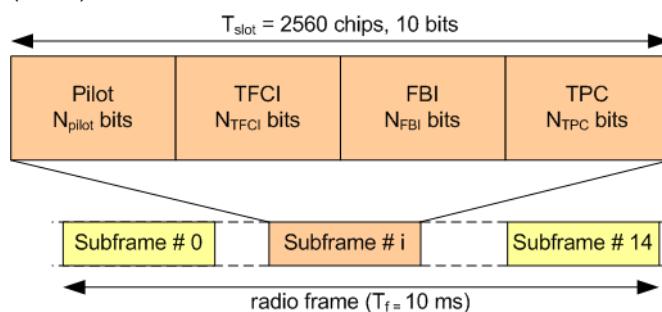


Table 2-25: Supported uplink DPCCH slot formats

Slot format	Channel bit rate in kbit/s	Channel symbol rate in ksymbol/s	SF	N _{pilot}	N _{TPC}	N _{TFCI}	N _{FBI}	Transmitted slots per frame
1	15	15	256	8	2	0	0	8-15
4	15	15	256	6	4	0	0	8-15

2.2.18 WCDMA Wizards

The WCDMA wizards provide predefined sets of settings for HSDPA and HSUPA signals. Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

In general, using a wizard is the simplest and fastest way of configuring the instrument for maximum HSPA throughput or for "Max. Power E-DCH" tests. All settings can be further refined after the wizard has prepared a basic signal configuration.



Before using a wizard, select the scenario to be used (see [Chapter 2.4.5, "General Settings"](#), on page 164). Wizards support all kind of test setups (e.g. operation with multi-carrier in downlink/uplink) and apply settings to all downlink/uplink carriers.

Using the wizard

Before using a maximum throughput wizard, configure the relevant UE category correctly (for HSDPA see "[UE Category](#)" on page 241, for HSUPA see "[UE Category](#)" on page 249). If you want to use reported UE categories, register the UE, so that it sends a capability report. The registration is required because some HSPA settings are automatically configured compatible to the configured or reported UE category.

After registration or UE category configuration, execute the wizard (see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163).

Sets of settings

There are several sets of settings:

- "HSDPA Max. Throughput": HSDPA signal with maximum throughput
- "HSUPA Max. Throughput": HSUPA signal with maximum throughput
- "HSPA Max. Throughput": HSDPA and HSUPA signal with maximum throughput
Executing the "HSPA Max. Throughput" wizard has the same effect as executing first the "HSDPA Max. Throughput" wizard and then the "HSUPA Max. Throughput" wizard.
- "HSUPA Maximum Output Power": signal suitable for "Max. Power E-DCH tests" according to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B. The specification defines 5 subtests. The values set by the wizard depend on the selected subtest. RMC-related parameters are only relevant for subtest 1 to 4 and not configured for subtest 5.
- "Dual Carrier HSPA Innerloop Power Control": signal with dual carrier HSDPA and dual carrier HSUPA suitable for DC HSPA in-band emission test in line with 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5.
- "HSUPA E-RGCH Measurement": signal suitable for the "Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel test" described in the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, sections 10.3.1.1. and 10.3.1.2 . The wizard supports both the 10 ms TTI and 2 ms TTI single link performance tests of both test modes - missed up/down and missed hold mode.
- "HSDPA CQI Measurement": signal suitable for the "Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator" test described in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 9.3.
- "Out Of Sync Handling": signal suitable for the "Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power" test described in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.4.



Wizard is suspended during active call.

The following tables list the parameters configured by the wizards. You can configure additional required settings manually before or after executing a wizard.

Table 2-26: Wizard settings for HSDPA maximum throughput

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Enable P-CCPCH, P-SCH, S-SCH, F-DPCH on carrier 2 *	The first table column in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9.3, "Channel Table - Release 99" , on page 184
All DL channel power levels	Table column "Level" in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings" , on page 181
Output power lor * (-47 dBm)	"Output Power (lor)" on page 175
UE terminating connection ("Test Mode")	"UE term. Connection" on page 211
Test mode type (RMC + HSPA)	"Type" on page 216
Packet data DL data rate (HSDPA)	"Data Rate" on page 220
Packet switched domain (on)	"Packet Switched Domain" on page 225
HS-DSCH configuration type (user-defined)	"Configuration Type" on page 241
Inter-TTI distance	"Inter-TTI Distance" on page 245
Number of HARQ processes (6)	"Number of HARQ Processes" on page 246
Transport block size index	"Transport Block Size Index" on page 246
Number of HS-PDSCH codes	"Number of Physical Channel Codes" on page 246
Modulation scheme	"Modulation" on page 247
* For DC HSPA scenario only	

Table 2-27: Wizard settings for HSUPA maximum throughput

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Enable P-CCPCH, P-SCH, S-SCH, F-DPCH on carrier 2 *	The first table column in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9.3, "Channel Table - Release 99" , on page 184
All DL channel power levels	Table column "Level" in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings" , on page 181
Output power lor * (-47 dBm)	"Output Power (lor)" on page 175
UE terminating connection ("Test Mode")	"UE term. Connection" on page 211
Test mode type (HSPA)	"Type" on page 216
HSPA direction (HSPA)	"Direction" on page 219
UL RLC SDU size	"HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size" on page 219
Packet data UL data rate (HSUPA)	"Data Rate" on page 220
Packet switched domain (on)	"Packet Switched Domain" on page 225
TTI mode	"TTI Mode" on page 249
Maximum channelization code	"Maximum Channelization Code" on page 251
Absolute grant pattern length (1)	"Pattern Length" on page 253
Absolute grant index (31)	"AG Index" on page 253

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Modulation scheme	"Modulation" on page 251
Second HSUPA carrier	"2nd Carrier Enable" on page 248
TPC setup ("Closed Loop")	"Active TPC Setup" on page 204
* For DC HSPA scenario only	

Table 2-28: Wizard settings for HSUPA maximum output power

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Downlink output power (-86 dBm)	"Output Power (Ior)" on page 175
All DL channel power levels	Table column "Level" in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings" , on page 181
HS-SCCH selection (No. 1)	"Selection" on page 192
Number of HS-SCCH (4)	"Number of HSSCCH" on page 193
Unscheduled HS-SCCH subframes ("Transmit Dummy UE ID")	"Unscheduled Subframes" on page 194
Maximum UE power (21 dBm)	"Maximum UE Power" on page 199
TPC setup ("Max. Power E-DCH")	"Active TPC Setup" on page 204
Target power (0 dBm, total power)	"Target Power" on page 206
Gain factors for RMC 12.2 kbps and HSDPA	" β_C, β_D " on page 209
HSDPA power offset parameters	" $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK, \Delta CQI$ " on page 209
Signaled ΔE -DPCCH	" ΔE -DPCCH" on page 209
No of reference E-TFCIs, reference E-TFCIs	"No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI" on page 209
UE terminating connection ("Test Mode")	"UE term. Connection" on page 211
Test mode type (RMC + HSPA / subtest 5: HSPA)	"Type" on page 216
RMC data rate (12.2 kbps)	"Data Rate" on page 216
RMC loop mode ("Loop Mode 1 RLC")	"Test Mode" on page 217
Test mode procedure (RMC + HSPA 34.108)	"Test Mode Procedure" on page 218
HSPA direction (HSPA)	"Direction" on page 219
HSUPA UL RLC SDU size (2936)	"HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size" on page 219
Packet switched domain (on)	"Packet Switched Domain" on page 225
$Q_{qualmin}$ (-24 dB)	"Q qualmin" on page 231
$Q_{rxlevmin}$ (-115 dBm)	"Q rxlevmin" on page 231

Parameter	Link to parameter description
CQI feedback cycle (4 ms)	"CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor" on page 240
CQI repetition factor (2)	"CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor" on page 240
ACK/NACK repetition factor (3)	"ACK/NACK Repetition Factor" on page 240
Channel configuration (FRC)	"Configuration Type" on page 241
FRC H-Set (H-Set 1 QPSK)	"H-Set" on page 242
TTI mode (10 ms)	"TTI Mode" on page 249
E-TFCI table index (0)	"E-TFCI Table Index" on page 250
Minimum set E-TFCI	"Minimum Set E-TFCI" on page 250
Happy bit delay condition (100 ms)	"Happy Bit Delay Condition" on page 250
Puncturing limit (0.84)	"Puncturing Limit $PL_{non-max}$ " on page 250
Maximum channelization code	"Maximum Channelization Code" on page 251
Initial serving grant (off)	"Initial Serving Grant" on page 251
HARQ power offset (0 dB)	"H-ARQ Power Offset" on page 257
Max retransmissions (7)	"Max No. of Retransmissions" on page 258
AG pattern length (1)	"Pattern Length" on page 253
AG index	"AG Index" on page 253
UE measurement reports (off)	"Report" on page 266

Table 2-29: Wizard settings for dual carrier HSPA inner loop power control

Parameter	Link to parameter description
All DL channel power levels	Table column "Level" in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings" , on page 181
HS-SCCH selection (No. 1 and 2)	"Selection" on page 192
Unscheduled HS-SCCH subframes ("Transmit Dummy UE ID")	"Unscheduled Subframes" on page 194
Gain factors for HSDPA (15)	" β_C, β_D " on page 209
HSDPA power offset parameters (0)	" $\Delta ACK, \Delta NACK, \Delta CQI$ " on page 209
Signaled ΔE -DPCCH (0)	" ΔE -DPCCH" on page 209
No of reference E-TFCIs (2), reference E-TFCIs (1, 68), power offset (12, 19), boost (67), $\Delta T2TP$ (5)	"No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI" on page 209
UE terminating connection ("Test Mode")	"UE term. Connection" on page 211
Test mode type (HSPA)	"Type" on page 216
HSPA direction (HSPA)	"Direction" on page 219
Packet switched domain (on)	"Packet Switched Domain" on page 225

Parameter	Link to parameter description
CQI feedback cycle (4 ms)	"CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor" on page 240
CQI repetition factor (2)	"CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor" on page 240
ACK/NACK repetition factor (1)	"ACK/NACK Repetition Factor" on page 240
HS-DSCH configuration type (FRC)	"Configuration Type" on page 241
FRC H-Set (H-Set 3A QPSK)	"H-Set" on page 242
Enable second uplink carrier (on)	"2nd Carrier Enable" on page 248
TTI mode (2 ms)	"TTI Mode" on page 249
UL RLC PDU size (72), flexible RLC PDU (off)	"RLC PDU Size" on page 249
HSUPA UL RLC SDU size (72)	HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size
Absolute grant pattern length (1)	"Pattern Length" on page 253
Absolute grant index (6)	"AG Index" on page 253
Minimum set E-TFCI (67)	"Minimum Set E-TFCI" on page 250
Maximum channelization code (SF16)	"Maximum Channelization Code" on page 251
E-TFCI table index (0)	"E-TFCI Table Index" on page 250
TPC setup ("Closed Loop")	"Active TPC Setup" on page 204
Target power (0 dBm, total power)	"Target Power" on page 206
UE measurement report (off)	"Report" on page 266

Table 2-30: Wizard settings for HSUPA E-RGCH measurement

Parameter	Link to parameter description
UE terminating connection ("Test Mode")	"UE term. Connection" on page 211
Test mode type (HSPA)	"Type" on page 216
HSPA direction (HSPA)	"Direction" on page 219
Packet switched domain (on)	"Packet Switched Domain" on page 225
Selection E-RGCH measurement mode ("Missed Hold**": all DTX*, "Missed Up/Down *": alternating H-ARQ cycle*)	"Mode" on page 256
Selection of TTI mode (2 ms or 10 ms)	"TTI Mode" on page 249
E-RGCH activated (on*)	"Level" on page 197
Max retransmissions (0*)	"Max No. of Retransmissions" on page 258
Absolute grant pattern length (TTI 2 ms: 8*, TTI 10 ms: 4*)	"Pattern Length" on page 253
Absolute grant index (TTI 2 ms: all 4, TTI 10 ms: all 5)	"AG Index" on page 253
Absolute grant scope (all off*)	"AG Scope (per HARQ process)" on page 253

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Absolute grant ID type (all off*)	" ID Type (secondary ID) " on page 253
Absolute grant pattern repetition (SG initialized*)	" AG Pattern Repetition " on page 254
UE measurement report (off)	" Report " on page 266
Initial E-TFCI index (TTI 2 ms: 4, TTI 10 ms: 5)	" Initial E-TFCI Index " on page 307
Selection of expected E-TFCI values (auto)	" Expected E-TFCI Values " on page 307
Number of expected E-TFCI values (7)	" No. of Expected E-TFCIs " on page 306
* mandatory settings required for the correct execution of HSUPA E-ARGCH measurement	

Table 2-31: Wizard settings for HSDPA CQI measurement

Parameter	Link to parameter description
Channel configuration type (CQI)	" Configuration Type " on page 241
CQI table index (conformance test)	" CQI Table Index, CQI Tables " on page 243
Number of HARQ processes (2)	" Number of HARQ Processes " on page 246
CQI feedback cycle (2 ms)	" CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor " on page 240
64-QAM mode (off)	" CQI Table Index, CQI Tables " on page 243

Table 2-32: Wizard settings for out-of-sync handling measurement

Parameter	Link to parameter description
N313 (200)	" N313 " on page 234
T313 timeout (15 s)	" T313 Timeout " on page 234
Out of synch timeout (20 s)	" TimeOut of OutOfSynch " on page 232
Output power Ior (-61 dBm)	" Output Power (Ior) " on page 175
AWGN (-60 dBm)	" AWGN Noise (loc) " on page 175
All DL channel power levels according 3GPP TS 34.121, annex E, table E.3.3: "Downlink Physical Channels transmitted during a connection"	Table column "Level" in "Physical Downlink Settings", see Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings" , on page 181
Active TPC Setup (all 1)	" Active TPC Setup " on page 204

2.2.19 BER Measurement

The WCDMA signaling BER measurement tests the transmission performance on the complete signal path from the R&S CMW to the UE under test and back. To this end, the UE is set to test loop operation where it returns the received and decoded data blocks back to the instrument. The R&S CMW compares its output signal with the received signal to derive the measurement results.

The measurement is especially suitable to assess the characteristics and the performance of the UE receiver at low RF power levels. Because of the higher signal level, transmission errors produced on the way back (from the UE to the instrument) can usually be neglected. To verify this assumption for UE receiver quality measurements, the uplink block error ratio (BLER) can be measured also.

UE test loops and bit error rates for conformance tests are specified in 3GPP TS 34.109.



BER dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for BER tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.19.1 BER, BLER and DBLER Tests

To measure the bit error rate (BER), block error ratio (BLER) and data block error rate (DBLER), configure an RMC connection with test loop and without HSPA test mode. This section describes several suitable RMC and loop configurations.

The table below provides an overview of the configurations. For each configuration, it lists the results that can be measured and the required RMC and loop settings. For a description of the corresponding parameters, refer to [Chapter 2.4.11.5, "Test Mode Connection Settings", on page 215](#).

In reduced signaling mode, loop mode 2 with or without UL CRC is supported. Loop mode 1 is not supported.

Below the table the configurations are described in detail.

Configura-tion	Measured results	Test mode	RMC data rate	Loop mode 1 RLC	Loop mode 2 Sym. UL CRC
1	BER, DBLER, DL BLER	Loop mode 2	UL=DL	n/a	Disabled
2	BER, DBLER, UL BLER	Loop mode 2	UL=DL	n/a	Enabled
3	BER, DBLER	Loop mode 2	UL < DL	n/a	Setting ignored, UL CRC enabled
		Loop mode 1		Transparent	n/a



Acquisition error

If the UE does not close the loop and sends other data instead of looping back the received data, it results in an acquisition error (reliability indicator value 7). For the BER measurement, an acquisition error indicates that the UL signal was decoded successfully, but the expected bit pattern was not found.

Configuration 1: Loop mode 2 with symmetric data rate and disabled UL CRC

This configuration is described in 3GPP TS 34.109 for BLER measurements. Its purpose is to assess block errors originating in the downlink path. BER and DBLER can also be measured.

UL and DL data rate are equal. The UL transport block is bigger than the DL transport block. The UL CRC is disabled. The DL CRC' (including a possible error produced in the UE receiver) is incorporated into the UL transport block and received by the tester. This configuration is illustrated below for a 12.2 kbps RMC.

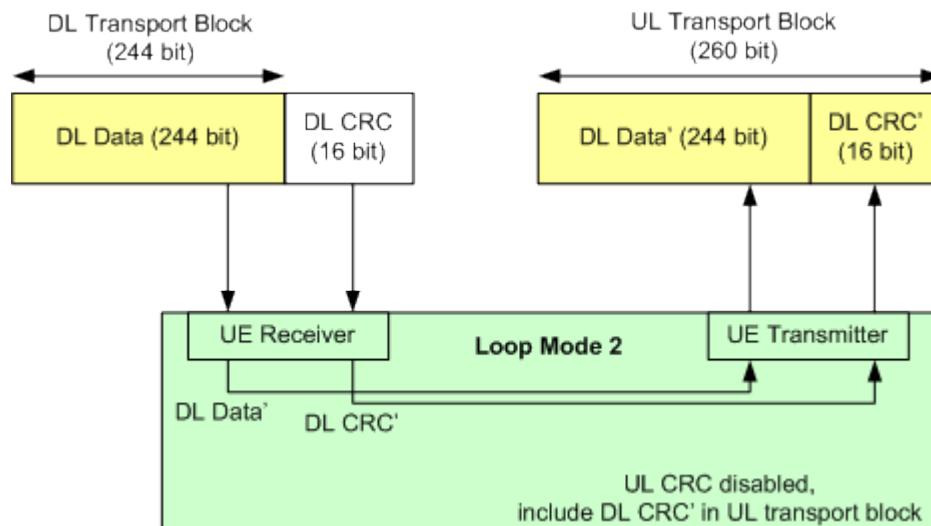


Figure 2-17: Loop mode 2, UL CRC disabled (RMC with 12.2 kbps)

The results are calculated as follows:

- **DL BLER:** The R&S CMW checks whether the looped-back DL CRC' matches the looped-back DL data' and divides the number of detected block errors by the total number of transferred blocks.
- **BER, DBLER:** The R&S CMW compares the looped-back DL data' to the transmitted DL data.

This configuration assumes that no errors are introduced in the uplink path. To verify this assumption, the UL BLER can be measured using configuration 2.

Configuration 2: Loop mode 2 with symmetric data rate and enabled UL CRC

This configuration can be used to assess block errors originating in the uplink path. BER and DBLER can also be measured.

UL and DL data rate are equal. The UL and DL transport block size are also equal. The UL CRC is enabled. This configuration is illustrated below for a 12.2 kbps RMC.

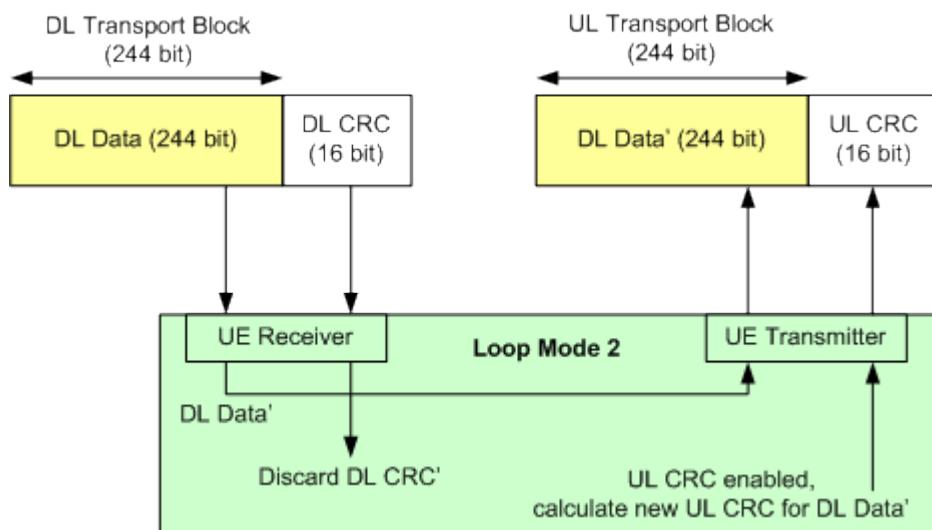


Figure 2-18: Loop mode 2, UL CRC enabled (RMC with 12.2 kbps)

The results are calculated as follows:

- **UL BLER:** The R&S CMW compares the looped-back DL data' with the UL CRC calculated by the UE (UL CRC check). The UL BLER is equal to the ratio of blocks with failed UL CRC check to the total number of blocks. The result is independent of errors introduced in the downlink path.
- **DBLER:** The R&S CMW checks whether the UL CRC calculated by the UE is equal to the DL CRC. It divides the number of detected data block errors by the total number of transferred blocks.
- **BER:** The R&S CMW compares the looped-back DL data' to the transmitted DL data.

To ensure that the DL results BER/DBLER are not distorted by transmission errors in the UL, blocks with failed UL CRC check are not considered for the calculation of BER/DBLER.

Configuration 3: Asymmetric RMC data rates

Receiver quality tests at high data rates are to ensure that the UE receiver performance does not deteriorate under stress conditions. With asymmetric RMC data rates, the BER and DBLER can be measured even if the UE does not support high data rates in the uplink.

The transport block size increases with the data rate. Thus both the UL data rate and the UL transport block size are smaller than the DL data rate and DL transport block size. The UL CRC is enabled. Both loop mode 1 with RLC transparent mode and loop mode 2 can be used.

Assume that the DL data rate corresponds to $N + n$ information bits per block, the smaller UL data rate to N information bits per block. Out of the $N + n$ received bits, the UE loops back N bits plus a new UL CRC.

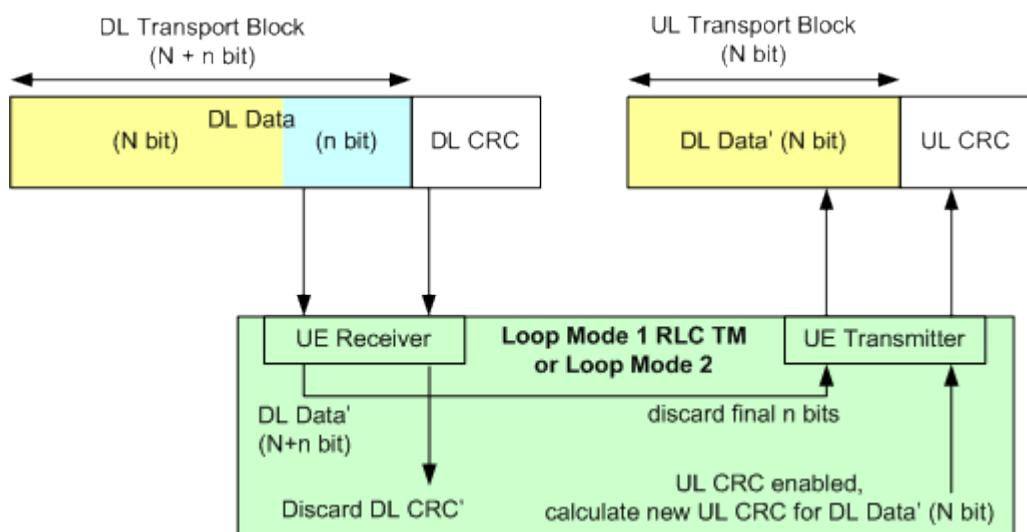


Figure 2-19: Asymmetric RMC data rates, UL CRC enabled

The results are calculated as follows:

- **BER:** The R&S CMW compares the looped-back DL data' (N bit) to the transmitted DL data (N bit). Assuming statistical independence of the bit errors the result is equal to the BER of all N + n data bits.
- **DBLER:** The DBLER is calculated as the ratio of the number of looped-back data blocks with bit errors to the total number of looped-back data blocks. The smaller UL block size means that this result is a lower limit for the DBLER that would be obtained by looping-back and evaluating all N + n data bits.

2.2.19.2 BTFD Tests (FDR and UL TFCI Faults)

During blind transport format detection (BTFD) tests, the R&S CMW transmits transport blocks without TFCI. The UE recognizes the transport format, adds the correct TFCI and loops back the transport blocks.

BTFD RMCs are specified in 3GPP TS 25.101 and 34.121. See also: [Chapter 2.2.12.4, "Blind Transport Format Detection \(BTFD\)"](#), on page 57.

The R&S CMW provides the following results related to BTFD:

- **False transmit format detection ratio (FDR):**
The FDR is the percentage of transport blocks which passed the UE receiver's CRC check but were detected with a wrong transport format. The R&S CMW calculates the FDR from a comparison of the downlink BTFD blocks with the blocks retransmitted by the UE.
The FDR is usually a small number because the probability of a block error is much larger than the probability of detecting a wrong transport format.
- **UL TFCI faults:**
The UL TFCI faults ratio measures the percentage of transport blocks which the UE receiver detected with a wrong transport format, irrespective of the result of the CRC check. It means that blocks received in error contribute to the UL TFCI faults so that this ratio is always larger than the FDR.

To measure FDR and UL TFCI faults

Perform the steps listed below. All parameters can be configured in the [BER Tab](#).

1. Select [UE term. Connection](#) = "Test Mode".
2. Select test mode [Type](#) = "BTFD".
3. Specify data rate via [BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format](#).
4. Select [Test Mode](#) = "Loop Mode 2" so that the UE will loop back the received blocks after detecting the transport format and adding the TFCI.
5. Initiate the BER measurement.
6. Connect test mode.

The initiated measurement starts automatically when the RMC connection has been set up.

2.2.19.3 Measurement Results

All results of the Signaling BER measurement are shown in the lower left part of the BER tab of the RX measurements view.

The results are described briefly below. For additional information concerning the measurement procedures, see [Chapter 2.2.19.1, "BER, BLER and DBLER Tests", on page 83](#) and [BTFD Tests \(FDR and UL TFCI Faults\)](#).

Results	
BER	0.000 %
BLER	0.000 %
DBLER	0.000 %
Lost Transp.Blocks	0
UL TFCI Faults	NCAP
False Detection Ratio [%]	NCAP
PN Discontinuity	0
Transport Blocks	 100 / 100

Figure 2-20: WCDMA Signaling BER results

BER

Bit error rate, percentage of received erroneous data bits.

BLER

Block error ratio, percentage of received transport blocks with at least one erroneous bit in the data part or CRC field. The BLER can be determined for the downlink or for the uplink, depending on the UL CRC setting.

DBLER

Data block error rate, percentage of received transport blocks with at least one erroneous bit in the data part (errors in CRC field are ignored).

Lost Transport Blocks

Difference between the number of blocks sent and the number of blocks received from the UE under test. Lost blocks do not enter into the calculation of BLER and DBLER. The number of lost transport blocks is an additional indicator for the quality of the whole connection from the R&S CMW to the UE and back.

UL TFCI Faults

Percentage of transport blocks which the UE receiver detected with a wrong transport format, irrespective of the result of the CRC check.

This measurement result is used for BTFD.

FDR

False transmit format detection ratio; the percentage of transport blocks which passed the UE receiver's CRC check but were detected with a wrong transport format.

This measurement result is used for BTFD.

PN Discontinuity

Number of transport blocks that the R&S CMW corrected (i.e. reordered) in the PN resync procedure, see "["PN Resync"](#) on page 289.

Transport Blocks

During the first single measurement shot, this value indicates the number of received transport data blocks and the total number of blocks to be measured per single shot. Two equal numbers indicate that the first shot is complete and the statistical depth has been reached. A measurement in continuous mode still continues and calculates results from the previous statistical cycle (e.g. the previous 100 transport blocks).

2.2.20 HSDPA ACK Measurement

The WCDMA Signaling HSDPA ACK measurement evaluates the demodulation of the downlink HS-DSCH by the UE and measures the data throughput. Thus it tests the UE receiver quality. Measurements can be performed in normal signaling mode and in reduced signaling mode. Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

**HSDPA ACK dialogs**

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for HSDPA ACK tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.20.1 Performing HSDPA ACK Measurements

To perform an HSDPA ACK measurement, set up an HSDPA connection (test mode or end to end data). The measurement supports standard cell scenarios and multi-carrier scenarios.

If an HSDPA test mode connection is established, the signaling application sends data to the UE via the HS-DSCH, i.e. it sends HSDPA subframes to the UE. The UE has to

confirm each successfully received subframe (successful CRC check) with a positive acknowledgment (ACK) returned via the HS-DPCCH. For unsuccessful transmissions, the UE returns a negative acknowledgment (NACK).

No UE response to a transmission is counted by the measurement as discontinuous transmission (DTX). The probability of reporting DTX has to be low under the test conditions specified in 3GPP TS 25.101.

While the measurement is running, the R&S CMW evaluates the received ACKs/NACKs (and DTX) to calculate the measurement results. The UE must be synchronized to the downlink signal and provide a correctly timed uplink signal. Otherwise the ACK/NACK responses of the UE cannot be evaluated correctly.

The redundancy and constellation version (RV) used by the R&S CMW for a transmission depends on the response of the UE to the previous transmission. The behavior is defined in 3GPP TS 25.101, section 9.1, see following table.

Table 2-33: Reaction to received ACK/NACK/DTX

HS-DPCCH ACK/NACK field state	R&S CMW behavior
ACK	New transmission using 1 st RV
NACK	Retransmission using the next RV (up to the maximum permitted number of RVs)
DTX	Retransmission using the RV previously transmitted to the same H-ARQ process

The most important HSDPA settings of the signaling application can be accessed directly from the measurement. Press the softkey "Signaling Parameter" to display the related hotkeys.

To configure the downlink HSDPA generator for ACK/NACK tests according to the conformance specification 3GPP TS 34.121, select a fixed reference channel as HSDPA configuration type in the HSDPA settings.

For the test mode connections, it is possible to insert wrong CRC values into the downlink data. For configuration, see "[Error Insertion](#)" on page 219.

2.2.20.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the "HSDPA ACK" tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.

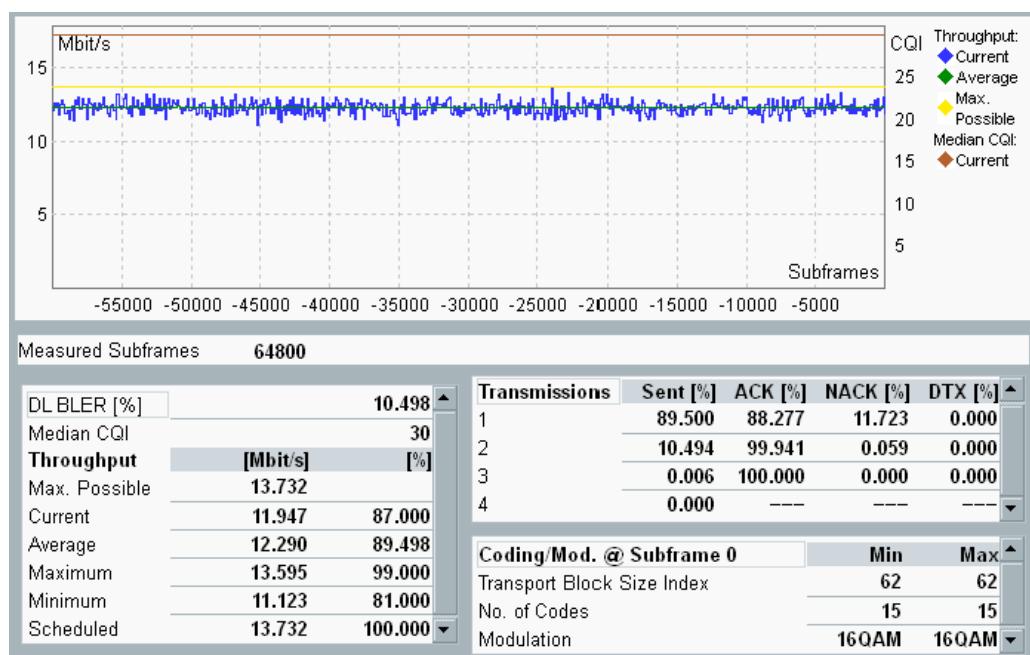


Figure 2-21: WCDMA signaling HSDPA ACK results

Diagram

The diagram provides a graphical presentation of selected results. The X-axis indicates the sent subframes, with the last sent subframe labeled 0, the previously sent subframe labeled -1, and so on. Each value is calculated per 100 measured subframes.

The traces indicate the current and max. possible throughput in Mbit/s and the median CQI value. For a multi-carrier scenario, there are separate current throughput traces per carrier and an overall trace. The median CQI trace is also available per carrier.

You can enable/disable the display of the individual traces via the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > Select Trace".

To scale the x-axis and the y-axis use the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > X Scale / Y Scale".

Overall Throughput

This result is only available for multi-carrier scenarios. It indicates the sum of the measured current throughputs of all carriers.

Max. possible Throughput

Max. possible information bit throughput of the HSDPA link. This value is not a measurement result, but it is calculated from the configured HS-DSCH parameters. It depends for example on the number of HARQ processes and the inter-TTI distance.

The value is calculated under the assumption that all transmission packets are acknowledged in the first transmission (no retransmissions necessary).

For a multi-carrier scenario, it considers the sum of all carriers (max. possible overall throughput).

Throughput

Information bit throughput of the HSDPA link in Mbit/s and as percentage of the "Max. possible Throughput".

Several statistical results are provided per carrier:

- **Current:** Current throughput, updated in regular, non-configurable averaging intervals (smaller than a single shot statistics cycle). The averaging intervals are also used for the scheduled results.
The current throughput is closely related to the DL BLER:
 $(\text{Throughput}/\%) = 100 - (\text{DL BLER}/\%)$
- **Maximum/Minimum:** Maximum and minimum "Current" throughput result since the start of the measurement
- **Scheduled:** Maximum effective throughput of the connection. This value is the measured throughput of the downlink signal. It equals the current throughput assuming that all blocks are acknowledged in the first transmission.
The scheduled throughput is relevant for data application tests on HSDPA connections. Here the scheduled throughput generally decreases because the MAC-d PDUs carrying the user bits do not always fill the complete MAC-hs payload. In addition, various limitations in the network and the application protocols can decrease the scheduled throughput.
Thus the max. possible throughput is usually not reached for data application tests. Instead the scheduled throughput can be reached if only ACKs are reported.
In HSDPA test mode, the scheduled throughput is expected to be equal to the max. possible throughput. Values larger than the max. possible throughput are due to averaging effects, see below.
- **Average:** Average of all "Current" values referenced to the last window size.
The fixed averaging intervals for the current and scheduled values have a variable overlap with the DL blocks. These DL blocks cause the result to jitter around the average value.

Transmissions

The table rows refer to transmissions with the 1st to 4th redundancy version (RV). "Transmission" means, a sent HSDPA subframe.

Select an RV coding sequence with up to four entries in the HSDPA settings. If you define a longer sequence, you nevertheless only get results for the first four redundancy versions.

The "Sent" column indicates the percentage of transmissions with a certain redundancy version, e.g. 90% transmissions with first RV, 10% with second RV.

The columns "ACK", "NACK" and "DTX" indicate the percentage of transmissions with a certain redundancy version, that the UE has answered with ACK, NACK or not at all. The sum of the values in each row = 100%.

All results are available per carrier.

DL BLER

Percentage of transmissions that were not acknowledged, irrespective of the used redundancy version.

$$\text{DL BLER} = (\#NACK + \#DTX) / (\#ACK + \#NACK + \#DTX) * 100\%$$

This result is available per carrier.

Median CQI

Median of the CQI values reported by the UE (i.e. the middle of the CQI distribution: half the reported CQIs are above and half below the median).

This result is available per carrier.

Measured Subframes

Total number of already measured transmission packets (HSDPA subframes).

In single shot mode, both the number of already measured HSDPA subframes and the number of HSDPA subframes to be measured are displayed.

Coding/Modulation @ Subframe x

For the specified subframe, the table shows the following detected values per carrier:

- Transport block size index
- Number of codes
- Modulation
- H-ARQ redundancy version

2.2.21 HSDPA CQI Measurement

The purpose of the WCDMA signaling "HSDPA CQI" measurement is to test the CQI reporting accuracy under AWGN or fading conditions.

The HSDPA CQI measurement is suitable for the "Reporting of Channel Quality Indicator" test described in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 9.3.

Using the WCDMA Wizards facilitates the test execution. For the settings of "HSDPA CQI Measurement" wizard, refer to [Table 2-31](#).



HSDPA CQI dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for HSDPA CQI tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.21.1 Performing HSDPA CQI Measurements

For correct test results set up an HSDPA connection with the following settings:

- The "CQI Feedback Cycle" must be set to 2 ms, see "[CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor](#)" on page 240
- The [Configuration Type](#) must be set to "CQI"
- The "CQI Table Index" must be set to "Conformance Test", see "[CQI Table Index, CQI Tables](#)" on page 243
- 64-QAM modulation must be disabled, see "[CQI Table Index, CQI Tables](#)" on page 243
- The [Number of HARQ Processes](#) must be set to 2
- The measurement can take several minutes. Ensure, that the measurement time-out is set correctly. Set the timeout to 0, see `CONFigure :WCDMa :SIGN<i> :HCQI :TOUT`.

- Preferably, the internal fading scenario is to be used, as it involves an internal AWGN generator. Thus, it can be used for both AWGN and fading test cases without reregistration of the UE. For options and background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.7, "Internal Fading", on page 29](#).
- The CQI measurement is supported in scenarios with single or dual carrier.

The variety of conformance tests are specified by 3GPP TS 34.121, section 9.3.

The HSDPA CQI measurement in line with 3GPP specification is performed in three stages:

- In the first stage, the CQI variance test is performed. The R&S CMW transmits an HSDPA signal under fixed conditions and tests whether the UE reports a limited range of CQI values. The R&S CMW uses a transport format according to a selected fixed CQI value regardless of any CQI values reported by the UE (see ["CQI Table Index, CQI Tables" on page 243](#)). 3GPP specifies CQI value 16. The R&S CMW collects the reported CQI values and calculates the median CQI. During the AWGN test case, the R&S CMW checks whether the specified percentage of CQI values are from the interval [median CQI - 2, median CQI + 2]. No limit check is performed in the stage 1 of fading test.
Further stages tests whether BLER versus CQI has the correct sense.
- In the second stage, the R&S CMW uses the transport format that corresponds to the calculated median CQI value regardless of any CQI values reported by the UE. The R&S CMW records the number of HSDPA subframes that the UE answered with ACK, NACK or DTX. DTX responses are discarded. The responses are filtered as described in 3GPP TS 34.121 9.3.1.4.2 step 6. The filtered HSDPA BLER result is calculated as follows:

$$\text{BLER} = \text{Filtered_NACKs} / (\text{Filtered_ACKs} + \text{Filtered_NACKs})$$

The second stage depends on the selected test case:

- In the AWGN test case, the stage 2 is only attempted if the stage 1 has been successfully passed. Filtered BLER is calculated.
- In the fading test case, the R&S CMW calculates the BLER for two different reported CQI values:
HSDPA block with reported median CQI and
HSDPA block with reported median CQI + 3
- The third stage is performed for the AWGN test case only. If the BLER calculated in the second stage is less than 0.1, the test is repeated at (median CQI + 2), otherwise it is repeated at (median CQI - 1). The resulting BLER at (median CQI + 2) must be greater than or equal to 0.1, the BLER at (median CQI - 1) must be less than 0.1.

2.2.21.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the HSDPA CQI tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.

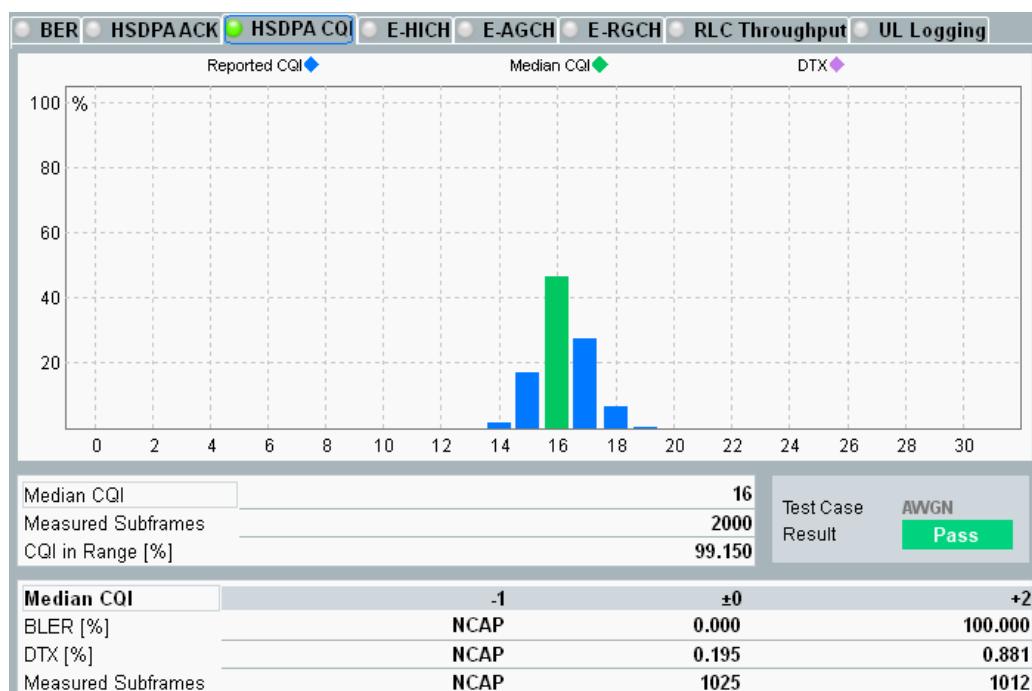


Figure 2-22: HSDPA CQI tab

Diagram - Stage 1

The bar graph shows the percentage of the reported CQI values collected in stage 1 of the HSDPA CQI measurement. CQI = 30 means the best channel quality. The bar of median CQI is colored green.

The pink bar at the last position behind the CQI value 30 indicates the percentage of DTX answers (percentage of the subframes without CQI value).

Statistics - Stage 1

- **Median CQI:** middle of the CQI distribution. Half the reported CQIs are above and half below the median.
- **Measured subframes:** total number of HSDPA subframes measured.
- **CQI in range:** percentage of reported CQI values in the interval [median CQI - 2, median CQI + 2]. This result is only available for AWGN test case.

Statistics - Stage 2, 3

Statistics of reported CQI values in stage 2 and 3. Results obtained at the different reported CQI values are displayed in separate columns. For the AWGN test three columns are displayed, for the fading test case two columns are displayed.

For background information on method of test, see [Chapter 2.2.21.1, "Performing HSDPA CQI Measurements"](#), on page 92.

- **BLER:** percentage of filtered HSDPA subframes received in error
- **DTX:** percentage of HSDPA subframes that the UE answered with DTX
- **Measured subframes:** total number of HSDPA subframes measured

Test Case, Result

On the right side below the selected test case, the indication of pass/fail applies to the entire HSDPA CQI measurement. The limit violation is indicated by the result fail.

2.2.22 E-HICH Measurement

The purpose of the WCDMA Signaling "E-HICH" measurement is to test the detection of the E-DCH HARQ indicator channel (E-HICH). The R&S CMW transmits a selectable ACK/NACK pattern on the DL E-HICH and counts the number of correct and false responses of the UE.

The E-HICH measurement is suitable for the "Detection of E-DCH HARQ ACK Indicator Channel" test described in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 10.2.



E-HICH dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for E-HICH tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.22.1 Performing E-HICH Measurements

For E-HICH measurements, set up a connection with HSDPA and HSUPA (test mode or end to end data).

Conformance tests require that an all ACK and an all DTX pattern are transmitted via the E-HICH. To select these patterns see "["HARQ Feedback \(E-HICH\)"](#)" on page 256.

While the measurement is running, the R&S CMW evaluates the retransmission sequence number (RSN) that the UE transmits on the UL E-DPCCH:

- After receiving an ACK value, the UE is expected to indicate the transmission of a new data block (no retransmission).
- After receiving a NACK value or DTX, the UE is expected to indicate a retransmission.

In response to a received NACK or DTX value, each block can be retransmitted several times until the maximum number of retransmissions is reached. After this limit, the UE will send new data, irrespective of the received HARQ indicator value. The first new data block after a complete retransmission cycle is not counted as a test sample.

2.2.22.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the E-HICH tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.

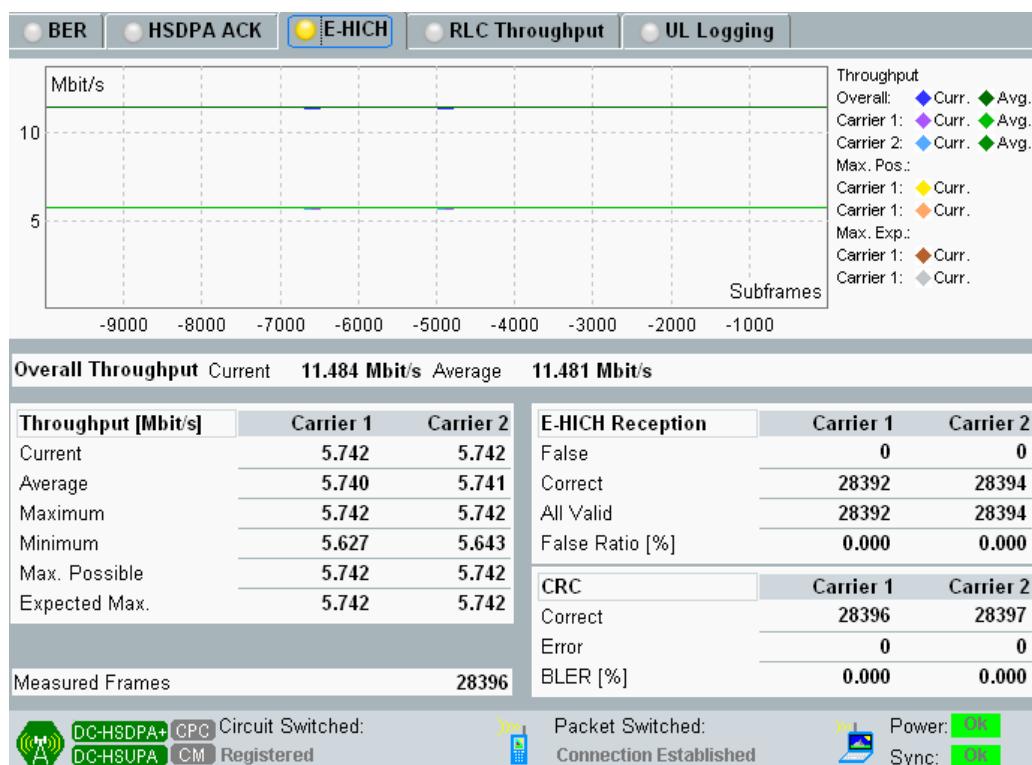


Figure 2-23: E-HICH tab

Diagram

The diagram covers a time interval of up to 1000000 subframes. One measurement result is returned per 100 subframes for 2 ms TTI and per 20 frames for 10 ms TTI. Trace results show the average, current, maximum expected and max. possible throughput (see [Throughput](#)).

Overall Throughput

- Current:** Data throughput on L1 level over all carriers; number of E-DPDCH data bits (without CRC bits) that the R&S CMW could receive correctly per time unit. Transmissions with failed CRC check do not contribute to the current throughput. The R&S CMW calculates the current throughput from the number of packets received per time unit multiplied with the number of user data bits per packet, depending on the E-TFCI values. The E-TFCI values are received on the E-DPDCH.
- Average:** Average of all "Current" values over all carriers referenced to the last window size.

Throughput

- Current:** Data throughput on L1 level per carrier; number of E-DPDCH data bits (without CRC bits) that the R&S CMW could receive correctly per time unit. Transmissions with failed CRC check do not contribute to the current throughput. The R&S CMW calculates the current throughput from the number of packets received per time unit multiplied with the number of user data bits per packet,

depending on the E-TFCI values. The E-TFCI values are received on the E-DPDCH.

- **Average:** Average of all "Current" values per carrier referenced to the last window size.
- **Minimum, maximum:** Largest or smallest "Current" value that the R&S CMW obtained since the start of the measurement.
- **Max.Possible:** "Current" throughput that would be reached within measured E-TFCI if no CRC errors occurred.
- **Expected Max.:** Maximum throughput reachable if the UE sends at the maximum data rate (depends on the current settings) and no CRC errors occur. This value is a theoretical limit of the coding and is greater or equal to the measured "Max. Possible" throughput.

Measured Frames

Total number of already measured transmission packets (subframes).

In single shot mode, both the number of already measured subframes and the number of subframes to be measured are displayed.

E-HICH Reception

These results are based on the evaluation of the RSN field of the E-DPCCH and show the following values:

- **False:** Number of transmissions that the UE received incorrectly.
Two classes of events contribute to the false E-HICH reception:
 - The missed ACK events from the conformance test specification -
The R&S CMW sends an ACK but the UE retransmits data.
 - The false ACK events from the conformance test specification -
The R&S CMW sends an NACK or DTX but the UE sends new data, although the maximum number of retransmissions is not yet reached.
- **Correct:** Number of transmissions that the UE received correctly.
- **All valid:** The sum of the previous two numbers.
The first new data block after a complete retransmission cycle is not counted as a test sample. Therefore, the number of valid E-HICH receptions is possibly lower than the total number of "Measured Frames".
Example: With an all NACK pattern transmitted to the UE and a maximum number of 7 retransmissions (8 transmissions in total), the ratio <All Valid E-HICH Receptions> to <Measured Subframes> is approximately 7/8.
- **False ratio:** Ratio of "False" to "All Valid".

CRC

The CRC results are based on a CRC analysis of the E-DPDCH retransmitted by the UE.

- **Correct:** Number of transmissions with correct CRC.
- **Error:** Number of transmissions with incorrect CRC.
- **BLER:** Block error rate; ratio of <Error> / (<Correct> + <Error>).

2.2.23 E-AGCH Measurement

The WCDMA signaling E-AGCH measurement covers the "Demodulation of E-DCH Absolute Grant Channel (E-AGCH)" test described in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 10.4.1.

During this measurement, the R&S CMW counts the received E-TFCI values from the UE and compares them to the expected values. Expected E-TFCIs correspond to the absolute grant sequence sent on the E-AGCH during an HSUPA connection.



E-AGCH dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for E-AGCH tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.23.1 Performing E-AGCH Measurements

For E-AGCH measurements, set up a connection with HSDPA and HSUPA (test mode or end to end data). While the measurement is running, the R&S CMW compares the received E-TFCI values with the expected ones.

The R&S CMW provides two alternative methods for determining the expected E-TFCI values:

- Automatic calculation according to the absolute grant (AG) configuration.
The number of E-TFCI values is the same as the AG pattern length. Each AG value is mapped to an expected E-TFCI value. 3GPP defines for the E-AGCH conformance test the absolute grant index of 4, 8 and 10. For AG configuration, refer to "["AG Pattern \(Carrier 1/2\)" on page 253](#)".
- Manual setting useful for non-conformance measurements under special conditions (e.g. a UE transmitting close to its maximum transmitter output power or additional relative grants). The values must correspond to the R&S CMW and UE configuration.

For correct test results set up an HSPA connection with the following recommended settings:

- For measurement type "Missed Detection" set the mode of [HARQ Feedback \(E-HICH\)](#) to "All ACK". Otherwise the measurement does not start indicating parameter error.
- For measurement type "General Histogram" set the mode of [HARQ Feedback \(E-HICH\)](#) to "React UL CRC". Otherwise the measurement does not start indicating parameter error.
- For a 10 ms TTI, the maximum AG pattern length is four. The values in the AG pattern used for the E-AGCH conformance test must be unique. It means that all expected E-TFCI values must be different from each other.
- Preferably, the internal fading scenario is to be used, as it involves both an internal AWGN generator and fading profile VA30. For options and background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.7, "Internal Fading", on page 29](#).

For HSUPA E-AGCH measurement in line with 3GPP specification, set further parameters according to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 10.4.1.

2.2.23.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the E-AGCH tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.

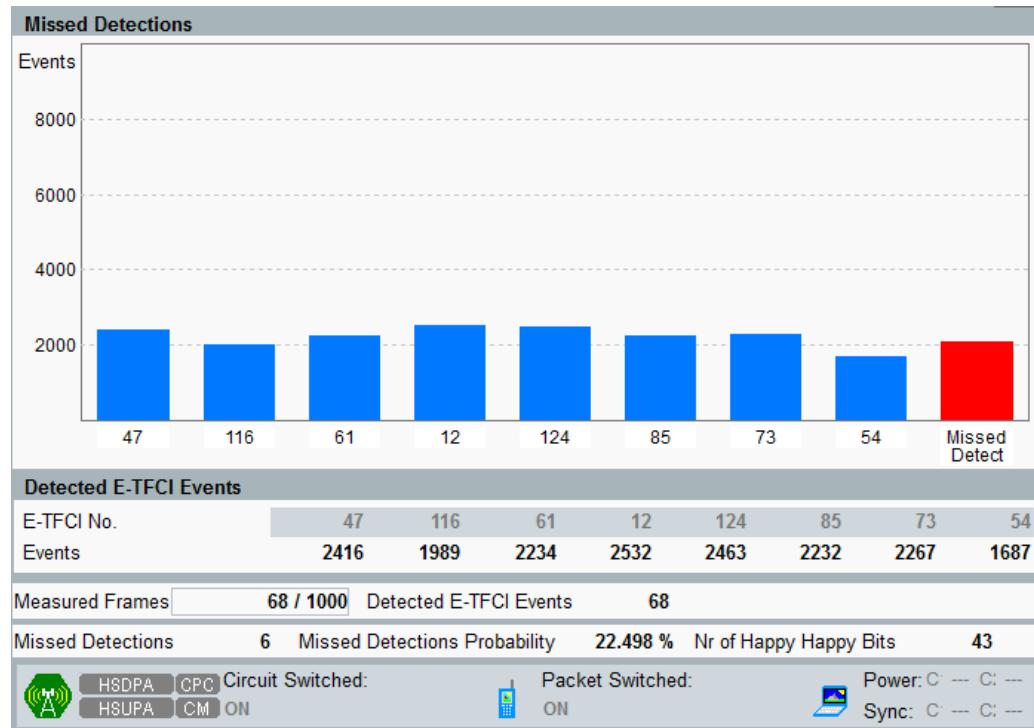


Figure 2-24: E-AGCH tab

Diagram

The diagram of HSUPA E-AGCH RX measurement provides two types of diagram:

- "E-TFCI Histogram" shows the distribution of all detected E-TFCI values 0 to 127.
- "Missed Detections" correlates the received E-TFCI values with expected E-TFCI values. The blue bars show the total number of the eight most frequently detected E-TFCI values. Only TTIs with sufficiently filled UE RLC transmit buffer (happy bit value: unhappy) are considered. The last red bar indicates the number of the expected E-TFCI values, the UE has not signaled.

Statistics

The statistics of detected E-TFCI values and main measurement settings are displayed below the diagram.

- **"Detected E-TFCI Events"** table:

- For **Measurement Type** = "General Histogram" the table contains the statistics for the eight most frequently detected E-TFCI values displayed in diagram above.
- For **Measurement Type** = "Missed Detection" the table contains the statistics of the detected E-TFCI values specified as expected E-TFCI values. Only TTIs with sufficiently filled UE RLC transmit buffer (happy bit value: unhappy) are considered.

- **"Measured Frames"**: total number of already measured transmission packets (subframes). In single shot mode, the number of already measured subframes to the number of total subframes to be measured is displayed.
- **"Detected E-TFCI Events"**: the sum of all detected E-TFCI events. Because one E-TFCI value is transmitted per TTI, ideally the sum of all events equals to the measured frames count. A smaller number of E-TFCI events indicates transmission errors.
- **"Missed Detections"****: number of the expected E-TFCI values, the UE has not signaled.
- **"Missed Detections Probability"****: ratio of the "Missed Detections" to the "Detected E-TFCI Events".
- **"No. of Happy Happy Bits"****: number of TTIs which were discarded because the happy bit was set. This value equals the number of E-TFCI values not considered for the measurement to ensure that the UE transmits at its maximum data rate.

* these results are relevant only for [Measurement Type](#) = "Missed Detection".

2.2.24 E-RGCH Measurement

In the WCDMA signaling E-RGCH measurement, the R&S CMW transmits a sequence of relative grant values on the E-RGCH. The instrument compares the received E-TFCI values from the UE to the expected E-TFCIs, corresponding to the relative grant sequence sent. The measurement has been designed for the "Detection of E-DCH Relative Grant Channel" test described in the conformance test specification. Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, sections 10.3.1.1. and 10.3.1.2 (single link performance, 10 ms and 2 ms TTI).

According to the test specification, the E-RGCH is detected using alternating relative grant values for each H-ARQ process (wizard mode "Missed Up/Down") and using DTX values (wizard mode "Missed Hold"). The R&S CMW calculates the test results depending on the selected sequence of relative grant values.

[Using the WCDMA Wizards](#) facilitates the test execution. For the settings of "HSUPA E-RGCH Measurement" wizard, refer to [Table 2-30](#).



E-RGCH dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for E-RGCH tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.24.1 Performing E-RGCH Measurements

For E-RGCH measurements, set up a connection with HSDPA and HSUPA (test mode or end to end data). While the measurement is running, the R&S CMW compares the received E-TFCI values with the expected ones.

The E-RGCH measurement starts at a specific E-TFCI operating point of the UE, corresponding to the first absolute grant (AG) index in the R&S CMW AG pattern.

In a "Missed Up/Down" test, the first relative grant value is always down. The UE is allowed to use E-TFCI values in a range of expected E-TFCI values around the initial operating point.

If the UE receives all relative grant values correctly, an alternating or DTX relative grant sequence ensures that it always operates near the initial operating point.

If relative grant values are received in error because the operating point of the UE is shifted outside the expected E-TFCI range, then the R&S CMW automatically readjusts the initial operating point.

Procedure

For correct test results, use the following measurement settings:

1. Select scenario.

Preferably, use the internal fading scenario, as it involves both an internal AWGN generator and fading profile VA30. For options and background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.7, "Internal Fading"](#), on page 29.

2. Set **RLC PDU Size** to 112

A low PDU size ensures that every "Up" or "Down" relative grant value results in an E-TFCI change. The value of 112 is consistent with the test specification.

3. Establish an HSUPA connection.

4. Execute the "Missed Up/Down" test via the wizard. See [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163.

5. Execute the "Missed Hold" test via the wizard.

6. Analyze results.

The correct execution of the measurement requires the specific signaling configuration included also in the wizard for the E-AGCH measurement. If one of the required parameters is not set correctly, the measurement does not start indicating parameter error. All mandatory settings are listed in [Table 2-30](#).

For further settings refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, sections 10.3.1.1. and 10.3.1.2.

2.2.24.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the E-RGCH tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.



Figure 2-25: E-RGCH tab

The results are divided into the four areas:

- The upper area to the left provides measurement statistics.
- The upper area to the right shows the measurement settings (see [Chapter 2.4.30, "E-RGCH Measurement Configuration"](#), on page 304).
- The lower area to the left shows the Up/Down detections of the UE that the R&S CMW collected during a "Missed Up/Down" test.
- The lower area to the right shows the DTX detections of the UE that the R&S CMW collected during a "Missed Hold" test.
- **"Measured Frames"**: total number of already measured transmission packets (subframes). In single shot mode, the number of already measured subframes to the number of total subframes to be measured is displayed.
- **"No. of Happy Happy Bits"**: number of TTIs which were discarded because the happy bit was set. It ensures, that the UE transmits at its maximum data rate.
- **"Missed"**: number of relative grant values that the UE received in error.
- **"Correct"**: number of relative grant values that the UE received correctly.
- **"All Valid"**: sum of the missed and the correct events.
- **"Missed Ratio [%]"**: missed events relative to all valid events.

2.2.25 RLC Throughput Measurement

The WCDMA Signaling "RLC Throughput" measurement provides the total data throughput (PDU) and the useful data throughput (SDU) in the downlink and in the uplink.



RLC throughput dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for RLC throughput tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.25.1 Performing RLC Throughput Measurements

Perform the "RLC Throughput Measurements" using either an end to end data connection or an RMC test mode connection.

The required steps are described below for both alternatives.

Measurement with end to end data connection

Set up an end to end data connection and generate IP traffic. For these tasks, you need a data application unit (DAU) and related options.

1. Set up an end to end data connection as described in [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections", on page 26](#). Refer there also the required options.
2. Use the DAU to generate IP traffic in the measured direction (uplink and/or downlink). You can for example perform an "IPerf" measurement. Or you could transfer data via FTP. For details, refer to the DAU documentation.
3. Start the "RLC Throughput" measurement.

Measurement with RMC test mode connection

Set up an RMC test mode connection with specific loop settings. A DAU is not required.

1. Set up an RMC test mode connection with the following settings:
 - Parameter **Test Mode** = "Loop Mode 1 RLC"
 - Parameter **Loop Mode 1 RLC** = "Acknowledge"
2. Start the "RLC Throughput" measurement.

2.2.25.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the "RLC Throughput" tab of the RX measurements view. The results are described below.

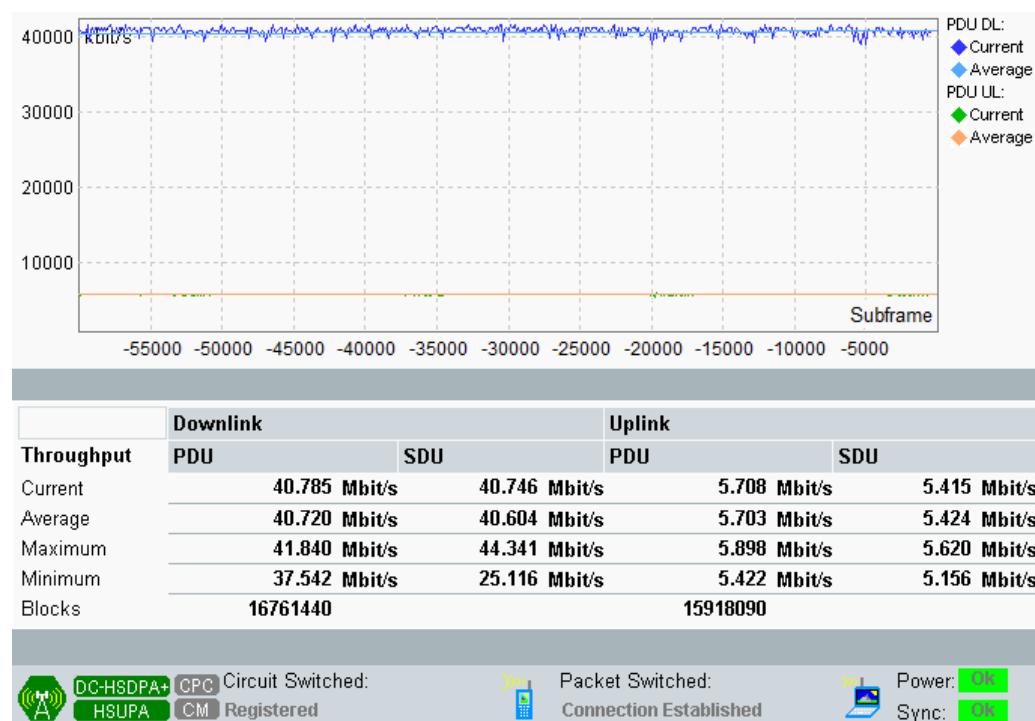


Figure 2-26: RLC throughput tab

Diagram

The diagram provides a graphical presentation of the PDU or SDU throughput results over the duration of a single-shot measurement.

The single-shot duration and the time interval used to derive a single result are configurable, see [Chapter 2.4.31.3, "Measurement Settings"](#), on page 309.

You can enable/disable the display of the individual traces via the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > Select Trace".

To switch between PDU and SDU traces use the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > PDU | SDU".

Table

The throughput table indicates statistical throughput results for downlink and uplink, PDU and SDU.

In the downlink all sent blocks are considered, including retransmissions. The uplink results reflect all blocks that the R&S CMW could receive.

The data rates are calculated from the block size times the number of transmitted (PDU) or acknowledged (SDU) blocks per time unit. The PDU throughput corresponds to the nominal data rate of the connection; the SDU throughput is a measure for the useful data rate. If it is averaged over a sufficient period of time, the SDU throughput is always smaller than the PDU throughput.

The SDU throughput tends to jitter because the SDUs are not necessarily acknowledged immediately. It causes variable overlaps of the acknowledgement status reports from the UE and the evaluation periods for a single result. The jitter increases as the result interval is reduced. The PDU throughput is jitter-free because it is measured byte-wise on RLC level.

The "Blocks" value indicates the number of RLC PDUs that the R&S CMW transmitted (DL PDUs) or received (UL PDUs) since the beginning of the measurement.

Statistical Results

The statistical values are calculated as follows:

- **Current:** Value obtained in the last result interval.
- **Average:** Average of all "Current" values referenced to the last window size.
- **Minimum, maximum:** Largest or smallest "Current" value that the R&S CMW obtained since the start of the measurement.

2.2.26 UL Logging Measurement

The UL logging is applied on the following UL control channels:

- High speed dedicated physical control channel (HS-DPCCH)
- Enhanced dedicated physical control channel (E-DPCCH)
- Dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH)



UL logging dialogs

The R&S CMW provides a separate tab and configuration dialog for UL logging tests, to be accessed from the "Measurement Controller" dialog, entry "RX Measurement...".

2.2.26.1 Performing UL Logging Measurements

To perform "UL Logging Measurements", set up a connection with HSDPA and HSUPA (test mode or end to end data). While the measurement is running, the R&S CMW evaluates information that the UE transmits on the UL HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH and DPCCH.

2.2.26.2 Measurement Results

All results of the measurement are shown on the "UL Logging" tab of the RX measurements view. A table view provides the scalar results, a diagram view provides the same measurement results in the graphical appearance.

To swap a diagram and a table view use the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > Table / Diagram". Alternatively select a view in the configuration tree, see "[Related hotkeys](#)" on page 312.

To scale the x-axis of the diagram view, use the softkey - hotkey combination "Display > X Scale". The results are described below.

			Carrier 1		Carrier 2				DPCCH			
	SFN	Slot	ACK/ NACK	CQI	ACK/ NACK	CQI	E-TFCI	RSN	Happy Bit	On	On	On
[0]	3201	0	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[1]	3201	3	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[2]	3201	6	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[3]	3201	9	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[4]	3201	12	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[5]	3202	0	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[6]	3202	3	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[7]	3202	6	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[8]	3202	9	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[9]	3202	12	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[10]	3203	0	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[11]	3203	3	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[12]	3203	6	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[13]	3203	9	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[14]	3203	12	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[15]	3204	0	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[16]	3204	3	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[17]	3204	6	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[18]	3204	9	ACK	30	ACK	30	127	0	Happy	On	On	On
[19]	3204	12	ACK	DTX	ACK	DTX	127	0	Happy	On	On	On

Figure 2-27: UL logging tab - table view

- **SFN:** System frame number (SFN) corresponding to the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe number.
Each line shows the results in the consecutive SFNs starting with the selected "Start SFN".
- **Slot:** first slot number of the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH subframe.
Each HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe contains three slots, so the first slot numbers are 0, 3, 6, 9, or 12.

The next two columns of the UL logging results provide information concerning HS-DPCCH:

- **ACK/NACK:** reported hybrid automatic repeat request acknowledgment (HARQ-ACK) important for the transmission/retransmission process
- **CQI:** reported channel quality indicator in the range 0 to 30, 30 means the best quality

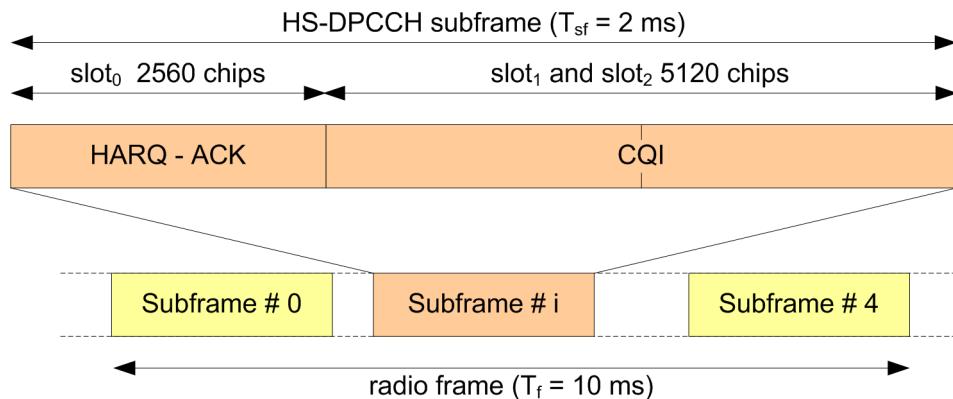


Figure 2-28: HS-DPCCH frame structure

The E-DPCCH provides information required to decode enhanced dedicated physical data control channel (E-DPDCH) in HSUPA. The next three columns of the UL logging results provide information concerning E-DPCCH:

- **E-TFCI:** E-DCH transport format combination indicator (E-TFCI) indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH
- The table below shows the mapping between the E-TFCI value and the transport block size according to 3GPP TS 25.321 table B.1.

Table 2-34: 2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size

E-TFCI	TB size (bits)								
0	18	30	342	60	1015	90	3008	120	N/A
1	120	31	355	61	1053	91	3119	121	9241
2	124	32	368	62	1091	92	3234	122	9582
3	129	33	382	63	1132	93	3353	123	9935
4	133	34	396	64	1173	94	3477	124	10302
5	138	35	410	65	1217	95	3605	125	10681
6	143	36	426	66	1262	96	3738	126	11075
7	149	37	441	67	1308	97	3876	127	11484
8	154	38	458	68	1356	98	4019		
9	160	39	474	69	1406	99	4167		
10	166	40	492	70	1458	100	4321		
11	172	41	510	71	1512	101	4480		
12	178	42	529	72	1568	102	4645		
13	185	43	548	73	1626	103	4816		
14	192	44	569	74	1685	104	4994		
15	199	45	590	75	1748	105	5178		
16	206	46	611	76	1812	106	5369		

E-TFCI	TB size (bits)								
17	214	47	634	77	1879	107	5567		
18	222	48	657	78	1948	108	5772		
19	230	49	682	79	2020	109	5985		
20	238	50	707	80	2094	110	6206		
21	247	51	733	81	2172	111	6435		
22	256	52	760	82	2252	112	6672		
23	266	53	788	83	2335	113	6918		
24	275	54	817	84	2421	114	7173		
25	286	55	847	85	2510	115	7437		
26	296	56	878	86	2603	116	7711		
27	307	57	911	87	2699	117	7996		
28	318	58	944	88	2798	118	8290		
29	330	59	979	89	2901	119	8596		

- **RSN:** retransmission sequence number on the E-DPDCH
 - 0 - new transmission
 - 1 - first retransmission
 - 2 - second retransmission
 - 3 - higher than second retransmission
- **Happy bit:** indicator whether the UE is satisfied with the granted data rate allocated on the E-DPDCH

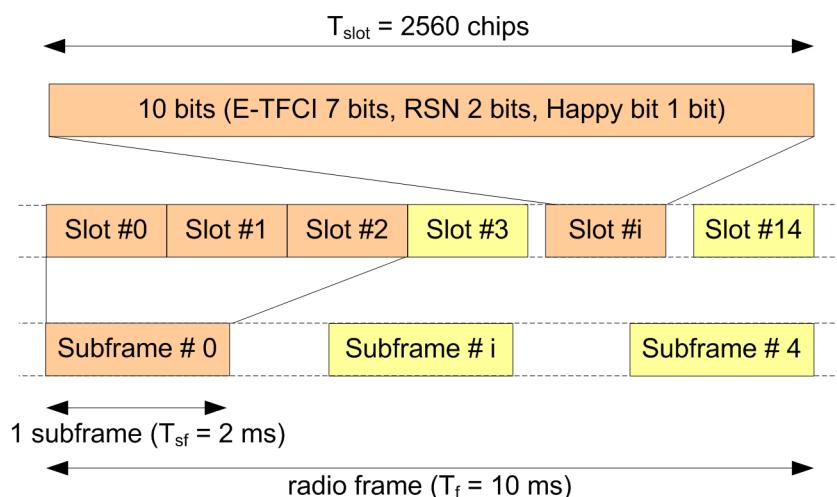


Figure 2-29: E-DPCCH frame structure

The timing relationship between E-DPCCH and HS-DPCCH can be derived from the timing relationship between physical channels described in 3GPP TS 25.211.

- **DPCCH:** status of DPCCH.
Three columns present information read out from the 1-st, 2-nd and 3-rd slot of the DPCCH subframe.

2.3 Application Sheets

Application sheets describe short application examples for select issues and provide related background information. The following application sheets are related to the "WCDMA Signaling" firmware application.

● Combined Signal Path Measurements	109
● Handover from WCDMA to GSM	112
● Inner Loop Power Control Tests	116
● Maximum Power Measurements with E-DCH	120
● CS Phase Discontinuity Measurements	125

2.3.1 Combined Signal Path Measurements

This application sheet describes how to establish a circuit switched (CS) connection to a WCDMA user equipment (UE) and perform TX measurements on the received uplink signal.



Sequencer tool R&S CMWrun

The automated test capabilities of R&S CMWrun make many measurement tasks easier. Option R&S CMW-KT053 provides configurable WCDMA and GSM test modules and test plans for R&S CMWrun.

2.3.1.1 Options and Equipment Required

A WCDMA combined signal path measurement requires the following equipment:

- R&S CMW with software version ≥ V1.0.15.0. The latest software version is recommended.
This application sheet describes software version V3.2.60.
- Option R&S CMW-KS400, "WCDMA Signaling" application
- Option R&S CMW-KM400, "WCDMA TX Measurements"

2.3.1.2 Setting Up a Connection

An established connection to the UE is a prerequisite for all signaling tests, including the combined signal path measurement described in this application sheet.

To set up a connection for the CS domain,

1. Preset your R&S CMW to ensure a definite instrument state.

2. Open the "WCDMA Signaling" application, e.g. from the task bar (press "TASKS" to open the task bar).
If the application is not present in the task bar, enable it in the "Generator/Signaling Controller" dialog (press "SIGNAL GEN" to open the dialog).
3. In the main view of the signaling application, adjust the "Cell Setup" settings to the capabilities of your UE.
The "Frequency" must be supported by the UE and the "Output Power" must be sufficient.

Cell Setup	
Band	Band 1
Channel	Downlink Uplink
Frequency	10563 Ch 9613 Ch 2112.6 MHz 1922.6 MHz
Output Power	-56.10 dBm

4. Press the "Config" hotkey to open the configuration dialog.
5. In section "RF Settings", select a bidirectional RF connector for input and output. This example uses RF 1 COM.
If necessary, also adjust the "External Attenuation" settings.
6. Close the configuration dialog.
7. Connect your UE to the RF 1 COM connector.
8. To turn on the DL signal, press "ON | OFF". Wait until the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey indicates the "ON" state and the hour glass symbol has disappeared.
9. Switch on the UE.

The UE synchronizes to the DL signal and registers. Note the connection states displayed in the main view and wait until registration is complete.



After the UE has registered, the main view provides UE information, UE capability information and the UE measurement report.

10. Press the "Connect Test Mode" hotkey to set up a connection.

Note the connection states displayed in the main view and wait until the connection (the call) has been established.



11. With enabled measurement reporting, the properties of the uplink signal change upon a received report, resulting e.g. in power steps. So if you want to perform TX measurements, especially power measurements or tests expecting a continuous RMC signal, disable measurement reporting:
 - a) Press the "Config" hotkey to open the configuration dialog.
 - b) In section "UE Measurement Report" disable "Report".
 - c) Close the configuration dialog.



Failed registration

Registration can fail if authentication or security is disabled but the UE expects/ requires an authentication or security procedure. It can also fail if authentication or security is enabled but not supported by the UE or the SIM card type or secret key do not match. Related settings can be accessed via the configuration dialog, section "Network > Security Settings".

2.3.1.3 Analyzing the UL Signal from the UE

While an established connection is available, the UL signal of the UE can be monitored using a WCDMA measurement provided by option R&S CMW-KM400.

To ensure compatible measurement settings, the measurement must be coupled to the "WCDMA Signaling" application. This coupling is done by selecting the combined signal path scenario in the measurement. As a result the measurement application uses the most important settings of the signaling application, e.g. the RF settings.

The following example applies to a multi-evaluation measurement.

Proceed as follows:

1. Use the "WCDMA TX Meas" softkey to switch to the multi-evaluation measurement.

The measurement application is opened and the combined signal path scenario is selected automatically.
If necessary, select the "Multi Evaluation" tab.
2. Press the TRIGGER softkey followed by the "Trigger Source" hotkey. Select a trigger signal provided by the signaling application, e.g. the frame trigger signal.
3. Press "ON | OFF" to start the measurement.

The main view provides an overview of the measurement results.
4. To enlarge a diagram presented in the main view, perform one of the following actions:
 - a) Double-click it using a connected mouse.
 - b) Select it by turning the rotary knob. Open it by pressing the rotary knob.

The following example shows the enlarged "Emission Mask" view.

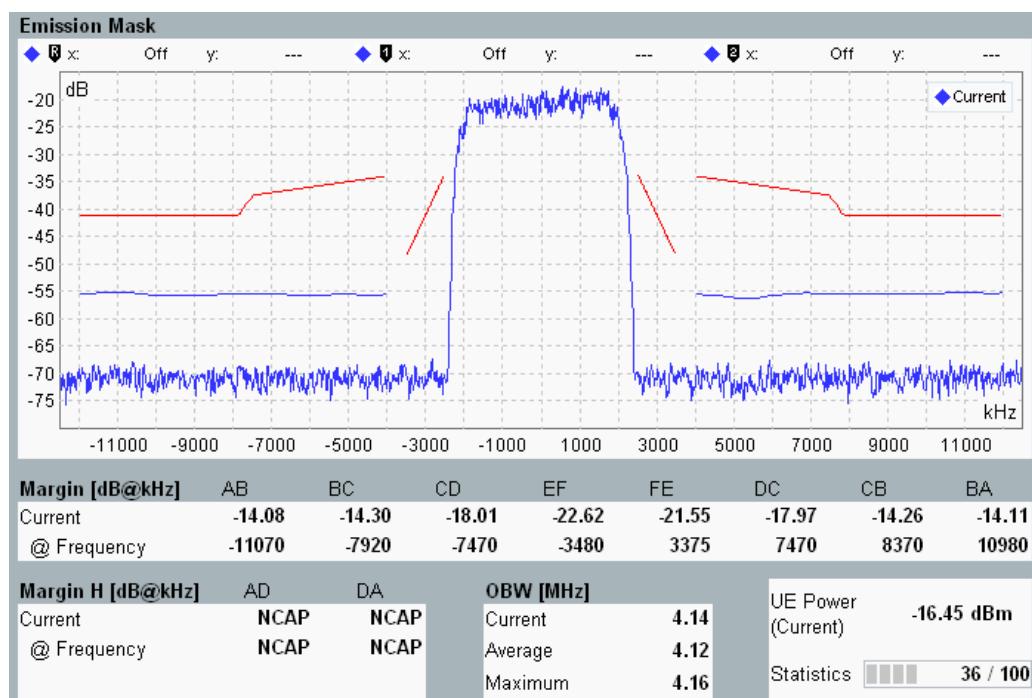


Figure 2-30: Spectrum emission mask results

Other measurements can be used in a similar way. For a TPC or PRACH measurement you do not need to set the trigger source ([step 2](#)). The TPC measurement presents all results in a single view.

2.3.1.4 Possible Extensions

While the connection is established, you can vary "WCDMA Signaling" settings and observe the behavior of the UE under test using a measurement.

The WCDMA measurement and signaling applications can be enhanced by various options, e.g.:

- Options R&S CMW-KM401/-KS401 add R5/6 (HSPA) support to R&S CMW-KM400/-KS400.
- Options R&S CMW-KM405/-KS405 add R9 (dual carrier HSUPA) support to R&S CMW-KM403/-KS403.

2.3.2 Handover from WCDMA to GSM

This application sheet describes how to perform an inter-RAT handover for a circuit switched WCDMA voice call or RMC connection. The connection is configured and established using the "WCDMA Signaling" application. Then a handover to the "GSM Signaling" application is performed.

2.3.2.1 Options and Equipment Required

A handover from WCDMA to GSM requires the following equipment:

- R&S CMW with two RF RX/TX signal paths and one advanced frontend or two basic frontends. For blind handover, also one RF RX/TX signal path is sufficient. This application sheet assumes an instrument with two RX/TX modules and two frontends (6 RF connectors at the front panel).
- Software version ≥ V1.0.15.23. The latest software version is recommended. This application sheet describes software version V3.2.80.
- Option R&S CMW-KS200, "GSM Signaling" application (GSM R6 basic signaling)
- Option R&S CMW-KS400, "WCDMA Signaling" application (WCDMA R99 basic signaling)

2.3.2.2 Test Setup

An inter-RAT handover requires to emulate cells for both technologies in parallel. For an instrument with two RX/TX modules and two frontends, the following path is used:

- One signal path uses module RX1/TX1 and the left frontend (RF 1/2 connectors),
- The other signal path uses module RX2/TX2 and the right frontend (RF 3/4 connectors).

Connect the mobile to both signal paths. If the mobile provides only one antenna connector, use an external combiner to connect the mobile to both frontends. If the mobile provides separate antenna connectors for GSM and WCDMA, you can connect each of them to one frontend.

In the following example, the "WCDMA Signaling" application uses RF 1 COM (left frontend, RX1/TX1) and the "GSM Signaling" application uses RF 3 COM (right frontend, RX2/TX2).

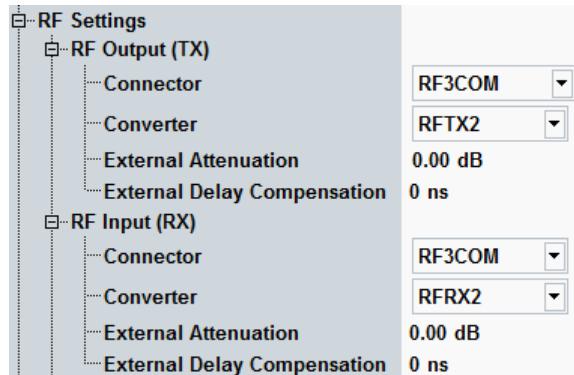
2.3.2.3 Preparing a Handover

To prepare a handover, both signaling applications must be configured and a WCDMA CS connection must be set up. These steps are described in detail below.

As a prerequisite the mobile must be connected, see section [Test Setup](#).

1. Configure the "GSM Signaling" application:
 - a) Open the application, e.g. from the task bar (press "TASKS" to open the task bar).
If the application is not present in the task bar, enable it in the "Generator/Signaling Controller" dialog (press "SIGNAL GEN" to open the dialog).
 - b) Press the "Config" hotkey to open the configuration dialog.

- c) In section "RF Settings", select RF 3 COM for input and output.

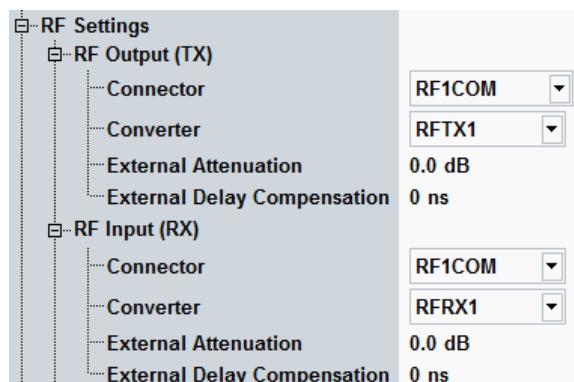


- d) Configure the other parameters as usual.

Ensure e.g. that the mobile supports the configured band and the configured downlink power is sufficient.

2. Configure the "WCDMA Signaling" application:

- Open the application, e.g. from the task bar.
- Press the "Config" hotkey to open the configuration dialog.
- In section "RF Settings", select RF 1 COM for input and output.



- d) Configure the other parameters as usual for an RMC or voice connection.

Ensure e.g. that the configured downlink power is sufficient, that the mobile supports the configured band and the security settings. Configure the expected nominal power according to the uplink signal.

- To turn on the WCDMA downlink signal, press ON | OFF. Wait until the WCDMA-UE SIGNALING softkey indicates the "ON" state and the hour glass symbol has disappeared.
- Switch on the mobile.

The mobile synchronizes to the DL signal and registers. Note the connection states displayed in the main view and wait until registration is complete.



The "GSM Signaling" application is still switched off at this point. Otherwise it could happen that the mobile synchronizes to the GSM signal instead of the WCDMA signal.

5. Press the "Connect ..." hotkey to set up a WCDMA CS voice or RMC connection.
Note the connection states displayed in the main view and wait until the connection (the call) has been established.



2.3.2.4 Initiating the Handover

After you have completed the preparations described in the preceding section, perform the following steps to initiate a handover.

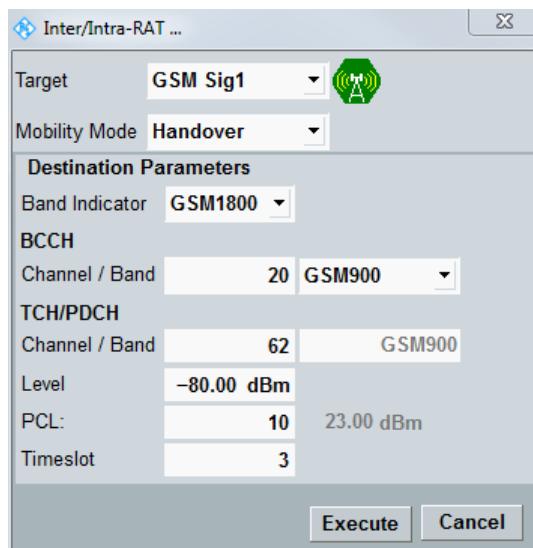
1. Press the "Inter/Intra-RAT ..." hotkey in the "WCDMA signaling" application.



The handover configuration dialog opens.

2. Select the GSM signaling application as handover target. Select mobility mode and the destination band and channel.

As a result, the GSM downlink signal is turned on automatically. Wait until the cell icon in the handover dialog indicates RDY (ready for handover).



3. To initiate the handover, press the "Execute" key in the dialog.

The WCDMA CS connection state changes from "Call Established" to "Outgoing Handover in Progress", while the GSM CS connection state changes from "ON" to "Incoming Handover in Progress".

When the handover has been completed, the WCDMA CS state changes to "ON", the GSM CS state to "Call Established" and the GSM cell state to "ON".

2.3.3 Inner Loop Power Control Tests

This application sheet describes how to perform a WCDMA inner loop power control test, as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2.

2.3.3.1 Options and Equipment Required

A WCDMA inner loop power control test requires the following equipment:

- R&S CMW with software version \geq V2.1.20. The latest software version is recommended. This application sheet describes software version V3.2.80.
The tester must be equipped with a wideband signaling unit.
- Option R&S CMW-KS400, "WCDMA R99, basic signaling"
- Option R&S CMW-KM400, "WCDMA R99, TX measurement, uplink"

2.3.3.2 Test Overview

In CDMA networks, control of the UE transmit power is essential to ensure stable transmission and an efficient radio resource management within the system.

For that reason, the NodeB controls the UE power via the transmission of transmit power control (TPC) commands on the DL DPCCH. The UE is expected to adjust its transmit power according to the received TPC commands.

The inner loop power control test specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2 verifies the correct reaction of the UE to TPC commands. The test is divided into the TPC test steps A to H inducing a power ramp of the following shape:

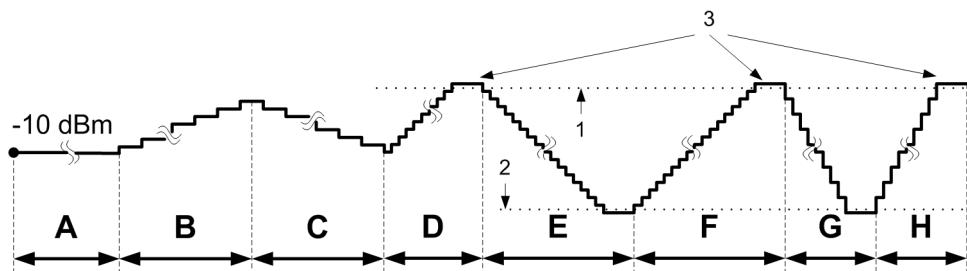


Figure 2-31: TPC test steps A to H

- 1 = max power threshold for test
- 2 = min power threshold for test
- 3 = measured maximum output power

3GPP defines tolerances for the power steps and power step groups expected in these test steps. For step D, no conformance requirements are defined. It is only used for UE reconfiguration.

The R&S CMW allows you to perform all test steps and to check the power step and power step group tolerances. The test is divided into three sections:

- Test step ABC (using algorithm 2, step size 1 dB)
- Test step EF (using algorithm 1, step size 1 dB)
- Test step GH (using algorithm 1, step size 2 dB)

The reconfiguration to be performed in test step D is included in test step EF.

Thus the entire test step sequence A to H can be performed by starting the TPC measurement three times only.

2.3.3.3 Performing an Inner Loop Power Control Test

For test preparation, you configure the applications and set up a connection to the UE. Then you perform test step ABC, test step EF and finally test step GH.

Preparing the test

1. Set up an RMC connection. The application sheet "WCDMA Combined Signal Path Measurements" describes the general procedure for connection setup, see [Chapter 2.3.1.2, "Setting Up a Connection", on page 109](#).
Do not modify the expected nominal power mode setting (by default "According to UL Power Control Settings").
2. Switch to the "WCDMA TPC" measurement:
In the signaling application, press the "WCDMA TX Meas" softkey.

The measurement application is opened and the combined signal path scenario is selected. As a consequence, the trigger source is automatically set correctly (TPC trigger signal) and the most important settings of the signaling application are taken over by the measurement application.

If necessary, select the "TPC Measurement" tab.

Performing test steps A, B and C

1. Configure the TPC settings:

- Press the "Signaling Parameter" softkey followed by the "TPC" hotkey.
- Set "Active TPC Setup" to "Closed Loop".
- Set "Configuration" to -10 dBm total target power.
- Set "Active TPC Setup" to "TPC Test Step ABC".
- Close the TPC dialog.

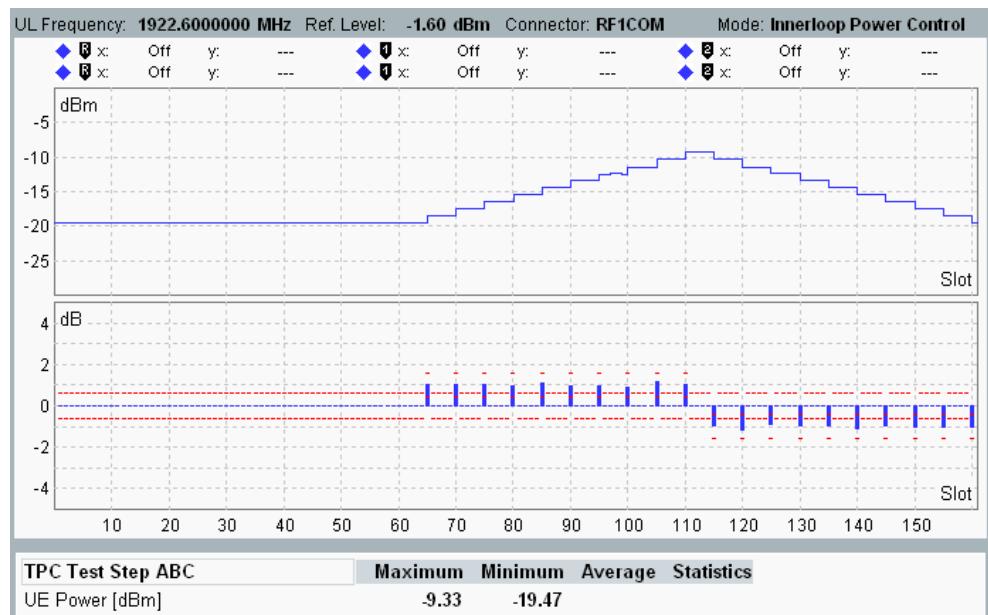
2. Press "ON | OFF" to start the measurement.

TPC commands are sent to the UE until the UE power reaches -10 dBm. Then TPC commands for test step A, B and C are sent to the UE, using algorithm 2. The UE power is measured during the three test steps.

3. Evaluate the test results.

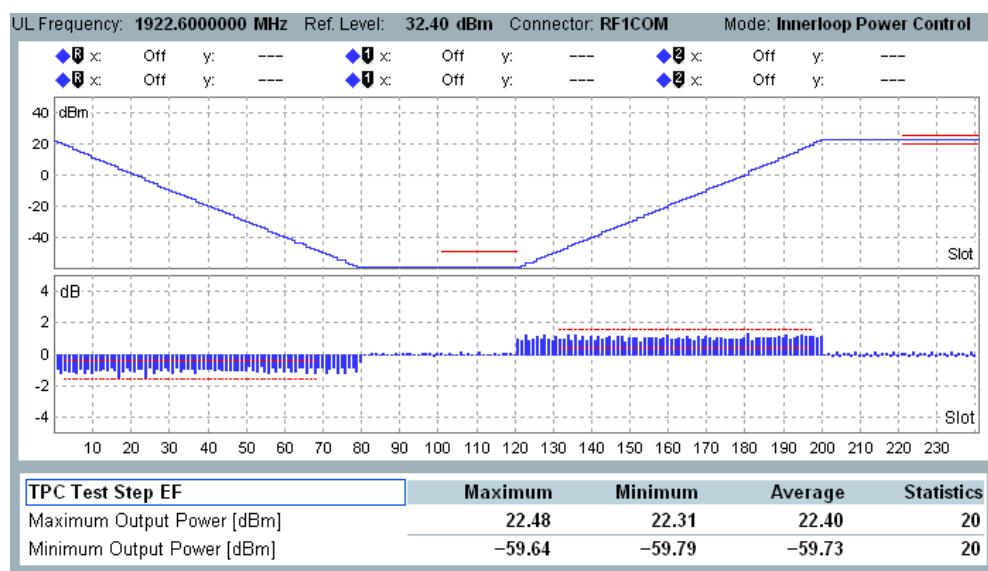
The upper diagram displays the UE power vs slot for all three test steps. The lower diagram displays the power steps between the slots. The red lines indicate configured limits.

The scalar view shows statistical values, including power step and power step group results relevant for limit checks. The default limit settings are according to 3GPP TS 34.121. The table highlights, if a result value violates the configured limits.



Performing test steps E and F

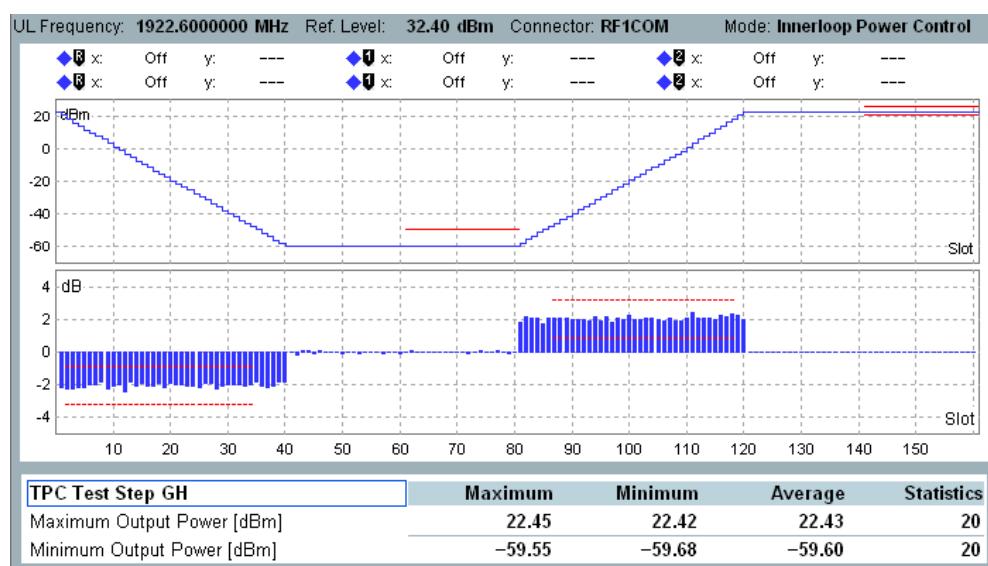
1. Configure the TPC settings:
 - a) Press the "TPC" hotkey.
 - b) Set "Active TPC Setup" to "TPC Test Step EF".
 - c) Parameter "Configuration" indicates the number of 0-bits that the R&S CMW sends to the UE during test step E (and 1-bits sent during test step F).
3GPP specifies the number of transmitted TPC commands: at least 10 more commands than the number required for the UE to reach the minimum power threshold during test step E and the maximum power threshold during step F. By default, the measurement expects 20 TPC commands more than the number required to reach the power threshold, to be able to evaluate the minimum and the maximum output power.
120 bits are usually sufficient. Modify the parameter if necessary.
 - d) Close the TPC dialog.
2. Press "RESTART | STOP" to restart the measurement.
The UE is ordered to maximum output power. Then TPC commands for test step E and F are sent to the UE, using algorithm 1 and a step size of 1 dB. The UE power is measured during the test steps.
3. Evaluate the test results displayed in the diagram and scalar view.



Performing test steps G and H

1. Configure the TPC settings:
 - a) Press the "TPC" hotkey.
 - b) Set "Active TPC Setup" to "TPC Test Step GH".

- c) Parameter "Configuration" indicates the number of 0-bits that the R&S CMW sends to the UE during test step G (and 1-bits sent during test step H). 3GPP specifies the number of transmitted TPC commands: at least 10 more commands than the number required for the UE to reach the minimum power threshold during test step G and the maximum power threshold during step H. By default, the measurement expects 20 TPC commands more than the number required to reach the power threshold, to be able to evaluate the minimum and the maximum output power.
80 bits are usually sufficient. Modify the parameter if necessary.
- d) Close the TPC dialog.
2. Press "RESTART | STOP" to restart the measurement.
The UE is ordered to maximum output power. Then TPC commands for test step G and H are sent to the UE, using algorithm 1 and a step size of 2 dB. The UE power is measured during the test steps.
3. Evaluate the test results displayed in the diagram and scalar view.



2.3.4 Maximum Power Measurements with E-DCH

This application sheet describes how to measure the maximum output power for a WCDMA signal with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH, as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B.

2.3.4.1 Options and Equipment Required

The test procedure described in this application sheet requires the following equipment:

- R&S CMW with software version ≥ V3.0.30. The latest software version is recommended. This application sheet describes software version V3.0.30.

The tester must be equipped with a wideband signaling unit.

- Option R&S CMW-KS400, "WCDMA R99, basic signaling"
- Option R&S CMW-KS401, "WCDMA R5/6, basic signaling"
- Option R&S CMW-KS411, "WCDMA R5/6, advanced signaling"
- Option R&S CMW-KM400, "WCDMA R99, TX measurement, uplink"

2.3.4.2 Test Overview

The conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121 defines the test in section 5.2B "Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH". The test verifies the maximum UE power with active HS-DPCCH and E-DCH. The test comprises five subtests with different signal configurations. The test procedure is common for subtest 1 to 4 and differs for subtest 5.

Subtest 1 to 4

The test procedure for subtest 1 to 4 requires a dynamic TPC pattern, reacting to the E-TFCI received from the UE. The basic test procedure is as follows:

1. Set the initial UE power to be at least 7.5 dB lower than the maximum UE power.
2. Increase the UE power via TPC commands until the UE sends a decreased E-TFCI. Use algorithm 2. Check the E-TFCI after each +1 TPC_cmd (11111 pattern).
3. Decrease the UE power via a single -1 TPC_cmd (00000 pattern, algorithm 2). If the UE still sends a decreased E-TFCI, repeat the -1 TPC_cmd once.
4. Check that the UE sends the expected target E-TFCI (for subtest 1 to 4: 75, 67, 92, 71). If the UE cannot reach the target E-TFCI, the UE fails the test.
5. Keep the power constant (alternating pattern, algorithm 2). Measure the UE power (mean value over at least one slot).

The progress of the test can be monitored via the displayed TPC state, target E-TFCI and monitored E-TFCI as listed in the legend of the following figure.

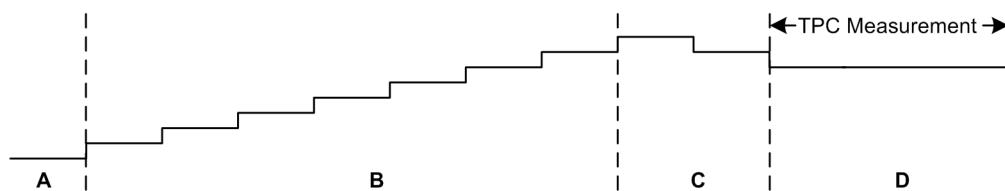


Figure 2-32: UE power variation during test procedure (subtest 1 to 4)

- A = state "Target Power Locked", initial target power reached, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI
 B = state "Searching", 11111 pattern, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI
 C = state "Searching", 00000 pattern, monitored E-TFCI < target E-TFCI
 D = state "Max Power", alternating pattern, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI

Subtest 5

The test procedure for subtest 5 requires only a static "All 1" TPC pattern. The basic test procedure is as follows:

1. Set the initial UE power to be at least 7.5 dB lower than the maximum UE power.
2. Send an "All 1" TPC pattern, using algorithm 1.
When the UE reaches the maximum power, the signaling application monitors the sent E-TFCI for 150 ms.
3. Measure the UE power (mean value over at least one slot).

The progress of the test can be monitored via the displayed TPC state, target E-TFCI and monitored E-TFCI as listed in the legend of the following figure.

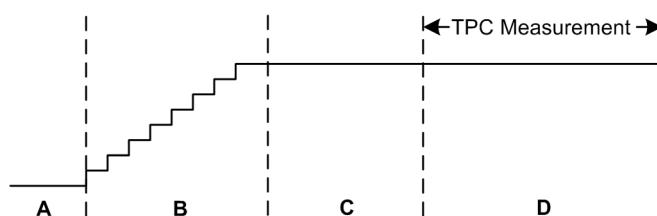


Figure 2-33: UE power variation during test procedure (subtest 5)

A = state "Target Power Locked", initial target power reached, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI

B = state "Searching", "all 1" pattern, no monitored E-TFCI

C = state "Searching", "all 1" pattern, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI

D = state "Max Power", "all 1" pattern, monitored E-TFCI = target E-TFCI

The signal configurations defined by 3GPP for the individual subtests are complex. For comfortable configuration, a wizard is provided. You can configure all settings for a specific subtest by simply selecting the subtest and pressing a button.

3GPP defines tolerances for the measured maximum UE power. The following table provides an overview of the requirements. You can configure both the nominal maximum power and a pair of tolerance values via the limit settings of the TPC measurement.

Table 2-35: Nominal maximum power and tolerances, depending on subtest and power class

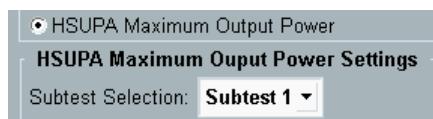
Subtest	Power class 3		Power class 4	
	Power in dBm	Tolerance in dB	Power in dBm	Tolerance in dB
1	24	+1.7 / -6.7	21	+2.7 / -5.7
2	22	+3.7 / -5.2	19	+4.7 / -4.2
3	23	+2.7 / -5.2	20	+3.7 / -4.2
4	22	+3.7 / -5.2	19	+4.7 / -4.2
5	24	+1.7 / -3.7	21	+2.7 / -2.7

2.3.4.3 Performing Subtest 1 to 5

The following description assumes that you are familiar with basic tasks like accessing a firmware application or opening the main configuration dialog of an application. If necessary, refer to [Combined Signal Path Measurements](#) for an introduction.

Performing subtest 1

1. Preset your R&S CMW to ensure a definite instrument state.
2. Open the "WCDMA Signaling" application.
3. In the configuration dialog ("Config" hotkey), configure the "RF Settings" as desired, especially the RF connectors, the external attenuations and the RF frequency.
Do not modify the "RF Power Uplink" settings.
4. Connect your UE to the configured RF connectors.
5. At the frontpanel press WIZARD to open the "CMW Wizard" dialog.
6. Select "HSUPA Maximum Output Power", "Subtest 1".

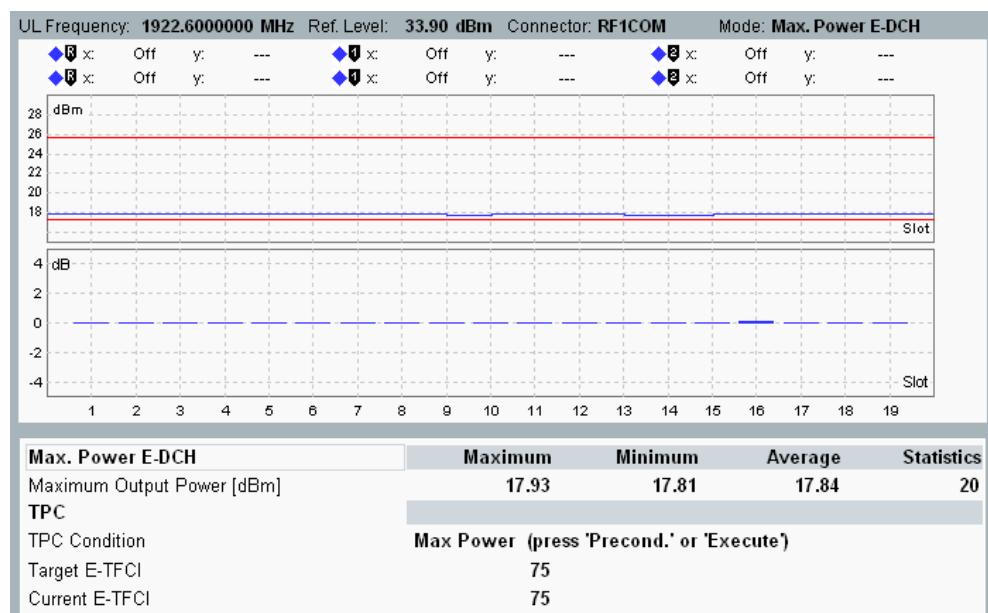


7. Press "Finish" to execute the wizard.
The dialog is closed and the wizard configures suitable settings for subtest 1.
8. To turn on the DL signal, press "ON | OFF". Wait until the WCDMA-UE SIGNALING softkey indicates the "ON" state and the hour glass symbol has disappeared.
9. Switch on the UE and wait until registration is complete.
10. Press the "Connect Test Mode" hotkey. (The hotkey for subtest 5 is "Connect HSPA TM"). Wait for the status connection established.
11. Switch to the "WCDMA TPC" measurement:
In the signaling application, press the WCDMA TX MEAS softkey.
The measurement application is opened, the combined signal path scenario is selected and the trigger source is set correctly. The most important settings of the signaling application are taken over by the measurement application.
12. Select the "TPC Measurement" tab.
13. In the configuration dialog, configure the "Max. Power E-DCH" limits as desired.
14. Press "ON | OFF" to start the TPC measurement.
The "Max. Power E-DCH" TPC setup is executed automatically.
Note the TPC output state, the expected target E-TFCI and the monitored E-TFCI displayed below the diagrams.

15. When the R&S CMW finishes the measurement (measurement state "RDY"), evaluate the test results.

The upper diagram displays the measured maximum output power vs slot. The lower diagram displays the power steps between adjacent slots. The red lines indicate the configured maximum UE power limits.

The table provides a statistical evaluation for the UE power values in the upper diagram. The table highlights, if a result violates the configured limits.



Performing subtest 2 to 5

After you have performed subtest 1, you can continue with subtest 2 to 5. For this purpose, repeat the following steps for each subtest.

1. Switch to the WCDMA signaling application:
In the TPC measurement, press the WCDMA-UE SIGNALING softkey two times.
2. Press the "Disconnect ..." hotkey to release the connection.
3. Open the "CMW Wizard" dialog. Select the desired subtest. Execute the wizard.
4. Perform [step 10 to step 15](#) of the subtest 1 procedure.

That means:

- Set up a connection
- Configure the limits
- Start the measurement
- Evaluate the results

2.3.5 CS Phase Discontinuity Measurements

This application sheet describes how to perform a WCDMA UE phase discontinuity measurement for a circuit switched connection.

2.3.5.1 Options and Equipment Required

A WCDMA phase discontinuity measurement requires the following equipment:

- R&S CMW with software version \geq V1.0.15.0. The latest software version is recommended.
This application sheet describes software version V3.0.20.
- Option R&S CMW-KS400, "WCDMA Signaling" application
- Option R&S CMW-KM400, "WCDMA Multi Evaluation" measurement

2.3.5.2 Test Method

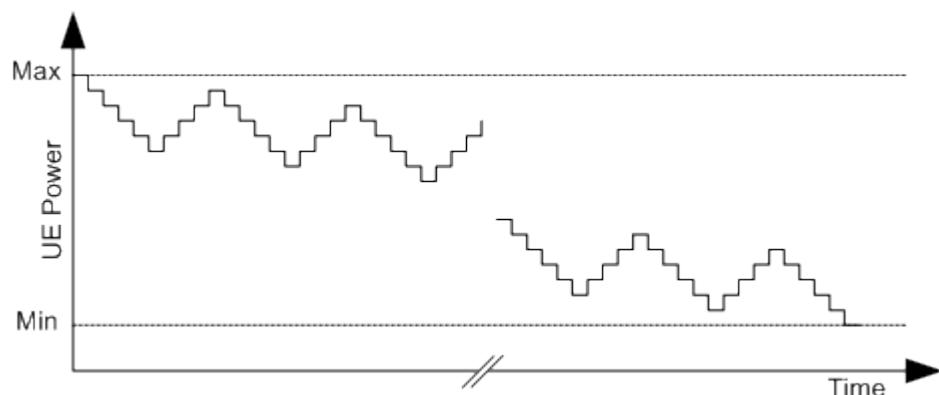
Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between two adjacent timeslots. According to 3GPP TS 34.121, the phase discontinuity for circuit switched connections has to be measured as follows.

A linear best-fit to the phase error curve in each timeslot is extrapolated onto the slot boundaries. An estimate of the phase error is yield at the beginning and at the end of each slot. The 25 μ s transient periods on either side of the nominal timeslot boundaries is excluded.

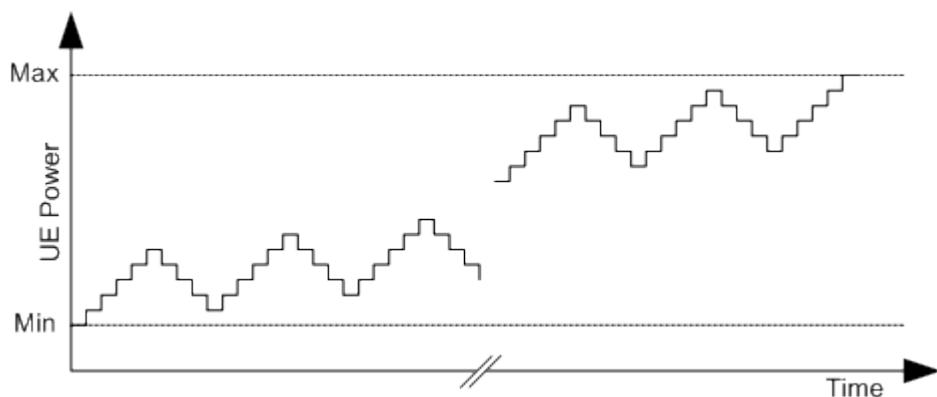
The phase discontinuity is defined as the difference between:

- The extrapolated phase at the end of the timeslot preceding the slot boundary and
- The extrapolated phase at the start of the timeslot following the slot boundary.

For 3GPP conformance tests, the phase discontinuity measurement has to be performed for the entire UE output power range. The output power is changed from maximum to minimum power, sending repeatedly five down and four up TPC commands. The following figure shows the resulting UE output power.



When the minimum power is reached, the output power has to be changed back to maximum power, sending repeatedly five up and four down TPC commands. The sequence of TPC commands is shown in the following figure.



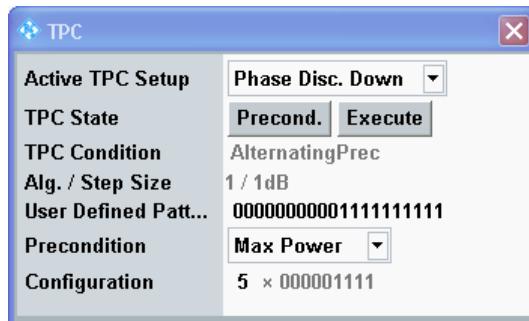
2.3.5.3 Performing a Phase Discontinuity Measurement

For a phase discontinuity measurement, you need to configure the signaling application, set up a circuit switched RMC connection and configure the measurement. Then you start the TPC pattern execution and the measurement. The required steps are described in detail below.

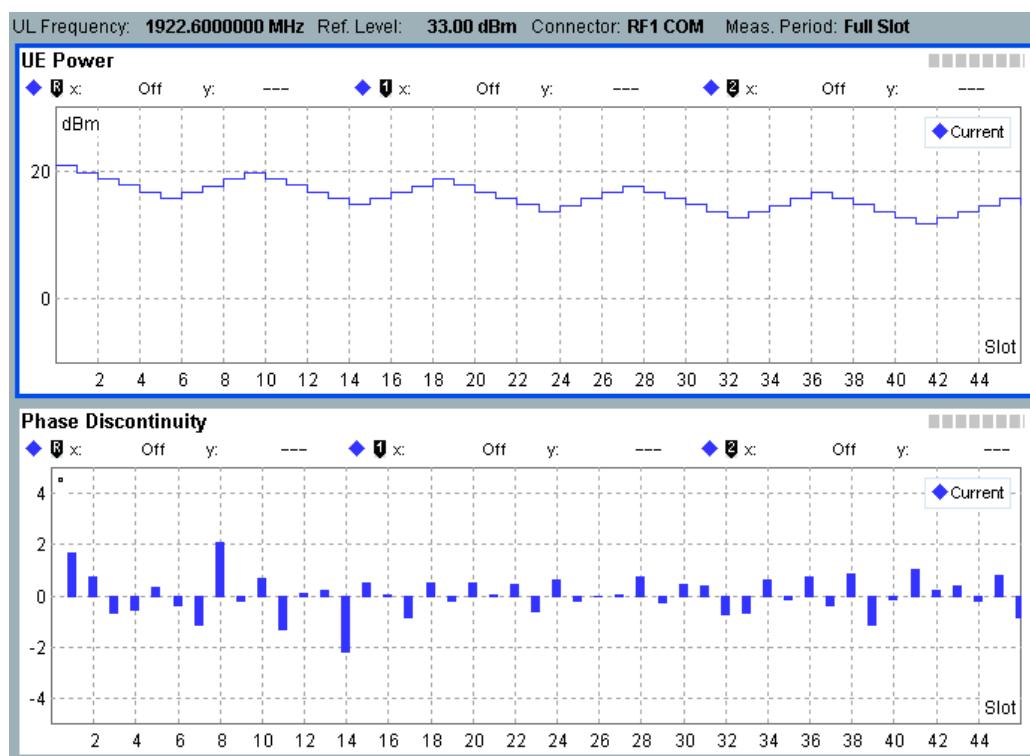
Proceed as follows:

1. Set up an RMC connection. The application sheet "WCDMA Combined Signal Path Measurements" describes the general procedure for connection setup, see [Chapter 2.3.1.2, "Setting Up a Connection", on page 109](#).
2. Switch to the "WCDMA Multi Evaluation" measurement:
In the signaling application, press the "WCDMA TX Meas" softkey.
The measurement application is opened and the combined signal path scenario is selected automatically.
If necessary, select the "Multi Evaluation" tab.
3. Press the TRIGGER softkey followed by the "Trigger Source" hotkey. Select "WCDMA Sig... TPC Trigger", i.e. the TPC trigger signal provided by the WCDMA signaling application.
4. Configure the overview to show only the "UE Power" and "Phase Discontinuity" measurements:
 - a) Press the "Multi Evaluation" softkey followed by the "Assign Views" hotkey.
 - b) Press "Off" to disable all measurements. Then enable the "UE Power" and "Phase Discontinuity" measurements.
 - c) Press the DISPLAY softkey followed by the "Select View" hotkey.
 - d) Select the overview.
5. Configure the measurement so that it measures only one measurement interval:
 - a) Press the MULTI EVALUATION softkey followed by the "Statistic Count" hotkey.

- b) Set the statistic count for "Modulation" measurements to 1.
In this example, only "UE Power" and "Phase Discontinuity" are active. If also a spectrum or BER measurement is active, set the corresponding values also to 1.
 - c) Press the "Repetition" hotkey . Select "Single Shot".
- Note:** This step is required because only one trigger pulse is generated by the signaling application. Thus a statistic count > 1 or a continuous measurement would result in a trigger timeout for the second measurement interval.
6. Press the "Measurement Length" hotkey . Enter 46 to configure the measurement length compatible to the sent TPC patterns.
- Note:** The measurement length has to be bigger than the number of sent TPC bits, so that you see the phase discontinuity for all power steps. In this example 5 TPC patterns with 9 TPC bits each are sent, resulting in 45 TPC bits. For the maximum of 13 TPC patterns, a measurement length of 120 slots is recommended.
7. Press "ON | OFF" to start the measurement.
A trigger timeout is indicated, because there is not yet a TPC trigger signal.
 8. Configure the power control settings. Access signaling application settings from the measurement via a hotkey:
 - a) Press the SIGNALING PARAMETER softkey followed by the "TPC" hotkey.
 - b) Set "Active TPC Setup" to "Phase Disc. Down"
 - c) Set "Precondition" to "Max Power"
 - d) Set "Configuration" to "5 x 000001111"
 This example uses 5 patterns. You can use up to 13 patterns, resulting in 117 TPC bits.



9. Press the "Execute" button to start the execution of the TPC pattern.
A TPC trigger pulse is generated and the 000001111 TPC patterns are sent.
10. The overview now displays the measurement results.



The example screenshot shows the measured UE power in the upper part. Starting with the maximum UE power of about 20 dBm, the power is reduced five times by 1 dB and then increased four times by 1 dB. These transitions correspond to one 000001111 TPC pattern. The pattern is sent five times.

In the lower part, the measured phase discontinuity is shown. Each bar is at a slot boundary.

Repeating the measurement until the minimum power is reached

If you use the maximum of 13 TPC patterns, the UE output power is only reduced by 13 dB within 117 timeslots. So obviously the measurement has to be performed repeatedly to cover the entire power range of a UE.

After having performed the steps described above, continue as follows:

1. Reconfigure the power control settings, so that the next measurement starts with the already reduced UE power:
 - a) Press the "Signaling Parameter" softkey followed by the "TPC" hotkey.
 - b) Set the precondition to "Alternating".
2. Press "RESTART | STOP" to restart the measurement.
A trigger timeout is indicated, because there is not yet a TPC trigger signal.
3. Start the execution of the TPC pattern:
 - a) Press the "Signaling Parameter" softkey followed by the "TPC" hotkey.
 - b) Press the "Execute" button.
4. Evaluate the measurement results.

5. Repeat the previous steps except step 1 until the minimum UE power.

Repeating the measurement to go back to maximum power

The measurement of the reverse direction from minimum to maximum power is performed similarly. The following procedure assumes that the previous steps have been executed and the minimum power has been reached.

Continue as follows:

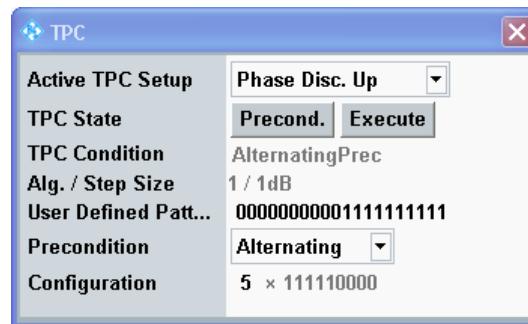
1. Press "RESTART | STOP" to restart the measurement.

A trigger timeout is indicated, because there is not yet a TPC trigger signal.

2. Reconfigure the power control settings:

- a) Press the "Signaling Parameter" softkey followed by the "TPC" hotkey.
- b) Set "Active TPC Setup" to "Phase Disc. Up"
- c) Set "Configuration" to "5 x 111110000"

The default precondition is correct, assuming that the minimum power has already been reached.



3. Press the "Execute" button to start the execution of the TPC pattern.
4. Evaluate the measurement results.
5. Repeat the previous steps except step 2 until the maximum UE power.

2.4 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the parameters of the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400). Most parameters can be configured via a single configuration dialog. Additional dialogs allow you to configure the measurements included in the signaling application.

Parameter changes that have no effect in the current connection state are not possible. The corresponding parameters are dynamically grayed out, depending on the current connection state.



The screenshots in this chapter show the GUI with all available options installed and reduced signaling disabled. Depending on the installed options, some parameters cannot be configurable (display the default value) or cannot be visible at all. For reduced signaling, irrelevant parameters are hidden. The parameters unavailable for reduced signaling are indicated in the parameter description.

The GUI reference is structured as follows.

● Signaling View	130
● Signaling and Connection Control	158
● Using the Shortcut Softkeys	162
● Using the WCDMA Wizards	163
● General Settings	164
● I/Q Settings	167
● RF Settings	169
● Internal Fading	177
● Physical Channel Downlink Settings	181
● Physical Channel Uplink Settings	198
● Connection Configuration	210
● Incoming IRAT HO Mobility	223
● Network Settings	223
● HSDPA Settings	239
● HSUPA Settings	247
● HS-SCCH Order Configuration	258
● Continuous Packet Connectivity Settings	258
● UE Measurement Report Settings	265
● Compressed Mode	267
● Messaging (SMS) Parameters	270
● Messaging (CBS) Parameters	277
● Shortcut Configuration	283
● Message Monitoring Settings	284
● Debug Configuration	285
● BER Measurement Configuration	285
● HSDPA ACK Measurement Configuration	290
● HSDPA CQI Measurement Configuration	293
● E-HICH Measurement Configuration	298
● E-AGCH Measurement Configuration	301
● E-RGCH Measurement Configuration	304
● RLC Throughput Measurement Configuration	307
● UL Logging Measurement Configuration	311

2.4.1 Signaling View

The signaling view shows status information, information derived from the uplink signal and the most important settings. Most settings in this view can also be accessed via the configuration dialog.

For the shortcut softkeys, refer to [Chapter 2.4.3, "Using the Shortcut Softkeys"](#), on page 162.



Figure 2-34: WCDMA signaling view

In reduced signaling mode, the UE does not register and does not send measurement reports. The information normally displayed in the lower left part is not available (UE measurement report, UE capabilities, UE info).

Instead, a quick access to the physical channel downlink settings is provided (see [Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings", on page 181](#)). Alternatively you can display the event log.

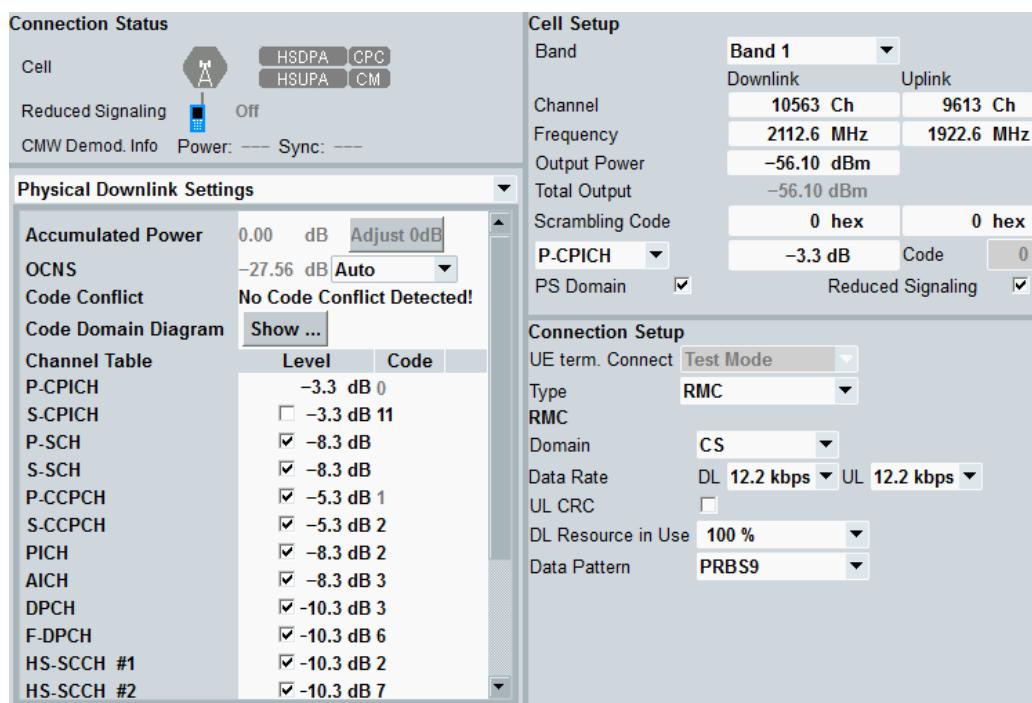


Figure 2-35: WCDMA signaling view for reduced signaling

For descriptions of the individual areas of the view, refer to the subsections.

- [Connection Status](#).....132
- [Event Log](#).....134
- [UE Measurement Report](#).....134
- [UE Capabilities](#).....139
- [UE Info](#).....154
- [CMW Voice Info](#).....156
- [Settings](#).....157

2.4.1.1 Connection Status

The connection status area displays the current connection states and information for troubleshooting.

For related hotkeys, refer to [Chapter 2.4.2, "Signaling and Connection Control"](#), on page 158.

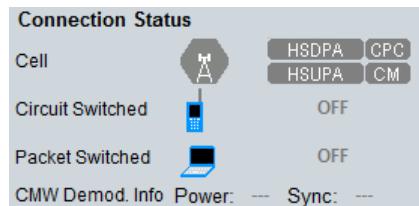


Figure 2-36: Connection status area of the main view

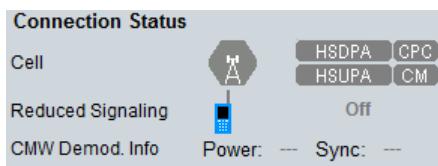


Figure 2-37: Connection status for reduced signaling

Cell.....	133
Circuit Switched, Packet Switched, Reduced Signaling.....	133
CMW Demod. Info.....	133

Cell

The cell icon indicates the overall state of the cell (green = on, gray = off, additional = pending).

When a packet switched connection has been established, additional icons indicate the type of the connection. There are separate icons for downlink and uplink direction, showing the following texts:

- "HSDPA" gray: R99 signal (no HSDPA)
- "HSDPA" green: R5 signal with HSDPA
- "HSDPA+" green: R7 signal with HSDPA+
- "DC-HSDPA+" green: R8 signal with dual carrier HSDPA+
- "3C-HSDPA+" green: R10 signal with three carrier HSDPA+
- "HSUPA" gray: R99 signal (no HSUPA)
- "HSUPA" green: R6 signal with HSUPA
- "DC-HSUPA" green: R9 signal with dual carrier HSUPA
- "CPC" gray: no CPC feature active
- "CPC" green: CPC feature active
- "CM" gray: compressed mode deactivated
- "CM" green: compressed mode active

Remote command:

```
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE:ALL?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CONFig?
```

Circuit Switched, Packet Switched, Reduced Signaling

Displays the corresponding connection states, see also [Chapter 2.2.8, "Connection States"](#), on page 31.

Additional information about established connections is provided in the UE info, see ["Connection Type Established"](#) on page 154.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:STATE?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSWitched:STATE?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGNALing:STATE?
```

CMW Demod. Info

This information is available while the demodulator stage of the instrument perceives an uplink signal and can be used for troubleshooting.

The text to the left indicates whether the uplink signal power is in range, too high (overflow) or too low (underflow). The text to the right indicates whether the R&S CMW was able to synchronize to the uplink signal or not.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DINFO?
```

2.4.1.2 Event Log

The event log area reports events and errors like connection state changes, RRC connection establishment/release, and authentication failure.

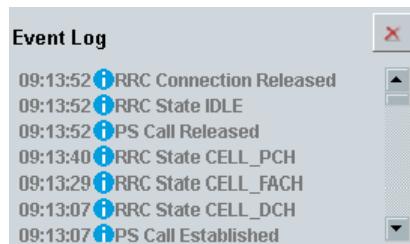


Figure 2-38: Event log in the main view

Event Log

Each entry consists of a timestamp, an icon indicating the category of the event and a short text describing the event. Meaning of the category icons: = information, warning and error.

Press the button to the right to clear the displayed event entries.

Remote command:

```
CLEAN:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:ALL?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:LAST?
```

2.4.1.3 UE Measurement Report

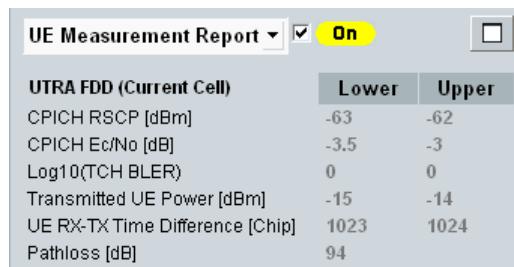
To display the measurement report information, select "UE Measurement Report" in the field below the event log area.

Use the checkbox to enable/disable measurement reports. Press the button to the right to maximize the UE measurement report area.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

The individual report values are defined in 3GPP TS 25.133.

Measurement report information is only available when a connection to the UE has been established. You can enable, disable, and configure the measurement report, see Chapter 2.4.18, "UE Measurement Report Settings", on page 265.



UTRA FDD (Current Cell)	Lower	Upper
CPICH RSCP [dBm]	-63	-62
CPICH Ec/No [dB]	-3.5	-3
Log10(TCH BLER)	0	0
Transmitted UE Power [dBm]	-15	-14
UE RX-TX Time Difference [Chip]	1023	1024
Pathloss [dB]	94	

Figure 2-39: Measurement report for current cell

The measurement report for the current cell is available independent of the active scenario.

Multi-carrier scenarios provide a measurement report per carrier: for the current cell (carrier 1) and for additional carriers. To switch between them, select the carrier (for example "Carrier 2") in the "Cell Setup" section.

The UE measurement report can be enabled or disabled individually for each neighbor cell, see [Neighbor cell configuration dialog](#).



The compressed mode is a prerequisite for UE report measurements on neighbor cells, see [Chapter 2.4.19, "Compressed Mode"](#), on page 267.

The maximized measurement report area includes all reports.

UE Measurement Report		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> On	<input type="checkbox"/>
UTRA FDD (Current Cell)		Lower	Upper
CPICH RSCP [dBm]	-63	-62	
CPICH Ec/No [dB]	-3.5	-3	
Log10(TCH BLER)	0	0	
Transmitted UE Power [dBm]	-15	-14	
UE RX-TX Time Difference [Chip]	1023	1024	
Pathloss [dB]	94		
UTRA FDD (Carrier 2)		Lower	Upper
CPICH RSCP [dBm]	---	---	
CPICH Ec/No [dB]	---	---	
UTRA Carrier RSSI [dBm]	---	---	
SFN-CFN Time Difference [Chip]	---	---	
Pathloss [dB]	---		
Neighbor Cells UTRA FDD			
RSCP [dBm]	EcN0 [dB]	RSSI [dBm]	Band Ch. Sc. Code
---	---	---	Band 1 10562 10A
Neighbor Cells E-UTRA			
RSRP [dBm]	RSRQ [dBm]		Band Ch.
---	---		Band 1 300
Neighbor Cells GSM			
RSSI [dBm]	BSIC		Band Ch.
---	---		GSM900 124
-77	-76 Verified		GSM900 124

Figure 2-40: Maximized measurement report

UTRA FDD (Current Cell).....	136
UTRA FDD (Carrier 2 / Carrier 3).....	137
Neighbor Cells UTRA FDD.....	138
Neighbor Cells E-UTRA FDD.....	138
Neighbor Cells GSM.....	139

UTRA FDD (Current Cell)

- "CPICH RSCP":

Integer 1-dB interval for the received signal code power of the CPICH of carrier 1. For CPICH RSCPs below -120 dBm (above -25 dBm), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.

- "CPICH Ec/No":

The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH of carrier 1 to the total received power spectral density for carrier 1 at the UE antenna. The value is calculated within 0.5-dB interval. For Ec/No below -24 dB (above 0 dB), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.

- "Log₁₀(TCH BLER)":

Estimate of the transport channel block error rate. 64 intervals for the logarithm of the TCH BLER are available. The maximum logarithmic TCH BLER is 0, corresponding to a BLER of 1. For values below -4.03 the lower limit is $-\infty$, corresponding to a BLER of 0.

- "Transmitted UE Power":

Integer 1-dB interval for the total UE transmitted power on one uplink carrier measured at the antenna connector of the UE. The power must be in the range between –50 dBm and above +34 dBm.

- **"UE RX-TX Time Difference":**

Interval for the difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first detected path (in time) of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. The time difference is expressed in multiples of a chip period. For time differences below 768 chips (above 1280 chips), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.

- **"Pathloss":**

Downlink pathloss in dB for carrier 1 = reported P-CPICH power - CPICH RSCP. Values below +46 dB (above +158 dB) are reported as +46 dB (+158 dB). The CPICH RSCP is measured by the UE; the reported P-CPICH power is configurable (see "[P-CPICH Enhanced > Signalized Level](#)" on page 185).

To simulate real propagation conditions, the reported P-CPICH power must be much larger than the actual power of the BS signal.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCEL1?
```

UTRA FDD (Carrier 2 / Carrier 3)

- **"CPICH RSCP":**

Integer 1-dB interval for the received signal code power of the CPICH of the indicated carrier (for example "Carrier 2"). For CPICH RSCPs below –120 dBm (above –25 dBm), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.

- **"CPICH Ec/No":**

The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH of the indicated carrier to the total received power spectral density of the carrier at the UE antenna. The value is calculated within 0.5-dB interval for the indicated carrier. For Ec/No below –24 dB (above 0 dB), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.

- **"UTRA Carrier RSSI":**

Received signal strength indicator (RSSI) defining a 1-dB interval for the wideband power received via the indicated carrier, including thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver.

- **"SFN-CFN Time Difference":**

Time difference between the system frame number (SFN) and the connection frame number (CFN) in chip units. The connection frames are related to the transmission from the UE. The system frames are related to the signal received at the UE via the indicated carrier.

- **"Pathloss":**

Downlink pathloss in dB for the indicated carrier = reported P-CPICH power - CPICH RSCP. Values below +46 dB (above +158 dB) are reported as +46 dB (+158 dB). The CPICH RSCP is measured by the UE; the reported P-CPICH power is configurable.

To simulate real propagation conditions, the reported P-CPICH power must be much larger than the actual power of the BS signal.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCEL1<no>?
```

Neighbor Cells UTRA FDD

For the measured WCDMA neighbor cell specified by band, channel, and scrambling code, the following values are displayed:

- **"RSCP":**
Integer 1-dB interval for the received signal code power of the CPICH of measured neighbor cell. For CPICH RSCPs below –120 dBm (above –25 dBm), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.
- **"Ec/No":**
The ratio of the received energy per PN chip for the CPICH of measured neighbor cell to the total received power spectral density for neighbor cell at the UE antenna. The value is calculated within 0.5-dB interval. For Ec/No below –24 dB (above 0 dB), no lower (upper) limit is indicated.
- **RSSI:**
Received signal strength indicator (RSSI) defining a 1-dB interval for the wideband power received via neighbor cell, including thermal noise and noise generated in the receiver.
- **"SFN-CFN Time Difference":**
Time difference between the system frame number (SFN) and the connection frame number (CFN) in chip units. The connection frames are related to the transmission from the UE. The system frames are related to the signal received at the UE from the neighbor cell.
- **"Pathloss":**
Downlink pathloss in dB for neighbor cell = reported P-CPICH power - CPICH RSCP. Values below +46 dB (above +158 dB) are reported as +46 dB (+158 dB). The CPICH RSCP is measured by the UE; the reported P-CPICH power is configurable.
To simulate real propagation conditions, the reported P-CPICH power must be much larger than the actual power of the BS signal.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:WCDMa:CELL<no>?
```

Neighbor Cells E-UTRA FDD

For the measured LTE neighbor cell specified by band and channel, the following values are displayed:

- **"RSRP":**
The reference signal received power (RSRP) denotes the average power of the resource elements carrying cell-specific reference signals.
- **"RSRQ":**
The reference signal received quality (RSRQ) is calculated as $RSRQ = N \times RSRP / (E\text{-}UTRA\ carrier\ RSSI)$.
Where
 - "N" denotes the number of resource blocks (RB)
 - "E-UTRA carrier RSSI" denotes the average total received power (including interferers etc.) observed only in OFDM symbols containing reference symbols for antenna port 0 in the bandwidth over N RBs.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:LTE:CELL<no>?
```

Neighbor Cells GSM

For the measured GSM neighbor cell specified by band and channel, the following values are displayed:

- **RSSI:**

The received signal strength indicator (RSSI) denotes the received wideband power within the GSM channel bandwidth, measured on a GSM BCCH carrier.

- **BSIC:**

The base station identity code (BSIC) verification: the UE measures first RSSI and identifies GSM cell (BSIC non-verified), in the second measurement the UE decodes BSIC (BSIC verified).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:GSM:CELL<no>?
```

2.4.1.4 UE Capabilities

To display the most important UE capabilities, select "UE Capabilities" in the field below the event log area. Press the button to the right of the field to display all capability information.

UE Capabilities												
Band	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Supported	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>						
Band	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	25	26
Supported	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Phys. Layer Cat.	Rel. 5	Rel. 6	Rel. 7	Rel. 8	Rel. 9	Rel. 10						
HSDPA	10		14	24	---							29
HSUPA		6	---									8

Figure 2-41: UE capabilities pane

The displayed information comprises the following extract from the UE capability report:

- Supported WCDMA operating bands
- Physical layer categories of the UE for HS-DSCH (Rel.5, Rel.7, Rel.8, Rel.9, Rel.10) and E-DCH (Rel.6, Rel.9)

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

The UE capabilities characterize the radio access capabilities of the UE. This information is received from the UE during registration. The radio access capabilities are described in 3GPP TS 25.306 and the references given therein.

The provided UE capability information is described in the subsections.

- General UE Capabilities..... 140
- HSDPA UE Capabilities..... 141
- HSUPA UE Capabilities..... 142
- RF UE Capabilities..... 142
- PDCP UE Capabilities..... 144
- RLC UE Capabilities..... 145
- Physical Downlink UE Capabilities..... 145
- Physical Uplink UE Capabilities..... 147

● Multi-Mode and Multi-RAT UE Capabilities.....	148
● Positioning UE Capabilities.....	149
● Measurement Related UE Capabilities.....	151
● Codec UE Capabilities.....	153
● IMS Voice.....	153

General UE Capabilities

This section provides general UE capabilities.

General	
Release Indicator	8
Battery Consumption Optimisation	No
MIMO only Single Stream	No
E-UTRAN Measurement Reporting	Yes
Adjacent Freq. Meas. w/o Comp. Mode	No
Inter-Band Freq. Meas. w/o Comp. Mode	No
SIB11bis	Yes
CSG (Closed Subscriber Group)	No
CSG Proximity Indication	No
Cell Specific TX Diversity in Dual Cell Operation	Yes
Neighbor Cell SI Acquisition	No
CS Voice over HSPA	No
Dual Cell MIMO in Diff. Bands	No
UTRAN ANR	No
UM RLC Re-establishment	No
Multiple Freq. Band Indicators	No
Extended Measurements	Yes

Figure 2-42: General UE capabilities

General

- **"Release Indicator":**
Access stratum release indicator, e.g. R99, R5
- **"Battery Consumption Optimization":**
Indicates whether the UE benefits from NW-based battery consumption optimization
- **"MIMO only Single Stream":**
Indicates whether the UE supports MIMO only single stream
- **"E-UTRAN Measurement Reporting":**
Indicates whether the UE supports E-UTRAN measurement reporting
- **"Adjacent Frequency Measurements without Compressed Mode":**
Indicates whether the UE supports adjacent frequency measurements without compressed mode
- **"Inter-Band Frequency Measurements without Compressed Mode":**
Indicates whether the UE supports inter-band frequency measurements without compressed mode
- **"SIB11bis":**
Indicates whether the UE supports system information block 11bis
- **"Closed Subscriber Group":**
Indicates whether the UE supports closed subscriber group (CSG)
- **"Closed Subscriber Group Proximity Indication":**
Indicates whether the UE supports CSG proximity indication
- **"Cell-specific TX Diversity in Dual Cell Operation":**

- Indicates whether the UE supports cell-specific TX diversity in dual cell operation
- **"Neighbor Cell SI Acquisition":**
Indicates whether the UE supports a neighbor cell system information acquisition
- **"CS Voice over HSPA":**
Indicates whether the UE supports CS voice over HSPA
- **"Dual Cell MIMO in Diff. Bands":**
Indicates whether the UE supports dual cell with MIMO operation in different bands
- **"UTRAN ANR":**
Indicates whether the UE supports ANR
- **"UM RLC Re-establishment":**
Indicates whether the UE supports UM RLC re-establishment via reconfiguration
- **"Multi-Freq. Band Indicators":**
Indicates whether the UE supports multiple frequency band indicators
- **"Extended Measurements":**
Indicates whether the UE supports extended measurements

Remote command:

`SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:GENeral?`

HSDPA UE Capabilities

This section provides HSDPA-related UE capabilities.

HSDPA	
Support of HS-PDSCH	Yes
Rel 5 Physical Layer Category	10
Rel 7 Physical Layer Category	14
Rel 8 Physical Layer Category	24
Rel 9 Physical Layer Category	...
Rel 10 Physical Layer Category	29
DL Cap. with Simult. HSDSCH	64 kbit/s
HS-DSCH DRX Operation	Yes
HS-SCCH Less	No
HS-PDSCH CELL_FACH	Yes
HS-PDSCH CELL_PCH URA_PCH	No
MAC-ehs	Yes

Figure 2-43: HSDPA UE capabilities

HSDPA

- **Support of HS-PDSCH:**
Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-PDSCH
- **"Rel 5, Rel 7 - Rel 10 Physical Layer Category":**
HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for R5 (HSDPA), R7 (HSDPA+), R8 (DC-HSDPA+), R9 (DB-DC-HSDPA+) and R10 (multi-cell HSDPA) connections
- **"DL Cap. with Simult. HSDSCH":**
Supported DPCH data rate in case an HS-DSCH is configured simultaneously
- **"HS-DSCH DRX Operation":**
Indicates whether the UE supports the discontinuous HS-DSCH operation (see [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)", on page 74](#))
- **"HS-SCCH Less":**
Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-SCCH less operation (see [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)", on page 74](#))
- **"HS-PDSCH CELL_FACH":**

- Indicates whether the UE supports HS-PDSCH in CELL_FACH state
- **"HS-PDSCH CELL_PCH URA_PCH":**
Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-PDSCH in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH states
- **MAC-ehs:**
Indicates whether the UE supports the MAC-ehs

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSDPa?
```

HSUPA UE Capabilities

This section provides HSUPA-related UE capabilities.

HSUPA	
Support of HSUPA	Yes
Rel 6 E-DCH Physical Layer Category	6
Rel 7 E-DCH Physical Layer Category	---
Rel 9 E-DCH Physical Layer Category	8

Figure 2-44: HSUPA UE capabilities

HSUPA

- **Support of HSUPA:**
Indicates whether the UE supports HSUPA
- **"Rel 6 / Rel 7 / Rel 9 E-DCH Physical Layer Category":**
E-DCH physical layer category of the UE for R6 (HSUPA), R7 (HSUPA: QPSK and 16QAM), and R9 (DC-HSUPA: QPSK and 16QAM) connections

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSUPa?
```

RF UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the RF parameters section indicates the supported operating bands.

RF Parameters				
Band 1				
Power Class	Yes	3		
Additional Sec. Cells	Yes	1		
Non-Contig. Multi-Cell	Yes	NC-2C	NC-3C	NC-4C
Aggregated Cells	---	---	---	---
Gap Size	---	---	---	---
Comb. (2,2)	---			
Comb. (3,1) (1,3)	---			
UL Open Loop TX Diversity	---			
Band 2				
Power Class	Yes	3		
Additional Sec. Cells	Yes	1		
Non-Contig. Multi-Cell	Yes	NC-2C	NC-3C	NC-4C
Aggregated Cells	---	---	---	---
Gap Size	---	---	---	---
Comb. (2,2)	---			
Comb. (3,1) (1,3)	---			
UL Open Loop TX Diversity	---			
Band 32				
Power Class	Yes	3		
Additional Sec. Cells	Yes	1		
Non-Contig. Multi-Cell	Yes	NC-2C	NC-3C	NC-4C
Aggregated Cells	---	---	---	---
Gap Size	---	---	---	---
Comb. (2,2)	---			
Comb. (3,1) (1,3)	---			
UL Open Loop TX Diversity	---			
Band Combination				
1 (Band 1+8)	Yes	3		
Carrier Comb. (1,2)	---	---	---	---
Carrier Comb. (2,1)	Yes	3		
Carrier Comb. (1,3)	---	---	---	---
Carrier Comb. (3,1)	---	---	---	---
Carrier Comb. (2,2)	---	---	---	---
2 (Band 2+4)	---	---	---	---
3 (Band 1+5)	---	---	---	---
4 (Band 1+6)	---	---	---	---
5 (Band 2+5)	---	---	---	---
6 (Band 1+32)	---	---	---	---

Figure 2-45: RF parameters UE capabilities

RF Parameters

- **"Band":**
Support of the individual WCDMA operating bands
- **"Power Class":**
Indicates the UE power class for each supported band as defined in 3GPP TS 25.101
- **"Additional Sec. Cells":**
Indicates the number of additional secondary serving cells supported by the UE. The absence of this IE means that the UE does not support multi-cell operation on three or four cells.
- **"Non-Contig. Multi-Cell":**
Each row of the table corresponds to a specific measured IE:
 - "Aggregated cells": the maximum number of cells supported in non-contiguous multi-cell operation (NC-2C, NC-3C, NC-4C: 2 to 4 cells)
 - "GAP size": the maximum supported gap size between the aggregated cells
 - "Comb. (2,2)": support of an equal number of contiguous cells on each side of the gap
 - "Comb. (3,1) (1,3)": support of a different number of contiguous cells on each side of the gap
 Each column corresponds to a specific non-contiguous multi-cell constellation: non-contiguous multi-cell with 2 to 4 cells
- **"UL Open Loop TX Diversity":**
Support of uplink open loop transmit diversity
- **"Band Combination":**
Support of dual band multi-cell operation. For the pre-defined band combination, see also ["DB DC HSDPA"](#) on page 173. If carrier combination (X,Y) is supported,

then carrier combination (M,N) is supported, where $1 \leq M \leq X$ and $1 \leq N \leq Y$.

Absence of the carrier combination indication means that the UE only supports the carrier combination (1,1).

Example – if the UE supports band combination 1 (band 1+8) and the carrier combination (1,2), then the possible configurations are:

One contiguous carrier in band 1 and a block of two contiguous carriers in band 8

One contiguous carrier in band 8 and a block of two contiguous carriers in band 1

One contiguous carrier in band 1 and one contiguous carrier in band 8

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>:
NC<cell>?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BC<no>?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BCList?
```

PDCP UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the PDCP section indicates in which way the UE supports the packet data convergence protocol (PDCP) described in 3GPP TS 25.323.

PDCP	
Lossless SRNS Relocation	No
RFC 2507	No
RFC 3095	No
RFC 3095 Context Relocation	No
RFC 3095 Relocation Space	---
Header Compression	---
Max. ROHC Context Session	---
Reverse Decompression	---
Lossless RLC PDU Size Ch...	---

Figure 2-46: PDCP UE capabilities

PDCP

- **"Lossless SRNS Relocation":**
Support of lossless SRNS relocation
- **"RFC 2507":**
Support of IP header compression according to RFC 2507
- **"RFC 3095":**
Support of robust header compression according to RFC 3095
- **"RFC 3095 Context Relocation":**
Support of context relocation applied to the RFC 3095 header compression protocol
- **"RFC 3095 Relocation Space":**
Supported RFC 3095 relocation space in bytes
- **"Header Compression":**
Maximum header compression context size supported by the UE. This parameter is only applicable if the UE supports header compression according to RFC 2507
- **"Max. ROHC Context Session":**

Maximum number of header compression context sessions supported by the UE.
This parameter is only applicable if the UE supports header compression according to RFC3095

- **"Reverse Decompression":**
Number of packets that can be reverse decompressed by the decompressor in the UE.
- **"Lossless RLC PDU Size Change":**
Support of lossless DL RLC PDU size change

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDCP?
```

RLC UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the RLC section indicates in which way the UE supports the radio link control acknowledged mode (RLC AM).

RLC	
AM Buffer Size	1000
Max. RLC Window Size	2047
Max. AM Entities	16
Two Logical Ch. Config	No

Figure 2-47: RLC UE capabilities

RLC

- **"AM Buffer Size":**
Maximum total buffer size across all RLC AM entities supported by the UE
- **"Max. RLC Window Size":**
Maximum RLC window size supported by the UE
- **"Max. AM Entities":**
Maximum number of AM entities supported by the UE
- **"Two Logical Channels Config":**
Support of AM entity configured with two logical channels

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RLC?
```

Physical Downlink UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the PHY downlink section describes the capacity of the UE to process and store downlink channels.

PHY Downlink	
Transport Channel	
Simultaneous Transport Channel	8
Simultaneous CCTrCH	1
TTI Transport Blocks	32
Number of TFC	128
Number of TF	64
Turbo Decoding	Yes
Received Bits (Transport Blocks)	
All	6400 Bit
Convolutionally Coded	6400 Bit
Turbo Coded	6400 Bit
Physical Channel FDD	
DPCH Codes	1
Physical Channel Bits	9600 Bit
SF 512	No
MAC-i/is	Yes
F-DPCH	Yes
Enhanced F-DPCH	No

Figure 2-48: PHY DL UE capabilities

PHY Downlink

- **"Simultaneous Transport Channel":**

Maximum number of downlink transport channels that the UE is capable to process simultaneously, without checking the rate of each transport channel

- **"Simultaneous CCTrCH":**

Maximum number of downlink coded composite transport channels (CCTrCHs) that the UE is capable to process simultaneously. Note, that the CCTrCH consists of DCH, FACH or DSCH.

- **"TTI Transport Blocks":**

Maximum total number of transport blocks received within transmission time intervals (TTIs) that end within the same 10 ms interval. This value includes all transport blocks that are to be simultaneously received by the UE on DCH, FACH, PCH and DSCH transport channels.

- **"Number of TFC":**

Maximum number of transport format combinations (TFC) in a downlink transport format combination set that the UE can store

- **"Number of TF":**

Maximum number of downlink transport formats (TF) that the UE can store, where all transport formats for all downlink transport channels are counted

- **"Turbo Decoding":**

Support of turbo decoding

- **"Received Bits (Transport Blocks)":**

Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant. This section comprises three values, corresponding to bits that are convolutionally coded, bits that are turbo-coded and the sum of all bits.

- **"DPCH Codes":**

Maximum number of DPCH codes to be simultaneously received. For DPCH in soft/softer handover, each DPCH is only calculated once. The capability does not include codes used for S-CCPCH.

- **"Physical Channel Bits":**

Maximum number of physical channel bits received in any 10 ms interval (DPCH, PDSCH, S-CCPCH). For DPCH in soft/softer handover, each DPCH is only calculated once.

- **"SF 512":**
Support for spreading factor (SF) 512 in downlink
- **"MAC-i/is":**
Support of MAC-i/is entity handling E-DCH
- **"F-DPCH":**
Support of FDD physical channel F-DPCH
- **"Enhanced F-DPCH":**
Support of FDD physical channel enhanced F-DPCH

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDOWnlink?
```

Physical Uplink UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the PHY uplink section describes the capacity of the UE to process and store uplink channels.

PHY Uplink	
└ Transport Channel	
Simultaneous Transport Channel	8
Simultaneous CCTrCH	0
TTI Transport Blocks	32
Number of TFC	64
Number of TF	64
Turbo Decoding	Yes
└ Transmitted Bits (Transport Blocks)	
All	6400 Bit
Convolutionally Coded	6400 Bit
Turbo Coded	6400 Bit
└ Physical Channel FDD	
DPDCH Bits per 10ms	9600 Bit
DPCCH DTX	No
Slot Format 4	No
Common E-DCH	Yes
E-DPCCH Power Boosting	No
E-DPDCH Power Interpolation	No

Figure 2-49: PHY UL UE capabilities

PHY Uplink

- **"Simultaneous Transport Channel":**
Maximum number of uplink transport channels that the UE is capable to process simultaneously, without checking the rate of each transport channel
- **"Simultaneous CCTrCH":**
Maximum number of uplink coded composite transport channels (CCTrCHs) that the UE is capable to process simultaneously
- **"TTI Transport Blocks":**
Maximum total number of transport blocks transmitted within transmission time intervals (TTIs) that start at the same time
- **"Number of TFC":**
Maximum number of transport format combinations (TFC) in an uplink transport format combination set that the UE can store

- **"Number of TF":**
Maximum number of uplink transport formats (TF) that the UE can store, where all transport formats for all uplink transport channels are counted
- **"Turbo Decoding":**
Support of turbo decoding
- **"Transmitted Bits (Transport Blocks)":**
Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant. This section comprises three values, corresponding to bits that are convolutionally coded, bits that are turbo-coded and the sum of all bits.
- **"DPDCH Bits per 10 ms":**
Maximum number of DPDCH bits the UE can transmit in 10 ms. The value applies to UE operation in non-compressed mode (if the value is <9600) or in both compressed and non-compressed mode (if the value is ≥9600).
- **"DPCCH DTX":**
Support of discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission
- **"Slot Format 4":**
Support of DPCCH slot format 4
- **"Common E-DCH":**
Support of common E-DCH
- **"E-DPCCH Power Boosting":**
Support of E-DPCCH power boosting
- **"E-DPCCH Power Interpolation":**
Support of E-DPCCH power interpolation / extrapolation

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PUPLink?
```

Multi-Mode and Multi-RAT UE Capabilities

The UE capability information in the multi-mode and multi-RAT sections indicates the duplex modes and radio access technologies that the UE supports.

Multi-Mode	
└--UTRA FDD/TDD	FDD
Multi-RAT	
└--GSM	Yes
└--Multi-Carrier Mode	No
└--UTRAN to GERAN NACC	Yes
└--Handover to GAN	No
└--Inter-RAT PS Handover	No
└--PS Handover to GAN	No
└--E-UTRA FDD	Yes
└--Inter-RAT E-UTRA Handover	Yes
└--UTRA CELL_PCH URA_PCH	Yes
└--Priority Reselection In UTRAN	Yes
└--Target Cell Preconfiguration	No
└-- Security	
└--Ciphering Algo UEA0	Yes
└--Ciphering Algo UEA1	No
└--Ciphering Algo UEA2	No
└--Integrity Algo UIA1	Yes
└--Integrity Algo UIA2	No

Figure 2-50: Multi-mode / multi-RAT UE capabilities

Multi Mode / RAT

- **"UTRA FDD/TDD":**
Indicates whether the UE supports UTRA FDD and/or TDD
- **"GSM":**
Indicates whether the UE supports GSM
- **"Multi-Carrier Mode":**
Indicates whether the UE supports multi-carrier mode
- **UTRAN to GERAN NACC:**
Indicates whether the UE supports UTRAN to GERAN NACC
- **"Handover to GAN":**
Indicates whether the UE supports CS handover to GAN
- **"Inter-RAT PS Handover":**
Indicates whether the UE supports Inter-RAT PS handover
- **"PS Handover to GAN":**
Indicates whether the UE supports PS handover to GAN
- **"E-UTRA FDD":**
Indicates whether the UE supports E-UTRA FDD
- **"Inter-RAT E-UTRA Handover":**
Indicates whether the UE supports Inter-RAT handover to LTE
- **"UTRA CELL_PCH URA_PCH to E-UTRA RRC_IDLE":**
Indicates whether the UE supports inter-RAT reselection from UTRA CELL_PCH or URA_PCH to E-UTRA RRC_IDLE
- **"Priority Reselection in UTRAN":**
Indicates whether the UE prioritizes reselection in UTRAN
- **"Target Cell Preconfiguration":**
Indicates whether the UE supports simultaneous HS-DSCH reception from serving cell and decoding of an HS-SCCH sent from another cell in the active set
- **"Security":**
Indicates which ciphering and integrity algorithms the UE supports

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MMoDe?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MRAT?
```

Positioning UE Capabilities

The UE capability related to the geographical position indicates in which navigation standards, signals and methods the UE supports.

This section provides the UE capabilities for positioning.

UE Position		
Standalone Location Method	Yes	
Network Assisted GPS	Both	
GPS Reference Time	No	
IPDL	No	
OTDOA UE Based Method	No	
RXTX Time Difference	No	
CELL_PCH/URA_PCH	No	
SFN-SFN Time Difference	No	
GANSS Network Assisted		
Galileo, SBAS	Galileo	SBAS
Supported	Yes	---
Mode	None	---
Signal ID	0	---
Signal IDs	0	---
Timing of Cell Frames	---	---
Carrier-Phase Measurement	---	---
Non-Native Assistance	---	---
SBAS ID	---	---
Modernized GPS, QZSS		
Glonass		

Figure 2-51: UE positioning capabilities

UE Position

- **"Standalone Location Method":**
Indicates if a UE can measure its location by some means unrelated to UTRAN (e.g. if the UE has access to a standalone GPS receiver)
- **"Network Assisted GPS":**
Indicates if a UE supports the assisted GPS schemes network-based and/or UE-based
- **"GPS Reference Time":**
Indicates if a UE is able to measure GPS reference time as defined in 3GPP TS 25.215
- **"IPDL":**
Indicates if a UE is able to use idle periods in the downlink (IPDL) to enhance its "SFN-SFN observed time difference – type 2" measurement
- **"OTDOA UE Based Method":**
Indicates if a UE supports the observed time difference of arrival (OTDOA) UE-based schemes
- **"RX/TX Time Difference":**
Indicates if a UE is able to measure the Rx - Tx time difference type 2
- **"CELL_PCH/URA_PCH":**
Indicates whether the UE positioning measurements using the assisted GPS method are valid in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH RRC states
- **"SFN-SFN Time Difference":**
Indicates whether the UE is able to perform the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement
- **"GANSS Network Assisted":**
Indicates which navigation standard of the assisted Galileo and more navigation satellite systems (A-GANSS) the UE supports.
Also, information related to supported signal is displayed:
 - **Mode:** indicates if a UE supports the A-GANSS schemes network-based and/or UE-based

- **Signal ID:** indicates which signal of the A-GANSS a UE supports (see 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45a)
- **Signal IDs:** defines if a UE is able to measure on more than one GANSS signal (see 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45, note 2)
- **Timing of cell frames:** indicates if a UE supports the timing of cell frames measurement
- **Carrier-phase measurement:** indicates if a UE supports carrier-phase measurements
- **Non-native assistance:** indicates if a UE supports non-native assistance choices
- **SBAS ID:** indicates which signal of the SBAS a UE supports (see 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45, note 1)

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:GALileo? etc.
```

Measurement Related UE Capabilities

This section provides UE capabilities for the neighbor cell measurement related to compressed mode.

Measurement Related	
⊕	WCDMA DL/UL CM Required
⊕	GSM DL/UL CM Required
⊖	LTE DL/UL CM Required
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 1-4 →
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 5-8 →
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 9-12 →
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 13-16 →
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 17-20 →
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 21-26 →
	21 22 25 26
	Band 1 N/N N/N N/N N/N
	Band 2 --- --- --- ---
⊕	└ Band 44 Y/Y Y/Y Y/Y Y/Y
⊕	└ Inter-/U Supp. Bd. 32 →
	Inter-Freq. Detect. Set Meas No
	Enh. Inter-Freq. Meas w/o CM No
	Freq. Specific CM No

Figure 2-52: Neighbor cell measurement-related UE capabilities

WCDMA DL/UL CM Required.....	152
GSM DL/UL CM Required.....	152
LTE DL/UL CM Required.....	152
Additional Measurement Parameters.....	152

WCDMA DL/UL CM Required**"Inter-/Supp.BD. x-y":**

Indicates the UE neighbor cell measurement capabilities in compressed mode for inter-band WCDMA neighbor cell measurement. Display shows the capabilities for all WCDMA bands and multi-carrier operation.

Example: YY means that the UE requires compressed mode in DL and UL to measure neighbor cells during a call.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODE:WCDMa?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODE:WCDMa:  
MCARrier?
```

GSM DL/UL CM Required**"Inter-/Supp.BD. x-y":**

Indicates the UE neighbor cell measurement capabilities in compressed mode for inter-RAT GSM neighbor cell measurement including several GSM bands. Display shows the capabilities for all WCDMA bands.

Example: YY means that the UE requires compressed mode in DL and UL to measure neighbor cells during a call.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODE:GSM?
```

LTE DL/UL CM Required**"Inter-/Supp.BD. x-y":**

Indicates the UE neighbor cell measurement capabilities in compressed mode for inter-RAT LTE neighbor cell measurement including LTE operating bands 1 to 43. Display shows the capabilities for all WCDMA bands.

Example: YY means that the UE requires compressed mode in DL and UL to measure neighbor cells during a call.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODE:LTE?
```

Additional Measurement Parameters

Indicates the UE capabilities related to inter-frequency measurements.

- "Inter-Freq. Detect. Set Meas":
Indicates whether the UE is able to measure inter-frequency detected set.
- "Enh. Inter-Freq. Meas w/o CM":
Indicates whether the UE requires compressed mode for measurements on two additional frequencies.
- "Freq. Specific CM":
Indicates whether the UE can apply compressed mode outside of the used frequency bands only to the configured frequencies. This information is relevant only for the dual band operation.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement?
```

Codec UE Capabilities

This section provides codec UE capabilities.

Codec List	UMTS	GSM
GSM FR	---	---
GSM HR	---	---
GSM EFR	---	---
FR AMR	---	---
HR AMR	---	---
UMTS AMR	---	---
UMTS AMR 2	---	---
TDMA EFR	---	---
PDC EFR	---	---
FR AMR-WB	---	---
UMTS AMR-WB	---	---
OHR AMR	---	---
OFR AMR-WB	---	---
OHR AMR-WB	---	---

Figure 2-53: Codec UE capabilities

Codec List

Indicates which codec the UE supports in UMTS and GSM networks.

This list comprises the following codec types:

- Full rate, half rate and enhanced full rate for GSM
- Five adaptive multi-rate codec types (FR AMR, HR AMR, UMTS AMR, UMTS AMR2, OHR AMR)
- TDMA enhanced full rate
- PDC enhanced full rate
- Four adaptive multi-rate wideband codec types (FR AMR-WB, UMTS AMR-WB, OFR AMR-WB, OHR AMR-WB)

The speech codec list for GSM and UMTS is defined in 3GPP TS 26.103 section 6.3.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:GSM?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:UMTS?
```

IMS Voice

This section provides UE capabilities for voice connections via IP multimedia subsystem (IMS).

IMS Voice	
Voice over UTRA PS HS	No
SRVCC from UTRA to UTRA	No
SRVCC from UTRA to GERAN	No

Figure 2-54: IMS voice capabilities

IMS Voice

Indicates the UE IMS voice capability as defined in 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.14b.

- **"Voice over UTRA PS HS":** indicates if a UE supports IMS voice over UMTS terrestrial radio access packet switched HSPA (UTRA PS HS) connections

- "**SRVCC Support from UTRA to UTRA**": indicates if a UE supports the single radio voice call continuity (SRVCC) from UTRA PS HS to UTRA CS
- "**SRVCC Support from UTRA to GERAN**": indicates if a UE supports SRVCC from UTRA PS HS to GERAN CS

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:IMSVoice?
```

2.4.1.5 UE Info

To display the "UE Info" area, select "UE Info" in the field below the event log.

The UE info area shows UE-related information after registration or when a connection to the UE has been established.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

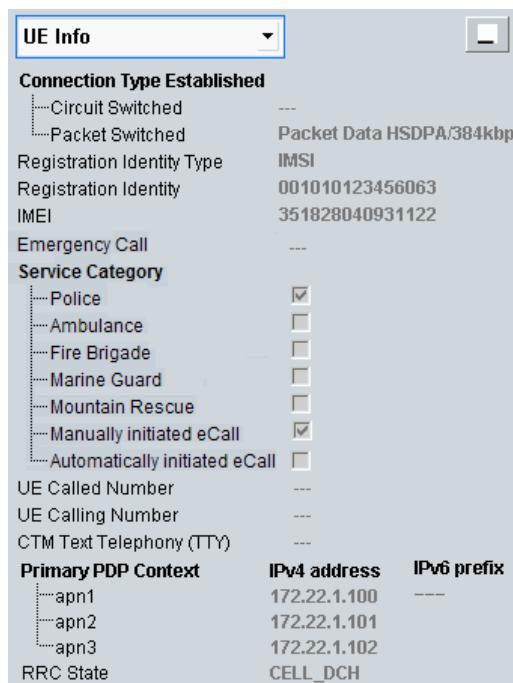


Figure 2-55: UE info area of the main view

Connection Type Established.....	154
Registration Identity (Type).....	155
IMEI.....	155
Emergency Call, Service Category.....	155
UE Called / Calling Number.....	155
CTM Text Telephony.....	155
Primary PDP Context.....	155
RRC State.....	156

Connection Type Established

Established connection types, e.g. UE terminated voice call

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNnection:CIRCuit?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNnection:PACKet?
```

Registration Identity (Type)

UE registration identity information received from the UE. This information is also displayed in the configuration dialog (see [Chapter 2.4.13.4, "UE Identity", on page 228](#)).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RITYpe?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RIDentity?
```

IMEI

International mobile equipment identity (IMEI) received from the UE. It is administrable whether this information is requested from the UE or not, see [Chapter 2.4.13.5, "Requested UE Data", on page 229](#).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:IMEI?
```

Emergency Call, Service Category

Information related to the active eCall.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:EMERgency?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:ESCcategory?
```

UE Called / Calling Number

For UE originated calls: dialed number (called number) and number of the UE (calling number)

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DNUMber?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CNUMber?
```

CTM Text Telephony

Information whether the UE supports cellular text telephony (CTM). In general, this information is available during a voice or video call.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:TTY?
```

Primary PDP Context

Returns all access point names (APN) used by the UE during a packet data connection. The R&S CMW supports also multiple PDP context, see also [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections", on page 26](#).

To each assigned APN, it also displays the IPv4 address and/or the IPv6 prefix that have been assigned to the UE by the R&S CMW.

The UE indicates whether it supports IPv4 only or IPv6 only or both. Depending on this information, the R&S CMW assigns either an IPv4 address or an IPv6 prefix or both and displays the assigned values.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:UEAddress:IPV<n>?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:APN?
```

RRC State

Returns the RRC state of the UE. RRC state transitions are monitored in the [Event Log](#).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RRC?
```

2.4.1.6 CMW Voice Info

To display the time delay of voice connections, select "CMW Voice Info" in the field below the event log area.

Values shown in the CMW voice info area are measured during the loopback connection or during the audio connection to the speech codec board.



Figure 2-56: CMW voice info area

The R&S CMW measures individual delays according to the following definition specified in 3GPP TS 26.132 Rel-12.

Loopback Delay

The system simulator delay in echo mode T_{SS} is the delay between:

- The last bit of a received speech frame at the system simulator antenna (R&S CMW RF input connector) and
- The first bit of the looped back speech frame at the system simulator antenna (R&S CMW RF output connector).

The value is displayed if the [Data Source](#) = "Loopback".

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CVINFO?
```

Downlink Encoder Delay, Uplink Decoder Delay

Displays the encoder/decoder time delay measured during the connection to the speech codec board when the [Data Source](#) = "Speech".

The system simulator delay in the downlink (UE receive) direction T_{TER} is the delay between:

- The first electrical event at the electrical access point of the test equipment (R&S CMW audio input connector) and
- The first bit of the corresponding speech frame at the system simulator antenna (R&S CMW RF output connector).

The system simulator delay in the uplink (UE sending) direction T_{TES} is the delay between:

- The last bit of a speech frame at the system simulator antenna (R&S CMW RF input connector) and
- The first electrical event at the electrical access point of the test equipment (R&S CMW audio output connector).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CVInfo?
```

2.4.1.7 Settings

The main view provides only the most important settings for fast access while the configuration dialog provides all settings.

Exception: Parameter "Reduced Signaling" is not available in the configuration dialog.

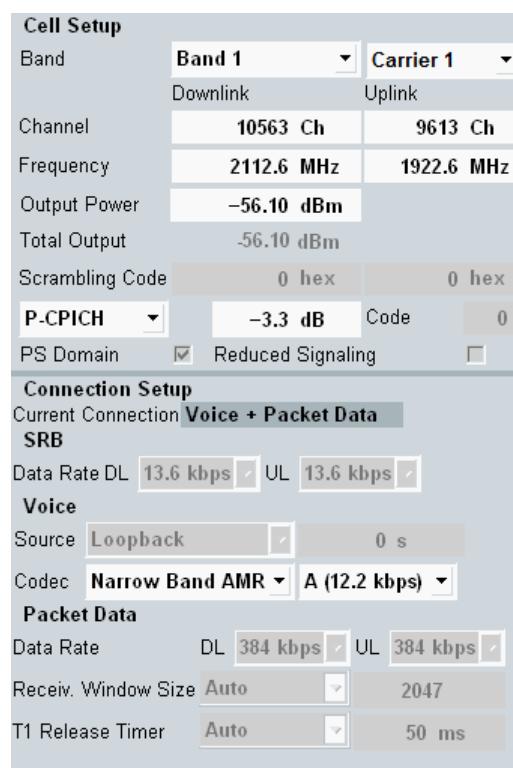


Figure 2-57: Settings in the main view

Cell Setup

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, most settings can be configured per carrier. The cell setup area shows settings of the currently selected carrier and common settings.

For a single carrier scenario, the carrier selection field is hidden.

The area contains the following settings:

- Most important RF settings (downlink per carrier)
See [Chapter 2.4.7.1, "Signal Routing", on page 169](#)
- Scrambling codes (downlink per carrier)

See "Primary Scrambling Code" on page 224 and "Uplink Scrambling Code" on page 200

- Downlink physical channel settings (per carrier, select a channel to access its settings)
See [Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings", on page 181](#)
- PS domain (common setting)
See ["Packet Switched Domain" on page 225](#)
- Reduced Signaling (common setting)
Enables or disables the reduced signaling mode. For an introduction to this mode, see [Chapter 2.2.3, "Reduced Signaling Mode", on page 24](#).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RSIGnaling`

Connection Setup

Contains the most important connection configuration parameters. Depending on a connection type (e.g. voice, test mode,...), the related connection parameters in the lower part are shown. See [Chapter 2.4.11, "Connection Configuration", on page 210](#).

If no connection is established, select the parameters to be used for the next mobile terminated call.

In the state "Connection Established", the values used for the current connection are displayed. In addition, during a packet data connection, the current SRB data rate in DL and UL is shown.

If a CS and PS multicall is established, information relevant for the CS voice call and for the PS packet data call is displayed.

Remote command:

`SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:CURREnt?`

2.4.2 Signaling and Connection Control

The individual connection states are controlled via the ON | OFF key, via hotkeys and via the UE.

The available hotkeys depend on the current connection state. Below all possible hotkeys are described.

For background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.8, "Connection States", on page 31](#).

ON OFF (key) / WCDMA-UE Signaling (softkey).....	158
Connection Control Hotkeys.....	159
Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey).....	160
└ Target.....	161
└ Mobility Mode.....	161
└ Destination Parameters.....	161
└ Execute.....	162

ON | OFF (key) / WCDMA-UE Signaling (softkey)



The ON | OFF key is used to turn the DL signal transmission on or off. The current state is shown by the softkey. The signal transmission can be switched off any time, independent of the current connection state. A yellow sandglass symbol indicates that the signaling generator is turned on or off.

The state "RDY" means that the signaling application is ready to receive an inter-RAT handover from another signaling application (e.g. from LTE). This state is initiated by the application acting as source of the handover.

While the DL signal is on, the signaling application provides a trigger signal, see [Chapter 2.2.14, "Trigger Signals", on page 61](#).

Remote command:

```
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE:ALL?
```

Connection Control Hotkeys

Any interaction with a UE requires a WCDMA downlink signal (cell). When the signal is available (state ON, no sandglass), connection control hotkeys appear in the hotkey bar. The available hotkeys depend on the current connection state which is visualized in the "Connection Status" panel of the "WCDMA Signaling" view.

The possible hotkeys are described in the following tables.

Table 2-36: Connection control hotkeys (disabled in reduced signaling)

Hotkey	Description
"Connect Voice/ Video/SRB"	Initiate a CS connection setup. The instrument pages the UE. When the UE answers paging, the transitory state "Call Setup in Progress" is reached. When the UE starts ringing, the connection state "Alerting" is reached. When the connection is accepted, at the UE the CS connection state changes to "Call Established".
"Connect Test Mode"	Initiate a test mode connection in the CS domain. If the HSPA test mode is enabled and the test mode procedure is "...HSPA 34.108", set up also an HSPA test mode connection in the PS domain.
"Connect Cell FACH"	Initiate the signaling connection using CELL_FACH state without the allocation of dedicated traffic channel. Tests are defined in 3GPP TS 34.108 and 34.121.
"Connect HSPA TM"	Initiate an HSPA test mode connection in the PS domain.
"Disconnect Voice/Video/SRB"	Release the connection and return to the previous connection state, e.g. "Registered".
"Disconnect Test Mode"	If established, release the HSPA connection. Then release the test mode connection in the CS domain. Return to the previous connection states, e.g. "Registered" and "Attached".
"Disconnect HSPA TM"	Release the HSPA test mode connection and return to the previous connection state, e.g. "Attached". If a test mode connection in the CS domain has been established, it remains established.
"Unregister"	Unregister the UE completely (CS unregister and PS detach), i.e. change to state "Off". Afterwards the UE can attempt a new registration / attach or initiate a connection setup. This feature can be useful if the UE is replaced without switching the WCDMA DL signal off.

Hotkey	Description
"Send SMS"	Send an SMS message to the UE.
"Inter/Intra-RAT..."	See " "Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)" on page 160

Table 2-37: Connection control hotkeys for reduced signaling

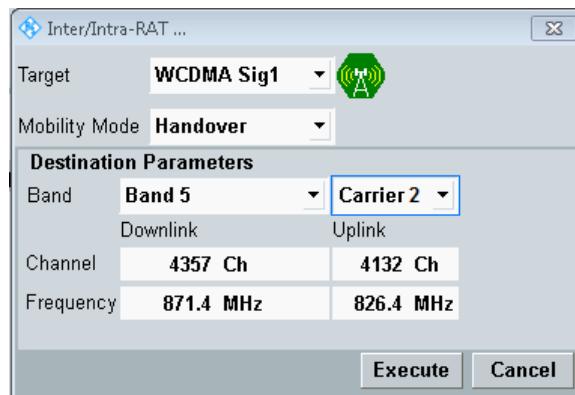
Hotkey	Description
"Connection Setup On"	<p>Switch on the reduced signaling connection. Then, the downlink signal contains also dedicated physical channels and (if enabled) shared physical channels like during an established connection.</p> <p>The configured RF input connector is active and an uplink signal can be received.</p> <p>Please note that for HSPA test mode direction = HSPA ("Direction" on page 219) the enabled HSDPA and HSUPA downlink channels are only present when the R&S CMW has successfully completed synchronization to the UL signal.</p>
"Connection Setup Off"	<p>Switch off the reduced signaling connection. Then, the downlink signal contains only common channels and synchronization channels.</p> <p>The configured input connector is deactivated.</p>

Remote command:

```
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSwitched:ACTION
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSwitched:ACTION
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGnaling:ACTION
```

Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)

The hotkey opens a dialog for selection and configuration of the handover destination and initiation of the handover. As a prerequisite for a handover, a connection must be established.



The WCDMA signaling application supports the following mobility management types:

- Transitions within the signaling application in both CS and PS domain per carrier, e.g. to another operating band
- Transitions to another signaling application
The two signaling applications must use different RX/TX modules. If they use the same RF path, an error message is displayed, indicating that blind handover is not supported. Exception is a handover to GSM, where one TX/RX is sufficient.
- Transitions to another instrument

For a detailed step-by-step description of a handover, see "[How to perform an outgoing handover](#)" on page 38.

Target ← Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)

This parameter selects the handover destination. For a redirection to another instrument, select "No Connection" as target.

The cell icon indicates the cell state of the currently selected destination. When you select another signaling application, e.g. "GSM Sig1", the destination cell is switched on automatically and the target cell state changes to "Ready for Handover" (RDY).

Remote command:

```
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:DESTination  
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:CATalog:DESTination?  
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:DESTination
```

Mobility Mode ← Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)

This parameter selects the mechanism to be used.

Handover is supported within one R&S CMW only, redirection is applicable also to another instrument as a target. Handover and redirection are not selectable in CS registered or PS attached state?

Cell change order is a network initiated cell reselection, while the UE is in PS attached or connected mode. Cell change order is not selectable during CS connection. Cell change order is only supported to the GSM signaling as a target.

For a description of the mobility modes, see [Chapter 2.2.9, "Handover"](#), on page 36.

Remote command:

```
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:MMODE
```

Destination Parameters ← Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)

The "Destination Parameters" display current settings of the selected signaling application target, typically operating band and channels. For intra-RAT handover with multi-carrier, the affected carrier is also specified. You can modify these settings before starting the handover.

For a redirection to another instrument, the "External Destination Parameters" are displayed instead (radio access technology and typically operating band and channel). Configure them according to the actual configuration of the other instrument. There is no communication between the two instruments, so the settings at both instruments must match.

The commands listed here are relevant for redirection to another instrument.

For a handover to another signaling application in the same instrument, use the commands provided by the signaling application target. There are no special handover commands for this purpose.

Please note that the operating band and channels of the currently used WCDMA signaling application can be reconfigured directly. It is not required to open the handover dialog for that purpose.

Remote command:

```
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:CDMA  
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:EVDO
```

```
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:GSM
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:LTE
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:WCDMa
```

Execute ← Inter/Intra-RAT... (hotkey)

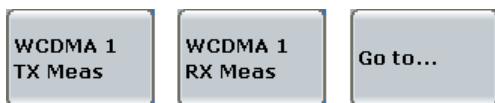
To initiate a handover with the configured settings, press the "Execute" button.

Remote command:

```
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSwitched:ACTion
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSwitched:ACTion
```

2.4.3 Using the Shortcut Softkeys

When using the WCDMA signaling application and a WCDMA measurement in parallel, it is recommended to use a shortcut softkey to switch to the measurement.



These softkeys ensure that the measurement is configured compatible with the settings of the signaling application. When you use the softkeys to switch to the "TX Measurements", the combined signal path scenario is activated automatically in the measurement.

Consequences:

- The measurement and the signaling application can be used in parallel, i.e. both DL signal transmission and measurement can be switched on.
- The signaling RF settings are also used for the measurement.
- The "UE Signal Info" settings of the measurement are configured compatible with the signaling application.
- Additional softkeys and hotkeys are displayed in the measurement, so that the signaling application can be controlled and configured from the measurement.

If the softkey label equals "Go to...", the softkey opens a dialog box with a list of all available WCDMA measurements. If the softkey label indicates a measurement name, this measurement has been assigned to the softkey as fixed target, see [Select as fixed Target](#).

Three shortcut softkeys are available and can be set to different fixed targets.



Figure 2-58: "Go to..." softkey - dialog

Select Menu

Selects the target measurement you want to switch to.

Select as fixed Target

Sets the selected measurement as fixed target of the softkey. The softkey label indicates the measurement name and switches directly to the selected target without opening the dialog box.

When the dialog box has been disabled, you can still change the target measurement or re-enable the dialog box using the configuration menu, see [Chapter 2.4.22, "Shortcut Configuration"](#), on page 283.

Go to / Cancel

Press "Go to" switch to the selected measurement or "Cancel" to abort.

2.4.4 Using the WCDMA Wizards

The WCDMA wizards provide predefined signal settings for HSPA tests.

To open the wizard dialog, press the WIZARD key at the front panel or use the keyboard shortcut CTRL + W.

As a result, the "CMW Wizard" dialog opens. The tab "Application Wizards" is related to the currently displayed firmware application, so display the main view of the WCDMA signaling application before opening the dialog.



Wizard is suspended during active call.

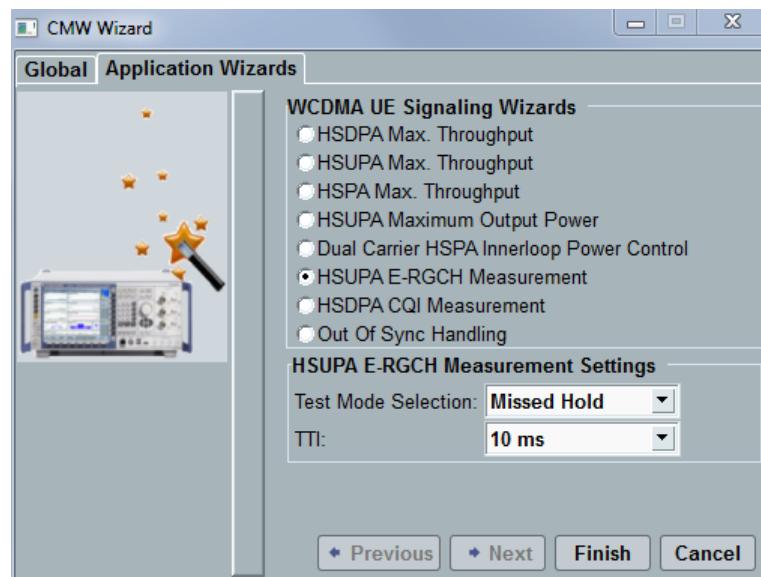


Figure 2-59: CMW wizard dialog box

Before executing a wizard, perform the following steps:

1. Select the scenario.
2. Register the UE.
3. Select one set of predefined settings

WCDMA Wizards

Selects and executes a wizard to apply the predefined set of WCDMA settings.

Several wizards offer additional settings:

- For the wizard "HSDPA Max. Throughput", specify a UE HSDPA category. Use the value reported by the UE or set it manually.
- For the wizard "HSUPA Max. Throughput", specify a UE HSUPA category. Use the value reported by the UE or set it manually.
- For the wizard "HSPA Max. Throughput", specify a UE HSDPA and HSUPA categories. Use the values reported by the UE or set them manually.
- For the wizard "HSUPA Maximum Output Power", specify a subtest.
- For the wizard "HSUPA E-RGCH", specify test mode and TTI.

To execute the selected wizard, use the button "Finish".

For a list of configured parameters, see [Chapter 2.2.18, "WCDMA Wizards", on page 76](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

The wizard for dual carrier HSPA inner loop power control is only available if a scenario with dual uplink carrier is selected. Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:HUMP
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:ERGM
```

2.4.5 General Settings

These settings are at the top of the configuration dialog.



Figure 2-60: Top of configuration dialog

Scenario, Fading.....	164
Enable Data end to end.....	167
Maximum Release Version.....	167

Scenario, Fading

Different test scenarios require different sets of parameters. Selecting a scenario hides/shows parts of the GUI as required by the scenario.

- **"Standard Cell":**

Standard WCDMA cell with one RF input path and one RF output path.

- **"Dual Carrier":**

WCDMA cell supporting dual carrier HSDPA in downlink and single uplink carrier. Many parameters are configurable individually per carrier.

Multi-band support can be enabled by the parameter "DB DC HSDPA", see "["DB DC HSDPA" on page 173](#)".

For single band configuration, the two downlink carriers can be also combined on one TX module. For the limitations, refer to "["Output Power \(Ior\)" on page 175](#)".

- **"Standard Cell Fading", "Dual Carrier Fading", "Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading":**

"Standard Cell" or "Dual Carrier" plus fading and/or AWGN insertion. Carrier one and carrier two use different output paths.

For the fading scenarios, the additional parameter "Fading" is displayed. It selects between external fading via a connected fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) and internal fading via an internal fader I/Q board. One selectable IQ board is sufficient. Exception: dual band operation with internal fading requires two IQ fader boards.

- **"Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading", "Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" - single band:**

Rx diversity simulates the two different receiving paths of the UE. Two TX modules are required. A fader superimposes fading on the original downlink signal for RX diversity tests.

In the dual carrier scenario, both carriers use the same TX output connector per path. The first TX output path is connected to the first antenna of the UE. The second TX output path is connected to the second antenna of the UE.

The additional parameter "Fading" selects between external fading via a connected fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) and internal fading via an internal fader I/Q board.

- **"Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" - dual band:**

Rx diversity simulates the two different receiving paths of the UE. For the two paths per carrier, four different TX modules must be used.

The path one of each carrier is used for the uplink and faded downlink signal connected to the first antenna of the UE. The second path of each carrier is used for the faded downlink signal connected to the second antenna of the UE.

The additional parameter "Fading" selects between external fading via a connected fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) and internal fading via two internal I/Q boards.

- **"Dual Carrier HSPA":**

A UE configured with two adjacent downlink frequencies and two adjacent uplink frequencies supporting dual carrier R9 HSDPA in the downlink and dual carrier HSUPA in the uplink. The first uplink carries signaling and user data, the second uplink carries user data only. As specified in 3GPP TS 25.319, section 9, only 2 ms TTI frames are supported in the dual carrier HSUPA operation.

Many parameters are configurable individually per carrier. During the dual carrier HSUPA operation, dedicated channels (DCH) are not supported.

- **"3C HSPA":**

A setup with three carriers R10 HSDPA in downlink and dual carrier HSUPA in uplink. In the dual carrier HSUPA operation, only 2 ms TTI frames are supported. Two downlink paths are required: one TX module for DL1 and DL3 and a different TX module for DL2. The two uplinks can be routed via the same RX module. Many parameters are configurable individually per carrier.

During the dual carrier HSUPA operation, dedicated channels (DCH) are not supported. There is no multi-band support in the "3C HSPA" scenario.

For further reference:

- [Chapter 2.2.1, "Test Setups", on page 17](#)
- [Chapter 2.2.6, "External Fading", on page 28](#)
- [Chapter 2.2.7, "Internal Fading", on page 29](#)
- ["Output Power \(Ior\)" on page 175.](#)

The individual scenarios are only offered for selection if the required software and hardware options are available, as listed in the following table.

Table 2-38: Minimum required hardware and software options

Scenario	SUW	TX*	RX*	I/Q board	Software options
"Standard Cell"	1	1	1	-	-
"Dual Carrier" (single band)	1	1	1	-	KS404
"Dual Carrier" (dual band)	1	2	1	-	KS405
"Standard Cell Fading" (external)	1	1	1	B510x or B520x	KS410
"Standard Cell Fading" (internal)	1	1	1	B510F or B520F	KS410, KE100, KE400
"Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading" (external)	1	2	1	B510x or B520x	KS410
"Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading" (internal)	1	2	1	B510F or B520F	KS410, KE100, KE400
"Dual Carrier Fading" (external)	1	2	1	B510x or B520x	KS404, KS410
"Dual Carrier Fading" (internal)	1	2	1	B510F or B520F	KS404, KS410, KE100, KE400
"Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" (single band, external)	1	2	1	B510x or B520x	KS404, KS410
"Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" (single band, internal)	1	2	1	B510F or B520F	KS404, KS410, KE100, KE400
"Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" (dual band, external)	2	4	1	2x B510x or 2x B520x	KS405, KS410
"Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" (dual band, internal)	2	4	1	2x B510F or 2x B520F	KS405, KS410, KE100, KE400
"Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading" (external)	1	2	1	B510x or B520x	KS405, KS410
"Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading" (internal)	1	2	1	2x B510F or 2x B520F	KS405, KS410, KE100, KE400
"Dual Carrier HSPA" (single band)	2	1	1	-	KS405
"Dual Carrier HSPA" (dual band)	2	2	2	-	KS405
"3C HSPA"	2	2	1	-	KS406

All listed options are R&S CMW-... options. Example: B510F means R&S CMW-B510F.

* RF converter (TX or RX module)

Remote command:

```
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCELL
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCARrier
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading[:EXTernal]
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading:INTernal
```

```
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCFADING[:EXTernal]
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCFADING:INTERNAL
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:SCFDIVERSITY[:EXTernal]
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:SCFDIVERSITY:INTERNAL
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCFDIVERSITY[:EXTernal]
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCFDIVERSITY:INTERNAL
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DBFADING:INTERNAL
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DBFDIVERSITY:INTERNAL
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DBFDIVERSITY[:EXTernal]
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCHSPA
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:TCHSPA
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO?
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>?
```

Enable Data end to end

Enables the IP-based data tests involving the data application unit (DAU).

The parameter is only displayed if a DAU and option R&S CMW-KA100 are available.

For general prerequisites, required options and background information see [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections", on page 26](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ETOE
```

Maximum Release Version

Specifies the maximum release of the cell signal. Automatic setting respects the installed R&S CMW options and the UE capabilities.

This parameter allows you to verify the release downwards compatibility of the UE (e.g. the tests of Rel.10 UE within Rel.5 UTRAN).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:MRVERSION
```

2.4.6 I/Q Settings

The parameters in this section configure the I/Q output and input paths for scenarios with external fading.

In such scenarios, a connected external fader (e.g. R&S SMW200A) superimposes fading on the baseband downlink signal.

For a multi-carrier scenario with external fading, all parameters described below are available per carrier / path.

For general prerequisites, required options and background information refer to [Chapter 2.2.6, "External Fading", on page 28](#).

See also: "Digital IQ" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Basic Instrument Functions"

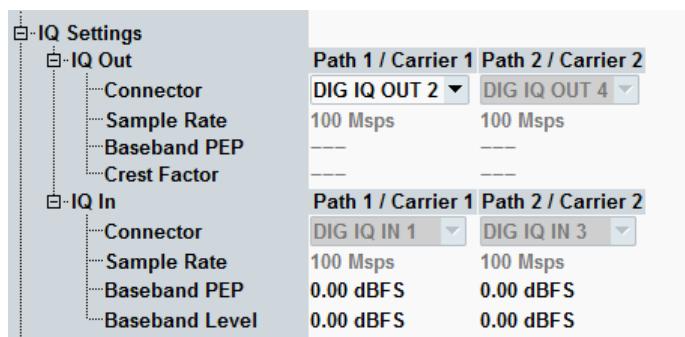


Figure 2-61: I/Q settings (dual carrier fading: external)

Connector (Out / In).....	168
Sample Rate (Out / In).....	168
Baseband PEP (Out / In).....	168
Crest Factor (Out).....	169
Baseband Level (In).....	169

Connector (Out / In)

Selects the output connector. The input connector depends on the output connector and is displayed for information.

The DIG IQ connectors are at the rear panel (if an I/Q board is installed).

Remote command:

```
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading[:EXternal]
ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFading[:EXternal]
```

Sample Rate (Out / In)

The used sample rate is displayed for information. The value is fixed.

Configure the connected instrument accordingly (baseband input settings and digital I/Q output settings).

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQOut:CARRier<c>?
```

Baseband PEP (Out / In)

Indicates the peak envelope power of the baseband signal as dB value relative to full scale. "Full scale" in this case corresponds to the maximum representable amplitude of the I/Q samples.

Use the displayed output PEP value to configure the baseband input of the connected external fader.

Configure the input PEP so that it matches the baseband output of the connected instrument.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQOut:CARRier<c>?
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQIN:CARRier<c>
```

Crest Factor (Out)

Indicates the crest factor of the baseband signal, i.e. the ratio of peak to average baseband power. The average power is calculated for time intervals with active downlink traffic channel timeslots only.

Use the displayed crest factor value to configure the baseband input of the connected instrument.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQOut:CARRier<c>?
```

Baseband Level (In)

Indicates the nominal RMS level of the baseband signal during a call (connection established).

Configure the baseband level so that it matches the baseband output of the connected instrument.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQIN:CARRier<c>
```

2.4.7 RF Settings

The parameters in this section provide general signal settings and configure the RF input and output path.

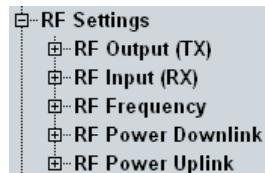


Figure 2-62: RF settings

● Signal Routing.....	169
● RF Frequency.....	172
● RF Power Settings.....	174

2.4.7.1 Signal Routing

The parameters in this section provide general signal settings and configure the RF input and output paths.

Depending on the selected scenario the section configures one input and one output path, one input and two output paths or two input and two output paths.

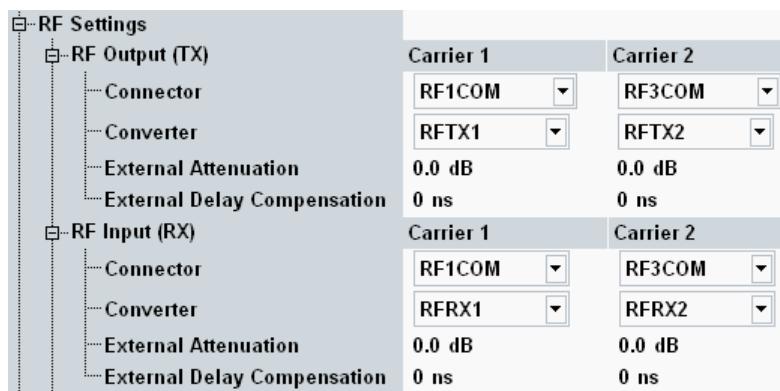


Figure 2-63: RF settings (dual carrier HSPA)

RF Output (TX)	170
└ Connector, Converter	170
└ External Attenuation	170
└ External Delay Compensation	171
RF Input (RX)	171
└ Connector, Converter	171
└ External Attenuation	171
└ External Delay Compensation	171

RF Output (TX)

The following parameters configure the RF output path of the R&S CMW.

Connector, Converter ← RF Output (TX)

Selects the output path for the generated RF signal, i.e. the output connector and the TX module to be used.

Depending on your hardware configuration, there are dependencies between both parameters. Select the RF connector first. The "Converter" parameter offers only values compatible with the selected RF connector.

Depending on the active scenario, you can configure several output paths. Select a different TX module for each output path. Multiple downlink carriers can be combined on one TX module for the single band scenarios "Dual Carrier", "Dual Carrier HSPA" and "3C HSPA". For the limitations, refer to "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175.

Remote command:

Depends on the scenario, see [Chapter 2.6.5, "Routing Settings"](#), on page 404.

Example: `ROUTe :WCDMa :SIGN<i> :SCENario :SCELL`

External Attenuation ← RF Output (TX)

Defines the value of an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative) in the output path. With an external attenuation of x dB, the power of the generated signal is increased by x dB. The actual generated levels are equal to the displayed values plus the external attenuation.

If a correction table for frequency-dependent attenuation is active for the chosen connector, then the table name and a button are displayed. Press the button to display the table entries.

If the active scenario uses several output paths, you can configure the external attenuation individually for each path.

For several carriers sharing one RF TX module, the external attenuation is specified for all carriers using the same module.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:  
OUTPut
```

External Delay Compensation ← RF Output (TX)

Defines the value of an external time delay in the output path, for example caused by a long optical fiber cable or by an additional instrument in the output path.

As a result, the downlink signal is sent earlier, so that the downlink signal arrives at the UE without delay.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:OUTPut
```

RF Input (RX)

The following parameters configure the RF input path of the R&S CMW.

Connector, Converter ← RF Input (RX)

Selects the input path for the measured RF signal, i.e. the input connector and the RX module to be used.

Depending on the active scenario, you can configure several input paths. Select a different RX module for each input path. Multiple uplink carriers can be combined on one RX module for the single band scenarios "Dual Carrier HSPA" and "3C HSPA".

Remote command:

Depends on the scenario, see [Chapter 2.6.5, "Routing Settings", on page 404](#).

Example: `ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:SCELL`

External Attenuation ← RF Input (RX)

Defines the value of an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative) in the input path. The power readings of the R&S CMW are corrected by the external attenuation value.

The external attenuation value is also used in the calculation of the maximum input power that the R&S CMW can measure.

If a correction table for frequency-dependent attenuation is active for the chosen connector, then the table name and a button are displayed. Press the button to display the table entries.

For several carriers sharing one RF RX module, the external attenuation is specified for all carriers using the same module.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPut
```

External Delay Compensation ← RF Input (RX)

Defines the value of an external time delay in the input path, for example caused by a long optical fiber cable.

The signaling application uses this information to compensate for the delay and to synchronize the uplink and the downlink despite the delay.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:INPut
```

2.4.7.2 RF Frequency

This section configures the operating band and channel/frequency for uplink and downlink.

	Carrier 1	Carrier 2
Operating Band	Band 1	Band 1
DL		
Channel	10563 Ch	10588 Ch
Frequency	2112.6 MHz	2117.6 MHz
Offset	0 Hz	0 Hz
UL		
Channel	9613 Ch	9638 Ch
Frequency	1922.6 MHz	1927.6 MHz
Offset	0 Hz	0 Hz
UL/DL Separation	190.0 MHz	
Carrier Separation	5.0 MHz	
DB DC HSDPA	Configuration	---
Band Definition		

Figure 2-64: Frequency settings (dual carrier)

Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation.....	172
Carrier Separation.....	173
DB DC HSDPA.....	173
Band Definition.....	174

Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation

"Uplink Channel" specifies the center frequency of the RF analyzer and "Downlink Channel" the center frequency of the generated WCDMA signal.

To specify the center frequencies, select an operating band first, then enter a valid channel number or frequency for uplink or downlink. The related frequency or channel number, UL/DL separation and the parameters for the other direction are calculated automatically. You can set UL/DL separation for user-defined band, see [Band Definition](#). For the 3C-HSDPA scenario the frequencies must fulfill the following condition:

$$F_{\text{carrier 1}} < F_{\text{carrier 2}} < F_{\text{carrier 3}}$$

Positive or negative frequency offset to be added to the specified frequencies is individually selectable for each carrier in uplink and downlink. In the scenario with RX diversity, both DL and UL frequency offsets are interconnected. For several carriers sharing one RF TX/RX module, the frequency offset is specified for all carriers using the same module.

The relation between operating band, frequency and channel number and the UL/DL separation are defined by 3GPP (see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58).

Option R&S CMW-KS425 is required for the S, L, and user-defined operating bands.

You can change the operating band and the channels in all main connection states. For an established connection you can either change one parameter directly (the R&S CMW performs a physical channel reconfiguration) or you can perform an intra-WCDMA handover to reconfigure several parameters, see [Chapter 2.2.9, "Handover", on page 36](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:DL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:UL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:DL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:DL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:DL
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:UL
```

Carrier Separation

If a scenario with multicarrier is active, the center DL frequency of carrier_{n+1} equals the center frequency of carrier_n plus carrier separation value. Exception for dual carrier scenarios: at the upper end of an operating band, carrier 2 uses the center frequency of carrier 1 minus carrier separation value.

If you configure one downlink channel, the other channels are configured automatically.

Use the value of 5 MHz for adjacent channels. Option R&S CMW-KS425 is required for non-standardized values.

Note, that the carrier frequency separation cannot be edited during active call.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCArrier:SEParation
```

DB DC HSDPA

Parameter "DB DC HSDPA" enables dual carrier R9 HSDPA (non-adjacent carriers with 21 Mbps each) with a multi-band support. Dual band is only configurable if the carriers use different RF converters.

The user-defined band setting (`Custom`) enables free selection of operating bands for both carriers. Also the pre-defined band combinations are available, as described in the table below. For the setting of the downlink carrier 1, the assignment of either band A or band B is possible. Exception is the configuration 6, where the operating band I must be assigned to the carrier 1 and the operating band XXXII to the carrier 2.

Single uplink carrier applies the band of the downlink carrier 1.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is required for the dual band dual carrier HSDPA operation.

Table 2-39: Pre-defined band combinations

Configuration	DL band A	DL band B
1	I	VIII
2	II	IV
3	I	V

Configuration	DL band A	DL band B
4	I	XI
5	II	V
6	I	XXXII

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DBDC
```

Band Definition

The configuration node "Band Definition" specifies RF frequencies for user-defined bands. The settings apply, if the "Operating Band" is set to "Userdefined".

Channel interval is configurable within channel 0 to 65535. The maximal frequency interval is 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

First specify the DL channel interval, minimum DL frequency and minimum UL channel. The related channel numbers and maximum frequency are calculated automatically using UL/DL separation value and the channel spacing of 200 kHz.

The configuration includes:

- RF frequency interval (min and max value) for uplink (UL) and downlink (DL)
- Channel number interval (min and max value) for uplink and downlink
- UL/DL separation value

Option R&S CMW-KS425 is required

For user-defined band, you can change the channels in all main connection states. For an established connection, you can either change the channel or frequency directly (the R&S CMW performs a physical channel reconfiguration) or you can perform an intra-WCDMA handover to another band, see [Chapter 2.2.9, "Handover", on page 36](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MAXimum
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MINimum
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MAXimum?
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MINimum
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:
MAXimum?
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:MINimum
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:
MAXimum?
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:MINimum
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:UDSeparation
```

2.4.7.3 RF Power Settings

The parameters in this section provide the general power settings.

	Carrier 1	Carrier 2	Combined
RF Power Downlink			
└ Output Power (Ior)	-56.10 dBm	-56.10 dBm	-53.09 dBm
└ AWGN Noise (loc)	<input type="checkbox"/> -70.00 dBm	<input type="checkbox"/> -70.00 dBm	
└ Geometric Factor (Ior/loc)			
└ Total Output Power (Ior+loc)	-56.10 dBm	-56.10 dBm	-53.09 dBm
RF Power Uplink			
└ Exp. Nominal Power Mode	According to UL Power Control Settings <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
└ Expected Nominal Power	0.0 dBm	Ref.Level: 0.00 dBm	
└ Margin	0.00 dB		

Figure 2-65: RF power settings (dual carrier)

RF Power Downlink.....	175
└ Output Power (Ior).....	175
└ AWGN Noise (loc).....	175
└ Geometric Factor (Ior/loc).....	176
└ Total Output Power (Ior+loc).....	176
RF Power Uplink >	176

RF Power Downlink

The following parameters configure the power characteristics in DL.

Output Power (Ior) ← RF Power Downlink

Sets the base level of the generator. The level represents the total output power of the base station signal during a call (state connected), averaged over 1 frame. A possible DTX mode for the TFCI bits is not considered. The individual physical channel levels are defined relative to the base level (see "Level" on page 185).

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, you can configure the output power per carrier. The total power of all carriers is also displayed. If you modify it, all carrier powers are increased/decreased by the same amount so that the new total power is reached.

For the single band scenarios "Dual Carrier", "Dual Carrier HSPA", and "3C HSPA" it is possible to combine two downlink carriers on one TX module with the following limitation:

- The used frequency bandwidth of all carriers is maximal 80 MHz
- Smaller output power range, -6 dB less per downlink carrier
- Signal dynamics lost, especially for the weaker downlink carrier

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRIER<c>:COPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:COPower:TOTAL
```

AWGN Noise (loc) ← RF Power Downlink

Total level of the additional white Gaussian noise (AWGN) interferer in dBm (the spectral density integrated across the bandwidth of 3.84 MHz). The signaling unit adds the AWGN signal to the DL WCDMA signal unless AWGN is switched off. Like the output channel power, the AWGN level is varied as a function of the external output attenuation setting.

The range of values is sufficient for all tests specified in the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121. The interferer properties comply with the requirements of 3GPP. Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 7.1.2 (minimum bandwidth 5.76 MHz, flatness less than ± 0.5 dB, peak to average ratio at a probability of 0.001 % above 10 dB). An AWGN signal source simulates realistic propagation conditions of the DL signal. It is needed for many of the performance tests and support of RRM tests described in 3GPP TS 34.121.

The signal at the output connector is limited to the maximum level stated in the data sheet. When the settings result in a signal exceeding this limit, the AWGN noise is decreased automatically.

If the multi-carrier scenario is active, the same settings apply to all carriers.

For fading scenarios, this parameter is disabled, so that AWGN cannot be added by the signaling unit. Instead, AWGN can be added by the fader (external or internal).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:AWGN
```

Geometric Factor (Ior/loc) ← RF Power Downlink

Displays the ratio of the output channel power (Ior) to the AWGN noise power (loc). Together with the absolute output channel power, the geometric factor is a measure for the signal quality. An external output attenuation has the same effect on Ior and loc. So, the geometry factor corresponds to the received channel power spectral density Ior divided by loc at the UE receiver (see 3GPP TS 34.121).

If the multi-carrier scenario is active, the geometric factor is displayed per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:GMTFactor?
```

Total Output Power (Ior+loc) ← RF Power Downlink

Sum of the output channel power (Ior) and the AWGN noise power (loc). This value cannot be set but is displayed for information.

If the multi-carrier scenario is active, the information is displayed per carrier. Also the sum of all powers is displayed.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:TOPower?
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:TOPower:TOTal?
```

RF Power Uplink > ...

These parameters configure the expected UL power. The displayed reference level is calculated as the sum of expected nominal power and margin.

Two modes are available:

- "Manual"

In manual mode, the expected nominal power and margin can be defined manually.

An appropriate expected nominal power value for WCDMA signals is the peak output power at the DUT during the measurement interval.

The margin is used to account for the known variations (crest factor) of the RF input signal power. Appropriate values depend on the configuration of the UL WCDMA signal, e.g. on the active channels and gain factors. For a 12.2 kbps reference measurement channel (RMC), a value of 5 dB is appropriate.

- **"According to UL Power Control Settings"**

While a downlink signal is available, the expected nominal power and the margin are calculated automatically from the UL power control settings and displayed for information.

As long as no call or connection has been set up, the expected power corresponds to the expected initial preamble power, see "["Exp. Initial Preamble Power"](#)" on page 201 and a high margin is used.

During a call/connection, the values depend e.g. on the TPC settings, the power class of the UE, the maximum power allowed in the cell and the beta factors.

The automatic mode is not recommended for the "Phase Disc..." and "Single Pattern Alt." TPC setups. Use the manual mode instead.

For all other TPC setups, the automatic mode can be used. For the TPC test steps E to H, the values are optimized several times per test step. These changes are performed too fast to display them all at the GUI.

For spectrum measurements with a "Closed Loop" or "All 1" TPC setup, consider to use the manual mode to optimize the dynamic range.

If all power settings are configured correctly, the actual input power at the connectors is calculated as the "Reference level" minus the "External Attenuation (Input)" value. Note, that the actual input power must be within the level range of the selected RF input connector. Refer also to the data sheet.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:MARGin
```

2.4.8 Internal Fading

This branch of the configuration tree is only visible if one of fading scenarios is selected and the fading source is set to "Internal". For multi-carrier scenarios, all parameters described below are available per carrier.

For general prerequisites/required options and background information, see [Chapter 2.2.7, "Internal Fading"](#), on page 29.

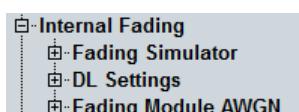


Figure 2-66: Internal fading settings

● Fading Simulator	178
● DL Settings	179
● Fading Module AWGN	180

2.4.8.1 Fading Simulator

The following parameters allow you to enable and set up the fading simulator. For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.7.1, "Fading Simulator", on page 30](#).

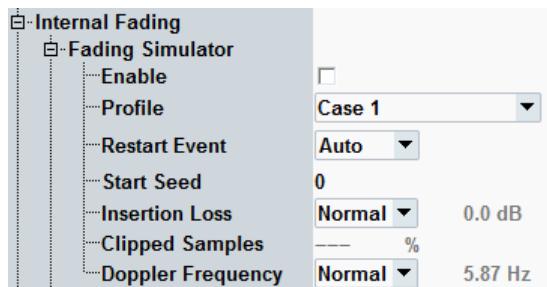


Figure 2-67: Fading simulator settings

Enable.....	178
Profile.....	178
Restart Event.....	178
Start Seed.....	179
Insertion Loss.....	179
Clipped Samples.....	179
Doppler Frequency.....	179

Enable

Enables/disables the fading simulator.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ENABLE
```

Profile

Selects one of the propagation conditions defined in annex B.2 of 3GPP TS 25.101:

- Multipath fading propagation profiles:
 - Case 1 to case 6, case 8
 - ITU pedestrian A/B, 3 km/h (PA3, PB3)
 - ITU vehicular A, 3 km/h / 30 km/h / 120 km/h (VA3, VA30, VA120)
- Moving propagation
- Birth-death propagation
- High-speed train

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:STANDARD
```

Restart Event

In "Auto" mode, fading automatically starts with the downlink signal. In "Manual" mode, it is started and restarted manually.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart:  
MODE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart
```

Start Seed

Sets the start seed for the pseudo-random fading algorithm. This parameter enables reproducible fading conditions.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:GLOBal:SEED
```

Insertion Loss

In "Normal" mode, the insertion loss (i.e. the required attenuation at fader input) is calculated based on the currently selected [Profile](#). In manual mode, it can be adjusted as needed.

A lower insertion loss allows for a higher downlink power but can result in clipping.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:MODE
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:LOSS
```

Clipped Samples

Displays the percentage of clipped samples.

This information is useful for insertion loss mode "Manual". It allows you to find the lowest insertion loss value for which no clipping occurs.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:CSAMPles?
```

Doppler Frequency

Displays the maximum Doppler frequency. In normal mode, it is resulting from the selected fading profile, in user mode the maximum Doppler frequency is set manually.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DSHift
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DSHift:MODE
```

2.4.8.2 DL Settings

This branch displays noise power values, calculated from the downlink power and the fading module AWGN settings.

For multi-carrier scenarios, all values are available per carrier.

DL Settings	
Noise (System BW) Power	0.00 dBm
Noise (Total BW) Power	0.00 dBm
Signal + Noise (System BW) Power	0.00 dBm

Figure 2-68: Noise information

Noise (System BW) Power.....	179
Noise (Total BW) Power.....	180
Signal + Noise (System BW) Power.....	180

Noise (System BW) Power

Displays the noise power on the downlink carrier, i.e. within the channel bandwidth.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISE?
```

Noise (Total BW) Power

Displays the total noise power, within and outside of the downlink carrier.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISE:TOTal?
```

Signal + Noise (System BW) Power

Displays the total power (signal + noise) on the downlink carrier, i.e. within the channel bandwidth.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:SUM?
```

2.4.8.3 Fading Module AWGN

The following parameters enable and configure the AWGN insertion on the fading module. For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.7.2, "AWGN Generator"](#), on page 30.

For multi-carrier scenarios, the same AWGN settings apply to all carriers. The signal to noise ratio can nevertheless be different for carriers, due to a different downlink carrier power.

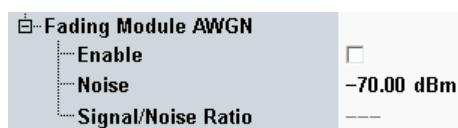


Figure 2-69: AWGN settings

Enable.....	180
Noise.....	180
Signal/Noise Ratio.....	181

Enable

Enables/disables AWGN insertion via the fading module.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:ENABLE
```

Noise

Total level of the AWGN interferer within the channel bandwidth (the spectral density integrated across the carrier bandwidth of 3.84 MHz).

The properties of the AWGN interferer comply with the requirements of 3GPP. Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 7.1.2 (minimum bandwidth 5.76 MHz, flatness less than ± 0.5 dB, peak to average ratio at a probability of 0.001 % above 10 dB).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:NOISE
```

Signal/Noise Ratio

Displays the signal to noise ratio resulting from the configured AWGN level and the base level of the downlink signal generator.

Remote command:

`CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRIER<c>:AWGN:SNRatio?`

2.4.9 Physical Channel Downlink Settings

This section defines physical channel characteristics related to downlink. For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11, "Physical DL Channels", on page 41](#).

The description of the settings is divided into several sections.

● General Settings.....	181
● Code Domain Diagram.....	183
● Channel Table - Release 99.....	184
● DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration.....	186
● HS-SCCH Configuration.....	191
● HS-PDSCH Configuration.....	194
● HSUPA Downlink Channels.....	196
● Downlink Power Control Settings.....	197

2.4.9.1 General Settings

The first parameters are general settings. If a multi-carrier scenario is active, they are available per carrier.



Figure 2-70: Physical downlink settings - general part

Select Carrier.....	181
Accumulated Power.....	182
OCNS.....	182
Code Conflict.....	182
Code Domain Diagram.....	183

Select Carrier

Selects the carrier for which the physical downlink settings are displayed.

This parameter is only visible while a multi-carrier scenario is active.

Remote command:

None - the carrier is selected via suffix setting in a particular remote command.

Accumulated Power

Displays the total power of all physical downlink channels active during a call (state connected). Deactivated channels and channels that are not active during the call (AICH, S-CCPCH) are not considered for the calculation of the accumulated power. HSPA channels are only considered if they are relevant for the currently configured connection type.

The power is indicated relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175). The information is carrier-specific.

The button "Adjust to 0 dB" corrects the power levels of all enabled channels of a carrier. It minimizes the difference between the total power level of the channels and the base level of the carrier. For this purpose, the level of all enabled channels of the carrier is decreased by the same amount. As the levels are modified in steps of 0.1 dB, this procedure possibly yields a small remaining accumulated power instead of 0 dB.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, the button triggers the correction of all carriers.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVEL:APower?  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVEL:ADJust
```

OCNS

Displays the total OCNS channel power relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175).

The OCNS channels are present if the total power of all active physical downlink channels is smaller than the base level of the generator. The remaining power is then assigned to the OCNS channels so that the base level is reached.

Four sets of OCNS channels are available: Release 99, 5, 6 and 7.

If you select "Auto", a suitable set is selected automatically depending on the current configuration. For carrier 2, the automatic mode always selects release 6.

The OCNS channels can be configured per carrier.

See also [Chapter 2.2.11.5, "Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator \(OCNS\)"](#), on page 46

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:OCNS:LEVEL?  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:OCNS:TYPE
```

Code Conflict

Displays whether a code conflict is detected or not. Also a red box is displayed next to the conflicting channels.

Conflicts are not corrected automatically. It is even possible to generate a signal using conflicting codes.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:CONFLICT?
```

Code Domain Diagram

Shows or hides the code domain diagram. For a description, see [Chapter 2.4.9.2, "Code Domain Diagram"](#), on page 183.

2.4.9.2 Code Domain Diagram

The code domain diagram provides a graphical overview of all active physical channels configured via the channel table including active OCNS channels. Exceptions are P-SCH and S-SCH. The two synchronization channels are not displayed, as they are not channel coded.

To show or hide the CDP diagram, see ["Code Domain Diagram"](#) on page 183.

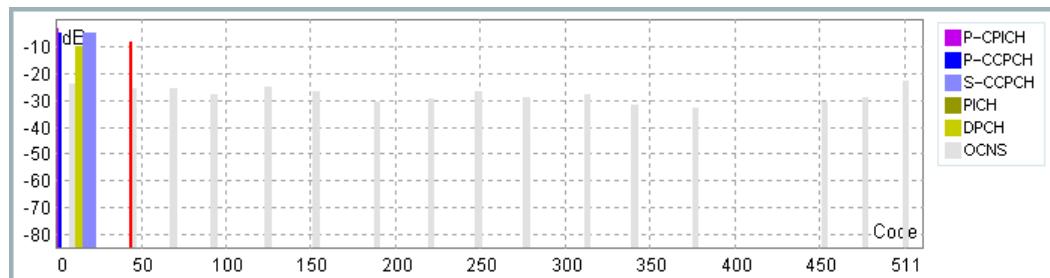


Figure 2-71: Code domain diagram

The diagram displays 1 bar per channel. The X-axis displays the code numbers occupied for spreading factor 512. Channels with smaller spreading factor occupy several code numbers in this representation. Example: A channel with spreading factor 128 and code number 5 occupies channel numbers 20 to 23 of spreading factor 512. This positioning is a direct result of the code tree structure, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45.

The example diagram above is based on the channel configuration listed in the following table. The column "Code Number Range" lists the code numbers occupied for spreading factor 512. They are calculated from the columns "Spreading Factor" and "Code Number" to facilitate the identification of the individual channels in the example diagram.

Channel	Spreading Factor	Code number	Code number range (SF=512)	Level in dB
P-CPICH	256	0	0 to 1	-3.3
P-CCPCH	256	1	2 to 3	-5.3
DPCH	128	3	12 to 15	-10.3
PICH	256	22	44 to 45	-8.3
S-CCPCH	64	2	16 to 23	-5.3
OCNS (R99), 16 channels ¹⁾	128	2, 11, 17, ...	8 to 11, 44 to 47, 68 to 71, ...	-24.3, -26.3, -26.3, ...

Note 1) For details see [Chapter 2.2.11.5, "Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator \(OCNS\)"](#), on page 46

When several channels occupy the same code numbers, this code conflict is indicated in the diagram as follows: the overlapping parts of the conflicting bars are marked red. The displayed power level in this area represents the sum of the power levels of the conflicting channels. In the example above the PICH conflicts with the second OCNS channel.

2.4.9.3 Channel Table - Release 99

This section configures the R99 channels. Exception: The description of DPCH is covered in the next section, see [DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration](#).

The settings described below apply to a single carrier scenario and to carrier 1 of a multi-carrier scenario. For remaining carriers, only some of the settings are displayed. Several R99 channels are not transmitted via remaining carriers. For switching between the carriers, see "[Select Carrier](#)" on page 181.

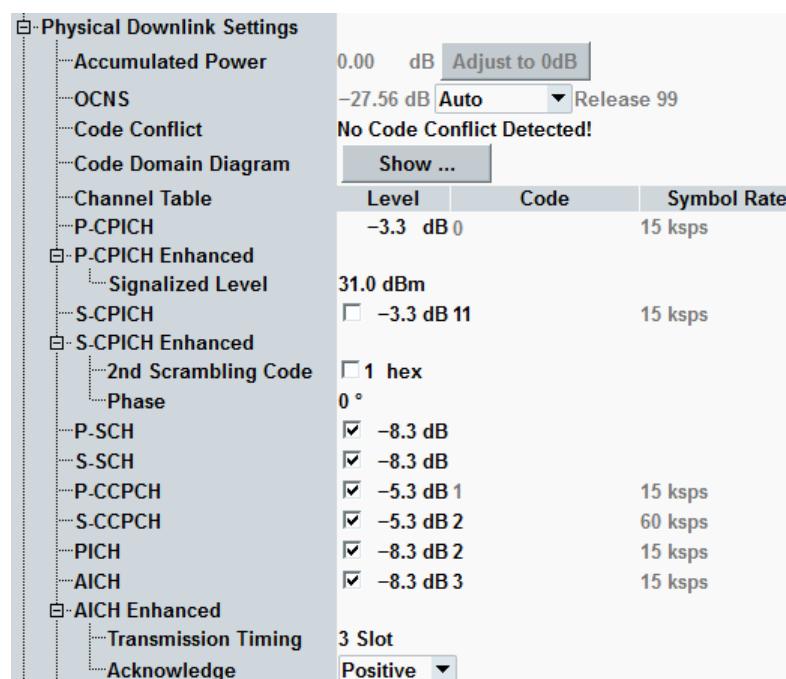


Figure 2-72: Physical downlink settings - R99

Channel Table.....	185
└ Level.....	185
└ Code.....	185
└ Symbol Rate.....	185
P-CPICH Enhanced > Signalized Level.....	185
S-CPICH Enhanced.....	185
└ 2nd Scrambling Code.....	185
└ Phase.....	186
AICH Enhanced.....	186
└ Transmission Timing.....	186
└ Acknowledge.....	186

Channel Table

The column titles of the channel tables (e.g. "Level") do not apply to the "... Enhanced" settings.

Level ← Channel Table

Defines the level of a channel relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175). All channels except P-CPICH can be activated and deactivated individually.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required for S-CPICH.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.6, "Power Levels"](#), on page 47.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVel:PCPich`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVel:PSCH` etc.

Code ← Channel Table

Defines the channelization code number of a channel. Some channels are never channelized (e.g. S-SCH), so no channel code is displayed. Gray values indicate fixed standardized channelization codes. They cannot be modified but are relevant for display of code conflicts.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required for S-CPICH.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:PCPich?`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:PCCPch?`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:SCCPch` etc.

Symbol Rate ← Channel Table

Displays the symbol rate of a channel. For most channels, this value is fixed.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required for S-CPICH.

P-CPICH Enhanced > Signalized Level

Defines the P-CPICH power level to be reported to the UE. The UE determines the path loss by comparison of this power level and the power level measured on the pilot bits of the P-CPICH. A larger path loss results in a larger initial preamble power.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHanced:PCPich:SLEVel`

S-CPICH Enhanced

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

2nd Scrambling Code ← S-CPICH Enhanced

Defines index k used for calculation of a secondary scrambling code number by adding k to the primary scrambling code number (see "[Primary Scrambling Code](#)" on page 224).

If the secondary scrambling code is deactivated, the primary scrambling code is used.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:SSCode
```

Phase ← S-CPICH Enhanced

Defines the phase of the S-CPICH in degrees, relative to the P-CPICH phase. Within the allowed range, you can set multiples of -45 degrees.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:PHASE
```

AICH Enhanced

The following enhanced settings apply to AICH.

Transmission Timing ← AICH Enhanced

Defines the minimum allowed time delay between two consecutive RACH preambles. RACH preambles are sent by the UE during a random access procedure.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:TTIMing
```

Acknowledge ← AICH Enhanced

Defines how the R&S CMW acknowledges RACH preambles received from the UE.

- **Positive:** Normal operation mode. The R&S CMW acknowledges or negatively acknowledges the preambles appropriately. The UE can be registered and a connection can be set up.
- **Negative:** The R&S CMW always responds with negative acknowledgments so that the random access procedure fails after the maximum number of preamble cycles has been reached. The UE will reinitiate a new preamble cycle after a while but not succeed in performing a registration or establishing a connection.

This setting can be used for repeated tests of the random access procedures.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:ACKnowledge
```

2.4.9.4 DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration

This section describes the downlink settings of dedicated physical channels. For an active connection, only one type of channel can be active.

Channel Table	Level	Code	Symbol Rate
DPCH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 3		30 ksps
F-DPCH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 6		15 ksps
DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced	<input type="checkbox"/> 1 hex		
2nd Scrambling Code		Min: -25.0 dB Max: -7.0 dB Current: ---	
Level Range		AB: -22.0 dB BD: -28.0 dB DE: -24.0 dB EF: -18.0 dB	
Level Sequence			Execute State: Idle
Level Sequence		Max A off F Max ▾	
RX Level Strategy		0.0 dB	
Power Offset		0 * 256 chip	
Timing Offset		P-CPICH ▾	
Phase Reference			
F-DPCH Slot Format		0	

Figure 2-73: Physical downlink settings - DPCH / F-DPCH

Channel Table.....	187
└ Level.....	187
└ Code.....	188
└ Symbol Rate.....	188
DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced.....	188
└ 2nd Scrambling Code.....	188
└ Level Range.....	188
└ Level Sequence.....	188
└ RX Level Strategy.....	189
└ Power Offset.....	190
└ Timing Offset.....	190
└ Phase Reference.....	190
└ F-DPCH Slot Format.....	190

Channel Table

The column titles of the channel tables (e.g. "Level") do not apply to the "... Enhanced" settings.

Level ← Channel Table

Defines the level of a channel relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175).

The settings of DPCH level and F-DPCH level are equal. For an active connection, only one type of channel can be active. For most connections DPCH is used. F-DPCH is activated instead of DPCH while the CPC feature is active or while a secondary uplink is enabled. F-DPCH is then displayed in the code domain diagram instead of DPCH, see [Chapter 2.4.9.2, "Code Domain Diagram"](#), on page 183.

Option R&S CMW-KS413 is required for F-DPCH.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.6, "Power Levels"](#), on page 47.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH`

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVel:FDPCh` etc.

Code ← Channel Table

Defines the channelization code number of a channel.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:DPCH`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:FDPCh`

Symbol Rate ← Channel Table

Displays the symbol rate of DPCH / F-DPCH. It depends on the connection configuration (e.g. connection type, data rate, ...).

DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

The following enhanced settings apply to DPCH and F-DPCH.

2nd Scrambling Code ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Defines index k used for calculation of a secondary scrambling code number by adding k to the value of parameter ["Primary Scrambling Code"](#) on page 224.

If the secondary scrambling code is deactivated, the primary scrambling code is used.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:SSCode`

Level Range ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Specifies the allowed range for the variation of the DPDCH power level for the downlink power control. This setting is common for all carriers.

The R&S CMW varies its DL DPCH/F-DPCH power in response to TPC commands from the UE, until the UE has reached a specified DTCH target link quality. If downlink power control is activated, the power configured according received TPC bits is indicated as "Current". In a scenario with multiple uplink carrier, individual values are displayed per carrier.

A TPC command from the UE adjusts the DPCH/F-DPCH level across all symbols. If the OCNS is switched on, it is also adjusted so that the output channel power ("Ior") is kept constant. DPCH/F-DPCH and OCNS adjustments are synchronous.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RANGE`

`SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:DPCH:REPorted?`

Level Sequence ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Specifies the level of the points A to F to define the power mask for "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling" Tx measurement. The R&S CMW generates the signal with the specified DPCH level. Downlink power control is disabled by default.

The following diagram displays downlink DPCH level as specified by 3GPP, TS 34.121, section 5.4.4 "Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power". The default settings of R&S CMW correspond to 3GPP requirements.

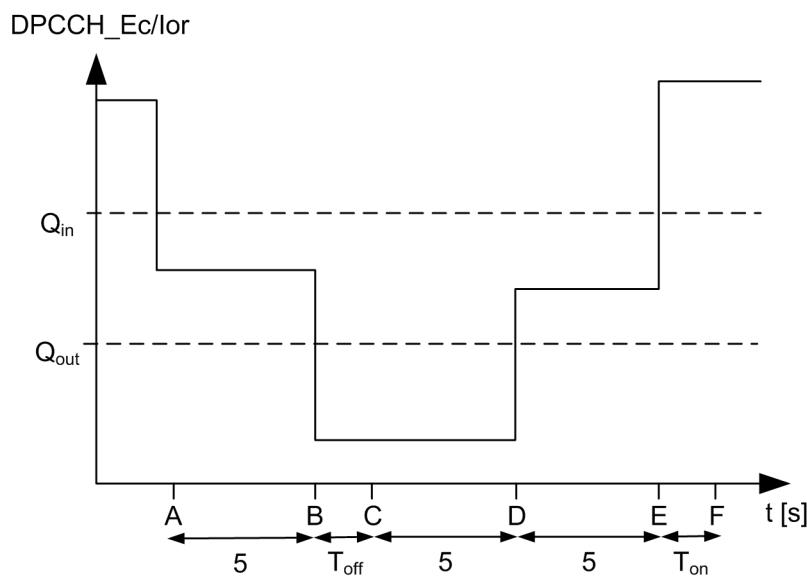


Figure 2-74: DPCH out-of-synchronization power mask

Q_{out} = threshold for the UE to switch off its transmitter
 T_{off} = timeout for the UE to switch off its transmitter (200 ms)
 Q_{in} = threshold for the UE to switch on its transmitter
 T_{on} = timeout for the UE to switch on its transmitter (200 ms)

The button "Execute" initiates the DPCH level transitions in downlink according to the power mask. The WCDMA signaling also generates the trigger signals suitable for TX measurements, see "[Out of sync sequence trigger](#)" on page 63. State is displayed for information to monitor the progress DPCH signal.

For details, refer to the documentation of "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement" within the option R&S CMW-KM400, WCDMA UE TX measurements.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQUence
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQUence:EXECute
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQUence:STATe?
```

RX Level Strategy ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Specifies the algorithm of UE level control in uplink for "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement" within the option R&S CMW-KM400.

- **"Max A off F Max"**: measurement in line with specification. All measured values in whole measurement interval A to F are compared with the "Power Off Upper Limit" or the "Power On Lower Limit". Expected nominal power value is then set automatically with a reserve for the high uplink level dynamics. It causes, that the UE transmit power cannot be exactly determined by the measurement application.
- **"Max B off F Max"**: measurement not in line with specification. In the interval A to B, where transmit power is near maximum output power, the measurement application can measure the exact UE transmit power. In the interval B to F, the UE transmit power values are only compared with the "Power Off Upper Limit" or the "Power On Lower Limit".
- **"Max C off E Max"**: measurement not in line with specification. In the interval A to C, where transmit power is near maximum output power, the measurement appli-

cation can measure the exact UE transmit power. In the interval C to E, the UE transmit power values are only compared with the "Power Off Upper Limit" or the "Power On Lower Limit". In the interval E to F, where transmit power is near minimum output power, the measurement application can measure the exact UE transmit power.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RXLStrategy
```

Power Offset ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Defines the power of the DPCCH relative to the power of the DPDCH. The DPDCH power is defined as DPCH level in the channel table.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:POffset
```

Timing Offset ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Defines the offset between the DL P-CCPCH timing and the DL DPCH timing. The timing offset is a multiple of 256 chips (1/10 slot).

This parameter impacts also uplink channels, as the UL DPCH is separated by 1024 chips (4/10 slots) from the DL DPCH (see 3GPP TS 25.211, chapter 7).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:TOffset
```

Phase Reference ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Sets the physical channel which serves as a DPCH phase reference.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:Phase
```

F-DPCH Slot Format ← DPCH / F-DPCH Enhanced

Setting is according to 3GPP TS 25.211, table 16C.

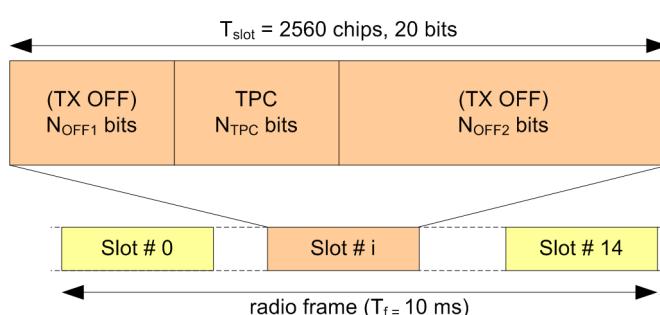


Figure 2-75: F-DPCH slot format

Note that release 6 supports only slot format 0, release 7 supports all slot formats.

Table 2-40: F-DPCH fields

Slot format	Channel bit rate in kbit/s	Channel symbol rate in ksymbol/s	SF	Bits per slot	N _{OFF1}	N _{TPC}	N _{OFF2}
0	3	1.5	256	20	2	2	16
1	3	1.5	256	20	4	2	14

Slot format	Channel bit rate in kbit/s	Channel symbol rate in ksymbol/s	SF	Bits per slot	N_{OFF1}	N_{TPC}	N_{OFF2}
2	3	1.5	256	20	6	2	12
3	3	1.5	256	20	8	2	10
4	3	1.5	256	20	10	2	8
5	3	1.5	256	20	12	2	6
6	3	1.5	256	20	14	2	4
7	3	1.5	256	20	16	2	2
8	3	1.5	256	20	18	2	0
9	3	1.5	256	20	0	2	18

Remote command:

`Configure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHANCED:DPCH:FSFormat`

2.4.9.5 HS-SCCH Configuration

This section configures an HS-SCCH set with up to four HS-SCCH channels.

For a multi-carrier scenario, all settings are available per carrier. For switching between the carriers, see "Select Carrier" on page 181.

Note that two HS-SCCH are required for an R7, R8 or R9 connection, while one HS-SCCH is sufficient for an R5 connection.

Channel Table	Level	Channel Code	Symbol Rate	UE ID	UE ID Dummy
HS-SCCH #1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 2		30 kspS	AAAA hex	5555 hex
HS-SCCH #2	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 7		30 kspS	AAAA hex	12AA hex
HS-SCCH #3	<input type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 8		30 kspS	AAAA hex	1AAA hex
HS-SCCH #4	<input type="checkbox"/> -10.3 dB 9		30 kspS	AAAA hex	1FAA hex
HS-SCCH Enhanced					
Selection	Cyclic/Automatic				
Number of HSSCCH	2				
Unscheduled Subframes	Transmit Dummy UEID				

Figure 2-76: Physical downlink settings - HS-SCCH

Level.....	192
Channel Code.....	192
Symbol Rate.....	192
UE ID.....	192
UE ID Dummy.....	192
Selection.....	192
Number of HSSCCH.....	193
Unscheduled Subframes.....	194
Example for cyclic HS-SCCH selection (R5 connection).....	194

Level

Defines the level of a channel relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(l0r\)](#)" on page 175).

The checkbox allows you to switch off the power of an HS-SCCH. Switching off the power does not remove the channel from the HS-SCCH set, see also [Number of HSSCCH](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVel:HSSCch<no>
```

Channel Code

Defines the channelization code number of an HS-SCCH channel.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:HSSCch<no>
```

Symbol Rate

Displays the symbol rate of a channel. This value is fixed.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

UE ID

UE identity (=H-RNTI); 16-bit value, entered as a 4-digit hexadecimal number. The UE ID identifies the UE for which data is transmitted in the corresponding HS-DSCH TTI. As the entire HS-SCCH set is allocated to a single UE, all channels have the same UE ID. Modifying one UE ID changes all displayed UE IDs.

In unscheduled subframes, the UE ID is not used. Which HS-SCCH actually carries the UE ID in scheduled subframes depends on parameter [Selection](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:HSSCch<no>:UEID
```

UE ID Dummy

Four-digit hexadecimal number, to be sent in HS-SCCH subframes which are not allocated to the UE (unscheduled subframes).

Alternatively DTX can be sent in unscheduled subframes, for configuration see [Unscheduled Subframes](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:HSSCch<no>:IDDummy
```

Selection

Selection of the HS-SCCH that carries the UE ID in scheduled subframes. The UE ID can be assigned to a fixed HS-SCCH number or the assignment can change after each subframe.

In accordance with the 3GPP requirements, a change of the HS-SCCH is suspended when the UE is scheduled in two consecutive subframes. This scenario occurs for an inter-TTI distance of 1, if the number of HARQ processes is sufficiently large. For six or more HARQ processes, the UE is continuously scheduled so there is no change of the HS-SCCH.

For R5 connections (QPSK or 16-QAM), only one HS-SCCH is required.

For R7 and higher connections one HS-SCCH is required for QPSK, while two HS-SCCH are required for 16-QAM and 64-QAM modulation. One of the two HS-SCCH is selected for usage depending on the HS-PDSCH channelization codes.

Because of the complex selection rules, the recommended setting for R7 and higher releases is "Cyclic/Automatic". For R5 connections, all values can be used.

The following values are available:

- **No. 1 to 4**

The UE ID is transferred on the selected fixed HS-SCCH.

- **Random**

The HS-SCCH for each transmission is selected at random among the channels 1 to n (n = "Number of HSSCCH"). This setting can be used as a stress test for the UE to check whether it can actually detect subframes irrespective of the HS-SCCH carrying the UE ID.

- **Cyclic/Automatic**

Cyclic applies to a R5 connection. The UE ID is transferred on the HS-SCCH sequence 1, 2,..., n, 1, 2,..., where n is the "Number of HSSCCH", see also "[Example for cyclic HS-SCCH selection \(R5 connection\)](#)" on page 194.

Automatic applies to a R7 or higher connection. The UE ID is transferred on a fixed HS-SCCH, selected as follows:

- QPSK modulation: HS-SCCH #1 is used
- 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation: Either HS-SCCH #1 or HS-SCCH #2 is used. The HS-SCCH number depends on the total number of assigned HS-PDSCH channelization codes and whether the first HS-PDSCH channelization code number is even or uneven. See the following table.

Table 2-41: HS-SCCH selection for R7 or higher, 16-QAM or 64-QAM

	First HS-PDSCH code number	
HS-PDSCH channelization codes	Even (2, 4, ...)	Uneven (1, 3, ...)
1 to 7 HS-PDSCH codes	HS-SCCH #1	HS-SCCH #2
8 to 15 HS-PDSCH codes	HS-SCCH #2	HS-SCCH #1

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHANCED:HSSCCH:SELECTION`

Number of HSSCCH

Number of HS-SCCHs contained in the HS-SCCH set. A selected value n means that the set contains the HS-SCCHs number 1 to n. See also "[Example for cyclic HS-SCCH selection \(R5 connection\)](#)" on page 194.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHANCED:HSSCCH:NUMBER
```

Unscheduled Subframes

Defines the transmission in the gaps between consecutive HS-SCCH subframes allocated to the UE (inter-TTI distance > 1).

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

- "**Transmit Dummy UEID**": The HS-SCCH power is maintained and the unscheduled HS-SCCH subframe contains the defined dummy UE ID, see [UE ID Dummy](#).
- "**DTX**

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHANCED:HSSCCH:USFRAMES
```

Example for cyclic HS-SCCH selection (R5 connection)

Settings:

- HS-SCCH #1: Level = -7 dB
- HS-SCCH #2: Level = OFF
- HS-SCCH #3: Level = -7 dB
- HS-SCCH #4: Level = OFF
- Selection = Cyclic/Automatic
- Number of HSSCCH = 3
- Inter-TTI = 2 configured in HSDPA channel configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.14, "HSDPA Settings"](#), on page 239

As a result of these settings, the HS-SCCH subframes 0 to 4 of the first two radio frames are generated as follows:

- Subframe 0: UE ID on HS-SCCH #1
- Subframe 1: UE unscheduled due to inter-TTI = 2
- Subframe 2: UE ID on HS-SCCH #2, but signal power off. UE returns DTX instead of ACK or NACK.
- Subframe 3: UE unscheduled
- Subframe 4: UE ID on HS-SCCH #3
- Subframe 0: UE unscheduled
- Subframe 1: UE ID on HS-SCCH #1
- Subframe 2: UE unscheduled
- Subframe 3: UE ID on HS-SCCH #2, but signal power off. UE returns DTX instead of ACK or NACK.
- Subframe 4: UE unscheduled

2.4.9.6 HS-PDSCH Configuration

This section configures the HS-PDSCH.

For a multi-carrier scenario, all settings are available per carrier. For switching between the carriers, see ["Select Carrier"](#) on page 181.

Channel Table	Level	Channel Code	Symbol Rate
HS-PDSCH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -9.3 dB	1	240 kbps
HS-PDSCH Enhanced			
Meas. Power Offset Control	Auto		
Meas. Power Offset	13.0 dB		
Unscheduled Subframes	Dummy Data		

Figure 2-77: Physical downlink settings - HS-PDSCH

Level.....	195
Channel Code.....	195
Symbol Rate.....	195
Meas. Power Offset Control, Meas. Power Offset.....	196
Unscheduled Subframes.....	196

Level

Signal level of the HS-PDSCH summed over all active codes, relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175). The checkbox enables/disables the HS-PDSCH.

The actual HS-PDSCH level is allowed to change from one TTI to another according to the reference power adjustment Δ defined in 3GPP TS 25.214, section 6A. The displayed HS-PDSCH shows the constant value corresponding to $\Delta = 0$ dB. For a CQI channel configuration, the reference power adjustment is compensated for by a dynamic OCNS.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVEL:HSPDsch
```

Channel Code

Defines the channelization code number of the HS-PDSCH.

For the HS-PDSCH, several code channels can be assigned to one UE. The channel table indicates the first code number only. Example: number of codes = 4, code number = 5 means code numbers 5 to 8 are used. The number of assigned codes depends on the HSDPA channel configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.14, "HSDPA Settings"](#), on page 239.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:HSPDsch
```

Symbol Rate

Displays the symbol rate of the HS-PDSCH. This value is fixed.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Meas. Power Offset Control, Meas. Power Offset

The measurement power offset Γ is signaled to the UE. The UE measures the P-CPICH power. The UE calculates the total received HS-PDSCH as follows:

$$P_{HS-PDSCH} = P_{P-CPICH} + \Gamma + \Delta(CQI, UE \text{ Category})$$

The reference power adjustment Δ is only relevant for CQI channels and specified by 3GPP depending on the UE category.

In general, changing the measurement power offset causes an offset of the CQI values reported by the UE. The larger the offset, the higher the reported CQIs.

For more details see 3GPP TS 25.214, section 6A.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

The first parameter can be set to the following values:

- **Manual:** Γ is set manually via the second parameter. A manual setting can be used to report a wrong offset value to the UE and test its reaction, e.g. by analyzing the returned CQI values.
- **Auto:** The correct value Γ is calculated automatically using the formula

$$\Gamma = P_{HS-PDSCH} - P_{P-CPICH} - \Delta(CQI, UE \text{ category})$$

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsch:POFFset
```

Unscheduled Subframes

Defines the transmission in the gaps between consecutive HS-DSCH subframes allocated to the mobile (inter-TTI distance > 1).

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

- **"Dummy Data":** The HS-DSCH power is maintained as specified in 3GPP TS 34.121 for CQI reporting tests.
- **DTX:** Discontinuous transmission in unscheduled HS-DSCH subframes (output power switched off)

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsch:USFRAMES
```

2.4.9.7 HSUPA Downlink Channels

This section configures the downlink channels related to HSUPA: E-AGCH, E-HICH and E-RGCH.

Channels transmitted via downlink carrier 1 control primary uplink carrier, channels transmitted via downlink carrier 2 control secondary uplink carrier of the HSUPA connection. For switching between the carriers, see "[Select Carrier](#)" on page 181.

Channel Table	Level	Channel Code	Symbol Rate
E-AGCH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -9.3 dB	3	15 ksps
E-HICH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> -12.3 dB	6	30 ksps
E-RGCH	<input type="checkbox"/> -12.3 dB	6	30 ksps

Figure 2-78: Physical downlink settings - HSUPA

Level.....	197
Channel Code.....	197
Symbol Rate.....	197

Level

Defines the level of a channel relative to the base level of the generator (see "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175).

The checkboxes activate or deactivate the individual channels. The E-RGCH cannot be active without the E-HICH.

The E-HICH and the E-RGCH have the same configured power level. Configuring the E-HICH level configures also the E-RGCH level.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVEL:EAGCh  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVEL:EHICh  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:LEVEL:ERGCh
```

Channel Code

Defines the channelization code number of a channel. The E-HICH and the E-RGCH use the same channelization code number. Configuring the E-HICH configures also the E-RGCH.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.4, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 45

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:EAGCh  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:EHICh  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRIER<c>:CODE:ERGCh
```

Symbol Rate

Displays the symbol rate of a channel. The values are fixed.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

2.4.9.8 Downlink Power Control Settings

This section configures the conditions for the downlink power control tests.

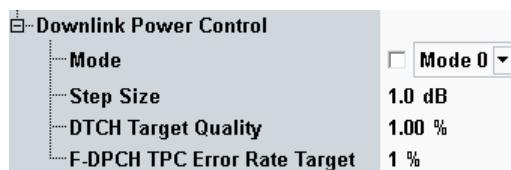


Figure 2-79: Downlink power control settings

Mode.....	198
Step Size.....	198
DTCH Target Quality.....	198
F-DPCH TPC Error Rate Target.....	198

Mode

Enable or disables power control in downlink and selects the frequency of the power adjustment of the DL DPCH in response to the UE transmitted TPC commands.

- 0: downlink power is adjusted in every slot
- 1: the TPC commands are estimated over three slots and the DL power is adjusted in every three slots

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PControl:MODE
```

Step Size

Specifies the step of power adjustment in downlink DPCH after the R&S CMW has received a TP command.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PControl:STEP
```

DTCH Target Quality

Specifies the signaled target link quality at the UE, expressed as a target BLER.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PControl:DTQuality
```

F-DPCH TPC Error Rate Target

Specifies the signaled target link quality at the UE for tests using the fractional DPCH (F-DPCH).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PControl:FTERate
```

2.4.10 Physical Channel Uplink Settings

This section defines physical channel characteristics related to the uplink. Most values are signaled to the UE.

For parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections.

● Miscellaneous Settings.....	199
● Open Loop Power Control.....	200
● PRACH Settings.....	201
● TX Power Control - General Settings.....	203
● TX Power Control - TPC Setup.....	206
● Gain Factors.....	208

2.4.10.1 Miscellaneous Settings

This section describes the highest level of the physical uplink settings section.

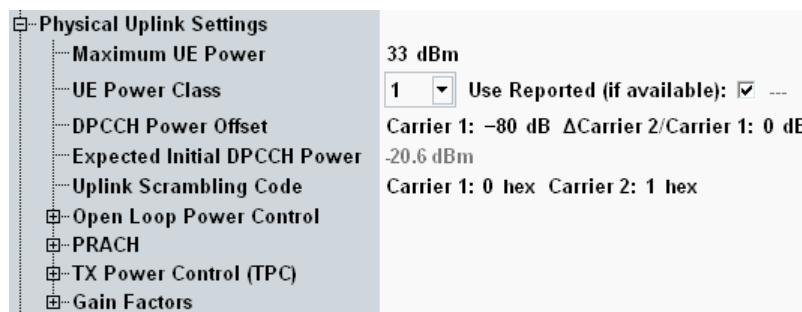


Figure 2-80: Miscellaneous physical uplink settings (dual uplink carrier)

Maximum UE Power.....	199
UE Power Class.....	199
DPCCH Power Offset.....	200
Expected Initial DPCCH Power.....	200
Uplink Scrambling Code.....	200

Maximum UE Power

Maximum allowed output power of the UE transmitter (averaged over the transmit slot).

WCDMA user equipment is divided into four power classes. The maximum output power of the UE transmitter depending on the power class is defined in 3GPP TS 25.101, section 6.2. An even lower "Maximum UE Power" value restricts the output power range of the UE also.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:MUEPower`

UE Power Class

In signaling mode, the UE power class can be set either manually or the UE power class reported by the UE in the capability report can be used. In reduced signaling mode, the UE power class must be set manually.

If no reported value is available, the manually configured value is used.

The power class influences the expected nominal power in automatic mode.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:MANual`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:REPorted`

DPCCH Power Offset

Reference value for the initial DPCCH power of the UE at random access: The larger the DPCCH power offset, the larger the initial DPCCH power.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

The DPCCH power offset for secondary uplink is the offset between the initial DPCCH power level on the secondary uplink and the current DPCCH power level on the primary uplink.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:POFFset
```

Expected Initial DPCCH Power

Displays the expected power of the first DPCCH received from the UE. The value is calculated as follows (see also 3GPP TS 25.331):

Expected power = Minimum(<Maximum UE Power>, <DPCCH Power Offset> – <Output Power (Ior)> – <Level of P-CPICH>)

For configuration of the variables in the formula, see:

- "Maximum UE Power" on page 199
- "DPCCH Power Offset" on page 200
- "Output Power (Ior)" on page 175
- Chapter 2.4.9.3, "Channel Table - Release 99", on page 184

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:EIPower?
```

Uplink Scrambling Code

Number of the long code that the UE has to use to scramble the uplink WCDMA signal. The scrambling code number must be in the range 0 to FFFFFF (hex) corresponding to 0 to 16777215 decimal.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:SCODE
```

2.4.10.2 Open Loop Power Control

This section defines basic parameters related to open loop power control. Additional parameters are available with option R&S CMW-KS410, see [Chapter 2.4.10.3, "PRACH Settings", on page 201](#).

For background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.16, "Random Access Procedure", on page 73](#).

Open Loop Power Control	-29.00 dB
Constant Offset Value	-80.00 dBm
UL Interference	-18.6 dBm
Exp. Initial Preamble Power	

Figure 2-81: Physical uplink settings - OLPC

Constant Offset Value.....	201
UL Interference.....	201
Exp. Initial Preamble Power.....	201

Constant Offset Value

Constant offset for the initial preamble power. The larger the constant value, the larger the initial preamble power.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:CValue`

UL Interference

Estimated UL interference in dBm, contained in system information block (SIB) type 7. In a network, the UL interference can change fast. A large interference value increases the initial preamble power.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:INTerference`

Exp. Initial Preamble Power

Displays the expected power of the first preamble sent by the UE for a preamble cycle. For calculation of the value, see [Chapter 2.2.16, "Random Access Procedure", on page 73](#).

Remote command:

`SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:EIPPower?`

2.4.10.3 PRACH Settings

The "PRACH" settings configure the physical random access procedure that can be initiated by the UE. For additional settings related to the initial preamble power, refer to [Chapter 2.4.10.2, "Open Loop Power Control", on page 200](#).

For background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.16, "Random Access Procedure", on page 73](#).

All settings require option R&S CMW-KS410.

PRACH	
Preamble Signature	1111111111111111 bin
Preamble Subchannels	000000000001 bin
Preamble Maximum Retransmission	6
Preambles before AICH Transmission	1
Preamble Step Size	3 dB
Preamble Part Max Cycles	2
Message Part Power Offset	-5.00 dB
Message Part Length	20 ms
DRX Cycle Length	8

Figure 2-82: Physical uplink settings - PRACH

Preamble Signature.....	202
Preamble Subchannels.....	202
Preamble Maximum Retransmission.....	202
Preambles before AICH Transmission.....	202
Preamble Step Size.....	202
Preamble Part Max Cycles.....	202

Message Part Power Offset.....	203
Message Part Length.....	203
DRX Cycle Length.....	203

Preamble Signature

Specifies which of the 16 signatures defined by 3GPP TS 25.213 are available and associated with the PRACH. From left to right, the bit sequence defines the availability of signature 15 to signature 0 (0=not available, 1=available).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SIGNature
```

Preamble Subchannels

Specifies which of the 12 PRACH subchannels are available. From left to right, the bit sequence defines the availability of subchannel 11 to subchannel 0 (0=not available, 1=available). A PRACH subchannel defines a subset of the total set of uplink access slots; see 3GPP TS 25.214.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SUBChannels
```

Preamble Maximum Retransmission

Maximum number of preambles to be transmitted before a single preamble cycle is terminated.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MRETrans
```

Preambles before AICH Transmission

Number of preambles to be received before the instrument transmits the AICH. For a successful registration, this value must not exceed the "Preamble Maximum Retransmission".

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:AICH
```

Preamble Step Size

Transmit power difference between two consecutive preambles.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SSIZE
```

Preamble Part Max Cycles

Maximum number of times the preamble cycle is repeated.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MCYCles
```

Message Part Power Offset

Transmit power difference between the last preamble transmitted and the RACH message part.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:MESSAge:POFFset
```

Message Part Length

Length of the RACH transmission time interval (TTI) in ms. According to 3GPP, a RACH can employ either 10 ms or 20 ms TTI.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:MESSAge:LENGTH
```

DRX Cycle Length

The discontinuous reception (DRX) cycle length equals $2n$ frames where n is specified by this parameter. The DRX cycle can be used by the UE in idle mode to reduce power consumption. In that case, the UE needs only to monitor one page indicator in one paging occasion per DRX cycle.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:DRXCycle
```

2.4.10.4 TX Power Control - General Settings

The following TPC general settings are available.

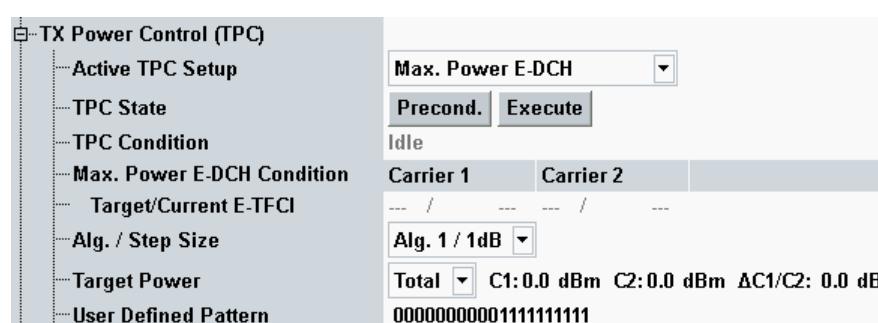


Figure 2-83: Physical uplink settings - TPC

Active TPC Setup.....	204
TPC State.....	204
TPC Condition.....	204
Max. Power E-DCH Condition.....	205

Alg. / Step Size.....	206
Target Power.....	206
User Defined Pattern.....	206

Active TPC Setup

Select a TPC setup and configure it via the other parameters.

Possible selection is based on scenario and active channels. For example, the setup "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" is only applicable in the scenario with dual uplink carrier.

For automatic signal settings the wizard for "Max. Power E-DCH" and "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" is available, see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required for "Change of TFC".

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required for "Max. Power E-DCH".

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is required for "DC HSPA In-Band Emission".

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET
```

TPC State

When the button "Precond." is pressed, the instrument sends a TPC pattern to the UE to reach the precondition defined in the "TPC Setup" table for the active TPC setup. In most situations this action is performed automatically, see [Chapter 2.2.15.11, "Preconditions and Pattern Execution"](#), on page 72.

After the precondition has been reached, the button "Execute" allows you to start the execution of the active TPC setup.

These actions are only possible in connection state "Connection Established". The buttons have no effect in other connection states.

When one of the buttons is pressed for TPC setup "Max. Power E-DCH", an initial check is performed before the action is executed. The check verifies that both the target E-TFCI and the current E-TFCI can be determined and are equal. If not, the initiated action is aborted and the "TPC Condition" indicates the error (e.g. "Missing Resource" or "Setting Conflict").

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PRECondition
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PEXecute
```

TPC Condition

Displays the current TPC state. Transition states that would be displayed for a short time only are indicated via remote command, but not displayed at the GUI (e.g. transmission of single pattern).

Possible values are:

- "Idle": no connection established
- "Continuous Pattern": transmitting continuous pattern
- "Alternating": transmitting alternating pattern
- "Prec. <Precondition> (press Execute)": indicated <Precondition> has been reached

- "**<State> (press Precond. or Execute)**": The current <State> results from a previously executed TPC setup and does not match the precondition of the active TPC setup.
- "**Target Power Locked
- "**Target Power Unlocked
- "**Max Power
- "**Min Power********

Values only relevant for "Max. Power E-DCH" setup:

- "**Missing Resource
- "**Searching
- "**Failed
- "**Setting Conflict
- "**Settings Changed**********

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:STATE?`

Max. Power E-DCH Condition

This parameter is visible if the TPC setup "Max. Power E-DCH" is active (requires option R&S CMW-KS401).

It displays two E-TFCI values:

- Target E-TFCI: expected E-TFCI value, calculated from the HSUPA settings
- Current E-TFCI: value sent by the UE, monitored repeatedly during execution of the setup, each time for 150 ms

If several E-TFCI values have been monitored within the 150 ms, the smallest value is displayed. Exception: If the smallest value equals the target E-TFCI, the next larger monitored value is displayed instead.

When executing the "Max. Power E-DCH" setup, the displayed E-TFCI values and the displayed TPC state can be used for troubleshooting as follows.

TPC state	Target/Current E-TFCI	Meaning
"Setting Conflict"	no target E-TFCI	The HSUPA settings disable the calculation of an unambiguous E-TFCI value (for example alternating values). Correct the HSUPA settings.
"Setting Conflict"	two different values	Most probably the closed loop target power serving as precondition is too high. Check this setting. It has to be at least 7.5 dB lower than the maximum UE power.
"Target Power Locked"	no current E-TFCI	After the precondition has been reached, settings have been changed. Press "Precond." or "Execute" to update the displayed E-TFCI values and to reach the precondition again / execute the setup.
"Failed"	two equal values	This state indicates a timeout in subtest 1 to 4. The UE has not sent a decreased E-TFCI.
"Failed"	two different values	Subtest 1 to 4: The UE has sent a decreased E-TFCI. But it has failed to increase the E-TFCI value back to the target value. Subtest 5: The current and target E-TFCI have been equal when the TPC setup was started, but they differ when the maximum power is assumed to be reached.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MPEDch:STATE?
```

Alg. / Step Size

Define the power control algorithm (1 or 2) and the TPC step size (1dB or 2dB) to be signaled to the UE, see [Chapter 2.2.15, "Transmit Power Control \(TPC\)", on page 63](#).

Some setups use a fixed algorithm and step size, so that this setting is ignored, see table column "Alg./Step".

The duration of a TPC pattern required to command a UE to reach a precondition depends on the algorithm and TPC step size of the UE. For that reason correct settings are especially important when using a TPC setup with a precondition.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MODE
```

Target Power

The target power can be defined either as total power or as DPCH power.

Note that during HSDPA / HSPA call, the actual UE power can be lesser than the target power specified as total power. It happens in case, if not all HSPA uplink channels are transmitting at maximum level.

In the operation with dual uplink carrier, the offset between the uplink carriers can be defined in addition. This offset sets the power difference between the total power of primary carrier and the total power of secondary carrier as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2BA: "UE Maximum Output Power for DC-HSUPA (QPSK)" and other conformance tests.

Target power is relevant for the closed loop setup and for setups having "Target Power" as precondition.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REFerence  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:TPC:TPOWer
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:OFFSet
```

User Defined Pattern

Define a pattern for the TPC setups "Single Pattern" and "Continuous Pattern".

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PATTern
```

2.4.10.5 TX Power Control - TPC Setup

The following TPC setups are available.

TPC Setup	PreCond.	Configuration	Alg./Step	Trigger
— Closed Loop	None	Target Power		Periodic (10 Slot)
— Alternating	None	01...		Periodic (10 Slot)
— Change of TFC	None	01...		2 / 1dB Periodic (10 Slot)
— All 1	None	11...		Periodic (10 Slot)
— All 0	None	00...		Periodic (10 Slot)
— Max. Power E-DCH with (SRB, βD=0)	Target Power	$m*11111+n*00000...01...$	2 / 1dB Once	
	Target Power	11...	1 / 1dB Once	
— Single Pattern	Alternating	User Defined Pattern		Once
— Continuous Pattern	None	User Defined Pattern		Periodic (P. Length)
— Test Step ABC	Target Power	$60\text{Bit} + 50 \times 1 + 50 \times 0$	2 / 1dB Once	
— Test Step E	Max. Power	00...	1 / 1dB Once	
— Test Step F	Min. Power	11...	1 / 1dB Once	
— Test Step EF	Max. Power	120 $\times 0 + 11...$	1 / 1dB Once	
— Test Step GH	Max. Power	80 $\times 0 + 11...$	1 / 2dB Once	
— TS EFGH Segm.				
— Test Step UL CM	Target Power	01+1111111+10...+TargetPower	1 / 2dB Once	
— Pattern A (Rising)	Target Power	01+0000000+01...+TargetPower	1 / 2dB Once	
— Pattern A (Falling)	Target Power	00..11..+00..11..+TargetPower	1 / 1dB Once	
— Pattern B				
— Phase Disc. Up	Alternating	13 $\times 111110000$	1 / 1dB Once	
— Phase Disc. Down	Alternating	13 $\times 000001111$	1 / 1dB Once	

Figure 2-84: TPC setup (scenario with only one uplink)

TPC Setup

This table lists all defined TPC pattern configurations. One of these configurations is active (see "Active TPC Setup" on page 204). Most settings are predefined and cannot be modified (are grayed out).

For the setup "Max. Power E-DCH", two lines are displayed. The first one applies to test mode RMC+HSPA (subtest 1 to 4), the second line to test mode HSPA (subtest 5).

For the setup "Test Step UL CM", three lines are displayed. The configuration of each pattern is displayed in a separate line.

For the setup "DC HSPA In-Band Emission", the configuration for both carriers is displayed in two lines.

Table columns:

- **"PreCond."** defines or displays a precondition that the UE is commanded to before the pattern can be executed. For test steps E, F, G and H segmentation can be enabled.
- **"Configuration"** defines or displays the TPC pattern.
- **"Alg./Step"** displays the power control algorithm and the TPC step size if they are fixed for the TPC pattern.
- **"Trigger"** displays the trigger event for generation of a trigger pulse that can be evaluated by a measurement application of the R&S CMW.

For background information refer to:

- [Chapter 2.2.15.1, "TPC Pattern Setups", on page 64](#)
- [Chapter 2.2.15.11, "Preconditions and Pattern Execution", on page 72](#)
- [Chapter 2.2.15.10, "Generating TPC Trigger Signals", on page 71](#)

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHDown etc.
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:CONTinuous
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSEF
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSGH
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSSEGMENT
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHUP
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHDown
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:DHIB
```

2.4.10.6 Gain Factors

The parameters in this section specify gain factors and power offsets for uplink channels.

	β_C	β_D	ΔACK	$\Delta NACK$	ΔCQI					
RMC 12.2	8	15								
RMC 64	5	15								
RMC 144	4	15								
RMC 384	4	15								
RMC 768	4	15								
Voice	11	15								
Video 64	9	15								
Packet Data 8	9	15								
Packet Data 16	9	15								
Packet Data 32	9	15								
Packet Data 64	9	15								
Packet Data 128	9	15								
Packet Data 384	9	15								
HSDPA	9	15	5	5	2					
HSUPA										
ΔE-DPCCH		5								
No of Reference E-TFCIs		1								
Reference E-TFCI			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
E-TFCI	11	67	71	75	81	90	100	127		
Power Offset	4	18	23	26	27	28	29	29		
E-TFCI Boost					127					
$\Delta T2TP$					0					
E-DPDCH Power Formula						Extrapolation ▾				

Figure 2-85: Physical uplink settings - gain factor

β_C , β_D	209
ΔACK , $\Delta NACK$, ΔCQI	209
HSUPA.....	209
ΔE-DPCCH.....	209
No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI.....	209
E-DPDCH Power Formula.....	210

β_c , β_d

Specify the UE gain factors β_c (DPCCH) and β_d (DPDCH) for the connection types indicated to the left. The numbers behind the connection types indicate data rates in kbps (e.g. RMC with 12.2 kbps).

For calls with constant data rates, the specified gain factors are valid for the entire duration of the connection. For voice connections, the UE can use DTX and switch off the DPDCHs if no data is being transferred.

You can verify to which degree of accuracy the actual gain factors of the uplink channels comply with the gain factors signaled to the UE. Use the "CDP vs. Slot" view of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement (option R&S CMW-KM400).

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required for HSDPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:RMC<no>
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:VOICe
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:VIDeo
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:PDATA<no>
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSDPa
```

 Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} , Δ_{CQI}

Power offset parameters Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and Δ_{CQI} for HS-DPCCH slots carrying ACK, NACK and CQI messages.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSDPa
```

HSUPA

The following parameters control the gain factors for the uplink HSUPA channels E-DPCCH and E-DPDCH.

The UE derives the gain factors from the signaled values. For details, see 3GPP TS 25.213 section 4.2.1.3 and 3GPP TS 25.214 section 5.1.2.5B.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

 $\Delta E\text{-}DPCCH} \leftarrow \text{HSUPA}$

Specifies the signaled value $\Delta E\text{-}DPCCH}$. The value is used by the UE to derive the quantized amplitude ratio A_{ec} . From this ratio, it calculates the E-DPCCH gain factor β_{ec} .

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:EDPCch
```

No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI \leftarrow HSUPA

"No of Reference E-TFCIs" specifies how many pairs of reference E-TFCIs and assigned power offset values are signaled to the UE. The pairs are taken from the "Reference E-TFCI" table, using column 1 to n.

Each table column specifies a reference E-TFCI value and a signaled value ΔE -DPDCH (power offset). The signaled ΔE -DPDCH values are used by the UE to derive the quantized amplitude ratio A_{ed} for each reference E-TFCI. From these ratios, it calculates the reference gain factors $\beta_{ed, ref}$.

Finally, the UE calculates the gain factors for all E-TFCIs and HARQ processes using the reference gain factors and the signaled HARQ power offset (see "[H-ARQ Power Offset](#)" on page 257).

Rel7 provides for E-DPCCH power boosting. "E-TFCI Boost" specifies the E-TFCI threshold beyond which boosting of E-DPCCH is enabled, i.e. the higher E-TFCI are used. " $\Delta T2TP$ " specifies traffic to total pilot power offset. The E-DPCCH power is highest for $\Delta T2TP$ value of 0 and lowest for value 6.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS403 is required for E-TFCI boost and $\Delta T2TP$.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:ETFCi:NUMBER
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:ETFCi:REFERENCE
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:ETFCi:POFFSET
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:ETFCi:BOOST
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:DTTP
```

E-DPDCH Power Formula

Specifies the UE algorithm for a gain factor computation. The network can only signal a maximum of 8 out of 128 possible E-TFCI values. The UE uses the specified algorithm to determine the power offsets for the remaining E-TFCIs. Formula for extrapolation and interpolation algorithm is specified by 3GPP TS 25.214, section 5.1.2.5B.2.3.

Option R&S CMW-KS413 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFactor:HSUPa:EDPFormula
```

2.4.11 Connection Configuration

The "Connection Configuration" section selects a connection type for UE terminated connections and defines parameters for the supported connection types (applicable to mobile originated and mobile terminated connections).

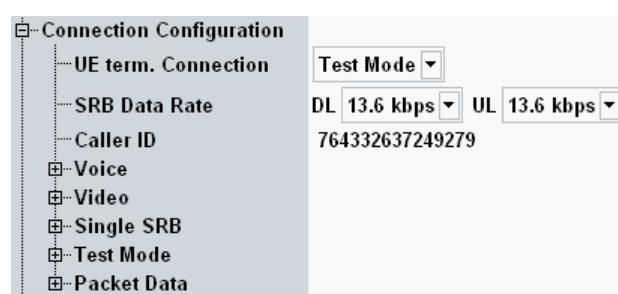


Figure 2-86: Connection settings

For parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections.

● Miscellaneous Connection Configuration Settings.....	211
● Voice Connection Settings.....	212
● Video Connection Settings.....	214
● SRB Connection Settings.....	214
● Test Mode Connection Settings.....	215
● Packet Data.....	219

2.4.11.1 Miscellaneous Connection Configuration Settings

This section describes the highest level of the "Connection Configuration" section.

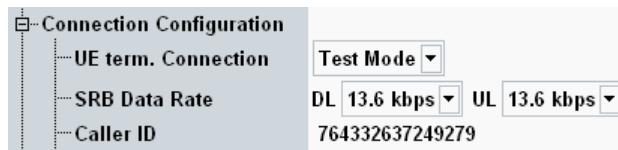


Figure 2-87: Miscellaneous connection configuration settings

UE term. Connection

Selects the connection type to be used for UE terminated connections initiated by the instrument.

In reduced signaling mode, only test mode connections are supported.

- **"Voice"**: The instrument uses a signaling radio bearer (SRB) to set up a connection and allocate a voice channel. The connection path is selected via [Data Source](#) selection.
For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.11.2, "Voice Connection Settings"](#), on page 212.
- **"Video"**: The instrument uses an SRB to set up a circuit switched video call and loops back the received video data including audio to the UE.
- **"SRB only"**: The instrument uses an SRB to establish and maintain the connection.
For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.11.4, "SRB Connection Settings"](#), on page 214.
- **"Test Mode"**: The instrument uses an SRB to set up a test mode connection. Four test mode types are available: RMC, HSPA, RMC + HSPA and FACH. For test mode types with RMC, the SRB is established in the CS domain. For type "HSPA", the SRB is established in the PS domain. Test using CELL_FACH state is implemented in CS domain.
For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.11.5, "Test Mode Connection Settings"](#), on page 215.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:UETerminate`

SRB Data Rate

Selects the signaling radio bearer (SRB) data rate. This setting applies to the connection types "Voice", "Video" and "SRB only".

Note that the higher SRB data rates allocate resources, that cannot be used for user data of voice call. It results in higher spreading factor and higher slot format allocated for connections using narrow band AMR codec and SRB data rate of 13 kbit/s. See also: [Chapter 2.2.12.2, "Signaling Radio Bearer \(SRB\)", on page 51](#).

For RMC connections, a fixed value of 2.5 kbit/s is used for uplink and downlink. For test mode type "HSPA", a fixed value of 3.4 kbit/s is used.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:SRBData`

Caller ID

Sets the calling party number of the R&S CMW to be displayed at the UE as defined in 3GPP TS 24.008.

This parameter is suspended in the state CEST (connection established).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:CID`

2.4.11.2 Voice Connection Settings

The voice section configures the voice channel. The settings take effect when a UE originated or UE terminated voice channel connection is established.

During a multi-call, DPCH slot format (spreading factor, pilot bits) is configured dynamically depending on the connection configuration. If packet data end to end connection is disabled during a voice call, spreading factor and pilot bits are configured at value of 128 and 8 respectively.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

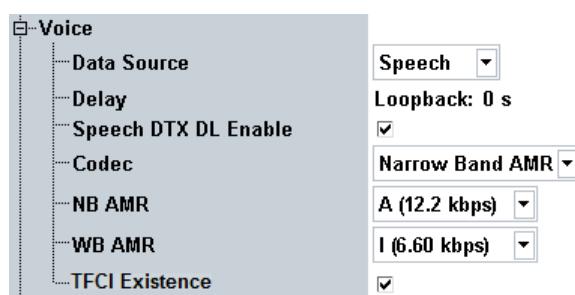


Figure 2-88: Voice connection settings

Data Source.....	212
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Speech DTX DL Enable.....	213
Codec.....	213
NB AMR.....	213
WB AMR.....	213
TFCI Existence.....	214

Data Source

Selects the voice connection path. This parameter is configurable also during a call.

- **Loopback**: the received voice stream is looped back to the UE after the configurable [Delay](#).
- **Speech**: setup for the bidirectional audio connection from the speech encoder/decoder to the DUT involving the audio measurements application with the codec board.

This parameter is only available with the speech codec board.

For general prerequisites, required options and background information see [Chapter 2.2.5, "Audio Measurements", on page 27](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:VOICe:SOURCE
```

Delay

Defines the time that the R&S CMW waits before it loops back the received data if the [Data Source](#) = "Loopback".

The actual time delays measured are displayed in the main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.6, "CMW Voice Info", on page 156](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:VOICe:DELay:LOOPback
```

Speech DTX DL Enable

Enables/disables the speech DTX indication in downlink. The speech encoder of the R&S CMW indicates no speech activity via layer 1. Then, comfort noise is not being transmitted via speech packets, but the UE generates comfort noise itself. This parameter is only available if the [Data Source](#) = "Speech".

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:VOICe:DTX
```

Codec

Displays the adaptive multi-rate (AMR) voice codec type to be used. This parameter is configurable also during the call.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:VOICe:CODEc
```

NB AMR

Specifies the mode of the narrowband AMR codec. This parameter is configurable also during the call.

The basic modes support one fixed bit-rate. Mode M supports several bit-rates.

If one of the fixed bit-rates is selected, this bit-rate is used in uplink and downlink. If mode M is selected, the instrument and the UE can select one of the supported bit-rates.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:VOICe:AMR:NARRow
```

WB AMR

Selects the mode of the wideband AMR codec. The basic modes support one fixed bit-rate. Multi-rate modes starting with M support several bit-rates.

If one of the fixed bit-rates is selected, this bit-rate is used in uplink and downlink. If multi-rate mode is selected, the instrument and the UE can select one of the supported bit-rates.

This parameter is configurable also during the call.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:AMR:WIDE
```

TFCI Existence

Enables/disables the downlink signaling of TFCI for voice connections.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:TFCI
```

2.4.11.3 Video Connection Settings

The "Video" section configures UE originated and UE terminated video connections. In the current release, there are no administrable parameters.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.



Figure 2-89: Video connection settings

Data Rate

A fixed data rate of 64 kbps is used for circuit switched video calls.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VIDEO:DRATE?
```

2.4.11.4 SRB Connection Settings

The "Single SRB" section configures "SRB only" connections.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.12.2, "Signaling Radio Bearer \(SRB\)", on page 51](#).

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.



Figure 2-90: SRB connection settings

Type

Displays the radio resource control state to which the UE is commanded when an "SRB only" connection is set up (for RRC states see 3GPP TS 25.331). Option R&S CMW-KS410 allows you to select a state.

- **CELL_DCH**: In CELL_DCH state, the UE is allocated a dedicated traffic channel. This state is suitable for TX measurements.
- **CELL_FACH**: The type CELL_FACH requires call setup including alerting. It remains in the R&S CMW SW to keep the compatibility with the old test scripts. However some tests, e.g. spurious emission tests as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, require the CELL_FACH state where no dedicated traffic channel resource is allocated to the UE. For the CELL_FACH tests without established call, see [Type](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:SRBSingle:TYPE
```

2.4.11.5 Test Mode Connection Settings

The parameters in this section configure an RMC and/or HSPA test mode connection. The settings take effect when a test mode connection is established.

For HSPA option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

For background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.12.1, "Reference Measurement Channel \(RMC\)"](#), on page 49 and [Chapter 2.2.12.3, "High Speed Packet Access \(HSPA\)"](#), on page 52.

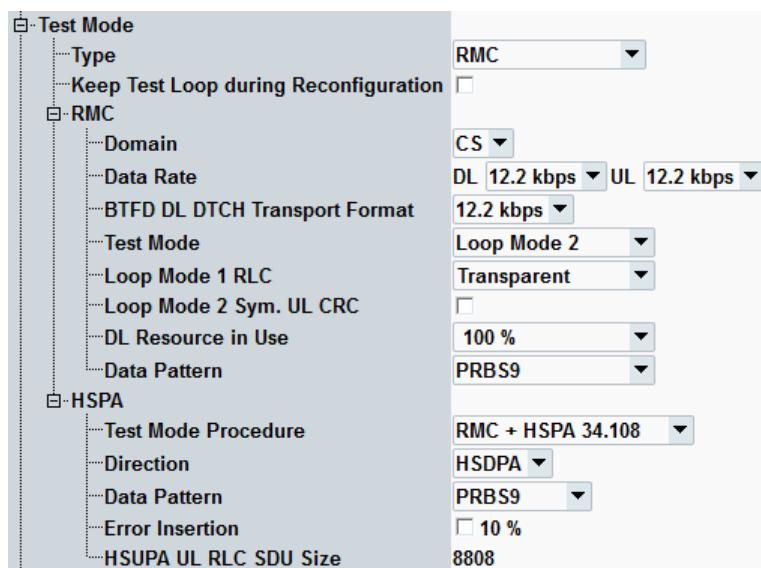


Figure 2-91: Test mode connection settings

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└ Data Rate.....	216
└ BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format.....	217
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└ Test Mode Procedure.....	218
└ Direction.....	219
└ Data Pattern.....	219
└ Error Insertion.....	219
└ HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size.....	219

Type

Selects the test mode connection type.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required for HSPA, RMC + HSPA, BTFD.

- **RMC:** RMC in CS or PS domain
- **HSPA:** HSDPA or HSDPA+HSUPA in PS domain, no CS connection
- **RMC + HSPA:** RMC in CS or PS domain, HSDPA or HSDPA+HSUPA in PS domain
- **Cell FACH 34.108:** Test defined in 3GPP TS 34.108 and 34.121 using CELL_FACH state (replaces SRB type CELL_FACH, see [Type](#)). The signaling connection uses CELL_FACH state without the allocation of dedicated traffic channel.
The feature "Cell FACH 34.108" is not available in the reduced signaling.
- **BTFD:** RMC for blind transport format detection, see [Chapter 2.2.12.4, "Blind Transport Format Detection \(BTFD\)"](#), on page 57. The parameter **BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format** sets the used bit rate.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:TYPE
```

Keep Test Loop during Reconfiguration

Specifies whether the test loop is kept closed when the operating band or the carrier frequency is reconfigured for an established test mode connection with test loop.

By default, the loop is opened before reconfiguration and closed again after reconfiguration. If the UE supports keeping the loop closed during reconfiguration, you can speed up the procedure by enabling this parameter.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:KTLReconfig
```

RMC

The following parameters configure an RMC test mode connection. (For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.12.1, "Reference Measurement Channel \(RMC\)"](#), on page 49.)

Domain ← RMC

Specifies the CS or PS domain for RMC connections in test mode.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:RMC:DOMain
```

Data Rate ← RMC

Information bit rate of the downlink and uplink reference channel in kbps.

If BTFD is selected (option R&S CMW-KS410 required), the DL bit rate is selected by the parameter **BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format**.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:DRAte
```

BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format ← RMC

Selects the downlink bit rate for BTFD RMCs. The bit rate is not signaled to the UE during BTFD tests.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:BTFD:TFORmat
```

Test Mode ← RMC

Selects the test mode (loop mode) that the UE enters after connecting to the UTRAN. The test modes are defined in 3GPP TS 34.109.

When the R&S CMW sets up an RMC connection it forces the UE to the UE radio bearer test mode. The connection is fast (without alerting) and must be initiated by the instrument. Three different test modes are available: "No Loop", "Loop Mode 1 RLC" and "Loop Mode 2".

In reduced signaling mode, only loop mode 2 is supported. The loop must be activated at the UE and this parameter is hidden.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:TMOde
```

Loop Mode 1 RLC ← RMC

Selects RLC transparent mode or acknowledged mode for RMC transmission with loop mode 1.

With acknowledged mode, it is possible to perform RLC throughput measurements.

In reduced signaling mode, only loop mode 2 is supported and this parameter is hidden.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:RLCMode
```

Loop Mode 2 Sym. UL CRC ← RMC

Enables or disables the uplink cyclic redundancy check (CRC) for loop mode 2. This setting is only relevant when an RMC with symmetric DL/UL data rate is used.

If the uplink CRC is enabled, the UE sends a 16-bit CRC sequence, the DL/UL transport block size is symmetric.

If the uplink CRC is disabled, the UE sends no CRC sequence, but adds the DL CRC to the transport block. The DL/UL transport block size is asymmetric.

For RMCs with asymmetric DL/UL data rate, the setting is ignored. In that case, the UL CRC is enabled and the DL/UL transport block size is asymmetric.

The setting is individual for normal signaling and reduce signaling mode. First enable or disable reduced signaling mode (see "Cell Setup" on page 157) and afterwards configure the parameter "Loop Mode 2 Sym. UL CRC".

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:UCRC
```

DL Resource in Use ← RMC

Percentage of DL RMC transport blocks that are filled with information bits. The percentages are rounded and correspond to values 1, 1/2, 1/4, 1/6, ..., 1/30, 1/32. A value 1/n means that out of n transport blocks, only one is fully filled with data. It means that (n – 1) blocks are empty. The effective data rate decreases by the factor n.

Restricting the DL resources can be necessary to prevent a buffer overflow in the UE. Especially it is useful in cases where BLER tests are performed with asymmetric RMCs (e.g. 384 kbps DL and 12.2 kbps UL).

Note that the uplink DPDCH is only active (and filled with data) as long as the UE transmits data. In closed test loop mode, it implies that the UL power decreases if the percentage of DL resources in use is reduced.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:DLRessources
```

Data Pattern ← RMC

Bit pattern transmitted as user information on the DTCH: Bit sequence consisting of zeros (All 0), ones (All 1), 010101... (Alternating), or pseudo-random bit sequences of variable length (PRBS9, PRBS11, PRBS13, PRBS15).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:DATA
```

HSPA

The following parameters configure an HSPA test mode connection. (For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.12.3, "High Speed Packet Access \(HSPA\)", on page 52.](#))

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Test Mode Procedure ← HSPA

Selects the connection setup method to be used for "RMC + HSPA" test mode connections.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

- **RMC + HSPA 34.108:** When you set up the test mode connection, both the RMC connection and the HSPA connection are set up.
- **RMC + HSPA (opt):** When you set up the test mode connection, only the RMC connection is set up. You can trigger an HSPA connection setup manually later on if desired (opt = optional).

Thus you can for example test an RMC connection separately and then add an HSPA connection for additional tests, without releasing the RMC connection in between.

This value is not available in reduced signaling mode.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:PROCedure
```

Direction ← HSPA

You can enable HSPA in downlink direction only (value HSDPA) or in downlink and uplink direction (value HSPA).

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:DIRECTION
```

Data Pattern ← HSPA

Selects the bit pattern to be transmitted as user information on the HS-DSCH. The pattern consists of zeros (All 0), ones (All 1), 010101... (Alternating), or pseudo-random bit sequences of variable length (PRBS9, PRBS11, PRBS13, PRBS15).

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:DATA
```

Error Insertion ← HSPA

Configures the rate of HS-DSCH data to be sent with an incorrect CRC value, so that the failed UE CRC check causes an NACK in the UL.

Together with the HSDPA ACK measurement, this function can be used for a first plausibility check whether the UE operates correctly.

Note that the error insertion is only relevant for test mode connections and does not apply to the packet data end to end connections.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:EINSertion
```

HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size ← HSPA

The value of 72 bits is requested for DC-HSUPA tests (3GPP TS 34.121, section C.11A.3). Beside it, the HSUPA UL RLC SDU size is an integer multiple of the HSDPA DL RLC SDU size of 2936 bit. The reason is to ensure a sufficient data rate in the uplink. With an UL SDU size of n times 2936 bit, the UE can transmit n copies of each received SDU in the uplink. The default value of 8808 bit (n = 3) is sufficient for an uplink user data rate of 2 Mbps, which is the maximum allowed throughput for a 10 ms TTI.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:USDU
```

2.4.11.6 Packet Data

The parameters in this section are only relevant for end to end data connections, involving the data application unit (DAU).

To set up such a connection, see [Chapter 2.2.4, "End to End Packet Data Connections", on page 26](#).

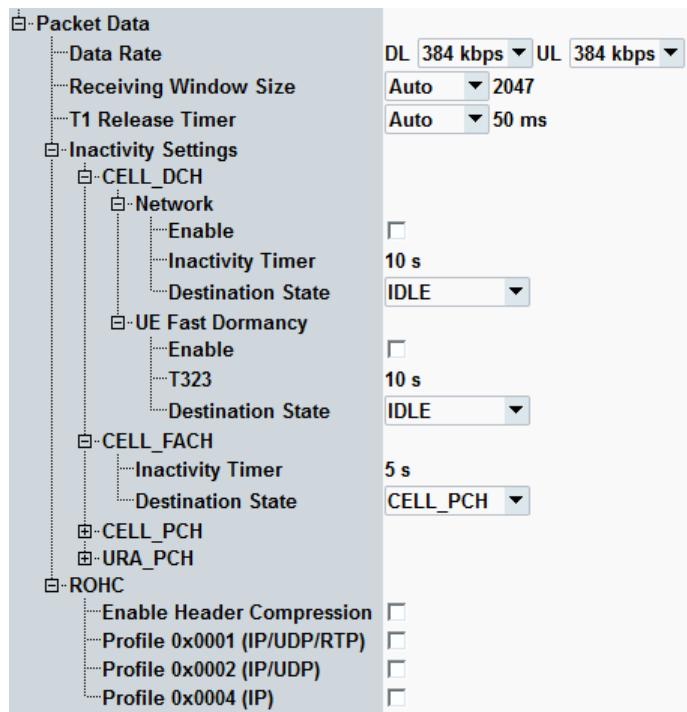


Figure 2-92: Packet data settings

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└ Enable (Network).....	221
└ Inactivity Timer.....	221
└ Destination State (Network).....	221
└ UE Fast Dormancy.....	222
ROHC.....	222
└ Enable Header Compression.....	223
Profile	223

Data Rate

Data rates for the packet data connection in downlink and uplink direction.

The values HSDPA and HSUPA allow you to set up HSDPA, HSUPA, or combined HSDPA/HSUPA connections. Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required for these values.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:DRAte`

Receiving Window Size

Size of the HSDPA receiver window in the UE, see 3GPP TS 25.321, section 11.6.2.3.

Select "Auto" for automatic configuration or select "Manual" and enter the value manually to the right.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:HSDPa:RWindow
```

T1 Release Timer

Reordering release timer T1 value in ms. T1 controls the stall avoidance in the UE reordering buffer for HSDPA as described in 3GPP TS 25.321, section 11.6.2.3.

Select "Auto" for automatic configuration or select "Manual" and enter the value manually to the right.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:HSDPa:TImer
```

Inactivity Settings

Specifies the automatic RRC state transitions. RRC state transitions are monitored in [Event Log](#). The UE RRC state is displayed as [UE Info](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Enable (Network) ← Inactivity Settings

Enables or disables the network-initiated automatic RRC state transitions of the UE for the originating states CELL_DCH, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:  
NETWork:ENABLE
```

Inactivity Timer ← Inactivity Settings

Specifies the inactivity duration after which the network orders the change of UE RRC state. To use the timer, network-initiated automatic RRC state transitions must be enabled, see [Enable \(Network\)](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:  
NETWork:TImer  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:TImer  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:CPCH:TImer  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:UPCH:TImer
```

Destination State (Network) ← Inactivity Settings

Specifies the destination UE state for the network-initiated inactivity RRC state transitions. The default destination RRC state is idle. For the UE RRC states CELL_DCH, CELL_FACH, the destination RRC state is configurable. The following figure shows all possible RRC state transitions.

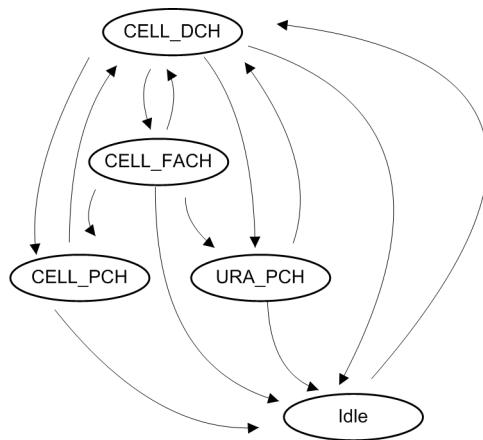


Figure 2-93: RRC state transitions

For a transition from idle to CELL_DCH, set up a PS connection.

If PDP context is activated in the idle state of the UE, test mode connection setup is not possible. To establish test mode, deactivate PDP context first.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNECTION:PACKET:INACTIVITY:DCH:
NETWORK:DSTATE
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNECTION:PACKET:INACTIVITY:FACH:DSTATE
```

UE Fast Dormancy ← Inactivity Settings

Specifies the UE fast dormancy of PS data connection introduced in Rel.8. Timer T323 specifies the inactivity duration after which the UE changes its RRC state by itself. When the timer expires, the UE changes its RRC state from CELL_DCH to the specified destination state. PDP context remains active even in idle mode, the IP address is kept.

UE fast dormancy can be enabled or disabled.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNECTION:PACKET:INACTIVITY:DCH:
UEFDORMANCY:ENABLE
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNECTION:PACKET:INACTIVITY:DCH:
UEFDORMANCY:TIMER
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNECTION:PACKET:INACTIVITY:DCH:
UEFDORMANCY:DSTATE
```

ROHC

Configures robust header compression (ROHC). Robust header compression is relevant for the continuous transfer of small packets, for example for voice over IP. Here, the uncompressed header is typically bigger than the payload. Header compression reduces this overhead. ROHC performance testing is specified in 3GPP TS 25.323 and the references stated therein.

Enable Header Compression ← ROHC

Enables up to two header compression profiles used by packet data convergence protocol (PDCP). Profiles are defined by IETF. If more than one enabled profile is compatible to the used protocols, the most specific profile is used. If no profile is compatible, no compression is performed.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:ENABLE
```

Profile ...

Defines which profiles are allowed to be used by the UE in uplink. In downlink, all profiles from the configuration tree are supported. Profiles are specified in IETF RFC 3095.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:PROFiles
```

2.4.12 Incoming IRAT HO Mobility

The following section configures the connection types for incoming inter-RAT traffic.

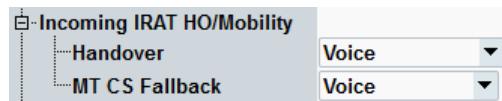


Figure 2-94: Configuration of incoming handover

Handover

Selects the connection type to be used for an inter-RAT incoming handover in the WCDMA signaling as a handover destination.

"Data end to end" is only visible if **Enable Data end to end** is enabled.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:HANDOver
```

MT CS Fallback

Selects the connection type to be used for an inter-RAT incoming mobile terminated CS fallback.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:MTCS
```

2.4.13 Network Settings

The "Network" settings configure parameters of the simulated radio network.

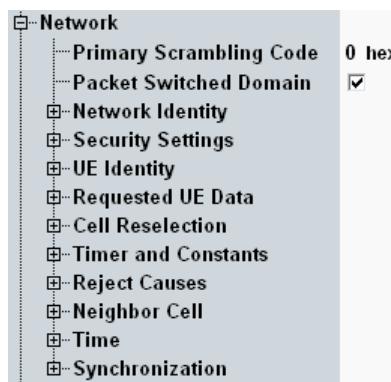


Figure 2-95: Network settings

For parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections.

● Miscellaneous Network Settings.....	224
● Network Identity Settings.....	225
● Security Settings.....	227
● UE Identity.....	228
● Requested UE Data.....	229
● Cell Reselection.....	230
● Timer and Constants.....	231
● Reject Causes.....	234
● Neighbor Cell Settings.....	235
● Time.....	237
● Synchronization.....	238

2.4.13.1 Miscellaneous Network Settings

This section describes the highest level of the network settings section.



Figure 2-96: Miscellaneous network settings

Primary Scrambling Code

Set index i for calculation of the primary scrambling code number by multiplication with 16.

Some channels can be scrambled using the primary or a secondary scrambling code. The secondary scrambling code is defined individually for each of these channels, see [Chapter 2.4.9, "Physical Channel Downlink Settings", on page 181](#).

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.11.3, "Scrambling Codes", on page 45](#).

Remote command:

`CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE`

Packet Switched Domain

Selects whether the emulated UTRAN cell supports packet switched connections. Circuit switched connections are always supported.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:PSDomain`

2.4.13.2 Network Identity Settings

The "Network Identity" settings configure parameters of the simulated radio network. The values are broadcast to the UE under test.

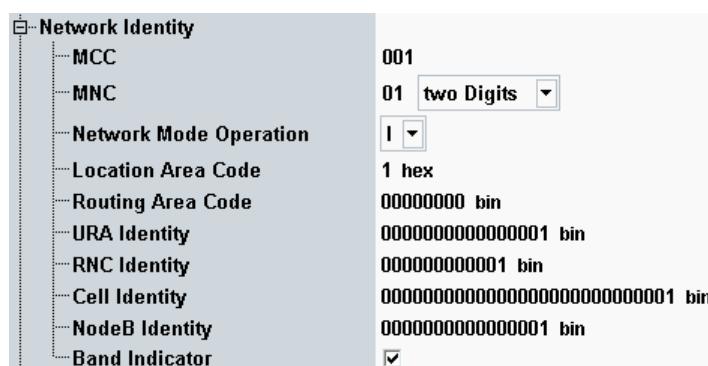


Figure 2-97: Network identity settings

MCC.....	225
MNC.....	225
Network Mode Operation.....	226
Location Area Code.....	226
Routing Area Code.....	226
URA Identity.....	226
RNC Identity.....	226
Cell Identity.....	226
NodeB Identity.....	226
Band Indicator.....	226

MCC

Specifies the three-digit mobile country code (MCC).

According to 3GPP TS 25.307, section 6.1.2, the mobile country code (MCC) is in the range 440 to 443 when using operating band VI. Otherwise a release 5 UE (or lower) possibly fails to register.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MCC`

MNC

Specifies the mobile network code (MNC). A two or three-digit MNC can be set.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC:DIGITS`

Network Mode Operation

Selects the network operation mode as specified in 3GPP TS 23.060. This parameter indicates whether a Gs interface is present in the network (mode I) or not (mode II).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:NTOPeration`

Location Area Code

Specifies the location area code for CS services.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:LAC`

Routing Area Code

Specifies the routing area code for PS services.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RAC`

URA Identity

Specifies the UTRAN registration area (URA) identity.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:URA`

RNC Identity

Specifies the radio network controller (RNC) identity.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RNC`

Cell Identity

Specifies the cell identity.

This parameter is suspended in the state CEST (connection established).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDENTity`

NodeB Identity

Specifies the NodeB identity.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDNode`

Band Indicator

Specifies whether the band indicator is broadcast as part of the system information or not.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:BINDicator`

2.4.13.3 Security Settings

The security settings configure parameters related to the authentication procedure and other security procedures.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.



Figure 2-98: Security settings

Authentication.....	227
Security.....	227
Ciphering.....	227
Secret Key.....	227
OPc.....	228
SIM Card Type.....	228

Authentication

Enables or disables authentication, to be performed during registration. Authentication requires a test SIM. An appropriate 3GPP USIM can be obtained from Rohde & Schwarz (R&S CMW-Z04, stock no. 1207.9901.02).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:AUTHentication`

Security

Enables or disables the security mode during authentication. With enabled security mode, the UE performs an integrity check. This setting is only relevant if authentication is enabled.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:ENABLE`

Ciphering

Specifies ciphering to be applied to radio bearer. The algorithm KASUMI is defined by 3GPP TS 35.202, the algorithm SNOW 3G is defined by ETSI/SAGE specification "3GPP Confidentiality and Integrity Algorithms UEA2 & UIA2".

Option R&S CMW-KS425 and SUW+ (R&S CMW-B300B) is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:CIPHering`

Secret Key

The secret key K is used for the authentication procedure (including a possible integrity check). The value is entered as 32-digit hexadecimal number and is relevant for all SIM card types.

The authentication fails unless the secret key set by this parameter is equal to the value stored on the test USIM of the UE under test. The default value is compatible with the R&S CMW-Z04.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:SKEY`

OPc

The key OP_c is used for authentication and integrity check procedures with the MILENAGE algorithm set (SIM card type "Milenage"). The value is entered as 32-digit hexadecimal number.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:OPC`

SIM Card Type

Displays the type of the SIM card used for registration.

The full test functionality is available for all types. "Milenage" refers to a USIM with MILENAGE algorithm set.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:SIMCard`

2.4.13.4 UE Identity

The "UE Identity" settings are related to UE identities like IMSI, IMEI and TMSI.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.



Figure 2-99: UE identity settings

In Use.....	228
Default IMSI.....	229
Identity (Registration), Identity Type (Registration).....	229

In Use

Specifies whether the default IMSI defined in this dialog is used. Setting up a call without registration is only possible if the correct default IMSI is set and enabled.

Before registration the default IMSI is always enabled and cannot be disabled manually. During registration of a different IMSI, the default IMSI is disabled automatically. Afterwards you can re-enable the default IMSI manually if necessary.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:USE`

Default IMSI

15-digit international mobile subscriber identity (IMSI) that the instrument can use before the UE is registered. With an appropriate UE configuration, this IMSI can be used as well to speed up the paging procedure (see also "[Attach/Detach](#)" on page 229).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:IMSI
```

Identity (Registration), Identity Type (Registration)

Display the ID and ID type received from the UE during registration. The format of the ID depends on the ID type: IMSI, IMEI, IMSISV, TMSI, or none.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RITYpe?
```

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RIDentity?
```

2.4.13.5 Requested UE Data

The parameters in this section specify which information is requested from the UE and whether registration is performed or not.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.



Figure 2-100: Settings for requested UE data

Attach/Detach

Enable or disable the CS registration and PS attach procedure. If disabled, the UE listens to paging messages when it has detected the UTRAN cell simulated by the instrument.

Disabling the registration requires the default IMSI to be set properly, see "[Default IMSI](#)" on page 229. UEs that are configured to always attach to the packet switched domain, ignore the setting "Attach/Detach" = disabled.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:ADETach
```

IMEI Request

Enable or disable the request of the international mobile station equipment identity (IMEI) from the UE. A received IMEI is displayed in the main view.

An IMEI request is also possible for connections without previous UE registration. If the IMEI request is enabled when a connection to a non-registered UE is established, the instrument sends an identity request. The result is displayed after a delay caused by the exchange of signaling messages. A signaled IMEI is deleted after the connection is released and the instrument has reached the signal on state, because no assignment to the DUT is possible any more.

Remote command:

`CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:IMEI`

Radio Capability Update Requirement

Enable or disable the request of the radio capability update from the UE.

The UE capabilities are displayed in the main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.4, "UE Capabilities", on page 139](#).

Remote command:

`CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:RCUR`

2.4.13.6 Cell Reselection

The parameters in this section define the cell reselection information to be transmitted in the system information blocks SIB3, SIB11 or SIB19. For detailed information, refer to 3GPP TS 25.304.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

Cell Reselection	-32 dB
S intrasearch	-32 dB
S intersearch	-32 dB
S searchrat GSM	-32 dB
Q qualmin	-24 dB
Q rxlevmin	-115 dBm
Q rxlevmin E-UTRA	-140 dBm
Q hyst1s	4 dB
Q hyst2s	4 dB
T reselections	2 s

Figure 2-101: Settings for cell reselection

S intrasearch.....	230
S intersearch.....	230
S searchrat GSM.....	231
Q qualmin.....	231
Q rxlevmin.....	231
Q rxlevmin E-UTRA.....	231
Q hyst1s, Q hyst2s.....	231
T reselection.....	231

S intrasearch

Sets threshold $S_{\text{intrasearch}}$ for intra-frequency measurements and for the hierarchical cell structure (HCS) measurement rules.

Remote command:

`CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:SEARCH`

S intersearch

Sets threshold $S_{\text{intersearch}}$ for inter-frequency measurements and for the HCS measurement rules.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:SEARCH
```

S searchrat GSM

Sets threshold S search_{RAT m} used in inter-RAT measurement rules for RAT m = GSM.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:SEARCH
```

Q qualmin

Sets minimum required quality level in the target cell.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity
```

Q rxlevmin

Sets minimum required RX level in the target UMTS cell.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity
```

Q rxlevmin E-UTRA

Sets minimum required RX level in the target LTE cell.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity
```

Q hyst1s, Q hyst2s

Sets the hysteresis for the cell reselection algorithm.

- **Q hyst1s:** used for GSM, TDD and for FDD cells in case the quality measure for reselection is set to CPICH RSCP
- **Q hyst2s:** used for FDD cells if the quality measure for reselection is set to CPICH Ec/No

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity
```

T reselection

Sets the time hysteresis for the cell reselection algorithm.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:TIME
```

2.4.13.7 Timer and Constants

The parameters in this section configure timers and counters.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

	T3212	T3312	Out Of Synch
TimeOut	0	0	4 s
Paging Repetitions	3		
Paging Indications per Frame	18		
Activation Time Offset	0 (0: Fast, 10: Slow)		
Network Inactivity Timer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 10 s		
MOC Alerting Timeout	0 s		
<hr/>			
UE			
N313	20		
T313 Timeout	3 s		
T323	10 s		

Figure 2-102: Timer and constants settings

Network	232
└ TimeOut of T3212/T3312	232
└ TimeOut of OutOfSynch	232
└ Paging Repetitions	233
└ Paging Indications per Frame	233
└ Activation Time Offset	233
└ Network Inactivity Timer	233
└ MOC Alerting Timeout	233
UE	233
└ N313	234
└ T313 Timeout	234
└ T323	234

Network

Configures the network-related timers and constants.

TimeOut of T3212/T3312 ← Network

Timer T3212 controls the initiation of a periodic location area update by the UE. It is set in multiples of 6 minutes. If 0 is set, no periodic location area update is required.

Timer T3312 controls the initiation of a periodic routing area update by the UE. It is set in multiples of 2 seconds. If 0 is set, no periodic routing area update is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3212`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3312`

TimeOut of OutOfSynch ← Network

The "OutOfSynch" timer specifies the time after which the instrument, having waited for a signal from the connected UE, releases the connection and returns to state registered.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:OSYNch`

Paging Repetitions ← Network

This counter limits the number of paging procedures to be performed if no answer is received from the UE. Paging is repeated until the specified number of paging repetitions is reached. Then the call setup is aborted.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PREPetitions
```

Paging Indications per Frame ← Network

Number N_p of paging indicators that the R&S CMW transmits in each PICH frame. According to 3GPP TS 25.211, this number equals 18, 36, 72, or 144. The parameter N_p occurs in 3GPP TS 34.121, e.g. in section "Demodulation of Paging Channel (PCH)".

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PPIF
```

Activation Time Offset ← Network

Delay used by the RRC for calculation of the activation time in peer messages, e.g. for channel changes within the band.

A low value results in fast signaling, a high value in slow signaling. If your UE does not support fast signaling, increase the value.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:ATOffset
```

Network Inactivity Timer ← Network

Time the R&S CMW waits since last u-plane activity before it commands the UE to leave CELL_DCH RRC state. The PDP context stays active.

For the description of remaining inactivity parameters, refer to "[Inactivity Settings](#)" on page 221.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

MOC Alerting Timeout ← Network

Specifies the time period of R&S CMW alerting state. When the timer expires, the R&S CMW changes to "Call Established" state. If the value is 0, the alerting state is skipped.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:MOC
```

UE

Configures the UE-related timers and constants.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

N313 ← UE

Maximum number of successive "out of sync" indications received from layer 1 before the UE considers a radio link failure condition and a connection release; see 3GPP TS 25.331. A specific value for N313 is required for some conformance tests; e.g. 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.4.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:N313`

T313 Timeout ← UE

Maximum time after which the connected UE, having waited for a signal from the instrument, initiates the clearing of the connection by sending a disconnect request.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T313`

T323 ← UE

Time the UE waits upon inactivity before it terminates the PS data session. PDP context remains active, the IP address is kept.

For remote control and the description of remaining inactivity parameters, refer to "[Inactivity Settings](#)" on page 221.

Option R&S CMW-KS404 is required.

2.4.13.8 Reject Causes

The parameters in this section configure the rejection of RRC connection request, location update requests and attach requests received from the UE.

The rejection causes are defined in 3GPP TS 24.008, section 10.5.3.6 and annex G. The purpose of rejecting UE requests is to test the reaction of the UE: does it repeat the request at all and if so, in which time intervals.

The section is not relevant for reduced signaling. It is only visible if R&S CMW-KS410 is available.

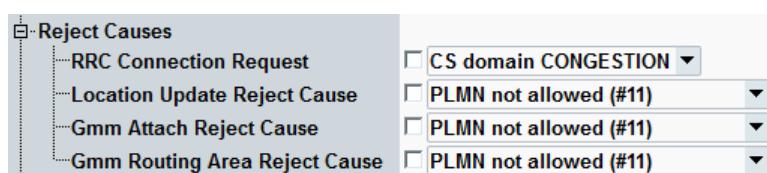


Figure 2-103: Reject cause settings

RRC Connection Request

If the checkbox is enabled, the application rejects RRC connection requests of the UE. The R&S CMW signals the specified reject cause in the reject message. If enabled, no connection setup is executed.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:RRCRequest`

Location Update Reject Cause

If the checkbox is enabled, the application rejects location area update requests from the UE and includes the selected reject cause in the reject message. If enabled, no location area update is executed.

Enables or disables the rejection of routing area update requests and selects the rejection cause to be transmitted.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCause:LOCATION`

Gmm Attach Reject Cause

If the checkbox is enabled, the application rejects attach requests from the UE and includes the selected reject cause in the reject message. If enabled, no attach is executed.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCause:ATTach`

Gmm Routing Area Update Reject Cause

If the checkbox is enabled, the application rejects routing area update requests from the UE and includes the selected reject cause in the reject message. If enabled, no routing area update is executed.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCause:ROUTing`

2.4.13.9 Neighbor Cell Settings

This section defines neighbor cell information to be broadcast to the UE. For each radio access technology, you can define several neighbor cell entries. The signaling messages for broadcast of neighbor cell information are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331.

		Edit ...			
		Band	Channel	Scrambling Code	Measurement
WCDMA FDD	1	Band 1	10562	10A	hex <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	2	Band 2	412	10B	hex <input type="checkbox"/>
GSM	1	Band	Channel	BSIC	Measurement
	2	GSM900	0	2	<input type="checkbox"/>
LTE	1	GSM900	124	3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	2	Band	Channel	Measurement	
	1	Band 1	300		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	2	Band 2	700		<input type="checkbox"/>
Threshold		High			
		5	10 dB		

Figure 2-104: Neighbor cell settings

Configuration.....	236
WCDMA FDD.....	236
GSM.....	236
LTE.....	236
L Threshold.....	236

Configuration

To configure the neighbor cell entries, press the "Edit" button. The configuration dialog contains one tab per technology. Only the enabled entries are broadcast. The evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message can be enabled or disabled for each neighbor cell (see also [Chapter 2.4.18, "UE Measurement Report Settings", on page 265](#)).

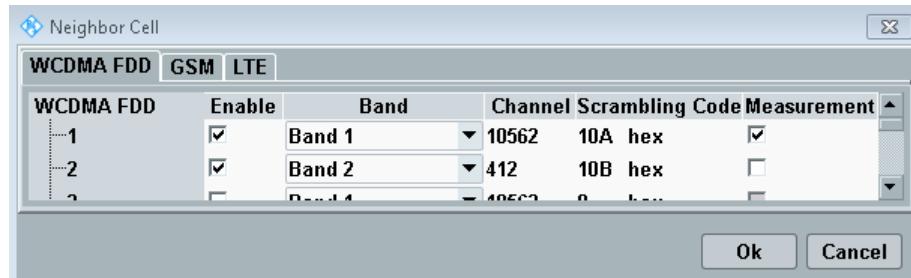


Figure 2-105: Neighbor cell configuration dialog

WCDMA FDD

For a WCDMA neighbor cell entry, you can specify the operating band, the downlink channel number and the primary scrambling code of the cell.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELL:WCDMa:CELL<n>
```

GSM

For a GSM neighbor cell entry, you can specify the operating band, BSIC and the channel number used for the broadcast control channel (BCCH).

Different BSIC configurations enable neighbor cell measurements on several neighbor cells with the same channel number.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELL:GSM:CELL<n>
```

LTE

For an LTE neighbor cell entry, you can specify the operating band and the downlink channel number.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELL:LTE:CELL<n>
```

Threshold ← LTE

The configured "High" reselection threshold value is written into the system information block element "threshXhigh" defined in 3GPP TS 25.331. The resulting threshold value in dB is displayed for information.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELL:LTE:THresholds:HIGH
```

2.4.13.10 Time

The "Time" section allows you to send configurable date and time information to the UE. Thus you can update the date and time displayed by the mobile. In a real network, this service is typically used to send the current local time to the UE.

The section is not relevant for reduced signaling. It is only visible if R&S CMW-KS410 is available.



Figure 2-106: Time settings

Time Source.....	237
Date / Time (UTC).....	237
Daylight Saving Time.....	237
Local Time Zone Offset.....	238
Send Time.....	238

Time Source

This parameter selects the date and time source.

- **"CMW Time"**

Selects the current CMW (Windows) date and time as source. The Windows settings determine the UTC date, the UTC time, the current daylight saving time offset and the time zone offset.

- **"Date / Time"**

Selects the parameters "Date / Time (UTC)" and "Daylight Saving Time" as source. The time zone offset is set to 0.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSource`

Date / Time (UTC)

Defines the UTC date and time to be used if "Time Source" is set to "Date / Time".

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DATE`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TIME`

Daylight Saving Time

Specifies a daylight saving time (DST) offset to be used if "Time Source" is set to "Date / Time".

You can disable DST or enable it with an offset of +1 hour or +2 hours.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DSTime
```

Local Time Zone Offset

Defines the time zone offset to be used if "Time Source" is set to "Date / Time".

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:LTZoffset
```

Send Time

Press "Now" to send the date and time information to the UE.

"at Register" selects whether the date and time information is sent to the UE during the registration and attach procedures or not.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SNOW
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SREGISTER
```

2.4.13.11 Synchronization

The parameters in this section configure the synchronization to other signaling applications.



Figure 2-107: Synchronization settings

Synchronization Zone

Select the same synchronization zone in all signaling applications that you want to synchronize. "None" means that the application is not synchronized to other signaling applications.

Synchronizing signaling applications means synchronizing the used system time. It is useful for example for evaluation of message logs, because the time stamps in the logs are synchronized.

Synchronizing two WCDMA signaling applications means also synchronizing the used system frame numbers.

This parameter is suspended in the state CEST (connection established).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:ZONE
```

Synchronization Offset

Configures the timing offset at cell start, relative to the time zone.

Without offset, the cell signal starts with system frame number 0 and a system time according to the time zone. With an offset, the cell starts with delay: system frame number 0 plus the |offset| and a system time according to the time zone plus the |offset|.

This parameter is suspended in the state CEST (connection established).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:OFFSET`

2.4.14 HSDPA Settings

This section contains parameters for HSDPA configuration, e.g. the configuration of the transport channel HS-DSCH.

All settings require option R&S CMW-KS401, user-defined channel configuration requires also R&S CMW-KS411.

Alternatively use the wizard for the quick configuration of the automatic HSDPA maximum throughput settings, see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163.

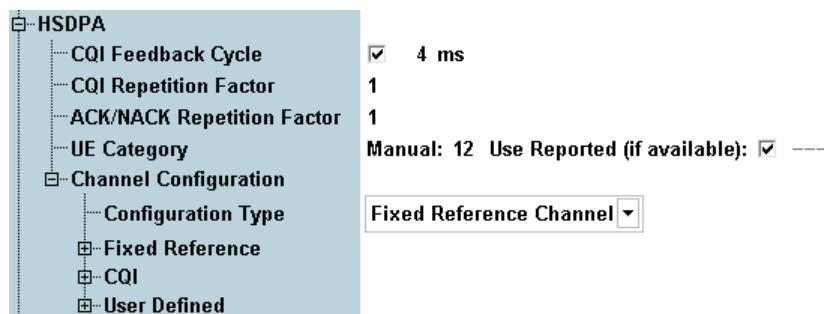


Figure 2-108: HSDPA settings

For parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections.

- [Miscellaneous HSDPA Settings](#)..... 239
- [Fixed Reference Channel Configuration](#)..... 241
- [CQI Test Channel Configuration](#)..... 242
- [User-Defined Channel Configuration](#)..... 245

2.4.14.1 Miscellaneous HSDPA Settings

This section describes the first part of the HSDPA section.

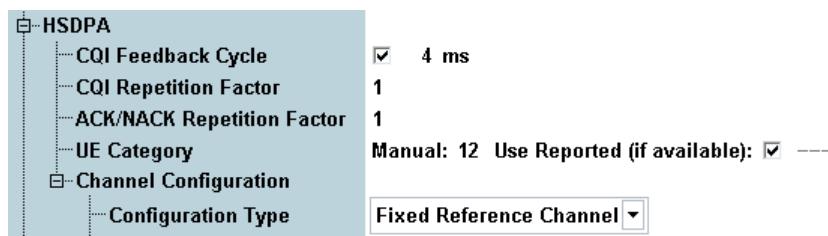


Figure 2-109: Miscellaneous HSDPA settings

CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor.....	240
ACK/NACK Repetition Factor.....	240
UE Category.....	241
Configuration Type.....	241

CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor

The feedback cycle specifies the time after which the UE sends a new CQI value on the HS-DPCCH. The repetition factor defines how often it transmits the same CQI value per feedback cycle. If the feedback cycle parameter is disabled, the UE transmits no CQI values at all.

For a feedback cycle of $n \times 2$ ms and a repetition factor of m , a new CQI symbol is transmitted in every n -th subframe. The transmission of the CQI symbol is then repeated in the following $m-1$ subframes.

Either a new or a repeated CQI value can be sent per HS-DPCCH subframe, so 3GPP requests that $\text{feedback cycle} \geq \text{repetition factor} \times 2 \text{ ms}$. If $\text{feedback cycle} = \text{repetition factor} \times 2 \text{ ms}$ then all uplink subframes carry CQI symbols so that no DTX periods occur.

See also 3GPP TS 25.214, section 6A.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FBCycle
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RFActor
```

ACK/NACK Repetition Factor

Specifies the number of transmissions of the same ACK/NACK. The UE repeats the transmission in consecutive HS-DPCCH subframes.

The UE has to ignore the HS-SCCH and HS-DSCH subframes corresponding to HS-DPCCH subframes used for retransmission. This retransmission must be considered when performing BER measurements. Ensure that the inter-TTI distance is greater than or equal to the repetition mode * 2 ms.

See also 3GPP TS 25.214, section 6A.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:ANRFactor
```

UE Category

In signaling mode, the UE category can be set either manually or it can be set automatically according to the UE capability report. In reduced signaling mode, the category must be set manually.

- Manually set value:

If you set the category manually and use a fixed reference channel, the configured category and the selected H-Set must be compatible. For mapping tables refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 9 or see "[H-Set selection for fixed reference channels](#)" on page 56.

Consider that the dual carrier operation requires UE category from 21 onwards.

See also "[HSDPA UE categories](#)" on page 53

- "Use Reported (if available)":

If no reported value is available, the manually configured value is used.

If reported values are available, the application displays the used value.

Note that the terms UE category and HS-DSCH category are synonymous in the context of HSDPA.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:MANual  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:REPorted
```

Configuration Type

Selects the configuration type of the high-speed downlink shared channel (HS-DSCH). The HS-DSCH is the downlink transport channel for user data.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

- "**Fixed Reference Channel**": FRC according to 3GPP TS 25.101, annex A7. Many performance tests for HSDPA use a specific FRC. For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.14.2, "Fixed Reference Channel Configuration"](#), on page 241.
- "**CQI**": Channel for CQI reporting tests. For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.14.3, "CQI Test Channel Configuration"](#), on page 242.
- "**User Defined**": Flexible configuration of transport channel parameters by the user. For configuration, see [Chapter 2.4.14.4, "User-Defined Channel Configuration"](#), on page 245.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:TYPE
```

2.4.14.2 Fixed Reference Channel Configuration

This section configures a fixed reference channel (FRC). The settings take effect when a connection with an HS-DSCH of this configuration type is set up, see "[Configuration Type](#)" on page 241.



Figure 2-110: Fixed reference channel configuration

H-Set

Fixed reference channels (FRC) for HSDPA conformance tests are defined in 3GPP TS 25.101, annex A7. Each FRC is identified by an H-Set. Most H-Sets are available with different modulation schemes.

The following H-Sets are not defined in annex A7:

- "H-Set 1 Max Input": see 3GPP TS 25.101, section 7.4.2.1
- "H-Set 1A Max Input": see 3GPP TS 34.121, section 6.3C
- "H-Set 8 Max Input": see 3GPP TS 25.101, section 7.4.2.2
- "H-Set 8A Max Input": see 3GPP TS 25.101, section 7.4.3.2
- "H-Set 8B Max Input": see 3GPP TS 25.101, section 7.4.4.2
- "H-Set 8/12 Max Throughput": H-Set 8/12 with parameter values optimized for maximum throughput. These H-Sets are not standardized.

For additional information about the H-Sets, see "[H-Set selection for fixed reference channels](#)" on page 56.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required for R5 H-Sets, R&S CMW-KS403 for R7 H-Sets, R&S CMW-KS404 for R8 H-Sets, R&S CMW-KS405 for R9 H-Sets, R&S CMW-KS406 for R10 H-Sets.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPA:FIXed:HSET
```

2.4.14.3 CQI Test Channel Configuration

This section configures a CQI reporting test channel. The settings take effect when a connection with an HS-DSCH of this configuration type is set up, see "[Configuration Type](#)" on page 241.

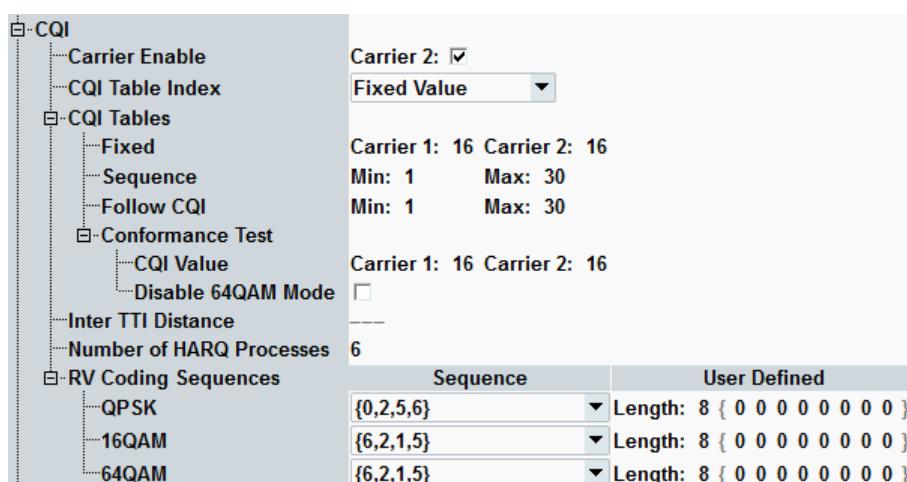


Figure 2-111: CQI test channel configuration

Carrier Enable	243
CQI Table Index, CQI Tables	243
Inter-TTI Distance	244
Number of HARQ Processes	244
RV Coding Sequences	244

Carrier Enable

Enables or disables the usage of an additional carrier for data transport via the HS-DSCH.

This parameter is only visible while a multi-carrier scenario is active.

Option R&S CMW-KS404 required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:ENABLE`

CQI Table Index, CQI Tables

Determine the downlink transport format of the CQI test channels. The settings refer to the CQI mapping tables defined in 3GPP TS 25.214, section 6A.2.3. Which of the tables is applied depends on the UE category, see "[UE Category](#)" on page 241.

Each row of a mapping table can be identified via the CQI value listed in the first table column. Selection of a table row is done via this CQI value.

If a reference power adjustment is defined in the used table row, it reduces the HS-DSCH power. This reduction is compensated automatically by an increased OCNS power, so that the output channel power remains constant irrespective of the used CQI value.

Select one of the following values for "CQI Table Index" and configure the corresponding "CQI Tables" parameter.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

- **"Fixed Value"**: A fixed mapping table row is used. Parameter "Fixed" selects the CQI value of the row.
If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.
- **"Sequence"**: A range of mapping table rows is used. The used row changes cyclically from the minimum to the maximum CQI value configured via parameter "Sequence".
The sequence starts with the minimum CQI value. For each scheduled subframe the CQI value is increased by one, until the maximum value has been used. Then the sequence restarts with the minimum value.
- **"Follow CQI UL"**: The CQI value to be used is proposed by the UE. The parameter "Follow CQI" allows you to restrict the range of allowed CQI values.
If the minimum CQI is set to a larger value than the maximum CQI, then only the maximum value is allowed.
- **"Conformance Test"**: Use this value for CQI reporting tests with the HSDPA CQI measurement (see [Chapter 2.4.27, "HSDPA CQI Measurement Configuration"](#), on page 293). The parameter "Conformance Test" defines the CQI value to be used in the first stage of the test. The downlink transport format is fixed and the distribution of the reported CQI values is monitored.
Also 64-QAM modulation can be enabled or disabled in conformance test mode.
Option R&S CMW-KS403 is required for 64-QAM modulation.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:SEQUence  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FOLLOW  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance:MODE
```

Inter-TTI Distance

Displays the minimum distance between two consecutive transmission time intervals in which the HS-DSCH is allocated to the UE (1 to 3 TTIs).

In accordance with the CQI test requirements, the inter-TTI distance is automatically set to 3 if "Conformance Test" is selected. Otherwise the inter-TTI distance depends on the UE category.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TTI?
```

Number of HARQ Processes

Number of hybrid automatic repeat request processes for retransmission of HSDPA packets.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:HARQ
```

RV Coding Sequences

Redundancy and constellation version coding sequences, defining the retransmission of HSDPA packets.

The format of a coding sequence is $\{X_{rv,0}, \dots, X_{rv,N}\}$ for N retransmissions. The first value defines the initial transmission and each subsequent value defines one retransmission.

Each X_{rv} value is a 3-bit number, encoding two redundancy version parameters and for 16-QAM and 64-QAM modulation also a constellation version parameter. For details refer to 3GPP TS 25.212, sections 4.5.4 and 4.6.2.1.

In the first column, you can select a predefined sequence for each modulation scheme. Alternatively you can select "User Defined" and define the length of the sequence and the sequence itself in the second column. For length = n only the first n entries within the brackets are considered.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 required for QPSK and 16-QAM, R&S CMW-KS403 required for 64-QAM.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK:  
UDEFined
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>:
UDEFined
```

2.4.14.4 User-Defined Channel Configuration

This section configures a user-defined HS-DSCH. The settings take effect when a connection with this configuration type is set up, see "Configuration Type" on page 241.

User-defined channel configuration requires option R&S CMW-KS411.

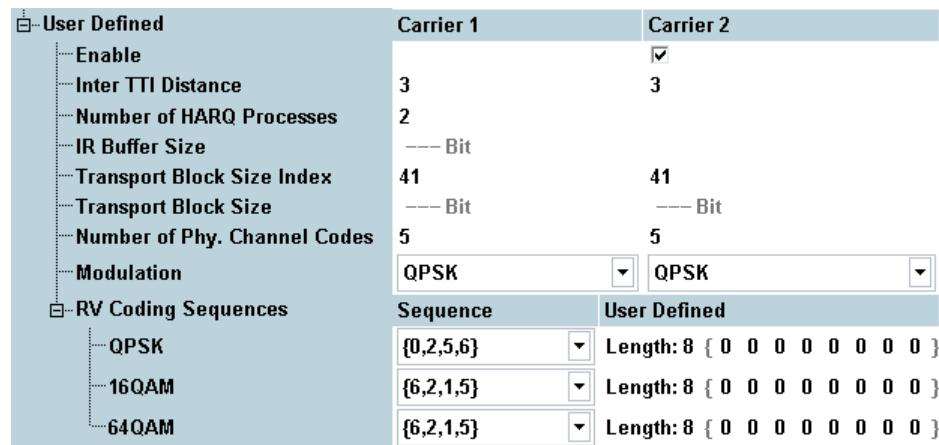


Figure 2-112: User-defined channel configuration

Enable.....	245
Inter-TTI Distance.....	245
Number of HARQ Processes.....	246
IR Buffer Size.....	246
Transport Block Size Index.....	246
Transport Block Size.....	246
Number of Physical Channel Codes.....	246
Modulation.....	247
RV Coding Sequences.....	247

Enable

Enables or disables the usage of an additional carrier for data transport via the HS-DSCH.

This parameter is only visible while a multi-carrier scenario is active.

Options R&S CMW-KS404 and R&S CMW-KS411 are required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:ENABLE
```

Inter-TTI Distance

Minimum distance between two consecutive transmission time intervals in which the HS-DSCH is allocated to the UE.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TTI
```

Number of HARQ Processes

Number of hybrid automatic repeat request processes for retransmission of HSDPA packets.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:HARQ
```

IR Buffer Size

Displays the size (no. of bits) of the virtual IR buffer used in the H-ARQ process. The IR buffer size is given by the total buffer size divided by the number of HARQ processes. The total buffer size for all H-ARQ processes is fixed for each UE category; see 3GPP TS 25.306, table 5.1a, "Total number of soft channel bits".

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:IRBuffer?
```

Transport Block Size Index

Value of the transport format and resource indicator (TFRI) signaled to the UE. The TFRI is also called k_i in the specification. It is used for calculation of the transport block size.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock
```

Transport Block Size

Displays the used transport block size for information. The value depends on the transport block size index, the modulation type and the number of assigned channelization codes.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock
```

Number of Physical Channel Codes

Number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes to be assigned to the UE.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

See also "[Channel Code](#)" on page 195.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:NCODEs
```

Modulation

Modulation scheme QPSK, 16-QAM or 64-QAM.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required for QPSK and 16-QAM.

Options R&S CMW-KS411 and R&S CMW-KS403 are required for 64-QAM.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:  
MODulation
```

RV Coding Sequences

Redundancy and constellation version coding sequences, defining the retransmission of HSDPA packets.

The parameters are configured in the same way as for CQI channels, see "[RV Coding Sequences](#)" on page 244.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required for QPSK and 16-QAM.

Options R&S CMW-KS411 and R&S CMW-KS403 are required for 64-QAM.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK:  
UDEFined  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:  
QAM<no>:UDEFined
```

2.4.15 HSUPA Settings

The parameters in this section configure for example the HSUPA system information and the contents transmitted via E-AGCH, E-RGCH and E-HICH.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Alternatively use the wizard for the quick configuration of the following automatic settings (see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163):

- HSUPA maximum throughput
- HSPA maximum throughput
- HSUPA maximum output power
- Dual carrier HSPA inner loop power control

For parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections.

• Miscellaneous HSUPA Settings	248
• E-AGCH Settings	252
• E-RGCH and E-HICH Settings	255
• RAB H-ARQ Profile Settings	257

2.4.15.1 Miscellaneous HSUPA Settings

This section describes the common settings of the HSUPA section.

Many of the parameter values are signaled to the UE in the radio bearer setup message. The message contents are specified in 3GPP TS 25.331. For easier identification of the parameters in the standard, the corresponding sections of the radio bearer setup message are mentioned below for most parameters.

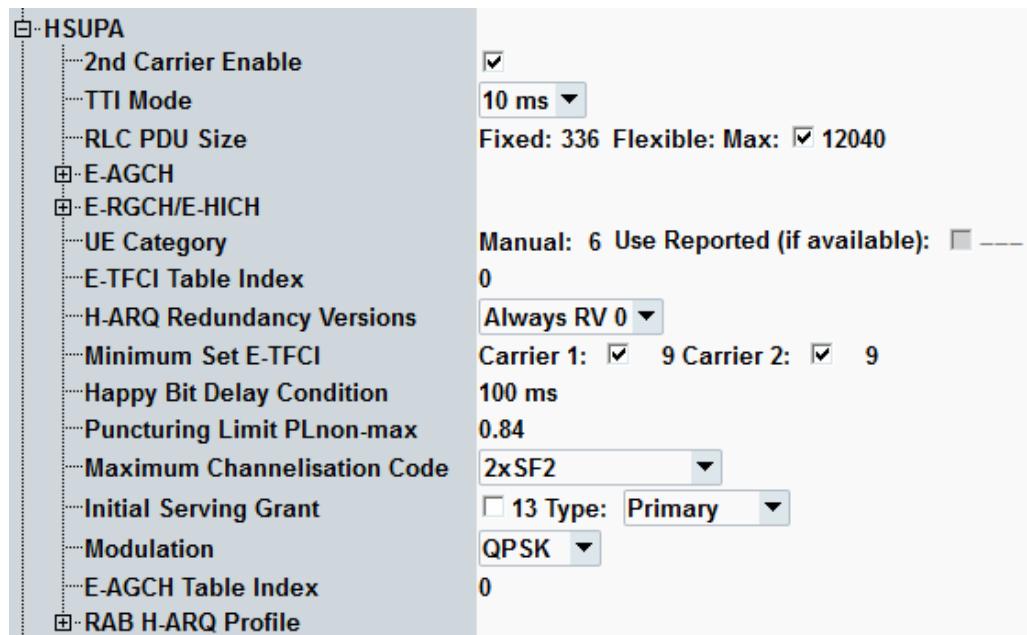


Figure 2-113: HSUPA settings (dual carrier HSPA)

2nd Carrier Enable.....	248
TTI Mode.....	249
RLC PDU Size.....	249
E-AGCH.....	249
E-RGCH/E-HICH.....	249
UE Category.....	249
E-TFCI Table Index.....	250
H-ARQ Redundancy Versions.....	250
Minimum Set E-TFCI.....	250
Happy Bit Delay Condition.....	250
Puncturing Limit PL _{non-max}	250
Maximum Channelization Code.....	251
Initial Serving Grant.....	251
Modulation.....	251
E-AGCH Table Index.....	251
RAB H-ARQ Profile.....	252

2nd Carrier Enable

Generally enables/disables additional carrier in scenarios with multi-carrier in uplink.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ENABLE
```

TTI Mode

Selects the transmission time interval (TTI) for the E-DCH. 3GPP TS 25.321 allows TTIs of 2 ms (1 HSUPA subframe comprising 3 slots) or 10 ms duration (1 WCDMA frame comprising 15 slots). Depending on the UE category the UE supports both or only one TTI mode, see [Table 2-11](#).

The TTI duration has an impact on the HARQ processes (4 for 10 ms TTI, 8 for 2 ms TTI) and on the structure of the downlink HSUPA channels.

If the secondary uplink carrier is enabled, only 2 ms TTI can be used.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:TTI
```

RLC PDU Size

Selects the RLC PDU size to be signaled to the UE to configure its UL RLC PDU size. Uplink signals with specific RLC PDU size are used in various conformance tests.

Flexible RLC PDU size is only relevant for dual uplink carrier connections. Maximum value for the flexible RLC PDU size can be set and enabled.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU:FLEXible
```

E-AGCH

See [Chapter 2.4.15.2, "E-AGCH Settings"](#), on page 252

E-RGCH/E-HICH

See [Chapter 2.4.15.3, "E-RGCH and E-HICH Settings"](#), on page 255

UE Category

In signaling mode, the UE category can be either set manually or it can be set automatically according to the UE capability report. In reduced signaling mode, the category must be set manually.

- "Use Reported (if available)" disabled:
The manually configured value is used.
- "Use Reported (if available)" enabled:
If no reported value is available, the manually configured value is used.
If a reported value is available, the application uses and displays it.

Note that the terms UE category and E-DCH physical layer category are synonymous in the context of HSUPA. See also ["HSUPA UE categories"](#) on page 52.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:MANual
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:REPorted
```

E-TFCI Table Index

Specifies the E-TFCI table index value signaled to the UE in section "E-DPDCH Info".

The value indicates which table has to be used by the UE for mapping between the E-TFCI and the E-DCH transport block size. The tables 0 and 1 are defined in annex B of 3GPP TS 25.321. In addition, 3GPP specifies table 2 and 3 to be used for 16QAM modulated signals in uplink. The selected table index is automatically increased by RRC for 16QAM HSUPA signals.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ETFCi:TINdex
```

H-ARQ Redundancy Versions

Specifies the "HARQ RV Configuration" value signaled to the UE in section "HARQ Info for E-DCH".

The UE can be ordered to use always redundancy version 0. Or it can be ordered to determine the redundancy version using a table as specified in 3GPP TS 25.212.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HRVersion
```

Minimum Set E-TFCI

Specifies the E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI value signaled to the UE in section "E-DPDCH Info". The checkbox allows you to enable/disable transmission of the information element.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ETFCi:MSET
```

Happy Bit Delay Condition

Specifies the "happy" bit delay condition value signaled to the UE in section "E-DPCCH Info".

The UE compares this value to the time needed to transmit the E-DCH buffer contents with current transmission parameters. If the transmission time is longer than the delay condition (and some other conditions are fulfilled), the UE sets the happy bit to "unhappy". For details see 3GPP TS 25.321, section 11.8.1.5.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HBDConition
```

Puncturing Limit PL_{non-max}

Specifies the PL_{non-max} value signaled to the UE in section "E-DPDCH Info".

This parameter limits the amount of puncturing that the UE is allowed to perform. The allowed puncturing in % equals $(1-PL) \times 100$.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PLP1nonmax`

Maximum Channelization Code

Specifies the maximum channelization codes value signaled to the UE in section "E-DPDCH Info".

The value indicates the maximum channelization code configuration the UE can use and thus the maximum data rate. The data rate is increased by using a smaller spreading factor (SF) and by using several channelization codes in parallel for the E-DCH transmission.

Values sorted from low to high data rate:

- SF64 to SF4: one code, SF 64 to SF 4
- 2xSF4: two codes, SF 4
- 2xSF2: two codes, SF 2
- 2xSF2 and 2xSF4: four codes; two with SF 2 and two with SF 4

Of these values, only a subset of values compatible with the other configured HSUPA parameters is offered. This subset depends on the UE category, the RLC PDU size, the TTI mode, the test mode type and some other parameters. See also [Table 2-11](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MCCode`

Initial Serving Grant

Specifies the serving grant value and the primary/secondary grant selector signaled to the UE in section "E-DCH Info".

Value 38 means ZERO_GRANT. The checkbox allows you to enable/disable transmission of the information element.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ISGRant`

Modulation

Selects the E-DCH modulation scheme to be used during HSUPA connection.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MODulation`

E-AGCH Table Index

Specifies the mapping of the absolute grant value according to 3GPP TS 25.212.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:TIndex`

RAB H-ARQ Profile

See [Chapter 2.4.15.4, "RAB H-ARQ Profile Settings", on page 257](#)

2.4.15.2 E-AGCH Settings

The following settings configure the absolute grant messages transmitted via the enhanced DCH absolute grant channel (E-AGCH).

An absolute grant defines the maximum amount of uplink (E-DCH) resources the UE can use (see 3GPP TS 25.321). It is signaled to the UE by the serving cell. Up to two UE identities, one primary and one secondary, can be allocated to a UE at a time.

To enable the E-AGCH, see [Chapter 2.4.9.7, "HSUPA Downlink Channels", on page 196](#). To enable HSUPA, see [Chapter 2.4.11, "Connection Configuration", on page 210](#).

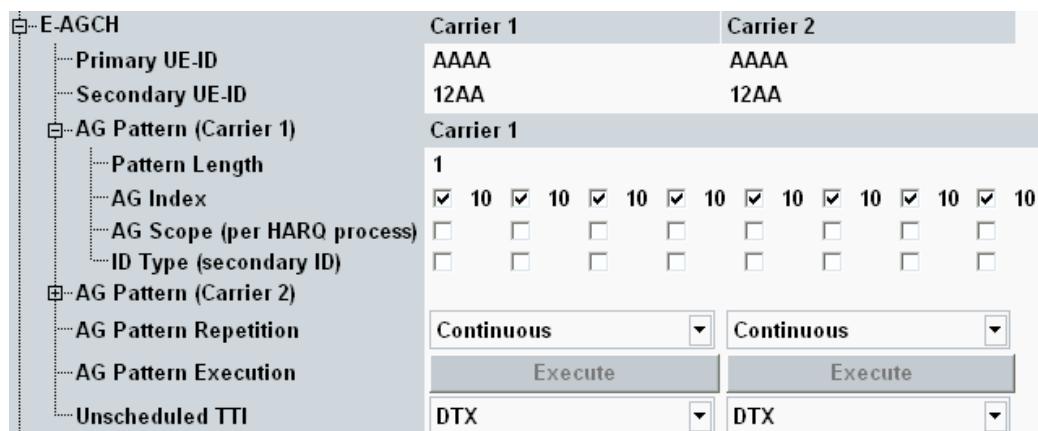


Figure 2-114: E-AGCH settings (dual carrier HSPA)

Primary / Secondary UE-ID.....	252
AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2).....	253
└ Pattern Length.....	253
└ AG Index.....	253
└ AG Scope (per HARQ process).....	253
└ ID Type (secondary ID).....	253
AG Pattern Repetition.....	254
AG Pattern Execution.....	254
Unscheduled TTI.....	254

Primary / Secondary UE-ID

Specify the primary and secondary E-DCH radio network temporary identifier (E-RNTI) of the UE.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSUPA.

Remote command:

`CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRIER<c>:HSUPA:EAGCh:UEID`

AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2)

Configures the absolute grant pattern, i.e. the sequence of absolute grant messages to be sent to the UE. The signaling application steps through the table from left to right, using one column per TTI.

Each table column contains three parameter values: It defines an absolute grant index, the absolute grant scope and selects whether the message is addressed to the primary or to the secondary UE-ID.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Pattern Length ← AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2)

Specifies the number of table columns to be considered (from left to right).

The maximum number of columns corresponds to the number of HARQ processes. For a 10 ms TTI, the maximum pattern length is 4. For a 2 ms TTI, the maximum length is 8.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:  
LENGth
```

AG Index ← AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2)

Specifies the absolute grant index. The UE maps the index to an absolute grant value, indicating the maximum E-DCH traffic to pilot ratio (E-DPDCH/DPCCH) that the UE is allowed to use in the next transmission.

Index 0 means INACTIVE, index 1 means ZERO_GRANT.

If a checkbox is disabled, an unscheduled TTI is used. Either DTX or a dummy absolute grant for another UE can be transmitted, see "["Unscheduled TTI"](#)" on page 254.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:  
INDEX
```

AG Scope (per HARQ process) ← AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2)

The absolute grant scope defines whether the absolute grant applies to all HARQ processes (checkbox disabled) or to one HARQ process only (checkbox enabled).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:  
SCOPE
```

ID Type (secondary ID) ← AG Pattern (Carrier 1/2)

Specifies whether the absolute grant message is addressed to the primary UE-ID (checkbox disabled) or to the secondary UE-ID (checkbox enabled).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:TYPE
```

AG Pattern Repetition

By default, the configured absolute grant pattern is executed continuously. So when the end of the pattern is reached, it starts again with the first column.

With repetition "Once", the selected pattern is transmitted once whenever the "Execute" button is pressed. Before and after transmission of the pattern there are unscheduled TTIs.

With a pattern of length 1, repetition "Once" allows you to reset the E-TFCI of the UE to a definite value whenever needed.

The repetition "SG initialized" has meaning only in the context of E-RGCH measurements. It must be selected for correct configuration of the measurement algorithm.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:  
REPetition
```

AG Pattern Execution

Triggers the execution of a single absolute grant pattern ("AG Pattern Repetition" = "Once"). The button is irrelevant for continuous patterns and is active during the active call.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:  
EXECute
```

Unscheduled TTI

Defines the transmission in unscheduled TTIs per UL carrier. Unscheduled TTIs occur before and after pattern transmission with repetition "Once". A disabled AG index also results in an unscheduled TTI.

- **"Transmit Dummy UEID"**: The E-AGCH power is maintained and the unscheduled TTIs contain a UE-ID which is different from the specified primary and secondary UE-IDs.
- **"DTX"**: Discontinuous transmission is used during an unscheduled TTI, i.e. the output power is switched off.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:UTTI
```

2.4.15.3 E-RGCH and E-HICH Settings

The following settings configure the contents of the enhanced DCH relative grant channel (E-RGCH) and the enhanced DCH hybrid ARQ indicator channel (E-HICH) per UL carrier.

The E-RGCH carries relative grants, used in the scheduling process. The relative grants incrementally adjust the allowed UE transmit power and thus the maximum amount of uplink (E-DCH) resources the UE can use.

The E-HICH carries the HARQ acknowledgment indicator, representing the positive or negative acknowledgment of a previous uplink transport block.

To enable the E-HICH and the E-RGCH, see [Chapter 2.4.9.7, "HSUPA Downlink Channels"](#), on page 196. To enable HSUPA, see [Chapter 2.4.11, "Connection Configuration"](#), on page 210.

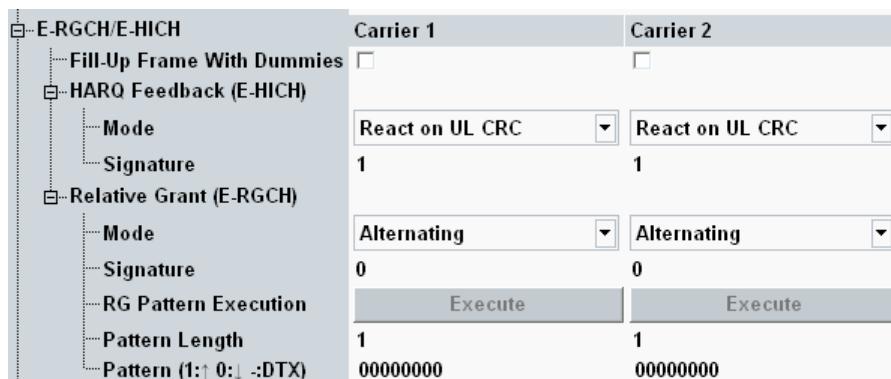


Figure 2-115: E-RGCH and E-HICH settings (dual carrier HSPA)

Fill-Up Frame With Dummies.....	255
HARQ Feedback (E-HICH).....	256
└ Mode.....	256
└ Signature.....	256
Relative Grant (E-RGCH).....	256
└ Mode.....	256
└ Signature.....	257
└ RG Pattern Execution.....	257
└ Pattern Length, Pattern.....	257

Fill-Up Frame With Dummies

With a 10 ms TTI, the E-RGCH and E-HICH are transmitted for 12 slots per frame. During the remaining slots, it is possible either to switch off the channels (DTX) or to continue sending to maintain the channel power (fill-up with dummies). This setting has no effect for 2 ms TTIs.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHRCh:FUFDummies
```

HARQ Feedback (E-HICH)

The following parameters configure the HARQ feedback transmitted via the E-HICH.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Mode ← HARQ Feedback (E-HICH)

Type of the HARQ acknowledgment indicator sequence transmitted via the E-HICH.

You can e.g. send an alternating sequence or an all ACK or all NACK or all DTX sequence. ACK corresponds to 1, NACK to 0.

The selection "React on UL CRC" sends: ACK for correct UL CRC, NACK for UL CRC error, DTX if no E-DPCCH is detected.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHICh:MODE
```

Signature ← HARQ Feedback (E-HICH)

E-HICH signature used to separate the E-HICH from the E-RGCH and from the E-HICH/E-RGCH allocated to other UEs.

The value is equal to the "Sequence index l" defined in 3GPP TS 25.211. Configure different values for the E-HICH signature and the E-RGCH signature.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHICh:SIGNature
```

Relative Grant (E-RGCH)

The following parameters configure the relative grant sequence transmitted via the E-RGCH.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Mode ← Relative Grant (E-RGCH)

Type of the relative grant sequence transmitted via the E-RGCH.

You can send an alternating sequence or an all UP or all DOWN or all DTX sequence. UP corresponds to 1, DOWN to 0 and DTX to -.

The selections "Continuous" and "Single Pattern + All DTX" transmit a configurable pattern continuously or once. For configuration of the pattern, see "["Pattern Length, Pattern"](#) on page 257.

The selection "Alternating H-ARQ Cycle" sends: 11110000... for a 10 ms TTI and 1111111000000000... for a 2 ms TTI. Thus it ensures an alternating 1010... pattern for every H-ARQ cycle.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:MODE
```

Signature ← Relative Grant (E-RGCH)

E-RGCH signature used to separate the E-RGCH from the E-HICH and from the E-HICH/E-RGCH allocated to other UEs.

The value is equal to the "Sequence index l" defined in 3GPP TS 25.211. Configure different values for the E-HICH signature and the E-RGCH signature.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:SIGNature
```

RG Pattern Execution ← Relative Grant (E-RGCH)

Triggers the execution of a single relative grant pattern ("Mode" = "Single Pattern + All DTX"). The button is irrelevant for the other modes.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:EXECute
```

Pattern Length, Pattern ← Relative Grant (E-RGCH)

Specify a single pattern for the modes "Continuous" and "Single Pattern + All DTX".

The maximum allowed pattern length depends on the TTI mode.

In a scenario with dual uplink carrier, individual values can be set per carrier.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Option R&S CMW-KS405 is also required for dual carrier HSPA.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:LENGTH
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern
```

2.4.15.4 RAB H-ARQ Profile Settings

The following settings configure the RAB H-ARQ profile signaled to the UE.

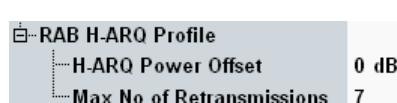


Figure 2-116: RAB H-ARQ profile settings

H-ARQ Power Offset

Specifies the E-DCH MAC-d flow power offset value signaled to the UE in section "Common E-DCH MAC-d flows".

The parameter is called Δ_{harq} in 3GPP TS 25.213 and used to define HARQ-dependent gain factors for the E-DPDCH.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:POFFset
```

Max No. of Retransmissions

Specifies the E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions signaled to the UE in section "Common E-DCH MAC-d flows".

This value indicates how often the HARQ entity in the UE can retransmit failed blocks.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:RETX
```

2.4.16 HS-SCCH Order Configuration

The following settings activate or deactivates multi-carrier operation in downlink and uplink. As prerequisite, the corresponding multi-carrier scenario must be selected.



Even if an additional carrier is disabled under the HS-SCCH order configuration, the RAB setup for the particular carrier is established during the connection setup anyway. This connection allows you to enable and activate the carrier later.



Figure 2-117: HS-SCCH order settings

HS-SCCH Order

Activates/deactivates additional downlink and uplink carrier in multi-carrier scenarios and queries the frame number, subframe number and acknowledgment related to the HS-SCCH order type 1 execution.

When a particular downlink frequency is deactivated, the corresponding uplink is also deactivated. However the deactivation of an uplink frequency does not imply the deactivation of the corresponding downlink.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HORDER:SEND
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDER:DL
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDER:UL
```

2.4.17 Continuous Packet Connectivity Settings

The parameters in this section configure the continuous packet connectivity (CPC) feature used by HSPA+ R7, defined in 3GPP TS 25.331.



Dependencies:

- Option R&S CMW-KS413 is required.
- CPC is possible either in packet data connection or in test mode type HSPA, direction HSPA, see [Connection Configuration](#).
- While the CPC is active, the data generator cannot be started and the test loop cannot be used.
Thus the data pattern setting is not relevant during the CPC, see [Data Pattern](#).
- R&S CMW does not check the UE CPC capability.
- R&S CMW warns if the conditions defined in 3GPP TS 25.331, section 8.6.6.39 (e.g. DTX-DRX information FDD only) are not fulfilled however the set values are not modified automatically.
- It is possible to activate DL DRX only if UL DTX is active.
- While the CPC is active, F-DPCH is activated automatically instead of the DPCH.
Also, the F-DPCH is displayed in the code domain diagram.

For the parameter descriptions, refer to the subsections and [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)"](#), on page 74.



Figure 2-118: CPC configuration (layout in reduced signaling)

• General CPC Settings.....	259
• Uplink DTX.....	260
• Downlink DRX.....	262
• E-DCH TX Start Time Restrictions.....	263
• HS-SCCH Less Operation Settings.....	264

2.4.17.1 General CPC Settings

This section describes the settings of the DTX-DRX timing information and the UL DPCCH slot format, see also [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)"](#), on page 74.

All parameters for the DTX-DRX timing information are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331. The UL DPCCH slot format is defined in 3GPP TS 25.211.

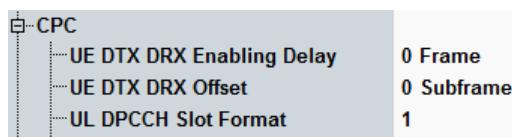


Figure 2-119: DTX-DRX timing information and DPCCH format

UE DTX DRX Enabling Delay.....	260
UE DTX DRX Offset.....	260
UL DPCCH Slot Format.....	260

UE DTX DRX Enabling Delay

Time the UE waits until enabling a new timing pattern for the DRX/DTX operation.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:DElay`

UE DTX DRX Offset

Offset of the DTX/DRX cycles at the given TTI.

This parameter is used to spread the transmission of the different UEs.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:OFFSet`

UL DPCCH Slot Format

Defines the UL DPCCH slot format used by the CPC.

In the R7 a new UL DPCCH slot format no. 4 was introduced, see [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)"](#), on page 74.

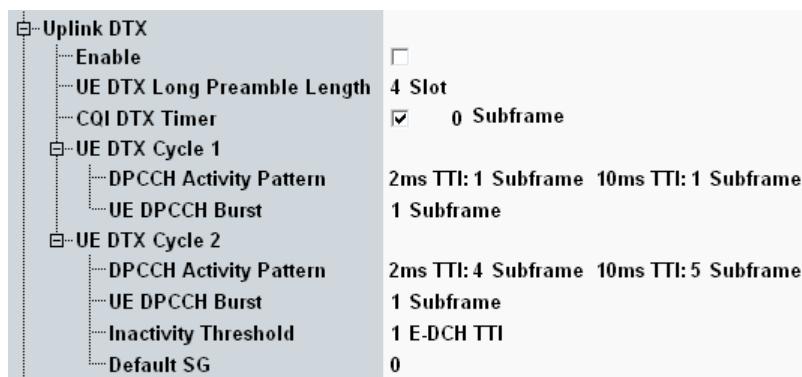
Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:SFORmat`

2.4.17.2 Uplink DTX

This section describes the parameters for the discontinuous transmission in the uplink, see also [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)"](#), on page 74.

The parameters from this section are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331 as the DTX-DRX information.

**Figure 2-120: Uplink DTX configuration**

Enable.....	261
UE DTX Long Preamble Length.....	261
CQI DTX Timer.....	261
UE DTX Cycle.....	261
└ DPCCH Activity Pattern.....	262
└ UE DPCCH Burst.....	262
└ Inactivity Threshold.....	262
└ Default SG.....	262

Enable

Enables discontinuous transmission in the uplink.

During reduced signaling is activated, use also the **HS-SCCH Order** button to trigger the order type 0 manually.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:ENABLE
```

UE DTX Long Preamble Length

Preamble is used for the synchronization. It transmitted by the UE in the DPCCH before the uplink DTX transmission.

UE transmits the DTX long preamble immediately before the E-DCH transmission in the UE DTX cycle 2.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:LPLength
```

CQI DTX Timer

Number of subframes after an HS-DSCH reception during which the CQI reports have higher priority than the DTX pattern and are transmitted according to the regular CQI pattern.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CQITimer
```

UE DTX Cycle

The following settings apply to the UE discontinuous transmission cycle one or two.

DPCCH Activity Pattern ← UE DTX Cycle

Specifies how often UE has to transmit uplink DPCCH when UE DTX cycle 1/2 is active.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:APattern:TTI<ms>
```

UE DPCCH Burst ← UE DTX Cycle

Specifies the length of DPCCH transmission when UE DTX cycle 1/2 is active.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:BURST
```

Inactivity Threshold ← UE DTX Cycle

Specifies when to activate the UE DTX cycle 2 after the last uplink data transmission.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:ITHreshold
```

Default SG ← UE DTX Cycle

Indicates E-DCH serving grant index for default serving grant value in the UE DTX cycle 2.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:DSG
```

2.4.17.3 Downlink DRX

This section describes the parameters for discontinuous reception in the downlink, see also [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)", on page 74](#).

The parameters from this section are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331 as the DTX-DRX information.

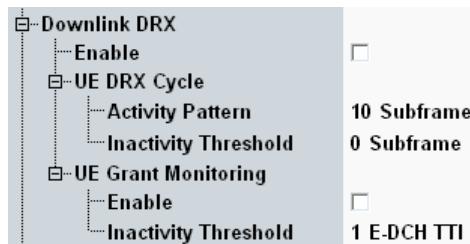


Figure 2-121: Downlink DRX configuration

Enable.....	263
UE DRX Cycle.....	263
└ Activity Pattern.....	263
└ Inactivity Threshold.....	263
UE Grant Monitoring.....	263
└ Enable.....	263
└ Inactivity Threshold.....	263

Enable

Enables discontinuous reception in the downlink.

Enabling the DL DRX is possible only if the UL DTX is enabled.

During reduced signaling is activated, use also the **HS-SCCH Order** button to trigger the order type 0 manually.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:ENABLE
```

UE DRX Cycle

The following settings apply to the UE discontinuous reception cycle.

Activity Pattern ← UE DRX Cycle

Specifies how often UE has to monitor HS-SCCH when UE DRX cycle is active.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:APattern
```

Inactivity Threshold ← UE DRX Cycle

Number of subframes after downlink activity where the UE has to monitor HS-SCCH continuously.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:ITHreshold
```

UE Grant Monitoring

The following settings apply to the UE grant monitoring.

Enable ← UE Grant Monitoring

Configures whether the UE is required to monitor E-AGCH/E-RGCH when they overlap with the start of an HS-SCCH reception as defined in the UE DRX cycle.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMonitoring:ENABLE
```

Inactivity Threshold ← UE Grant Monitoring

The number of subframes after uplink activity when the UE has to continue to monitor E-AGCH/E-RGCH.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMonitoring:ITHreshold
```

2.4.17.4 E-DCH TX Start Time Restrictions

This section describes the parameters for the transmission restrictions in the uplink on the E-DCH, see also [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)", on page 74](#).

The parameters from this section are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331 as the DTX-DRX information.

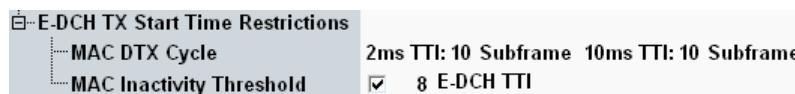


Figure 2-122: E-DCH TX restriction configuration

MAC DTX Cycle

Specifies pattern of time instances where the start of uplink E-DCH transmission after inactivity is allowed.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLe:TTI<ms>
```

MAC Inactivity Threshold

E-DCH inactivity time after which the UE can start E-DCH transmission only at given times according to MAC DTX cycle.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLe:ITHreshold
```

2.4.17.5 HS-SCCH Less Operation Settings

This section configures the HS-SCCH less operation and triggers the HS-SCCH order type 0, see [Chapter 2.2.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)", on page 74](#).

The parameters from this section are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331 as the HS-SCCH less information.

The trigger of HS-SCCH order (type 0) is available only in the reduced signaling.

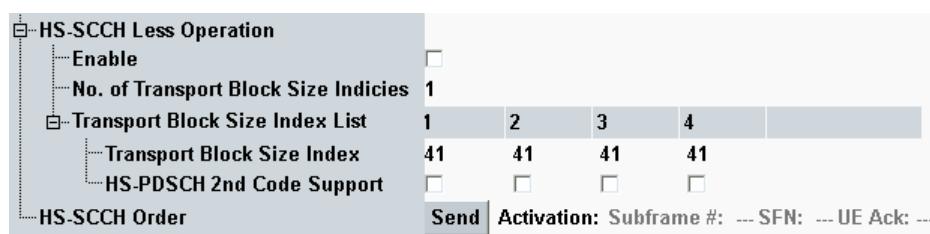


Figure 2-123: HS-SCCH less operation settings (layout in reduced signaling)

Enable

Activates/deactivates HS-SCCH less operation.

HS-SCCH less operation decreases the signaling overhead and reduces the UE battery consumption.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:ENABLE
```

Transport Block Size Settings

Specifies the settings signaled to the UE for HS-SCCH less operation.

The table with transport size index list provides four columns for four preconfiguration sets with predefined transport formats and predefined channelization codes. The pre-configuration set to be used during the first R&S CMW - UE transmission of the HS-SCCH less operation can be selected as "No. of Transport Block Size Indicies".

The mapping between transport block size index and transport block size is specified in 3GPP TS 25.321, annex A (HS-DSCH transport block size table for FDD).

Enable the second HS-PDSCH code if two physical channels have to be used for the selected transport block size.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:NTBLock  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport<index>  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock<index>
```

HS-SCCH Order

Sends the HS-SCCH order type 0 to the UE to enable or disable:

- Discontinuous downlink reception
- Discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission
- HS-SCCH less operation

This parameter is relevant for reduced signaling only and applicable to status connection established.

In normal signaling mode, DL DRX, UL DTX and HS-SCCH less operation are signaled according to the settings in the configuration tree.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HORDER:SEND
```

2.4.18 UE Measurement Report Settings

The parameters in this section activate, deactivate and configure the UE measurement report. The report is shown in the main signaling view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.3, "UE Measurement Report"](#), on page 134.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

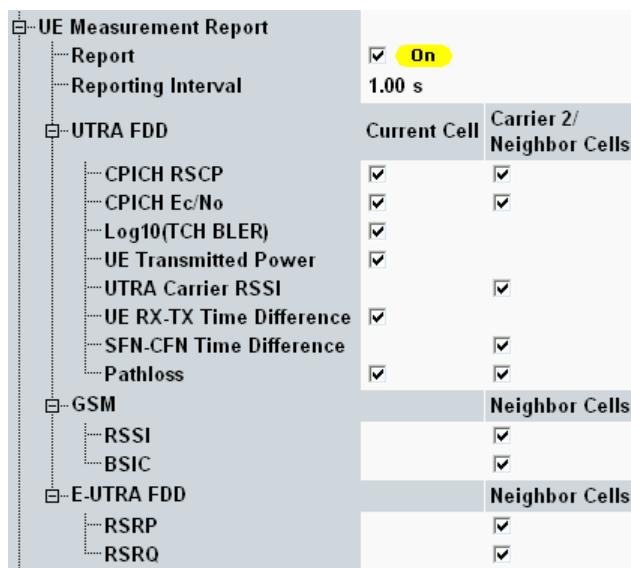


Figure 2-124: UE measurement report settings

Report.....	266
Reporting Interval.....	266
UTRA FDD.....	266
GSM, E-UTRA FDD.....	267

Report

Enable or disable the UE measurement report completely. If reporting is enabled, the instrument requests reports from the UE. The delivery of the requested reports can take some time. The fetch command checks whether the process has been completed or the instrument is still waiting for reports from the UE.

With enabled measurement reporting, the properties of the uplink signal change whenever a report is received, resulting e.g. in power steps. For that reason, it is recommended to disable measurement reports for TX measurements.

When the TPC measurement for inner loop power control pattern ABC, EF, GH is started, the UE measurement reporting is disabled automatically.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UEReport:ENABLE
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UEReport:STATE?
```

Reporting Interval

Sets the interval between two consecutive measurement report messages. Reduce the interval to check whether the UE can cope with a high repetition rate.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UEReport:RINTerval
```

UTRA FDD

Enable or disable the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message. The purpose of this section is to adjust the measurement report to the UE capabilities.

If a multi-carrier scenario is active, the reports consist of different information elements which can be enabled or disabled per carrier. "Current Cell" corresponds to carrier 1.

In the settings related to the neighbor cell measurement, at least one of the quantity parameters (CPICH RSCP, CPICH Ec/No) must be selected to enable neighbor cell measurement in general. The enabling for each individual neighbor cell is possible, see [Figure 2-105](#).

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required for the neighbor cell measurement.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCELL:ENABLE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:ENABLE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:WCDMa:ENABLE
```

GSM, E-UTRA FDD

Generally enable or disable the evaluation and display of the individual information elements related to neighbor cells. This information is included in the UE measurement report message. For the UE report settings of each neighbor cell individually, see [Neighbor cell configuration dialog](#). The purpose of this section is to adjust the measurement report to the UE capabilities.

Note, that for GSM BSIC measurements the RSSI measurements must be active.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:GSM:ENABLE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELL:LTE:ENABLE
```

2.4.19 Compressed Mode

The compressed mode is a prerequisite for UE report measurements on UTRA, E-UTRA or GSM neighbor cells, see [Chapter 2.4.18, "UE Measurement Report Settings"](#), on page 265. Compressed mode is applied on the R99 channels and all settings can be changed even during a connection is established.

The compressed mode activation and settings are described in this section.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

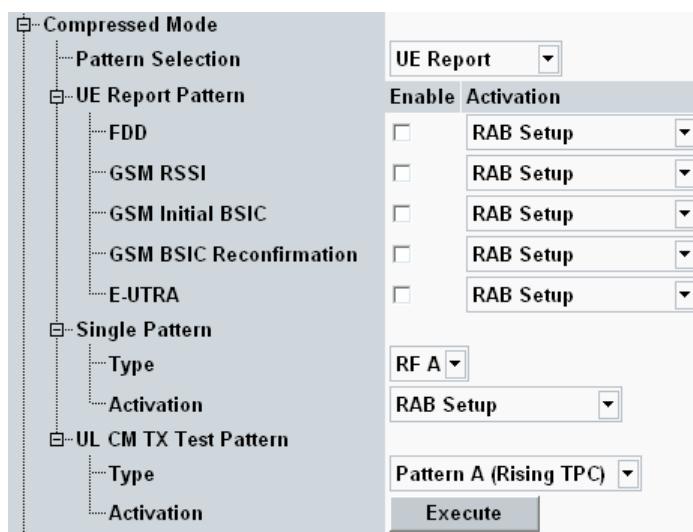


Figure 2-125: Compressed mode settings

Pattern Selection	268
UE Report Pattern	268
Single Pattern	269
UL CM TX Test Pattern	269

Pattern Selection

Selects the following alternative transmission gap patterns:

- **None**: the compressed mode is not activated
- **UE report pattern**: up to five transmission gap patterns for different measurement purposes can be used in parallel. The predefined pattern settings ensure the compatibility of all patterns.
- **Single pattern**: single transmission gap pattern for a definite measurement purpose
- **UL CM TX test pattern**: pattern according to the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:PATTern`

UE Report Pattern

Enables/disables CM pattern to support up to five different neighbor cell measurements. The patterns are independent from each other and can be activated in parallel.

Each pattern can be activated for the whole duration of the connection (RAB setup) or for the duration of a UE report measurement only.

- **FDD**: monitor WCDMA FDD neighbor cells
- **GSM RSSI**: monitor GSM neighbor cells and measure the GSM carrier RSSI
- **GSM initial BSIC**: search for the BSIC and decode it when detecting a new GSM neighbor cell
- **GSM BSIC reconfirmation**: track and decode the BSIC of a GSM cell after initial BSIC identification has been performed
- **E-UTRA**: monitor LTE neighbor cells

If the UE does not require compressed mode for the selected pattern, a warning is displayed Selected UE Report Pattern ... not supported by UE. However, the selected pattern has to be configured and sent for activation to the UE.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:UEReport:ACTivation  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:UEReport:ENABLE
```

Single Pattern

Selects a single transmission gap pattern defined in the 3GPP standards.

Each pattern can be activated for the whole duration of the connection (RAB setup) or for the duration of a UE report measurement only.

- **RF A, RF B, A:** pattern to monitor WCDMA FDD neighbor cells (see 3GPP TS 34.121 tables 5.7.5, 5.7.8 and C.5.2 set 1)
- **B:** pattern to monitor GSM neighbor cells and measure the GSM carrier RSSI (see 3GPP TS 34.121 table C.5.2 set 2)
- **C:** pattern to search for the BSIC and decode it when detecting a new GSM neighbor cell (see 3GPP TS 25.133 table 8.7 pattern 2)
- **D:** pattern to track and decode the BSIC of a GSM cell after an initial BSIC identification (see 3GPP TS 25.133 table 8.8 pattern 2)
- **E:** pattern to monitor WCDMA FDD neighbor cells (see 3GPP TS 34.121 table C.5.1 set 1)
- **F:** pattern to monitor LTE neighbor cells (see 3GPP TS 25.101, table A.22, set 5)

If the UE does not require compressed mode for the selected single pattern, a warning is displayed Selected Single Pattern not supported by UE. However, the selected pattern has to be configured and sent for activation to the UE.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGLE:ACTivation  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGLE:TYPE
```

UL CM TX Test Pattern

Selects and activates a special compressed mode pattern according to the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7.

If **Pattern Selection** = "UL CM TX Test", each pattern is activated via "Execute" button only once.

- **Type:** compressed mode test patterns; particularly pattern A (rising TPC), pattern A (falling TPC) and pattern B.
For background information, see [Chapter 2.2.15.7, "TPC Test Setup UL CM"](#), on page 69.
- **Activation:** triggers the execution of a selected pattern type for the UL compressed mode TX test. At the same time, the UL compressed mode trigger is generated.

If the UE does not require compressed mode for the selected "UL CM TX Test Pattern", a warning is displayed Selected UL CM Tx Test Pattern not supported by UE. However, the selected pattern has to be configured and sent for activation to the UE.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:ACTivation
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE
```

2.4.20 Messaging (SMS) Parameters

The "Messaging (SMS)" section configures parameters of the short message service (SMS). Sending an SMS message to the UE is triggered via hotkey, see [Chapter 2.4.2, "Signaling and Connection Control"](#), on page 158.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

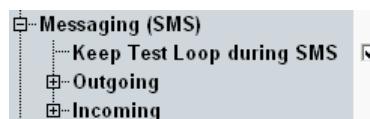


Figure 2-126: SMS parameters

- [Common Settings](#).....270
- [Outgoing SMS: General Settings](#).....270
- [Outgoing SMS: Message Creation](#).....273
- [Incoming SMS](#).....275

2.4.20.1 Common Settings

This section describes the upper part of SMS settings.

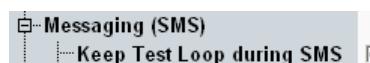


Figure 2-127: Keep test loop during SMS parameter

Keep Test Loop during SMS

Specifies whether the test loop is kept closed for an established connection with test loop, when an SMS message is sent to the UE.

If disabled, the loop is opened before the message is sent and closed again afterwards. If the UE supports keeping the loop closed, you can speed up the procedure by enabling this parameter.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:KTLoop
```

2.4.20.2 Outgoing SMS: General Settings

This section configures the main parameters for the transmission of outgoing mobile terminated short messages.

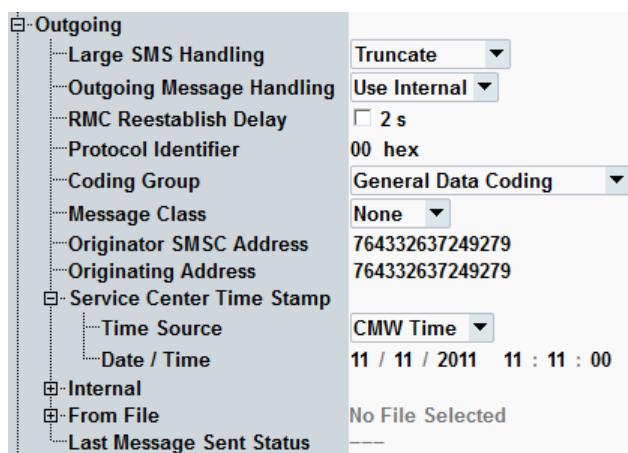


Figure 2-128: Outgoing SMS settings

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Outgoing Message Handling.....	271
RMC Reestablish Delay.....	271
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Coding Group.....	272
Message Class.....	272
Originator SMSC Address.....	272
Originating Address.....	272
Service Center Time Stamp.....	272
└ Time Source.....	272
└ Date / Time.....	273
Internal, From File.....	273
Last Message Sent Status.....	273

Large SMS Handling

Defines the handling of an SMS message exceeding 160 characters.

"Truncate": SMS truncated to 160 characters, the rest is discarded

"Multiple SMS": up to five concatenated SMS messages consisting in sum of up to 800 characters

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:LHANDling`

Outgoing Message Handling

Defines, which source is used as outgoing message.

- "Use Internal": use the message configured as **Internal**.
- "From File": use the file specified in the section **From File**.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MEShandling`

RMC Reestablish Delay

Defines the time between sending of an SMS message and re-establishment of the RMC connection.

This parameter is relevant if you send an SMS message in parallel to an established RMC connection and parameter **Keep Test Loop during SMS** is disabled. In that case, the RMC connection is released (RRC connection is kept), the SMS message is sent and then the RMC connection is re-established after the defined delay time.

The delay can also be deactivated completely, so that the RMC connection is re-established immediately after the SMS message has been sent.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:RMCDelay
```

Protocol Identifier

Defines the SMS protocol ID in accordance with 3GPP TS 23.040, section 9.2.3.9.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:PIDentifier
```

Coding Group

Defines how to interpret SMS signaling information. General message coding and data coding / message class coding groups are defined in 3GPP TS 23.038, section 4.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:CGGroup
```

Message Class

Specifies the default savings of the SMS message as defined in 3GPP TS 23.038. The default settings are overridden by selecting the routing manually at the UE.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MCClass
```

Originator SMSC Address

Specifies the phone number of the SMS center.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OSADdress
```

Originating Address

Specifies the phone number of the SMS originating UE.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OADDress
```

Service Center Time Stamp

Configures date and time information used by service center time stamp.

Option R&S CMW-KS410 is required.

Time Source ← Service Center Time Stamp

This parameter selects the date and time source.

- **"CMW Time"**

Selects the current CMW (Windows) date and time as a source. The Windows settings determine the service center time stamp date and time.

- **"Date / Time"**

Selects the parameters **Date / Time** as a source.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE
```

Date / Time ← Service Center Time Stamp

Defines the service center time stamp date and time to be used if **Time Source** is set to "Date / Time".

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:DATE
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TIME
```

Internal, From File

The parameters of "Internal" and "From File" section are described in [Outgoing SMS: Message Creation](#).

Last Message Sent Status

Indicates, whether the last message was sent successfully or not.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INFO:LMSent?
```

2.4.20.3 Outgoing SMS: Message Creation

This section describes the outgoing SMS settings "Internal" and "From File".

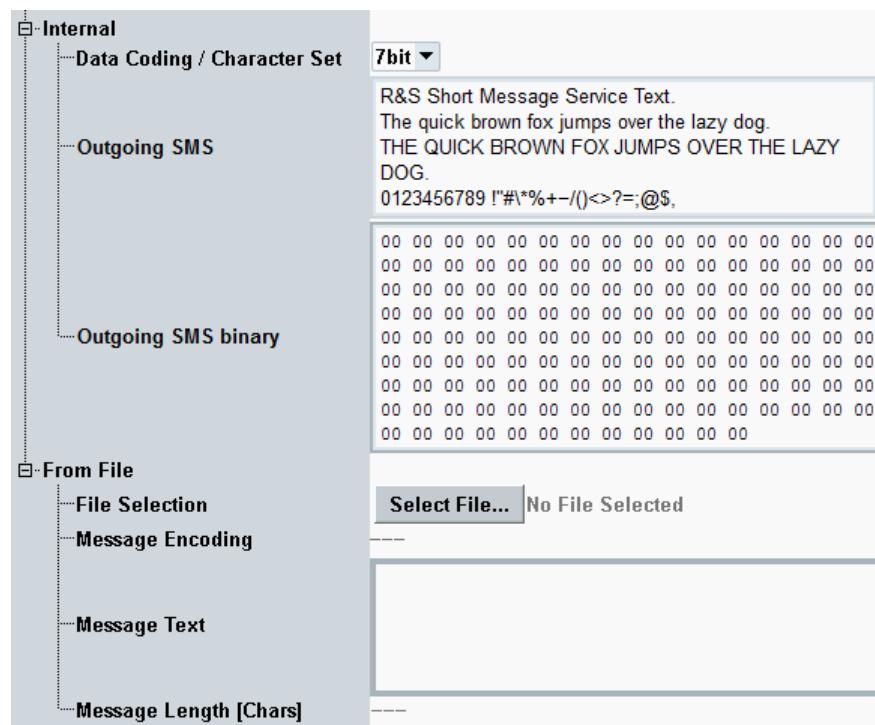


Figure 2-129: Message creation

Internal	274
└ Data Coding / Character Set	274
└ Outgoing SMS	274
└ Outgoing SMS binary	274
From File	274
└ Select File...	274
└ Message Encoding	275
└ Message Text	275
└ Message Length	275

Internal

Configures a message, that is used if [Outgoing Message Handling](#) = "Use Internal"

Data Coding / Character Set ← Internal

Defines whether the SMS message text is encoded as 7-bit ASCII text or 8-bit binary data.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:DCODing
```

Outgoing SMS ← Internal

Defines the SMS message text to be sent. It is encoded as 7-bit ASCII text and consists of up to 800 characters.

This SMS is used if [Data Coding / Character Set](#) = 7bit.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INTernal
```

Outgoing SMS binary ← Internal

Defines the SMS message to be edited directly in hexadecimal format. It is encoded as 8-bit binary data and consists of up to 700 bytes.

This SMS is used if [Data Coding / Character Set](#) = 8bit.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:BINary
```

From File

Selects a message stored in a file. The message, is used if [Outgoing Message Handling](#) = "From File"

Select File... ← From File

Selects previously stored file containing an outgoing SMS message. The SMS message file has to be stored on the internal drive. The "Select SMS File" dialog opens the directory D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\SMS\WCDMA\Send\. All files with extension *.sms are shown. Also the time of file creation is displayed.

For more details, refer to [Chapter 2.2.10, "Messaging \(SMS\)", on page 39](#).

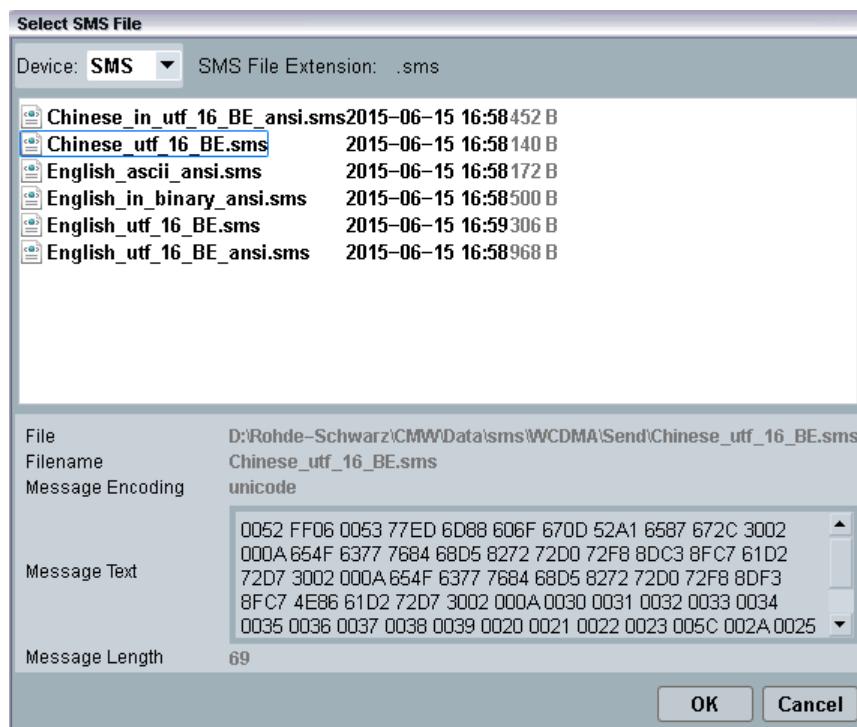


Figure 2-130: Dialog: select SMS file

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Encoding ← From File

Shows the encoding of the text field of the message file. Content is encoded as binary, ASCII or unicode, any other value results in an error and the SMS message is not sent.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Text ← From File

Shows user data of the SMS message to be sent. Content is encoded according to the specified **Message Encoding**.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Length ← From File

Shows the length of the message text.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?
```

2.4.20.4 Incoming SMS

This section displays information about incoming mobile originated short messages.

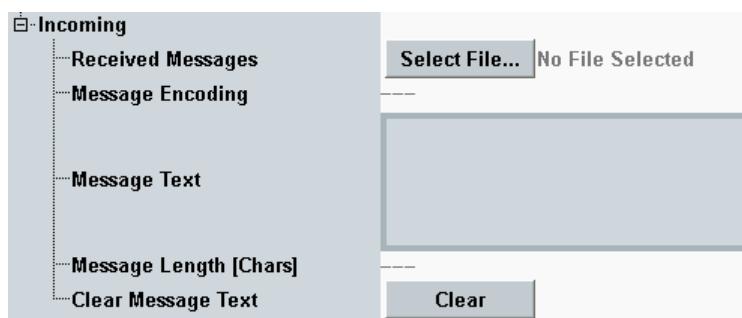


Figure 2-131: Incoming SMS parameters

Select File.....	276
Message Encoding.....	277
Message Text / Message Length.....	277
Clear Message Text.....	277

Select File...

Select previously received SMS message. SMS messages are stored in the directory D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\SMS\WCDMA\Received. By selecting the button "Select File...", the "Select SMS File" dialog opens and shows all files with extension *.sms.

For more details, refer to [Chapter 2.2.10, "Messaging \(SMS\)", on page 39](#).

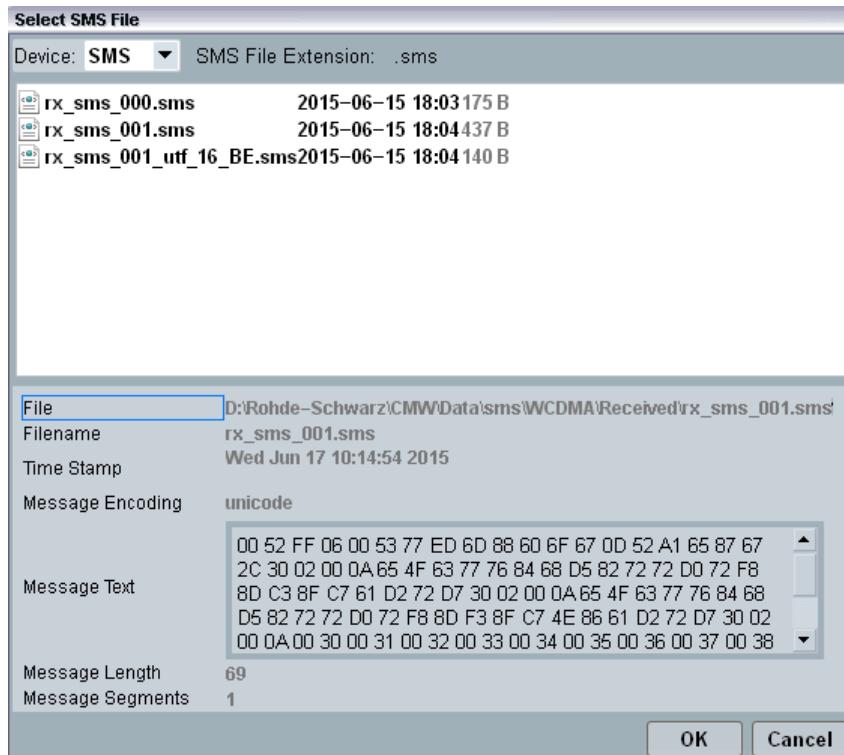


Figure 2-132: Dialog: read received SMS from file

By selecting a particular file, the corresponding GUI elements below is updated as follows.

- "File": displays the file name with a complete path
- "Filename": displays the SMS file name
- "Time Stamp": displays when was the message received
- "Message Encoding": unicode, binary or ASCII format
- "Message Text / Message Length": show the content and length of the selected message
- "Message Segments": shows the number of the message within a multiple SMS message

At the R&S CMW startup, all files in the receive directory are deleted.

For more details, refer to [Chapter 2.2.10, "Messaging \(SMS\)", on page 39](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Encoding

Displays encoding information signaled of the selected received message.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Text / Message Length

Show the text and length of the selected received message.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT?  
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MLENgh?
```

Clear Message Text

Resets all parameters related to the received SMS message.

The message text and information about the message length are deleted.

Remote command:

```
CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT
```

2.4.21 Messaging (CBS) Parameters

This section describes the cell broadcast service (CBS) settings.

CBS is a part of wireless emergency alerts (WEA) solution, formerly known as the commercial mobile alert system (CMAS). This feature is implemented with focus on battery lifetime measurements. It allows you to monitor the power consumption of the phone in idle mode with and without cell broadcast impact on the mobile device.

Option R&S CMW-KS170 is required.

This section is not relevant for reduced signaling.

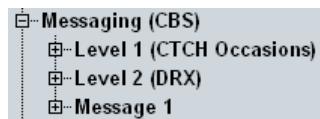


Figure 2-133: CBS parameters

● Level Settings.....	278
● Message Settings.....	280

2.4.21.1 Level Settings

This section configures parameters of the "Messaging (CBS)", level 1 and level 2.

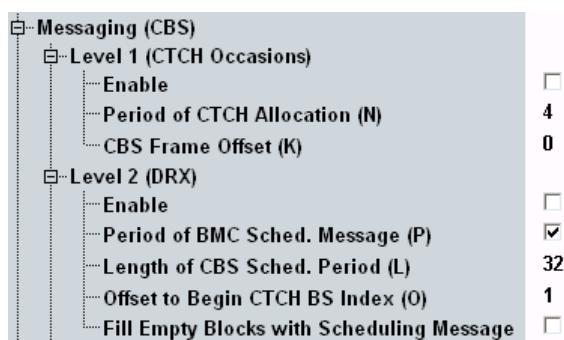


Figure 2-134: CBS - level parameters

Level 1 (CTCH Occasions).....	278
└ Enable.....	279
└ Period of CTCH Allocation (N).....	279
└ CBS Frame Offset (K).....	279
Level 2 (DRX).....	279
└ Enable.....	279
└ Period of BMC Sched. Message (P).....	279
└ Length of CBS Sched. Period (L).....	279
└ Offset to Begin CTCH BS Index (O).....	279
└ Fill Empty Blocks with Scheduling Message.....	279

Level 1 (CTCH Occasions)

CTCH used by CBS is mapped on one FACH/S-CCPCH. On the S-CCPCH, the TTIs allocated for CTCH transmission are periodically repeated with period N. The first CTCH allocated TTI is positioned with an offset K. Figure below demonstrates the CTCH allocation example.

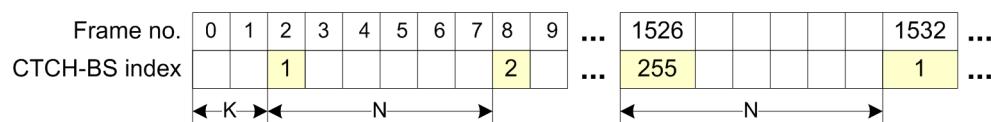


Figure 2-135: Example of CTCH occasions

Enable ← Level 1 (CTCH Occasions)

Enables CBS generally.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:ENABLE
```

Period of CTCH Allocation (N) ← Level 1 (CTCH Occasions)

Specifies the CTCH allocation period used for the transmission of cell broadcast (CB) message or scheduling message. The allocation of CTCH is broadcast via BCCH (SIB5, IE: CBS DRX level 1 information). See also: 3GPP TS 25.925.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:PERiod
```

CBS Frame Offset (K) ← Level 1 (CTCH Occasions)

Offset used for CTCH allocation within the CTCH allocation period N.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:FOFFset
```

Level 2 (DRX)

A scheduling message informs the UE which CB messages will be sent in the next DRX schedule period (P). The UE reads then the CB message of interest in DRX mode. The following parameters configure DRX for CBS scheduling.

Enable ← Level 2 (DRX)

Enables discontinuous reception (DRX) for the CBS scheduling.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:ENABLE
```

Period of BMC Sched. Message (P) ← Level 2 (DRX)

Sets the period of scheduling message that is transmitted by broadcast/multicast control (BMC). The period is defined in the units of CTCH occasions.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:PERiod
```

Length of CBS Sched. Period (L) ← Level 2 (DRX)

Specifies the length of the DRX used for the specific CB message. Define value matching with the position of the particular CB message within the CBS scheduling period.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:LENGTH
```

Offset to Begin CTCH BS Index (O) ← Level 2 (DRX)

Configures an offset within scheduling period P for the transmission of a scheduling message.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:OFFSET
```

Fill Empty Blocks with Scheduling Message ← Level 2 (DRX)

Specifies the handling of CTCH TTIs allocated for CBS, but unused by CB message.

Remote command:

`CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:FEMPTY`

2.4.21.2 Message Settings

This section configures a particular CB message.

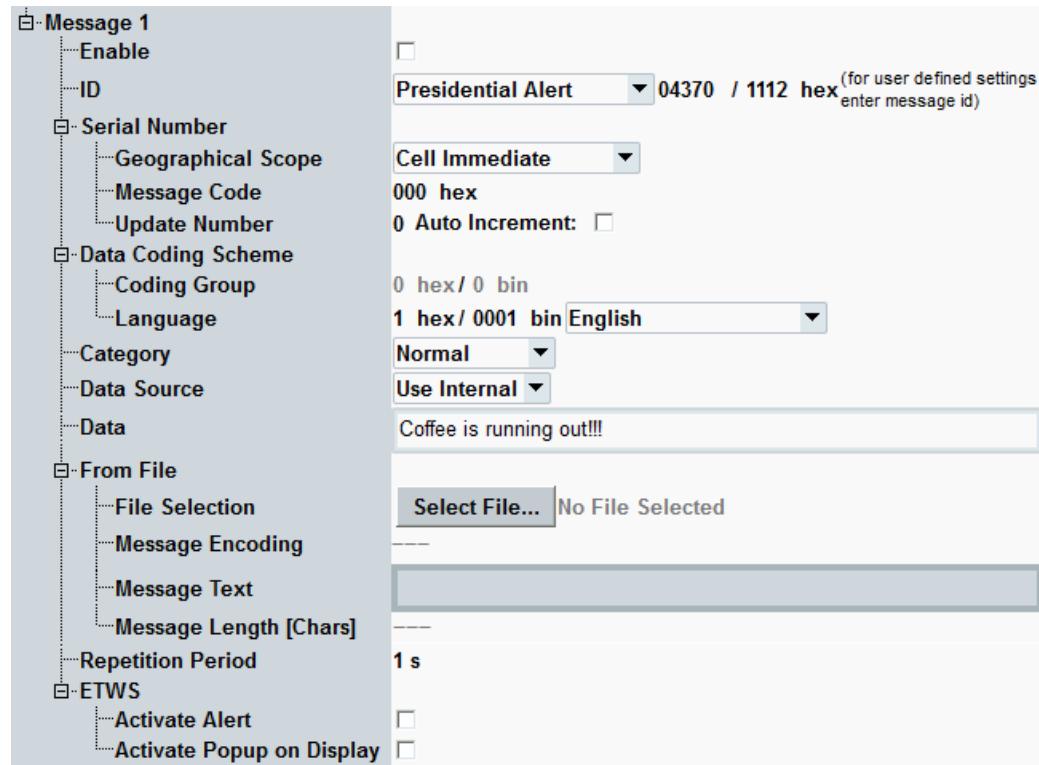


Figure 2-136: CBS - message parameters

Enable	280
ID	281
Serial Number	281
Data Coding Scheme	281
Category	281
Data Source	282
Data	282
From File	282
└ Select File...	282
└ Message Encoding	283
└ Message Text	283
└ Message Length	283
Repetition Period	283
ETWS	283

Enable

Enables the transmission of a CB message.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ENABLE`

ID

Sets the message ID and ID type as defined in the 3GPP TS 23.041, 9.4. Edit this parameter for user-defined settings. Also, hexadecimal values are displayed for information.

The following ID types and IDs are supported:

- Presidential level alerts - IDs 4370 and 4383
- Extreme alerts - IDs 4371 to 4372 and 4384 to 4385
- Severe alerts - IDs 4373 to 4378 and 4386 to 4391
- Amber alerts - IDs 4379 and 4392
- Earthquake warning - ID 4352
- Tsunami warning - ID 4353
- Earthquake and tsunami warning - ID 4354
- ETWS test message - ID 4355
- User defined

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ID`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:IDTYpe`

Serial Number

Sets the serial number as defined in the 3GPP TS 23.041, 9.4.

This CB message unique identification consist of the following three parts:

- "**Geographical scope**": message code validity area
- "**Message code- "**Update number**": version of a CB message**

When using "Auto Increment", the update number is changed upon change of any of the CBS parameters in the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:SERial`

Data Coding Scheme

Identifies the coding group and language of the CBS data coding scheme as defined in 3GPP TS 23.038, section 5.

If **Data Source** is set to "Use Internal", then "Coding Group" = 0 (hardcoded), "Language" is selectable.

If **Data Source** is set to "From File", then "Coding Group" = 1 (hardcoded), "Language" = 1 (hardcoded -UCS2).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CGRoup?`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:LANGuage`

Category

Specifies the privilege category of a CB message.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CATegory`

Data Source

Defines, which source is used as a CB message.

- "Use Internal": use the message configured as Data.
- "From File": use the file specified in the section From File.

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAGE:SOURce
```

Data

Defines the content of a CB message. The defined text is used if the Data Source = "Use Internal"

Text (ASCII) message from internal can be up to 1395 characters long with coding group set to 0 (hardcoded).

Remote command:

```
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAGE:DATA
```

From File

Selects a message stored in a file. The message, is used if the Data Source = "From File"

Select File... ← From File

Selects previously stored file containing a CB message. The CB message file has to be stored on the internal drive. The "Select CBS File" dialog opens the directory D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\cbs\WCDMA\. All files with extension *.cbs are shown. Also the time of file creation is displayed.

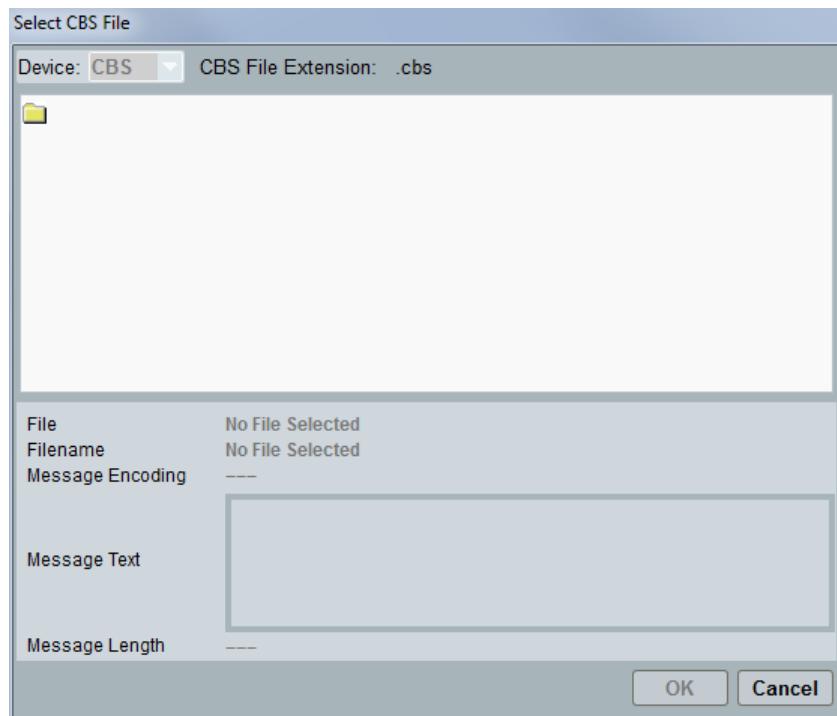


Figure 2-137: Dialog: select CBS file

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Encoding ← From File

Shows the encoding of the text field of the message file. Content is encoded as 16-bit unicode (UTF16). Any other value results in an error. The CBS message is not sent. UTF16 coding can be read either as a binary format or as a text.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Text ← From File

Shows user data of the CBS message to be sent. Content is encoded according to the specified [Message Encoding](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?
```

Message Length ← From File

Shows the length of the message text. Maximum length is 600 characters.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?
```

Repetition Period

Sets the repetition period of the message to be broadcast.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:PERiod
```

ETWS

Configures the instructions to UE for earthquake and tsunami warning system (ETWS).

If one of the ETWS IDs is selected (see [ID](#)), first, the R&S CMW sends a paging message with an ETWS indicator. The paging message contains the instructions to UE (activate alert / activate popup - if selected) plus the serial number of a CB message. Afterwards, the ETWS message is sent using CBS functionality.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:ALERT  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:POPUp
```

2.4.22 Shortcut Configuration

This section configures the three shortcut softkeys that provide a fast way to switch to selectable measurements.

See also [Chapter 2.4.3, "Using the Shortcut Softkeys", on page 162](#)



Figure 2-138: Shortcut configuration

Select Menu

Selects a measurement. The corresponding shortcut softkey opens a dialog presenting this measurement as default target or uses the measurement as fixed target.

Select as fixed Target

Configures and renames the corresponding shortcut softkey.

- **Enabled:** The softkey directly opens the measurement selected via [Select Menu](#).
- **Disabled:** The softkey opens a dialog box for selection of the target measurement.

2.4.23 Message Monitoring Settings

Messages exchanged between the WCDMA signaling application and the UE can be monitored. For this purpose, the messages are sent to an external PC.

See also: "Logging" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Basic Instrument Functions"



Figure 2-139: Message monitoring settings

Add WCDMA Signaling to logging

Enables or disables message monitoring for the WCDMA signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:MMONitor:ENABLE`

Logging PC IPv4 Address

Selects the IP address to which the messages are sent for monitoring.

The address pool is configured globally, see "Setup" dialog, section "Logging".

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:MMONitor:IPAddress`

2.4.24 Debug Configuration

This section contains parameters for debugging, for example for different logging functions.



Debug mode helps to check the behavior of the instrument. Do not enable it in regular operation. It has impact on the test performance, timing, hard disk usage, etc.

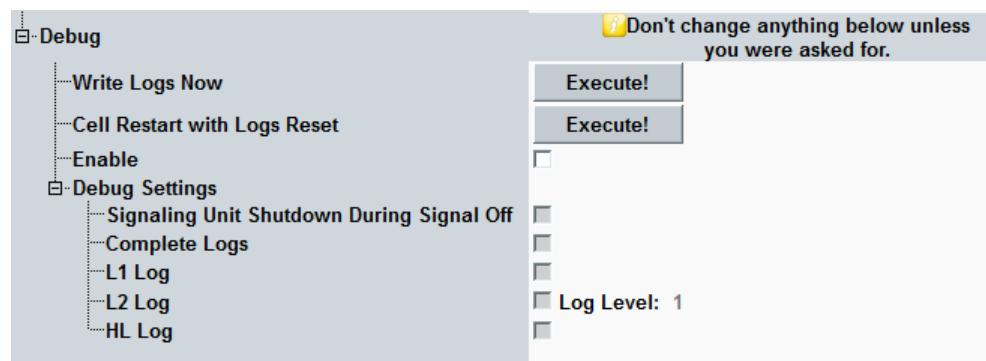


Figure 2-140: Debug configuration

Debug Settings

Facilitates the creation of certain debug logs. The debug settings are reset and preset resistant. They are not stored in save file. The default debug settings are restored after a reboot.

WCDMA-specific debug configuration:

- **"Write Logs Now"**: Writes all WCDMA log files to the hard disk
- **"Cell Restart with Logs Reset"**: Switches the cell signal off and on with empty logs
- **"Enable"**: Allows you to activate the debugging settings below
 - **"Signaling Unit Shutdown During Signal Off"**: After a signal switch-off triggers a signaling unit shutdown and writes all the logs
 - **"Complete Logs"**: Writes all the logs which are usually created during a CMW shutdown also during a suppression. Normally only a reduced set of log files is written during suppression to save time and reduce the hard disk usage
 - **"L1 Log"**: Creates a layer 1 log without file size limit
 - **"L2 Log"**: Creates a layer 2 log within the specified level
 - **"HL Log"**: Creates a log file with all HLAPI messages

2.4.25 BER Measurement Configuration

The signaling BER measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "BER" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

2.4.25.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



BER (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.25.2 BER Tab

The tab shows the connection status and measurement results to the left and settings to the right.

Additional settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA UE-Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

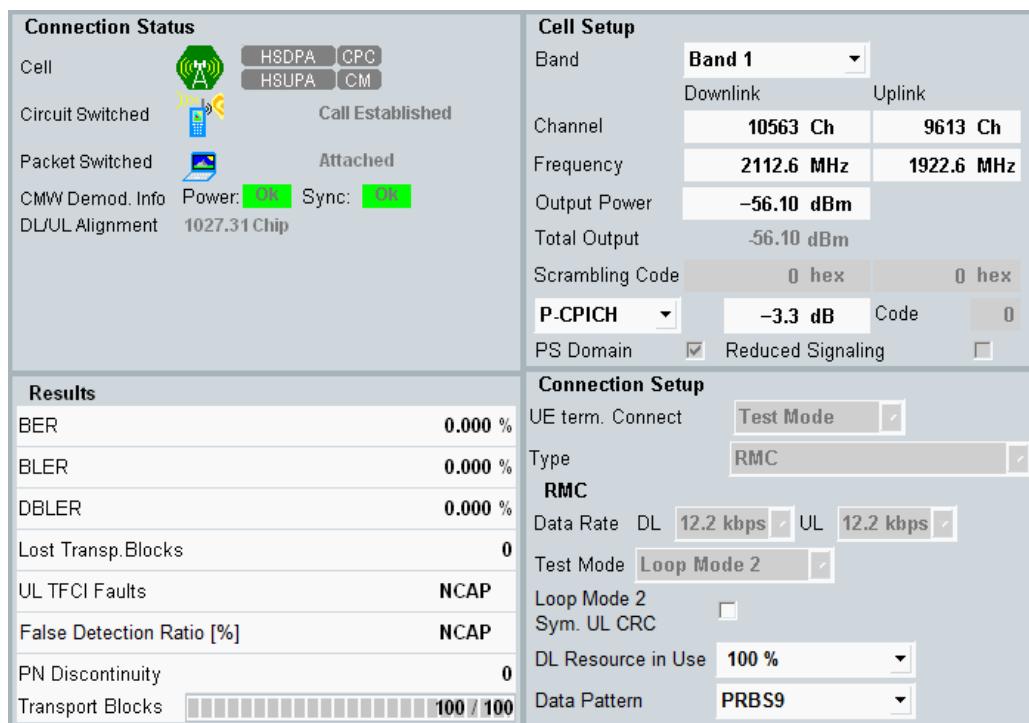


Figure 2-141: BER tab

Connection Status.....	287
Cell Setup / Connection Setup.....	287
Results.....	287

Connection Status

The connection status information is the same as in the main view. For a description, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

Also, the "DL/UL Alignment" per carrier is displayed. It indicates the offset between DL DPCH and UL DPCH at the RF connectors of the instrument. The ideal offset as specified by 3GPP equals 1024 chips. The DL/UL alignment is a general measurement result, available independent of an initiated BER measurement.

Remote command:

```
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DULalignment?
```

Cell Setup / Connection Setup

These settings are common settings of the "WCDMA signaling" application. Changing the values in one view changes the values in all views of the "WCDMA signaling" application.

For parameter descriptions, see [Chapter 2.4.1, "Signaling View", on page 130](#).

Results

For a detailed description, of the results see [Chapter 2.2.19.3, "Measurement Results", on page 87](#).

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?
CALCulate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?
```

2.4.25.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Figure 2-142: Measurement control settings

Repetition.....	288
Stop Condition.....	288
Transport Blocks.....	289
PN Resync.....	289

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:REPETition
```

Stop Condition

Specifies the conditions for an early termination of the measurement:

- **"None":** The measurement is performed according to its transport blocks, irrespective of the limit check results.
- **"On Limit Failure":** The measurement is stopped when one of the limits is exceeded. If no limit failure occurs, it is performed according to its transport blocks settings. Use this value for measurements that are intended for checking limits, e.g. production tests.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:SCONDition
```

Transport Blocks

Defines the number of transport blocks to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle). The number of transport blocks sent can be larger than the specified value because transport blocks can be lost on the way to the UE and back.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:TBlocks`

PN Resync

Activates a correction mechanism for the order of looped back transports blocks. The setting is relevant in the case that the UE eliminates or reorders some of the received blocks carrying an irregular bit pattern, in particular a PN sequence (PRBS). The main purpose of the setting is to check whether a high BER actually results from a reordering of blocks by the UE.

- **ON:** The R&S CMW checks the BER within each individual received block and corrects its PN phase and its position in the block sequence, if necessary. The BER measurement result is based on the bit stream of the corrected block sequence. It can be zero although the UE has eliminated or reordered some blocks. The number of corrected blocks is displayed as measurement result "PN Discontinuity".
- **Off:** The received block sequence is not corrected. No "PN Discontinuity" result is provided.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:PNResync`

2.4.25.4 Limit Settings

The limit section defines upper limits for the results of the "BER" measurement.

3GPP TS 34.121 specifies various test cases related to these results, especially to BER, BLER and FDR. A maximum BER of 0.1% is required for most test cases.



Figure 2-143: Limit settings

Limit

Defines and activates/deactivates individual upper limits for the results of the "BER" measurement.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:LIMIT`

2.4.25.5 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

If you press ON | OFF while the "WCDMA Signaling" softkey is selected and the cell signal is on, a warning can be displayed. It asks you whether you really want to switch off the cell signal.

The checkbox enables/disables the warning.

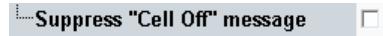


Figure 2-144: Display of cell off message

No remote control is provided for this feature.

2.4.26 HSDPA ACK Measurement Configuration

The signaling HSDPA ACK measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "HSDPA ACK" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

Option R&S CMW-KS401 is required.

2.4.26.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



HSDPA ACK (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.26.2 HSDPA ACK Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

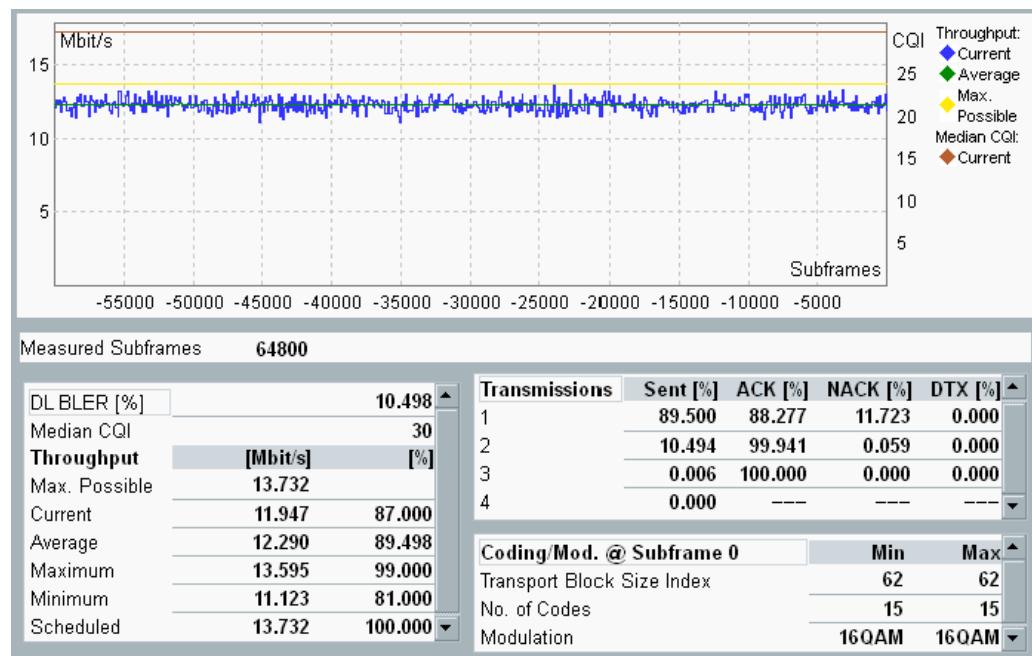


Figure 2-145: HSDPA ACK tab (single carrier)

Results

The results for single carrier connection are displayed in a single tab, multi-carrier connection results are divided into several subtabs: One subtab with overview and several carrier-specific subtabs.

For a detailed description of the results see [Chapter 2.2.20.2, "Measurement Results", on page 89](#).

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRENT? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERAGE? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier<c>:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MINimum?  
etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:  
MINimum? etc.
```

```

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:
MINimum? etc.
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:ABSolute? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:RELative? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRANsmision:CARRier<c>? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:BLER:CARRier<c>? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRames? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MCQI:CARRier<c>? etc.

```

Related hotkeys

To display the hotkeys, press the "Display" softkey. The following hotkeys are then available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Select Trace ..."	Select the trace types to be displayed in the view.
"Y Scale ..."	Modify the ranges of the Y-axis, where both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.
"X Scale ..."	Modify the ranges of the X-axis. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the measured subframes.
"Coding/Mod. @ Subframe..."	Select the subframe No. for the display of details on detected coding and modulation. The displayed information is in the right lower area of HSDPA ACK pane.

2.4.26.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

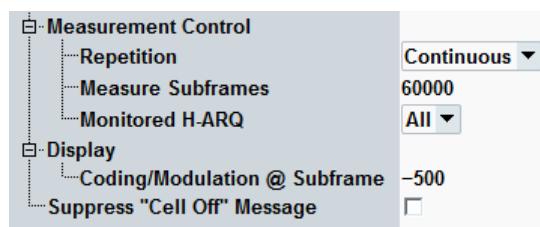


Figure 2-146: Measurement control settings

Repetition.....	293
Measure Subframes.....	293
Monitored H-ARQ.....	293
Coding / Modulation @ Subframe.....	293
Suppress "Cell Off" Message.....	293

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:REPetition
```

Measure Subframes

Defines the number of HSDPA subframes (transmission packets) to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle). Only subframes scheduled for the UE are counted.

Specify a multiple of 100 subframes.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES
```

Monitored H-ARQ

Selects either a single H-ARQ process (numbered 0 to 7) to be monitored or specifies that all processes are to be monitored.

Selecting a single process extends the measurement duration because only a part of the transmitted subframes is measured. For fast production tests, it is recommended to monitor all processes.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:HARQ
```

Coding / Modulation @ Subframe

Select the subframe No. for the display of details on detected coding and modulation. The displayed information is in the right lower area of HSDPA ACK pane. This parameter is also configurable via a hotkey, see [Related hotkeys](#).

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.4.27 HSDPA CQI Measurement Configuration

The signaling HSDPA CQI measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Mea-

surement...". The "HSDPA CQI" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

Option R&S CMW-KS411 is required.

2.4.27.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



HSDPA CQI (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.27.2 HSDPA CQI Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

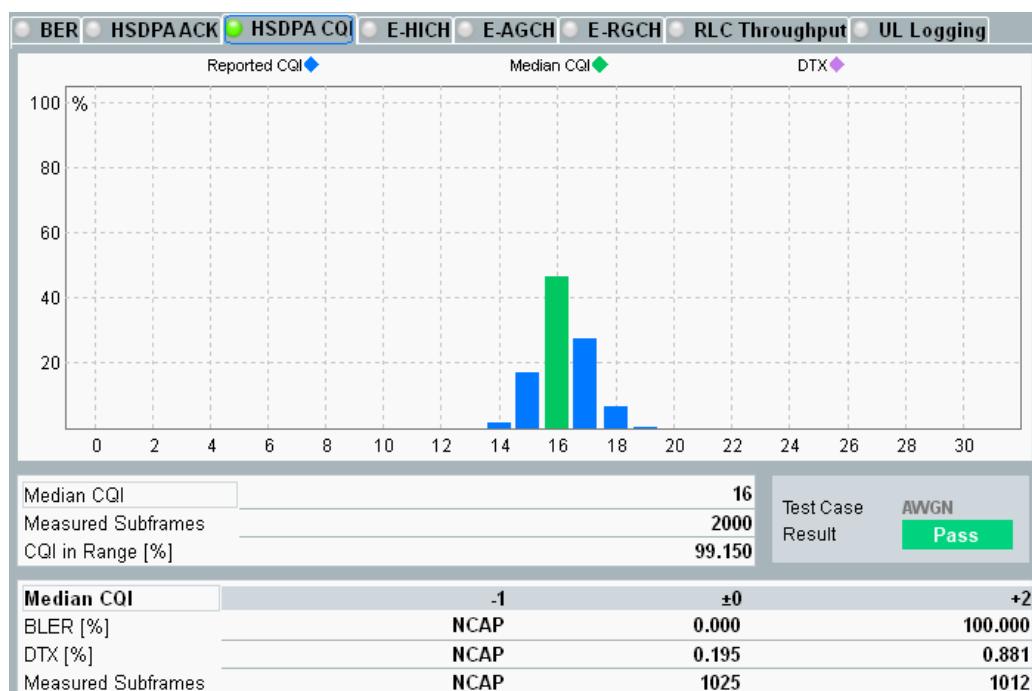


Figure 2-147: HSDPA CQI tab

Results

For a detailed description of the results see [Chapter 2.2.21.2, "Measurement Results", on page 93](#).

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:RState?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:BLER? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:DTX? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:MSFRAMES? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier<c>? etc.
```

2.4.27.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement.

For background information, refer to [Chapter 2.2.21, "HSDPA CQI Measurement", on page 92](#).

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

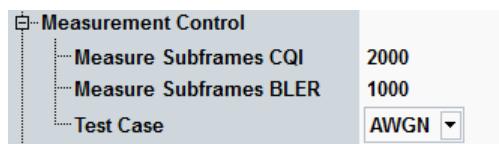


Figure 2-148: Measurement control settings

Measure Subframes.....	296
Test Case.....	296

Measure Subframes

Defines the number of HSDPA subframes (transmission packets) to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

"Measure Subframes CQI" denotes the number of CQI values collected in the first stage of the HSDPA CQI test and used for the calculation of CQI statistics.

"Measure Subframes BLER" denotes the number of subframes with ACK and NACK responses measured in the second stage and used for the calculation of BLER.

Specify a multiple of 100 subframes.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:BLER:MSFRAMES`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CQI:MSFRAMES`

Test Case

Selects either AWGN or fading to display the respective view of the HSDPA CQI tab. For details, refer to [Chapter 2.2.21, "HSDPA CQI Measurement"](#), on page 92.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:TCASE`

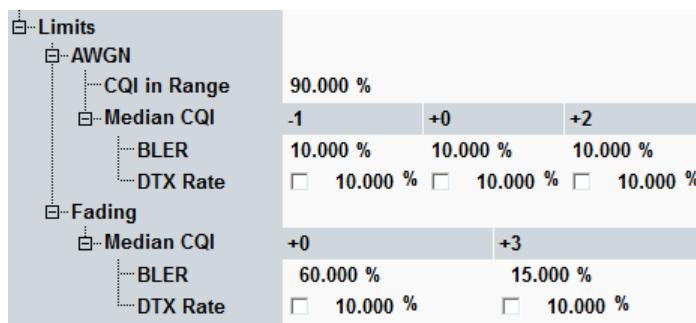
2.4.27.4 Limit Settings

The limit section defines limits for the results of the "HSDPA CQI" measurement.

3GPP TS 34.121 specifies various test cases related to this measurement.

The default values are the limits specified in standard.

The limits for the AWGN and fading test cases can be set independently:

**Figure 2-149: Limit settings**

CQI in Range.....	297
BLER.....	297
DTX Rate.....	297

CQI in Range

Specifies the minimum percentage of measured CQI values, that fall in the range (median CQI - 2) \leq median CQI \leq (median CQI + 2).

This limit applies only to the stage 1 of AWGN test case.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN
```

BLER

Specifies BLER limits.

- **AWGN test case:**

For the BLER at median CQI above the limit, the BLER at median CQI - 1 must be below the limit.

For the BLER at median CQI below the limit, the BLER at median CQI + 2 must be above the limit.

- **Fading test case:**

Upper BLER limit at median CQI and median CQI + 3.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:BLER
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:BLER
```

DTX Rate

Defines the maximum percentage of HSDPA subframes that the UE answers with DTX. The limit check can be enabled and disabled.

For AWGN test case, the limit applies to the values acquired at median CQI - 1, median CQI and median CQI + 2.

For fading test case, the limit applies to the values acquired at median CQI and median CQI + 3.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:DTX
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:DTX
```

2.4.27.5 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290.](#)

2.4.28 E-HICH Measurement Configuration

The signaling E-HICH measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "E-HICH" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

2.4.28.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



HSUPA E-HICH (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.28.2 E-HICH Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132.](#)

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

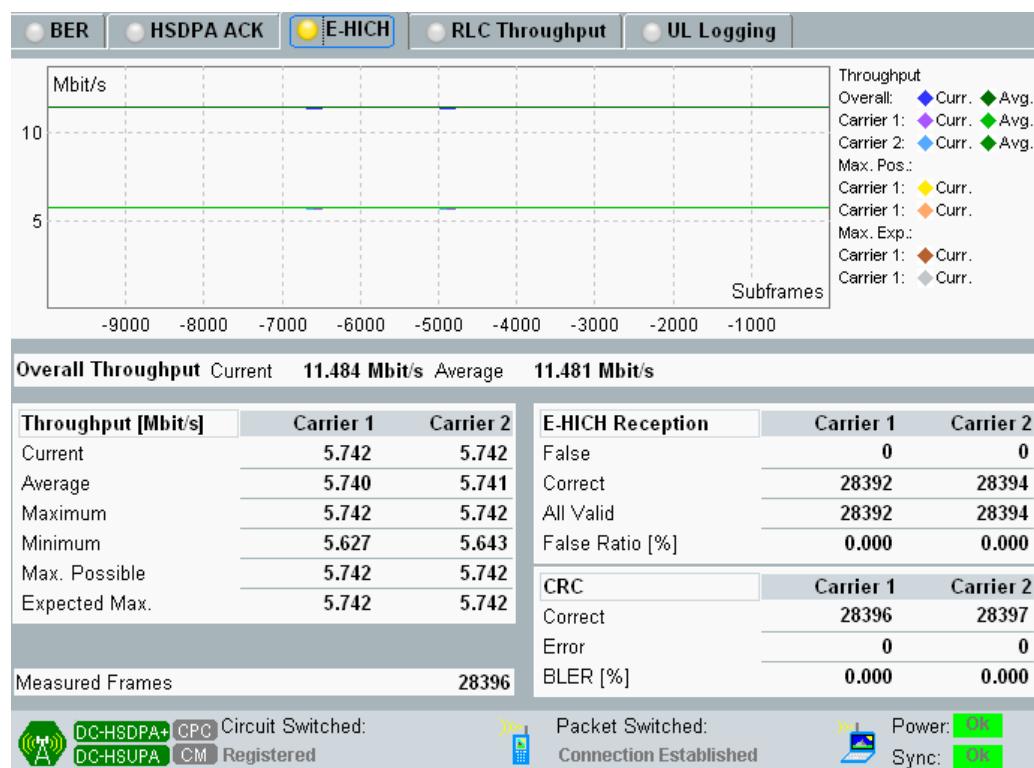


Figure 2-150: E-HICH tab

Results

For a description of the results, see [Chapter 2.2.22.2, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 95.

Remote command:

```

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:CARRier<c>? etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:METHroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?
etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:MPThroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?
etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?
etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?
etc.
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:THRoughput:TOTal? etc.

```

Related hotkeys

To display the hotkeys, press the "Display" softkey. The following hotkeys are then available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Select Trace ..."	Select the trace types to be displayed in the view.
"Y Scale ..."	Modify the ranges of the Y-axis, where both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.
"X Scale ..."	Modify the ranges of the X-axis. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display measured subframes.

2.4.28.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. A limit can also be defined. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Figure 2-151: Measurement settings

Repetition.....	300
Measure Frames.....	300
Limit.....	301
Suppress "Cell Off" Message.....	301

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:REPetition`

Measure Frames

Specifies the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:MFRames`

Limit

Defines an upper limit for the E-HICH reception "False Ratio" result.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:LIMIT`

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.4.29 E-AGCH Measurement Configuration

The signaling E-AGCH measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "E-AGCH" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

2.4.29.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

**HSUPA E-AGCH (Softkey)**

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh  
ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.29.2 E-AGCH Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

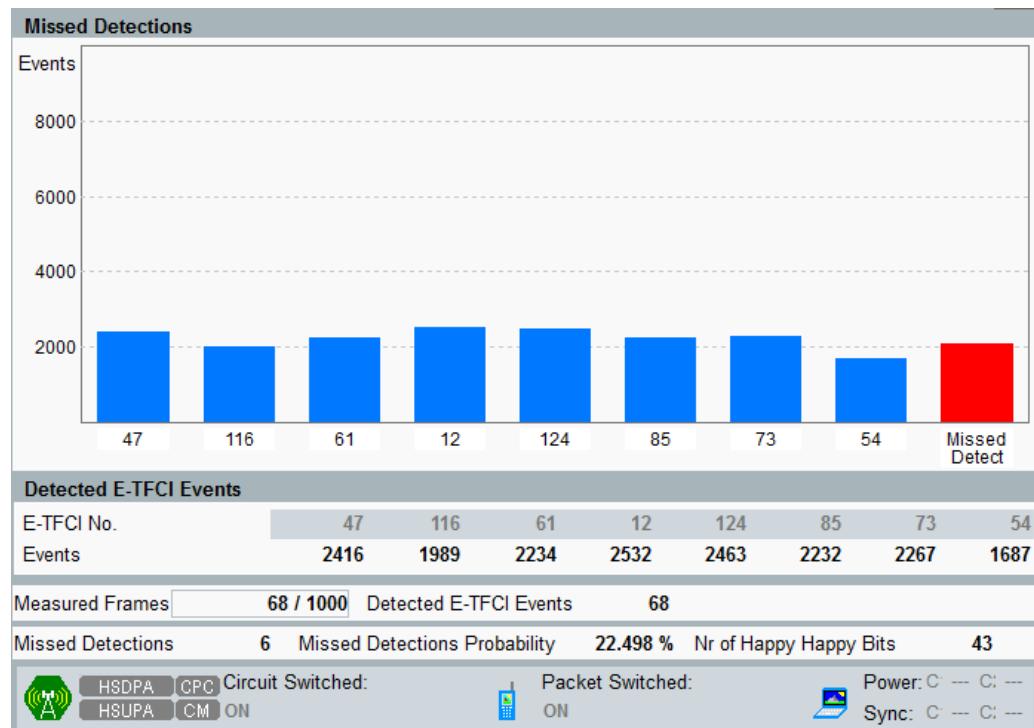


Figure 2-152: E-AGCH tab (missed detection)

Results

For a description of the results, see [Chapter 2.2.23, "E-AGCH Measurement"](#), on page 98.

Remote command:

`FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh? etc.`

`FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:TRACe:GENeral? etc.`

2.4.29.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. A limit can also be defined. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

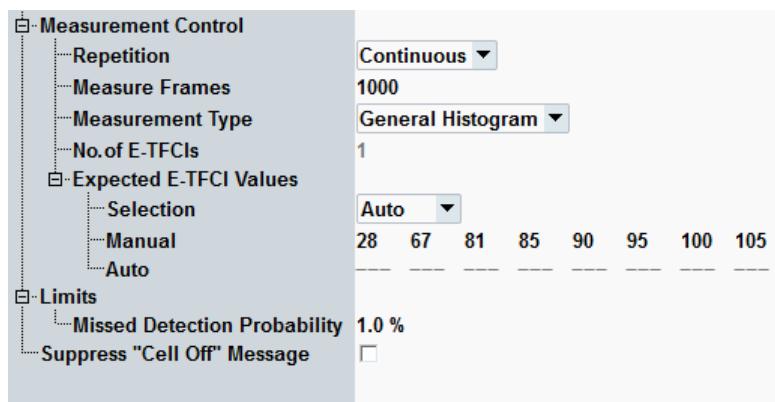


Figure 2-153: Measurement settings

Repetition	303
Measure Frames	303
Measurement Type	303
No. of E-TFCIs	304
Expected E-TFCI Values	304
Limit	304
Suppress "Cell Off" Message	304

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:REPetition
```

Measure Frames

Specifies the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Ideally, one E-TFCI value is detected per TTI, so the number of measure frames corresponds to the sum of the E-TFCI detections.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MFRAMES
```

Measurement Type

Selects either the "General Histogram" or "Missed Detection" measurement type. Use "Missed Detection" for E-AGCH conformance tests.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MTYPE
```

No. of E-TFCIs

Displays the number of valid E-TFCI values in the table [Expected E-TFCI Values](#). The value equals the [Pattern Length](#) of absolute grant.

Expected E-TFCI Values

Configures the expected E-TFCI values for the [Measurement Type](#) = "Missed Detection".

The automatic calculation of expected E-TFCI values is related to the absolute grant (AG) pattern. Each AG value is mapped to an expected E-TFCI value, see [Chapter 2.4.15.2, "E-AGCH Settings", on page 252](#).

Expected E-TFCI values can also be set manually. The values must correspond to the R&S CMW and the UE configuration.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MANual
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MODE
```

Limit

Defines an upper limit for the "Missed Detection Probability" result.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:LIMit
```

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.4.30 E-RGCH Measurement Configuration

The signaling E-RGCH measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "E-RGCH" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

2.4.30.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



HSUPA E-RGCH (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATE?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.30.2 E-RGCH Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

<input checked="" type="radio"/> BER	<input type="radio"/> HSDPA ACK	<input type="radio"/> HSDPA COI	<input type="radio"/> E-HICH	<input type="radio"/> E-AGCH	<input checked="" type="radio"/> E-RGCH	<input type="radio"/> RLC Throughput	<input type="radio"/> UL Logging
Measured Frames	600 / 1000			Initial ETFCI Index	5		
No. of Happy Bits	180			Expected E-TFCI Selection	Manual		
				Expected E-TFCI	4 5 35 40 45 52 59 65 70 76 81		
Missed Up/Down Test	Up	Down		Missed Hold Test		Hold	
Missed	28	0		Missed		0	
Correct	116	287		Correct		0	
All Valid	144	287		All Valid		0	
Missed Ratio [%]	19.444	0.000		Missed Ratio [%]		0.000	

Results

For a description of the results, see [Chapter 2.2.24, "E-RGCH Measurement", on page 100](#).

Remote command:

```
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh? etc.
```

2.4.30.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. A limit can also be defined. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

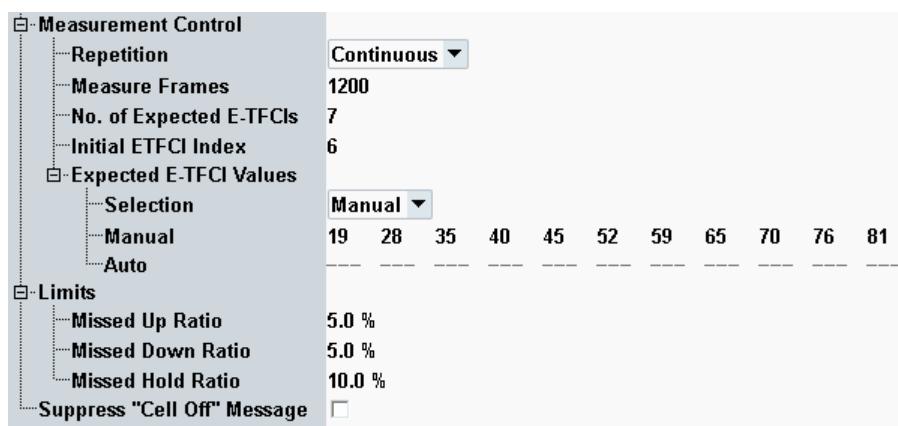


Figure 2-154: Measurement settings

Repetition.....	306
Measure Frames.....	306
No. of Expected E-TFCIs.....	306
Initial E-TFCI Index.....	307
Expected E-TFCI Values.....	307
Limit.....	307
Suppress "Cell Off" Message.....	307

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:REPetition`

Measure Frames

Specifies the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle). The number of subframes equals to the number of relative grant values transmitted per measurement cycle (one value per TTI).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:MFRAMES`

No. of Expected E-TFCIs

Specifies the number of valid E-TFCI values in the table [Expected E-TFCI Values](#).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPEcted`

Initial E-TFCI Index

Sets the position of the initial operating point in the table [Expected E-TFCI Values](#). Set the initial value equal to the [AG Index](#). If the operating point of the UE is shifted outside the E-TFCI range, the initial operating point is readjusted.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:INITial
```

Expected E-TFCI Values

Configures the E-TFCI values expected from the UE.

The automatic calculation depends on the current DL and UL signal configuration. The measurement starts at the initial E-TFCI index. With the correct settings, the calculated E-TFCI values are in ascending order. This mode is recommended unless a special UE configuration is used, where the calculated values need to be corrected manually.

In the manual settings, the values must correspond to the R&S CMW and UE configuration. The values must be all different and in ascending order.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANual
```

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MODE
```

Limit

Defines an upper limit for number of relative grant values that the UE received in error during a "Missed Up/Down" or "Missed Hold" test as selected via the wizard (see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards", on page 163](#)).

- For the "Missed Up/Down" test, it denotes the sum of the up and down values ([Mode](#) = "Alternating" H-ARQ cycle)
- For the "Missed Hold" test, it denotes the number of DTX values ([Mode](#) = All DTX)

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:LIMit
```

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.4.31 RLC Throughput Measurement Configuration

The signaling RLC throughput measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "RLC Throughput" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

See also [Chapter 2.2.25.1, "Performing RLC Throughput Measurements", on page 103](#)

2.4.31.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



RLC Throughput (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.31.2 RLC Throughput Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Chapter 2.4.1.1, "Connection Status", on page 132](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

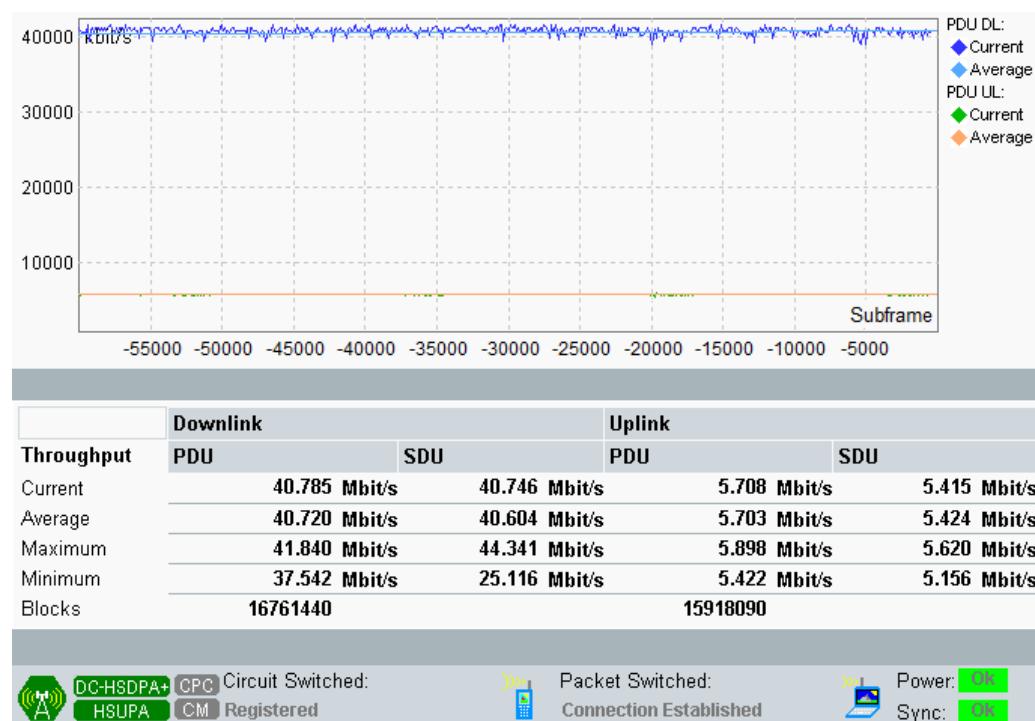


Figure 2-155: RLC throughput tab

Results

For a description of the results, see [Chapter 2.2.25.2, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 103.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput? etc.
```

Related hotkeys

To display the hotkeys, press the "Display" softkey. The following hotkeys are then available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"PDU/SDU"	Switch between PDU and SDU traces.
"Select Trace ..."	Select the trace types to be displayed in the diagram.

2.4.31.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Figure 2-156: Measurement control settings

Repetition.....	310
Update Interval.....	310
Window Size.....	310
Suppress "Cell Off" Message.....	310

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:REPetition`

Update Interval

Time interval used to derive a single throughput result (multiple of 80 ms / 40 sub-frames).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:UPDATE`

Window Size

Width of the result window displaying the throughput traces (X-axis range). The window size equals the duration of a single shot measurement (one statistics cycle). It is internally rounded down to the next integer multiple of the "Result Interval". As a consequence the number of results in the diagram equals the integer number <Window Size> / <Update Interval>.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:WINDOW`

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.4.32 UL Logging Measurement Configuration

The signaling UL logging measurement is included in the WCDMA signaling application. It must be activated in the "Measurement Controller" dialog via the entry "RX Measurement...". The "UL Logging" tab of the RX measurement view and the related configuration dialog are described in this section.

2.4.32.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



UL Logging (softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging  
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging  
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:STATE:ALL?
```

2.4.32.2 UL Logging Tab

The tab shows the measurement results and the connection status.

The connection status information displayed at the bottom is the same as in the WCDMA signaling main view, see [Connection Status](#).

The most important settings of the WCDMA signaling application can be accessed via the "Signaling Parameter" softkey and the related hotkeys.

To switch to the signaling application, press the "WCDMA-UE Signaling" softkey two times.

The "Config" hotkey opens either the configuration dialog of the measurement or the configuration dialog of the signaling application, depending on which softkey is active.

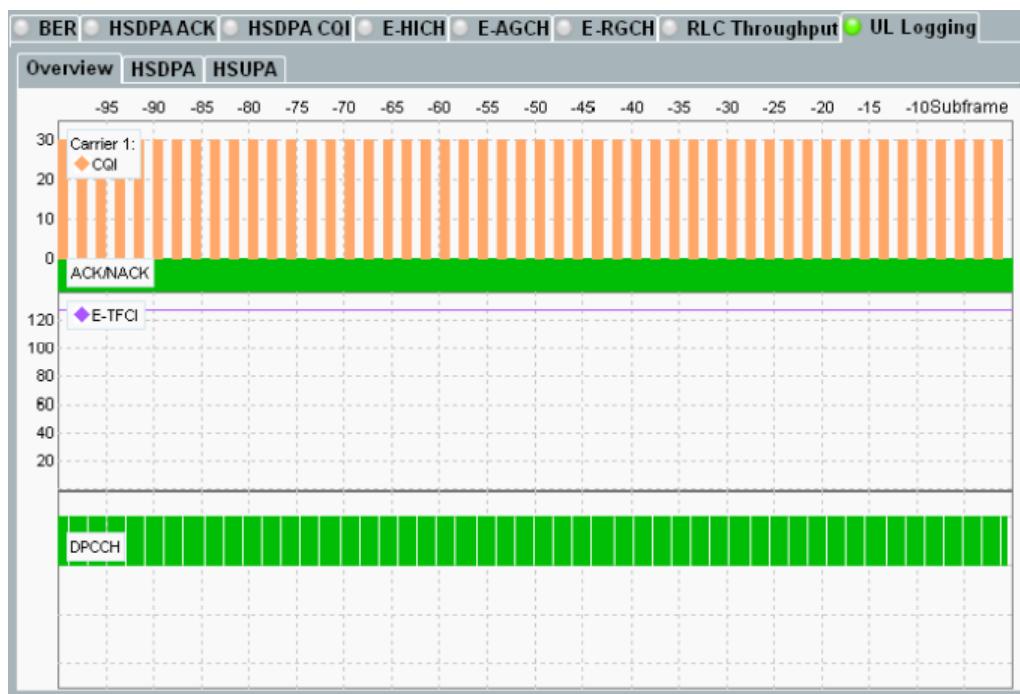


Figure 2-157: UL logging tab - diagram view

Results

A diagram and a table view are available, for more information to the results see [UL Logging Measurement](#).

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SFN? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SLOT? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:ANACK? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:CQI? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:ETFCI? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:RSN? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:HBIT? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:DPCCh? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging[:SCELL]? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCARrier? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCHSpa? etc.
```

Related hotkeys

To display the hotkeys, press the "Display" softkey. The following hotkeys are then available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Table/Diagram"	Switches a diagram or table view.
"X Scale ..."	Modify the ranges of the X-axis. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display measured subframes.

2.4.32.3 Measurement Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the measurement. The settings provide you also the selection of table or diagram view. In addition, the "Cell Off" message display is configurable.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

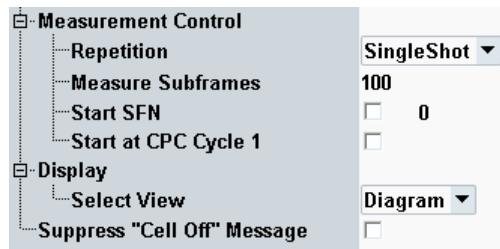


Figure 2-158: Measurement settings

Repetition.....	313
Measure Subframes.....	313
Start SFN.....	313
Start at CPC Cycle1.....	314
Display > Select View.....	314
Suppress "Cell Off" Message.....	314

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:REPetition`

Measure Subframes

Specifies the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRAMES`

Start SFN

Specifies the first system frame number for which the UL logging information is displayed.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SSFN
```

Start at CPC Cycle1

Starts the UL logging measurement two subframes before a CPC cycle 1. For CPC details, see [Chapter 2.4.17, "Continuous Packet Connectivity Settings", on page 258](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SCCYcle
```

Display > Select View

Switches a diagram or table view, see also [Chapter 2.2.26.2, "Measurement Results", on page 105](#).

Remote command:

n/a

Suppress "Cell Off" Message

Refer to [Chapter 2.4.25.5, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 290](#).

2.5 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA signaling application.

The examples contain SCPI commands supported by the R&S CMW and the following symbolic scripting commands:

- // <comment>:
A <comment> ignored by the used programming tool
- WHILE <query> <> <value>:
Waits until the <query> returns a certain <value>, e.g. a specific state is reached.
- WAITKEY <message>:
Displays a dialog box with a <message> and waits until the box is closed manually.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

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● E-AGCH Tests	347
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● RLC Throughput Tests	349
● UL Logging Tests	351

2.5.1 Signaling Application

The WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:....
- After a *RST, the DL signal is switched off.
To activate the DL signal use SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE ON.
Query the cell state using SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL?. The result ON,ADJ indicates that the DL signal is available.
- To initiate a connection setup in the CS domain use
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSwitched:ACTION CONNECT.
Depending on the settings, it can also initiate a connection setup in the PS domain.
To initiate a connection setup in the PS domain after the CS connection has been established, use CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:PSwitched:ACTION CONNECT.
To query the connection states use FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSwitched:STATE?
and FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSwitched:STATE?.
- To switch on dedicated downlink channels for reduced signaling, use
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:RSIGnaling:ACTION ON.
To query the reduced signaling state, use
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:RSIGnaling:STATE?.

The following sections describe how to configure the signaling application. Some of the listed configuration commands are not relevant for reduced signaling, but can nevertheless be executed before the reduced signaling mode is enabled.

The subsequent sections describe how to use signaling application, for example:

- How to switch on the cell signal and UE
- How to set up a CS or PS connection
- How to switch on dedicated DL channels for reduced signaling

These sections distinguish between signaling and reduced signaling mode. Some examples for actions possible after connection setup are also given.

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● Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE (Signaling).....	331
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● Performing an Inter-RAT Handover.....	339
● Performing a Handover to Another Instrument.....	340
● Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM.....	340

2.5.1.1 Specifying General Settings

```

// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Enable a connection to the DAU.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:ETOE ON

// ****
// Specify the maximal release of the NodeB signal.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:MRVersion R11

// ****
// Define paths for a standard cell with or without external fading,
// with or without RX diversity, including signal routing,
// external attenuation and time delay compensation.
// ROUTe commands also activate the scenario. Send only one of the
// route commands.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:SCELL RF2C,RX1,RF2C,TX1
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:SCFading RF2C,RX1,RF2C,TX1,IQ20
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:SCFDiversity:INTernal RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:SCFDiversity RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2,IQ20,IQ40
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier:EATTenuation:OUTPut 2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier:EATTenuation:INPut 2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier:EDC:OUTPut 20E-6
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier:EDC:INPut 20E-6

// ****
// Alternatively define paths for dual carrier with or without
// dual uplink, external fading, and RX diversity. Define external
// attenuation, time delay compensation. ROUTe commands also activate

```

```
// the scenario. Send only one of the route commands.  
// *****  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCARRIER RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCHSpa RF1C,RX1,RF2C,RX2,RF1C,TX1,RF2C,TX2  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCFading RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2,IQ20,IQ40  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCFDiversity:INTernal RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCFDiversity RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2,IQ20,IQ40  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:EATTenuation:OUTPut 2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER2:EATTenuation:OUTPut 2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER:EATTenuation:INPut 2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:EDC:OUTPut 20E-6  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER2:EDC:OUTPut 20E-6  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:EDC:INPut 20E-6  
  
// *****  
// Define paths for dual band dual carrier with internal or  
// external fading, with or without RX diversity. ROUTe commands  
// also activate the scenario. Send only one of the commands.  
// *****  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DBFading:INTernal RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DBFading RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2,IQ20,IQ40  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DBFD:INTernal RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF2C,TX2,RF3C,  
    TX3,RF4C,TX4  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DBFD RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF2C,TX2,RF3C,TX3,  
    RF4C,TX4,IQ20,IQ40,IQ60,IQ80  
  
// *****  
// Alternatively define paths for three carrier HSDPA scenario.  
// *****  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCEN:TCHSpa RF1C,RX1,RF2C,RX2,RF1C,TX1,RF2C,TX2,RF3C,TX3,  
  
// *****  
// Specify operating band, DL channel number for carrier 1, and  
// DL/UL frequency offsets for all carriers.  
// Set carrier separation to 10 MHz and query the automatically  
// calculated UL channel number for carrier 2.  
// Alternatively configure the same channels via their center frequency.  
// Alternatively use a single command to set band and channel for dual  
// band HSDPA operation.  
// *****  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CARRIER:BAND OB2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:CHANnel:DL 9700  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:F OFFset:DL 10000  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation 10E+6  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER2:CHANnel:DL?  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER2:F OFFset:DL 10000  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:F OFFset:UL 10000  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:CHANnel:UL?  
  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRIER1:FREQuency:DL 1940E+6
```

```
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:DCARrier:SEParation 10E+6
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier2:FREQuency:DL?
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier1:FREQuency:UL?

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:DBDC ON,C2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier1:DL OB2, 9700
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier2:DL OB4, 1700

// ****
// Alternatively specify user-defined RF frequencies and channels
// including UL/DL separation value.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MAXimum 10838
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MINimum 10562
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MAXimum 9888
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MINimum 9612
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:MAXimum 21676E5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:MINimum 21124E5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:MAXimum 6000E6
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:MINimum 59448E5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:UDEFined:UDSeparation 190

// ****
// Carrier1: Define the power of the base station signal, enable AWGN, define
// the AWGN power and query the resulting total power.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier1:COPower -50
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier1:AWGN ON, -80
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier1:TOPower?

// ****
// Repeat settings for carrier2
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier2:COPower -50
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier2:AWGN ON, -80
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:CARRier2:TOPower?

// ****
// Modify total base station signal power of all carriers and query the
// resulting total power for the sum of all carriers.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:COPower:TOTal -50
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:TOPower:TOTal?

// ****
// Select manual expected nominal power mode and specify the expected power
// and the user margin.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:ENPMode MANual
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:ENPower 7
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:RFSettings:MARGIN 1
```

2.5.1.2 Configuring Internal Fading

```
// ****
// Select a standard cell scenario with internal fading.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:SCFading:INTERNAL RF2C,RX1,RF2C,TX1

// ****
// Configure the fading simulator:
// Enable it, select a fading profile, start fading automatically,
// set start seed and calculate insertion loss automatically.
// Set Doppler freq. mode to normal and query maximum Doppler shift.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMulator:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMulator:STANDARD C5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMulator:RESTART:MODE AUTO
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMulator:GLOBAL:SEED 0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMulator:ILOSS:MODE NORMAL
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:CARRIER:FSIMULATOR:ILOSS:CSAMPLES?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMULATOR:DASHIFT:MODE NORM
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:FSIMULATOR:DASHIFT?

// ****
// Configure AWGN insertion for carrier 1:
// Enable AWGN and set noise level.
// Query signal to noise ratio and total power (signal + noise).
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:CARRIER:AWGN:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:CARRIER:AWGN:NOISE -80
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:CARRIER:AWGN:SNRATIO?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:FADING:CARRIER:POWER:SUM?
```

2.5.1.3 Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings

```
// ****
// Set level and channelization code of S-CCPCH
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:LEVEl:SCCPch -5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CODE:SCCPch 6

// ****
// Configure 2 HS-SCCH: level, channelization code, UE ID, and dummy UE ID
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRIER1:LEVEl:HSSCch1 -10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRIER1:LEVEl:HSSCch2 -9
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRIER1:CODE:HSSCch1 100
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:CODE:HSSCch2 101
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:HSSCch:UEID #HEEE
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:HSSCch1:IDDummy #HEEE1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:HSSCch2:IDDummy #HEEE2

// ****
// Configure HS-PDSCH: level and first channelization code number
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:LEVel:HSPDsch -8
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:CODE:HSPDsch 2

// ****
// Set level and channelization code of E-AGCH, E-HICH, and E-RGCH.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier:LEVel:EAGCh -10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier:LEVel:EHICh -13
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier:LEVel:ERGCh -13
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier:CODE:EAGCh 252
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier:CODE:EHICh 123

// ****
// Query and adjust accumulated power.
// Select OCNS type R6 and query OCNS power.
// Check for channelization code conflicts.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:LEVel:APower?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:LEVel:ADJust
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:OCNS:TYPE R6
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:OCNS:LEvel?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:CODE:CONFLICT?

// ****
// Adjust enhanced settings.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:PCPich:SLEVel 30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:SSCode #HA
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:PHASE -90
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:AICH:TTIMing 4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:AICH:ACKN owledge NEG
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:SSCode #HB
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:POFFset 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:PHASE SCP
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:TOFFset 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:HSSCch:SELECTION AUTomatic
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:HSSCch:NUMBER 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:HSSCch:USFRAMES DTX
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:HSPDsch:POFFset AUTO
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier1:ENHanced:HSPDsch:USFRAMES DTX

// ****
```

```

// Configure carrier 2.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:LEVel:PCPich -5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:LEVel:HSSCch1 -10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:LEVel:HSSCch2 -9
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:LEVel:HSPDsCh -8
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:CODE:HSSCch1 100
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:CODE:HSSCch2 101
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:CODE:HSPDsCh 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:HSSCch:UEID #HEEEE
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:HSSCch1:IDDummy #HEEE1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:HSSCch2:IDDummy #HEEE2

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:OCNS:TYPE R6
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:LEVel:APOWER?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:LEVel:ADJust
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:OCNS:LEVel?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:CODE:CONFLICT?

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:PCPich:SLEVel 30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:HSSCch:SELECTION AUTomatic
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:HSSCch:NUMBER 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:HSSCch:USFRAMES DTX
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:HSPDsCh:POFFSET AUTO
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRier2:ENHanced:HSPDsCh:USFRAMES DTX

// ****
// Enable downlink power control, specify mode, step, DPCH level range,
// DPCH level sequence, and strategy. Execute the commands.
// Query the sequence state.
// Specify target DTCH link quality, target TPC error rate and
// F-DPCH slot format. Query actual reported DPCH level.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:PCONTrol:MODE ON,M0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:PCONTrol:STEP 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RANGE -30,0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQUENCE -20,-26,-22,-18
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RXLSTRATEGY BF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQUENCE:EXECUTE
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHANCED:DPCH:LSEQUENCE:STATE?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:PCONTROL:DTQUALITY 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:PCONTROL:FTERATE 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRIER1:ENHANCED:DPCH:FSFORMAT 2
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:CARRIER1:ENHANCED:DPCH:REPORTED?

```

2.5.1.4 Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings

```

// ****
// Configure maximum allowed UE power, DPCCH power offset,

```

```
// and UL scrambling code. Query expected initial DPCCH power.  
// *****  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:MUEPower 27  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:CARRier:POFFset -77  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:UEPClass:REPorted OFF  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:UEPClass:MANual PC4  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:CARRier:SCODE #H31F  
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:EIPower?  
  
// *****  
// Configure open loop power control: initial preamble power offset  
// and estimated UL interference. Query expected initial preamble power.  
// *****  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:OLPControl:CVAlue -28  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:OLPControl:INTerference -90  
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:OLPControl:EIPower?  
  
// *****  
// Configure PRACH settings: available preamble signatures and subchannels,  
// maximum preamble retransmission per cycle, preambles to be received before  
// AICH transmission, preamble step size, maximum number of cycles,  
// message power offset, TTI length, and DRX cycle length.  
// *****  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SIGNature #B11100001110000  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SUBChannels #B00000000001  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MRETrans 7  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:AICH 6  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SSIZE 2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MCYCles 3  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:MESSAGE:POFFset -4  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:MESSAGE:LENGTH 0.01  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:PRACH:DRXCycle 9  
  
// *****  
// Configure gain factors βc and βd for RMC 1 and 2 (12.2 kbps and 64 kbps),  
// for voice connections and for video connections.  
// Configure gain factors and power offsets for HSDPA connections.  
// Configure gain factor related parameters for HSUPA connections.  
// *****  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:RMC1 7,15; RMC2 4,15  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:VOICe 10,15  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:VIDeo 8,15  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:PDATa128 8,15  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:PDATa384 8,15  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSDPa 8,15,5,5,2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:EDPCch 6  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:NUMBER 2  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:REFerence 11,68,71,77,81,90,100,127  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:POFFset 4,15,21,26,27,28,29,29  
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:BOOST 100
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACTor:HSUPa:DTTP 5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACTor:HSUPa:ETFCi:BOOST ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:GFACTor:HSUPa:EDPFormula INT
```

2.5.1.5 Configuring Connection Types

```
// ****
// Select test mode as UE terminated call type and specify SRB data rate.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:UETerminate TEST
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:SRBData R1K7, R1K7

// ****
// Configure voice calls: select loopback connection, set 2 s for of delay,
// select narrowband AMR voice codec, mode D. Disable TFCI.
// Set the caller ID of the instrument.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:SOURce LOOP
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:DELay:LOOPback 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:CODEc NB
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:AMR:NARRow D
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:TFCI OFF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:CID 764332637249279

// ****
// Configure "SRB only" connections: select RRC target state CELL_FACH.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:SRBSingle:TYPE CFACH

// ****
// Configure general test mode settings: Select test mode type, keep test
// loop during reconfiguration and data rate for BTFD tests.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:TYPE RHSpa
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:KTLReconfig ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:BTFD:TFORmat R10K2

// ****
// Configure RMC connections: domain, DL and UL data rate, loop test mode,
// acknowledged mode for loop mode 1, uplink CRC for loop mode 2,
// percentage of used DL resources, data pattern.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DOMAIN CS
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DRArTe R64K, R12K2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:TMode MODE1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:RLCMode ACKN
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:UCRC ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DlRessources P0056
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DATA PRBS11
```

```
// ****
// Configure the HSPA test mode:
// test mode procedure, PRBS9 as data pattern, 10% CRC errors.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:HSPA:PROCedure CSPS
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:HSPA:DIRECTION HSPA
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:HSPA:DATA PRBS9
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:HSPA:EINSertion 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:HSPA:USDU 11744

// ****
// Configure packet data settings: data rate, receiving
// window size, T1 release timer, network-controlled and
// UE-controlled inactivity timers.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:DRATE HSDPa, HSUPa
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:HSDPa:RWINDow MANual, 2560
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:HSDPa:TIMER MANual, 0.1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:NETWork:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:NETWork:TIMER 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:NETWork:DSTATE FACH
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:TIMER 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:DSTATE UPCH
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:UPCH:TIMER 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:CPCH:TIMER 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:UEFDormancy:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:UEFDormancy:TIMER 8
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:UEFDormancy:DSTATE CPCH
```

2.5.1.6 Configuring Network Settings

```
// ****
// Specify index i for primary scrambling code and activate PS domain.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:SCODE #H1A
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:SCODE #H1B
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:PSDomain ON

// ****
// Specify network identities: MCC, MNC, network operation mode,
// LAC, RAC, URA, RNC ID, cell ID, NodeB ID, no band indicator.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:MCC 262
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:MNC:DIGITS D2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:MNC 30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:NTOperation M1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:LAC 1435
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RAC #B1011
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:URA #B11
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RNC #B101
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:IDENTity #B1001010
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:IDNode #B11110
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:BINDicator OFF

// ****
// Configure security settings: enable authentication and security mode,
// with SNOW 3G ciphering, define secret key, OPC and SIM card type.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:AUTHenticat ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:CIPHering UEA2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:SKEY #H000102030405060708090A0B0C0D0E0F
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:OPC #H1F1A0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SECurity:SIMCard MILenage

// ****
// Configure UE identity settings: use and set the default IMSI.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:UEIDentity:USE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:UEIDentity:IMSI '001010123456063'

// ****
// Enable CS registration and PS attach. Enable IMEI request.
// Enable radio capability update request.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:REQuest:ADETach ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:REQuest:IMEI ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:REQuest:RCUR ON

// ****
// Configure cell reselection parameters.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RESelection:SEARch -30, -30, -30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RESelection:QUALity -15, -113, -70, 12, 12
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RESelection:TIME 5

// ****
// Configure timers and counters.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:T3212 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:T3312 30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:OSYNch 8
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:PREPetitions 5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:PPIF 36
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:ATOFFset 5
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:N313 N20
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:T313 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:MOC 10
```

```

// ****
// Configure reject causes.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RCAuse:RRCRequest CSUN
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RCAuse:LOCation C12
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RCAuse:ATTach C32
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RCAuse:ROUTing C95

// ****
// Specify 2 neighbor cell entries for LTE, GSM, and WCDMA,
// enable UE measurement for each neighbor cell.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:LTE:CELL1 ON, OB1, 10, ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:LTE:CELL2 ON, OB2, 700, ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:GSM:CELL1 ON, G09, 0, 2, ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:GSM:CELL2 ON, G09, 124, 3, ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:WCDMa:CELL1 ON, OB1, 10562, #H10A, ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:WCDMa:CELL2 ON, OB2, 412, #H10B, ON

// ****
// Specify neighbor cell reselection threshold.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:NCELL:LTE:THresholds:HIGH 5

// ****
// Synchronize the signaling application to zone 1.
// Apply an offset of 30 chips.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SYNC:ZONE 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:SYNC:OFFSet -30

```

2.5.1.7 Configuring HSDPA Settings

```

// ****
// Configure CQI feedback cycle, CQI repetition factor, and
// ACK/NACK repetition factor.
// Configure UE category manually and use fixed reference channel.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FBCycle 0.004
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RFActor 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:ANRFactor 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:MANual 13
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:REPorted OFF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:TYPE FIXED

// ****
// Select H-Set for fixed reference channel.
// ****

```

```
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:FIXed:HSET H1M2

// ****
// Configure a CQI reporting test channel:
// Enable usage of second carrier, select a table index selection method
// and configure all methods. Query the minimum inter TTI distance.
// Define the number of HARQ processes. Define the RV coding sequences.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:CQI:ENABLE ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINDEX SEQuence
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed 17
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed 17
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:SEQUence 1, 15
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FOLLOW 1, 15
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance 16
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance 17
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance:MODE OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TTI?
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:HARQ 5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM16 UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM64 UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined 3,1,2,3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM16:UDEFined 4,3,6,5,4
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM64:UDEFined 2,2,4

// ****
// Configure a user defined HSDPA channel:
// Enable usage of second carrier, configure the minimum inter TTI distance,
// number of HARQ processes, transport block size index,
// number of channelization codes, modulation scheme, and RV coding sequences.
// Query the size of the IR buffer.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:UDEFined:ENABLE ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:UDEFined:TTI 3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:UDEFined:TTI 3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:HARQ 5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock 42
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock 42
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:UDEFined:NCODEs 3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:UDEFined:NCODEs 3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSDPa:UDEFined:MODulation QPSK
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSDPa:UDEFined:MODulation QPSK
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM16 UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM64 UDEFined
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined 3,1,2,3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM16:UDEFined 4,3,6,5,4
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM64:UDEFined 2,2,4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:IRBuffer?
```

2.5.1.8 Configuring HSUPA Settings

```
// ****
// Configure 10 ms TTI, RLC PDU size, UE category and E-TFCI table index.
// Alternatively enable and configure flexible PDU for dual uplink.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:TTI M10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:PDU 344
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:MANual 9
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:REPorted OFF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:ETFCi:TINdex 1

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:PDU:FLEXible ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:PDU:FLEXible 12040

// ****
// Configure HARQ RV configuration, minimum set E-TFCI, happy bit delay
// condition, puncturing limit non-max, maximum channelization code, and
// initial serving grant, modulation and E-AGCH table index.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSUPa:HRVersion RV0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER1:HSUPa:ETFCi:MSET 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSUPa:HRVersion RV0
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSUPa:ETFCi:MSET 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:HBDC 50
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:PLPLnonmax 0.88
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:MCCode S4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:ISGRant 14, SEcondary
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:MODulation Q16
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:TINdex 0

// ****
// Configure the HARQ profile: power offset and max retransmissions.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:POFFset 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:RETX 8

// ****
// Configure E-AGCH settings:
// E-RNTIs of UE, absolute grant pattern (length, indices, scopes, and types),
// pattern repetition and unscheduled TTIs.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:UEID #HAAAB, #H12AB
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:LENGTH 4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:INDex 10,12,14,16
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:SCOPE ON,ON,ON,ON
```

```

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:TYPE ON,OFF,ON,OFF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:REpetition CONT
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:UTTI DUMMY

// ****
// Configure E-RGCH / E-HICH settings:
// fill-up frames with dummies
// E-HICH: react on UL CRC, signature 2
// E-RGCH: signature 3, continuous user defined 4-bit pattern 0011
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EHRCh:FUFDummies ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EHICh:MODE CRC
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:EHICh:SIGNature 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:ERGCh:SIGNature 3
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:ERGCh:MODE CONT
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:LENGTH 4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern '0011----'

```

2.5.1.9 Configuring and Executing CPC

Enable CPC before HSPA connection.

```

// ****
// Set DTX-DRX timing information, send HS-SCCH order, and query the response.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DTRX:DELay 32
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DTRX:OFFSET 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SFORmat 4
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HORDer:SEND
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HORDer:SEND?

// ****
// Set UL DTX, configure cycle 1 and 2.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:LPLength 15
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CQITimer 32
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE1:APATtern:TTI10 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE1:BURSt 2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE2:ITHReshold 16
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE2:DSG 32

// ****
// Set DL DRX, configure UE grant monitoring.
// ****

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DDRX:ENABLE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:APATtern 10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:ITHReshold 16
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ENABLE ON

```

```

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ITHReshold 128

// ****
// Set E-DCH TX start time restriction.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:TTI10 10
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:ITHReshold 128

// ****
// Activate HS-SCCH less operation.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:ENABLE ON

// ****
// Specify the transport block format and support of seccond HD-PDSCH
// for the four preconfiguration sets. Select four sets to be signaled
// to the UE. Enable HS-SCCH less operation for second
// carrier in UL and DL. Send HS-SCCH order and query the response.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock1 41
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport1 ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock2 51
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport2 OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock3 63
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport3 OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock4 90
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport4 OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:NTLock 2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HORDer:SEND
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CPC:HORDer:SEND?

```

2.5.1.10 Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings

```

// ****
// Enable UE measurement report, set interval between two report messages,
// and enable the evaluation of all information elements for current cell,
// carier 2, and WCDMA, GSM, and LTE neighbor cells.
// ****

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:ENABLE ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:RINTerval 5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:CCELL:ENABLE ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL:ENABLE ON,ON,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL:WCDMa:ENABLE ON, ON, ON, ON, ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL:GSM:ENABLE ON, ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL:LTE:ENABLE ON, ON

```

2.5.1.11 Configuring Message Monitoring

```
// ****
// Enable message monitoring for WCDMA. Select address number 2 from the global
// logging PC address pool. Query the corresponding IP address string.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:MMONitor:ENABle ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:MMONitor:IPADdress IP2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:MMONitor:IPADdress?
```

2.5.1.12 Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE (Signaling)

```
// ****
// Connect the UE (switched off). Switch on the DL signal. Query the cell
// state until it equals ON,ADJ (DL signal available at RF connector).
// ****
WAITKEY >Ensure that the UE is connected to the instrument and switched off<
SOURCE:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE ON
WHILE SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "ON,ADJ"

// ****
// Ensure that the reduced signaling mode is disabled.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RSIGnaling OFF

// ****
// Switch on the UE and wait until it is registered and attached.
// ****
WAITKEY >Switch on the UE<
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATe? <> "REG"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:STATe? <> "ATT"
```

2.5.1.13 Switching On the Cell Signal (Reduced Signaling)

```
// ****
// Connect the UE (switched off). Switch on the DL signal. Query the cell
// state until it equals ON,ADJ (DL signal available at RF connector).
// ****
WAITKEY >Ensure that the UE is connected to the instrument and switched off<
SOURCE:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATe ON
WHILE SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "ON,ADJ"

// ****
// Ensure that the reduced signaling mode is enabled.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:RSIGnaling ON
```

2.5.1.14 Configuring the I/Q Settings

```
// ****
// Query the properties of the outgoing baseband signal, required to configure
// the baseband input of the external fader. Configure the baseband input
// according to the baseband output of the external fader.
// ****
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:IQOut:CARRier1?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:IQOut:CARRier2?
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:IQIN:CARRIER1 -30, -20
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:IQIN:CARRIER2 -30, -20
```

2.5.1.15 Sending / Receiving a Short Message (Signaling)

```
// ****
// Configure test loop behavior, large SMS handling and delay time.
// Specify the message text to be sent to the UE in 7 bit ASCII format.
// Set protocol identifier and a SMS source.
// Alternatively specify the message text in binary format.
// Select data coding according to message class 0, specify
// SMSC and the originating subscriber addresses.
// Select a time source and configure date and time for service
// center time stamp. Send the message. Query the sent status.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:KTLoop OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:LHANDling TRUN
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:RMCDelay 3
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:INTERNAL "Testing SMS 012!.#/*%+-/()<>?=;@$,"
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:DCODing BIT7
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:PIDentifier 0
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:MESHHandling INT

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:BINARY #HFFA156ABDC15646879
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:DCODing BIT8

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:CGROUP DCMClass
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:MCClass CL0
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:OADDress 00498941290
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:OSADDress 0049123456

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE DATE
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:DATE 24,10,2012
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TIME 12,40,30
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion SSMS
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:INFO:LMSent?

// ****
// Configure SMS from a file: specify file, check the content,
// set a SMS file as a data source, send the message.
```

```

// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE 'rx_001.sms'
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:MEShandling FILE
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion SSMS

// ****
// Reset parameters related to an already received SMS message.
// Wait until message has been received from the UE.
// Evaluate the text and length of the received message.
// ****
CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT
WAITKEY >Send short message from UE<
WHILE SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INFO:LRMessage:RFLag? <> "OFF"
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:INComing:INFO:MTEXT?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INComing:INFO:MLENgh?

// ****
// Evaluate the text and length of the received message from a SMS file.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INComing:FILE 'rx_001.sms'
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INComing:FILE:INFO?

```

2.5.1.16 Sending a Cell Broadcast Message

```

// ****
// Enable CBS, configure period, and frame offset of CTCH allocation.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:CTCH:ENABle ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:CTCH:PERiod 8
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:CTCH:FOFFset 7

// ****
// Enable DRX for CBS, configure period, length, and offset
// for the CB message broadcast. Let fill empty blocks with
// scheduling message.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:DRX:ENABle ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:DRX:PERiod 256
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:DRX:LENGTH 64
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:DRX:OFFSet 32
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:DRX:FEMPty ON

// ****
// Configure CB message: enable it, set ID type, and query ID. Set serial no,
// English coding, and category. Edit a CB content. Set the message
// repetition period to 500 ms and language. Query the CB coding group.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:ENABLE ON

```

```

Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:IDTYpe TSUN
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:ID?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:SERial 4370
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:CATegory BACK
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:SOURce INT
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:DATA 'EAST COAST TSUNAMI WARNING!'
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:PERiod 500
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:LANGuage 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:CGRoup?

// *****
// Enable ETWS alert and the warning popup on display.
// *****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:ALERT ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:POPop ON

// *****
// Configure CB message from a file: set data source to file, specify
// file, check the CB content.
// *****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:SOURce FILE
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:FILE 'rx_001.cbs'
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?

```

2.5.1.17 Sending Date and Time Information to the UE

```

// *****
// Select a time source and configure date, time, DST and offset +1h.
// Enable sending of the information during registration.
// Send the information to the UE now.
// *****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:TSOurce DATE
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:DATE 24,10,2012
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:TIME 12,40,30
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:DSTime P1H
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:LTZoffset 1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:SREGister ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TIME:SNOW

```

2.5.1.18 Setting Up a CS Connection (Signaling)

```

// *****
// Set up a mobile terminated connection.
// Query the connection state until it equals CEST (connection established).
// Verify the connection type.
// *****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion CONNect

```

```
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:CURREnt?
```

2.5.1.19 Setting Up an Audio CS Connection

Connect the DUT with the audio connectors provided by the R&S CMW with an installed audio board. For the detailed information, refer to the user manual of the audio measurements application.

```
// ****
// Select the voice UE terminated connection, set date source to speech,
// enable speech DTX indication. Set up a mobile terminated connection.
// Query the connection state until it equals CEST (call established).
// Query the speech connection delay.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:UETerminate VOIC
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:SOURce SPE
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:VOICe:DTX ON
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion CONNect
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:CVInfo?
```

2.5.1.20 Setting Up an HSPA Connection (Signaling)

```
// ****
// Ensure that test mode RMC plus HSPA is configured as connection type.
// Configure combined CS/PS connection setup.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:UETerminate TEST
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMODe:TYPE RHSPa
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMODe:HSPA:PROCedure CSPS

// ****
// Enable ROHC and enable two ROHC profiles used by the UE.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:ROHC:ENABLE ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:ROHC:PROFiles ON,OFF,ON

// ****
// Set up an RMC connection in the CS domain and an HSPA test mode connection
// in the PS domain.
// Query the connection state until the connections have been established.
// ****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion CONNect
WAITKEY >Accept call at UE<
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CONFIG?
```

```
// ****
// Check which kind of HSPA test mode has been activated.
// Query the IPv4 address and APN used by the UE.
// ****
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:UEAddress:IPV4?
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:APN?
```

2.5.1.21 Setting Up a Dual Carrier HSPA Connection (Signaling)

```
// ****
// Select the dual carrier HSPA scenario.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENario:DCHSpa RF1C,RX1,RF3C,RX2,RF1C,TX1,RF3C,TX2//

// ****
// Ensure that test mode HSUPA is configured as connection type.
// Select the correct H-Set for release 9.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNECTION:UETerminate TEST
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNECTION:TMode:TYPE HSPA
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNECTION:TMode:HSPA:DIRection HSPA
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HSDPa:FIXed:HSET H8AI

*****
// Enable the second UL carrier in the dual carrier HSPA scenario.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HSUPa:ENABLE ON

// ****
// Set up a dual carrier HSPA test mode connection in the PS domain.
// Query the connection state until the connections have been established.
// ****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSwitched:ACTion CONNect
WAITKEY >Accept call at UE<
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSwitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CONFig?

// ****
// Activate the secondary UL and DL frequency in the dual
// carrier HSPA scenario.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HORDER:DL ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER2:HORDER:UL ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HORDER:SEND
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:HORDER:SEND?
```

2.5.1.22 Setting Up a Reduced Signaling Connection

```
// ****
// Switch on the dedicated downlink channels.
// Query the connection state until the process is complete.
// ****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:RSIGnaling:ACTION ON
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:RSIGnaling:STATE? <> "ON"

// ****
// Switch on the UE and configure it so that it synchronizes to the DL
// signal and provides a WCDMA uplink signal.
// Note the demodulation information displayed in the connection status pane.
// It indicates whether the power of the uplink signal is in range and the
// instrument can synchronize to the uplink signal.
// ****
```

2.5.1.23 Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup

To execute a TPC pattern, a connection has to be established before, see previous sections.

```
// ****
// Set TPC parameters: active TPC setup (phase discontinuity up),
// algorithm and step size, precondition, and number of repetitions.
// Reach the precondition, execute the pattern, and query the state.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:SET PHUP
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:MODE A1S2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHUP MINP
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHUP 4
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:PRECondition
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:PEXecute
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:STATE?

// ****
// Configure other TPC setups: closed loop target power type, value and
// offset, user defined pattern for single, continuous execution,
// precondition and number of repetitions for phase discontinuity down,
// preconditions for continuous and single user defined pattern execution,
// number of 0 bits for test step EF and GH, segmentation for test steps,
// pattern and number of repetitions for DC HSPA in-band emission.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REFerence DPCH
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:CARRier1:TPC:TPOWer -30
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:OFFSet 2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:PATTern '000111'
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHDown 4
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHDown MINP
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:CONTinuous MINP
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:SINGLe MINP
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSEF 110
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSGH 70
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSSegment ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:DHIB UD, 12
```

2.5.1.24 Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)

```
// ****
// Wait until all requested measurement reports have been received.
// Query UE measurement reports for the current cell, carrier 2, and
// two neighbor cells of each technology.
// ****
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:STATe <> "RDY"
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:CCEL1?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCEL12?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:WCDMa:CELL1?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:WCDMa:CELL2?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:GSM:CELL1?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:GSM:CELL2?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:LTE:CELL1?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UEReport:NCELL1:LTE:CELL2?

// ****
// Query all UE information results.
// ****
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:CONNnection:CIRCuit?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:EMERgency?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:ESCategorY?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:CONNnection:PACKet?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:DINFO?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:RITYpe?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:RIDentity?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:IMEI?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:CNUMber?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:DNUMber?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:TTY?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:DULalignment?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:UEADDress:IPV4?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:UEADDress:IPV6?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:APN?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:RRC?

// ****
// Query all UE capability results.
// ****
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapabilitY:GENeral?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapabilitY:HSDPa?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapabilitY:HSUPa?
```

```

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:PDCP?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RLC?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:PDOWnlink?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:PUPLink?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RFParameter?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND:NC2?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RFParameter:BC?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:RFParameter:BCList?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MMODe?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MRAT?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS:GAL?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS:GLON?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS:MGPS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS:QZSS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:UEPosition:GANsS:SBAS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MEASurement?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:GSM?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:LTE?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa:MCARrier?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:CODEc:GSM?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:CODEc:UMTS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UECapability:IMSVoice?

```

2.5.1.25 Performing an Inter-RAT Handover

```

// ****
// An inter RAT handover is a handover to another signaling application.
//
// Select redirection as mobility mode.
// Query a list of possible handover destinations (signaling applications).
// Select a handover destination from the list.
// Wait until the destination is ready to receive a handover.
// Initiate the handover.
//
// Destination parameters like operating band or channel can be changed using
// commands provided by the destination signaling application. Adjust these
// parameters before executing the following commands.
// ****

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:MMODe RED
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:CATalog:DESTination?
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:DESTination 'LTE Sig1'
WHILE SOURce:LTE:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "RFH", "ADJ"
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion HANDover
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:ACTion HANDover

```

```

// ****
// Query and clear the event log.
// ****
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:ELOGging:ALL?
CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN:ELOGging

// ****
// Set connection type to be established for incoming inter RAT traffic:
// for handover and MT CS fallback.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:IHMobility:HANDOver VOIC
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:IHMobility:MTCS VOIC

```

2.5.1.26 Performing a Handover to Another Instrument

```

// ****
// Select handover to other instrument ("No Connection").
// Select target RAT (LTE) and configure the other destination settings.
// Initiate the handover.
// Prepare also the settings for other target RATS.
// ****
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:DESTination "No Connection"
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:DESTination LTE
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:LTE OB1, 300
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:ACTion HANDover

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:CDMA USC, 500
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:EVDO USC, 500
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:GSM G09, 55, G18
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:TDSCdma OB1, 10565
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN:HANDOver:EXTernal:WCDMa OB1, 10565

```

2.5.1.27 Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM

To perform the UE neighbor cell measurement with compressed mode, proceed as follows:

- Configure the neighbor cells, see [Configuring Network Settings](#)
- Enable the UE measurement report for GSM, WCDMA, and LTE neighbor cell measurement, see [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)
- Configure the compressed mode as follows:

```

// ****
// Specify single transmission gap pattern type C, enabled
// for the duration of a UE report measurement.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:PATTern SINGLE
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:SINGle:TYPE C
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:SINGle:ACTivation MEAS

```

```
// ****
// Alternatively specify UE report pattern for WCDMA and LTE neighbor
// cells measurement, enabled for the duration of a UE report measurement.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:PATTern UER
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:UEReport:ENABLE ON, OFF, OFF, OFF, ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:UEReport:ACTivation MEAS, RAB, RAB, RAB, MEAS

// ****
// Alternatively specify and activate pattern for UL compressed mode TX test,
// type B.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:PATTern ULCM
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE B
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CMODE:ULCM:ACTivation
```

- Establish connection, see [Setting Up a CS Connection \(Signaling\)](#)
- Retrieve the neighbor cell report, see [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

2.5.2 BER Tests

The BER measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:BER: . . .
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:SIGN:BER? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:BER and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:BER?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the BER measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.2.1 Configuring the BER Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure RMC with symmetric data rate, loop mode 2, disabled CRC, and
// 100% of transport blocks filled.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:UETerminate TEST
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:TYPE RMC
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DRATe R12K2, R12K2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:TModE MODE2
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:UCRC OFF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:TMode:RMC:DlRessources P1000

// ****
// Configure BER measurement settings: stop on limit failure, number of
// transport blocks to be measured, transport block reordering, and limits
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:SCondition SLFail
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:TBLocks 200
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:PNResync ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:LIMit 0.2,2,2,5,OFF,OFF,2
```

2.5.2.2 Setting Up the RMC Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.18, "Setting Up a CS Connection \(Signaling\)](#)", on page 334

2.5.2.3 Performing a BER Measurement

```
// ****
// Start single-shot measurement.
// Return BER measurement results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:BER
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:BER?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:SIGN:BER?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:STATE?

// ****
// Start continuous measurement; wait for 5 ms and return BER results.
// Query measurement state and substates (should be "RUN,ADJ,ACT").
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:REPetition CONTinuous
INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:BER
Pause 5000
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:BER?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:SIGN:BER?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:BER:STATE:ALL?
```

2.5.3 HSDPA ACK Tests

The "HSDPA ACK" measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:HACK: . . .
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK: . . . ? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK: . . . ?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the HSDPA ACK measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.3.1 Configuring the HSDPA ACK Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode and number of HSDPA subframes to be measured.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:REPetition SINGleshot
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:MSFrames 3000
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:HARQ ALL
```

2.5.3.2 Setting Up an HSDPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)"](#), on page 335

2.5.3.3 Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and return the median CQI trace results for all
// carriers. Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:HACK
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier1:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier2:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier1:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier2:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:STATE?
```

```

// ****
// Read the other results obtained in the last measurement
// without re-starting the measurement.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier1:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier2:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier1:CODE:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier2:CODE:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier1:MODulation:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier2:MODulation:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier1:TBLock:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier2:TBLock:MAX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier1:ABSolute?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier2:ABSolute?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier1:RELative?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier2:RELative?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRANsmission:CARRier1?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRANsmission:CARRier2?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:BLER:CARRier1?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:BLER:CARRier2?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:MSFRames?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:MCQI:CARRier1?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:MCQI:CARRier2?

// ****
// Restart the measurement, query all trace results per subframe.
// ****
READ:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier1?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier2?

```

2.5.4 HSDPA CQI Tests

The "HSDPA CQI" measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:...
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use
READ:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using
INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI and retrieve the results using
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:...?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the HSDPA CQI measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.4.1 Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure number of HSDPA subframes to be measured in both stages,
// specify test case AWGN.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CQI:MSFRAMES 3000
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:BLER:MSFRAMES 2000
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:TCASE AWGN

// ****
// Configure limits for both test cases.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:LIMIT:AWGN 95
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:LIMIT:AWGN:BLER 10,10,10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:LIMIT:AWGN:DTX 10,10,10
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:LIMIT:FADING:BLER 60,15
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:LIMIT:FADING:DTX 10,10
```

2.5.4.2 Setting Up an HSDPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)", on page 335](#)

2.5.4.3 Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and return the overall result and
// the CQI trace results for all carriers. Query the measurement
// state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:HCQI
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:RSTATE?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier1?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier2?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:STATE?

// ****
// Read the other results obtained in the last measurement
// without re-starting the measurement.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier1?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier2?
```

```

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier1:BLER?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier2:BLER?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier1:DTX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier2:DTX?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier1:MSFRames?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:HCQI:CARRier2:MSFRames?

```

2.5.5 E-HICH Tests

The E-HICH measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh: . . .
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh: . . . ? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh: . . . ?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the E-HICH measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.5.1 Configuring the E-HICH Measurement

```

// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode, measured subframes, and limit.
// Select HARQ feedback pattern.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh:REPetition SINGleshot
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh:MFRAMES 2000
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:EHICh:LIMit 1.1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:CARRIER:HSUPA:EHICh:MODE ACK

```

2.5.5.2 Setting Up an HSPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)"](#), on page 335

2.5.5.3 Performing an E-HICH Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and query the measurement results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICh
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:CARRier?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:TRACe:METHroughput:CARRier:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:TRACe:MPTHroughput:CARRier:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:THRoughput:TOTal?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EHICH:STATE?
```

2.5.6 E-AGCH Tests

The E-AGCH measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:...
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:...?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the E-AGCH measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.6.1 Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode, measured subframes, type missed
// detections. Set E-TFCI values manually, specify limit.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:REPetition SINGleshot
CONFIGure:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:MFRAMES 2000
CONFIGure:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:MTYPE MISSED
CONFIGure:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:ETFCi:MODE MANual
```

```
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:EAGCh:ETFCi:MANual 28,31,47,53,67,79,83,97
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:EAGCh:LIMit 2
```

2.5.6.2 Setting Up an HSPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)", on page 335](#)

2.5.6.3 Performing an E-AGCH Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and query the measurement results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:TRACe:GENeral?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:EAGCh:STATE?
```

2.5.7 E-RGCH Tests

The E-RGCH measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:...
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh:...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh:...?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the E-RGCH measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application", on page 315](#).

2.5.7.1 Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode, measured subframes, number of valid
// expected E-TFCI values. Set initial E-TFCI to 3 (value 47).
// Set E-TFCI values manually, specify limit.
```

```
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:REPetition SINGleshot
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:MFRAMES 2000
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPected 3
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:ETFCi:INITial 3
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:ETFCi:MODE MANual
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANual 28,31,47
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ERGCh:LIMit 1,1,2
```

2.5.7.2 Setting Up an HSPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#), on page 335.

2.5.7.3 Performing an E-RGCH Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and query the measurement results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh?
FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN:ERGCh:STATE?
```

2.5.8 RLC Throughput Tests

The "RLC Throughput" measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:THroughput: . . .
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMA:SIGN:THroughput: . . . ? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:THroughput and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:THroughput: . . . ?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the RLC throughput measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application"](#), on page 315.

2.5.8.1 Configuring the RLC Throughput Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
```

```
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode, result interval, and result window size.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:REPetition SINGleshot
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:UPDate 0.32
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:WINDOW 220

// ****
// Enable a connection to the DAU and configure the packet data rate.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:ETOE ON
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CONNection:PACKet:DRATE HSDPa, HSUPa
```

2.5.8.2 Setting Up a Data Connection

Proceed as follows:

1. Configure the other settings of the signaling application as desired.
2. Configure the data application unit (see DAU documentation).
3. Switch on the cell signal. See for example [Chapter 2.5.1.12, "Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE \(Signaling\)", on page 331](#).
4. Attach the UE.
5. Initiate a mobile originated call at the UE.
6. Generate IP traffic, e.g. using the "IPerf" measurement provided by the DAU.

```
// ****
// Query the IPv4 address and APN used by the UE.
// ****
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:UEAddress:IPV4?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN:UESinfo:APN?
```

2.5.8.3 Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and return the contents of the result table.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:STATE?

// ****
// Query the result traces obtained in the last measurement.
```

```
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:AVERage?

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:AVERage?
```

2.5.9 UL Logging Tests

The UL logging measurement provided by the WCDMA signaling application is programmed as follows:

- The application is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: . . . :WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging: . . .
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging: . . . ? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging: . . . ?.

The examples in this section focus on commands directly related to the UL logging measurement. For general configuration of the signaling application, refer to [Chapter 2.5.1, "Signaling Application", on page 315](#).

2.5.9.1 Configuring the UL Logging Measurement

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Configure repetition mode, measured subframes, and first system frame number.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging:REPetition SINGleshot
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging:MSFRames 2000
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging:SSFN 5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLoGging:SCCYcle ON
```

2.5.9.2 Setting Up an HSPA Connection

To set up the connection see [Chapter 2.5.1.20, "Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)", on page 335](#)

2.5.9.3 Performing a UL Logging Measurement

```
// ****
// Start the measurement and query the measurement results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:SIGN:ULLogging
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLogging?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLogging:DCARrier?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLogging:DCHSpa?
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN:ULLogging:STATE?
```

2.6 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA signaling application.

● Conventions and General Information.....	353
● General Settings.....	359
● Connection Control and States.....	360
● Signaling Information.....	374
● Routing Settings.....	404
● Internal Fading.....	431
● Physical Channel Downlink Settings.....	439
● Physical Channel Uplink Settings.....	461
● Connection Configuration.....	479
● Network Settings.....	495
● HSDPA Settings.....	523
● HSUPA Settings.....	538
● HS-SCCH Order Settings.....	553
● Continuous Packet Connectivity.....	554
● UE Measurement Report Settings.....	564
● Compressed Mode Settings.....	567
● Messaging (SMS).....	571
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● Using the WCDMA Wizard.....	589
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● E-AGCH Measurement.....	629
● E-RGCH Measurement.....	636
● RLC Throughput Measurement.....	643
● UL Logging Measurement.....	649

2.6.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

2.6.1.1 SIGN*<i>*

SIGN*<i>* is used as abbreviation of SIGNALing<instance>. For better readability, only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

2.6.1.2 CARRier*<c>*

CARRier*<c>* is used as abbreviation of "CARRier<carrier>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <carrier> is relevant for the multi-carrier configurations. It can be omitted for the single-carrier configuration.

2.6.1.3 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (INITiate..., measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK**: The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/enabled for this result.
 - **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The FETCh result is located above the limit.
 - **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The FETCh result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

2.6.1.4 Values for Signal Path Selection

To select an RF path, you must specify an RF connector and a TX or RX module (converter).

To select an I/Q path, you must specify a DIG IQ connector, for some scenarios also an I/Q board.

Which connectors and modules can be specified in a command, depends on the installed hardware and the active subinstrument or instance <i>.

This section lists all values available for path selection. Depending on your configuration, only a subset is relevant for you. Virtual connector names are only relevant for setting commands. Queries return the physical connector names.

Additional information is available in the base software documentation. It describes typical instrument configurations with the allowed RF connector - TX/RX module combinations and the mapping of virtual connector names to physical connectors.

See also: "Signal Path Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Single-CMW setup

Selection values:

- RX module:
RX1 | RX2 | RX3 | RX4
- TX module:
TX1 | TX2 | TX3 | TX4
- RX connector:
RF1C | RF2C | RF3C | RF4C | RFAC | RFBC
RF 1 COM to RF 4 COM plus virtual connector names
- TX connector:
RF1C | RF2C | RF3C | RF4C | RFAC | RFBC
RF1O | RF3O | RFAO
RF 1 COM to RF 4 COM plus virtual connector names
RF 1 OUT and RF 3 OUT plus virtual connector name
- I/Q output connector:
IQ2O | IQ4O | IQ6O | IQ8O
DIG IQ OUT 2 to 8
- Fader:
FAD1 | FAD2
I/Q board 1 with I/Q connectors 1 to 4, I/Q board 2 with I/Q connectors 5 to 8

Multi-CMW setup with R&S CMWC and several R&S CMW500

Selection values:

- RX module:
RX11 | RX12 | RX13 | RX14 | RX21 | RX22 | RX23 | RX24
RX31 | RX32 | RX33 | RX34 | RX41 | RX42 | RX43 | RX44
RX<a>: CMW <a>, RX

Example RX24: RX module 4 of CMW 2

- TX module:

TX11 | TX12 | TX13 | TX14 | TX21 | TX22 | TX23 | TX24
TX31 | TX32 | TX33 | TX34 | TX41 | TX42 | TX43 | TX44

**TX<a>: CMW <a>, TX **

Example TX13: TX module 3 of CMW 1

- RX connector:

R11C | R12C | R13C | R14C | R21C | R22C | R23C | R24C
R31C | R32C | R33C | R34C | R41C | R42C | R43C | R44C

R<a>C: CMW <a>, connector RF COM

Example R12C: RF 2 COM of CMW 1

- TX connector:

R11C | R12C | R13C | R14C | R21C | R22C | R23C | R24C
R31C | R32C | R33C | R34C | R41C | R42C | R43C | R44C
R11O | R13O | R21O | R23O | R31O | R33O | R41O | R43O

R<a>C: CMW <a>, connector RF COM

R<a>O: CMW <a>, connector RF OUT

Example R21O: RF 1 OUT of CMW 2

- I/Q output connector:

I12O | I14O | I16O | I18O | I22O | I24O | I26O | I28O
I32O | I34O | I36O | I38O | I42O | I44O | I46O | I48O

**I<a>O: CMW <a>, connector DIG IQ OUT **

Example I24O: DIG IQ OUT 4 of CMW 2

- Fader:

FAD11 | FAD12 | FAD21 | FAD22 | FAD31 | FAD32 | FAD41 | FAD42

FAD<a>1: CMW <a>, I/Q board 1 with I/Q connectors 1 to 4

FAD<a>2: CMW <a>, I/Q board 2 with I/Q connectors 5 to 8

For CMW 1, you can alternatively use the single-CMW selection values.

2.6.1.5 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
- "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
- "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
- "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query

- **Firmware/Software:**

Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

2.6.1.6 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCH...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**
Measurement values available, no error detected.
- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**
The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout. Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INVALID` results or has not completed the full statistic count.
- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**
The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.
- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.
- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**
The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.
- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.
- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in combined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.
- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**

The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.

- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**
For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.
- **23 ("Missing Option"):**
The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.
- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**
The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.
- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**
The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.
Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.
- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**
The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.
- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**
One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.
- **30 ("File not Found"):**
The specified file could not be found.
- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**
The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.
- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**
The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.
- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**
The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.
- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**
The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.
- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**
The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.
- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**

The selected ARB file could not be found.

- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**

The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.

- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**

The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.

- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**

The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".

$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$

- **50 ("Startup Error"):**

The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.

- **51 ("No Reply"):**

The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.

- **52 ("Connection Error"):**

The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.

- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**

The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.

- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**

The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.

- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting")**

The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.

Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.

- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**

The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.

- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**

Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.

If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:

- Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings. To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
- If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".
- Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.

If you get firmware errors even with the properly installed latest software version, send a problem report including log files to Rohde & Schwarz.

- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**

Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".

- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**

Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.

A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.

If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).

- **104 ("Not Functional"):**

The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

2.6.2 General Settings

The following command enables a connection to other R&S CMW applications.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ETOE <EndToEndEnable>

Enables the setup of a connection between the signaling unit and the data application unit (DAU). DAU is required for IP-based data tests.

Parameters:

<EndToEndEnable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: multiple end to end connections

Manual operation: See "[Enable Data end to end](#)" on page 167

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ESCode <Enable>

Enables audio tests involving the "audio measurements" application in remote operation only. It can only be set in the signal OFF state.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Setting Up an Audio CS Connection](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-B405A and (R&S CMW-B400B/-U5024 or R&S CMW-U400)

2.6.3 Connection Control and States

The following commands control the connection to the UE.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RSIGnaling.....	360
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATe.....	360
SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATe:ALL?.....	361
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CONFig?.....	361
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:CURREnt?.....	362
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:ACTion.....	362
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSWitched:ACTion.....	363
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGnaling:ACTion.....	363
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:CATalog:DESTination?.....	364
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:DESTination.....	364
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:DESTination.....	364
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:MMODE.....	364
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:CDMA.....	365
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:EVDO.....	365
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:GSM.....	366
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:LTE.....	367
PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXTernal:WCDMa.....	369
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:MTCS.....	369
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:HANdover.....	370
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:STATe?.....	370
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSWitched:STATe?.....	371
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGnaling:STATe?.....	372
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:ALL?.....	373
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:LAST?.....	373
CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging.....	373

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RSIGnaling <Enable>

Enables or disables the reduced signaling mode.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF

Example: See [Switching On the Cell Signal \(Reduced Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Cell Setup](#)" on page 157

SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATe <Control>

Turns the generator (the cell) on or off.

See also: "Generator Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Setting parameters:

<Control> ON | OFF
 Switch generator **ON** or **OFF**
*RST: OFF

Return values:

<GeneratorState> OFF | PENDING | ON
OFF: generator switched off
PEND: generator switched on but no signal available yet
ON: generator switched on, signal available
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Cell](#)" on page 133

SOURce:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATe:ALL?

Returns detailed information about the "WCDMA Signaling" generator state.

Return values:

<MainState> OFF | ON | RFHandover
OFF: generator switched off
ON: generator has been turned on
RFHandover: ready to receive a handover from another signaling application

<SyncState> PENDING | ADJusted
PENDING: the generator has been turned on (off) but the signal is not yet (still) available
ADJusted: the physical output signal corresponds to the main generator state (signal off for main state OFF, signal on for main state ON)

Example: See [Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.0.10: RFHandover added

Manual operation: See "[Cell](#)" on page 133

SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CONFig?

Returns information corresponding to the gray/green icons displayed behind the cell state in the "Connection Status" area of the main view.

The icons indicate the type of a PS connection.

Return values:

<Config> WCDMa | HSDPa | HSPLus | DCHS | HSPA | HDUPlus |
 DDUPlus | DHDU | 3CHS | 3DUPlus | 3HDU
WCDMa: R99 signal, no HSPA test mode
HSDPa: HSDPA
HSPLus: HSDPA+
DCHS: dual carrier HSDPA+
HSPA: HSDPA and HSUPA
HDUPlus: HSDPA+ and HSUPA
DDUPlus: dual carrier HSDPA+ and single carrier HSUPA
DHDU: dual carrier HSDPA+ and dual carrier HSUPA
3CHS: three carrier HSDPA+
3DUPlus: three carrier HSDPA+ and single carrier HSUPA
3HDU: three carrier HSDPA+ and dual carrier HSUPA

Example:

See [Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software:

V2.1.20
 V2.1.30: added DCHS
 V3.0.20: added HSPA, HDUPlus and DDUPlus
 V3.2.60: added DHDU
 V3.5.20: added 3CHS, 3DUPlus, 3HDU,

Manual operation:

See "[Cell](#)" on page 133

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNection:CURRent?

Queries the type of the current connection.

Return values:

<Type> NONE | VOICe | VIDeo | SRB | TEST | PACKET
NONE: none active connection
VOICe: voice connection
VIDeo: video connection
SRB: signaling radio bearer only
TEST: test mode
PACKet: packet data connection using DAU

Example:

See [Setting Up a CS Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software:

V3.2.80

Manual operation:

See "[Connection Setup](#)" on page 158

CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:ACTion <CSAction>

Controls the CS connection state. As a prerequisite for connection setup the DL signal has to be switched on, see [SOURCE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE](#).

Setting parameters:

<CSAction>	CONNect DISConnect SSMS UNRegister HANDOver CONNect : Initiate a CS connection setup DISConnect : Release a CS connection SSMS : Send SMS UNRegister : Unregister the UE completely (CS unregister and PS detach), i.e. change to state "On" HANDOver : Initiate a handover
Example:	See Setting Up a CS Connection (Signaling)
Usage:	Event
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V1.0.15.23: added HANDOver V2.0.10: added SSMS

Manual operation: See "[Connection Control Hotkeys](#)" on page 159

CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSWitched:ACTion <PSAction>

Controls the PS connection state. As a prerequisite for setup of a test mode connection in the PS domain, a test mode connection must be set up in the CS domain, see [CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:ACTion](#).

Setting parameters:

<PSAction>	CONNect DISConnect HANDOver CONNect : initiate the setup of a mobile terminated HSDPA or HSPA test mode connection DISConnect : release the test mode connection HANDOver : execute the handover
Example:	See Performing an Inter-RAT Handover
Usage:	Event
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20 V3.2.60: added HANDOver

Manual operation: See "[Connection Control Hotkeys](#)" on page 159

CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGnaling:ACTion <RSAction>

Switches the reduced signaling connection on or off, i.e. activates or deactivates the dedicated (and shared) downlink channels.

As a prerequisite for switching on the connection, the cell signal has to be switched on, see [SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE](#).

Setting parameters:

<RSAction>	ON OFF ON : Switch on the reduced signaling connection OFF : Switch off the reduced signaling connection
------------	--

Example: See [Setting Up a Reduced Signaling Connection](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Connection Control Hotkeys](#)" on page 159

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:CATalog:DESTination?

Lists all handover destinations that can be selected using [PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:DESTination](#).

Return values:

<DestinationList> Comma-separated list of all supported destinations. Each destination is represented as a string.

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Target](#)" on page 161

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:DESTination <Destination>

Selects the handover destination. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using [PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:CATalog:DESTination?](#).

Parameters:

<Destination> Destination as string

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Target](#)" on page 161

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:DESTination <Destination>

Selects the target radio access technology for handover to another instrument.

Parameters:

<Destination> WCDMA | GSM | LTE | EVDO | CDMA

*RST: WCDM

Example: See [Performing a Handover to Another Instrument](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Target](#)" on page 161

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:MMODe <MobilityMode>

Selects the mechanism to be used for mobility management.

Parameters:

<MobilityMode> HANDOver | REDirection | CCORder
 Handover, redirection, or cell change order
 *RST: HAND

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80
 V3.5.50: added CCORder

Manual operation: See "Mobility Mode" on page 161

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:CDMA <BandClass>,

<DLChannel>

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:EVDO <BandClass>,

<DLChannel>

Configure the destination parameters for handover to a CDMA2000 or 1xEV-DO destination at another instrument.

Parameters:

<BandClass> USC | KCEL | NAPC | TACS | JTAC | KPCS | N45T | IM2K |
 NA7C | B18M | NA8S | PA4M | PA8M | IEXT | USPC | AWS |
 U25B | U25F | NA9C | PS7C | LO7C
USC: BC 0, "US-Cellular"
KCEL: BC 0, "Korean Cellular"
NAPC: BC 1, "North American PCS"
TACS: BC 2, "TACS Band"
JTAC: BC 3, "JTACS Band"
KPCS: BC 4, "Korean PCS"
N45T: BC 5, "NMT-450"
IM2K: BC 6, "IMT-2000"
NA7C: BC 7, "Upper 700 MHz"
B18M: BC 8, "1800 MHz Band"
NA9C: BC 9, "North American 900 MHz"
NA8S: BC 10, "Secondary 800 MHz"
PA4M: BC 11, "European 400 MHz PAMR"
PA8M: BC 12, "800 MHz PAMR"
IEXT: BC 13, "IMT-2000 2.5 GHz Extension"
USPC: BC 14, "US PCS 1900 MHz"
AWS: BC 15, "AWS Band"
U25B: BC 16, "US 2.5 GHz Band"
U25F: BC 17, "US 2.5 GHz Forward"
PS7C: BC 18, "Public Safety Band 700 MHz"
LO7C: BC 19, "Lower 700 MHz"

<DLChannel>

Channel number

Range: 0 to 2108, depending on band class, see table below

*RST: 283

Example:

See [Performing a Handover to Another Instrument](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Destination Parameters](#)" on page 161

Table 2-42: Channel numbers

Band class	Channel number
USC, KCEL	1 to 799, 991 to 1323
NAPC, IM2K	0 to 1199
TACS	0 to 1000, 1329 to 2108
JTAC	1 to 799, 801 to 1039, 1041 to 1199, 1201 to 1600
KPCS	0 to 599
N45T	1 to 400, 472 to 871, 1039 to 1473, 1536 to 1715, 1792 to 2016
NA7C, PS7C	0 to 240
B18M	0 to 1499
NA9C	0 to 699
NA8S	0 to 919
PA4M	1 to 400, 472 to 871, 1536 to 1715
PA8M	0 to 239
IEXT	0 to 1399
USPC	0 to 1299
AWS	0 to 899
U25B, U25F	140 to 1459
LO7C	0 to 360

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXternal:GSM <Band>, <DLChannel>

Configures the destination parameters for handover to a GSM destination at another instrument.

Parameters:

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| <Band> | G04 G085 G09 G18 G19
GSM 400, GSM 850, GSM 900, GSM 1800, GSM 1900 |
| <DLChannel> | Channel number used for the broadcast control channel (BCCH)
Range: The allowed range depends on the operating band,
see table below. |

Example: See [Performing a Handover to Another Instrument](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Destination Parameters](#)" on page 161

Table 2-43: Channel numbers

Band	Channel number
G04	259 to 293, 306 to 340
G085	128 to 251
G09	0 to 124, 940 to 1023
G18	512 to 885
G19	512 to 810

PREPare:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HANDover:EXternal:LTE <Band>, <DLChannel>
Parameters:

<Band> OB1 | OB2 | OB3 | OB4 | OB5 | OB6 | OB7 | OB8 | OB9 | OB10 | OB11 | OB12 | OB13 | OB14 | OB15 | OB16 | OB17 | OB18 | OB19 | OB20 | OB21 | OB22 | OB23 | OB24 | OB25 | OB26 | OB27 | OB28 | OB29 | OB30 | OB31 | OB32 | OB33 | OB34 | OB35 | OB36 | OB37 | OB38 | OB39 | OB40 | OB41 | OB42 | OB43 | OB44 | OB45 | OB46 | OB65 | OB66 | OB67 | OB252 | OB255
Operating band 1 to 46, 65 to 67, 252, 255

<DLChannel> Downlink channel number

Range: The allowed range depends on the LTE band, see table below.

Example: See [Performing a Handover to Another Instrument](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

V3.5.30: added <Band> OB44

V3.5.50: added bands OB44, OB45, OB46, OB65, OB66, OB67, OB252, OB255

Manual operation: See ["Destination Parameters"](#) on page 161

Table 2-44: Channel numbers

FDD band	Channel no. N_{DL}
1	0 to 599
2	600 to 1199
3	1200 to 1949
4	1950 to 2399
5	2400 to 2649
6	2650 to 2749
7	2750 to 3449
8	3450 to 3799
9	3800 to 4149

FDD band	Channel no. N_{DL}
10	4150 to 4749
11	4750 to 4949
12	5010 to 5179
13	5180 to 5279
14	5280 to 5379
15	5380 to 5579
16	5580 to 5729
17	5730 to 5849
18	5850 to 5999
19	6000 to 6149
20	6150 to 6449
21	6450 to 6599
22	6600 to 7499
23	7500 to 7699
24	7700 to 8039
25	8040 to 8689
26	8690 to 9039
27	9040 to 9209
28	9210 to 9659
29	9660 to 9769
30	9770 to 9869
31	9870 to 9919
32	9920 to 10359
65	65536 to 66435
66	66436 to 67135 67136 to 67335
67	67336 to 67535
252	255242 to 256046
255	261092 to 261896

Table 2-45: Channel number range depending on LTE TDD band

TDD band	Channel no. N
33	36000 to 36199
34	36200 to 36349

TDD band	Channel no. N
35	36350 to 36949
36	36950 to 37549
37	37550 to 37749
38	37750 to 38249
39	38250 to 38649
40	38650 to 39649
41	39650 to 41589
42	41590 to 43589
43	43590 to 45589
44	45590 to 46589
45	46590 to 46789
46	46790 to 54539

PREPare:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HANDOver:EXTernal:WCDMa <Band>, <DLChannel>

Configures the destination parameters for handover to a WCDMA destination at another instrument.

Parameters:

<Band> OB1 | ... | OB14 | OB19 | ... | OB22 | OB25 | OB26 | OBS1 | ... | OBS3 | OBL1 | UDEFined
OB1, ..., **OB14**: operating band I to XIV
OB19, ..., **OB22**: operating band XIX to XXII
OB25, **OB26**: operating band XXV, XXVI
OBS1: operating band S
OBS2: operating band S 170 MHz
OBS3: operating band S 190 MHz
OBL1: operating band L
UDEFined: user defined

<DLChannel> For channel number ranges depending on operating bands see [Table 2-22](#).

Example: See [Performing a Handover to Another Instrument](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20
V3.5.30: added <Band> OB25, OB26

Manual operation: See "[Destination Parameters](#)" on page 161

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:MTCS <Type>

Selects the connection type to be used for an inter-RAT incoming mobile terminated CS fallback.

Parameters:

<Type> VOICe | TMRMc
Voice or test mode RMC connection
*RST: VOIC

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[MT CS Fallback](#)" on page 223

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IHMobility:HANDOver <Handover>

Selects the connection type to be used for an inter-RAT incoming handover in the WCDMA signaling as a handover destination.

Parameters:

<Handover> VOICe | PACKet | TM
CS voice, PS data end to end or test mode connection.

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Handover](#)" on page 223

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:STATE?

Queries the CS connection state, see also [Chapter 2.2.8.1, "CS Connection States"](#), on page 31.

Use [CALL:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CSWitched:ACTion](#) to initiate a transition between different connection states.

The CS state changes to ON when the signaling generator is started (see [SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE](#)). To make sure that a WCDMA cell signal is available, query the cell state. It must be ON, ADJ (see [SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:STATE:ALL?](#)).

Return values:

<CS State> ON | REGister | ALERting | CONNecting | PAGing | RELeasing |
 SIGNaling | IHPReparate | IHANDover | OHANDover | OFF |
 CESTablished | IRPReparate | IREDirection | OREDirection
ON: signal is on
REGister: registered
ALERting: alerting
CONNecting: call setup in progress
PAGing: paging in progress
RELeasing: disconnect in progress
SIGNaling: signaling in progress
IHPReparate: preparation for incoming handover
IHANDover: incoming handover in progress
OHANDover: outgoing handover in progress
OFF: signal is off
CESTablished: call established
IRPReparate: preparation for incoming redirection
IREDirection: incoming redirection in progress
OREDirection: outgoing redirection in progress
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V1.0.15.23: added OHANDover
V3.0.10: added IHANDover
V3.2.80: added IHPReparate, IRPReparate, IREDirection, ORE-
Direction

Manual operation: See ["Circuit Switched, Packet Switched, Reduced Signaling"](#)
on page 133

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSWitched:STATE?

Queries the PS connection state, see also [Chapter 2.2.8.2, "PS Connection States"](#),
on page 33.

Return values:

<PS State> OFF | ON | ATTached | CESTablished | RELeasing |
CONNecting | SIGNaling | IHPReparate | IHANDover |
OHANDover | IRPReparate | IREDirection | OREDirection
OFF: signal is off
ON: signal is on
ATTached: attached
CESTablished: connection established
RELeasing: disconnect in progress
CONNecting: connection setup in progress
SIGNaling: signaling in progress
IHPReparate: preparation for incoming handover
IHANDover incoming handover in progress
OHANDover outgoing handover in progress
IRPReparate: preparation for incoming redirection
IREDirection: incoming redirection in progress
OREDIRECTION: outgoing redirection in progress
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Switching On the Cell Signal and the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.1.20: added CESTablished, RELeasing, CONNecting
V3.2.60: added IHPReparate, IHANDover, OHANDover
V3.2.80: added IRPReparate, IREDIRECTION, OREDIRECTION

Manual operation: See ["Circuit Switched, Packet Switched, Reduced Signaling"](#) on page 133

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RSIGnaling:STATe?

Queries the reduced signaling connection state, see also [Chapter 2.2.8.3, "Connection States for Reduced Signaling"](#), on page 35.

Return values:

<RSigState> OFF | PROCessing | ON
OFF: reduced signaling Off
ON: reduced signaling On
PROCessing: switching channels On/Off
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Setting Up a Reduced Signaling Connection](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See ["Circuit Switched, Packet Switched, Reduced Signaling"](#) on page 133

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:ALL?

Queries all entries of the event log.

For each entry three parameters are returned, from oldest to latest entry: {<Time-stamp>, <Category>, <Event>}_{entry 1}, {<Timestamp>, <Category>, <Event>}_{entry 2}, ...

Return values:

<Timestamp>	Timestamp of the entry as string in the format "hh:mm:ss"
<Category>	INFO WARNing ERRor CONTinue Category of the entry, as indicated in the main view by an icon CONTinue means the continuation of previous entry.
<Description>	Text string describing the event

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Event Log](#)" on page 134

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging:LAST?

Queries the latest entry of the event log.

Return values:

<Timestamp>	Timestamp of the entry as string in the format "hh:mm:ss"
<Category>	INFO WARNing ERRor CONTINUE Category of the entry, as indicated in the main view by an icon CONTINUE means the continuation of previous entry.
<Description>	Text string describing the event

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.10

Manual operation: See "[Event Log](#)" on page 134

CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ELOGging

Clears the event log.

Example: See [Performing an Inter-RAT Handover](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Event Log](#)" on page 134

2.6.4 Signaling Information

The following queries retrieve information from/about the connected mobile. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

● UE Measurement Reports	374
● UE Capabilities	377
● UE Info	398
● CMW Voice Info	403

2.6.4.1 [UE Measurement Reports](#)

The following queries check whether measurement reports from the connected mobile are pending and retrieve information from the received reports. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:STATE?	374
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCELI?	374
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI<no>?	375
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:GSM:CELL<no>?	376
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:LTE:CELL<no>?	376
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:WCDMa:CELL<no>?	377

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:STATE?

Queries the state of UE measurement reporting.

Return values:

<State>	RDY PENDing
	RDY: Any requested reports have been received.
	PENDing: The instrument is waiting for reports from the UE.

*RST: RDY

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "Report" on page 266

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCELI?

Returns the UE measurement report contents for the current cell. See also "[UTRA FDD \(Current Cell\)](#)" on page 136.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_RSCP_Low>	Lower and upper CPICH RSCP
<2_RSCP_High>	Range: -120 dBm to -25 dBm Default unit: dBm

<3_EcNo_Low>	Lower and upper CPICH Ec/No
<4_EcNo_High>	Range: -24 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<5_BLER_Low>	Lower and upper TCH BLER
<6_BLER_High>	Range: -10 to 0
<7_TxPowerLow>	Lower and upper transmitted UE power
<8_TxPowerHigh>	Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm Default unit: dBm
<9_TimeDiffLow>	Lower and upper Rx-Tx time difference
<10_TimeDiffHigh>	Range: 768 chips to 1280 chips Default unit: chips
<11_PathlossLow>	Lower pathloss (no upper pathloss reported)
	Range: 46 dB to 158 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[UTRA FDD \(Current Cell\)](#)" on page 136

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI<no>?

Returns the UE measurement report contents for additional carrier in multi-carrier operation. See also [UTRA FDD \(Carrier 2 / Carrier 3\)](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<no>	2..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<1_RSCP_Low>	Lower and upper CPICH RSCP
<2_RSCP_High>	Range: -120 dBm to -25 dBm Default unit: dBm
<3_EcNo_Low>	Lower and upper CPICH Ec/No
<4_EcNo_High>	Range: -24 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<5_RSSI_Low>	Lower and upper RSSI
<6_RSSI_High>	Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm Default unit: dBm

<7_TimeDiffLow>	Lower and upper SFN-CFN time difference
<8_TimeDiffHigh>	Range: 768 chips to 1280 chips Default unit: chips
<9_PathlossLow>	Lower pathloss (no upper pathloss reported) Range: 46 dB to 158 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.30
Manual operation:	See " UTRA FDD (Carrier 2 / Carrier 3) " on page 137

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:GSM:CELL<no>?

Returns the UE measurement report contents for GSM neighbor cell. See also [Neighbor Cell Settings](#).

Suffix:	
<no>	*
	Selects the GSM neighbor cell
Return values:	
<RSSI>	BCCH RSSI: low and high value range Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm Default unit: dBm
<BSIC>	NONVerified VERified NONV : RSSI measurement without BSIC decoding VER : RSSI measurement with BSIC decoding
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Manual operation:	See " Neighbor Cells GSM " on page 139

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:LTE:CELL<no>?

Returns the low and high value ranges reported for a selected LTE neighbor cell. See also [Neighbor Cell Settings](#).

Suffix:	
<no>	*
	Selects the LTE neighbor cell
Return values:	
<RSRP>	Range: -19.5 dB to -3 dB Default unit: dB

<RSRQ>	Range: -140 dBm to -44 dBm Default unit: dBm
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Manual operation:	See " Neighbor Cells E-UTRA FDD " on page 138

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:WCDMa:CELL<no>?

Returns the UE measurement report contents for WCDMA neighbor cell. See also [Neighbor Cells UTRA FDD](#).

Suffix:

<no>	*
	Selects the WCDMA neighbor cell

Return values:

<RSCP>	CPICH RSCP: low and high value range Range: -120 dBm to -25 dBm Default unit: dBm
<ECN0>	CPICH Ec/No: low and high value range Range: -24 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<RSSI>	CPICH RSSI Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm Default unit: dBm
<SFNCFN>	SFN-CFN time difference: low end high value range Range: 768 chips to 1280 chips Default unit: chips
<Pathloss>	Range: 46 dB to 158 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Manual operation:	See " Neighbor Cells UTRA FDD " on page 138

2.6.4.2 UE Capabilities

The following queries retrieve information about the connected mobile as shown in the "UE Capabilities" section of the main view. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:GENeral?	378
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSDPa?	380
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSUPa?	381
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter?	381
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>?	383
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>:NC<cell>?	383
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BC<no>?	384
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BCList?	385
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDCP?	385
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RLC?	386
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDOWnlink?	387
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PUPLink?	388
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MMODE?	390
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MRAT?	390
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition?	391
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs?	392
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs:GALileo?	393
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs:GLONass?	393
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs:MGPS?	393
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs:QZSS?	393
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSs:SBAS?	393
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement?	394
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa?	394
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa:MCARrier?	394
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:GSM?	395
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:LTE?	396
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:GSM?	397
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:UMTS?	397
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:IMSVoice?	397

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:GENeral?

Returns general UE capability information.

Return values:

<Release>	Access stratum release indicator, e.g. Rel. 99, Rel. 5 Range: 5 to 99
<BattConsumOpt>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE benefits from NW-based battery consumption optimization
<MIMOnlySStream>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports MIMO only single stream
<EMeasReport>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports E-UTRAN measurement reporting

<AdjFrqMeaNoCM>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports adjacent frequency measurements without compressed mode
<InBFrqMeasNoCM>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports inter-band frequency measurements without compressed mode
<SIB11bis>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports system information block 11bis
<CSG>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports closed subscriber group (CSG)
<CSGProximity>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports CSG proximity indication
<CellTxDivDC>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports cell-specific TX diversity in dual cell operation
<NCellSIAcq>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports a neighbor cell system information acquisition
<CSVoHSPA>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports CS voice over HSPA
<DCMimoDiffBands>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports dual cell with MIMO operation in different bands
<UtranAnr>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports ANR
<UmRlcReEstReConf>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports UM RLC reestablishment via reconfiguration
<RfMFBI>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports multiple frequency band indicators
<Reserved>	NO YES	Reserved for future
<ExtMeas>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports extended measurements
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)	
Usage:	Query only	

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20
 V3.2.10: added <MIMOnlySStrream>, <EMeasReport>, <AdjFrqMeaNoCM>, <InBFrqMeasNoCM>, <SIB11bis>, <CSG>, <CSGProximity>, <CellTxDivDC>, <NCellSIAcq>, <CSVoHSPA>
 V3.2.70: added <DCMimoDiffBands>, <UtranAnr>, <UmRIcReEstReConf>, <RfMFBI>, <ULOLTD>, <ExtMeas>
 V3.2.80: removed <ULOLTD>

Manual operation: See "[General](#)" on page 140

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSDPa?

Returns UE capability information related to HSDPA.

Return values:

<HSPDSCH>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-PDSCH or not
<DLCapHSDSCH>	Supported DPCH data rate in case an HS-DSCH is configured simultaneously	Range: 32 kbit/s to 384 kbit/s Default unit: kbit/s
<PhysLayerCatR5>	HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for release 5 call setup	Range: 1 to 24
<PhysLayerCatR7>	HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for release 7 call setup	Range: 1 to 24
<PhysLayerCatR8>	HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for release 8 call setup	Range: 1 to 24
<PhysLayerCatR9>	HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for release 9 call setup	Range: 1 to 24
<HSDSCHDRXOp>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-DSCH DRX operation
<HSSCCHLess>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-SCCH less operation
<CellFACH>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports HS-PDSCH in CELL_FACH state
<CellPCHURAPCH>	NO YES	Indicates whether the UE supports the HS-PDSCH in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH states

<PhysLayerCatR10> HS-DSCH physical layer category of the UE for release 10 call setup
 Range: 29 to 32

<MACehs> NO | YES
 Indicates whether the UE supports the MAC-ehs

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
 V2.1.30: added <PhysLayerCatR8>
 V3.2.10: added <PhysLayerCatR9>, <HSDSCHDRXOp>, <HSSCCHLess>, <CellFACH> and <CellPCHURAPCH>
 V3.2.70: added <PhysLayerCatR10> and <MACehs>

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA](#)" on page 141

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:HSUPa?

Returns UE capability information related to HSUPA.

Return values:

<HSUPA> NO | YES
 Indicates whether the UE supports HSUPA or not

<PhysLayerCatR6> E-DCH physical layer category of the UE for release 6 call setup
 Range: 1 to 6

<PhysLayerCatR9> E-DCH physical layer category of the UE for release 9 call setup
 Range: 8 to 9

<PhysLayerCatR7> E-DCH physical layer category of the UE for release 7 call setup
 Range: 7 to 7

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
 V3.2.10: <PhysLayerCat> changed to <PhysLayerCatR6>, added <PhysLayerCatR9>, <PhysLayerCatR7>

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA](#)" on page 142

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter?

Returns RF UE capability information.

The value pairs are returned 25 times (band I to XXII, band XXV, XXVI and XXXII).

Return values:

<Band1> NO | YES
 Support of operating band I

<PowerClass1>	UE power class for band I
	Range: 1 to 4
... <Band14>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XIV
<PowerClass14>	UE power class for band XIV
<Band19>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XIX
<PowerClass19>	UE power class for band XIX
... <Band21>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XXI
<PowerClass21>	UE power class for band XXI
<Band15>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XV
<PowerClass15>	UE power class for band XV
... <Band18>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XVIII
<PowerClass18>	UE power class for band XVIII
<Band22>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XXII
<PowerClass22>	UE power class for band XXII
<Band25>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XXV
<PowerClass25>	UE power class for band XXV
<Band26>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XXVI
<PowerClass26>	UE power class for band XXVI
<Band32>	NO YES
	Support of operating band XXXII
<PowerClass32>	UE power class for band XXXII
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V2.1.20: added bands XIX to XXI V3.2.10: added bands XV to XVIII and XXII V3.2.70: added bands XXV and XXVI V3.5.30: added band XXXII

Manual operation: See "RF Parameters" on page 143

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>?

Queries the UE capabilities for the selected band related to non-contiguous multi-cell operation.

Suffix:

<band>	1..*
	Operating band

Return values:

<Supported>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports non-contiguous multi-cell operation
<PowerClass>	The UE power class
<AddSecCells>	Number of additional secondary serving cells supported by the UE. The absence of this IE means that the UE does not support multi-cell operation on three or four cells.
<ULOLTD>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports uplink open loop transmit diversity
<NC2C>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports non-contiguous multi-cell operation on two cells.
<NC3C>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports non-contiguous multi-cell operation on three cells.
<NC4C>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports non-contiguous multi-cell operation on four cells.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "RF Parameters" on page 143

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BAND<band>:NC<cell>?

Queries the UE capabilities related to non-contiguous multi-cell operation.

Suffix:

<band>	1..*
	Operating band
<cell>	2..4
	The maximum number of non-contiguous cells

Return values:

<Supported>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports non-contiguous multi-cell operation for the selected <band>/<cell> combination
<GAPSize>	M5 M10 ANY
	The maximum gap size between the aggregated cells supported by the UE
	M5: 5 MHz
	M10: 10 MHz
	ANY: any multiple of 5 MHz
<NCComb22>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports an equal number of contiguous cells on each side of the gap
<NCComb1331>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports a different number of contiguous cells on each side of the gap
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.70
Manual operation:	See " RF Parameters " on page 143

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BC<no>?

Indicates which carrier combination for specific band combination the UE supports.

Suffix:

<no>	1..*
	1: band combination 1+8
	2: band combination 2+4
	3: band combination 1+5
	4: band combination 1+6
	5: band combination 2+5

Return values:

<CComb12>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports one contiguous carrier in band A and the maximum number of two contiguous carriers in band B
<CComb21>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports the maximum number of two contiguous carriers in band A and one contiguous carrier in band B
<CComb13>	NO YES
	Indicates if the UE supports one contiguous carrier in band A and the maximum number of three contiguous carriers in band B

<CComb31>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the maximum number of three contiguous carriers in band A and one contiguous carrier in band B
<CComb22>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the maximum number of two contiguous carriers in band A and the maximum number of two contiguous carriers in band B
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.70
Manual operation:	See " RF Parameters " on page 143

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RFParameter:BCList?

Indicates which band combination the UE supports.

Return values:

<BComb1>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the band combination 1+8
<BComb2>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the band combination 2+4
<BComb3>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the band combination 1+5
<BComb4>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the band combination 1+6
<BComb5>	NO YES Indicates if the UE supports the band combination 2+5

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[RF Parameters](#)" on page 143

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDCP?

Returns UE capability information indicating in which way the UE supports the packet data convergence protocol (PDCP) described in 3GPP TS 25.323

Return values:

<SRNS>	NO YES Support of lossless SRNS relocation
--------	---

<RFC2507>	NO YES Support of IP header compression according to RFC 2507
<RFC3095>	NO YES Support of robust header compression according to RFC 3095
<RFC3095CtxReloc>	NO YES Support of context relocation applied to the RFC 3095 header compression protocol
<HeaderComp>	Maximum header compression context size supported by the UE. This parameter is only applicable if the UE supports header compression according to RFC 2507 Range: 1024 to 131072
<MaxROHC>	Maximum number of header compression context sessions supported by the UE. This parameter is only applicable if the UE supports header compression according to RFC3095. Range: 2 to 16384
<ReverseDecomp>	Number of packets that can be reverse decompressed by the decompressor in the UE Range: 0 to 65535
<PDUSizeChange>	NO YES Support of lossless DL RLC PDU size change
<RFC3095RSpace>	16384 32768 65536 131072 Support of RFC 3095 relocation space Default unit: byte
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V3.2.10: added <RFC3095RSpace>
Manual operation:	See " PDCP " on page 144

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:RLC?

Returns UE capability information indicating in which way the UE supports the radio link control acknowledged mode (RLC AM).

Return values:

<AMBufferSize>	Maximum total buffer size across all RLC AM entities supported by the UE Range: 10 to 1000
<MaxRLCWindow>	Maximum RLC window size supported by the UE Range: 0 to 4095

<AMEntities>	Maximum number of AM entities supported by the UE Range: 3 to 30
<TwoLogicalCh>	NO YES Support of AM entity configurated with two logical channels
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V3.2.10: added <TwoLogicalCh>
Manual operation:	See " RLC " on page 145

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PDOWnlink?

Returns UE capability information describing the capacity of the UE to process and store downlink channels.

Return values:

<SimultTranspCh>	Maximum number of downlink transport channels that the UE is capable to process simultaneously, not considering the rate of each transport channel Range: 4 to 32
<SimultCCTrCH>	Maximum number of downlink coded composite transport channels (CCTrCH) that the UE is capable to process simultaneously. Interpret CCTrCH as consisting of DCH, FACH or DSCH. Range: 1 to 8
<TTITranspBlock>	Maximum total number of transport blocks received within transmission time intervals (TTIs) that end within the same 10 ms interval. This value includes all transport blocks that are to be simultaneously received by the UE on DCH, FACH, PCH and DSCH transport channels. Range: 4 to 512
<NumberOfTFC>	Maximum number of transport format combinations (TFC) in a downlink transport format combination set that the UE can store Range: 16 to 1024
<NumberOfTF>	Maximum number of downlink transport formats (TF) that the UE can store, where all transport formats for all downlink transport channels are counted Range: 32 to 1024
<TurboDecoding>	NO YES Support of turbo decoding

<RXBitsAll>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant. All bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<RXBitsConv>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant. Only convolutionally coded bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<RXBitsTurbo>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant. Only turbo coded bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<DPCCHCodes>	Maximum number of DPCH codes to be simultaneously received. For DPCH in soft/softer handover, each DPCH is only calculated once. The capability does not include codes used for S-CCPCH. Range: 1 to 8
<PhysicalChBits>	Maximum number of physical channel bits received in any 10 ms interval (DPCH, PDSCH, S-CCPCH). For DPCH in soft/softer handover, each DPCH is only calculated once. Range: 600 bits to 76800 bits Default unit: bits
<SF512>	NO YES Support of spreading factor (SF) 512 in downlink.
<MACiis>	NO YES Support of MAC-i/is entity handling E-DCH
<FDPCH>	NO YES Support of FDD physical channel F-DPCH
<EnhancedFDPCH>	NO YES Support of FDD physical channel enhanced F-DPCH
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V3.2.10: added <MACiis>, <FDPCH> and <EnhancedFDPCH>
Manual operation:	See " PHY Downlink " on page 146

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:PUPLink?

Returns UE capability information describing the capacity of the UE to process and store uplink channels.

Return values:

<SimultTranspCh>	Maximum number of uplink transport channels that the UE is capable to process simultaneously, not considering the rate of each transport channel Range: 4 to 32
<SimultCCTrCH>	Maximum number of uplink coded composite transport channels (CCTrCH) that the UE is capable to process simultaneously Range: 1 to 8
<TTITranspBlock>	Maximum total number of transport blocks transmitted within transmission time intervals (TTI) that start at the same time Range: 4 to 512
<NumberOfTFC>	Maximum number of transport format combinations (TFC) in an uplink transport format combination set that the UE can store Range: 16 to 1024
<NumberOfTF>	Maximum number of uplink transport formats (TF) that the UE can store, where all transport formats for all uplink transport channels are counted Range: 32 to 1024
<TurboDecoding>	NO YES Support of turbo decoding
<TXBitsAll>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant. All bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<TXBitsConv>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant. Only convolutionally coded bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<TXBitsTurbo>	Maximum number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant. Only turbo coded bits are considered. Range: 640 bits to 163840 bits Default unit: bits
<DPDCHBits>	Maximum number of DPDCH bits the UE can transmit in 10 ms. The value applies to UE operation in non-compressed mode (if the value is <9600) or in both compressed and non-compressed mode (if the value is ≥9600). Range: 600 bits to 57600 bits Default unit: bits
<DPCCHDTX>	NO YES Support of discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission

<SlotFormat4>	NO YES Support of DPCCH slot format 4
<CommonEDCH>	NO YES Support of common E-DCH
<EDPCCHPwrBoost>	NO YES Support of E-DPCCH power boosting
<EDPDCHPwrIntrpl>	NO YES Support of E-DPCCH power interpolation
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V3.2.10: added <DPCCHDTX>, <SlotFormat4>, <CommonEDCH> and <EDPCCHPwrBoost> V3.5.30: added <EDPDCHPwrIntrpl>
Manual operation:	See " PHY Uplink " on page 147

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MMODE?

Returns UE capability information indicating whether the UE supports UTRA FDD or TDD or both.

Return values:

<UTRA>	FDD TDD BOTH
--------	------------------

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[Multi Mode / RAT](#)" on page 149

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MRAT?

Returns UE capability information indicating the radio access technologies (RAT) that the UE supports.

Return values:

<SupportGSM>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports GSM
<MultiCarrier>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports multi-carrier mode
<UTRANGERAN>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports UTRAN to GERAN NACC

<HandoverGAN>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports CS handover to GAN
<PSInterRAT>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports Inter-RAT PS handover
<CipherAlgUEA0>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports ciphering algorithm UEA0
<CipherAlgUEA1>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports ciphering algorithm UEA1
<IntegrityUIA1>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports integrity algorithm UIA1
<CipherAlgUEA2>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports ciphering algorithm UEA2
<IntegrityUIA2>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports integrity algorithm UIA2
<TrgtCellPreCfg>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports target cell preconfiguration
<PSHandoverGAN>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports PS handover to GAN
<EUTRAFDD>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports E-UTRA FDD
<EUTRAInterRAT>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports inter-RAT E-UTRA handover
<U2EUtraRRCIdle>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports cell reselection from UTRA CELL_PCH or URA_PCH to E-UTRA RRC_IDLE
<PrioResUTRAN>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE supports priority reselection in UTRAN
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.20 V3.2.10: added <CipherAlgUEA2>, <IntegrityUIA2>, <TrgtCell-PreCfg>, <PSHandoverGAN>, <EUTRAFDD>, <EUTRAInterRAT>, <U2EUtraRRCIdle> and <PrioResUTRAN>
Manual operation:	See " Multi Mode / RAT " on page 149

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition?

Returns UE capability information related to UE positioning.

Return values:

<LocationMethod>	NO YES
	Indicates if a UE can measure its location by some means unrelated to UTRAN (e.g. if the UE has access to a standalone GPS receiver)
<NetworkAGPS>	NONE NETWork UE BOTH
	Indicates if a UE supports the assisted GPS schemes network-based and/or UE-based
<RefTimeGPS>	NO YES
	Indicates UE capability to measure GPS reference time as defined in 3GPP TS 25.215
<IPDL>	NO YES
	Indicates UE capability to use idle periods in the downlink (IPDL) to enhance its "SFN-SFN observed time difference – type 2" measurement
<OTDOA>	NO YES
	Indicates if a UE supports the observed time difference of arrival (OTDOA) UE-based schemes
<RXTXTimeDiff>	NO YES
	Indicates UE capability to measure the Rx-Tx time difference type 2
<CELLURAPCH>	NO YES
	Indicates whether the UE positioning measurements using the assisted GPS method are valid in CELL_PCH and URA_PCH RRC states
<SFNSFNTimeDiff>	NO YES
	Indicates UE capability to perform the SFN-SFN observed time difference type 2 measurement

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[UE Position](#)" on page 150

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS?

Returns UE capability information related to the Galileo and additional navigation satellite systems (GANSS).

Return values:

<GALILEO>	NO YES
	Indicates if a UE supports Galileo standard

<SBAS>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the satellite-based augmentation system
<ModernizedGPS>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the modernized global positioning system
<QZSS>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the quasi-zenith satellite system
<GLONASS>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the global navigation satellite system
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.70
Manual operation:	See " UE Position " on page 150

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:GALileo?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:GLONass?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:MGPS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:QZSS?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:UEPosition:GANSS:SBAS?

Returns UE capability information related to the navigation standards indicated by the last mnemonic: Galileo, global navigation satellite system (GLONASS), modernized global positioning system (GPS), quasi-zenith satellite system (QZSS), satellite-based augmentation system (SBAS)

Return values:

<Supported>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the navigation standard indicated by the last mnemonic
<Mode>	NONE NETWork UE NUE Indicates if a UE supports the "network-based" and/or "UE-based" navigation standard indicated by the last mnemonic
<SignalID>	The GANSS signal ID encodes the identification of the signal for each GANSS. It depends on the GANSS ID as specified in 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45a.
<SignalIDsExt>	GANSS signal IDs extension specifies the UE capability to measure on more than one GANSS signal and which signals are supported (see 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45, note 2).
<TimingCellFrms>	NO YES Support of GANSS timing of cell frames measurement

<CarrierPhase>	NO YES Support of GANSS carrier-phase measurement
<NonNativeAssist>	NO YES Support of non-native assistance choices
<SbasID>	Coding is specified in 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.45, note 1. This parameter is only available for SBAS standard.
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.70

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement?

Queries the UE capabilities related to inter-frequency measurements.

Return values:

<InterFreqDetect>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE is able to measure inter-frequency detected set.
<EnhInterFreq>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE requires compressed mode for measurements on two additional frequencies.
<FreqSpecificCM>	NO YES Indicates whether the UE can apply compressed mode outside of the used frequency bands only to the configured frequencies. This information is relevant only for the dual band operation.
Example:	See Retrieving Information Provided by the UE (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.70
Manual operation:	See " Additional Measurement Parameters " on page 152

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa? <Band>**SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:WCDMa:
MCARrier? <Band>**

Returns the UE capabilities for WCDMA and WCDMA multicarrier neighbor cell measurements-related compressed mode.

Query parameters:

<Band> OB1 | OB2 | OB3 | OB4 | OB5 | OB6 | OB7 | OB8 | OB9 | OB10 | OB11 | OB12 | OB13 | OB14 | OB15 | OB16 | OB17 | OB18 | OB19 | OB20 | OB21 | OB22 | OB25 | OB26 | OB32

OB1, ..., OB22: WCDMA operating band I to XXII

OB25, OB26, OB32: WCDMA operating band XXV, XXVI and XXXII

Return values:

<CompressedMode> NN | NY | YN | YY

NN: compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement not required (UL and DL)

NY: compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in DL only

YN: compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL only

YY: compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL and DL

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[WCDMA DL/UL CM Required](#)" on page 152

V3.2.70: added OB25, OB26

V3.5.30: added OB32

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODE:GSM? <Band>

Returns the UE capabilities for GSM neighbor cell measurements-related compressed mode.

Query parameters:

<Band> OB1 | OB2 | OB3 | OB4 | OB5 | OB6 | OB7 | OB8 | OB9 | OB10 | OB11 | OB12 | OB13 | OB14 | OB15 | OB16 | OB17 | OB18 | OB19 | OB20 | OB21 | OB22 | OB25 | OB26 | OB32

OB1, ..., OB22: WCDMA operating band I to XXII

OB25, OB26, OB32: WCDMA operating band XXV, XXVI and XXXII

Return values:

<CompressedMode> NN | NY | YN | YY

- NN:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement not required (UL and DL)
- NY:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in DL only
- YN:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL only
- YY:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL and DL

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60
V3.5.30: added OB32

Manual operation: See "[GSM DL/UL CM Required](#)" on page 152

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:MEASurement:CMODe:LTE? <Band>

Returns the UE capabilities for LTE neighbor cell measurements-related compressed mode.

Query parameters:

<Band> OB1 | OB2 | OB3 | OB4 | OB5 | OB6 | OB7 | OB8 | OB9 | OB10 |
OB11 | OB12 | OB13 | OB14 | OB15 | OB16 | OB17 | OB18 |
OB19 | OB20 | OB21 | OB22 | OB25 | OB26 | OB32
OB1, ..., OB22: WCDMA operating band I to XXII
OB25, OB26, OB32: WCDMA operating band XXV, XXVI and
XXXII

Return values:

<CompressedMode> NN | NY | YN | YY

- NN:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement not required (UL and DL)
- NY:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in DL only
- YN:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL only
- YY:** compressed mode for the neighbor cell measurement required in UL and DL

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60
V3.5.30: added OB32

Manual operation: See "[LTE DL/UL CM Required](#)" on page 152

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:GSM?
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:CODEc:UMTS?

Indicates codec list supported by the UE in GSM and UMTS networks.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<Supported>	NO YES 14 values indicate support for: 1: GSM FR 2: GSM HR 3: GSM EFR 4: FR AMR 5: HR AMR 6: UMTS AMR 7: UMTS AMR 2 8: TDMA EFR 9: PDC EFR 10: FR AMR-WB 11: UMTS AMR-WB 12: OHR AMR 13: OFR AMR-WB 14: OHR AMR-WB
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Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Codec List](#)" on page 153

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UECapability:IMSVoice?

Indicates the IMS voice capability of the UE as defined in 3GPP TS 25.331, section 10.3.3.14b.

Return values:

<VoUtraPsHs>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports IMS voice over UTRA PS HSPA connections
<SrvccUtraUtra>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports the single radio voice call continuity (SRVCC) from UTRA PS HS to UTRA CS
<SrvccUtraGeran>	NO YES Indicates if a UE supports SRVCC from UTRA PS HS to GERAN CS

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "IMS Voice" on page 153

2.6.4.3 UE Info

The following queries retrieve information about the connected mobile as shown in the "UE Info" section of the main view. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNnection:CIRCuit?	398
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:EMERgency?	398
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:ESCategorY?	399
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNnection:PACKet?	399
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DINFo?	400
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RITYpe?	400
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RIDentity?	401
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:IMEI?	401
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CNUMber?	401
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DNUMber?	401
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:TTY?	402
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DULalignment?	402
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:UEADdress:IPV<n>?	402
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:APN?	403
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RRC?	403

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNnection:CIRCuit?

Queries the type of an established CS connection. NAV indicates that no CS connection has been established.

Return values:

<CircuitConnect> Connection type as string

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Connection Type Established" on page 154

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:EMERgency?

Queries whether the established connection is an emergency call.

Return values:

<Active> OFF | ON

ON: emergency call

OFF: no emergency call

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Emergency Call, Service Category](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:ESCCategory?

Returns the service category used during emergency call.

Return values:

<Police> OFF | ON

OFF: no emergency call to police

ON: emergency call to police

<Ambulance> OFF | ON

<FireBrigade> OFF | ON

<MarineGuard> OFF | ON

<MountainRescue> OFF | ON

<Manual> OFF | ON

OFF: no emergency calls set up manually

ON: emergency calls set up manually

<Automatical> OFF | ON

OFF: no emergency calls set up automatically

ON: emergency calls set up automatically

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Emergency Call, Service Category](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CONNection:PACKet?

Queries the type of an established PS connection. NAV indicates that no PS connection has been established.

Return values:

<PacketConnect> Connection type as string

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Connection Type Established](#)" on page 154

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DINFO?

Queries the demodulation info provided by the demodulator stage of the instrument while it perceives an uplink signal.

Information about cell two are relevant only if the dual carrier HSPA scenario is active.

Return values:

<CMWDemodInfo>	" Uplink Power Underflow ": the UL signal power is too low "Uplink Power in Range": the UL signal power is in range " Uplink Power Overflow
<PowerC1>	UFL OK OFL Cell 1 information: UFL : the UL signal power is too low OK : the UL signal power is in range OFL : the UL signal power is too high
<SyncC1>	NOSYnc OK Cell 1 information: NOSYnc : synchronization to the uplink signal failed OK : successful synchronization to the uplink signal
<PowerC2>	UFL OK OFL Cell 2 information: UFL : the UL signal power is too low OK : the UL signal power is in range OFL : the UL signal power is too high
<SyncC2>	NOSYnc OK Cell 2 information: NOSYnc : synchronization to the uplink signal failed OK : successful synchronization to the uplink signal

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20
V2.1.20: added <Power> and <Sync>
V3.2.60: added <PowerC2> and <SyncC2>

Manual operation: See "[CMW Demod. Info](#)" on page 133

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RITYpe?

Queries the type of the registration identity received from the UE during registration.

Return values:

<RIType> 'IMSI' | 'IMEI' | 'IMSISV' | 'TMSI' | 'UNKN'
Registration identity type as string. 'UNKN' means unknown.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Registration Identity \(Type\)](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RIDentity?

Queries the registration identity received from the UE during registration.

Return values:

<Identity> Registration identity as string with up to 18 digits.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Registration Identity \(Type\)](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:IMEI?

Queries the IMEI of the UE.

Return values:

<IMEI> IMEI as string with up to 18 digits.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[IMEI](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:CNUMber?

Queries the calling number for a UE originated call.

Return values:

<Number> Calling number as string with up to 129 digits.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[UE Called / Calling Number](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DNUMber?

Queries the number dialed at the UE.

Return values:

<Number> Dialed number as string with up to 129 digits.

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[UE Called / Calling Number](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:TTY?

Queries whether the UE supports cellular text telephony (CTM).

Return values:

<TTY> 'supported' | 'not supported'
'**supported'**not supported****

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[CTM Text Telephony](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:DULalignment?

Returns the offset between DL DPCH and UL DPCH at the RF connectors of the instrument per carrier.

Return values:

<Carrier1> Range: 0 chips to 10000 chips
Default unit: chips
<Carrier2> Range: 0 chips to 10000 chips
Default unit: chips

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

V3.2.70: added <Carrier2>

Manual operation: See "[Connection Status](#)" on page 287

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:UEAddress:IPV<n>?

Returns IPv4 address (<n> = 4) or the IPv6 prefix (<n> = 6) for each APN assigned to the UE by the R&S CMW.

Suffix:

<n> 4,6

Return values:

<IPAddress> All used IP addresses/prefixes as a string

Example: See [Setting Up a Data Connection](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.5.40: multiple <IPAddress> values supported for multiple PDP context

Manual operation: See "[Primary PDP Context](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:APN?

Returns all access point names used by the UE during a packet data connection.

Return values:
<APN> The names of all connected APNs as a string

Example: See [Setting Up a Data Connection](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60
V3.5.40: multiple <APN> values supported for multiple PDP context

Manual operation: See "[Primary PDP Context](#)" on page 155

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UESinfo:RRC?

Returns the RRC protocol state of the UE.

Return values:
<State> IDLE | FACH | CPCH | UPCH | DCH
Idle mode, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH, CELL_DCH

Example: See [Retrieving Information Provided by the UE \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Manual operation: See "[RRC State](#)" on page 156

2.6.4.4 CMW Voice Info

The following query retrieves the delay of voice connection as shown in the "CMW Voice Info" section of the main view.

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CVINfo?

Displays the time delay of a voice connection.

Return values:
<LoopbackDelay> Time delay measured during the loopback connection
Range: 0 ms to 10E+3 ms
Default unit: s

<DLEncoderDelay>	Encoder time delay in downlink measured during the connection to the speech codec board Range: 0 ms to 10E+3 ms Default unit: s
<ULDecoderDelay>	Decoder time delay in uplink measured during the connection to the speech codec board Range: 0 ms to 10E+3 ms Default unit: s
Example:	See Setting Up an Audio CS Connection
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Manual operation:	See " Loopback Delay " on page 156

2.6.5 Routing Settings

The following commands configure the signal input and output paths.

- [Signal Routing](#)..... 404
- [Signal Settings](#)..... 417

2.6.5.1 Signal Routing

The following commands configure the scenario, select the paths for the generated downlink signal (output) and the analyzed signal (input), define external attenuation values and time delay compensation.

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCELI	405
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading:INTERNAL	405
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading[:EXTERNAL]	406
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFDiversity:INTERNAL	406
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFDiversity[:EXTERNAL]	407
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCARRIER	407
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFADING:INTERNAL	408
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFADING[:EXTERNAL]	408
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFDIVERSITY:INTERNAL	409
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFDIVERSITY[:EXTERNAL]	410
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFADING:INTERNAL	410
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFADING[:EXTERNAL]	411
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFDIVERSITY:INTERNAL	412
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFDIVERSITY[:EXTERNAL]	412
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCHSPA	413
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:TCHSPA	414
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO?	414
ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>?	415
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSETTINGS:CARRIER<c>:EATTENUATION:OUTPUT	416
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSETTINGS:CARRIER<c>:EATTENUATION:INPUT	417

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:INPut.....	417
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:OUTPut.....	417

ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCELI <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>

Activates the standard cell scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| <RXConnector> | RF connector for the input path |
| <RXConverter> | RX module for the input path |
| <TXConnector> | RF connector for the output path |
| <TXConverter> | TX module for the output path |

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See ["Scenario, Fading"](#) on page 164

ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading:INTernal <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>[, <Fader>]

Activates the "Standard Cell Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. The fading I/Q board is selectable.

For possible parameter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

- | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| <RXConnector> | RF connector for the input path |
| <RXConverter> | RX module for the input path |
| <TXConnector> | RF connector for the output path |
| <TXConverter> | TX module for the output path |
| <Fader> | I/Q board used for fading |

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.5.20: added <Fader>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See ["Scenario, Fading"](#) on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFading[:EXTernal] <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <IQConnector>

Activates the "Standard Cell Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection", on page 354](#).

Parameters:

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| <RXConnector> | RF connector for the input path |
| <RXConverter> | RX module for the input path |
| <TXConnector> | RF connector for the output path |
| <TXConverter> | TX module for the output path |
| <IQConnector> | DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the output path |

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFDiversity:INTernal <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>[, <Fader>]

Activates the "Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. The fading I/Q board is selectable.

For possible parameter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection", on page 354](#).

Parameters:

- | | |
|----------------|--|
| <RXConnector> | RF connector for the input path |
| <RXConverter> | RX module for the input path |
| <TXConnector> | RF connector for the first output path |
| <TXConverter> | TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths. |
| <TX2Connector> | RF connector for the second output path |
| <TX2Converter> | TX module for the second output path |
| <Fader> | I/Q board used for fading |

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.20: added <Fader>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:SCFDiversity[:EXTernal] <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector>

Activates the "Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path
<IQConnector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path. Select different connectors for the two paths.
<IQ2Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path.

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCACarrier <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>

Activates the scenario "Dual Carrier" and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path

<TX2Converter> TX module for the second output path. Multi-band operation requires different modules for the two paths.

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS404

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFading:INTernal <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>[, <Fader>]

Activates the "Dual Carrier Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. The fading I/Q board is selectable.

For possible parameter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector> RF connector for the input path

<RXConverter> RX module for the input path

<TXConnector> RF connector for the first output path

<TXConverter> TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.

<TX2Connector> RF connector for the second output path

<TX2Converter> TX module for the second output path

<Fader> I/Q board used for fading

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.5.20: added <Fader>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KS404, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFading[:EXternal] <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector>

Activates the "Dual Carrier Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector> RF connector for the input path

<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path
<IQConnector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path. Select different connectors for the two paths.
<IQ2Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS404 and R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCFDiversity:INTernal <RXConnector>,<RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>[, <Fader>]

Activates the "Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. The fading I/Q board is selectable.

For possible parameter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path. Select different modules for the two paths.
<Fader>	I/Q board used for fading

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.20: added <Fader>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KS404, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DCFDIVERSITY[:EXTernal] <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector>

Activates the "Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path
<IQConnector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path. Select different connectors for the two paths.
<IQ2Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS404, R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DBFADING:INTERNAL <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>

Activates the "Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. Both I/Q boards used for fading are selected automatically.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path

<TXConverter> TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.

<TX2Connector> RF connector for the second output path

<TX2Converter> TX module for the second output path

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS405, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENARIO:DBFADING[:EXTERNAL] <RXConnector>, <RXConnector>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector>

Activates the "Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector> RF connector for the input path

<RXConverter> RX module for the input path

<TXConnector> RF connector for the first output path

<TXConverter> TX module for the first output path. Select different modules for the two paths.

<TX2Connector> RF connector for the second output path

<TX2Converter> TX module for the second output path

<IQConnector> DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path. Select different connectors for the two paths.

<IQ2Connector> DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS405, R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFDiversity:INTernal <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <TX3Connector>, <TX3Converter>, <TX4Connector>, <TX4Converter>

Activates the "Dual Carrier / Dual Band RX Diversity Fading: Internal" scenario and selects the signal paths. Both I/Q boards used for fading are selected automatically. The second path of the carrier one uses the first I/Q board (I/Q connectors 1 to 4). The second path of the carrier two uses the second I/Q board (I/Q connectors 5 to 8).

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection", on page 354](#).

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path of the carrier one
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path of the carrier one. Select different modules for each of the paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path of the carrier one
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path of the carrier one
<TX3Connector>	RF connector for the first output path of the carrier two
<TX3Converter>	TX module for the first output path of the carrier two
<TX4Connector>	RF connector for the second output path of the carrier two
<TX4Converter>	TX module for the second output path of the carrier two

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS405, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See ["Scenario, Fading"](#) on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DBFDiversity[:EXTernal] <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>, <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <TX3Connector>, <TX3Converter>, <TX4Connector>, <TX4Converter>, <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector>, <IQ3Connector>, <IQ4Connector>

Activates the "Dual Carrier / Dual Band RX Diversity Fading: External" scenario and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection", on page 354](#).

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the input path
---------------	---------------------------------

<RXConverter>	RX module for the input path
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path of the carrier one
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path of the carrier one. Select different modules for each of the paths.
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path of the carrier one
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path of the carrier one
<TX3Connector>	RF connector for the first output path of the carrier two
<TX3Converter>	TX module for the first output path of the carrier two
<TX4Connector>	RF connector for the second output path of the carrier two
<TX4Converter>	TX module for the second output path of the carrier two
<IQConnector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path of the carrier one
<IQ2Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path of the carrier one
<IQ3Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the first output path of the carrier two
<IQ4Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for external fading of the second output path of the carrier two
Example:	See Specifying General Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Options:	R&S CMW-KS405, R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " Scenario, Fading " on page 164

ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:DCHSpa <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>,
 <RX2Connector>, <RX2Converter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>,
 <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>

Activates the scenario "Dual Carrier HSPA" and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the first input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the first input path
<RX2Connector>	RF connector for the second input path
<RX2Converter>	TX module for the second input path. Multi-band operation requires different modules for the two paths.
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path

<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path. Multi-band operation requires different modules for the two paths.
Example:	See Specifying General Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Options:	R&S CMW-KS405
Manual operation:	See " Scenario, Fading " on page 164

ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:TCHSpa <RXConnector>, <RXConverter>,
<RX2Connector>, <RX2Converter>, <TXConnector>, <TXConverter>,
<TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter>, <TX3Connector>, <TX3Converter>

Activates the scenario "3C HSPA" and selects the signal paths.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Parameters:

<RXConnector>	RF connector for the first input path
<RXConverter>	RX module for the first input path
<RX2Connector>	RF connector for the second input path
<RX2Converter>	RX module for the second input path.
<TXConnector>	RF connector for the first output path
<TXConverter>	TX module for the first output path
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for the second output path
<TX2Converter>	TX module for the second output path. Select different modules for the path one and two.
<TX3Connector>	RF connector for the third output path
<TX3Converter>	TX module for the third output path. Select different modules for the three paths or use the path one.

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS406

Manual operation: See "[Scenario, Fading](#)" on page 164

ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario?

Returns the active scenario.

Return values:

<Scenario>	SCELI DCARrier SCFading DCFading SCFDiversity DCFDiversity DBFading DBFDiversity DCHSpa TCHSpa SCELI: "Standard Cell" DCARrier: "Dual Carrier" SCFading: "Standard Cell Fading" DCFading: "Dual Carrier Fading" SCFDiversity: "Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading" DCFDiversity: "Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" DBFading: "Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading" DBFDiversity: "Dual Carrier / Dual Band RX Diversity Fading" DCHSpa: "Dual Carrier HSPA" TCHSpa: "3C HSPA"
<Fader>	EXTernal INTernal Only returned for internal fading scenarios, e.g. SCF, DCF Indicates whether internal or external fading is active.
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.0.10 V2.1.30: DCARrier added V3.0.10: SCFading and DCFading added V3.0.30: <Fader> added V3.2.60: added scenarios SCFDiversity, DCFDiversity, DCHSpa V3.5.20: added scenarios DBFading, DBFDiversity, TCHSp
Manual operation:	See " Scenario, Fading " on page 164

ROUTE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>?

Returns the configured routing settings. The number of returned values depends on the active scenario (6 to 10 values).

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 2.6.1.4, "Values for Signal Path Selection"](#), on page 354.

Return values:

<Scenario>	SCELI DCARrier SCFading DCFading SCFDiversity DCFDiversity DBFading DBFDiversity DCHSpa TCHSpa SCELI: "Standard Cell" DCARrier: "Dual Carrier" SCFading: "Standard Cell Fading" DCFading: "Dual Carrier Fading" SCFDiversity: "Standard Cell RX Diversity Fading" DCFDiversity: "Dual Carrier RX Diversity Fading" DBFading: "Dual Carrier / Dual Band Fading" DBFDiversity: "Dual Carrier / Dual Band RX Diversity Fading" DCHSpa: "Dual Carrier HSPA" TCHSpa: "3C HSPA"
<Master>	For future use - returned value not relevant

<RXConnector>	RF connector for input path 1
<RXConverter>	RX module for input path 1
<RX2Connector>	RF connector for input path 2
<RX2Converter>	RX module for input path 2
<TXConnector>	RF connector for output path 1
<TXConverter>	TX module for output path 1
<TX2Connector>	RF connector for output path 2
<TX2Converter>	TX module for output path 2
<TX3Connector>	RF connector for output path 2
<TX3Converter>	TX module for output path 2
<TX4Connector>	RF connector for output path 3
<TX4Converter>	TX module for output path 4
<IQConnector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for output path 1
<IQ2Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for output path 2
<IQ3Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for output path 3
<IQ4Connector>	DIG IQ OUT connector for output path 4
<Fader>	I/Q board with I/Q connectors
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.0.10 V2.1.30: added <TX2Connector>, <TX2Converter> and scenario DCARrier V3.0.10: added <IQConnector>, <IQ2Connector> and scenarios SCFading, DCFading V3.2.60: added scenarios SCFDiversity, DCFDiversity, DCHSpa V3.5.20: added scenarios DBFading, DBFDiversity, TCHSp V3.5.50: added scenarios <RX2Connector>, <RX2Converter>, <TX3Connector>, <TX3Converter>, <TX4Connector>, <TX4Converter>, <IQ3Connector>, <IQ4Connector>, <Fader>
Manual operation:	See " Scenario, Fading " on page 164

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:OUTPut
<ExtAttenuation>

Defines an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative), to be applied to the RF output connector.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Output path

Parameters:

<ExtAttenuation> Range: -50 dB to 90 dB
 *RST: 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[External Attenuation](#)" on page 170

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPut

<ExtAttenuation>

Defines an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative), to be applied to the RF input connector.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<ExtAttenuation> Range: -50 dB to 90 dB
 *RST: 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.10: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Manual operation: See "[External Attenuation](#)" on page 171

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:INPut <ExtDelay>**CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EDC:OUTPut <ExtDelay>****Suffix:**

<c> 1..*

Parameters:

<ExtDelay> Range: 0 s to 20E-6 s
 *RST: 0 s

Manual operation: See "[External Delay Compensation](#)" on page 171

2.6.5.2 Signal Settings

The following commands provide settings for the downlink and uplink signals.

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CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:IQIN:CARRier<c>.....	419
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND.....	419
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:DL.....	420
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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:DL.....	421
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:DL.....	422
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL.....	422
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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation.....	423
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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:COPower.....	424
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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:AWGN.....	425
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:GMTFactor?.....	426
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SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQOut:CARRier<c>?

Queries properties of the baseband signal at the I/Q output.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<SampleRate>	M100 Fixed value, indicating a sample rate of 100 Msps (100 MHz)
<PEP>	Peak envelope power of the baseband signal Range: -60 dBFS to 0 dBFS Default unit: dBFS
<CrestFactor>	Crest factor of the baseband signal Range: 0 dB to 60 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring the I/Q Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Sample Rate \(Out / In\)](#)" on page 168

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:IQIN:CARRier<c> <PEP>, <Level>

Specifies properties of the baseband signal at the I/Q input.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<PEP> Peak envelope power of the incoming baseband signal
 Range: -60 dBFS to 0 dBFS
 Default unit: dBFS

<Level> Average level of the incoming baseband signal (without noise)
 Range: depends on crest factor and level of outgoing baseband signal
 Default unit: dBFS

Example: See [Configuring the I/Q Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Baseband PEP \(Out / In\)](#)" on page 168

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND <OperationBand>

Selects the operating band (OB).

In single-band scenarios, all carriers use the same band. If you change it for one carrier, it is also changed for the other carriers.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier - only relevant for dual band scenarios
(See also "[DB DC HSDPA](#)" on page 173)

Parameters:

<OperationBand> OB1 | ... | OB14 | OB19 | ... | OB22 | OB25 | OB26 | OB32 |
 OBS1 | ... | OBS3 | OBL1 | UDEFined

OB1, ..., OB14: operating band I to XIV
OB19, ..., OB22: operating band XIX to XXII
OB25, OB26: operating band XXV, XXVI
OB32: operating band XXXII (restricted to dual band scenarios)
OBS1: operating band S
OBS2: operating band S 170 MHz
OBS3: operating band S 190 MHz
OBL1: operating band L
UDEFined: user defined

*RST: OB1

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software:	V2.1.30
	V3.2.70: added OB25
	V3.2.80: added OB22
	V3.5.30: added OB26, OB32
	V3.5.50: added UDEFined
Options:	R&S CMW-KS425 for S, L and other user defined operating bands R&S CMW-KS405 for dual band multi-carrier HSDPA
Manual operation:	See "Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation" on page 172

**CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN*<i>*:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:DL
<ChannelNumber>**

Selects the DL channel number. The channel number must be valid for the current operating band, for dependencies see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands", on page 58](#).

The related UL channel number is calculated and set automatically. For multi-carrier scenarios, the channel numbers of the other carriers are calculated and set as well.

Suffix:

<C> 1..* Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<ChannelNumber> Range: depends on operating band
*RST: carrier 1: 10563, carrier 2: 10588

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation" on page 172

**CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN*<i>*:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:UL
<ChannelNumber>**

Selects the UL channel number. The channel number must be valid for the current operating band.

For dependencies, see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

The related DL channel number is calculated and set automatically.

Suffix:

<c> 1..* Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<ChannelNumber> Range: Depends on operating band
*RST: 9613

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10
V3.2.10: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Manual operation: See "[Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation](#)" on page 172

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:DL <Band>, <Channel>

Selects the operating band and the DL channel number. The channel number must be valid for the operating band, for dependencies see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

The related UL channel number is calculated and set automatically. For scenarios with multi-carrier, the channel numbers of the other carriers are calculated and set as well.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Band>	OB1 ... OB14 OB19 ... OB22 OB25 OB26 OB32 OBS1 ... OBS3 OBL1 UDEFined OB1 , ..., OB14 : operating band I to XIV OB19 , ..., OB22 : operating band XIX to XXII OB25 , OB26 : operating band XXV, XXVI OB32 : operating band XXXII (restricted to dual band scenarios) OBS1 : operating band S OBS2 : operating band S 170 MHz OBS3 : operating band S 190 MHz OBL1 : operating band L UDEFined : user defined
--------	--

*RST: OB1

<Channel>	Range: depends on operating band *RST: carrier 1: 10563, carrier 2: 10588
-----------	--

Return values:

<Frequency>	A query returns band, channel number and corresponding carrier center frequency Range: depends on operating band *RST: carrier 1: 2112.6E+6 Hz, carrier 2: 2117.6E+6 Hz
-------------	---

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10
V3.2.70: added OB25
V3.5.30: added OB26, OB32.

Options: For S and L operating bands: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation](#)" on page 172

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:DL
<Frequency>**

Selects the DL carrier center frequency. The frequency must correspond to a channel valid for the current operating band, for dependencies see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

The related UL frequency is calculated and set automatically. For dual carrier, the frequency of the other carrier is calculated and set as well.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: depends on operating band
 *RST: carrier 1: 2112.6E+6 Hz, carrier 2: 2117.6E+6 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See ["Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation"](#) on page 172

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL
<Frequency>**

Selects the UL carrier center frequency. The frequency must correspond to a channel valid for the current operating band.

For dependencies, see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

The related DL frequency is calculated and set automatically.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: Depends on operating band
 *RST: 1.9226E+9 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

V3.2.10: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Manual operation: See ["Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation"](#) on page 172

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:DL <FreqOffset>

Specifies a positive or negative frequency offset to be added to the downlink center frequency of the configured channel, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:DL](#).

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<FreqOffset>	Range: -100000 Hz to 100000 Hz
	*RST: 0 Hz
	Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation](#)" on page 172

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:UL <FreqOffset>

Specifies a positive or negative frequency offset to be added to the uplink center frequency of the configured channel, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL](#).

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<FreqOffset>	Range: -100000 Hz to 100000 Hz
	*RST: 0 Hz
	Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Operating Band, Channel, Frequency, Offset, UL/DL Separation](#)" on page 172

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation <DCFreqSep>

Sets the frequency separation for particular carrier frequencies in multi-carrier scenario.

Parameters:

<DCFreqSep>	Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz
	Increment: 200 kHz
	*RST: 5 MHz
	Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Carrier Separation](#)" on page 173

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DBDC <Enable>[, <Config>]

Enables dual band dual carrier HSDPA operation and selects the operating bands for UL and DL.

For operating band description, see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: Off

<Config> UDEFined | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6

UDEFined: User defined (custom) - free band selection

C1: DL band A I, DL band B VIII

C2: DL band A II, DL band B IV

C3: DL band A I, DL band B V

C4: DL band A I, DL band B XI

C5: DL band A II, DL band B V

C6: DL band A I, DL band B XXXII

UL applies the band of the DL carrier 1, where the assignment of band A or band B is possible. Exception: no UL for operating band XXXII.

*RST: C1

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#).

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.30: added C6

Options: R&S CMW-KS405

Manual operation: See "[DB DC HSDPA](#)" on page 173

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:COPower

<OutChannelPow>

Sets the base level of the generator. For multi-carrier, it can be set per carrier.

The allowed value range can be calculated as follows:

Range (Base Level) = Range (Output Power) - External Attenuation
- Insertion Loss + Baseband Level

Range (Output Power) = -130 dBm to -5 dBm (RFX COM) or -120 dBm
to 3 dBm (RFX OUT); please also notice the ranges quoted in the data sheet.

Insertion loss is only relevant for internal fading. Baseband level only relevant for external fading.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<OutChannelPow>	Range: see above
	*RST: -56.1 dBm
	Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:COPower:TOTAl <TotalOutChPwr>

Sets the total base level of the generator.

For multi-carrier operation, this value is the sum of all carrier powers. If you modify the total power level, all carrier powers are increased/decreased by the same amount so that the new total power level is reached.

The allowed value range per carrier can be calculated as follows:

Range (Base Level) = Range (Output Power) - External Attenuation
- Insertion Loss + Baseband Level

Range (Output Power) = -130 dBm to -5 dBm (RFx COM) or -120 dBm to 3 dBm (RFx OUT); please also notice the ranges quoted in the data sheet.

Insertion loss is only relevant for internal fading. Baseband level only relevant for external fading.

Parameters:

<TotalOutChPwr>	Range: see above
	*RST: -56.1 dBm
	Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Output Power \(Ior\)](#)" on page 175

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:AWGN <Enable>[, <Level>]

Enables or disables AWGN insertion via the signaling unit and sets the total AWGN level within the channel bandwidth.

For multi-carrier, the same settings are applied to all carriers. Thus it is sufficient to configure one carrier.

Suffix:	
<c>	1..* Downlink carrier
Parameters:	
<Enable>	OFF ON Enables or disables the AWGN signal
	*RST: OFF
<Level>	The range of the AWGN level can be calculated as follows from the range of the output power stated below: <i>Min (AWGN) = Min (Output Power) - External Attenuation</i> <i>Max (AWGN) = Max (Output Power) - External Attenuation - Base Level</i> Range: -130 dBm to -5 dBm for the output power at RFx COM, -120 dBm to 3 dBm at RFx OUT; please also notice the ranges quoted in the data sheet *RST: -70 dBm Default unit: dBm
Example:	See Specifying General Settings
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " AWGN Noise (loc) " on page 175

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:GMTFactor?

Queries the ratio of the output channel power (lor) to the AWGN power (loc). INV indicates that AWGN noise is disabled.

Suffix:	
<c>	1..* Downlink carrier
Return values:	
<Ratio>	Range: -25.4 dB to 44.9 dB *RST: INV Default unit: dB
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " Geometric Factor (lor/loc) " on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:TOPower?

Queries the sum of the output channel power (lor) and the AWGN power (loc).

Suffix:

<C> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<TotalOutputPow> Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Total Output Power \(Ior+loc\)](#)" on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:TOTPower:TOTal?

Queries the sum of the output channel power (Ior) and the AWGN power (loc).

For scenarios with multi-carrier, the result indicates the sum of the Ior and loc values of all carriers.

Return values:

<CombTotOutPwr> Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Total Output Power \(Ior+loc\)](#)" on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode <Mode>

Selects the expected nominal power mode. The expected nominal power of the UL signal can be defined manually or calculated automatically, according to the UL power control settings.

For manual configuration, see:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:MARGIN](#)

Parameters:

<Mode> MANual | ULPC

MANual: The expected nominal power and margin are specified manually.

ULPC: The expected nominal power is calculated according to the UL power control settings.

*RST: ULPC

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[RF Power Uplink > ...](#)" on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower <ExpectedPower>

Sets the expected nominal power of the measured RF signal.

Parameters:

<ExpectedPower> The range of the expected nominal power can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Range (Expected Power)} = \text{Range (Input Power)} + \text{External Attenuation} - \text{User Margin}$$

The input power range is stated in the data sheet.

*RST: 0 dBm

Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[RF Power Uplink > ...](#)" on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:MARGin <UserMargin>

Sets the margin that the R&S CMW adds to the expected nominal power to determine the reference level in manual mode.

The reference level minus the external input attenuation must be within the power range of the selected input connector; refer to the data sheet.

Refer also to the following commands:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPut](#)

Parameters:

<UserMargin> Range: 0 dB to (34 dB + external attenuation - expected nominal power)
*RST: 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[RF Power Uplink > ...](#)" on page 176

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MAXimum <Channel>

Specifies the maximum value for downlink channel number within a user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Channel> Range: 0 Ch to 16.383E+3 Ch
*RST: 10.562E+3 Ch

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:DL:MINimum <Channel>

Specifies the minimum value for downlink channel number within a user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Channel> Range: 0 Ch to 16.383E+3 Ch
*RST: 10.562E+3 Ch

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MAXimum?

Specifies the maximum value for uplink channel number within a user-defined band.

Return values:

<Channel> Range: 0 Ch to 16.383E+3 Ch

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:CHANnel:UL:MINimum <Channel>

Specifies the minimum value for uplink channel number within a user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Channel> Range: 0 Ch to 16.383E+3 Ch
*RST: 9612 Ch

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:MAXimum?

Specifies the maximum value for downlink frequencies within a user-defined band.

Return values:

<Frequency> Range: 100E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:DL:MINimum

<Frequency>

Specifies the minimum value for downlink frequencies within a user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 100E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz
 *RST: 2.1124E+9 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:MAXimum?

Specifies the maximum value for uplink frequencies within a user-defined band.

Return values:

<Frequency> Range: 100E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:FREQuency:UL:MINimum <Frequency>

Specifies the minimum value for uplink frequencies within a user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 100E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz
 *RST: 1.9224E+9 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:UDEFined:UDSeparation <Frequency>

Specifies the uplink - downlink separation interval for user-defined band.

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: -3832.4 Hz to 2012.4 Hz
 *RST: 190 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Band Definition](#)" on page 174

2.6.6 Internal Fading

The following commands configure the internal fader of the R&S CMW.

2.6.6.1 Fading Simulator

The following commands configure the fading simulator of the internal fader.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ENABLE.....	432
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:STANDARD.....	432
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart:MODE.....	433
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart.....	433
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:GLOBAL:SEED.....	433
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:MODE.....	434
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:LOSS.....	434
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSS:CSAMPles?.....	435
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DShift.....	435
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADing:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DShift:MODE.....	436

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRIER<c>:FSIMULATOR:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables/disables the fading simulator.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
 V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 178

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRIER<c>:FSIMULATOR:STANDARD <Standard>

Selects one of the propagation conditions defined in the annex B.2 of 3GPP TS 25.101.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Standard> C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C8 | PA3 | PB3 | VA3 | VA30 |
 VA12 | MPRopagation | BDEath | HST
C1 to C6: case 1 to case 6 (multipath fading profile)
C8: case 8 (for CQI test in multipath fading and HS-SCCH-less demodulation of HS-DSCH)
PA3 | PB3: ITU PA3 / PB3 (multipath fading profile)
VA3 | VA30 | VA12: ITU VA3 / VA30 / VA120 (multipath fading profile)
MPRopagation: moving propagation
BDEath: birth-death propagation
HST: high-speed train
*RST: C1

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
 V3.2.10: added MPRopagation, HST
 V3.2.60: added BDEath
 V3.5.20: added CARRIER<c>, C8

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Profile](#)" on page 178

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart:MODE
<RestartMode>

Sets the restart mode of the fading simulator.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<RestartMode> AUTO | MANual
 AUTO: fading automatically starts with the DL signal
 MANual: fading is started and restarted manually (see
 [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart](#))
 *RST: AUTO

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
 V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Restart Event](#)" on page 178

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart

Restarts the fading process in **MANual** mode (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:REStart:MODE](#)).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
 V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Restart Event](#)" on page 178

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:GLOBal:SEED
<Seed>

Sets the start seed for the pseudo-random fading algorithm.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Seed> Range: 0 to 9
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Start Seed](#)" on page 179

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSSs:MODE
 <InsertLossMode>

Sets the insertion loss mode.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<InsertLossMode> NORMAl | USER

NORMAl: the insertion loss is determined by the fading profile
USER: the insertion loss can be adjusted manually

*RST: NORM

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Insertion Loss](#)" on page 179

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSSs:LOSS
 <InsertLoss>

Sets the insertion loss for the fading simulator.

A setting is only allowed in **USER** mode (see [CONF](#)igure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:
 CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSSs:MODE).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<InsertLoss> Range: 0 dB to 18 dB
 *RST: 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Insertion Loss](#)" on page 179

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:ILOSSs:CSAMPles?

Displays the percentage of clipped samples.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*

Downlink carrier

Return values:

<ClippedSamples> Range: 0 % to 100
Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#).

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Manual operation: See "[Clipped Samples](#)" on page 179

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DShift
<Frequency>

Displays the maximum Doppler frequency for the fading simulator.

A setting is only allowed in USER mode (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DShift:MODE](#)).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*

Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 1 Hz to 2000 Hz
Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.2.60: range changed, setting enabled

V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Doppler Frequency](#)" on page 179

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:FSIMulator:DSHift:MODE <Mode>

Sets the Doppler shift mode.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Mode>	NORMal USER
--------	---------------

NORMal: the maximum Doppler frequency is determined by the fading profile

USER: the maximum Doppler frequency can be adjusted manually

*RST: NORM

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Doppler Frequency](#)" on page 179

2.6.6.2 DL Settings

The following commands query noise power information.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISe?..... 436

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISe:TOTal?..... 437

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:SUM?..... 437

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISe?

Queries the calculated noise power on the downlink carrier.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<NoisePower>	Default unit: dBm
--------------	-------------------

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Noise \(System BW\) Power](#)" on page 179

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:NOISE:TOTal?

Queries the total noise power.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<NoisePower>	Default unit: dBm
--------------	-------------------

Usage:	Query only
---------------	------------

Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
---------------------------	---------

Options:	R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400
-----------------	--

Manual operation:	See " Noise (Total BW) Power " on page 180
--------------------------	--

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:POWER:SUM?

Queries the calculated total power (signal + noise) on the downlink carrier.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Power>	Default unit: dBm
---------	-------------------

Example:	See Configuring Internal Fading
-----------------	---

Usage:	Query only
---------------	------------

Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
---------------------------	---------

Options:	R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400
-----------------	--

Manual operation:	See " Signal + Noise (System BW) Power " on page 180
--------------------------	--

2.6.6.3 Fading Module AWGN

The following commands configure the AWGN generator of the internal fader.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:ENABLE.....	437
--	-----

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:NOISE.....	438
---	-----

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:SNRatio?.....	438
--	-----

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables AWGN insertion via the fading module.

For multi-carrier scenarios, the same settings are applied to all carriers. Thus it is sufficient to configure one carrier.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 180

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:NOISE <Noise>

Sets the total AWGN level within the channel bandwidth, applicable to AWGN inserted via the internal fading module.

For multi-carrier scenarios, the same settings are applied to all carriers. Thus it is sufficient to configure one carrier.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Noise> Range: depends on connector, external attenuation, base
 level and insertion loss
 *RST: -70 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400

Manual operation: See "[Noise](#)" on page 180

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:FADING:CARRier<c>:AWGN:SNRatio?

Queries the signal to noise ratio for the AWGN inserted on the internal fading module.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Ratio> Range: -50 dB to 40 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Internal Fading](#)

Usage: Query only

- Firmware/Software:** V3.0.30
V3.5.30: range extended
- Options:** R&S CMW-KS410, R&S CMW-KE100 and R&S CMW-KE400
- Manual operation:** See "[Signal/Noise Ratio](#)" on page 181

2.6.7 Physical Channel Downlink Settings

The commands in the following sections define characteristics of the physical downlink channels.

- [General Settings](#)..... 439
- [R99 Channels](#)..... 441
- [DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration](#)..... 446
- [HS-SCCH Configuration](#)..... 452
- [HS-PDSCH Configuration](#)..... 455
- [HSUPA DL Channel Configuration](#)..... 457
- [Downlink Power Control](#)..... 459

2.6.7.1 General Settings

The following commands define general physical downlink channel settings.

- | | |
|--|-----|
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:APoWer? | 439 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:ADJust | 440 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:OCNS:LEVel? | 440 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:OCNS:TYPE | 440 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:CONFLICT? | 441 |

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:APoWer?

Queries the accumulated power (total power of all active channels relative to the base level of the generator).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Power> Range: -80 dB to 10 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Accumulated Power](#)" on page 182

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:ADJust

Corrects the power levels of all enabled channels to minimize the difference between the total power level of the channels and the base level

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Accumulated Power" on page 182

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:OCNS:LEVel?

Queries the total OCNS channel power (relative to the base level of the generator). If no OCNS channels are present, INV is returned.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Level> Range: -99 dB to 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "OCNS" on page 182

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:OCNS:TYPE <Type>

Selects the type of OCNS channels to be generated, see [Chapter 2.2.11.5, "Orthogonal Channel Noise Simulator \(OCNS\)"](#), on page 46.

You can select the type manually or use the automatic mode.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Type> R99 | R5 | R6 | R7 | AUTO
*RST: AUTO

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.0.30: added R7

Manual operation: See "OCNS" on page 182

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:CONFLICT?

Queries the channelization code conflict status of the physical channels:

- **OFF**: channel causes no code conflict
- **ON**: code settings of this channel conflict with the code settings of another channel

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<OCNS>	OFF ON
<PCPICH>	OFF ON
<SCPICH>	OFF ON
<PCCPCH>	OFF ON
<SCCPCH>	OFF ON
<PICH>	OFF ON
<AICH>	OFF ON
<DPCH>	OFF ON
<HSSCCH1>	OFF ON
<HSSCCH2>	OFF ON
<HSSCCH3>	OFF ON
<HSSCCH4>	OFF ON
<HSPDSCH>	OFF ON
<EAGCH>	OFF ON
<EHICH>	OFF ON
<ERGCH>	OFF ON
<FDPCH>	OFF ON

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "Code Conflict" on page 182

2.6.7.2 R99 Channels

The following commands configure the R99 channels. The commands for DPCH covered in the next section, see [Chapter 2.6.7.3, "DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration"](#), on page 446.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PCPich.....	442
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PSCH.....	442
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:SSCH.....	442
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PCCPch.....	442
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:SCPich.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:SCCPch.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:PICH.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:AICH.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:SCPich.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:SCCPch.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:PICH.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:AICH.....	443
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:PCPich?.....	444
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:PCCPch?.....	444
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:PCPich:SLEVel.....	444
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:SSCode.....	445
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:PHASE.....	445
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:TTIMing.....	445
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:ACKNolwedge.....	446

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PCPich <Level>

Sets the level of the P-CPICH.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: carrier 1: -3.3 dB, carrier 2: -4.4 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.1.10: ON / OFF no longer allowed, always ON

Manual operation: See "Level" on page 185

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PSCH <Level>**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:SSCH <Level>****CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:PCCPch <Level>**

Set the level of the channel indicated by the last mnemonic. Setting a power level also activates the channel.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: carrier 1 ON: -8.3 dB, P-CCPCH: -5.3 dB; carrier 2 OFF

Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the channel | enables the channel using the previous/default level)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:SCPich <Level>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:SCCPch <Level>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:PICH <Level>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:AICH <Level>

Set the level of the channel indicated by the last mnemonic. Setting a power level also activates the channel.

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB, AICH: -50 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: S-CPICH: OFF (-3.3 dB), S-CCPCH: -5.3 dB, PICH: -8.3 dB, AICH: -8.3 dB

Default unit: dB

Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the channel | enables the channel using the previous/default level)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: For S-CPICH: R&S CMW-KS410

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:SCPich <ChannelCode>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:SCCPch <ChannelCode>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:PICH <ChannelCode>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:AICH <ChannelCode>

Set the channelization code number of the channel indicated by the last mnemonic.

Parameters:

<ChannelCode> Range: See table below
 *RST: See table below

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V2.1.20: *RST values changed

Options: For S-CPICH: R&S CMW-KS410

Channel	Minimum	Maximum	*RST
S-CPICH	0	255	11
S-CCPCH	0	63	2
PICH	0	255	2
AICH	0	255	3

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:PCPich?

Queries the channelization code number of the P-CPICH.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<ChannelCode> The returned value is fixed.
 Range: 0

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[Code](#)" on page 185

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:PCCPch?

Queries the channelization code number of the P-CCPCH.

Return values:

<ChannelCode> The returned value is fixed.
 Range: 1

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Code](#)" on page 185

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:PCPich:SLEvel<SignalledLevel>

Defines the P-CPICH power level to be reported to the UE.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<SignalledLevel> Range: -10 dBm to 50 dBm
 *RST: 31 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "[P-CPICH Enhanced > Signalized Level](#)" on page 185

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:SSCode <SecScrambCode>

Defines index k used for calculation of a secondary scrambling code number for the S-CPICH (see also [Chapter 2.2.11.3, "Scrambling Codes"](#), on page 45).

If the secondary scrambling code is deactivated, the primary scrambling code is used (see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE](#)).

Parameters:

<SecScrambCode> Range: 1 to 15

*RST: 1

Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the secondary scrambling code)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V2.1.20: *RST value modified and 0 removed from range

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[2nd Scrambling Code](#)" on page 185

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:PHASe <Phase>

Defines the phase of the S-CPICH in degrees, relative to the P-CPICH phase.

Parameters:

<Phase> Range: -315 deg to 0 deg

Increment: 45 deg

*RST: 0 deg

Default unit: deg

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Phase](#)" on page 186

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:TTIMing <TransmTiming>

Defines the minimum allowed time delay between two consecutive RACH preambles.

Parameters:

<TransmTiming> Minimum time delay

Range: 3 slots to 4 slots

*RST: 3 slots

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Transmission Timing](#)" on page 186

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:AICH:ACKnowledge <Acknowledge>

Defines how the R&S CMW acknowledges RACH preambles received from the UE.

Parameters:

<Acknowledge> POSitive | NEGative

POSitive: The R&S CMW acknowledges or negatively acknowledges the preambles appropriately.

NEGative: The R&S CMW always responds with negative acknowledgements.

*RST: POS

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Acknowledge](#)" on page 186

2.6.7.3 DPCH / F-DPCH Configuration

The following commands configure DPCH and F-DPCH channels.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:FDPCh.....	446
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH.....	447
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:DPCH.....	447
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:FDPCh.....	447
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:SSCode.....	448
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RANGe.....	448
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:DPCH:REPorted?.....	448
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:POFFset.....	449
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:TOFFset.....	449
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:PHASe.....	449
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:DPCH:FSFormat.....	450
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence.....	450
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence:EXECute.....	451
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence:STATe?.....	451
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RXLStrategy.....	451

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:FDPCh <Level>

Sets the level of F-DPCH. The settings of DPCH level and F-DPCH level are equal. F-DPCH is activated instead of DPCH while the CPC feature is active or while a secondary uplink is enabled

Suffix:	
<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios
Parameters:	
<Level>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: carrier 1 ON: -10.3 dB; carrier 2 ON: -11.4 dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the channel enables the channel using the previous/default level)
Example:	See Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)
Options:	R&S CMW-KS413
Manual operation:	See " Level " on page 187

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH <Level>

Set the level of DPCH. The settings of DPCH level and F-DPCH level are equal.

Parameters:	
<Level>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -10.3 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the channel enables the channel using the previous/default level)
Example:	See Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0
Manual operation:	See " Level " on page 187

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:DPCH <ChannelCode>**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CODE:FDPCh <ChannelCode>**

Set the channelization code number of the channel indicated by the last mnemonic.

Parameters:	
<ChannelCode>	Range: See table below *RST: See table below
Example:	See Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V2.1.20: *RST values changed V3.0.30: F-DPCH added
Options:	For F-DPCH: R&S CMW-KS413
Manual operation:	See " Code " on page 188

Channel	Minimum	Maximum	*RST
DPCH	0	depends on connection type and data rate	3
F-DPCH	0	255	6

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:SSCode <SecScrambCode>

Defines index k used for calculation of a secondary scrambling code number for the DPCH/F-DPCH (see also [Chapter 2.2.11.3, "Scrambling Codes", on page 45](#)).

If the secondary scrambling code is deactivated, the primary scrambling code is used (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCoDe](#)).

Parameters:

<SecScrambCode> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 1
 Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the secondary scrambling code)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V2.1.20: *RST value modified and 0 removed from range

Manual operation: See "[2nd Scrambling Code](#)" on page 188

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RANGE <LevelMin>, <LevelMax>

Specifies the allowed range for the variation of the DPDCH/F-DPCH power level relative to the base level lor.

Parameters:

<LevelMin>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -25 dB Default unit: dB
<LevelMax>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -7 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Level Range](#)" on page 188

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:DPCH:REPorted?

Displays the downlink DPCH/F-DPCH level reported by the UE.

Suffix:

<C> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Level> DPCH/F-DPCH level relative to the base level for
 Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Level Range](#)" on page 188

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:POFFset <PowerOffset>

Defines the power of the DPCCH relative to the power of the DPDCH. The DPDCH power is configured as DPCH/F-DPCH power, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH](#).

Parameters:

<PowerOffset> Range: 0 dB to 6 dB
 *RST: 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Power Offset](#)" on page 190

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:TOFFset <TimingOffset>

Defines the offset between the DL P-CCPCH timing and the DL DPCH/F-DPCH timing in multiples of 256 chips (1/10 slot).

Parameters:

<TimingOffset> Range: 0 to 149
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Timing Offset](#)" on page 190

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:PHASe <Reference>

Sets the DPCH phase reference. For the S-CPICH phase shift, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:SCPich:PHASe](#).

Parameters:

<Reference> PCPich | SCPich

PCPich: P-CPICH set as reference

SCPich: S-CPICH set as reference

*RST: PCP

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#).

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Manual operation: See "Phase Reference" on page 190

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:DPCH:FSFormat
 <SlotFormat>

Sets F-DPCH slot format according to 3GPP TS 25.211, table 16C.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<SlotFormat> Range: 0 to 9
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "F-DPCH Slot Format" on page 190

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence <AB>, <BD>,
 <DE>, <EF>

Specifies the level of out-of-sync power mask between the areas A to F.

Parameters:

<AB> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -22 dB

<BD> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -28 dB

<DE> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -24 dB

<EF> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -18 dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Level Sequence" on page 188

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQquence:EXECute

Initiates the DPCH level transitions in downlink according to out-of-sync power mask.
The function is only available during a call.

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Level Sequence](#)" on page 188

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQquence:STATE?

Queries the generator status of DPCH level transitions for "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement".

Return values:

<State> IDLE | RUNNING | FAILed | SCONflict | SCHanged

IDLE: test procedure has not started yet

RUNNING: test procedure is in progress without errors

FAILed: test procedure failed

SCONflict: settings are inappropriate for the setup

SCHanged: relevant settings changed after setup execution

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Level Sequence](#)" on page 188

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RXLStrategy <Strategy>

Specifies the algorithm for generated power DPCH level in downlink for "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement".

Parameters:

<Strategy> AF | BF | CE

AF: "Max A off F Max"

BF: "Max B off F Max"

CE: "Max C off E Max"

*RST: AF

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[RX Level Strategy](#)" on page 189

2.6.7.4 HS-SCCH Configuration

The following commands configure an HS-SCCH set with up to four HS-SCCH channels.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:HSSCch<no>.....	452
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:HSSCch<no>.....	452
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:HSSCch<no>:UEID.....	453
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:HSSCch<no>:IDDummy.....	453
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:SElection.....	454
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:NUMBER.....	454
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:USRframes.....	455

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:HSSCch<no> <Level>

Sets the level of an HS-SCCH channel. Setting a power level also enables the channel.

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the HS-SCCH to be configured
<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Level>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: carrier 1: -10.3 dB, carrier 2: -11.4 dB (first two channels ON) Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the channel)
---------	---

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Level" on page 192

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:HSSCch<no> <ChannelCode>

Sets the channelization code number of an HS-SCCH channel.

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the HS-SCCH to be configured
<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<ChannelCode> Range: 0 to 127
 *RST: Channel 1 to 4: 2, 7, 8, 9

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Channel Code](#)" on page 192

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:HSSCch<no>:UEID <UEID>

Sets the UE identity for an HS-SCCH channel.

In the current software version, only one UE ID is configured for the HS-SCCH set of one carrier. Changing the value for one channel changes also the values of the other channels.

Suffix:

<no> 1..4
 Selects the HS-SCCH to be configured

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<UEID> Range: 0 (#H0) to 65535 (#FFFF)
 *RST: #HAAAAA

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[UE ID](#)" on page 192

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:HSSCch<no>:IDDummy <DummyUEID>

Sets the dummy UE identity to be sent in subframes which are not allocated to the UE. Individual values can be set per HS-SCCH.

Suffix:

<no> 1..4
 Selects the HS-SCCH to be configured

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<DummyUEID> Range: 0 (#H0) to 65535 (#FFFF)
 *RST: Channel 1 to 4: #H5555, #12AA, #H1AAA, #H1FAA

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[UE ID Dummy](#)" on page 192

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:SELECTION
<Type>

Selects the HS-SCCH that carries the UE ID in scheduled subframes.

The number <n> used below is set via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:NUMBER](#) on page 454.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Type>	CH1 CH2 CH3 CH4 RANDOM AUTomatic
--------	--

CH1 to CH4: The UE ID is transferred on the selected HS-SCCH.

RANDOM: The HS-SCCH for each transmission is selected at random among the channels 1 to <n>.

AUTomatic: For a R5 connection, the UE ID is transferred on the HS-SCCH sequence 1, 2,..., <n>, 1, 2, and so on. For a R7/R8 connection, the UE ID is transferred on the appropriate HS-SCCH automatically selected depending on the used modulation scheme.

*RST: AUT

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Selection](#)" on page 192

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:NUMBER
<Number>

Configures the number of HS-SCCHs contained in the HS-SCCH set. <Number> = n means that the set contains the HS-SCCHs number 1 to n.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Number>	Range: 1 to 4
	*RST: 2

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Number of HSSCCH](#)" on page 193

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSSCch:USFRames
<Type>**

Defines the transmission in unscheduled HS-SCCH subframes.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Type>	DUMMy DTX
--------	-------------

DUMMy: maintain HS-SCCH power and transfer dummy UE ID,
see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:
HSSCch<no>:IDDummy](#) on page 453

DTX: switch off output power in unscheduled subframes

*RST: DUMM

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Unscheduled Subframes](#)" on page 194

2.6.7.5 HS-PDSCH Configuration

The following commands configure the HS-PDSCH.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:HSPDsCh.....	455
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:HSPDsCh.....	456
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsCh:POFFset.....	456
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsCh:USFRames.....	457

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:HSPDsCh <Level>

Sets the level of the HS-PDSCH summed over all active codes. Setting a power level also enables the channel.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Level>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: carrier 1: -9.3 dB, carrier 2: -10.4 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disable enable the channel)
---------	--

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Level](#)" on page 195

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:HSPDsch <ChannelCode>

Sets the first channelization code number of the HS-PDSCH.

The number of assigned codes depends on the HSDPA channel configuration. For a fixed reference channel for example, it depends on the H-Set. For a user-defined channel, the number is configured directly.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<ChannelCode>	Range: 0 to 16 - <number of assigned codes>
	*RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Channel Code](#)" on page 195

**CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsch:POFFset
<Control>[, <PwrOffsetManual>]**

Selects whether the measurement power offset Γ is set manually or calculated automatically. Optionally a second parameter can be sent to modify the manual power offset value. It is not relevant for automatic calculation.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Control>	AUTO MANUAL
-----------	---------------

AUTO: The correct value Γ is calculated automatically.

MANUAL: The value Γ is set manually via the parameter <PwrOffsetManual>.

*RST:	AUTO
-------	------

<PwrOffsetManual>	Range: -6 dB to 13 dB
	*RST: 13 dB
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Meas. Power Offset Control, Meas. Power Offset](#)" on page 196

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:ENHanced:HSPDsch:USFRames <Type>

Defines the transmission in unscheduled HS-DSCH subframes.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Type>	DUMMy DTX
--------	-------------

DUMMy: maintain the HS-DSCH power by sending dummy data
DTX: switch off the output power

*RST: DUMM

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Unscheduled Subframes](#)" on page 196

2.6.7.6 HSUPA DL Channel Configuration

The following commands configure the downlink channels related to HSUPA.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:EAGCh.....	457
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:EHICh.....	458
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:ERGCh.....	458
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:EAGCh.....	458
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:EHICh.....	459
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:ERGCh.....	459

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:EAGCh <Level>

Sets the level of the E-AGCH. Setting a power level also activates the channel.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -9.3 dB
 Default unit: dB
 Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the channel | enables the channel using the previous/default level)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Level](#)" on page 197

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:EHiCh <Level>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:LEVel:ERGCh <Level>

Set the level of the channel indicated by the last mnemonic. Setting a power level also activates the channel indicated by the last mnemonic.

E-HICH and E-RGCH use the same power level. Setting the level for one channel sets the same level for the other channel.

Disabling the E-HICH disables also the E-RGCH. Enabling the E-RGCH enables also the E-HICH.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: E-HICH: -12.3 dB, E-RGCH: OFF (-12.3 dB)
 Default unit: dB
 Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the channel | enables the channel using the previous/default level)

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Level](#)" on page 197

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:EAGCh <ChannelCode>

Sets the channelization code number of the E-AGCH.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios

Parameters:

<ChannelCode> Range: 0 to 255
 *RST: 3

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Channel Code" on page 197

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:EHiCH <ChannelCode>
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:CARRier<c>:CODE:ERGCh <ChannelCode>

E-HICH and E-RGCH use the same channelization code number. Any of the two commands sets the channelization code number for both channels.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier - only relevant for uplink multi-carrier scenarios

Parameters:

<ChannelCode> Range: 0 to 127
 *RST: 6 for carrier 1, 5 for carrier 2

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Channel Code" on page 197

2.6.7.7 Downlink Power Control

The following settings configure downlink power control.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:DTQuality.....	459
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:FTERate.....	460
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:MODE.....	460
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:STEP.....	460

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:DTQuality <ErrorRate>

Specifies a signaled target BLER value.

Parameters:

<ErrorRate> Range: 0.01 % to 20 %
 *RST: 1 %
 Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[DTCH Target Quality](#)" on page 198

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:FTERate <ErrorRate>

Specifies a signaled target TPC error rate value for tests using the F-DPCH.

Parameters:

<ErrorRate> Range: 1 % to 10 %
 *RST: 1 %
 Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[F-DPCH TPC Error Rate Target](#)" on page 198

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:MODE <Mode>

Selects the frequency of power adjustment in downlink.

Parameters:

<Mode> M0 | M1 | ON | OFF
Mode 0, mode 1, additional ON / OFF enables or disables power control in downlink.
*RST: M0

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Mode](#)" on page 198

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:PCONtrol:STEP <StepSize>

Specifies the step size of downlink power control.

Parameters:

<StepSize> Range: 0.5 dB to 2 dB
 *RST: 1 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel DL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Step Size](#)" on page 198

2.6.8 Physical Channel Uplink Settings

The following sections describe the commands related to uplink settings. Most values are signaled to the UE.

• Miscellaneous Settings.....	461
• Open Loop Power Control and PRACH Settings.....	463
• TX Power Control Settings.....	467
• Gain Factor Settings.....	475

2.6.8.1 Miscellaneous Settings

The following commands define uplink settings at the highest level of the "Physical Uplink Settings" section in the GUI.

CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:MUEPower.....	461
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:MANual.....	461
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:REPorted.....	462
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:POFFset.....	462
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:EIPower?.....	462
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:SCODE.....	463

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:MUEPower <MaxUEpower>

Sets the maximum allowed output power of the UE transmitter (averaged over the transmit slot).

Parameters:

<MaxUEpower>	Range: -50 dBm to 33 dBm
	*RST: 33 dBm
	Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Maximum UE Power](#)" on page 199

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:MANual <UEPowerClass>

Configures the UE power class value to be used by the R&S CMW if no reported value is available or usage of the reported value is disabled, see [CONF](#)igure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:REPorted.

Parameters:

<UEPowerClass>	PC1 PC2 PC3 PC3B PC4 Power class 1, 2, 3, 3bis, 4
	*RST: PC1

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "UE Power Class" on page 199

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:REPorted <UseReported>

Enable or disable usage of the UE power class value reported by the UE.

When disabled, the power class value must be set manually, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:UEPClass:MANual](#). The manually set value is also used if no reported value is available.

Parameters:

<UseReported>	OFF ON *RST: ON
---------------	---------------------------

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "UE Power Class" on page 199

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:POFFset <PowerOffset>

Sets the DPCCH power offset, used by the UE to calculate the initial DPCCH power for random access.

The power offset of the carrier two is defined as the power offset between the initial DPCCH power level on UL2 and the current DPCCH power level of UL1.

Suffix:

<c>	1..* Uplink carrier
-----	------------------------

Parameters:

<PowerOffset>	Range: -164 dB to -6 dB for carrier one; 0 dB to 7 dB for carrier two *RST: -80 dB for carrier one; 0 dB for carrier two Default unit: dB
---------------	---

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Manual operation: See "DPCCH Power Offset" on page 200

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:EIPower?

Queries the expected initial DPCCH power.

Return values:

<ExpDPCCHPower>	Range: -160 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -20.6 dBm Default unit: dBm
-----------------	---

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Expected Initial DPCCH Power](#)" on page 200

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:SCoDe <ScramblingCode>

Sets the long code number that the UE has to use to scramble the uplink WCDMA signal.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<ScramblingCode>	Range: #H0 to #FFFFFF
	*RST: #H0

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Manual operation: See "[Uplink Scrambling Code](#)" on page 200

2.6.8.2 Open Loop Power Control and PRACH Settings

The following commands define basic parameters related to open loop power control and the physical random access procedure.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:CVALue.....	463
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:INTerference.....	464
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:EIPPower?.....	464
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:SIGNature.....	464
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:SUBChannels.....	465
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:MRETrans.....	465
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:AICH.....	465
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:SSIZE.....	466
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:PREamble:MCYCles.....	466
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:MESSAge:POFFset.....	466
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:MESSAge:LENGth.....	466
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACh:DRXCycle.....	467

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:CVALue <ConOffsetValue>

Sets the constant offset value for the initial preamble power.

Parameters:

<ConOffsetValue>	Range: -35 dB to -10 dB
	*RST: -29 dB
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Constant Offset Value](#)" on page 201

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:INTerference <Interference>

Estimated UL interference contained in system information block type 7.

Parameters:

<Interference> Range: -110 dBm to -70 dBm
*RST: -80 dBm
Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[UL Interference](#)" on page 201

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:OLPControl:EIPPower?

Queries the expected initial preamble power.

Return values:

<ExpPreamblePwr> Range: -160 dBm to 33 dBm
*RST: -18.6 dBm
Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Exp. Initial Preamble Power](#)" on page 201

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SIGNature <Signature>

Specifies which of the 16 signatures defined by 3GPP TS 25.213 are available and associated with the PRACH. The information is coded in a 16-bit number where the bits from left to right indicate the availability of signature 15 to signature 0 (0=not available, 1=available).

Parameters:

<Signature> Range: #B000000000000000 to #B111111111111111
*RST: #B111111111111111

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Preamble Signature](#)" on page 202

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SUBChannels
<SubChannels>**

Specifies which of the 12 PRACH subchannels are available. The information is coded in a 12-bit number where the bits from left to right indicate the availability of subchannel 11 to subchannel 0 (0=not available, 1=available).

The default format is decimal, but you can also enter binary numbers (#B000000000000 to #B111111111111).

Parameters:

<SubChannels> Range: #B000000000000 to #B111111111111
 *RST: #B000000000001

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Preamble Subchannels](#)" on page 202

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MRETrans <Retransmission>

Sets the maximum number of pREAMbles to be transmitted before a single preamble cycle is terminated.

Parameters:

<Retransmission> Range: 1 to 64
 *RST: 6

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Preamble Maximum Retransmission](#)" on page 202

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:AICH <Preambles>

Specifies the number of pREAMbles to be received before the instrument transmits the AICH.

Parameters:

<Preambles> Range: 1 to 12
 *RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.80: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Preambles before AICH Transmission](#)" on page 202

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SSIZE <StepSize>

Specifies the transmit power difference between two consecutive preambles.

Parameters:

<StepSize> Range: 1 dB to 8 dB
 *RST: 3 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Preamble Step Size" on page 202

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:MCYCles <MaxCycles>

Specifies the maximum number of times the preamble cycle is repeated.

Parameters:

<MaxCycles> Range: 1 to 32
 *RST: 2

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Preamble Part Max Cycles" on page 202

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:MESSAge:POFFset <PowerOffset>

Specifies the power difference between the last preamble transmitted and the RACH message part.

Parameters:

<PowerOffset> Range: -5 dB to 10 dB
 *RST: -5 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0: Query only
V2.1.20: Setting also supported

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Message Part Power Offset" on page 203

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:MESSAge:LENGTH <MsgPartLength>

Specifies the length of the RACH transmission time interval (TTI).

Parameters:

<MsgPartLength> Range: 0.01 s to 0.02 s
 Increment: 0.01 s
 *RST: 0.02 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0: Query only
 V2.1.20: Setting also supported

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Message Part Length](#)" on page 203

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:DRXCycle <CycleLength>

Specifies the DRX cycle length.

Parameters:

<CycleLength> Cycle length in multiples of 2 frames
 Range: 6 to 9
 *RST: 8

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0: Query only
 V2.1.20: Setting also supported

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[DRX Cycle Length](#)" on page 203

2.6.8.3 TX Power Control Settings

The following commands configure TPC settings and execute TPC setups.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET	468
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PRECondition	469
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PEXecute	469
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:STATe?	469
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MPEDch:STATe?	470
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MODE	471
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PATTern	471
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REFerence	471
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:TPC:TPOWer	472
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPower:OFFSet	472
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PREcondition:SINGle	472
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PREcondition:PHUP	472
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHDown	472
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:CONTinuous	473
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSEF	473
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSGH	473
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSSegment	474

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHUP	474
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:PHDown	474
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:DHIB	474

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET <SetType>

Selects the active TPC setup. A query returns also properties of the active setup.

Parameters:

<SetType>	CLOop ALTernating ALL1 ALL0 SALT SAL1 SAL0 CONTinuous TSE TSF PHUP PHDown TSABc TSEF TSGH MPEDch ULCM CTFC DHIB
	CLOop: "Closed Loop"
	ALTernating: "Alternating"
	ALL1: "All 1"
	ALL0: "All 0"
	SALT: "Single Pattern + Alternating"
	SAL1: "Single Pattern + All 1"
	SAL0: "Single Pattern + All 0"
	CONTinuous: "Continuous Pattern"
	TSE: "TPC Test Step E"
	TSF: "TPC Test Step F"
	PHUP: "Phase Discontinuity Up"
	PHDown: "Phase Discontinuity Down"
	TSABc: "TPC Test Step ABC"
	TSEF: "TPC Test Step EF"
	TSGH: "TPC Test Step GH"
	MPEDch: "Max. Power E-DCH"
	ULCM: "TPC Test Step UL CM"
	CTFC: "Change of TFC"
	DHIB: "DC HSPA In-Band Emission"
	*RST: CLO

Return values:

<PreCondition>	NONE ALTernating MAXPower MINPower TPOWER Precondition of the active setup: none, alternating up and down, maximum, minimum or target power.
<PConfig>	Active setup configuration information. The content depends on the setup type: - closed loop: target power in dBm - single and continuous patterns: user-defined pattern - phase discontinuity: number of repetitions - test step EF, GH: number of 0 bits - DC HSPA in-band emission: pattern selection for the carrier one and two and number of selected bits - others: presentation of the fixed pattern

<Trigger>	ONCE PERiodic Type of generated trigger signal. See Chapter 2.2.15.10, "Generating TPC Trigger Signals" , on page 71
Example:	See Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V2.1.20: setups TSABC, TSEF, TSGH V3.0.30: setups MPEDch, CTFC V3.2.60: setup ULCM V3.2.80: setup DHIB
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401 for MPEDch R&S CMW-KS410 for CTFC, ULCM R&S CMW-KS405 for DHIB
Manual operation:	See " Active TPC Setup " on page 204

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PRECondition

Reach the precondition defined for the active TPC pattern setup. Corresponds to pressing the "Precond." button.

Example:	See Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup
Usage:	Event
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0
Manual operation:	See " TPC State " on page 204

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PEXecute

Execute the active TPC pattern setup. Corresponds to pressing the "Execute" button. For pattern setups with precondition, it is recommended to press the "Precond." button first ([CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PRECondition](#)).

Example:	See Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup
Usage:	Event
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0
Manual operation:	See " TPC State " on page 204

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:STATe?

Queries the current TPC state.

Return values:

<State> IDLE | CONTinuous | ALTerating | TPLocked | TPUNlocked | MAXPower | MINPower | TRANSition | SINGle | SEARching | FAILed | MRESource | SCONflict | SCHanged

IDLE: no connection established
CONTinuous: transmitting continuous pattern
ALTerating: transmitting alternating pattern
TPLocked: closed loop target power reached
TPUNlocked: reaching closed loop target power failed
MAXPower: maximum power reached
MINPower: minimum power reached
TRANSition: transition to a state, e.g. to maximum power
SINGle: transmitting a single user-defined pattern
Only relevant for "Max. Power E-DCH" setup:
SEARching: setup started, max power not yet reached
FAILed: test procedure failed in state "Searching"
MRESource: required resources are blocked/not available
SCONflict: settings are inappropriate for the setup
SCHanged: relevant settings changed after setup execution

*RST: IDLE

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.0.30: added SEARching, FAILed, MRESource, SCONflict, SCHanged

Manual operation: See "[TPC Condition](#)" on page 204

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MPEDch:STATe?

Queries the E-TFCI information for the TPC setup "Max. Power E-DCH".

Return values:

<CurrentETFCI1> Monitored "Current E-TFCI" value of the carrier one
Range: 0 to 127

<TargetETFCI1> Calculated "Target E-TFCI" value of the carrier one
Range: 0 to 127

<CurrentETFCI2> Monitored "Current E-TFCI" value of the carrier two
Range: 0 to 127

<TargetETFCI2> Calculated "Target E-TFCI" value of the carrier two
Range: 0 to 127

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.70: parameters for secondary uplink carrier

Options: R&S CMW-KS401
R&S CMW-KS405 required for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "[Max. Power E-DCH Condition](#)" on page 205

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MODE <Mode>

Defines the power control algorithm and the TPC step size configured at the UE.

Parameters:

<Mode> A2S1 | A1S1 | A1S2
A2S1: algorithm 2, step size 1 dB
A1S1: algorithm 1, step size 1 dB
A1S2: algorithm 1, step size 2 dB
*RST: A1S1

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Alg. / Step Size](#)" on page 206

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:PATTERn <Pattern>

Sets the "User Defined Pattern" to be used for "Single Pattern" and "Continuous Pattern".

Parameters:

<Pattern> String to specify the pattern.
Range: up to 60 zeros and ones
*RST: '0000000000111111111'

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[User Defined Pattern](#)" on page 206

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REFerence <Reference>

Selects the type of the closed loop target power.

Parameters:

<Reference> TOTal | DPCH
TOTal: maximum total uplink power
DPCH: maximum DPCH power
*RST: TOT

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Target Power](#)" on page 206

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:TPC:TPOWer <TargetPower>

Specifies a target power for the target power precondition and for the closed loop setup.

The allowed range depends on the active setup:

- 0 dBm to 33 dBm for setups "Max. Power E-DCH" and "DC HSPA In-Band Emission"
- -50 dBm to 33 dBm for other setups

For the secondary uplink carrier it the target power is calculated as follows:

$$\text{Target Power (secondary carrier)} = \text{Target Power} - \text{Target Power Offset}$$

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<TargetPower>	Range: depends on active setup, see above *RST: -20 dBm Default unit: dBm
---------------	---

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Target Power" on page 206

V3.5.20: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:OFFSet <Offset>

Specifies the difference between the target power levels of carrier one and two.

Parameters:

<Offset>	Range: -10 dB to +10 dB *RST: 0 dB
----------	---------------------------------------

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "Target Power" on page 206

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:SINGle <Condition>**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHUP <Condition>****CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:PHDown <Condition>**

Select the preconditions for "Single Pattern", "Phase Discontinuity Up" and "Phase Discontinuity Down".

Parameters:

<Condition> ALTernating | MAXPower | MINPower | TPOWER
*RST: ALT

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.1.20: TPOWER added

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PRECondition:CONTinuous <Condition>

Select the precondition for "Continuous Pattern".

Parameters:

<Condition> NONE | ALTernating | MAXPower | MINPower | TPOWER
*RST: NONE

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.1.20: TPOWER added

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSEF <Length>

Defines the number of 0 bits to be sent before the all 1 pattern is started for TPC setup "TPC Test Step EF".

Parameters:

<Length> Range: 100 to 170
*RST: 120

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSGH <Length>

Defines the number of 0 bits to be sent before the all 1 pattern is started for TPC setup "TPC Test Step GH".

Parameters:

<Length> Range: 60 to 170
*RST: 80

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSSegment <Enable>

Enables or disables segmentation for test steps E, F, G and H.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:PHUP <Repetition>**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:PHDown <Repetition>**

Define the number of times the pattern has to be repeated for "Phase Discontinuity Up/ Down".

Parameters:

<Repetition> Range: 1 to 13

*RST: 13

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:DHIB <Config>, <Repetition>

Defines the beginning of the pattern and the number of times the pattern has to be repeated for "DC HSPA In-Band Emission".

Parameters:

<Config> UD | DU

UD: pattern for the carrier 1 starts: 11 (up), carrier 2: 00 (down)

DU: carrier 1 starts: 00 (down), carrier 2: 11 (up)

*RST: UD

<Repetition> The number of times the pattern is repeated for each carrier.

Range: 1 to 20

*RST: 20

Example: See [Configuring and Executing a TPC Setup](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS405

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 207

2.6.8.4 Gain Factor Settings

The following commands configure gain factors and power offsets for uplink channels.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:RMC<no>.....	475
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VOICe.....	475
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VIDEO.....	476
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:PDATa<no>.....	476
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSDPa.....	476
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:EDPCch.....	477
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:NUMBer.....	477
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:REFerence.....	478
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:POFFset.....	478
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:BOOST.....	478
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:DTTP.....	479
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:EDPFormula.....	479

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:RMC<no> <BetaC>, <BetaD>

Specifies the UE gain factors β_c (DPCCH) and β_d (DPDCH) for RMC connections with the selected data rate.

Suffix:

<no>	1..5 Selects the RMC data rate 1: 12.2 kbps 2: 64 kbps 3: 144 kbps 4: 384 kbps 5: 768 kbps
------	--

Parameters:

<BetaC>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 8, 5, 4, 4, 4 for <no> 1 to 5
<BetaD>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 15

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.1.30: added <no> = 5
V3.0.10: R&S CMW-KS410 no longer required

Manual operation: See "[BC, BD](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VOICe <BetaC>, <BetaD>

Specifies the UE gain factors β_c (DPCCH) and β_d (DPDCH) for voice connections.

Parameters:

<BetaC>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 11
---------	----------------------------

<BetaD> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 15

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V3.0.10: R&S CMW-KS410 no longer required

Manual operation: See "[βC, βD](#)" on page 209

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VIDeo <BetaC>, <BetaD>

Specifies the UE gain factors β_c (DPCCH) and β_d (DPDCH) for video connections.

Parameters:

<BetaC> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 9

<BetaD> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 15

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V3.0.10: R&S CMW-KS410 no longer required

Manual operation: See "[βC, βD](#)" on page 209

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:PDATA<no> <BetaC>, <BetaD>

Specifies the UE gain factors β_c (DPCCH) and β_d (DPDCH) for packet data connections.

Suffix:

<no> 8,16,32,64,128,384
 RMC data rate in kbps

Parameters:

<BetaC> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 11

<BetaD> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 15

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[βC, βD](#)" on page 209

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSDPa <BetaC>, <BetaD>, <DeltaACK>, <DeltaNACK>, <DeltaCQI>

Specifies the UE gain factors and power offsets for HSDPA connections.

Parameters:

<BetaC>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 9
<BetaD>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 15
<DeltaACK>	Range: 0 to 8 *RST: 5
<DeltaNACK>	Range: 0 to 8 *RST: 5
<DeltaCQI>	Range: 0 to 8 *RST: 2

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
V3.0.10: required option changed

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[βC, βD](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:EDPCch <Delta>

Specifies the signaled value ΔE-DPCCH for HSUPA.

Parameters:

<Delta>	Range: 0 to 8 *RST: 5
---------	--------------------------

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[ΔE-DPCCH](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:NUMBER <Number>

Specifies how many pairs of reference E-TFCIs and assigned power offset values are signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<Number>	Range: 1 to 8 *RST: 1
----------	--------------------------

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:REFerence <ETFCi>...

Specifies the E-TFCI values of the first n pairs of reference E-TFCIs and power offsets, with n = 1 to 8.

Parameters:

<ETFCi> Comma-separated list of up to 8 values
Range: 0 to 127
*RST: 11,67,71,75,81,90,100,127

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:POffset

<PowerOffset>...

Specifies the power offset values of the first n pairs of reference E-TFCIs and power offsets, with n = 1 to 8.

Parameters:

<PowerOffset> Comma-separated list of up to 8 values (30 and 31 reserved for E-TFCI boost)
Range: 0 to 31
*RST: 4, 18, 23, 26, 27, 28, 29, 29

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.70: range extended for E-TFCI boost

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

R&S CMW-KS403 for E-TFCI boost

Manual operation: See "[No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI](#)" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:ETFCi:BOOSt <Value>

Specifies the E-TFCI threshold beyond which boosting of E-DPCCH is enabled.

Parameters:

<Value> Range: 0 to 127
*RST: 127
Additional ON / OFF enables or disables the E-DPCCH power boosting.

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS403

Manual operation: See "No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:DTTP <DeltaT2TP>

Sets the offset for traffic to total pilot power. The E-DPCCH power is highest for $\Delta T2TP$ value of 0 and lowest for value 6.

Parameters:

<DeltaT2TP>	Range: 0 to 6
	*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS403

Manual operation: See "No of Reference E-TFCIs, Reference E-TFCI" on page 209

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:HSUPa:EDPFormula <Formula>

Specifies the UE algorithm for the calculation of E-DPDCH power based on the signaled reference E-TFCIs.

Parameters:

<Formula>	EXTRapolation INTerpolation
	*RST: EXTR

Example: See [Configuring Physical Channel UL Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[E-DPDCH Power Formula](#)" on page 210

2.6.9 Connection Configuration

The commands in this section select a connection type and define parameters for the supported connection types.

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● Voice Connection Settings	481
● Video Connection Settings	483
● SRB Connection Settings	484
● Test Mode Connection Settings	484
● Packet Data Settings	490

2.6.9.1 Miscellaneous Settings

The following commands define settings at the highest level of the "Connection Configuration" section in the GUI.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:UETerminate.....	480
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:SRBData.....	480
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:CID.....	480

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:UETerminate <Type>

Selects the connection type to be used for UE terminating connections initiated by the instrument.

Parameters:

<Type> VOICe | VIDeo | SRB | TEST
*RST: TEST

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.1.20: *RST = RMC
V3.0.20: RMC substituted by TEST (RMC still supported as alias)

Manual operation: See "UE term. Connection" on page 211

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:SRBData <Downlink>, <Uplink>

Selects the SRB data rate for downlink and uplink.

Parameters:

<Downlink> R1K7 | R2K5 | R3K4 | R13K6
In kbit/s: 1.7, 2.5, 3.4, 13.6
*RST: R13K6

<Uplink> R1K7 | R2K5 | R3K4 | R13K6
In kbit/s: 1.7, 2.5, 3.4, 13.6
*RST: R13K6

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "SRB Data Rate" on page 211

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:CID <CallerID>

Sets the calling party number of the R&S CMW to be displayed at the UE. Allowed characters are 0 to 9, *, #, a, b, c.

Parameters:

<CallerID> 1 to 20-digit ID
*RST: 764.332637249279E+12

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Caller ID](#)" on page 212

2.6.9.2 Voice Connection Settings

The following commands configure voice connections.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:SOURce.....	481
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:DELay:LOOPback.....	481
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:DTX.....	481
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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:AMR:NARRow.....	482
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:AMR:WIDE.....	482
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:TFCI.....	483

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:SOURce <Source>

Selects the voice connection path.

Parameters:

<Source> LOOPback | SPEech

LOOPback: voice stream looped back in the R&S CMW

SPEech: connection to the speech codec board

*RST: LOOP

Example: See [Setting Up an Audio CS Connection](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Data Source](#)" on page 212

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:DELay:LOOPback <Delay>

Defines the time that the R&S CMW waits before it loops back the received data in the loopback voice connection.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: 0 s to 10 s
 *RST: 0 s

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Delay](#)" on page 213

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:DTX <SpeechDtxDL>

Enables/disables speech DTX indication in downlink.

Parameters:

<SpeechDtxDL> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Setting Up an Audio CS Connection](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Manual operation: See "[Speech DTX DL Enable](#)" on page 213

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:CODec <Codec>

Selects the AMR voice codec type to be used: narrowband or wideband.

Parameters:

<Codec> NB | WB

NB: narrowband

WB: wideband

*RST: NB

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Codec](#)" on page 213

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:AMR:NARRow <Rate>

Selects the mode of the NB AMR codec. The basic modes support one fixed bit-rate. Mode M supports several bit-rates.

Parameters:

<Rate> A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | M

A: 12.2 kbps

B: 10.2 kbps

C: 7.95 kbps

D: 7.4 kbps

E: 6.7 kbps

F: 5.9 kbps

G: 5.15 kbps

H: 4.75 kbps

M: A + C + F + H

*RST: A

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[NB AMR](#)" on page 213

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:AMR:WIDE <Rate>

Selects the mode of the WB AMR codec. The basic modes support one fixed bit-rate. Mode M supports several bit-rates.

Parameters:

<Rate> A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | M | M1 | M2
A: 23.85 kbps
B: 23.05 kbps
C: 19.85 kbps
D: 18.25 kbps
E: 15.85 kbps
F: 14.25 kbps
G: 12.65 kbps
H: 8.85 kbps
I: 6.60 kbps
M: G + H + I
M1: E + G + H + I
M2: A + G + H + I
*RST: I

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.5.40: added M1, M2

Manual operation: See "[WB AMR](#)" on page 213

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VOICe:TFCI <Enable>

Enables/disables the downlink signaling of TFCI for voice connections.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[TFCI Existence](#)" on page 214

2.6.9.3 Video Connection Settings

The following command is related to video connections.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:VIDeo:DRAte?

Queries the data rate for video calls.

Return values:

<Rate> R64K
R64K: 64 kbps

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Data Rate](#)" on page 214

2.6.9.4 SRB Connection Settings

The following command configures "SRB only" connections.

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:SRBSingle:TYPE <Type>

Selects the radio resource control state to which the UE is commanded when an "SRB only" connection is set up.

Parameters:

<Type>	CDCH CFACCh
	CDCH: CELL_DCH
	CFACCh: CELL_FACH
*RST:	CDCH

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Type](#)" on page 214

2.6.9.5 Test Mode Connection Settings

The following commands configure RMC and HSPA test mode connections.

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:TYPE.....	484
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CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:HSPA:USDU.....	490

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:TYPE <Type>

Selects the test mode connection type.

Parameters:

<Type> RMC | HSPA | RHSPA | FACH | BTFD
RMC: RMC in CS or PS domain
HSPA: HSPA in PS domain
RHSPA: RMC plus HSPA
FACH: test using CELL_FACH state in CS domain
BTFD: test using blind transport format detection
***RST**: RMC

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.10: added "FACH"
V3.5.30: added "BTFD"

Options: R&S CMW-KS401 for HSPA, RHSPA, BTFD

Manual operation: See "[Type](#)" on page 216

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:KTLReconfig <Enable>

Specifies whether the test loop is kept closed when the operating band or the carrier frequency is reconfigured during an established test mode connection with test loop.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
ON: keep test loop closed
OFF: open test loop, perform reconfiguration, close test loop
***RST**: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Keep Test Loop during Reconfiguration](#)" on page 216

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:RMC:DOMain <Domain>

Specifies the CS or PS domain for RMC connections in test mode.

Parameters:

<Domain> CS | PS
Circuit switched, packet switched
***RST**: CS

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Domain](#)" on page 216

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:RMC:DRAte <Downlink>, <Uplink>

Selects the information bit rate of the downlink and uplink reference channel.

Parameters:

<Downlink> R12K2 | R64K | R144k | R384k

R12K2: 12.2 kbps

R64K: 64 kbps

R144k: 144 kbps

R384k: 384 kbps

*RST: R12K2

<Uplink> R12K2 | R64K | R144k | R384k | R768k

R12K2: 12.2 kbps

R64K: 64 kbps

R144k: 144 kbps

R384k: 384 kbps

R768k: 768 kbps

*RST: R12K2

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Data Rate](#)" on page 216

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:BTFD:TFORmat <DataRate>

Selects the downlink bit rate for BTFD RMCs.

Parameters:

<DataRate> R1K95 | R4K75 | R5K15 | R5K9 | R6K7 | R7K4 | R7K95 | R10K2 | R12K2

Data rate in kbit/s: 1.95, 4.75, 5.15, 5.9, 6.7, 7.4, 7.95, 10.2, 12.2

*RST: R12K2

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[BTFD DL DTCH Transport Format](#)" on page 217

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:RMC:TMODe <Type>

Selects the test mode that the UE enters after connecting to the UTRAN.

Parameters:

<Type> OFF | MODE1 | MODE2
OFF: no loop
MODE1: loop mode 1
MODE2: loop mode 2
***RST**: MODE2

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Test Mode](#)" on page 217

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:RMC:RLCMode <Mode>

Selects the RLC mode for RMC transmission with loop mode 1.

Parameters:

<Mode> TRANsparent | ACKNowledge
***RST**: TRAN

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Loop Mode 1 RLC](#)" on page 217

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:RMC:UCRC <Enable>

Enables or disables the uplink cyclic redundancy check (CRC) for loop mode 2. This setting is only relevant when an RMC with symmetric DL/UL data rate is used.

The setting is separate for normal signaling and reduce signaling mode. First enable or disable reduced signaling mode (see "[Cell Setup](#)" on page 157) and afterwards configure the "Loop Mode 2 Sym. UL CRC".

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
***RST**: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Loop Mode 2 Sym. UL CRC](#)" on page 217

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:RMC:DLRessources <FilledBlocks>

Selects the percentage of DL RMC transport blocks that are filled with information bits.

The percentages are rounded, indicated in one-tenth of a percent and correspond to values 1/N, indicating that out of N transport blocks, only one is fully filled with data. (N – 1) blocks are empty.

Example: P0125 = 125 % = 0.125 = 1/8. Each 8th block is filled.

Parameters:

<FilledBlocks>	P0031 P0033 P0036 P0038 P0042 P0045 P0050 P0056 P0062 P0071 P0083 P0100 P0125 P0167 P0250 P0500 P1000 P0031: 1/32 P0033: 1/30 P0036: 1/28 P0038: 1/26 P0042: 1/24 P0045: 1/22 P0050: 1/20 P0056: 1/18 P0062: 1/16 P0071: 1/14 P0083: 1/12 P0100: 1/10 P0125: 1/8 P0167: 1/6 P0250: 1/4 P0500: 1/2 P1000: all blocks filled
	*RST: P1000

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[DL Resource in Use](#)" on page 218

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CONNection:TMODe:RMC:DATA <Pattern>

Selects the bit pattern transmitted as user information on the DTCH.

Besides "All 0", "All 1" and "Alternating 0101...", pseudo-random bit sequences of variable length are available.

Parameters:

<Pattern>	ALL0 ALL1 ALTerminating PRBS9 PRBS11 PRBS13 PRBS15
	*RST: PRBS9

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Data Pattern](#)" on page 218

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:HSPA:PROCedure
<Procedure>**

Selects whether an HSPA test mode connection is set up automatically when a test mode connection is established, or can be set up manually later on.

Parameters:

<Procedure> CSPS | CSOPs

CSPS: Establish both an RMC connection in the CS domain and an HSPA test mode connection in the PS domain.

CSOPs: Establish only an RMC connection in the CS domain. You can trigger an HSPA connection setup manually later on if desired.

*RST: CSPS

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Test Mode Procedure](#)" on page 218

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:HSPA:DIRECTION <Direction>

Selects the HSPA test mode direction.

Parameters:

<Direction> HSDPa | HSPA

HSDPa: HSDPA only

HSPA: HSDPA + HSUPA

*RST: HSDP

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Direction](#)" on page 219

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:HSPA:DATA <Pattern>

Selects the bit pattern to be transmitted as user information on the HS-DSCH.

Besides "All 0", "All 1" and "Alternating 0101...", pseudo-random bit sequences of variable length are available.

Parameters:

<Pattern> ALL0 | ALL1 | ALternating | PRBS9 | PRBS11 | PRBS13 | PRBS15

*RST: PRBS9

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Data Pattern](#)" on page 219

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:HSPA:EINSertion <ErrorInsertion>

Configures the rate of HS-DSCH data to be sent with an incorrect CRC value.

Parameters:

<ErrorInsertion> Range: 10 % to 90 %
*RST: 10 %
Default unit: %
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the error insertion | enables the error insertion using the previous value)

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Error Insertion](#)" on page 219

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:HSPA:USDU <Size>

Specifies the HSUPA UL RLC SDU size as an integer multiple of the HSDPA DL RLC SDU size of 2936 bits.

Beside the value of 72 bits, the command accepts a continuous range of values, but sets the nearest multiple of 2936:

72 | 2936 | 5872 | 8808 | 11744 | 14680 | 17616 | 20552 | 23488 | 26424 | 29360

Parameters:

<Size> Range: 72 bits, 2936 bits to 29360 bits
*RST: 8808
Default unit: bit

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.80: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA UL RLC SDU Size](#)" on page 219

2.6.9.6 Packet Data Settings

The commands in this section configure parameters for end to end data connections, involving the data application unit (DAU).

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CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:DState.....	494
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:CPCH:TImer.....	494
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:TImer.....	494
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:UPCH:TImer.....	494
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:ENABLE.....	495
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:PROFiles.....	495

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:DRAte <Downlink>, <Uplink>

Specifies data rates for end to end data connections in downlink and uplink direction.

Parameters:

<Downlink> R8 | R16 | R32 | R64 | R128 | R384 | HSDPa

R8 to R384: 8 kbps to 384 kbps

HSDPa: HSDPA connection

*RST: R384

<Uplink> R8 | R16 | R32 | R64 | R128 | R384 | HSUPa

R8 to R384: 8 kbps to 384 kbps

HSUPa: HSUPA connection

*RST: R384

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401 for HSDPa and HSUPa

Manual operation: See "[Data Rate](#)" on page 220

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:HSDPa:RWIndow <Mode>[,
<ReceivingWindow>]**

Specifies the size of the receiver window in the UE.

Parameters:

<Mode> AUTO | MANual

Automatic calculation | manual configuration of the window size

*RST: AUTO

<ReceivingWindow> Manually configured window size applicable to <Mode> = MANUAL
 The value is rounded to the nearest of the following values:
 1 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | 768 | 1024 | 1536 | 2047 |
 2560 | 3072 | 3584 | 4095
 Range: 1 to 4095
 *RST: 2047

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Receiving Window Size" on page 220

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:HSDPa:TImer <Mode>[,<T1ReleaseTimer>]

Specifies the timeout value of the reordering release timer T1.

Parameters:

<Mode>	AUTO MANual Automatic calculation manual configuration of the timeout value *RST: AUTO
<T1ReleaseTimer>	Manually configured value applicable to <Mode> = MANUAL The value is rounded to the nearest of the following values in s: 0.01 0.02 0.03 ... 0.1 0.12 0.14 0.16 0.2 0.3 0.4 Range: 0.01 s to 0.4 s *RST: 0.05 s Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "T1 Release Timer" on page 221

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACtivity:DCH:NETWork:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables the network-initiated automatic RRC state transitions of the UE for the originating states CELL_DCH, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH and URA_PCH.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
-----------------------	-----------------------

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Enable \(Network\)](#)" on page 221

**CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACtivity:DCH:NETWork:
TImer <InactivityTime>**

Sets the timeout value for network-initiated automatic RRC state transition for originating state CELL_DCH.

Parameters:

<InactivityTime> Range: 1 s to 120 s
 *RST: 10 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40
V3.5.50: range reduced

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Inactivity Timer](#)" on page 221

**CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACtivity:DCH:
UEFDormancy:ENABLE <Enable>**

Enables or disables the UE-initiated UE fast dormancy for the UE RRC state CELL_DCH.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Options: V3.5.40
R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UE Fast Dormancy](#)" on page 222

**CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACtivity:DCH:
UEFDormancy:TImer <T323>**

Sets the T323 timeout value for UE fast dormancy.

Parameters:

<T323> Range: 0 s to 120 s
 *RST: 10 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UE Fast Dormancy](#)" on page 222

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:NETWork:

DSTate <DestState>

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:DCH:

UEFDormancy:DSTate <DestState>

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:DSTate

<DestState>

Specifies the destination state of the UE for automatic RRC transitions.

The origination RRC state is indicated in the remote command name as follows:

- ...:DCH:NETWork:... for state CELL_DCH (network-initiated RRC transition)
- ...:DCH:UEFDormancy:... for state CELL_DCH (UE-initiated RRC transition)
- ...:FACH:... for state CELL_FACH

Parameters:

<DestState> IDLE | FACH | CPCH | UPCH

Idle, CELL_FACH, CELL_PCH, URA_PCH

*RST: IDLE

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Options: V3.5.40

R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Destination State \(Network\)](#)" on page 221

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:CPCH:TImer

<InactivityTime>

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:FACH:TImer

<InactivityTime>

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:INACTivity:UPCH:TImer

<InactivityTime>

Sets the timeout value for network-initiated automatic RRC state transition

The origination RRC state is indicated in the remote command name as follows:

- ...:CPCH:... for origination state CELL_PCH
- ...:FACH:... for origination state CELL_FACH
- ...:UPCH:... for origination state URA_PCH

Parameters:

<InactivityTime> Range: 1 s to 120 s

*RST: 5 s

Example: See [Configuring Connection Types](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

V3.5.50: range reduced

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Inactivity Timer](#)" on page 221

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables robust header compression for PS connections.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Enable Header Compression](#)" on page 223

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:PACKet:ROHC:PROFILES

<Profiles0x001>[, <Profiles0x002>, <Profiles0x004>]

Defines which profiles are allowed to be used by the UE in uplink.

Parameters:

<Profiles0x001> OFF | ON

IP/UDP/RTP

*RST: OFF

<Profiles0x002> OFF | ON

IP/UDP

*RST: OFF

<Profiles0x004> OFF | ON

IP

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Setting Up an HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Profile ...](#)" on page 223

2.6.10 Network Settings

The commands in this section configure parameters of the simulated radio network.

● General Network Settings	496
● Network Identity Settings	497
● Security Settings	500
● UE Identity	502
● Requested UE Data	503
● Cell Reselection Settings	504

● Timer and Constants.....	506
● Reject Causes.....	509
● Neighbor Cell Settings.....	514
● Time Settings.....	519
● Synchronization Settings.....	522

2.6.10.1 General Network Settings

The following commands define general cell properties.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MRVersion.....	496
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE.....	496
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:PSDomain.....	497

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MRVersion <MaxRelVersion>

Specifies the maximum release version as a cell limitation. Automatic setting respects the installed R&S CMW options and the UE capabilities.

Parameters:

<MaxRelVersion> AUTO | R99 | R5 | R6 | R7 | R8 | R9 | R10 | R11
*RST: AUTO

Example: See [Specifying General Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K410

Manual operation: See "Maximum Release Version" on page 167

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE <Code>

Specifies index i for calculation of the primary scrambling code number by multiplication with 16.

For details, see [Chapter 2.2.11.3, "Scrambling Codes", on page 45](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Code> Range: #H0 to #H1FF
*RST: carrier 1: #H0, carrier 2: #H1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "Primary Scrambling Code" on page 224

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:PSDomain <Enable>

Enables or disables the support of packet switched connections by the emulated UTRAN cell.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON *RST: ON
----------	---------------------------

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Packet Switched Domain" on page 225

2.6.10.2 Network Identity Settings

The following commands configure identities of the simulated radio network.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MCC.....	497
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC.....	497
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC:DIGITS.....	498
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:NTOperation.....	498
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:LAC.....	498
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RAC.....	499
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:URA.....	499
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RNC.....	499
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDENTity.....	499
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDNode.....	500
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:BINDicator.....	500

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MCC <Value>

Specifies the three-digit mobile country code (MCC). Leading zeros can be omitted.

Parameters:

<Value>	Range: 0 to 999 *RST: 1
---------	--------------------------------------

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "MCC" on page 225

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC <Value>[, <NrOfDigits>]

Specifies the mobile network code (MNC). A two or three-digit MNC can be set. Leading zeros can be omitted.

Parameters:

<Value>	Range: 0 to 99 or 999 depending on <NrOfDigits> *RST: 1
---------	--

<NrOfDigits> D2 | D3
D2: two-digit MNC
D3: three-digit MNC
*RST: D2

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "MNC" on page 225

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:MNC:DIGItS <NoDigits>

Specifies the size of mobile network code (MNC). A two or three-digit MNC can be selected.

Parameters:

<NoDigits> D2 | D3
D2: two-digit MNC
D3: three-digit MNC
*RST: D2

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "MNC" on page 225

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:NTOPeration <Mode>

Selects the network operation mode indicating whether a Gs interface is present in the network (mode I) or not (mode II).

Parameters:

<Mode> M1 | M2
M1: mode I, Gs interface present
M2: mode II, Gs interface not present
*RST: M1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.5.31: no option required

Manual operation: See "Network Mode Operation" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:LAC <Value>

Specifies the location area code for CS services.

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #H1 to #HFFFFD
*RST: #H1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.5.40: changed range

Manual operation: See "[Location Area Code](#)" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RAC <Value>

Specifies the routing area code for PS services (8-digit binary number).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #B0 to #B1111111
*RST: #B0

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Routing Area Code](#)" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:URA <Value>

Specifies the UTRAN registration area (URA) identity (16-digit binary number).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #B0 to #B11111111111111
*RST: #B1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0: Query only
V2.1.20: Setting supported

Manual operation: See "[URA Identity](#)" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RNC <Value>

Specifies the radio network controller (RNC) identity (12-digit binary number).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #B0 to #B1111111111
*RST: #B1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[RNC Identity](#)" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDENTity <Value>

Specifies the cell identity (28-digit binary number).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #B0 to #B11111111111111111111111111
 *RST: #B1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Cell Identity" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:IDNode <Value>

Specifies the NodeB identity (16-digit binary number).

Parameters:

<Value> Range: #B0 to #B11111111111111
 *RST: #B1

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.5.31: no option required

Manual operation: See "NodeB Identity" on page 226

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:BINDicator <Enable>

Specifies whether the band indicator has to be broadcast as part of the system information or not.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

ON: broadcast band indicator

OFF: do not broadcast band indicator

*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "Band Indicator" on page 226

2.6.10.3 Security Settings

The following commands configure parameters related to the authentication procedure and other security procedures.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:AUTHenticat.....	501
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:ENABLE.....	501
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:SKEY.....	501
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:CIPHering.....	501
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:OPC.....	502
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:SIMCard.....	502

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN< i >:CELL:SECurity:AUTHenticat <Enable>

Enables or disables authentication, to be performed during registration.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST· ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Authentication" on page 227

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables the security mode during authentication. With enabled security mode, the UE performs an integrity check.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*BST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Security" on page 227

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN*<i>*:CELL:SECURITY:SKEY <SecretKey>

Defines the secret key K as 32-digit hexadecimal number. Leading zeros can be omitted.

K is used for the authentication procedure including a possible integrity check.

Parameters:

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Secret Key" on page 227

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:CIPHering <Cipher>

Specifies ciphering to be used for a radio bearer.

Parameters:

<Cipher> UEA0 | UEA1 | UEA2

UEA0: no ciphering

UEA1: algorithm 1 (KASUMI)

UEA2: algorithm 2 (SNOW 3G)

*RST: UEA0

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS425

Manual operation: See "[Ciphering](#)" on page 227

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:OPC <OPC>

Specifies the key OP_c as 32-digit hexadecimal number.

Parameters:

<OPC> Range: #H00000000000000000000000000000000 to
#HFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF
*RST: #H00000000000000000000000000000000

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[OPc](#)" on page 228

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SECurity:SIMCard <SIMcardType>

Selects the type of the SIM card used for registration.

Parameters:

<SIMcardType> C3G | C2G | MILenage
C3G: 3G USIM
C2G: 2G SIM
MILenage: USIM with MILENAGE algorithm set
*RST: C3G

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[SIM Card Type](#)" on page 228

2.6.10.4 UE Identity

The following commands configure the default IMSI.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:USE	503
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:IMSI	503

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:USE <Enable>

Specifies whether the default IMSI is used. The default IMSI is defined via [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:IMSI](#).

You can only enable the default IMSI but not disable it. Instead it is disabled automatically when registration is performed with a different IMSI.

Parameters:

<Enable> ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V2.0.10: value OFF removed

Manual operation: See "[In Use](#)" on page 228

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:UEIDentity:IMSI <Value>

Specifies the default IMSI that the instrument can use before the UE is registered.

Parameters:

<Value> String value, containing 15 digits.
 *RST: '001010123456063'

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Default IMSI](#)" on page 229

2.6.10.5 Requested UE Data

The parameters in this section specify which information has to be requested from the UE and whether registration has to be performed or not.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:ADETach	503
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:IMEI	504
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:RCUR	504

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:ADETach <Enable>

Enables or disables the CS registration and PS attach procedure.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Attach/Detach](#)" on page 229

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:IMEI <Enable>

Enables or disables the request of the IMEI from the UE.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "IMEI Request" on page 229

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:REQuest:RCUR <Enable>

Enables or disables the request of the radio capability update from the UE.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Radio Capability Update Requirement" on page 230

2.6.10.6 Cell Reselection Settings

The following commands define cell reselection information to be broadcasted to the UE.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:SEARch.....	504
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity.....	505
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:TIME.....	506

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:SEARch <Sintrasearch>, <Sintersearch>, <Ssearchrat>

Defines the thresholds $S_{\text{intrasearch}}$, $S_{\text{intersearch}}$ and $S_{\text{search}}_{\text{RAT m = GSM}}$ required for cell reselection. They are transmitted to the UE in the system information.

Parameters:

<Sintrasearch>	Range: -32 dB to 20 dB Increment: 2 dB *RST: -32 dB Default unit: dB
<Sintersearch>	Range: -32 dB to 20 dB Increment: 2 dB *RST: -32 dB Default unit: dB

<Ssearchrat> Range: -32 dB to 20 dB
 Increment: 2 dB
 *RST: -32 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "S intrasearch" on page 230

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:QUALity <Qqualmin>, <Qrxlevmin>[, <QrxlevminEUTRA>[, <Qhyst1s>[, <Qhyst2s>]]]

Defines the power levels required for cell reselection. They are transmitted to the UE in the system information.

Parameters:

<Qqualmin> Minimum required quality level in the reselection target cell.
 Range: -24 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -24 dB
 Default unit: dB

<Qrxlevmin> Minimum RX level at a UE antenna required for reselection to the UMTS cell
 Range: -115 dBm to -25 dBm
 *RST: -115 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

<QrxlevminEUTRA> Minimum RX level at a UE antenna required for access to the LTE cell
 Range: -140 dBm to -44 dBm
 Increment: 2 dB
 *RST: -140 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

<Qhyst1s> Hysteresis used for GSM, TDD and for FDD cells in case the quality measure for reselection is set to CPICH RSCP
 Range: 0 dB to 40 dB
 Increment: 2 dB
 *RST: 4 dB
 Default unit: dB

<Qhyst2s> Hysteresis used for FDD cells if the quality measure for reselection is set to CPICH Ec/No
 Range: 0 dB to 40 dB
 Increment: 2 dB
 *RST: 4 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
 V3.2.70: added <QrxlevminEUTRA>
 V3.2.80: added <Qhyst1s>, <Qhyst2s>

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Q qualmin](#)" on page 231

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RESelection:TIME <Treselections>

Sets the time hysteresis for the cell reselection algorithm.

Parameters:

<Treselections> Range: 0 s to 31 s
 *RST: 2 s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[T reselection](#)" on page 231

2.6.10.7 Timer and Constants

The commands in this section configure timer and constants.

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3212.....	506
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3312.....	506
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:OSYNch.....	507
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PREPetitions.....	507
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PPIF.....	507
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:ATOFFset.....	508
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:MOC.....	508
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:N313.....	508
CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T313.....	509

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3212 <Value>**CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T3312 <Value>**

Set the timeout value for timer T3212 and T3312.

Parameters:

<Value> Range: 0 to 255
 *RST: 0
 Default unit: 6 minutes for T3212, 2 seconds for T3312

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[TimeOut of T3212/T3312](#)" on page 232

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:OSYNch <Value>

Sets the out-of-synchronization timeout value.

This value specifies the time after which the instrument, having waited for a signal from the connected UE, releases the connection and returns to state registered.

Parameters:

<Value> Range: 2 s to 25 s
 *RST: 4 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[TimeOut of OutOfSynch](#)" on page 232

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PREPetitions <Repetitions>

Specifies the number of paging procedures to be performed if the UE does not answer paging.

Parameters:

<Repetitions> Range: 0 to 65535
 *RST: 3

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Paging Repetitions](#)" on page 233

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:PPIF <Indications>

Number of paging indicators that the R&S CMW transmits in each PICH frame.

Parameters:

<Indications> 18 | 36 | 72 | 144
 *RST: 18

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Paging Indications per Frame](#)" on page 233

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:ATOOffset <Offset>

Specifies a delay value, used by the RRC for calculation of the activation time in peer messages.

Low values correspond to fast signaling, high values to slow signaling.

Parameters:

<Offset> Range: 0 to 10
*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Manual operation: See "Activation Time Offset" on page 233

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:MOC <Timeout>

Defines the time period of R&S CMW alerting state.

Parameters:

<Timeout> 0: the alerting state is skipped
1 to 255: time period the R&S CMW waits before changes to "Call Established" state
Range: 0 to 255
*RST: 0
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Manual operation: See "MOC Alerting Timeout" on page 233

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:N313 <Value>

Sets a maximum value for counter N313.

The UE counts successive "out of sync" indications received from layer 1. When the maximum value is reached, the UE considers a "radio link failure" condition and a connection release.

Parameters:

<Value> N1 | N2 | N4 | N10 | N20 | N50 | N100 | N200
Maximum counter value prefixed by N.
*RST: N20

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "N313" on page 234

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TOUT:T313 <Value>

Sets the timeout value for timer T313.

Parameters:

<Value>	Range: 0 s to 15 s
	*RST: 3 s
	Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[T313 Timeout](#)" on page 234

2.6.10.8 Reject Causes

The commands in this section configure the rejection of location update requests and attach requests received from the UE.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:LOCation.....	509
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:ATTach.....	510
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:RRCRequest.....	512
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:ROUTing.....	512

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:LOCation <CauseNumber>

Enables or disables the rejection of location update requests and selects the rejection cause to be transmitted.

Parameters:

<CauseNumber> C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C11 | C12 | C13 | C15 | C17 | C20 |
 C21 | C22 | C23 | C25 | C32 | C33 | C34 | C38 | C48 | C95 |
 C96 | C97 | C98 | C99 | C100 | C101 | C111 | ON | OFF
C2: IMSI unknown in HLR
C3: Illegal mobile subscriber
C4: IMSI unknown in VLR
C5: IMEI not accepted
C6: Illegal mobile equipment
C11: PLMN not allowed
C12: Location area not allowed
C13: Roaming not allowed in location area
C15: No suitable cells in location area
C17: Network failure
C20: MAC failure
C21: Synch failure
C22: Congestion
C23: GSM authentication unacceptable
C25: Not authorized for this CSG
C32: Service option not supported
C33: Requested service option not subscribed
C34: Service option temporarily out of order
C38: Call cannot be identified
C48: retry upon entry into a new cell
C95: Semantically incorrect message
C96: Invalid mandatory information
C97: Message type non-existent or not implemented
C98: Message type not compatible with protocol state
C99: Information element non-existent or not implemented
C100: Conditional information element error
C101: Message not compatible with protocol state
C111: Protocol error, unspecified
 Additional OFF | ON disables | enables the rejection of requests
 *RST: C11, OFF

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.2.80: added C4, C5, C17, C20, C21, C22, C23, C25, C32, C33, C34, C38, C48, C95, C97, C98, C101

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Location Update Reject Cause](#)" on page 235

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCause:ATTach <CauseNumber>

Enables or disables the rejection of attach requests and selects the rejection cause to be transmitted.

Parameters:

<CauseNumber> C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C7 | C8 | C9 | C10 | C11 | C12 | C13 |
C14 | C15 | C16 | C17 | C20 | C21 | C22 | C23 | C25 | C28 |
C32 | C33 | C34 | C38 | C40 | C48 | C95 | C96 | C97 | C98 |
C99 | C100 | C101 | C111 | ON | OFF
C2: IMSI unknown in HLR
C3: Illegal mobile subscriber
C4: IMSI unknown in VLR
C5: IMEI not accepted
C6: Illegal mobile equipment
C7: GPRS services not allowed
C8: GPRS services and non-GPRS services not allowed
C9: MS identity cannot be derived by the network
C10: Implicitly detached
C11: PLMN not allowed
C12: Location area not allowed
C13: Roaming not allowed in location area
C14: GPRS services not allowed in this PLMN
C15: No suitable cells in location area
C16: MSC temporarily not reachable
C17: Network failure
C20: MAC failure
C21: Synch failure
C22: Congestion
C23: GSM authentication unacceptable
C25: Not authorized for this CSG
C28: SMS provided via GPRS in this routing area
C32: Service option not supported
C33: Requested service option not subscribed
C34: Service option temporarily out of order
C38: Call cannot be identified
C40: No PDP context activated
C48: retry upon entry into a new cell
C95: Semantically incorrect message
C96: Invalid mandatory information
C97: Message type non-existent or not implemented
C98: Message type not compatible with protocol state
C99: Information element non-existent or not implemented
C100: Conditional information element error
C101: Message not compatible with protocol state
C111: Protocol error, unspecified
Additional OFF | ON disables | enables the rejection of requests
*RST: C11, OFF

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.80: added C7, C8, C9, C10, C14, C16, C25, C28, C40, C48

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Gmm Attach Reject Cause](#)" on page 235

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:RRCRequest <RejectCause>

Enables or disables the rejection of RRC connection requests and selects the rejection cause to be transmitted.

Parameters:

<RejectCause> CSCongestion | CSUNspecific | PSCongestion | PSUNspecific |
ON | OFF
CS/PS congestion, CS/PS unspecific reason
*RST: CSC
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the rejection of requests)

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[RRC Connection Request](#)" on page 234

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:RCAuse:ROUTing <CauseNumber>

Enables or disables the rejection of routing area update requests and selects the rejection cause to be transmitted.

Parameters:

<CauseNumber> C2 | C3 | C4 | C5 | C6 | C7 | C8 | C9 | C10 | C11 | C12 | C13 |
C14 | C15 | C16 | C17 | C20 | C21 | C22 | C23 | C25 | C28 |
C32 | C33 | C34 | C38 | C40 | C48 | C95 | C96 | C97 | C98 |
C99 | C100 | C101 | C111 | ON | OFF
C2: IMSI unknown in HLR
C3: Illegal mobile subscriber
C4: IMSI unknown in VLR
C5: IMEI not accepted
C6: Illegal mobile equipment
C7: GPRS services not allowed
C8: GPRS services and non-GPRS services not allowed
C9: MS identity cannot be derived by the network
C10: Implicitly detached
C11: PLMN not allowed
C12: Location area not allowed
C13: Roaming not allowed in location area
C14: GPRS services not allowed in this PLMN
C15: No suitable cells in location area
C16: MSC temporarily not reachable
C17: Network failure
C20: MAC failure
C21: Synch failure
C22: Congestion
C23: GSM authentication unacceptable
C25: Not authorized for this CSG
C28: SMS provided via GPRS in this routing area
C32: Service option not supported
C33: Requested service option not subscribed
C34: Service option temporarily out of order
C38: Call cannot be identified
C40: No PDP context activated
C48: Retry upon entry into a new cell
C95: Semantically incorrect message
C96: Invalid mandatory information
C97: Message type non-existent or not implemented
C98: Message type not compatible with protocol state
C99: Information element non-existent or not implemented
C100: Conditional information element error
C101: Message not compatible with protocol state
C111: Protocol error, unspecified
*RST: C11, OFF
Additional parameters OFF (ON) disables (enables) the rejection of requests.

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Gmm Routing Area Update Reject Cause" on page 235

2.6.10.9 Neighbor Cell Settings

The following commands define neighbor cell information to be broadcasted to the UE.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:LTE:THresholds:HIGH.....	514
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:WCDMa:CELL<n>.....	514
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:GSM:CELL<n>.....	515
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:LTE:CELL<n>.....	516

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:LTE:THresholds:HIGH <High>

Configures the reselection threshold value "threshXhigh" for LTE neighbor cells.

Parameters:

<High>	Range: 0 to 31
	*RST: 5

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Threshold" on page 236

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:WCDMa:CELL<n> <Enable>, <Band>, <Channel>, <ScramblingCode>[, <Measurement>]

Configures an entry of the neighbor cell list for WCDMA.

For channel number ranges depending on operating bands see [Chapter 2.2.13, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 58.

Suffix:

<n>	1..16
	Selects the WCDMA neighbor cell

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Enables or disables the entry
*RST:	OFF

<Band>	OB1 ... OB14 OB19 ... OB22 OB25 OB26 OBS1 ... OBS3 OBL1 OB1, ..., OB14: operating band I to XIV OB19, ..., OB22: operating band XIX to XXII OB25, OB26: operating band XXV, XXVI OB32: operating band XXXII (restricted to dual band scenarios) OBS1: operating band S OBS2: operating band S 170 MHz OBS3: operating band S 190 MHz OBL1: operating band L *RST: OB1
<Channel>	Downlink channel number Range: depends on operating band *RST: 10562
<ScramblingCode>	Primary scrambling code Range: #H0 to #H1FF *RST: #H0
<Measurement>	OFF ON Enables or disables the UE measurement *RST: OFF
Example:	See Configuring Network Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20 V3.2.60: added <Measurement> V3.5.20: band range extended (OB19 and OB22 added) V3.5.30: band range extended (OBSx and OBL1 added)
Manual operation:	See " WCDMA FDD " on page 236

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELI:GSM:CELL<n> <Enable>, <Band>,
<Channel>[, <Measurement>[, <BSIC>]]

Configures an entry of the neighbor cell list for GSM.

Suffix:

<n> 1..16
Selects the GSM neighbor cell

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Enables or disables the entry *RST: OFF
<Band>	G04 G085 G09 G18 G19 GSM 400, GSM 850, GSM 900, GSM 1800, GSM 1900 *RST: G09

<Channel>	Channel number used for the broadcast control channel (BCCH) Range: 0 to 1023, depending on GSM band, see table below *RST: 20
<Measurement>	OFF ON Enables or disables the UE measurement *RST: OFF
<BSIC>	Base station identity code Range: 0 to 63 *RST: 0
Example:	See Configuring Network Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20 V3.2.60: added <Measurement>, removed band GT081 V3.5.40: added BSIC
Manual operation:	See " GSM " on page 236

Table 2-46: Channel number ranges depending on GSM band

Band	Channel number
G04	259 to 340
G085	128 to 251
G09	0 to 124, 940 to 1023
G18	512 to 885
G19	512 to 810

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:NCELLI:LTE:CELL<n> <Enable>, <Band>, <Channel>[,<Measurement>]

Configures an entry of the neighbor cell list for LTE.

Suffix:

<n> 1..8
Selects the LTE neighbor cell

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
Enables or disables the entry
*RST: OFF

<Band>	OB1 OB2 OB3 OB4 OB5 OB6 OB7 OB8 OB9 OB10 OB11 OB12 OB13 OB14 OB15 OB16 OB17 OB18 OB19 OB20 OB21 OB22 OB23 OB24 OB25 OB26 OB27 OB28 OB29 OB30 OB31 OB32 OB33 OB34 OB35 OB36 OB37 OB38 OB39 OB40 OB41 OB42 OB43 OB44 OB45 OB46 OB65 OB66 OB67 OB252 OB255 Operating band 1 to 46, 65 to 67, 252, 255 *RST: not documented
<Channel>	Downlink channel number Range: depends on operating band, see tables below *RST: 300
<Measurement>	OFF ON Enables or disables the UE measurement *RST: OFF
Example:	See Configuring Network Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20 V3.2.60: added <Measurement>, removed band "UDEFined" V3.5.30: added <Band> OB44 V3.5.50: added bands OB44, OB45, OB46, OB65, OB66, OB67, OB252, OB255
Manual operation:	See " LTE " on page 236

Table 2-47: Channel number range depending on LTE FDD band

FDD band	Channel no. N_{DL}
1	0 to 599
2	600 to 1199
3	1200 to 1949
4	1950 to 2399
5	2400 to 2649
6	2650 to 2749
7	2750 to 3449
8	3450 to 3799
9	3800 to 4149
10	4150 to 4749
11	4750 to 4949
12	5010 to 5179
13	5180 to 5279
14	5280 to 5379

FDD band	Channel no. N_{DL}
15	5380 to 5579
16	5580 to 5729
17	5730 to 5849
18	5850 to 5999
19	6000 to 6149
20	6150 to 6449
21	6450 to 6599
22	6600 to 7499
23	7500 to 7699
24	7700 to 8039
25	8040 to 8689
26	8690 to 9039
27	9040 to 9209
28	9210 to 9659
29	9660 to 9769
30	9770 to 9869
31	9870 to 9919
32	9920 to 10359
65	65536 to 66435
66	66436 to 67135 67136 to 67335
67	67336 to 67535
252	255242 to 256046
255	261092 to 261896

Table 2-48: Channel number range depending on LTE TDD band

TDD band	Channel no. N
33	36000 to 36199
34	36200 to 36349
35	36350 to 36949
36	36950 to 37549
37	37550 to 37749
38	37750 to 38249
39	38250 to 38649

TDD band	Channel no. N
40	38650 to 39649
41	39650 to 41589
42	41590 to 43589
43	43590 to 45589
44	45590 to 46589
45	46590 to 46789
46	46790 to 54539

2.6.10.10 Time Settings

The commands in this section configure and send date and time information to the UE.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSOURCE.....	519
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DATE.....	520
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TIME.....	520
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DSTIME.....	520
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:LTZOFFSET.....	521
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SNOW.....	521
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SREGISTER.....	521

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSOURCE <SourceTime>

Selects the date and time source.

The time source DATE is configured via the following commands:

- CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DATE
- CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TIME
- CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DSTIME

Parameters:

<SourceTime> CMWTime | DATE

CMWTime: Windows date and time

DATE: Date and time specified via remote commands

*RST: CMWT

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Time Source" on page 237

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DATE <Day>, <Month>, <Year>

Specifies the UTC date for the time source DATE (see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSOURCE](#) on page 519).

Parameters:

<Day>	Range: 1 to 31 *RST: 11
<Month>	Range: 1 to 12 *RST: 11
<Year>	Range: 2011 to 9999 *RST: 2011

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Date / Time \(UTC\)](#)" on page 237

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TIME <Hour>, <Minute>, <Second>

Specifies the UTC time for the time source DATE (see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSOURCE](#) on page 519).

Parameters:

<Hour>	Range: 0 to 23 *RST: 11
<Minute>	Range: 0 to 59 *RST: 11
<Second>	Range: 0 to 59 *RST: 0

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Date / Time \(UTC\)](#)" on page 237

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:DSTime <Enable>

Specifies a daylight saving time (DST) offset for the time source DATE (see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSOURCE](#) on page 519).

Parameters:

<Enable> P1H | P2H | ON | OFF
P1H: +1h offset
P2H: +2h offset
Additional OFF | ON disables | enables DST
*RST: OFF (P1H)

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Daylight Saving Time](#)" on page 237

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:LTZoffset <TimeZoneOffset>

Specifies the time zone offset for the time source DATE (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:TSource](#)).

Parameters:

<TimeZoneOffset> Range: -19.75 h to 19.75 h
Increment: 0.25 h
*RST: 0 h
Default unit: h

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Local Time Zone Offset](#)" on page 238

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SNOW

Triggers the transfer of the date and time information to the UE.

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Send Time](#)" on page 238

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:TIME:SREGister <Enable>

Specifies whether the date and time information is sent to the UE during the registration and attach procedure or not.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

ON: send date and time at registration/attach

OFF: do not send date and time at registration/attach

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending Date and Time Information to the UE](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Send Time](#)" on page 238

2.6.10.11 Synchronization Settings

The commands in this section configure the synchronization to other signaling applications.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:OFFSET	522
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:ZONE	522

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:OFFSET <Offset>

Configures the timing offset relative to the time zone.

Parameters:

<Offset> Range: -38399 chips / -99997E-5 s to 0 chips / 0 s
*RST: 0 s
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Synchronization Offset](#)" on page 238

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:SYNC:ZONE <Zone>

Selects the synchronization zone for the signaling application.

Parameters:

<Zone> NONE | Z1
NONE: no synchronization
Z1: synchronization to zone 1
*RST: NONE

Example: See [Configuring Network Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Synchronization Zone](#)" on page 238

2.6.11 HSDPA Settings

The commands in this section configure for example the transport channel HS-DSCH.

● Miscellaneous Settings.....	523
● Fixed Reference Channel Configuration.....	525
● CQI Test Channel Configuration.....	526
● User-Defined Channel Configuration.....	533

2.6.11.1 Miscellaneous Settings

The following commands correspond to the first part of the "HSDPA" section in the GUI.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FBCYcle.....	523
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RFACtor.....	523
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:ANRFactor.....	524
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:MANual.....	524
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:REPorted.....	524
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:TYPE.....	525

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FBCYcle <FeedbackCycle>

Specifies the time after which the UE sends a new CQI value on the HS-DPCCH (CQI feedback cycle).

The CQI transmission can also be disabled completely.

Parameters:

<FeedbackCycle>	Range: 2 ms to 160 ms *RST: 4 ms Default unit: s Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables CQI transmission)
-----------------	---

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor](#)" on page 240

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RFACtor <Factor>

Specifies how often the UE transmits the same CQI value per feedback cycle (CQI repetition factor).

Parameters:

<Factor>	Range: 1 to 4 *RST: 1
----------	--------------------------

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[CQI Feedback Cycle, CQI Repetition Factor](#)" on page 240

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:ANRFactor <Factor>

Specifies the number of transmissions of the same ACK/NACK (ACK/NACK repetition factor).

Parameters:

<Factor> Range: 1 to 4
*RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[ACK/NACK Repetition Factor](#)" on page 240

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:MANual <UECatManual>

Configures the UE category to be used by the R&S CMW if no reported value is available or usage of the reported value is disabled, see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:REPorted](#).

Parameters:

<UECatManual> Range: 1 to 24, 29 to 32
*RST: 12

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[UE Category](#)" on page 241

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:REPorted <UseReported>

Enable or disable usage of the UE category value reported by the UE.

When disabled, the UE category must be set manually, see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UECategory:MANual](#). The manually set value is also used if no reported value is available.

Parameters:

<UseReported> OFF | ON
*RST: ON

Return values:

<UECatReported> UE category reported by the UE (NAV indicates that none has been reported)

Range: 1 to 24

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "UE Category" on page 241

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPA:TYPE <ChannelType>

Selects the configuration type of the high-speed downlink shared channel (HS-DSCH).

Parameters:

<ChannelType> FIXed | CQI | UDEFined

FIXed: fixed reference channel

CQI: channel for CQI reporting tests

UDEFined: user-defined channel configuration

*RST: FIXed

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401 for FIXed, CQI
R&S CMW-KS411 for UDEFined

Manual operation: See "Configuration Type" on page 241

2.6.11.2 Fixed Reference Channel Configuration

The following command configures a fixed reference channel.

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPA:FIXed:HSET <HSet>

Selects an H-Set for the fixed reference channel.

Parameters:

<HSet>

H1M1 | H1M2 | H2M1 | H2M2 | H3M1 | H3M2 | H4M1 | H5M1 |
 H6M1 | H6M2 | H8M3 | H8MT | H1MI | H8MI | H3A1 | H3A2 |
 H8A3 | H8AI | HAM1 | HAM2 | HAA1 | HAA2 | HCM1 | HCMT |
 H6A1 | H6A2 | H1AI | H1BI | H3B1 | H3B2 | H6B1 | H6B2 |
 H8B3 | H8BI | HAB1 | HAB2

Single carrier H-Sets:

H1M1 to **H6M1**, **HAM1**: H-Set 1 to 6, 10 (QPSK)**H1M2** to **H3M2**, **H6M2**, **HAM2**: H-Set 1 to 3, 6, 10 (16-QAM)**H8M3**: H-Set 8 (64-QAM)**H1MI**, **H8MI**: H-Set 1, 8 (maximum input)**H8MT**: H-Set 8 (maximum throughput)

Dual carrier H-Sets:

H1AI: H-Set 1A (maximum input)**H3A1**, **H6A1**, **HAA1**, **HCM1**: H-Set 3A, 6A, 10A, 12 (QPSK)**H3A2**, **H6A2**, **HAA2**: H-Set 3A, 6A, 10A (16-QAM)**H8A3**: H-Set 8A (64-QAM)**H8AI**: H-Set 8A (maximum input)**HCMT**: H-Set 12 (maximum throughput)

3C-HSDPA H-Sets:

H1BI: H-Set 1B (maximum input)**H3B1**, **H6B1**, **HAB1**: H-Set 3B, 6B, 10B (QPSK)**H3B2**, **H6B2**, **HAB2**: H-Set 3B, 6B, 10B (16-QAM)**H8B3**: H-Set 8B (64-QAM)**H8BI**: H-Set 8B (maximum input)

*RST: H5M1

Example:See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)**Firmware/Software:**

V2.1.20
 V2.1.30: additional values H3A1 | H3A2 | H8A3 | H8AI | HAM1 |
 HAM2 | HAA1 | HAA2 | HCM1 | HCMT | H6A1 | H6A2
 V3.0.10: additional value H1AI
 V3.5.20: additional values H1BI | H3B1 | H3B2 | H6B1 | H6B2 |
 H8B3 | H8BI | HAB1 | HAB2

Options:

R&S CMW-KS401

R&S CMW-KS403 for H-Set 8

R&S CMW-KS404 for dual carrier H-Sets

R&S CMW-KS406 for 3C-HSDPA H-Sets

Manual operation: See "[H-Set](#)" on page 242

2.6.11.3 CQI Test Channel Configuration

The following commands configure a CQI reporting test channel.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:ENABLE.....	527
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex.....	527
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed.....	528
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:SEQuence.....	529

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FOLLOW.....	529
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance.....	529
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance:MODE.....	530
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TTI?.....	530
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:HARQ.....	530
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK.....	531
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined.....	531
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>.....	532
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>:UDEFined.....	532

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables the multi-carrier operation for data transport via additional HS-DSCH.

Suffix:

<c> 2..*
 Additional downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
 V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS404

Manual operation: See "[Carrier Enable](#)" on page 243

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINDex <TableIndex>

Specifies the method to be used for selection of the CQI table index.

Parameters:

<TableIndex>

FIXed | SEQuence | CONFormance | FOLLOW

FIXed

A fixed mapping table row is used.

See also [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed](#)**SEQuence**

A sequence of mapping table rows is used.

See also [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:SEQuence](#)**CONFormance**

A CQI reporting test is to be performed.

See also [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance](#)**FOLLOW**

The CQI value to be used is proposed by the UE.

See also [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FOLLOW](#)

*RST: FIX

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)**Firmware/Software:** V2.1.20**Options:** R&S CMW-KS401**Manual operation:** See "CQI Table Index, CQI Tables" on page 243**CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:FIXed <FixedValue>**Selects the CQI table index to be used if FIXed is configured via [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex](#).**Suffix:**<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier**Parameters:**<FixedValue> Range: 1 to 30
*RST: 16**Example:** See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)**Firmware/Software:** V2.1.30**Options:** R&S CMW-KS401**Manual operation:** See "CQI Table Index, CQI Tables" on page 243

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:SEQuence <MinValue>, <MaxValue>

Selects the range of CQI table indices to be used cyclically if SEQuence is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex](#).

Parameters:

<MinValue> Range: 1 to 30
*RST: 1

<MaxValue> Range: 1 to 30
*RST: 30

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "CQI Table Index, CQI Tables" on page 243

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:FOLLOW <MinValue>, <MaxValue>

Defines the allowed range of CQI table indices. A value proposed by the UE is accepted if it is located within the range and FOLLOW is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex](#).

Parameters:

<MinValue> Range: 1 to 30
*RST: 1

<MaxValue> Range: 1 to 30
*RST: 30

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "CQI Table Index, CQI Tables" on page 243

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:CQI:CONFormance <Value>

Defines the CQI value used in the first stage of the test where the downlink transport format is fixed and the frequency distribution of the reported CQI values is calculated.

To use this value, configure CONFormance via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TINdex](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Value> Range: 1 to 30
 *RST: 16

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

V3.2.80: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[CQI Table Index, CQI Tables](#)" on page 243

**CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:CONformance:MODE
<DisableQAM64>**

Enables or disables 64QAM modulation in CQI conformance test mode.

Parameters:

<DisableQAM64> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS403

Manual operation: See "[CQI Table Index, CQI Tables](#)" on page 243

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:TTI?

Queries the minimum distance between two consecutive transmission time intervals in which the HS-DSCH is allocated to the UE.

Return values:

<TTI> Range: 1 to 3

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Inter-TTI Distance](#)" on page 244

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:HARQ <Number>

Specifies the number of HARQ processes.

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 1 to 8
 *RST: 6

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Number of HARQ Processes](#)" on page 244

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK
<Sequence>**

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with QPSK modulation.

If UDEFined is selected, the sequence is defined via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined](#).

Parameters:

<Sequence> S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | UDEFined

S1: {0}

S2: {6}

S3: {0, 2, 5, 6}

S4: {6, 2, 1, 5}

S5: {0, 0, 0, 0}

S6: {6, 6, 6, 6}

S7: {6, 0, 4, 5}

UDEFined: user-defined sequence

*RST: S3

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[RV Coding Sequences](#)" on page 244

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined
<Length>, <Sequence>...**

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with QPSK modulation if UDEFined is set via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QPSK](#).

Parameters:

<Length> The first <Length> entries of the user defined coding sequence are used.

Range: 1 to 8

*RST: 8

<Sequence>

Up to 8 values separated by commas.

If you specify n values, they overwrite the first n entries of the user-defined sequence.

Range: 0 to 7

*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "RV Coding Sequences" on page 244

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no> <Sequence>

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation.

If UDEFIned is selected, the sequence is defined via [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>:UDEFIned](#).

Suffix:

<no>	16,64 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation
------	--------------------------------------

Parameters:

<Sequence>	S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 S6 S7 UDEFIned
------------	---

S1: {0}

S2: {6}

S3: {0, 2, 5, 6}

S4: {6, 2, 1, 5}

S5: {0, 0, 0, 0}

S6: {6, 6, 6, 6}

S7: {6, 0, 4, 5}

UDEFIned: user-defined sequence

*RST: S4

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401 for 16-QAM

R&S CMW-KS403 for 64-QAM

Manual operation: See "RV Coding Sequences" on page 244

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>: UDEFIned <Length>, <Sequence>...

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation if UDEFIned is set via [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:CQI:RVCSequences:QAM<no>](#).

Suffix:

<no>	16,64 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation
------	--------------------------------------

Parameters:

<Length> The first <Length> entries of the user defined coding sequence are used.

Range: 1 to 8
*RST: 8

<Sequence>

Up to 8 values separated by commas.
If you specify n values, they overwrite the first n entries of the user-defined sequence.

Range: 0 to 7
*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401 for 16-QAM
R&S CMW-KS403 for 64-QAM

Manual operation: See "RV Coding Sequences" on page 244

2.6.11.4 User-Defined Channel Configuration

The following commands configure a user-defined HSDPA channel.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:ENABLE.....	533
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TTI.....	534
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:HARQ.....	534
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:IRBuffer?.....	534
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock.....	535
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:NCODes.....	535
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:MODulation.....	536
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK.....	536
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined.....	537
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>.....	537
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>: UDEFined.....	538

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables the multi-carrier operation for data transport via additional HS-DSCH.

Suffix:

<c> 2..*
Additional downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.5.20: added suffix <c>

Options: R&S CMW-KS404 and R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 245

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TTI <TTI>

Specifies the minimum distance between two consecutive transmission time intervals in which the HS-DSCH is allocated to the UE.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<TTI> Range: 1 to 3
 *RST: 3

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Inter-TTI Distance](#)" on page 245

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:HARQ <Number>

Specifies the number of HARQ processes.

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 1 to 8
 *RST: 2

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Number of HARQ Processes](#)" on page 246

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:IRBuffer?

Queries the calculated size (no. of bits) of the virtual IR buffer used in the H-ARQ process.

Return values:

<BufferSize> Range: 0 bits to 384E+3 bits
 Default unit: bits

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[IR Buffer Size](#)" on page 246

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:TBLock <Index>

Specifies the value of the transport format and resource indicator (TFRI) signaled to the UE. A query returns also the resulting transport block size.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Index> Transport block size index (TFRI value)
 Range: 0 to 62
 *RST: 41

Return values:

<Size> Used transport block size resulting from the settings
 Range: 0 bits to 28.8E+3 bits

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Transport Block Size Index](#)" on page 246

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:NCODeS <Number>

Specifies the number of HS-PDSCH channelization codes to be assigned to the UE.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 1 to 15
 *RST: 5

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Number of Physical Channel Codes](#)" on page 246

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSDPa:UDEFined:MODulation
<Modulation>**

Selects the modulation scheme to be used.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Parameters:

<Modulation> QPSK | Q16 | Q64
 QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM
 *RST: QPSK

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411 for QPSK and 16-QAM
 R&S CMW-KS411 and R&S CMW-KS403 for 64-QAM

Manual operation: See "Modulation" on page 247

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK
<Sequence>**

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with QPSK modulation.

If UDEFined is selected, the sequence is defined via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK:UDEFined](#).

Parameters:

<Sequence> S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | UDEFined
 S1: {0}
 S2: {6}
 S3: {0, 2, 5, 6}
 S4: {6, 2, 1, 5}
 S5: {0, 0, 0, 0}
 S6: {6, 6, 6, 6}
 S7: {6, 0, 4, 5}
 UDEFined: user-defined sequence
 *RST: S3

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "RV Coding Sequences" on page 247

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK:
UDEFined <Length>, <Sequence>...**

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with QPSK modulation if UDEFined is set via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QPSK](#).

Parameters:

<Length> The first <Length> entries of the user defined coding sequence are used.

Range: 1 to 8
*RST: 8

<Sequence> Up to 8 values separated by commas.
If you specify n values, they overwrite the first n entries of the user-defined sequence.

Range: 0 to 7
*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "RV Coding Sequences" on page 247

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>
<Sequence>**

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation.

If UDEFined is selected, the sequence is defined via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>:UDEFined](#).

Suffix:

<no> 16,64
16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation

Parameters:

<Sequence> S1 | S2 | S3 | S4 | S5 | S6 | S7 | UDEFined

S1: {0}
S2: {6}
S3: {0, 2, 5, 6}
S4: {6, 2, 1, 5}
S5: {0, 0, 0, 0}
S6: {6, 6, 6, 6}
S7: {6, 0, 4, 5}

UDEFined: user-defined sequence

*RST: S4

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS411 for 16-QAM
R&S CMW-KS411 and R&S CMW-KS403 for 64-QAM

Manual operation: See "[RV Coding Sequences](#)" on page 247

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>:UDEFined <Length>, <Sequence>...

Specifies an RV coding sequence to be used for signals with 16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation if UDEFined is set via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSDPa:UDEFined:RVCSequences:QAM<no>](#).

Suffix:

<no>	16,64
	16-QAM or 64-QAM modulation

Parameters:

<Length>	The first <Length> entries of the user defined coding sequence are used.
----------	--

Range:	1 to 8
*RST:	8

<Sequence>	Up to 8 values separated by commas. If you specify n values, they overwrite the first n entries of the user-defined sequence.
------------	--

Range:	0 to 7
*RST:	0

Example: See [Configuring HSDPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS411 for 16-QAM
R&S CMW-KS411 and R&S CMW-KS403 for 64-QAM

Manual operation: See "[RV Coding Sequences](#)" on page 247

2.6.12 HSUPA Settings

The commands in this section configure for example the HSUPA system information and the contents transmitted via E-AGCH, E-RGCH and E-HICH.

- [Miscellaneous Settings](#)..... 538
- [E-AGCH Settings](#)..... 545
- [E-RGCH and E-HICH Settings](#)..... 549

2.6.12.1 Miscellaneous Settings

The following commands correspond to the highest level of the "HSUPA" section in the GUI.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ENABLE.....	539
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:TTI.....	539
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU.....	540
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU:FLEXible.....	540
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:MANual.....	540
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:REPorted.....	541
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ETFCi:TINdex.....	541
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HRVersion.....	541
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ETFCi:MSET.....	542
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HBDConition.....	542
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PLPLnonmax.....	543
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MCCode.....	543
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ISGRant.....	543
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MODulation.....	544
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:TINdex.....	544
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:POFFset.....	544
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:RETX.....	545

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables/disables additional uplink carrier in scenarios with multiple uplink carriers.

Suffix:

<c> 2..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Setting Up a Dual Carrier HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS405

Manual operation: See "[2nd Carrier Enable](#)" on page 248

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:TTI <TTI>

Selects the transmission time interval (TTI) for the E-DCH. The value must be compatible with the UE category (2 ms TTI only allowed for category 2, 4 and 6).

Parameters:

<TTI> M2 | M10
 M2: 2 ms
 M10: 10 ms
 *RST: M10

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[TTI Mode](#)" on page 249

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU <Size>

Selects the RLC PDU size to be signaled to the UE to configure its constant UL RLC PDU size.

Parameters:

<Size> Range: 72 to 5000
 Increment: 8
 *RST: 336

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.80: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[RLC PDU Size](#)" on page 249

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PDU:FLEXible <FlexibleMax>

Enables and selects the maximum RLC PDU size to be signaled to the UE to configure its flexible UL RLC PDU for dual uplink carrier connections.

Parameters:

<FlexibleMax> Range: 16 to 12.04E+3
 Increment: 8
 *RST: 12.04E+3
 Additional ON/OFF enables/disables flexible PDU size.

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[RLC PDU Size](#)" on page 249

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:MANual <UECatManual>

Configures the UE category to be used by the R&S CMW if no reported value is available or usage of the reported value is disabled, see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:REPorted](#).

Parameters:

<UECatManual> Range: 1 to 9
 *RST: 6

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[UE Category](#)" on page 249

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:REPorted <UseReported>

Enable or disable usage of the UE category value reported by the UE.

When disabled, the UE category must be set manually, see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:UECategory:MANual](#). The manually set value is also used if no reported value is available.

Parameters:

<UseReported> OFF | ON

*RST: ON

Return values:

<UECatReported> UE category reported by the UE (NAV indicates that none has been reported)

Range: 1 to 9

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[UE Category](#)" on page 249

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ETFCi:TINdex <Index>

Specifies the E-TFCI table index signaled to the UE (use table 0 or table 1 defined in annex B of 3GPP TS 25.321).

Parameters:

<Index> 0 | 1

*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[E-TFCI Table Index](#)" on page 250

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HRVersion <Version>

Specifies the HARQ RV configuration value signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<Version> RV0 | TABLe
RV0: use always redundancy version 0
TABLe: determine the redundancy version using a table as specified in 3GPP TS 25.212
*RST: RV0

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[H-ARQ Redundancy Versions](#)" on page 250

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ETFCi:MSET <MinSet>

Specifies the "E-DCH minimum set E-TFCI" value signaled to the UE.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<MinSet> Range: 0 to 127
*RST: 9
Additional OFF | ON disables | enables the transmission of E-TFCI minimum set

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Minimum Set E-TFCI](#)" on page 250

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HBDConition <Delay>

Specifies the happy bit delay condition value signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<Delay> Only the following values are allowed (in ms):
2 | 10 | 20 | 50 | 100 | 200 | 500 | 1000
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 2 ms to 1000 ms
*RST: 100 ms
Default unit: ms

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Happy Bit Delay Condition](#)" on page 250

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:PLPLnonmax <Limit>

Specifies the "PL_{non-max}" value signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<Limit> Range: 0.44 to 1
Increment: 0.04
*RST: 0.84

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Puncturing Limit PL_{non-max}](#)" on page 250

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MCCode <Code>

Specifies the maximum channelization codes value signaled to the UE. Depending on several other HSUPA parameters, e.g. the UE category, only a subset of values is allowed.

Parameters:

<Code> S64 | S32 | S16 | S8 | S4 | S24 | S22 | S224
S64, S32, S16, S8, S4: one code, SF 64 to SF 4
S24: two codes, SF 4
S22: two codes, SF 2
S224: four codes, two with SF 2 and two with SF 4
*RST: S224

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Maximum Channelization Code](#)" on page 251

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:ISGRant <Grant>[, <Type>]

Specifies initial serving grant parameters signaled to the UE. If you only want to modify the <Grant>, you can omit the <Type> parameter.

Parameters:

<Grant> Serving grant value information element
Range: 0 to 38
*RST: 13 (OFF)
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disable | enable transmission of the initial serving grant parameters)

<Type> PRIMary | SECondary
Primary/secondary grant selector information element
*RST: PRIM

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Initial Serving Grant](#)" on page 251

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:MODulation <Modulation>

Selects the E-DCH modulation scheme to be used during HSUPA connection.

Parameters:

<Modulation> QPSK | Q16
QPSK, 16-QAM
*RST: QPSK

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Modulation](#)" on page 251

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:TINdex <Index>

Specifies the mapping of the absolute grant value according to 3GPP TS 25.212.

Parameters:

<Index> 0: according to table 16B
1: according to table 16B.1, alternative mapping
Range: 0 to 1
*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[E-AGCH Table Index](#)" on page 251

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:POFFset <PowerOffset>

Specifies the HARQ profile parameter "E-DCH MAC-d flow power offset" signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<PowerOffset> Range: 0 dB to 6 dB
 *RST: 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "H-ARQ Power Offset" on page 257

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:HARQ:RETX <Number>

Specifies the HARQ profile parameter "E-DCH MAC-d flow maximum number of retransmissions" signaled to the UE.

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 0 to 15
 *RST: 7

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Max No. of Retransmissions" on page 258

2.6.12.2 E-AGCH Settings

The following commands configure the contents transmitted via the E-AGCH.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:UEID.....	545
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:LENGth.....	546
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:INDex.....	546
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:SCOPe.....	547
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:TYPE.....	547
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:REPetition.....	548
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:EXECute.....	549
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:UTTI.....	549

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:UEID <Primary>[,<Secondary>]

Specifies the primary [and secondary] E-RNTI of the UE.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Primary> Range: #H0 to #FFFF
 *RST: #HAAAA

<Secondary> Range: #H0 to #FFFF
 *RST: #H12AA

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Primary / Secondary UE-ID](#)" on page 252

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:
 LENGTH <Length>**

Specifies the length of the absolute grant pattern.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Length> Range: 1 to 8 (for 10 ms TTI: 1 to 4)
 *RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Pattern Length](#)" on page 253

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:INDEX
 <Index>...**

Specifies the absolute grant indices of the absolute grant pattern.

A query returns all eight defined indices. A setting configures the first n indices (n = 1 to 8).

Only the first m indices are considered for transmission, with m specified via
[CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:
 LENGTH](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Index>	Comma-separated list of up to eight values Range: 0 to 31 *RST: 10 Additional OFF ON disables enables the transmission of index value, OFF results in an unscheduled TTI
Example:	See Configuring HSUPA Settings
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See "AG Index" on page 253

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:SCOPE <Scope>...

Specifies the absolute grant scopes of the absolute grant pattern.

A query returns all eight defined scopes. A setting configures the first n scopes (n = 1 to 8).

Only the first m scopes are considered for transmission, with m specified via
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:LENGth.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Scope>	OFF ON Comma-separated list of up to eight values OFF : absolute grant applies to all HARQ processes ON : absolute grant applies to one HARQ process only *RST: OFF
---------	---

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "AG Scope (per HARQ process)" on page 253

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:TYPE <Type>...

Specifies the ID types of the absolute grant pattern.

A query returns all eight defined types. A setting configures the first n types (n = 1 to 8).

Only the first m types are considered for transmission, with m specified via
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:LENGth.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Type> OFF | ON
 Comma-separated list of up to eight values
OFF: use primary UE-ID
ON: use secondary UE-ID
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "ID Type (secondary ID)" on page 253

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies whether the absolute grant pattern has to be transmitted only once, continuously or serving grant (SG) initialized. Select "SG Initialized" only for E-RGCH measurements.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Repetition> ONCE | CONTinuous | SGInit
*RST: CONT

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)
 V3.5.20: added SGInit

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "AG Pattern Repetition" on page 254

**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:
EXECute**

Triggers the execution of a single absolute grant pattern (repetition ONCE).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[AG Pattern Execution](#)" on page 254

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HSUPa:EAGCh:UTTI <UnscheduledTTI>

Defines the transmission in unscheduled TTIs.

Parameters:

<UnscheduledTTI> DUMMy | DTX
DUMMy: send absolute grants to dummy UE-IDs
DTX: switch E-AGCH off
*RST: DTX

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Unscheduled TTI](#)" on page 254

2.6.12.3 E-RGCH and E-HICH Settings

The following commands configure the contents transmitted via E-RGCH and E-HICH.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHRCh:FUFDummies.....	550
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHICh:MODE.....	550
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHICh:SIGNature.....	551
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:MODE.....	551
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:SIGNature.....	552
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:EXECute.....	552
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:LENGTH.....	552
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern.....	553

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHRCh:FUFDummies <Enable>

Enables or disables filling-up the frame with dummies. This feature is only relevant for 10 ms TTI. Here E-RGCH and E-HICH messages for the UE are transmitted in 12 slots per frame. The command defines the behavior in the remaining three slots.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
OFF: switch off channels (DTX)
ON: fill-up with dummies, continuous signal
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Fill-Up Frame With Dummies](#)" on page 255

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHICh:MODE <Mode>

Specifies the HARQ acknowledgement indicator sequence transmitted via the E-HICH.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Mode> CRC | ALTerating | ACK | NACK | DTX
CRC: react on UL CRC (ACK, NACK or DTX)
ALTerating: alternating ACK, NACK
ACK: all ACK
NACK: all NACK
DTX: all DTX
*RST: CRC

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Mode](#)" on page 256

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EHiCh:SIGNature <Signature>

Specifies the E-HICH signature.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Signature> Range: 0 to 39
 *RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Signature](#)" on page 256

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:MODE <Mode>

Specifies the relative grant sequence transmitted via the E-RGCH.

For definition of a user-defined pattern, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Mode> ALTerminating | HARQ | UP | DOWN | DTX | CONTinuous |
 SINGle

ALTerminating: alternating UP, DOWN - per TTI

HARQ: alternating UP, DOWN - per HARQ cycle

UP: all UP

DOWN: all DOWN

DTX: all DTX

CONTinuous: continuous user-defined pattern

SINGle: single user-defined pattern

*RST: ALT

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.10: added "HARQ"

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Mode](#)" on page 256

**CONFiGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:SIGNature
<Signature>**

Specifies the E-RGCH signature.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Signature> Range: 0 to 39
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Signature" on page 257

**CONFiGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTERn:
EXECute**

Triggers the execution of a single relative grant pattern (mode SINGLE).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "RG Pattern Execution" on page 257

**CONFiGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTERn:
LENgth <Length>**

Specifies the length of the user-defined relative grant pattern.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Length> Range: 1 to 8 (for 10 ms TTI: 1 to 4)
 *RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Pattern Length, Pattern](#)" on page 257

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern <Pattern>

Specifies the bits of the user-defined relative grant pattern. Bits exceeding the configured pattern length are ignored, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:
CARRier<c>:HSUPa:ERGCh:PATTern:LENGTH](#).

Suffix:
<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier

Parameters:
<Pattern> String containing exactly 8 bits
0 = DOWN, 1 = UP, - = DTX
*RST: '00000000'

Example: See [Configuring HSUPA Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Pattern Length, Pattern](#)" on page 257

2.6.13 HS-SCCH Order Settings

The commands in this section configure for example the HS-SCCH order type one.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HORDer:SEND	553
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDer:DL	554
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDer:UL	554

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:HORDer:SEND

Triggers the HS-SCCH order type 1, according to the preconfiguration of UL/DL and queries the frame number, subframe number and acknowledgment related to the HS-SCCH order execution.

For preconfiguration, refer to [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:
HORDer:DL](#) etc.

Return values:
<FrameNumber> Information about frame from which the UE has applied the HS-SCCH order

<SFN> Information about subframe from which the UE has applied the HS-SCCH order

<ACK> ACK | NACK | DTX

ACK: positive acknowledgment

NACK: negative acknowledgment

DTX: no acknowledgment

Example: See [Setting Up a Dual Carrier HSPA Connection \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "HS-SCCH Order" on page 258

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDer:DL <Enable>

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HORDer:UL <Enable>

Preconfigures the activation of an additional DL/UL carrier for the next HS-SCCH order type 1 in multi-carrier scenarios.

Suffix:

<c> 2..*
Additional downlink/uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "HS-SCCH Order" on page 258

2.6.14 Continuous Packet Connectivity

The commands in this section configure such CPC measures as for example discontinuous transmission and reception in the CELL_DCH.

- [General CPC Settings](#)..... 554
- [Uplink DTX](#)..... 556
- [Downlink DRX](#)..... 559
- [E-DCH TX Start Time Restriction](#)..... 561
- [HS-SCCH Less Operation Configuration](#)..... 562

2.6.14.1 General CPC Settings

The following commands correspond to the UE DTX DRX settings and the DPCCH format settings.

- | | |
|---|-----|
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:DELay | 555 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:OFFSet | 555 |
| CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:SFormat | 555 |

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:DELay <EnableDelay>

Frame delay the UE waits until enabling a new timing pattern for DRX/DTX operation, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<EnableDelay> Only the following values are allowed (in frames):
0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 0 frames to 128 frames
*RST: 0 frames

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[UE DTX DRX Enabling Delay](#)" on page 260

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DTRX:OFFSet <Offset>

Defines the settings for the discontinuous transmission and reception, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Offset> Subframe offset to spread the DPCCH transmissions from different UEs
Range: 0 Subframe to 159 Subframe
*RST: 0 Subframe

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[UE DTX DRX Offset](#)" on page 260

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:SFORmat <SlotFormat>

Configures HS-SCCH less operation to reduce the HS-SCCH overhead and UE battery consumption.

Parameters:

<SlotFormat> Uplink DPCCH slot format
Range: 1 | 4
*RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "UL DPCCH Slot Format" on page 260

2.6.14.2 Uplink DTX

The following commands configure the discontinuous transmission in the uplink.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CQITimer.....	556
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:APattern:TTI<ms>.....	556
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:BURST.....	557
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:DSG.....	557
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:ITHreshold.....	558
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:ENABLE.....	558
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:LPLength.....	559

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CQITimer <Timer>

Number of subframes after an HS-DSCH reception during which the CQI reports have higher priority than the DTX pattern and are transmitted according to the regular CQI pattern, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Timer>	0 1 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 512 ON OFF
	If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
	Range: 0 Subframe to 512 Subframe
	*RST: 0 Subframe
	Default unit: subframe
	Additional OFF ON disables enables the CQI DTX timer

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "CQI DTX Timer" on page 261

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:APattern:TTI<ms> <Pattern>

Defines the UL transmission reduced to DPCCH activity pattern, needed to maintain synchronization and power control loop in the UE DTX cycle, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Suffix:

<no>	1..2
<ms>	2,10

Parameters:

<Pattern> Only the following values are allowed for UE DTX cycle 1 (in subframes):
 1 | 5 | 10 | 20 for 10 ms TTI
 1 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 20 for 2 ms TTI
 Only the following values are allowed for UE DTX cycle 2 (in subframes):
 5 | 10 | 20 | 40 | 80 | 160 for 10 ms TTI
 4 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 20 | 32 | 40 | 64 | 80 | 128 | 160 for 2 ms TTI
 If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
 Range: 1 Subframe to 160 Subframes
 *RST: 10 Subframe

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[DPCCH Activity Pattern](#)" on page 262

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:BURSt <Burst>

Length of DPCCH transmission during UE DTX cycle, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Suffix:

<no> 1..2

Parameters:

<Burst> Only the following values are allowed (in subframes):
 1 | 2 | 5
 If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
 Range: 1 Subframe to 5 Subframe
 *RST: 1 Subframe

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[UE DPCCH Burst](#)" on page 262

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:DSG <DefaultSG>

Indicates E-DCH serving grant index to be used in DTX-cycle-2, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Suffix:

<no> 2

Parameters:

<DefaultSG> **0 to 37**: indicates E-DCH serving grant index as defined in 3GPP TS 25.321
38: zero grant
Range: 0 to 38
*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Default SG](#)" on page 262

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:CYCLE<no>:ITHreshold

<Threshold>

Defines when to activate the UE DTX cycle 2 after the last uplink data transmission, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Suffix:

<no> 2

Parameters:

<Threshold> Only the following values are allowed (in E-DCH TTI):
1 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 1 E-DCH TTI to 256 E-DCH TTI
*RST: 8 E-DCH TTI

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Inactivity Threshold](#)" on page 262

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:ENABLE <Enable>

Defines the settings for the discontinuous transmission in the uplink, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
enables/disables UL DTX
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Enable" on page 261

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:UDTX:LPLength <Length>

Defines the long preamble length that the UE uses during UL DTX cycle 2 to aid synchronization, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Length>	Only the following values are allowed (in slots): 2 4 15 If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead. Range: 2 slots to 15 slots *RST: 4 slots Default unit: slot
----------	---

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: added value of 2 slots

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "UE DTX Long Preamble Length" on page 261

2.6.14.3 Downlink DRX

The following commands configure the discontinuous reception in the downlink.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:APATtern	559
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:ITRThreshold	560
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:ENABLE	560
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ENABLE	560
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ITRThreshold	561

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:APATtern <Pattern>

Reception pattern, to inform UE how often to monitor HS-SCCH, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Pattern>	Only the following values are allowed (in subframes): 4 5 8 10 16 20 If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead. Range: 4 Subframe to 20 Subframe *RST: 10 Subframe
-----------	---

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Activity Pattern" on page 263

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:CYCLE:ITHreshold <Threshold>

Number of subframes after downlink activity where UE has to continuously monitor HS-SCCH, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Threshold> Only the following values are allowed (in subframes):
0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 0 Subframe to 512 Subframe
*RST: 0 Subframe

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Inactivity Threshold" on page 263

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:ENABLE <Enable>

Defines the settings for the discontinuous reception in the downlink, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
enables/disables UE DRX
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Enable" on page 263

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ENABLE <Enable>

Defines the settings for the discontinuous reception in the downlink, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
enables/disables UE monitoring of E-AGCH/E-RGCH when they overlap with the start of a UE DRX HS-SCCH reception
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 263

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:DDRX:GMONitoring:ITHreshold <Threshold>

Number of subframes after uplink activity when UE has to monitor E-AGCH/E-RGCH, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Threshold> Only the following values are allowed (in E-DCH TTIs):
1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 1 E-DCH TTI to 256 E-DCH TTI
*RST: 1 E-DCH TTI

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Inactivity Threshold](#)" on page 263

2.6.14.4 E-DCH TX Start Time Restriction

The following commands set parameters for the transmission restrictions on the UL E-DCH.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:ITHreshold.....	561
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:TTI<ms>.....	562

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:ITHreshold <Threshold>

Restricts the starting points of the uplink transmission on E-DCH for a particular UE.

E-DCH inactivity time after which the UE can start E-DCH transmission only at given times, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Parameters:

<Threshold> 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512 | ON | OFF
Values in E-DCH TTIs, additional OFF | ON disables | enables the threshold
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.
Range: 1 E-DCH TTI to 512 E-DCH TTI
*RST: 8 E-DCH TTI
Default unit: E-DCH TTI

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[MAC Inactivity Threshold](#)" on page 264

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:MAC:CYCLE:TTI<ms> <Pattern>

Pattern where the start of uplink E-DCH transmission after inactivity is allowed, see [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Suffix:

<ms> 2,10

Parameters:

<Pattern> Only the following values are allowed (in subframes):
5 | 10 | 20 for 10 ms TTI
1 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 16 | 20 for 2 ms TTI
If you enter another value, the nearest allowed value is set instead.

Range: 1 Subframe to 20 Subframe

*RST: 10 Subframe

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[MAC DTX Cycle](#)" on page 264

2.6.14.5 HS-SCCH Less Operation Configuration

The following commands set parameters and trigger the HS-SCCH order for CPC.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:ENABLE.....	562
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:NTBLock.....	563
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport<index>.....	563
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock<index>.....	563
CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HORDER:SEND.....	564

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables/disables HS-SCCH less operation

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 264

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:NTBLock <Number>

Selects the number of preconfiguration set (column of the table "No. of Transport Block Size Indicies") to be used for the initial transmission of HS-SCCH less operation.

See also:

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock<index>](#)

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport<index>](#)

Parameters:

<Number> Range: 1 to 4
 *RST: 1

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Transport Block Size Settings](#)" on page 264

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:SCSupport<index>

<Enable>...

Defines the support of HS-PDSCH second code for HS-SCCH less operation.

Suffix:

<index> 1..4
 Number of preconfiguration set

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "[Transport Block Size Settings](#)" on page 264

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HLOperation:TBLock<index> <Index>...

Defines the transport block size index for HS-SCCH less operation.

Suffix:

<index> 1..4
 Number of preconfiguration set

Parameters:

<Index> The HS-DSCH transport block size index as defined in 3GPP TS 25.321, annex A
Range: 1 to 90

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Transport Block Size Settings" on page 264

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:HORDer:SEND

Tells the UE to enable/disable discontinuous downlink reception and/or discontinuous uplink DPCCH transmission and queries the frame number, subframe number and acknowledgment related to the HS-SCCH order type 0 execution. See also [Continuous Packet Connectivity \(CPC\)](#).

Return values:

<FrameNumber> Information about frame from which the UE has applied the HS-SCCH order
<SFN> Information about subframe from which the UE has applied the HS-SCCH order
<ACK> ACK | NACK | DTX
 ACK: positive acknowledgment
 NACK: negative acknowledgment
 DTX: no acknowledgment

Example: See [Configuring and Executing CPC](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: added <ACK>

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "HS-SCCH Order" on page 265

2.6.15 UE Measurement Report Settings

The following commands configure the UE measurement reports. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:ENABLE.....	565
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:RINTerval.....	565
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCELI:ENABLE.....	565
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:ENABLE.....	566
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:GSM:ENABLE.....	566
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:LTE:ENABLE.....	567
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:WCDMa:ENABLE.....	567

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables the UE measurement report completely.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
*RST:	OFF

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[Report](#)" on page 266

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:RINTerval <Interval>

Sets the interval between two consecutive measurement report messages.

Parameters:

<Interval>	Range: 0.25 s to 64 s
*RST:	1 s
	Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[Reporting Interval](#)" on page 266

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:CCELI:ENABLE <CPICHRSCP>, <CPICHEclo>, <TChBLER>, <TxPower>, <RxTxTimeDiff>, <Pathloss>

Enables or disables the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message for the current cell.

Parameters:

<CPICHRSCP>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON
<CPICHEclo>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON
<TChBLER>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON
<TxPower>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON
<RxTxTimeDiff>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON
<Pathloss>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[UTRA FDD](#)" on page 266

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:ENABLE <CPICHRSCP>, <CPICHEclo>, <RSSI>, <SFNCFNTimeDiff>, <Pathloss>

Enables or disables the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message for carrier 2.

Parameters:

<CPICHRSCP>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<CPICHEclo>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<RSSI>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<SFNCFNTimeDiff>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<Pathloss>	OFF ON *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UTRA FDD](#)" on page 266

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:GSM:ENABLE <RSSI>, <BSIC>

Enables or disables the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message related to GSM neighbor cell. BSIC measurement requires activated RSSI measurement.

Parameters:

<RSSI>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<BSIC>	OFF ON *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[GSM, E-UTRA FDD](#)" on page 267

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:LTE:ENABLE <RSRP>, <RSRQ>

Enables or disables the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message related to LTE neighbor cell.

Parameters:

<RSRP>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<RSRQ>	OFF ON *RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[GSM, E-UTRA FDD](#)" on page 267

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UEReport:NCELI:WCDMa:ENABLE <RSCP>, <ECN0>, <RSSI>, <SFNCFN>, <Pathloss>

Enables or disables the evaluation and display of the individual information elements included in the UE measurement report message related to WCDMA neighbor cell.

Parameters:

<RSCP>	OFF ON *RST: OFF
<ECN0>	OFF ON
<RSSI>	OFF ON
<SFNCFN>	OFF ON
<Pathloss>	OFF ON

Example: See [Configuring UE Measurement Report Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UTRA FDD](#)" on page 266

2.6.16 Compressed Mode Settings

The following commands configure parameters of compressed mode.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:PATTern.....	568
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGle:ACTivation.....	568
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGle:TYPE.....	568
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:UEReport:ACTivation.....	569

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:UEReport:ENABLE.....	570
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:ACTivation.....	570
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE.....	570

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:PATTern <Selection>

Selects the transmission gap patterns for compressed mode.

Parameters:

<Selection>	NONE UEReport SINGle ULCM
	NONE : compressed mode disabled
	UEReport : several patterns for different measurement purposes used in parallel
	See CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:UEReport:ENABLE
	SINGle : selectable pattern for a definite measurement purpose
	See CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGLE:TYPE
	ULCM : selectable pattern for the UL compressed mode TX test
	See CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE
	*RST: UER
Example:	See Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Options:	R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " Pattern Selection " on page 268

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGle:ACTivation <Activation>

Selects whether the compressed mode has to be activated for the whole duration of the connection (RAB setup) or for the duration of a UE report measurement only.

Parameters:

<Activation>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB
Example:	See Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Options:	R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " Single Pattern " on page 269

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:SINGle:TYPE <Type>

Selects the single transmission gap patterns for a definite measurement purpose.

Parameters:

<Type>	RFA RFB A B C D E F
RFA :	for WCDMA neighbor cell measurements (see 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.5)
RFB :	for WCDMA neighbor cell measurements (see 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.8)
A :	for WCDMA neighbor cell measurements (see 3GPP TS 34.121, table C.5.2, set 1)
B :	for GSM neighbor cell measurements (see 3GPP TS 34.121, table C.5.2, set 2)
C :	to search for the BSIC and decode it (see 3GPP TS 25.133, table 8.7, pattern 2)
D :	to track and decode the BSIC after an initial BSIC identification (see 3GPP TS 25.133, table 8.8, pattern 2)
E :	for WCDMA neighbor cell measurements (see 3GPP TS 34.121, table C.5.1 set 1)
F :	

*RST: RFA

Example: See [Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Single Pattern](#)" on page 269

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODe:UEReport:ACTivation <FDD>, <GSMSRSSI>, <GSMBsic>, <GSMBsicReconf>, <EUTRA>

Selects whether the compressed mode pattern has to be activated for the whole duration of the connection (RAB setup) or for the duration of a specified UE report measurement only.

Parameters:

<FDD>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB
<GSMSRSSI>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB
<GSMBsic>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB
<GSMBsicReconf>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB
<EUTRA>	RAB MEASurement
	*RST: RAB

Example: See [Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UE Report Pattern](#)" on page 268

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN< i >:CMODe:UEReport:ENABLE < FDD >, < GSMRSSI >, < GSMBsic >, < GSMBsicReconf >, < EUTRA >

Enables the transmission gap patterns for different measurement purposes. All selected patterns are used in parallel.

Parameters:

<FDD>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF
<GSMRSSI>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF
<GSMBsic>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF
<GSMBsicReconf>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF
<EUTRA>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UE Report Pattern](#)" on page 268

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN< i >:CMODe:ULCM:ACTivation

Activates the selected pattern type for the UL compressed mode TX test.

Example: See [Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[UL CM TX Test Pattern](#)" on page 269

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN< i >:CMODe:ULCM:TYPE < Type >

Selects the transmission gap patterns for the UL compressed mode TX test.

Parameters:

<Type>	AR AF B
	AR: pattern A (rising TPC) defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.6
	AF: pattern A (falling TPC) defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.7
	B: pattern B defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.8
*RST:	AR
Example:	See Performing a Neighbor Cell Measurement with CM
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Options:	R&S CMW-KS410
Manual operation:	See " UL CM TX Test Pattern " on page 269

2.6.17 Messaging (SMS)

The following commands configure parameters of the short message service (SMS) and return information about received short messages. This section is not relevant in reduced signaling mode.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:KTLoop.....	572
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:LHANDling.....	572
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:RMCDelay.....	572
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MESHHandling.....	572
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INTERNAL.....	573
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE.....	573
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?.....	573
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:BINary.....	574
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:PIDentifier.....	574
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:DCODing.....	574
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:CGRoup.....	575
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MCClass.....	575
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OSADdress.....	575
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OADDress.....	576
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:DATE.....	576
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TIME.....	576
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE.....	577
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INFO:LMSent?.....	577
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE.....	577
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE:INFO?.....	578
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT?.....	578
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MLENGTH?.....	578
CLEAN:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT.....	579
SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INFO:LRMessage:RFLAG?.....	579

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:KTLoop <Enable>

Specifies whether the test loop is kept closed for an established RMC connection with test loop, when an SMS message is sent to the UE.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Manual operation: See "Keep Test Loop during SMS" on page 270

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:LHANDling <LSMSHandling>

Defines the handling of an SMS message exceeding 160 characters.

Parameters:

<LSMSHandling> TRUNCate | MSMS
 TRUNCate: truncate
 MSMS: multiple SMS
 *RST: TRUN

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "Large SMS Handling" on page 271

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:RMCDelay <Delay>

Defines the time between sending of an SMS message and re-establishment of the RMC connection.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: 1 s to 5 s
 *RST: OFF (2 s)
 Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the delay | enables the delay using the previous/default value)

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "RMC Reestablish Delay" on page 271

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MESHAnding <MessageHandling>

Specifies whether the outgoing message text is entered manually via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INTERNAL](#) or an existing SMS file is used. The SMS file is selected via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE](#).

Parameters:

<MessageHandling> INTernal | FILE

INTernal: content entered manually

FILE: specified *.sms file is used

*RST: INT

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.5.30**Manual operation:** See "Outgoing Message Handling" on page 271

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INTernal <SMSInternal>

Defines the message text for SMS messages to be sent to the UE. It is encoded as 7-bit ASCII text.

Parameters:

<SMSInternal> String with up to 800 characters

*RST: "R&S Short Message Service Text. The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog. THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPS OVER THE LAZY DOG. 0123456789 !"#\$%&-/()<>?=;@\$,"

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)**Firmware/Software:** V2.0.10**Manual operation:** See "Outgoing SMS" on page 274

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE <SMSFile>

Selects an outgoing message file. To view details of the message use [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?](#). The message files are stored in the directory D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\CMS\WCDMA\....

Parameters:

<SMSFile> Outgoing SMS file

*RST: No File Selected

Example: CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE
'rx_sms_001.sms'**Example:** See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.5.30**Manual operation:** See "Select File..." on page 274

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE:INFO?

Display information of the outgoing message file referenced by [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:FILE](#).

Return values:

<TeleserviceID> Teleservice identifier
<MessageEncoding> Encoding of the ANSI message (ASCII, binary, unicode)
<MessageText> Message text
<MessageLength> The number of characters in the message
Range: 0 to 10E+3

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Select File...](#)" on page 274

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:BINary <SMSbinary>

Defines the SMS message encoded as 8-bit binary data.

Parameters:

<SMSbinary> SMS message in hexadecimal format.

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Outgoing SMS binary](#)" on page 274

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:PIDentifier <ID>

Specifies the SMS protocol identifier.

Parameters:

<ID> Range: 0 to 255
*RST: 0

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Protocol Identifier](#)" on page 272

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:DCODing <DataCoding>

Defines the short message coding.

Parameters:

<DataCoding> BIT7 | BIT8
BIT7: GSM 7-bit default alphabet
BIT8: 8-bit data for SMS binary

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Data Coding / Character Set](#)" on page 274

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:CGRoup <CodingGroup>

Defines how to interpret SMS signaling information.

Coding groups are defined in 3GPP TS 23.038 chapter 4.

Parameters:

<CodingGroup> GDCoding | DCMClass

GDCoding: general data coding

DCMClass: data coding / message class

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Coding Group](#)" on page 272

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:MCClass <MessageClass>

Specifies default routing of SMS as defined in 3GPP TS 23.038. The UEs override the default routing by selecting their own routing.

Parameters:

<MessageClass> CL0 | CL1 | CL2 | CL3 | NONE

CL0: class 0, SMS not to be stored automatically

CL1: SMS to be stored in mobile equipment

CL2: SMS to be stored in (U)SIM

CL3: SMS to be stored in terminal equipment (see 3GPP TS 27.005)

NONE: no message class (relevant only for general data coding)

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Message Class](#)" on page 272

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OSADdress <OrigSMSCAddress>

Specifies the phone number of SMS center.

Parameters:

<OrigSMSCAddress>

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Originator SMSC Address](#)" on page 272

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:OADDress <OrigAddress>

Specifies the phone number of the device which has sent SMS.

Parameters:

<OrigAddress>

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "Originating Address" on page 272

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:DATE <Day>, <Month>, <Year>

Specifies the service center time stamp date for the time source DATE (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE](#)).

Parameters:

<Day> Range: 1 to 31
*RST: 11

<Month> Range: 1 to 12
*RST: 11

<Year> Range: 2011 to 9999
*RST: 2011

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "Date / Time" on page 273

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TIME <Hour>, <Minute>, <Second>

Specifies the service center time stamp time for the time source DATE (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE](#)).

Parameters:

<Hour> Range: 0 to 23
*RST: 11

<Minute> Range: 0 to 59
*RST: 11

<Second> Range: 0 to 59
*RST: 11

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Date / Time](#)" on page 273

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TSOURCE <SourceTime>

Selects the date and time source for service center time stamp.

The time source "DATE" is configured via the following commands:

- [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:DATE](#)
- [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:SCTStamp:TIME](#)

Parameters:

<SourceTime> CMWTime | DATE

CMWTime: Windows date and time

DATE: Date and time specified via remote commands

*RST: CMWT

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS410

Manual operation: See "[Time Source](#)" on page 272

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:OUTGoing:INFO:LMSent?

Indicates, whether the last message was sent successfully or not.

Return values:

<State> FAILed | SUCCessful

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Last Message Sent Status](#)" on page 273

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE <SMSFile>

Selects a received message file. The message files are stored in the directory
D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\SMS\WCDMA\Received\.

Parameters:

<SMSFile> String parameter to specify the received message file.

*RST: No File Selected

Example: CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN:SMS:INComing:FILE
'rx_001.sms'

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Manual operation: See "[Select File...](#)" on page 276

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE:INFO?

Display information on the received message file referenced by [CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:FILE](#).

Return values:

<TimeStamp>	Time stamp of sending
<TeleserviceID>	Teleservice identifier
<MessageEncoding>	Encoding of the ANSI message (ASCII, binary, unicode)
<MessageText>	Message text
<MessageLength>	The number of characters in the message Range: 0 to 10E+3
<MessageSegments>	The segment number Range: 0 to 1000
<UsedSendMethod>	WDEFault The send method used by the UE
Example:	See Sending / Receiving a Short Message (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.30
Manual operation:	See " Select File... " on page 276

SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT?

Returns the text of the last SMS message received from the UE. Only 7-bit ASCII text is supported.

Return values:

<MessageText>	Message text as string
Example:	See Sending / Receiving a Short Message (Signaling)
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.0.10
Manual operation:	See " Message Text / Message Length " on page 277

SENSe:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MLENgh?

Returns the length of the last SMS message received from the UE.

Return values:

<MessageLength>	Number of characters of the message Range: 0 to 160
-----------------	--

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Message Text / Message Length](#)" on page 277

CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT

Resets all parameters related to a received SMS message. The message text and the information about the message length are deleted. The "message read" flag is set to true.

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Clear Message Text](#)" on page 277

SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INFO:LRMessage:RFLag?

Queries the "message read" flag for the last received message.

The flag is true (ON) in the following cases:

- No SMS message has been received.
- The last received SMS message has been read, see [SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT?](#) on page 578.
- The last received SMS message has been deleted, see [CLEan:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SMS:INComing:INFO:MTEXT](#) on page 579.

Return values:

<LastRecMessRead> OFF | ON

OFF: unread message available

ON: no unread message available

*RST: ON

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

2.6.18 Cell Broadcast Service Settings

The following commands configure the cell broadcast service (CBS).

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:ENABLE.....	580
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:FOFFset.....	580
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:PERiod.....	581
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:ENABLE.....	581

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:FEMPy	581
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:LENGTH	582
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:OFFSET	582
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:PERiod	582
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CATegory	583
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:DATA	583
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ENABLE	583
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ID	584
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:IDTYpe	584
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:PERiod	584
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:SERial	585
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CGRoup?	585
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:ALERt	586
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:POPop	586
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE	586
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?	587
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:LANGUage	587
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:SOURce	588

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables CBS generally.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:FOFFset <FrameOffset>

Offset (K) used for CTCH allocation within CTCH allocation period N, see
[CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:PERiod](#).

Parameters:

<FrameOffset> The S-CCPCH TTI number, with the first CTCH allocated for cell broadcast.
 Range: 0 to N-1
 *RST: 0
 Default unit: frames

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[CBS Frame Offset \(K\)](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:CTCH:PERiod <Period>

Specifies the periodicity of CTCH allocation within S-CCPCH.

Parameters:

<Period>	Duration of period (N)
	Range: 1 to 256
	*RST: 4
	Default unit: frames

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Period of CTCH Allocation \(N\)](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables DRX for CBS.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	*RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:FEMPty <Enable>

Specifies the handling of unused CTCH TTIs allocated for CBS.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	OFF: no action for unused CTCH
	ON: fill unused CTCH with scheduling message
	*RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Fill Empty Blocks with Scheduling Message](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:LENGth <LengthOfPeriod>

Specifies the length of DRX (L) that the UE can use for the processing of particular CB message. P denotes the period of scheduling message, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:PERiod](#).

Define value matching with the position of the specific CB message within the CBS scheduling period.

Parameters:

<LengthOfPeriod> Range: 1 TTI to P-1 TTIs
 *RST: 32
 Default unit: TTI

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Length of CBS Sched. Period \(L\)](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:OFFSet <Offset>

Offset (O) within period of scheduling message (P). This offset is used for the transmission of a scheduling message. See also: [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:PERiod](#).

Parameters:

<Offset> Range: 1 TTI to P-1 TTIs
 *RST: 1
 Default unit: TTI

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Offset to Begin CTCH BS Index \(O\)](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:DRX:PERiod <Period>

Specifies the periodicity of DRX the UE can use for the processing of the CB message.

Parameters:

<Period> Duration of period (P)
 Range: 1 to 256
 *RST: 128
 Default unit: TTIs
 Additional OFF | ON disables | enables the DRX period

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Period of BMC Sched. Message \(P\)](#)" on page 279

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CATegory <Category>

Indicates the privilege category of a CB message.

Parameters:

<Category> BACKground | NORMal | HIGH

BACKground: to be broadcast, when no CB messages of category high priority or normal are broadcast

NORMal: to be broadcast according to the associated repetition period

HIGH: to be broadcast at the earliest opportunity

*RST: NORM

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Category](#)" on page 281

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:DATA <Data>

Defines the CB message text.

Parameters:

<Data> Up to 1395 characters

*RST: Coffee is running out!!!

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.40: extended length

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Data](#)" on page 282

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables the particular CB message.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 280

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ID <ID>

Identifies source/type of a CB message. Edit this parameter for user-defined settings. Hexadecimal values are displayed for information.

Parameters:

<ID> Range: 0 to 65.535E+3
*RST: 4370

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[ID](#)" on page 281

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:IDTYpe <Type>

Specifies the severity of the CBS message ID as either decimal or hexadecimal number.

Parameters:

<Type> UDEFined | APResidentia | AEXTreme | ASEVere | AAMBer | EARTHquake | TSUNami | ETWarning | ETWTest
UDEFined: user defined
APResidentia: presidential level alerts (IDs 4370 and 4383)
AEXTreme: extreme alerts (IDs 4371 to 4372 and 4384 to 4385)
ASEVere: severe alerts (IDs 4373 to 4378 and 4386 to 4391)
AAMBer: amber alerts (IDs 4379 and 4392)
EARTHquake: earthquake warning (ID 4352)
TSUNami: tsunami warning (ID 4353)
ETWarning: earthquake and tsunami warning (ID 4354)
ETWTest: ETWS test message (ID 4355)

*RST: APR

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

V3.5.30: added EART, TSUN, ETW, ETWT

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[ID](#)" on page 281

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:PERiod <Interval>

Repetition period to broadcast the CB message again.

Parameters:

<Interval> Range: 1 s to 4096 s
 *RST: 1 s

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Repetition Period](#)" on page 283

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:SERial <GeoScope>, <MessageCode>, <AutoIncr>[, <UpdateNumber>]

Specifies the unique CB message identification.

Parameters:

<GeoScope> CIMMEDIATE | PLMN | SERVice | CNORMal
 The geographical area over which the message code is unique.
CIMMEDIATE: cell-wide, immediate display
PLMN: PLMN wide
SERVice: service area wide
CNORMal: cell-wide, normal display
 *RST: CIMM

<MessageCode> CB message identification
 Range: 0 to 1023
 *RST: 0

<AutoIncr> OFF | ON
OFF: no increase of <UpdateNumber> upon a CB message change
ON: increase <UpdateNumber> automatically upon a CB message change
 *RST: OFF

<UpdateNumber> Indication of a content change of the same CB message
 Range: 0 to 15
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS170

Manual operation: See "[Serial Number](#)" on page 281

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:CGRoup?

Queries the coding group to be indicated to the CB message recipient.

The coding group is defined in 3GPP TS 23.038, section 5 as bits 4 to 7 of CBS data coding scheme.

Return values:

<CodingGroup> 0: used for internal messages ([Data Source](#) = "Use Internal")
 1: used for CBS files (only language = 1: UCS2 is supported)
 Range: 0 to 1

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "[Data Coding Scheme](#)" on page 281

CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:ALERT <Enable>

Deactivates / activates earthquake and tsunami warning system alerting.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "[ETWS](#)" on page 283

CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:ETWS:POPUp <Enable>

Deactivates / activates earthquake and tsunami warning popup on display.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "[ETWS](#)" on page 283

CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE <File>

Selects a CB message file. To view details of the message use [CONFiGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?](#). The message files are stored in the directory D:\Rohde-Schwarz\CMW\Data\cbs\WCDMA\.

Parameters:

<File> File to be used for CB message
*RST: No File Selected

Example: CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:CBs:MESSAge:FILE
'rx_001.cbs'

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "[Select File...](#)" on page 282

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE:INFO?

Display information of the outgoing CB message file referenced by [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE](#).

Return values:

<MessageEncoding> Encoding of the CB message (UTF16)
<MessageText> Message text
<MessageLength> The number of characters in the message
Range: 0 to 600

Example: See [Sending / Receiving a Short Message \(Signaling\)](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "[Select File...](#)" on page 282

CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:LANGUage <Language>

Specifies the language of CB message as defined in 3GPP TS 23.038.

Parameters:

<Language> Bits 0 to 3 of CBS data coding scheme
Range: 0 to 15
*RST: 1

Return values:

<LngIndication> Language indication
*RST: English

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "Data Coding Scheme" on page 281

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:SOURce <MessageHandling>

Specifies whether the CB message text is entered manually via `CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:DATA` or an existing CBS file is used. The CBS file is selected via `CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CBS:MESSAge:FILE`.

Parameters:

<MessageHandling> INTernal | FILE

INTernal: content entered manually

FILE: specified *.cbs file is used

*RST: INT

Example: See [Sending a Cell Broadcast Message](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.30

Options: R&S CMW-K170

Manual operation: See "Data Source" on page 282

2.6.19 Message Monitoring Settings

The following commands configure message monitoring for WCDMA.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:MMONitor:ENABLE <Enable>

Enables or disables message monitoring for the WCDMA signaling application.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Message Monitoring](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

V3.0.10: *RST value changed

Manual operation: See "Add WCDMA Signaling to logging" on page 284

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:MMONitor:IPADDress <Index>

Selects the IP address to which signaling messages have to be sent for message monitoring. The address pool is configured globally via `CONFigure:BASE:MMONitor:IPADDress<n>`.

A query returns both the current index and the resulting IP address.

Parameters:

<Index> IP1 | IP2 | IP3

Address pool index

Return values:

<IPAddress> Used IP address as string

Example: See [Configuring Message Monitoring](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.0.10**Manual operation:** See "[Logging PC IPv4 Address](#)" on page 284

2.6.20 Using the WCDMA Wizard

The following commands configure and execute the WCDMA wizard.

<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings.....</code>	589
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:ERGM.....</code>	590
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:HUMP.....</code>	590

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings <Selection>`

Executes the wizard to apply the selected predefined set of WCDMA settings.

Configure the following selections before executing the wizard:

- [General Settings](#)
- HUMP: see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:HUMP](#)
- ERGM: see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:ERGM](#)

Setting parameters:

<Selection>	HDMT HUMT HSMT HUMP DHIP ERGM HCQI OOS HDMT : HSDPA maximum throughput HUMT : HSUPA maximum throughput HSMT : HSPA maximum throughput HUMP : HSUPA maximum output power DHIP : Dual carrier HSPA inner loop power control ERGM : HSUPA E-RGCH measurement HCQI : HSDPA CQI measurement OOS : Out-of-sync handling
-------------	---

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10
 V3.0.20: added HUMT and HSMT
 V3.0.30: added HUMP
 V3.2.80: added DHIP
 V3.5.20: added ERGM, HCQI
 V3.5.50: added OOS

Options: R&S CMW-KS411**Manual operation:** See "[WCDMA Wizards](#)" on page 164

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:ERGM <Testmode>, <TTI>

Selects mode and TTI for the "E-RGCH Measurement "wizard.

Parameters:

<Testmode>	HOLD UPDown "Missed Hold", "Missed Up/Down" *RST: HOLD
<TTI>	M2 M10 2 ms, 10 ms *RST: M10

Firmware/Software: V3.5.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[WCDMA Wizards](#)" on page 164

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:PSETtings:HUMP <Subtest>

Selects a subtest for the HSUPA maximum output power wizard.

Parameters:

<Subtest>	S1 S2 S3 S4 S5 Subtest 1 to subtest 5 *RST: S1
-----------	--

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[WCDMA Wizards](#)" on page 164

2.6.21 BER Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling BER measurement.

- [Measurement Control and States](#)..... 590
- [Measurement Settings](#)..... 593
- [Measurement Results](#)..... 596

2.6.21.1 [Measurement Control and States](#)

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER.....	591
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER.....	591
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER.....	591
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE?.....	591
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE:ALL?.....	592

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER**STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER****ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing a BER Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[BER \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 286

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing a BER Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[BER \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 286

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER:STATE:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

<SyncState> PEND | ADJ | INV

PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")

ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState> QUE | ACT | INV

QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")

ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[BER \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 286

2.6.21.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:TOUT	593
CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:REPetition	593
CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:SCondition	594
CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:TBlocks	594
CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:PNResync	594
CONF igure:WCDMa:SIGN <i><i></i> :BER:LIMit	595

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN*<i>*:BER:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCh** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN*<i>*:BER:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use **CONF**igure:WCDMa:SIGN*<i>*:BER:TBlocks to determine the number of transport blocks per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [Performing a BER Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 288

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:BER:SCONDition <StopCondition>

Qualifies whether the measurement is stopped after a failed limit check or continued. **SLFail** means that the measurement is stopped and reaches the **RDY** state when one of the results exceeds the limits.

Parameters:

<StopCondition> NONE | SLFail

NONE: Continue measurement irrespective of the limit check

SLFail: Stop measurement on limit failure

*RST: NONE

Example: See [Configuring the BER Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Stop Condition](#)" on page 288

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:BER:TBLocks <TransportBlocks>

Defines the number of transport blocks to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<TransportBlocks> Range: 1 to 50E+3
 *RST: 100

Example: See [Configuring the BER Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Transport Blocks](#)" on page 289

CONFFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:BER:PNResync <Enable>

Activates or deactivates a correction (reordering) mechanism for transports blocks looped back in wrong order.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

ON: correction mechanism active, BER measurement result based on corrected block sequence, number of corrected blocks available as result PN discontinuity

OFF: correction mechanism inactive, no PN discontinuity result

*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring the BER Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[PN Resync](#)" on page 289

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:BER:LIMit <BER>, <BLER>, <DBLER>, <LostTransBlocks>, <ULTFCIFaults>, <FDR>, <PNDiscontinuity>

Specifies upper limits for the results of the "BER" measurement.

Parameters:

<BER>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 0.1 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<BLER>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 1 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<DBLER>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 1 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<LostTransBlocks>	Range: 1 to 50000 *RST: 1 Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<ULTFCIFaults>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 1 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<FDR>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 1 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level
<PNDiscontinuity>	Range: 1 to 50000 *RST: 1 Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit using the previous/default level

Example: See [Configuring the BER Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Limit](#)" on page 289

2.6.21.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?
CALCulate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:BER?

Returns all results of the signaling BER measurement.

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<2_BER>	Bit error rate Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<3_BLER>	Block error ratio Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<4_DBLER>	Data block error rate Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<5_LostBlocks>	Difference between the number of blocks sent and the number of blocks received Range: 0 to <total number of blocks sent>
<6_ULTFCIFaults>	Percentage of transport blocks which the UE receiver detected with a wrong transport format, irrespective of the result of the CRC checks Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<7_FDR>	False transport format detection ratio; the percentage of transport blocks which passed the UE receiver's CRC check but were detected with a wrong transport format Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<8_PNDiscontinuity>	Number of transport blocks that the R&S CMW corrected (i.e. reordered) in the PN resync procedure Range: 0 to <total number of blocks sent>
Example:	See Performing a BER Measurement
Usage:	Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V2.0.10: CALculate command

Manual operation: See "[Results](#)" on page 287

2.6.22 HSDPA ACK Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling HSDPA ACK measurement.

• Measurement Control and States	597
• Measurement Settings	599
• Measurement Results	601

2.6.22.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK	597
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK	597
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK	597
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATE?	598
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATE:ALL?	598

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK

STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK

ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use [FETCH...STATE?](#) to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA ACK \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 290

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:....:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF : measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)
	RDY : measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN : measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA ACK \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 290

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:STATE:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:....:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF : measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY : measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN : measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF

<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending") ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted") INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued") ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active") INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See " HSDPA ACK (Softkey) " on page 290

2.6.22.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TOUT.....	599
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:REPetition.....	600
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES.....	600
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:HARQ.....	600
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:SMODE:AVERage.....	601

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCh** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use **CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES** to determine the number of HSDPA subframes to be measured per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 293

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES <MeasSubframes>

Defines the number of HSDPA subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<MeasSubframes> Range: 100 to 1E+6
Increment: 100
*RST: 2000

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measure Subframes](#)" on page 293

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:HARQ <MonitoredHARQ>

Selects either a single H-ARQ process (numbered 0 to 7) to be monitored or specifies that all processes are to be monitored.

Parameters:

<MonitoredHARQ> ALL | H0 | H1 | H2 | H3 | H4 | H5 | H6 | H7
*RST: ALL

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Monitored H-ARQ](#)" on page 293

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:SMODe:AVERage <Mode>

Specifies calculation algorithm for average statistics. Only remote command is provided. No corresponding manual setting is existing in the GUI.

The setting is especially useful if "Repetition" = "Continuous".

Parameters:

<Mode> WINDOW | CONTinuous

WINDOW: average results calculated per statistic cycle ("Measure Subframes")

CONTinuous: average results calculated since the beginning of the measurement

*RST: WIND

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

2.6.22.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier<c>:CURRent?	602
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier<c>:CURRent?	602
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?	602
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?	602
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?	602
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?	602
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERage?	603
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRent?	603
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERage?	603
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRent?	603
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:ABSolute?	604
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:ABSolute?	604
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:RELative?	605
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:RELative?	605
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRANsmission:CARRier<c>?	606
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRANsmission:CARRier<c>?	606
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:BLER:CARRier<c>?	606
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:BLER:CARRier<c>?	606
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRames?	607
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRames?	607
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MCQI:CARRier<c>?	607

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MCQI:CARRier<c>?.....	607
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MINimum?.....	607
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MAXimum?.....	607
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MINimum?.....	608
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MAXimum?.....	608
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MINimum?....	608
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation: MAXimum?.....	608
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MINimum?....	608
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?....	608
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:MINimum?.....	609
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:MAXimum?.....	609
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:MINimum?.....	609
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:MAXimum?.....	609
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>?.....	609

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:MCQI:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

Returns the current median CQI trace results.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFrames](#). For each 100 subframes, one result is returned.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Current> N median CQI values, from first to last measured subframe, one value per 100 measured subframes
Range: 0 to 31

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

Returns the current throughput trace results per carrier.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES](#). For each 100 subframes, one result is returned.

The results of the average and current traces can be retrieved.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<Throughput>	Current: n throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe, one value per 100 measured subframes Average: average of all "Current" values referenced to the last statistics cycle Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.2.10: command for average throughput added

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRent?

READ:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:AVERage?

READ:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:THRoughput:TOTal:CURRent?

Returns the current overall throughput trace results (sum of all carriers in a multi-carrier scenario).

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRAMES](#) on page 600. For each 100 subframes, one result is returned.

The results of the average and current traces can be retrieved.

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<Throughput>	Current: n throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe, one value per 100 measured subframes Average: average of all "Current" values referenced to the last statistics cycle Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.2.10: command for average throughput added

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:ABSolute?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:ABSolute?

Return the throughput results as absolute values. The current, maximum, minimum, scheduled and average values are returned, see "[Throughput](#)" on page 91.

In addition to the measured values, the theoretical maximum possible throughput is returned, see "[Max. possible Throughput](#)" on page 90.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<AbsCurrent>	Current throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<AbsMaximum>	Maximum throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<AbsMinimum>	Minimum throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<AbsScheduled>	Scheduled throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<MaxPossible>	Maximum possible throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<AbsTotalCurrent>	Current throughput - sum of all carriers Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<TotalMaxPos>	Maximum possible throughput - sum of all carriers Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s

<AbsTotalAverage>	Average throughput calculated from a sum of all carriers Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<AbsAverage>	Average throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
Example:	See Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.30 V3.2.10: additional parameters "AbsTotalAverage" and "AbsAverage"
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:RELative?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:RELative?

Return the throughput results as percentage of the [Max. possible Throughput](#). The current, maximum, minimum, scheduled and average values are returned, see "[Throughput](#)" on page 91.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<RelCurrent>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<RelMaximum>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<RelMinimum>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<RelScheduled>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<RelAverage>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30
V3.2.10: additional parameter "RelAverage"

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRames?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFRames?**

Return the total number of already measured HSDPA subframes.

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MeasSubframes> Range: 0 to 2E+9

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MCQI:CARRier<c>?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MCQI:CARRier<c>?**

Return the median CQI result per carrier, see "[Median CQI](#)" on page 92.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MedianCQI> Range: 0 to 31

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

**FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:
MINimum?****FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:
MAXimum?**

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:CODE:
MAXimum?

Returns the trace results per carrier with details on coding in subframes. Commands query minimum or maximum values.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes N to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFrames](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<Code>	Number of detected codes Range: 1 to 15

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:
MINimum?

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:
MAXimum?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:
MINimum?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:MODulation:
MAXimum?

Returns the trace results per carrier with details on modulation in subframes. Commands query minimum or maximum values.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes N to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFrames](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<Modulation>	QPSK Q16 Q64 QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

**FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:
MINimum?**

**FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:
MAXimum?**

**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:
MINimum?**

**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>:TBLock:
MAXimum?**

Returns the trace results per carrier with details on transport block size in subframes. Commands query minimum or maximum values.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes N to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFrames](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Block> Detected transport block size index
Range: 0 to 7

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:TRACe:SUBFrame:CARRier<c>?

Returns the trace results per carrier with details on coding and modulation in subframes.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes N to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HACK:MSFrames](#). The results are returned as groups per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, {<Block>, <Code>, <Modulation>, <Redundancy>}₁, {...}₂, ..., {...}_N

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<Block>	Detected transport block size index Range: 0 to 7
<Code>	Number of detected codes Range: 1 to 15
<Modulation>	QPSK Q16 Q64 QPSK, 16-QAM, 64-QAM
<Redundancy>	Detected H-ARQ redundancy version Range: 0 to 3

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA ACK Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Results](#)" on page 291

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

2.6.23 HSDPA CQI Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling HSDPA CQI measurement.

- [Measurement Control and States](#)..... 610
- [Measurement Settings](#)..... 612
- [Measurement Results](#)..... 617

2.6.23.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

- | | |
|---|-----|
| INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI | 611 |
| STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI | 611 |
| ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI | 611 |
| FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATe? | 611 |
| FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATe:ALL? | 612 |

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI**STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI****ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA CQI \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 294

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATE?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA CQI \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 294

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

<SyncState> PEND | ADJ | INV

PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")

ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState> QUE | ACT | INV

QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")

ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[HSDPA CQI \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 294

2.6.23.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TOUT	613
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CQI:MSFRAMES	613
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:BLER:MSFRAMES	614
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TCASE	614
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN	614
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:BLER	615
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:DTX	615
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:BLER	616
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:DTX	616

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCh** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CQI:MSFRAMES <MeasSubframes>

Defines the number of HSDPA subframes for the first measurement stage to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<MeasSubframes> Range: 100 to 1E+6
 *RST: 2000

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Measure Subframes](#)" on page 296

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:BLER:MSFRAMES <MeasSubframes>

Defines the number of HSDPA subframes for the second measurement stage to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<MeasSubframes> Range: 100 to 1E+6
*RST: 1000

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Measure Subframes](#)" on page 296

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TCASE <TestCase>

Selects either AWGN or fading test case.

Parameters:

<TestCase> AWGN | FADING
*RST: AWGN

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Test Case](#)" on page 296

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN <CQlinRange>

Specifies the minimum percentage of measured CQI values, that fall in the range (median CQI – 2) \leq median CQI \leq (median CQI + 2).

Parameters:

<CQlinRange> Lower limit for the first stage of AWGN test case
Range: 0 % to 100 %
*RST: 90 %
Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[CQI in Range](#)" on page 297

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:BLER <MedianM1>, <Median0>, <MedianP2>

Defines BLER limit for AWGN test case.

Parameters:

<MedianM1>	Upper limit for the values acquired at median CQI - 1. This limit applies if BLER at median CQI is above the limit <Median0>. Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Default unit: %
<Median0>	Limit for the values acquired at median CQI Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Default unit: %
<MedianP2>	Lower limit for the values acquired at median CQI + 2. This limit applies if BLER at median CQI is below the limit <Median0>. Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[BLER](#)" on page 297

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:AWGN:DTX <MedianM1>, <Median0>, <MedianP2>

Defines the maximum percentage of HSDPA subframes that the UE answers with DTX during AWGN test case.

Parameters:

<MedianM1>	Limit for the values acquired at median CQI - 1 Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit check
<Median0>	Limit for the values acquired at median CQI Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit check
<MedianP2>	Limit for the values acquired at median CQI + 2 Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 10 % Additional OFF ON disables enables the limit check

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[DTX Rate](#)" on page 297

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:BLER <Median0>, <MedianP3>

Defines upper BLER limit for fading test case.

Parameters:

<Median0> Limit for the values acquired at median CQI
Range: 0 % to 100 %
*RST: 60 %
Default unit: %

<MedianP3> Limit for the values acquired at median CQI + 3
Range: 0 % to 100 %
*RST: 15%
Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[BLER](#)" on page 297

CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HCQI:LIMit:FADING:DTX <Median0>, <MedianP3>

Defines the maximum percentage of HSDPA subframes that the UE answers with DTX during fading test case.

Parameters:

<Median0> Limit for the values acquired at median CQI
Range: 0 % to 100 %
*RST: 10 %
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the limit check)

<MedianP3> Limit for the values acquired at median CQI + 3
Range: 0 % to 100 %
*RST: 10 %
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the limit check)

Example: See [Configuring the HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[DTX Rate](#)" on page 297

2.6.23.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:RSTate?	617
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>?	617
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>?	617
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:BLER?	618
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:BLER?	618
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:DTX?	619
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:DTX?	619
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:MSFRames?	620
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:MSFRames?	620
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier<c>?	621
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier<c>?	621

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:RSTate?

Queries the result of the entire HSDPA CQI measurement including all stages.

Return values:

<ResultState>	FAIL PASS RUN Measurement failed, passed, running.
---------------	---

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

Manual operation: See "[Results](#)" on page 295

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>?

Returns the results of the first stage of HSDPA CQI measurement per carrier.

Suffix:

<c>	1..* Downlink carrier
-----	--------------------------

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<MedianCQI>	Middle of the CQI distribution reported in the first measurement stage Range: 0 to 30
<MeasSubframes>	Total number of measured HSDPA subframes in stage one Range: 0 to 1E+6

<CQlinRange> Percentage of the CQI values reported within the interval [median CQI - 2, median CQI + 2]

Range: 0 % to 100 %

Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:BLER?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:BLER?

Returns the BLER results of the second and third stage of HSDPA CQI measurement. As indicated in the parameter descriptions below, each test case provides valid results for a subset of the parameters only. For the other parameters NCAP is returned.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MedianCQIM1> Block error rate measured at median CQI - 1 in the third stage of measurement
(AWGN test case only)

Range: 0 % to 100 %
Default unit: %

<MedianCQI> Block error rate measured at median CQI in the second stage of measurement
(AWGN and fading test cases)

Range: 0 % to 100 %
Default unit: %

<MedianCQIP2> Block error rate measured at median CQI + 2 in the third stage of measurement
(AWGN test case only)

Range: 0 % to 100 %
Default unit: %

<MedianCQIP3> Block error rate measured at median CQI + 3 in the second stage of measurement
(Fading test case only)

Range: 0 % to 100 %
Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:DTX?

READ:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:DTX?

Returns the DTX results of the second and third stage of HSDPA CQI measurement. As indicated in the parameter descriptions below, each test case provides valid results for a subset of the parameters only. For the other parameters NCAP is returned.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<MedianCQIM1>	Percentage of DTX responses measured at median CQI - 1 in the third stage of measurement (AWGN test case only) Additional parameter: On Off enables/disables the DTX statistics Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<MedianCQI>	Percentage of DTX responses measured at median CQI in the second stage of measurement (AWGN and fading test cases) Additional parameter: On Off enables/disables the DTX statistics Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<MedianCQIP2>	Percentage of DTX responses measured at median CQI + 2 in the third stage of measurement (AWGN test case only) Additional parameter: On Off enables/disables the DTX statistics Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<MedianCQIP3>	Percentage of DTX responses measured at median CQI + 3 in the second stage of measurement (Fading test case only) Additional parameter: On Off enables/disables the DTX statistics Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:MSFRames?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:CARRier<c>:MSFRames?**

Returns the number of subframes measured during the second and third stage of HSDPA CQI measurement to calculate BLER and DTX. As indicated in the parameter descriptions below, each test case provides valid results for a subset of the parameters only. For the other parameters NCAP is returned.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MedianCQIM1> The number of subframes with ACK and NACK responses measured at median CQI - 1 in the third stage of measurement (AWGN test case only)
Range: 0 to 1E+6

<MedianCQI> The number of subframes with ACK and NACK responses measured at median CQI in the second stage of measurement (AWGN and fading test cases)
Range: 0 to 1E+6

<MedianCQIP2> The number of subframes with ACK and NACK responses measured at median CQI + 2 in the third stage of measurement (AWGN test case only)
Range: 0 to 1E+6

<MedianCQIP3> The number of subframes with ACK and NACK responses measured at median CQI + 3 in the second stage of measurement (Fading test case only)
Range: 0 to 1E+6

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier<c>?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:HCQI:TRACe:CARRier<c>?

Returns the CQI distribution results in percentage per carrier. For each CQI value one result is returned: <Reliability>, <HistCQI>₀, ..., <HistCQI>₃₁

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Downlink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<HistCQI>	Histogram CQI: percentage of the reported CQI value 0 to 30 per measurement cycle The position 31 indicates the percentage of DTX subframes. Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing an HSDPA CQI Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KS411

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

2.6.24 E-HICH Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling E-HICH measurement.

- [Measurement Control and States](#)..... 621
- [Measurement Settings](#)..... 623
- [Measurement Results](#)..... 626

2.6.24.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

- | | |
|--|-----|
| INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH | 622 |
| STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH | 622 |
| ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH | 622 |
| FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATe? | 622 |
| FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATe:ALL? | 623 |

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH**STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH****ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-HICH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 298

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATE?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-HICH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 298

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use `FETCh:...:STATE?` to query the main measurement state only. Use `INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT...` to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after `STOP...`)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after `INITiate..., READ...`), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

<SyncState> PEND | ADJ | INV

PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")

ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState> QUE | ACT | INV

QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")

ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-HICH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 298

2.6.24.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TOUT.....	624
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:REPetition.....	624
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:MFRAMES.....	625
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:LIMit.....	625
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:SMODE:AVERage.....	625

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a `READ` or `INIT` command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to `RDY`. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running `READ`, `FETCh` or `CALCulate` commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use `CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:MFRAMES` to define the number of subframes to be measured per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [Configuring the E-HICH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 300

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:MFRAMES <MeasFrames>

Defines the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<MeasFrames> Range: 100 to 1E+6
 Increment: 100
 *RST: 1000

Example: See [Configuring the E-HICH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.10: changed minimum value

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measure Frames](#)" on page 300

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:LIMIT <FalseRatio>

Specifies limits for the results of the E-HICH measurement.

Parameters:

<FalseRatio> Upper limit for E-HICH reception "False Ratio" result
 Range: 0 % to 100 %
 *RST: 1 %
 Default unit: %

Example: See [Configuring the E-HICH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Limit](#)" on page 301

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:SMODE:AVERage <Mode>

Specifies calculation algorithm for average statistics. Only remote command is provided. No corresponding manual setting is existing in the GUI.

The setting is especially useful if "Repetition" = "Continuous".

Parameters:

<Mode> WINDOW | CONTinuous
 WINDOW: average results calculated per statistic cycle ("Meas Frames")
 CONTinuous: average results calculated since the beginning of the measurement
 *RST: WIND

Firmware/Software: V3.5.40

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

2.6.24.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:CARRier<c>?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:CARRier<c>?

Return all single value results of the E-HICH measurement per carrier.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Carrier in uplink

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<2_MeasFrames>	Number of already measured HSUPA subframes Range: 0 to 1E+6
<3_FalseRX>	Number of transmissions that the UE received incorrectly Range: 0 to 1E+6
<4_CorrectRX>	Number of transmissions that the UE received correctly Range: 0 to 1E+6
<5_AllValidRX>	Number of transmissions that the UE received correctly or incorrectly For all three "RX" results, the first new data block after a complete retransmission cycle is not counted as a test sample. Range: 0 to 1E+6
<6_FalseRatio>	Ratio of <3_FalseRX> to <5_AllValidRX> Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<7_CorrectCRC>	Number of transmissions with correct CRC Range: 0 to 1E+6
<8_ErrorCRC>	Number of transmissions with incorrect CRC Range: 0 to 1E+6
<9_BLER>	Block error rate resulting from CRC results Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<10_ThrptCurrent>	Current throughput Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s
<11_ThrptMaxPos>	Current throughput if there would be no CRC errors Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s Default unit: bit/s

<12_ThrptMaxExp> Expected maximum reachable throughput
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

<13_ThrptAverage> Average throughput
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

<14_ThrptMaximum> Maximum throughput since the start of the measurement
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

<15_ThrptMinimum> Minimum throughput since the start of the measurement
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
 V3.2.10: added <ThrptAverage>
 V3.2.60: commands renamed (CARRier<c> added),
 Added <ThrptMaximum>, <ThrptMinimum>

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:METHroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:METHroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

Return the results of the E-HICH traces per carrier. Maximum expected throughput reachable if the UE sends at the maximum data rate (depends on the current settings) and no CRC errors occur.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:MFRAMES](#). One measurement result is returned per 100 subframes for 2 ms TTI and per 20 frames for 10 ms TTI.

Suffix:
 <c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Return values:
 <Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <Current> N throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10
V3.2.60 commands renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:TRACe:MPThroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:TRACe:MPThroughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

Return the results of the E-HICH traces per carrier. Maximum possible throughput is theoretical "Current" throughput that would be reached within measured ETFCI if no CRC errors occurred.

The number of results N depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:MFRAMES](#). One measurement result is returned per 100 subframes for 2 ms TTI and per 20 frames for 10 ms TTI.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)
<Current> N throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:THRoughput:TOTal?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:THRoughput:TOTal?

Return the results of the E-HICH traces over all carriers.

The number of results N depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICh:MFRAMES](#). One measurement result is returned per 100 subframes for 2 ms TTI and per 20 frames for 10 ms TTI.

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)
<Current> N throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe

<Average> Average of all "Current" values referenced to the last statistics cycle

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:AVERage?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:TRACe:THRoughput:CARRier<c>:CURRent?

Return the results of the E-HICH traces per carrier.

The number of results depends on the configured number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle, see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EHICH:MFRAMES](#). One measurement result is returned per 100 subframes for 2 ms TTI and per 20 frames for 10 ms TTI.

The results of the average and current traces can be retrieved.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Throughput> **Current:** n throughput values, from first to last (most recent) measured subframe

Average: average of all "Current" values referenced to the last statistics cycle

Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s

Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an E-HICH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

2.6.25 E-AGCH Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling "E-AGCH" measurement.

• Measurement Control and States.....	630
• Measurement Settings.....	632
• Measurement Results.....	635

2.6.25.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh.....	630
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh.....	630
ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh.....	630
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATE?.....	630
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATE:ALL?.....	631

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh

STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh

ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing an E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-AGCH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 301

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATE?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
Example:	See Performing an E-AGCH Measurement
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See " HSUPA E-AGCH (Softkey) " on page 301

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See " HSUPA E-AGCH (Softkey) " on page 301

2.6.25.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:TOUT	632
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:REPetition.....	633
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MFRAMES.....	633
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MTYPE.....	633
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?.....	634
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MANual.....	634
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MODE.....	634
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:LIMit.....	635

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a READ or INIT command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to RDY. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running READ, FETCh or CALCulate commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout>

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:REpetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MFRAMES](#) to define the number of subframes to be measured per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition>	SINGleshot CONTinuous
	SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement
	CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 303

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MFRAMES <MeasFrames>

Defines the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle). Ideally, one E-TFCI value is detected per TTI.

Parameters:

<MeasFrames>	Range: 1 to 1E+6
	*RST: 1000

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measure Frames](#)" on page 303

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:MTYPE <MeasType>

Specifies the type of measurement.

Parameters:

<MeasType>	GENeral MISSED
	General histogram or missed detection
	*RST: GEN

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measurement Type](#)" on page 303

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?

Queries the n E-TFCI values calculated according to the absolute grant (AG) configuration. The number of values n equals AG pattern length, see

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:HSUPa:EAGCh:PATTern:LENGth](#)

Return values:

<ETFCI> Range: 0 to 127

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 304

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MANual <ETFCI>...

Specifies up to eight E-TFCI values used for E-AGCH measurement in manual mode.

Parameters:

<ETFCI> Range: 0 to 127
*RST: 28

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 304

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:ETFCi:MODE <Mode>

Specifies the mode of expected E-TFCI selection.

Parameters:

<Mode> AUTO | MANUAL
Automatic according to AG pattern or manual
*RST: AUTO

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 304

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:LIMit <Probability>

Upper limit for the ratio of missed detections to the detected E-TFCI events.

Parameters:

<Probability> Range: 0 % to 100 %
 *RST: 1 %

Example: See [Configuring the E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Limit" on page 304

2.6.25.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:EAGCh?**

Return all single value results of the E-AGCH measurement. The results are returned as groups per most frequently detected E-TFCI values:

<1_Reliability>, <2_MeasedFrames>, <3_TotETFCIEvents>, <4_MissedDet>, <5_MissedDetProb>, <6_HappyBits>, {<7_ETFCINr>, <8_ETFCIEvents>}₁, {...}₂, ..., {...}₈

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<2_MeasuredFrames> Number of already measured HSUPA subframes
 Range: 1 to 1E+6

<3_TotETFCIEvents> Sum of all detected E-TFCI events
 Range: 1 to 1E+6

<4_MissedDet> Number of missed expected E-TFCI detections
 Range: 1 to 1E+6

<5_MissedDetProb> Missed detection probability (<4_MissedDet> / <3_TotETFCIEvents>)
 Range: 0 % to 100 %

<6_HappyBits> Number of happy bits
 Range: 1 to 1E+6

{<7_ETFCINr>} Expected E-TFCI value
 Range: 0 to 127

<8_ETFCIEvents>... Number of detections
 Range: 0 to 1E+6

Example: See [Performing an E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:TRACe:GENeral?

READ:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:EAGCh:TRACe:GENeral?

Return the results of the detected E-TFCI values 0 to 127 for **Measurement Type** = "General Histogram".

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Events> Detections for all E-TFCI values 0 to 127 from first to last (most recent) measured subframe

Range: 0 to 1E+6

Example: See [Performing an E-AGCH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

2.6.26 E-RGCH Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling "E-RGCH" measurement.

- [Measurement Control and States](#)..... 636
- [Measurement Settings](#)..... 638
- [Measurement Results](#)..... 642

2.6.26.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

- | | |
|--|-----|
| INITiate:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ERGCh | 637 |
| STOP:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ERGCh | 637 |
| ABORt:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ERGCh | 637 |
| FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATe? | 637 |
| FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATe:ALL? | 638 |

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh**STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh****ABORT:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [E-RGCH Tests](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-RGCH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 305

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

Example: See [E-RGCH Tests](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-RGCH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 305

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

<SyncState> PEND | ADJ | INV

PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")

ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState> QUE | ACT | INV

QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")

ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")

INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[HSUPA E-RGCH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 305

2.6.26.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:TOUT	639
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:REPetition	639
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:MFRAMES	640
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?	640
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANual	640
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MODE	641
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPected	641
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:INITial	641
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:LIMit	642

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCh** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout>

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20**Options:** R&S CMW-KS401**CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:REPetition <Repetition>**

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use **CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:MFRAMES** to define the number of subframes to be measured per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement**CONTinuous:** Continuous measurement**Example:** See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 306

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:MFRAMES <MeasFrames>

Defines the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle). Ideally, one relative grant value is detected per TTI.

Parameters:

<MeasFrames> Range: 1 to 1E+6
*RST: 1000

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measure Frames](#)" on page 306

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?

Queries the n calculated E-TFCI values according to the AG configuration. Number of values n is set by

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPeCTed](#)

Return values:

<ETFCi> Range: 0 to 127

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 307

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANuAL <ETFCi>...

Specifies the n E-TFCI values set manually. Number of values n is set by

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPeCTed](#)

Parameters:

<ETFCi> Range: 0 to 127
*RST: 19

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 307

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MODE <Mode>

Specifies the mode of expected E-TFCI selection.

Parameters:

<Mode>	AUTO MANual
	Automatic according to AG pattern or manual
*RST:	AUTO

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Expected E-TFCI Values](#)" on page 307

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:EXPected <NoExpected>

Specifies the number of valid E-TFCI values in the expected E-TFCI table, see also

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANual](#)

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?](#)

Parameters:

<NoExpected>	Range: 3 to 11
	*RST: 7

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[No. of Expected E-TFCIs](#)" on page 306

CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:INITial <Index>

Position of the initial operating point in the expected E-TFCI table. If the operating point of the UE is shifted outside the E-TFCI range, the initial operating point is readjusted.

See also: [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:MANual](#) and

[CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:ETFCi:AUTO?](#)

Parameters:

<Index>	Range: 2 to (No. of expected ETFCI) - 1
	*RST: 5

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Initial E-TFCI Index](#)" on page 307

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh:LIMit <MissedDownRatio>, <MissedUpRatio>, <MissedHoldRatio>

Specifies the upper limit for the missed DOWN / UP / HOLD ratios.

Parameters:

<MissedDownRatio>	Range:	0 % to 100 %
	*RST:	5 %
<MissedUpRatio>	Range:	0 % to 100 %
	*RST:	5 %
<MissedHoldRatio>	Range:	0 % to 100 %
	*RST:	10 %

Example: See [Configuring the E-RGCH Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Limit](#)" on page 307

2.6.26.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ERGCh?

Return all single value results of the E-RGCH measurement. "Missed Up", "Missed Down" and "Missed Hold" test refers to wizard settings, see [Chapter 2.4.4, "Using the WCDMA Wizards"](#), on page 163.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<2_MeasFrames>	Number of already measured HSUPA subframes
<3_HappyHappyBits>	Number of detected happy happy bits
<4_MissedUp>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received in error during "Missed Up" test
<5_MissedDown>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received in error during "Missed Down" test
<6_CorrectUp>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received correctly during "Missed Up" test
<7_CorrectDown>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received correctly during "Missed Down" test
<8_AllValidUp>	Sum of the missed and the correct events during "Missed Up" test

<9_AllValidDown>	Sum of the missed and the correct events during "Missed Down" test
<10_MsdUpRatio>	<4_MissedUp> events / <8_AllValidUp> events
<11_MsdDownRatio>	<5_MissedDown> events / <9_AllValidDown> events
<12_MissedHold>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received in error during "Missed Hold" test
<13_CorrectHold>	Number of relative grant values that the UE received correctly during "Missed Hold" test
<14_AllValidHold>	Sum of the missed and the correct events during "Missed Hold" test
<15_MsdHoldRatio>	<12_MissedHold> events / <14_AllValidHold> events
Example:	See E-RGCH Tests
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401

2.6.27 RLC Throughput Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling "RLC Throughput" measurement.

• Measurement Control and States	643
• Measurement Settings	645
• Measurement Results	647

2.6.27.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput	643
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput	643
ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput	643
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:STATE?	644
FETCH:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:STATE:ALL?	644

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput

STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput

ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- [INITiate](#)... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.

- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See ["RLC Throughput \(Softkey\)"](#) on page 308

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THroughput:STATE?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RDY | RUN

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See ["RLC Throughput \(Softkey\)"](#) on page 308

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THroughput:STATE:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
	*RST: OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[RLC Throughput \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 308

2.6.27.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TOUT	645
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:REPetition.....	646
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:UPDate.....	646
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:WINDOW.....	647

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a READ or INIT command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to RDY. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running READ, FETCh or CALCulate commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:WINDOW](#) on page 647 to configure the duration of a single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [Configuring the RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 310

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:UPDate <Interval>

Configures the time interval used to derive a single throughput result.

Parameters:

<Interval> Range: 0.24 s / 120 subframes to 2.4 s / 1200 subframes
Increment: 0.08 s / 40 subframes
*RST: 120 subframes
Default unit: subframe

Example: See [Configuring the RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.70: added unit subframes

Manual operation: See "[Update Interval](#)" on page 310

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:WINDOW <Size>

Specifies the duration of a single-shot measurement, i.e. the time interval covered by a throughput result trace.

The value is internally rounded up to the next integer multiple of the time interval used to calculate a single result (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:UPDATE](#)).

Parameters:

<Size>	Range: 9.6 s / 48000 subframes to 240 s / 120000 subframes Increment: 0.96 s / 480 subframes *RST: 48000 subframes Default unit: subframe
--------	--

Example: See [Configuring the RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20
V3.2.70: added unit subframes

Manual operation: See "Window Size" on page 310

2.6.27.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput?	647
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput?	647
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent?	648
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:AVERage?	648
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent?	648
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:AVERage?	648
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent?	648
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:AVERage?	648
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent?	648
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:AVERage?	648
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent?	649
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:AVERage?	649
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent?	649
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:AVERage?	649
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent?	649
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:AVERage?	649
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent?	649
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:AVERage?	649

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput?**

Returns all single value throughput results.

Return values:

<1_Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<2_CurrDIPDU>	Current, average, maximum and minimum DL PDU results
<3_AvgDIPDU>	Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
<4_MaxDIPDU>	Default unit: bit/s
<5_MinDIPDU>	
<6_CurrDISDU>	Current, average, maximum and minimum DL SDU results
<7_AvgDISDU>	Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
<8_MaxDISDU>	Default unit: bit/s
<9_MinDISDU>	
<10_BlocksDIPDU>	Number of transmitted RLC PDUs
	Range: 0 to 4E+9
<11_CurrUIPDU>	Current, average, maximum and minimum UL PDU results
<12_AvgUIPDU>	Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
<13_MaxUIPDU>	Default unit: bit/s
<14_MinUIPDU>	
<15_CurrUISDU>	Current, average, maximum and minimum UL SDU results
<16_AvgUISDU>	Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
<17_MaxUISDU>	Default unit: bit/s
<18_MinUISDU>	
<19_BlocksUIPDU>	Number of received RLC PDUs
	Range: 0 to 4E+9

Example: See [Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:PDU:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:DL:SDU:AVERage?
```

Return the values of the downlink PDU and SDU throughput traces. The results of the current and average traces can be retrieved.

The number of trace values N depends on the configured <update interval> and <>window size>:

$$N = \text{integer} (\text{<window size>} / \text{<update interval>})$$

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Throughput> Comma-separated list of N throughput trace values
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

```
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:PDU:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:THRoughput:TRACe:UL:SDU:AVERage?
```

Return the values of the uplink PDU and SDU throughput traces. The results of the current and average traces can be retrieved.

The number of trace values N depends on the configured <update interval> and <>window size>:

$N = \text{integer} (\text{<window size>} / \text{<update interval>})$

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Throughput> Comma-separated list of N throughput trace values
 Range: 0 bit/s to 100E+6 bit/s
 Default unit: bit/s

Example: See [Performing an RLC Throughput Measurement](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#)

2.6.28 UL Logging Measurement

The following sections describe the commands related to the signaling "UL Logging" measurement.

- [Measurement Control and States](#)..... 650
- [Measurement Settings](#)..... 652
- [Measurement Results](#)..... 654

2.6.28.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging.....	650
STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging.....	650
ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging.....	650
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:STATe?.....	650
FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:STATe:ALL?.....	651

INITiate:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging

STOP:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging

ABORt:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [UL Logging Tests](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[UL Logging \(softkey\)](#)" on page 311

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
Example:	See UL Logging Tests
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See " UL Logging (softkey) " on page 311

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <main_state>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401
Manual operation:	See " UL Logging (softkey) " on page 311

2.6.28.2 Measurement Settings

The following commands configure the measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:TOUT	652
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:REPetition	653
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames	653
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SSFN	653
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SCCYcle	654

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a READ or INIT command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to RDY. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running READ, FETCh or CALCulate commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:REpetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRAMES](#) to define the number of subframes to be measured per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [UL Logging Tests](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 313

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRAMES <MeasSubframes>

Defines the number of subframes to be measured per measurement cycle (statistics cycle).

Parameters:

<MeasSubframes> Volume of measured consecutive UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframes

Range: 15 to 10E+3

*RST: 100

Example: See [UL Logging Tests](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "[Measure Subframes](#)" on page 313

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SSFN <SFN>

Specifies the first system frame number for which the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH information is displayed.

System frame number corresponds to the subframe number of the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH.

Parameters:

<SFN> First system frame number set to modulo 4095
 Range: 0 to 4095
 *RST: 0
 Additional ON / OFF enables or disables the use of SFN.

Example: See [UL Logging Tests](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

Manual operation: See "Start SFN" on page 313

CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SCCYcle <Enable>

Enables in the UL logging RX measurement to be started two subframes before a CPC cycle one.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: OFF

Example: See [Chapter 2.5.9, "UL Logging Tests", on page 351](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.10

Options: R&S CMW-KS413

Manual operation: See "Start at CPC Cycle1" on page 314

2.6.28.3 Measurement Results

The following commands return the measurement results.

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:ANACK?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:ANACK?**

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the UL HS-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <ACKNACK>_{subframe1}, <ACKNACK>_{subframe2}, ..., <ACKNACK>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
 Uplink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<ACKNACK>	DTX ACK NACK HARQ-ACK: DTX : no answer received from the UE ACK : successful CRC check of a received transmission packet NACK : failed CRC check of a received transmission packet
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:CQI?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:CQI?**

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the HS-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <CQI>_{subframe1}, <CQI>_{subframe2}, ..., <CQI>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:

<c>	1..* Uplink carrier
-----	------------------------

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<CQI> DTX | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30

DTX: no answer received from the UE

0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator, 30 means the best quality

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:DPCCh?**READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:DPCCh?**

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the DPCCH. The results are returned as groups per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, {<DPCCH1>, <DPCCH2>, <DPCCH3>}_{subframe1}, {...}_{subframe 2}, ..., {...}_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:	
<c>	1..* Uplink carrier
Return values:	
<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<DPCCH1>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the first slot
<DPCCH2>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the second slot
<DPCCH3>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the third slot
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGgiNg:CARRier<c>:ETFCi?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGgiNg:CARRier<c>:ETFCi?

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <ETFCI>_{subframe1}, <ETFCI>_{subframe2}, ..., <ETFCI>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFiGURE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGgiNg:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:	
<c>	1..* Uplink carrier
Return values:	
<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator

<ETFCI> DTX | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 |
 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 |
 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 |
 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 |
 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 |
 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 |
 100 | 101 | 102 | 103 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 110 |
 111 | 112 | 113 | 114 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 |
 122 | 123 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 127

See also [2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size](#)

DTX: no answer received from the UE

0 to 127: indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH

*RST: n/a

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:CARRier<c>:HBIT?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:CARRier<c>:HBIT?

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <HappyBit>_{subframe1}, <HappyBit>_{subframe2}, ..., <HappyBit>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFi gure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<HappyBit> HAPPy | UNHappy | DTX

HAPPy: UE is satisfied with the granted data rate

UNHappy: UE is not transmitting at maximum power and cannot empty its transmit buffer with the current serving grant within a certain time period

DTX: no answer received from the UE

*RST: n/a

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:RSN?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:CARRier<c>:RSN?

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <RSN>_{subframe1}, <RSN>_{subframe2}, ..., <RSN>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

Suffix:

<c>	1..*
	Uplink carrier

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<RSN>	DTX 0 1 2 3 Retransmission sequence number: DTX: no answer received from the UE 0: new transmission 1: first retransmission 2: second retransmission 3: higher than second retransmission

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SFN?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:SFN?

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <SFN>_{subframe1}, <SFN>_{subframe2}, ..., <SFN>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<SFN>	System frame number corresponds to the subframe number for which the UL logging information is displayed (set to modulo 4095) Range: 0 to 4095 *RST: 0

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:SLOT?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:SLOT?

Return results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH/DPCCH/HS-DPCCH. The results are returned per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, <Slot>_{subframe1}, <Slot>_{subframe2}, ..., <Slot>_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:MSFRames](#).

Return values:

<Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Slot> First slot number of the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe; see [UL Logging Measurement](#)

Range: 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12

*RST: 0

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging[:SCELI]?

READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging[:SCELI]?

Return all results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH/DPCCH/HS-DPCCH. The results are returned as groups per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, {<SFN>, <Slot>, <ETFCI>, <RSN>, <HappyBit>, <DPCCH1>, <DPCCH2>, <DPCCH3>, <ACKNACK>, <CQI>}_{subframe 1}, {...}_{subframe 2}, ..., {...}_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLoGging:MSFRames](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

<2_SFN> System frame number corresponds to the subframe number for which the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH information is displayed (set to modulo 4095)

Range: 0 to 4095

*RST: 0

<3_Slot> First slot number of the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe; see [UL Logging Measurement](#)

Range: 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12

*RST: n/a

<4_ETFCI>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127
	See also 2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0 to 127: indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH
	*RST: n/a
<5_RSN>,...	Retransmission sequence number DTX: no answer received from the UE 0: new transmission 1: first retransmission 2: second retransmission 3: higher than second retransmission *RST: n/a
<6_HappyBit>	HAPPY UNHappy DTX HAPPY: UE is satisfied with the granted data rate UNHappy: UE is not transmitting at maximum power and cannot empty its transmit buffer with the current serving grant within a certain time period DTX: no answer received from the UE *RST: n/a
<7_DPCCH1>,...	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the first slot *RST: n/a
<8_DPCCH2>,...	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the second slot *RST: n/a
<9_DPCCH3>,...	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the third slot *RST: n/a
<10_ACKNACK>,...	DTX ACK NACK HARQ ACK: UE response DTX: no answer received from the UE ACK: successful CRC check of a received transmission packet NACK: failed CRC check of a received transmission packet *RST: n/a

<11_CQI>... DTX | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 |
16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30

UE response; 30 means the best quality

DTX: no answer received from the UE

0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator, 30 means the best quality

*RST: n/a

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Options: R&S CMW-KS401

FETCH:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCARrier?

READ:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCARrier?

Return all results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH/DPCCH/HS-DPCCH. The results are returned as groups per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, {<SFN>, <Slot>, <ETFCI>, <RSN>, <HappyBit>, <DPCCH1>,
<DPCCH2>, <DPCCH3>, <ACKNACK1>, <CQI1>, <ACKNACK2>, <CQI2>}_{subframe 1},
{...}_{subframe 2}, ..., {...}_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability> See [Reliability Indicator](#)

{<2_SFN>} System frame number corresponds to the subframe number for which the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH information is displayed (set to modulo 4095)

Range: 0 to 4095

*RST: 0

<3_Slot> First slot number of the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe; see [UL Logging Measurement](#)

Range: 0 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12

*RST: n/a

<4_ETFCI>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127
	See also 2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0 to 127: indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH
	*RST: n/a
<5_RSN>	DTX 0 1 2 3 Retransmission sequence number DTX: no answer received from the UE 0: new transmission 1: first retransmission 2: second retransmission 3: higher than second retransmission *RST: n/a
<6_HappyBit>	HAPPY UNHappy DTX HAPPY: UE is satisfied with the granted data rate UNHappy: UE is not transmitting at maximum power and cannot empty its transmit buffer with the current serving grant within a certain time period DTX: no answer received from the UE *RST: n/a
<7_DPCCH1>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the first slot
<8_DPCCH2>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the second slot
<9_DPCCH3>	OFF ON Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the third slot
<10_ACKNACK1>	DTX ACK NACK HARQ ACK: UE response (by dual carrier - carrier one) DTX: no answer received from the UE ACK: successful CRC check of a received transmission packet NACK: failed CRC check of a received transmission packet

<11_CQI1>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 UE response (by dual carrier - carrier one); 30 means the best quality DTX: no answer received from the UE 0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator
<12_ACKNACK2>	ACK NACK DTX HARQ ACK: UE response (by dual carrier - carrier two) ACK: successful CRC check of a received transmission packet NACK: failed CRC check of a received transmission packet DTX: no answer received from the UE
<13_CQI2>}	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 UE response (by dual carrier - carrier two); 30 means the best quality DTX: no answer received from the UE 0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.30
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401 R&S CMW-KS404 for dual carrier

FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCHSpa?
READ:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:DCHSpa?

Return all results of the UL logging measurement on the E-DPCCH/DPCCH/HS-DPCCH. The results are returned as groups per measured subframe:

<Reliability>, {<SFN>, <Slot>, <ETFCI>, <RSN>, <HappyBit>, <DPCCH1>, <DPCCH2>, <DPCCH3>, <ACKNACK1>, <CQI1>, <ACKNACK2>, <CQI2>}_{subframe 1}, {...}_{subframe 2}, ..., {...}_{subframe n}

The number of subframes n is configured via [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:ULLogging:MSFRames](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<2_SFN>	System frame number corresponds to the subframe number for which the UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH information is displayed (set to modulo 4095) Range: 0 to 4095
<3_Slot>	First slot number of the received UL HS-DPCCH/E-DPCCH/DPCCH subframe; see UL Logging Measurement Range: 0 3 6 9 12

<4_ETFCI1>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	See also 2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0 to 127: indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH
<5_RSN1>	DTX 0 1 2 3
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	Retransmission sequence number
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0: new transmission
	1: first retransmission
	2: second retransmission
	3: higher than second retransmission
<6_HappyBit1>	HAPPY UNHAPPY DTX
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	HAPPY: UE is satisfied with the granted data rate
	UNHAPPY: UE is not transmitting at maximum power and cannot empty its transmit buffer with the current serving grant within a certain time period
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
<7_DPCCH1C1>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the first slot
<8_DPCCH2C1>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the second slot
<9_DPCCH3C1>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the third slot

<10_ETFCl2>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	See also 2ms TTI E-DCH transport block size
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0 to 127: indicates the transport block size on the E-DPDCH
<11_RSN2>	DTX 0 1 2 3
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	Retransmission sequence number
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	0: new transmission
	1: first retransmission
	2: second retransmission
	3: higher than second retransmission
<12_HappyBit2>	HAPPY UNHappy DTX
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	HAPPY: UE is satisfied with the granted data rate
	UNHappy: UE is not transmitting at maximum power and cannot empty its transmit buffer with the current serving grant within a certain time period
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
<13_DPCCH1C2>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the first slot
<14_DPCCH2C2>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the second slot
<15_DPCCH3C2>	OFF ON
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two)
	Queries the status of DPCCH read out from the third slot
<16_ACKNACK1>	DTX ACK NACK
	HARQ ACK: UE response
	(Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one)
	DTX: no answer received from the UE
	ACK: successful CRC check of a received transmission packet
	NACK: failed CRC check of a received transmission packet

<17_CQI1>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 UE response; 30 means the best quality (Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell one) DTX: no answer received from the UE 0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator
<18_ACKNACK2>	DTX ACK NACK HARQ ACK: UE response (Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two) ACK: successful CRC check of a received transmission packet NACK: failed CRC check of a received transmission packet DTX: no answer received from the UE
<19_CQI2>	DTX 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 UE response; 30 means the best quality (Information related to dual carrier HSPA - cell two) DTX: no answer received from the UE 0 to 30: reported channel quality indicator
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.60
Options:	R&S CMW-KS401

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3 WCDMA Multi-Evaluation Measurement

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement provides TX tests on WCDMA FDD uplink signals and an RX test (bit error rate and block error ratio). The TX tests cover the following UE transmitter properties:

- UE output power and power steps
- Modulation accuracy (EVM, phase error, magnitude error, frequency error, I/Q origin offset and I/Q imbalance)
- Phase discontinuity
- Out-of-band emissions (ACLR and spectrum emission mask)
- Code domain power (CDP) and code domain error (CDE)

Many of the tests and conformance requirements are specified in 3GPP TS 34.121-1, "Universal Mobile Telecommunications System (UMTS); User Equipment (UE) conformance specification; Radio transmission and reception (FDD)".

The multi-evaluation measurement requires option R&S CMW-KM400.

If you want to generate a WCDMA downlink signal in parallel to the measurement, you can use WCDMA signaling application or the GPRF generator and WCDMA waveform files. To generate modulated RF signals, the R&S CMW has to be equipped with the ARB and real-time baseband generator module.

The following options enable processing of WCDMA waveform files:

- R&S CMW-KW400, WCDMA R99, enable WinIQSIM2 waveforms for ARB
- R&S CMW-KW401, WCDMA R5, enable WinIQSIM2 waveforms for ARB
- R&S CMW-KW402, WCDMA R6, enable WinIQSIM2 waveforms for ARB
- R&S CMW-KW403, WCDMA R7, enable WinIQSIM2 waveforms for ARB

3.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA Multi Evaluation Measurement" firmware application. Compared to version 3.5.30, there are only editorial changes.

3.2 General Description

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement included in option R&S CMW-KM400 captures an uplink (UL) WCDMA signal and provides the TX measurement results over a series of consecutive slots. The uplink signal can contain HSPA or HSPA+ channels if the relevant option is installed: R&S CMW-KM401 for HSPA, R&S CMW-KM403 for HSPA+ and also R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA with dual carrier HSDPA+.

For RX measurements, a downlink (DL) WCDMA signal has to be looped back by the UE. This DL signal can be generated using an ARB file (option R&S CMW-KW400).

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement captures the resulting uplink WCDMA signal and provides RX measurement results. The results are calculated under the assumption, that all bit errors are caused by the RX part of the UE.

The following sections describe how to perform and configure the measurement.

● WCDMA TX Tests	682
● WCDMA RX Tests	685
● Multi-Evaluation List Mode	686
● WCDMA UL Signal Properties	690
● Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements	693
● Measurement Results	703

3.2.1 WCDMA TX Tests

TX tests have many characteristics in common. The following sections describe these characteristics and show how to perform TX tests.

3.2.1.1 Test Setup

Connect the external RF signal source (mobile station, signal generator etc.) to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

A test setup for a connection with dual carrier HSPA involves two uplink signals. The two uplink signals are received via only one RX module.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

3.2.1.2 Measuring an Uplink WCDMA Signal

After connecting your WCDMA UE to the R&S CMW, you have to adjust the following analyzer settings to the properties of the analyzed UL WCDMA signal:

- The analyzer frequency
- The expected nominal power and (optional) a user margin and external attenuation. Recommended values: "Expected Nominal Power" = peak power of the UE signal over the entire measurement range; "User Margin" = 0 dB (the smallest possible value ensures maximum dynamic range).

For synchronization to the received signal and proper decoding, the "UE Signal Info" settings in the configuration dialog must be in accordance with the measured signal. In particular, ensure that the following parameters match up:

- The scrambling code and the UL DPCCH slot format
- The UL configuration
- The information whether a DPDCH is configured or not ("UL DPDCH Available").

The R&S CMW can auto-detect the spreading factor of the DPDCH and of the E-DPDCHs (for HSUPA) and the corresponding symbol rates.

With matching UE signal info settings, the R&S CMW is able to decode the WCDMA UL signal and determine its slot timing. No additional measurement trigger is required.

3.2.1.3 Defining the Scope of the Measurement

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement is a multislot application: The R&S CMW can measure up to 120 consecutive WCDMA slots (8 frames) in a single measurement cycle and store the measurement results for each slot. The total number n of slots per measurement cycle is termed the "Measurement Length" (slots no. 0 to $n - 1$).

Within this measurement interval, two individual slots are selected for a more detailed analysis:

- The "**Preselected Slot**" is used for single slot measurements, e.g. to measure:
 - The adjacent channel leakage power ratio (ACLR),
 - The spectrum emissions,
 - The code domain monitor results and
 - Single slot modulation measurements (vs. chip results).
- For the multislot measurements, statistical results are measured for all slots. The results are displayed for one slot at a time, the "**Slot Number (Table)**". Statistical results are relevant in particular if the measurement length is measured repeatedly.

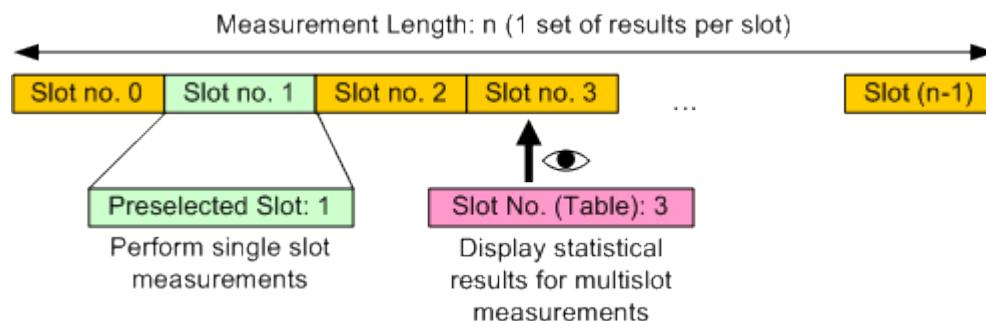


Figure 3-1: Preselected slot and slot number (table)

The preselected slot and the slot number (table) are independent from each other.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



WCDMA frame synchronization

The trigger settings ensure WCDMA slot and frame synchronization with the analyzed UL WCDMA signal. The measurement length can start with any WCDMA slot number, see parameter "["Synchronization"](#)" on page 732.

3.2.1.4 Parallel Signaling and Measurement

The multi-evaluation measurement can be used in parallel to the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400). A connection to the UE is set up by the signal-

ing application and the resulting uplink signal is measured using the multi-evaluation measurement.

To use both applications in parallel, the combined signal path scenario must be activated (see "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722). The signal routing and analyzer settings are then configured by the signaling application only. The multi-evaluation measurement displays the corresponding signaling settings instead of its own settings. These signaling settings can be configured both in the measurement GUI and in the GUI of the signaling application. To configure the signal routing and analyzer settings via remote commands, the commands of the signaling application have to be used.

The UE signal info settings are configured by the signaling application only. The multi-evaluation measurement displays the values determined by the signaling application as fixed values. Most of these values cannot be configured at all. The UL scrambling code can be configured in the signaling application. See also [Chapter 3.3.2.2, "UE Signal Info"](#), on page 726. For a command mapping table, see [Chapter 3.5.4, "Combined Signal Path Commands"](#), on page 896.

Additional signaling parameters can be accessed in the measurement GUI via hotkeys, see [Chapter 3.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys"](#), on page 739.

Select a trigger signal provided by the signaling application as trigger source.

3.2.1.5 Trigger Modes

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement can be performed in the following trigger modes (trigger source settings):

- "Free Run (Standard)": The measurement starts immediately after it is initiated. The R&S CMW decodes the signal to derive its slot timing so that the measurement length can start at a slot boundary of the UL WCDMA signal. This procedure is repeated after each measurement cycle.
- "Free Run (Fast Sync)": Similar to "Free Run (Standard)", however, the R&S CMW assumes that the frame period of the detected signal is close to the nominal 10 ms WCDMA frame length. The timing is only corrected after each measurement cycle using a faster algorithm, which results in faster continuous measurements. If you experience problems with this trigger mode, use "Free Run (Standard)" instead.
- "IF Power": With an internal IF power trigger, the measurement is triggered by the power ramp of the received bursts. This trigger can be used if no continuous WCDMA signal is available and a short signal burst has to be measured.
- "IF Power (Sync)": Similar to "IF Power", however, the R&S CMW tries to synchronize to the signal during a full slot after the trigger event. This setting can be used to measure short signal bursts where the beginning of the burst does not exactly coincide with a slot boundary. The start of the measurement takes longer than with "IF Power".
- "External Trigger A/B": External trigger signal fed in via TRIG A or TRIG B on the rear panel of the instrument (availability depends on instrument model).
- Additional trigger modes: Other firmware applications, e.g. the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400) can provide additional trigger modes. Refer

to the documentation of the corresponding firmware application for a description of these trigger modes.

For configuration, see [Chapter 3.3.2.4, "Trigger Settings", on page 735](#).

3.2.2 WCDMA RX Tests

RX tests can be carried out in parallel to the TX tests. The following sections describe how to perform RX tests.

3.2.2.1 Test Setup

The downlink RF generator signal of the R&S CMW is fed to the input of the DUT. The R&S CMW measures the uplink signal. Most conveniently, a bi-directional connection with a single coax cable is used. Connect the DUT to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

3.2.2.2 Performing a WCDMA RX Test

In addition to the WCDMA measurements and the UE, you need an application able to send a WCDMA downlink signal to the UE. You can use a suitable waveform ARB file together with the GPRF generator, for example the option R&S CMW-KW400 required to use WCDMA R99 waveform files generated via R&S WinIQSIM2.

An example below shows BER measurement of WCDMA measurement application containing a reference measurement channel (RMC) with an information bit rate of 12.2 kbps transporting an "All 1" pattern. Order the UE to loop back the received data, using a test mode and measure the resulting uplink signal using the multi-evaluation measurement.

- GPRF generator: process a suitable ARB file (for example with a 12.2 kbps RMC and the DTCH data set to all 1 pattern).
- UE: Select an appropriate test mode, so that the UE loops back the received data via a 12.2 kbps RMC.
- Measurement: Enable the BER measurement (i.e. the view, by default it is deactivated). Adjust the settings so that the uplink signal can be measured (see [Chapter 3.2.1.2, "Measuring an Uplink WCDMA Signal", on page 682](#)). Only full-slot measurements are supported.

The measurement compares the received data with the expected all 1 pattern and provides the resulting error rates. One data block of the RMC contains 244 bits. They are mapped to two radio frames (30 slots). For that reason, the measurement length used for RX measurements equals at least 30 slots. If a smaller value is set, 30 slots are measured nevertheless (see parameter "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 732).

Enable the BER view only when needed. It slows down the multi-evaluation measurement considerably.

RX tests are not available in the combined signal path with WCDMA measurements and WCDMA signaling in parallel.



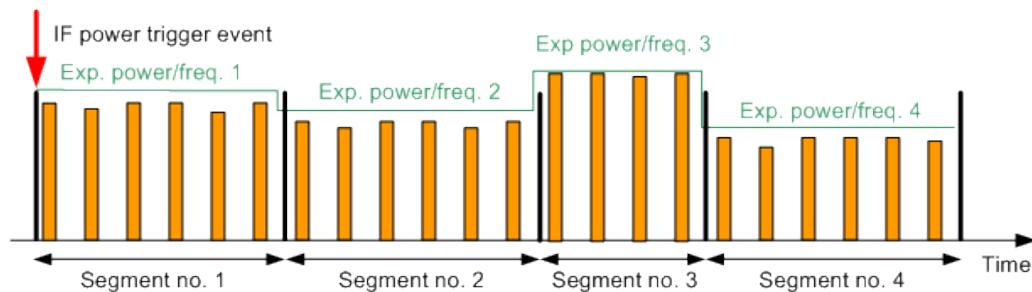
RX measurements of WCDMA signaling is an alternative to the RX tests performed by WCDMA measurements. The generated signal and measurement of UE responses are done within single application (basic WCDMA signaling option R&S CMW-KS400).

3.2.3 Multi-Evaluation List Mode

The WCDMA multi-evaluation list mode requires option R&S CMW-KM012. In this mode, the measurement interval is subdivided into segments, according to the expected nominal power and frequency steps of the user equipment (UE) under test.

3.2.3.1 List Mode Configuration

Each segment contains an integer number of timeslots and is measured at constant analyzer settings (i.e. at constant expected nominal power and RF frequency). The figure below shows a series of four segments with different lengths, powers and frequencies. Orange rectangles depict measured timeslots.



In list mode, the R&S CMW can measure code domain, modulation, phase discontinuity, UE power and spectrum results. The measured quantities can be enabled or disabled individually for each segment.



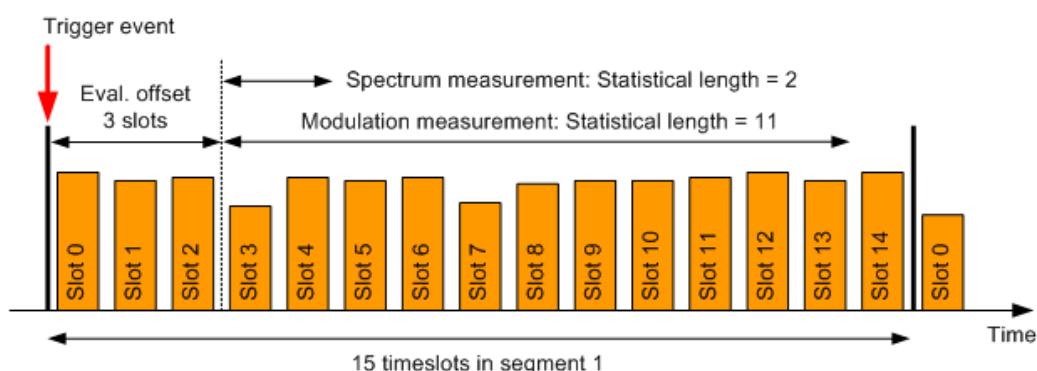
DC-HSUPA measurements are not supported in list mode.

In addition to segments with enabled measurements (active segments), the R&S CMW can also capture segments without any enabled measurements (inactive segments). Inactive segments are useful for time-consuming UE reconfiguration. For that purpose, you define alternating active and inactive segments. During the active segments, you perform measurements. During the inactive segments, you reconfigure the UE for the next measured segment.

The R&S CMW can capture up to 192000 timeslots (active plus inactive segments). It can measure up to 6000 timeslots (active segments). An active segment can comprise up to 1000 timeslots, an inactive segment up to 192000 timeslots.

It is possible to measure all slots of an active segment or to exclude slots at the beginning and/or the end of the segment. The evaluation offset specifies how many slots are excluded at the beginning of each segment. The statistical length defines the number of slots to be measured. The "current" result of a segment refers to the last measured slot of the statistical length. Additional statistical values (average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation) are calculated for the entire statistical length. The following figure provides a summary.

The modulation results provide also the UE power per segment. Also a UE power vs. slot measurement allows you to measure the UE power per slot. It can be enabled/disabled per segment. If enabled, it measures all slots of the segment. Similarly, the phase discontinuity vs. slot measurement provides one phase discontinuity result per slot.

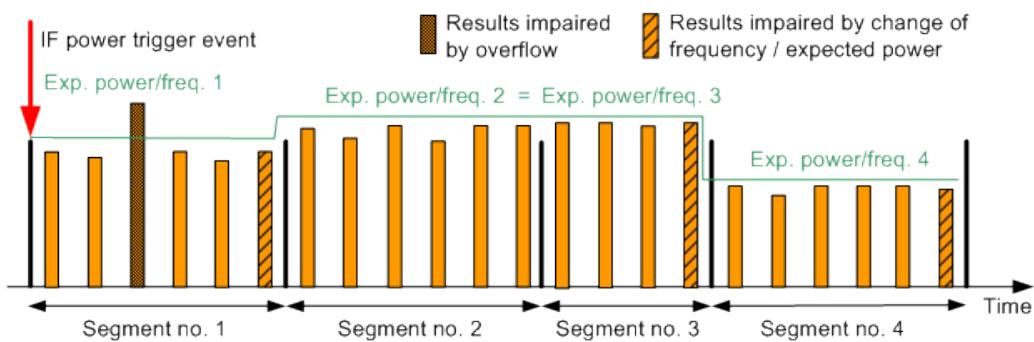


If two consecutive segments are measured at different RF frequencies or expected powers, the R&S CMW changes the analyzer settings in the last timeslot of the first segment. This change usually impairs the accuracy of the measurement results for this last slot (see segments 1, 3 and 4 in the figure below). Therefore, exclude these slots from the statistical length. UE power vs. slot measurements exclude these slots automatically and return NCAP as result. In the figure below segment 2 and segment 3 have the same analyzer settings, so that the last slot of segment 2 can be measured accurately.

Sometimes a slot cannot be measured accurately because of:

- Overflow (third slot of segment 1 in the figure),
- Low signal or
- Synchronization error.

If in the same time **Measure on Exception** is off, the results of the entire segment are INValid. The error cause is reported by the reliability indicator and the return code included in the measurement results. To identify the slot causing problems, you can use the UE power vs. slot measurement. This measurement returns the error cause as measurement result of the corresponding slot.



Trigger modes

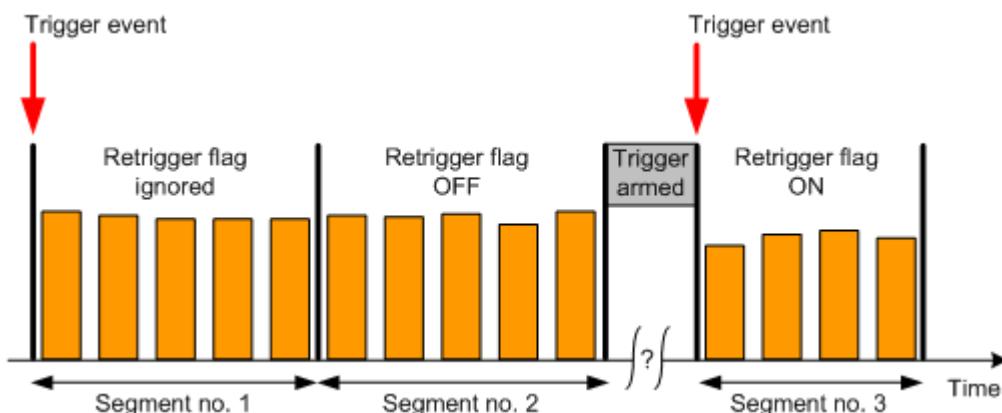
A list mode measurement can either be triggered only once, or it can be retriggered at the beginning of specified segments.

In "Once" mode, a trigger event is only required to start the measurement. As a result the entire range of segments is measured without additional trigger event. The trigger is rearmed after the measurement has been finished. Specified retrigger flags are ignored.

The "Once" mode is recommended for UL signals with accurate timing over the entire range of segments.

In "Segment" mode, the retrigger flag of each segment is evaluated. It defines whether the measurement waits for a trigger event before measuring the segment, or not. Retriggering the measurement is recommended if the timing of the first slot of a segment is inaccurate, e.g. because of signal reconfiguration at the UE. Furthermore retriggering from time to time can compensate for a possible time drift of the UE. The retrigger flag of the first segment of the measurement is always ignored (implicitly set to ON).

In the example shown below, the "Segment" mode is enabled. The retrigger flag is OFF for the second segment and ON for the third segment. Thus the measurement stops when the first and second segments have been captured and waits for a trigger event before capturing the third segment.



Remote commands

The list mode is essentially a single-shot remote control application. When a measurement is initiated in list mode, all defined segments are measured once. Afterwards, the results can be retrieved using `FETCh` commands. The parameters in the figures are set by the following remote control commands.

Table 3-1: List mode commands

Parameters	SCPI commands
Activate / deactivate list mode	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST</code>
Number of segments	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT</code>
Segment configuration (time-slots per segment, power and frequency)	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:SETUp</code>
Statistical length	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:CDPower</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:MODulation</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:PHD</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:SPECtrum</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:UEPower</code>
Evaluation offset	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:EOFFset</code>
Trigger mode	<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODE</code>
R&S CMWS connector	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CMWS:CMODE</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:CMWS:CONNector</code>
Retrieve results	<code>FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:...</code> <code>FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:...</code> See: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Chapter 3.5.3.32, "List Mode Results (One Segment)", on page 865• Chapter 3.5.3.33, "List Mode Results (All Segments, One Result)", on page 873• Chapter 3.5.3.34, "List Mode Results (All Segments, Result Groups)", on page 889

The list mode can be deactivated via command (see table above) and also via the GUI:

1. Go to local using the corresponding hotkey.

The active list mode is indicated in the upper right corner of the current view by the words "List Mode!". To display the current list mode settings, use the softkey/hotkey combination "Display > Select View ... > TX Measurement (Scalar)", see "[Multi-Evaluation List Mode: Settings View](#)" on page 718.

2. Open the configuration dialog box and disable the list mode in section "Measurement Control".



Global and list mode parameters

The RF settings (expected power, RF frequency) and most of the "Measurement Control" settings (timeslots per segment, statistical lengths, enable/disable results) are special list mode settings. The R&S CMW ignores the corresponding multi-evaluation parameters. All other settings are taken from the multi-evaluation measurement, e.g.:

- Measure on exception
- Some modulation / CDP settings, e.g. measurement period and analysis mode
- Trigger settings

3.2.4 WCDMA UL Signal Properties

This section describes the following selected topics related to WCDMA UL signal properties.

- [Dedicated Physical Channels](#)..... 690
- [Channelization Codes](#)..... 690
- [Operating Bands](#)..... 691

3.2.4.1 Dedicated Physical Channels

There are five types of uplink dedicated physical channels, listed in the following table. The third column indicates the spreading factor (SF) and for the (E-)DPCCH also the channelization code. For the other channels, the channelization code is variable. See also [Chapter 3.2.4.2, "Channelization Codes"](#), on page 690.

Table 3-2: Uplink dedicated physical channels

Channel type	Purpose	Properties
Dedicated physical control channel (DPCCH)	Carries control information associated with the DCH.	SF = 256 $C_{256, 0}$
Dedicated physical data channel (DPDCH)	Carries the DCH transport channel.	SF = 4 to 256
E-DCH dedicated physical control channel (E-DPCCH)	Carries control information associated with the E-DCH.	SF = 256 $C_{256, 1}$
E-DCH dedicated physical data channel (E-DPDCH)	Carries the E-DCH transport channel.	SF = 2 to 256
High speed dedicated physical control channel (HS-DPCCH)	Carries uplink feedback signaling related to high-speed downlink shared channel (HS-DSCH) transmission.	SF = 256

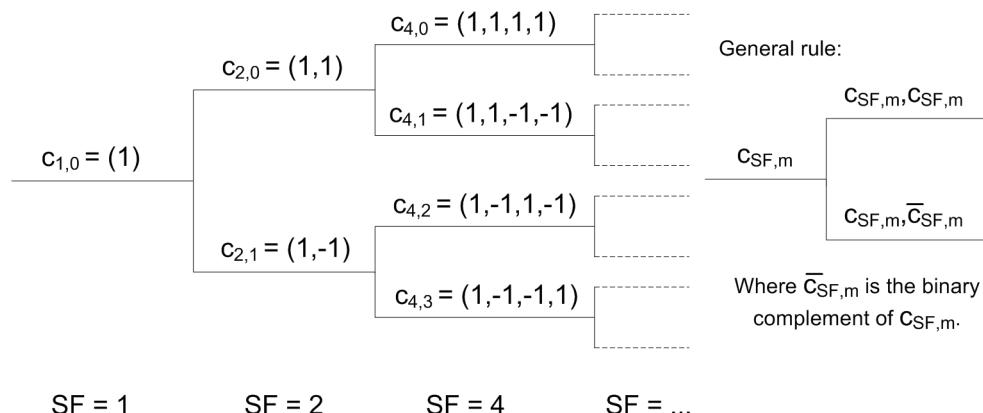
3.2.4.2 Channelization Codes

Channelization codes are used to separate different physical channels of the same carrier frequency, cell and user. The channelization operation is applied to the data part of physical channels. It transforms each data symbol into several chips. The number of chips per data symbol is called spreading factor (SF). The symbol rate of the

resulting channel equals the chip rate of the total signal divided by the spreading factor:

$$\text{Symbol rate (Channel)} = 3.84 \text{ Mcps} / \text{SF (Channel)}$$

The transformation operation involves channelization codes $c_{SF,m}$ defined in terms of the spreading factor SF and a code number m ranging from 0 to SF - 1. The codes $c_{SF,m}$ are called orthogonal variable spreading factor (OVSF) codes and are derived from a hierarchical tree:

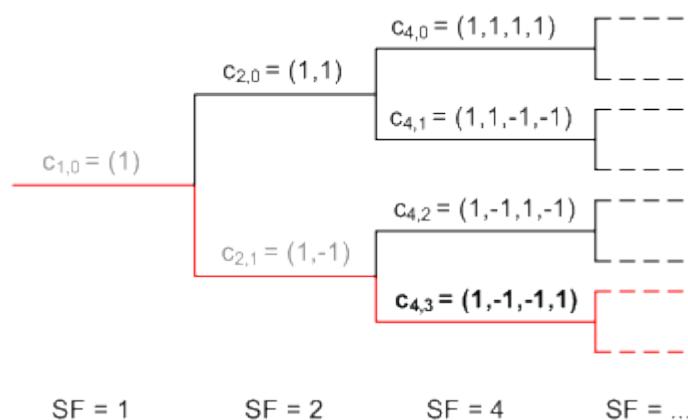


Observe the following rule for assignment of channelization codes to avoid code conflicts: Within each branch, only one code can be used at the same time.

This rule means:

- Other codes on the path between the code and the root of the tree must not be used.
- Codes in subbranches of the code (to the right of the code) must not be used.

For an example, see the figure below. The red parts are blocked when $c_{4,3}$ is used.



3.2.4.3 Operating Bands

The carrier frequencies for WCDMA uplink signals are defined in 3GPP TS 25.101 (except the S and L operating bands which are not standardized). Each operating band contains several uplink carrier frequencies and corresponding channel numbers -

UTRA absolute radio frequency channel number (UARFCN). The assignment between channel numbers N and carrier center frequencies F is defined as:

$$N = 5 * (F - F_{Offset}) / \text{MHz}$$

The table below provides an overview of all bands. For each band, it lists the offset frequencies F_{Offset} , channel numbers N and carrier center frequencies F. For some operating bands, a second row indicates additional center frequencies, which are shifted by 100 kHz relative to the normal 200 kHz raster. The channel numbers for these additional frequencies are either explicitly listed or indicated as discontinuous range with a step width of 25. The related center frequencies are listed as discontinuous ranges.

Table 3-3: Operating bands for uplink signals

Band	F_{Offset} in MHz	Channel No. N	F in MHz
1	0	9612 to 9888	1922.4 to 1977.6
2	0	9262 to 9538	1852.4 to 1907.6
	1850.1	12 to 287 (step 25)	1852.5 to 1907.5
3	1525	937 to 1288	1712.4 to 1782.6
4	1450	1312 to 1513	1412.4 to 1752.6
	1380.1	1662 to 1862 (step 25)	1712.5 to 1752.5
5	0	4132 to 4233	826.4 to 846.6
	670.1	782, 787, 807, 812, 837, 862	826.5 to 842.5
6	0	4162 to 4188	832.4 to 837.6
	670.1	812, 837	832.5, 837.5
7	2100	2012 to 2338	2502.4 to 2567.6
	2030.1	2362 to 2687 (step 25)	2502.5 to 2567.5
8	340	2712 to 2863	882.4 to 912.6
9	0	8762 to 8912	1752.4 to 1782.4
10	1135	2887 to 3163	1712.4 to 1767.6
	1075.1	3187 to 3462 (step 25)	1712.5 to 1767.5
11	733	3487 to 3562	1430.4 to 1445.4
12	-22	3617 to 3678	701.4 to 713.6
	-39.9	3707, 3732, 3737, 3762, 3767	701.5, 706.5, 707.5, 712.5, 713.5
13	21	3792 to 3818	779.4 to 784.6
	11.1	3842, 3867	779.5, 784.5
14	12	3892 to 3918	790.4 to 795.6
	2.1	3942, 3967	790.5, 795.5
15, 16, 17, 18			Reserved
19	770	312 to 363	832.4 to 842.6
	755.1	387, 412, 437	832.5, 837.5, 842.5
20	-23	4287 to 4413	834.4 to 859.6

Band	F_{Offset} in MHz	Channel No. N	F in MHz
21	1358	462 to 512	1450.4 to 1460.4
22	2525	4437 to 4813	3412.4 to 3487.6
25	875 639.1	4887 to 5188 6067 to 6367 (step 25)	1852.4 to 1912.6 1852.5 to 1912.5
26	-291 -325.9	5537 to 5688 5712, 5737, 5762, 5767, 5787, 5792, 5812, 5817, 5837, 5842, 5862	816.4 to 846.6 816.5, 821.5, 826.5, 827.5, 831.5, 832.5, 836.5, 837.5, 841.5, 842.5, 846.5
S	0 1000.1	10012 to 10088 5012 to 5087 (step 25)	2002.4 to 2017.6 2002.5 to 2017.5
S 170 MHz	0	10050 to 10100	2010.0 to 2020.0
S 190 MHz	0 1000.1	10000 to 10050 5012, 5037	2000.0 to 2010.0 2002.5, 2007.5
L	0 -30.1	8145 to 8290 8295 to 8441	1629.0 to 1658.0 1628.9 to 1658.1

3.2.5 Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements

Conformance requirements for WCDMA transmitter tests are specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5, "Transmitter Characteristics".

The following sections give an overview of the WCDMA multi-evaluation limit settings and the related test requirements.

- [Transmit Modulation Limits](#)..... 693
- [Code Domain Limits](#)..... 695
- [Power Control Limits](#)..... 697
- [ACLR Limits](#)..... 699
- [Spectrum Emission Mask](#)..... 700

3.2.5.1 [Transmit Modulation Limits](#)

A poor modulation accuracy of the UE transmitter increases the transmission errors in the uplink channel of the WCDMA network. The error vector magnitude (EVM) is the critical quantity to assess the modulation accuracy of a WCDMA UE.

According to 3GPP, the EVM measured at UE output powers ≥ -20 dBm and under normal operating conditions shall not exceed 17.5 %. The frequency error shall not exceed ± 0.1 ppm. Both values are set by default in the configuration dialog.

For the phase discontinuity 3GPP defines different requirements for signals with and without HSPA channels:

- For signals without HSPA channels, the phase discontinuity measured between any two adjacent slots has to be less than or equal to 36° . If phase discontinuity is

greater than 36°, then the next four measurements have to be less than or equal to 36°. No measurement shall exceed 66°.

- For signals with HSPA channels, the phase discontinuity must not exceed 36°. This limit must be checked at two specific measurement points of the transmitted UE on/off pattern. The pattern that must be transmitted by the UE is the same as for the HS-DPCCH power step measurement, test case TPC 0 dB (see [Chapter 3.2.5.3, "Power Control Limits", on page 697](#)).

For a measurement, conform to 3GPP use the default measurement positions (0.5 slots and 10.5 slots). Trigger the measurement using an external HS-DPCCH trigger one half-slot before the pattern starts with the DTX > ACK/NACK boundary.

According to 3GPP, the same measurement points can be used for the EVM limit check. However the R&S CMW checks the limit for all EVM results.

The configuration dialog provides separate phase discontinuity limit sets for signals with HSPA channels ("Phase Disc. HS-DPCCH") and without HSPA channels (UE phase discontinuity). Which limit set is active depends on the selected measurement period. A half-slot measurement is suitable for signals with HSPA channels (option R&S CMW-KM401 required), a full-slot measurement for signals without HSPA channels. See also parameter "[Measurement Period](#)" on page 733.

Limit		
	Peak	RMS
Magnitude Error	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.0 %	<input type="checkbox"/> 17.5 %
EVM	<input type="checkbox"/> 50.0 %	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 17.5 %
Phase Error	<input type="checkbox"/> 45.0 °	<input type="checkbox"/> 10.0 °
IQ Origin Offset	<input type="checkbox"/> -25.0 dB	
IQ Imbalance	<input type="checkbox"/> -15.0 dB	
Carrier Frequency Error	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 200 Hz	
Phase Disc. Active Limit	UE Phase Discontinuity	
UE Phase Discontinuity	(all full slot borders)	
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Upper Limit	66.0 °	
Dynamic Limit	36.0 °	
Phase Disc. HS-DPCCH	(selected measure points)	
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Meas. Point A	0.5 Slot	
Meas. Point B	10.5 Slot	
Limit	36.0 °	

Figure 3-2: Modulation limit settings

The table below lists the test requirements of 3GPP TS 34.121.

Characteristics	Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section...	Specified limit
EVM (RMS)	5.13.1 "Error Vector Magnitude (EVM)" 5.13.1A "Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH"	< 17.5 %
Frequency error	5.3 "Frequency Error"	< 0.1 ppm
Phase discontinuity	5.13.3 "UE Phase Discontinuity" 5.13.1AA "Error Vector Magnitude (EVM) and phase discontinuity with HS-DPCCH"	< 36° or 66°, see above for details

3.2.5.2 Code Domain Limits

According to the conformance requirements, the relative code domain error (RCDE) has to be measured for several UL signal configurations. The RCDE is affected by the beta values and spreading factors (SF) of the configured UL channels. The effective code domain power (ECDP) is defined to capture both effects into one parameter. The ECDP of a channel is calculated from the nominal CDP and the SF of the channel as follows:

$$(ECDP/dB) = Nominal\ CDP + 10 \cdot log(SF/256)$$

The nominal CDP of a channel is calculated from the beta factor of the channel (β_{CH}) and the beta factors of all active channels (β_i):

$$\text{Nominal CDP [dB]} = 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(\frac{\beta_{CH}^2}{\sum \beta_i^2} \right)$$

Both ECDP and nominal CDP are rounded to one decimal place.

To calculate ECDP and nominal CDP, the configured channels, their beta factors and spreading factors (SF) must be known by the instrument. Use the section "Expected ECDP" of the configuration dialog to specify this information. Activate exactly the channels configured in the UL signal and specify the beta values (the denominators are fix) and spreading factors. The resulting nominal CDP and ECDP values are displayed for information.

For the HS-DPCCH, you can configure three sets of values, depending on whether the HS-DPCCH transports an ACK, NACK or CQI. Use parameter "Used HS-DPCCH Config" to select which of the three sets is displayed and applied for the HS-DPCCH.

If the combined signal path scenario is active, in the expected ECDP table, the parameter "Beta / Spreding Factor Selection" decides, which application specifies the presence of uplink channels. Also their beta factor and spreading factor are set.

- **Auto:** the required information is delivered by the signaling application and displayed for information. In that case, you need only to select which set of values has to be used for the HS-DPCCH.
- **Manual:** the configuration is controlled by the WCDMA UE TX measurement application, manual settings possible.

The default values for the channels DPCCH, DPDCH and HS-DPCCH correspond to subtest 1 as specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, table C.10.1.4.

The default values for the enhanced channels correspond to subtest 4 as specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, table C.11.1.3.

Beta Factor	Spreading Factor	Nominal CDP [dB]	Effective CDP [dB]
11 / 15	256	-4.6	-4.6
15 / 15	64	-1.9	-7.9
0 / 225	256	---	---
0 / 225	256	---	---
0 / 225	2	---	---
0 / 225	2	---	---
0 / 225	2	---	---
0 / 225	2	---	---

ACK	Auto
ECDP [dB]	Limit
> -21.0	-15.5
-21.0 to ≥ -30.0	-36.5 - ECDP

ECDP [dB]	Limit
> -25.5	-17.5
-25.5 to ≥ -30.0	-43.0 - ECDP

Figure 3-3: Relative CDE limit settings (combined signal path)

The RCDE limits defined in 3GPP TS 34.121 depend on the modulation types of the channels. A single uplink channel is either BPSK or 4PAM modulated. It is located on one branch (I or Q) at a time. The combination of two BPSK or 4PAM modulated channels (one on the I- and one on the Q-branch) results in a constellation diagram resembling a QPSK or 16QAM modulation. These terms are used by 3GPP.

3GPP defines two requirements for each modulation type. The BPSK limits depend on the presence of 4PAM modulated channels in the signal. All limits are described below.

Individual values can be set per carrier in a dual uplink carrier configuration.

Only BPSK modulated channels configured

This section applies if the uplink signal contains only BPSK modulated channels, i.e. no 4PAM modulated channels at all are configured. The requirements are described in the following 3GPP TS 34.121 sections:

- 5.13.2A "Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH"
- 5.13.2B "Relative Code Domain Error with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH"

Limit checks are required if the following conditions are met for all channels:

- Nominal CDP \geq -20 dB
- ECDP \geq -30 dB

These conditions are not checked automatically. Please enable/disable the limit checks of the individual channels manually, according to the displayed nominal CDP and ECDP values.

The applicable limits are listed in the following table.

Table 3-4: Limits for BPSK modulated channels (no 4PAM channels present)

ECDP	RCDE limit
ECDP > -21 dB	≤ -15.5 dB
-21 dB ≥ ECDP ≥ -30 dB	≤ -36.5 dB - ECDP

These limits are configured as default values in the configuration dialog.

4PAM modulated channels configured

This section applies if the uplink signal contains at least one 4PAM modulated channel. BPSK modulated channels can also be configured. The requirements are described in the following 3GPP TS 34.121 section:

- 5.13.2C "Relative Code Domain Error for HS-DPCCH and E-DCH with 16QAM"

According to 3GPP limit checks are required if the following conditions are met for all channels:

- Nominal CDP ≥ -30 dB
- ECDP ≥ -30 dB

These conditions are not checked automatically. Please enable/disable the limit checks of the individual channels manually, according to the displayed nominal CDP and ECDP values.

The applicable limits differ for BPSK and 4PAM modulated channels and are listed in the following tables.

Table 3-5: Limits for BPSK modulated channels (4PAM channels present)

ECDP	RCDE limit
ECDP > -22 dB	≤ -17.5 dB
-22 dB ≥ ECDP ≥ -30 dB	≤ -39.5 dB - ECDP

Table 3-6: Limits for 4PAM modulated channels

ECDP	RCDE limit
ECDP > -25.5 dB	≤ -17.5 dB
-25.5 dB ≥ ECDP ≥ -30 dB	≤ -43 dB - ECDP

The 4PAM limits are configured as default values in the configuration dialog. Adjust the BPSK limits if 4PAM channels are present.

3.2.5.3 Power Control Limits

The transmission of ACK/NACK or CQI over the HS-DPCCH causes UE power steps. The allowed limits for these power steps are defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7A "HS-DPCCH power control". Two test cases are distinguished in the specification:

- Measurement at maximum UE power with TPC command = 1 (TPC 1dB)

- Measurement below maximum UE power with TPC command = 0 (TPC 0dB)

For these test cases, the UE must transmit specific patterns of ACK/NACK and CQI via the HS-DPCCH, as defined in the specification. To perform a conformance test, ensure that the UE transmits the required pattern. Trigger the measurement using an external HS-DPCCH trigger one half-slot before the pattern starts with the DTX > ACK/NACK boundary.

The specification defines power step limit ranges for both test cases:

- For power steps caused by TPC commands and
- For power steps at the boundaries between ACK/NACK, CQI and DTX transmission.

The limit ranges are calculated as follows:

First a nominal power step size is defined. This nominal power step size is rounded to the closest integer dB value. The integer value determines the tolerance (see table in specification and configuration dialog below). Finally the allowed limit range is calculated as the range between nominal power step size and integer value extended by the tolerance.

Example: nominal power step size at boundary DTX > ACK/NACK = 6.14 dB, integer value = 6 dB, tolerance = 2 dB, resulting range = (6-2 to 6.14+2) dB = 4 dB to 8.14 dB.

The configuration dialog allows you to set the following values:

- Nominal power step sizes for the boundaries DTX > ACK/NACK, ACK/NACK > CQI and CQI > DTX. The TPC nominal power step size is determined by the test case. The other required nominal power step sizes are calculated from these values (e.g. limit DTX > CQI = - limit CQI > DTX). All settings are located in the "HS-DPCCH Power Steps" section, see figure below.
- Tolerance values for several power step integer values. These settings are located in the "Exp. Power Step Limit" section, see figure below.

The HS-DPCCH power step limits are only active ("Active Limit Set" = HS-DPCCH) when a half-slot measurement period is selected (option R&S CMW-KM401 required). See also parameter "[Measurement Period](#)" on page 733.

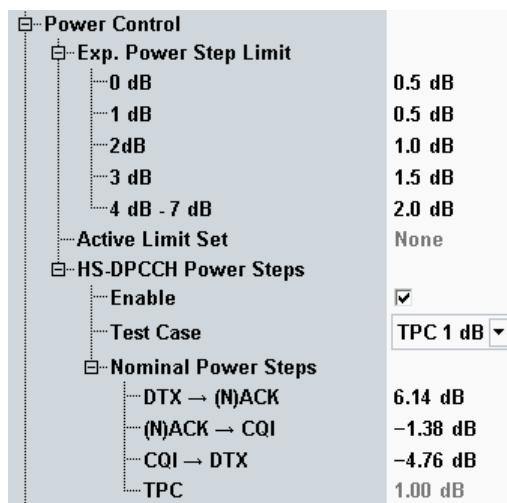


Figure 3-4: Power control limit settings

The TPC measurement provides additional power control tests and limit checks, see Chapter 4.2.6, "Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements", on page 921.

3.2.5.4 ACLR Limits

The energy that spills outside the designated radio channel increases the interference with adjacent channels and decreases the system capacity. The amount of unwanted off-carrier energy is assessed by the out-of-band emissions (excluding spurious emissions). These out-ofband emissions are specified in terms of the adjacent channel leakage power ratio (ACLR) and the spectrum emission mask.

The ACLR limits are defined in the configuration dialog.

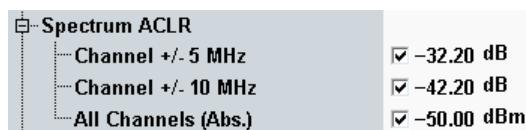


Figure 3-5: ACLR limit settings

For both power class 3 and power class 4 UE, the ACLR shall not exceed -32.2 dB for channels ±1 and -42.2 dB for channels ±2. The limits must be met if the adjacent channel power is larger than -50 dBm (absolute limit).

The frequencies of adjacent channels are stated in the table below.

Adjacent channel	Adjacent channel frequency (single uplink carrier)	Adjacent channel frequency (dual uplink carrier)
±1	±5 MHz from the center frequency	±7.5 MHz from the center frequency of both carriers
±2	±10 MHz from the center frequency	±12.5 MHz from the center frequency of both carriers

The table below lists the test requirements of specification 3GPP TS 34.121.

Characteristics	Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section...	Specified limit
ACLR	5.10 "Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)" 5.10A "Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) with HS-DPCCH" 5.10B "Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) with E-DCH"	<-32.2 dB (channels ±1) <-42.2 dB (channels ±2) ¹⁾

Note 1) For compatibility with other R&S CMW measurements, we define the ACLR and the limits with a relative minus sign compared to the 3GPP specification.

ACLR values are available as absolute power levels (dBm) and as power levels relative to the carrier power (dB). The relative power levels are used to check relative limits, the absolute power levels to check absolute limits. The absolute power levels are derived from the relative power levels via a conversion procedure. For current values, the conversion is based on the current carrier power. For average and maximum values, it is based on the average carrier power.

3.2.5.5 Spectrum Emission Mask

The spectrum emission mask complements the ACLR limits. The limits are defined in the configuration dialog.

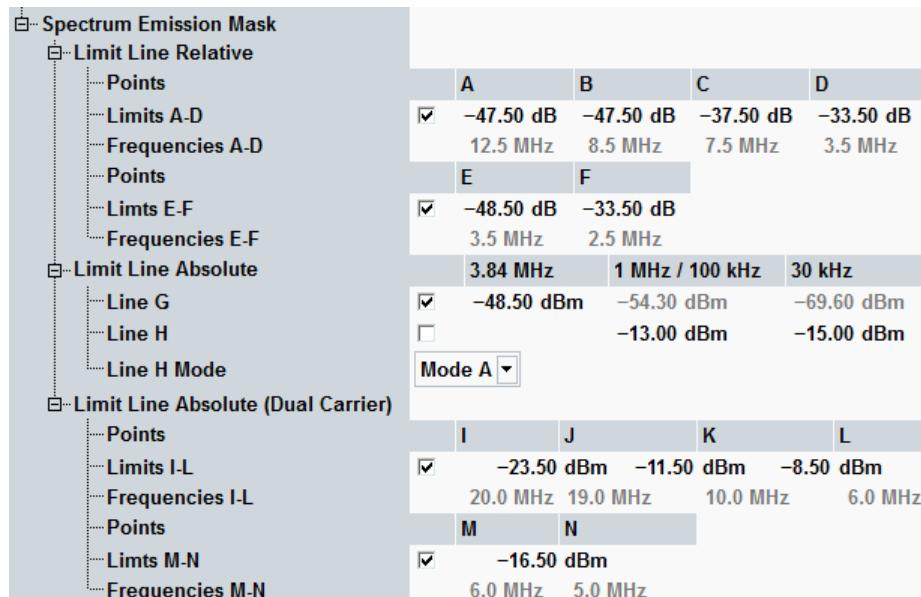


Figure 3-6: Spectrum emission mask limit settings

The mask is defined as described in the following tables. The corresponding R&S CMW settings (points and lines) are indicated.

These requirements are defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, sections 5.9 "Spectrum Emission Mask", 5.9A and 5.9B.

The first table lists a relative requirement (dB relative to carrier) and an absolute requirement (dBm). The higher of the two power limits applies.

Also the requirements in the subsequent tables have to be fulfilled, depending on the operating band. When you select an operating band with additional requirements, the line H mode is set automatically (a manual override is possible). The mode determines the frequency offset range to be used for the limit check (first column of the tables) and the measurement bandwidth (last column). The limit value settings (second column) are not influenced by the line H mode and have to be set manually.

Table 3-7: Spectrum emission mask for single carrier in uplink

$\Delta f^1)$	Relative requirement	Absolute requirement ²⁾	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 MHz to 3.5 MHz	$-33.5 \text{ dBc} - 15 * (\Delta f / \text{MHz} - 2.5) \text{ dBc}$ (--> point E, F)	-69.6 dBm (--> line G)	30 kHz
3.5 MHz to 7.5 MHz	$-33.5 \text{ dBc} - 1 * (\Delta f / \text{MHz} - 3.5) \text{ dBc}$ (--> point C, D)	-54.3 dBm (--> line G)	1 MHz
7.5 MHz to 8.5 MHz	$-37.5 \text{ dBc} - 10 * (\Delta f / \text{MHz} - 7.5) \text{ dBc}$ (--> point B, C)	-54.3 dBm (--> line G)	1 MHz
8.5 MHz to 12.5 MHz	-47.5 dBc (--> point A, B)	-54.3 dBm (--> line G)	1 MHz

Table 3-8: Additional requirements for single carrier in uplink

$\Delta f^1)$	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
Requirements for bands II, IV, X, XXV:		
2.5 MHz to 3.5 MHz	-15 dBm (--> line H, mode A)	30 kHz
3.5 MHz to 12.5 MHz	-13 dBm (--> line H, mode A)	1 MHz
Requirements for bands V, XXVI:		
2.5 MHz to 3.5 MHz	-15 dBm (--> line H, mode B)	30 kHz
3.5 MHz to 12.5 MHz	-13 dBm (--> line H, mode B)	100 kHz
Requirements for bands XII, XIII, XIV:		
2.5 MHz to 2.6 MHz	-13 dBm (--> line H, mode C)	30 kHz
2.6 MHz to 12.45 MHz	-13 dBm (--> line H, mode C)	100 kHz

Note 1) Δf is the separation between the carrier center frequency and the center of the measurement bandwidth. Each linear limit line section is defined by a pair of points (A, B), (B, C), ..., (E, F), assuming a linear power/frequency dependence or by a horizontal line. The first and last measurement positions depend on the measurement bandwidth and on the operating band. They are implemented as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.9.

Note 2) The absolute limit equals -48.5 dBm referenced to a 3.84 MHz filter. The corresponding limits for a 1 MHz filter and a 30 kHz filter can be calculated from this limit as follows:

$$-48.5 \text{ dBm} + 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(\frac{1}{3.84} \right) \text{ dB} \approx -54.3 \text{ dBm}$$

Figure 3-7: Absolute limit for 1 MHz filter

$$-48.5 \text{ dBm} + 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left(\frac{0.03}{3.84} \right) \text{ dB} \approx -69.6 \text{ dBm}$$

Figure 3-8: Absolute limit for 30 kHz filter

All measured spectrum emission values are relative to the UE output power measured in a 3.84 MHz bandwidth (reference power). These dB values are used to check relative limits. To check absolute limits, the relative spectrum emission values are converted into absolute values (dBm). For current values, the conversion is based on the current reference power. For average and maximum values, it is based on the average reference power.

The complete spectrum emission mask for band II is shown in the figure below.

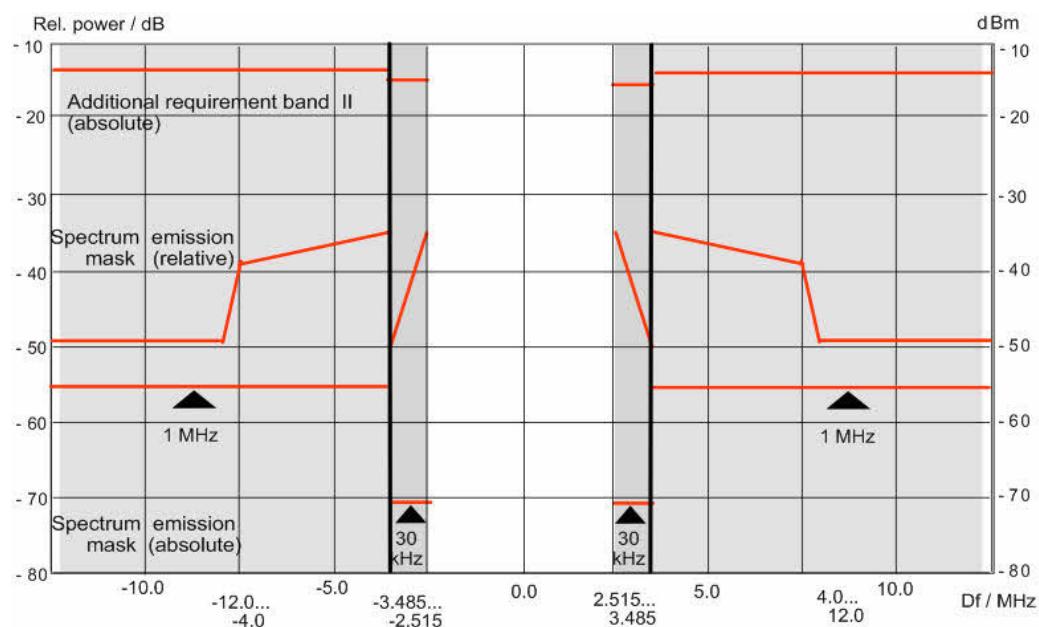


Figure 3-9: Spectrum emission mask (band II - single uplink carrier)

The spectrum emission mask for dual carrier in uplink differs as stated in the following table.

Table 3-9: Spectrum emission mask for DC-HSUPA

$\Delta f^3)$	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
$\pm (5 \text{ MHz to } 6 \text{ MHz})$	-16.5 dBm (--> point M, N)	30 kHz
$\pm (6 \text{ MHz to } 10 \text{ MHz})$	-8.5 dBm (--> point K, L)	1 MHz
$\pm (10 \text{ MHz to } 19 \text{ MHz})$	-11.5 dBm (--> point J, K)	1 MHz

Δf ³⁾	Additional requirement	Measurement bandwidth
\pm (19 MHz to 20 MHz)	-23.5 dBm (--> point I, J)	1 MHz
Additional requirements for DC-HSUPA in bands II, IV, V, X, XXV, XXVI:		
\pm (5 MHz to 6 MHz)	-18 dBm (--> point M, N)	30 kHz
\pm (6 MHz to 19 MHz)	-13 dBm (--> point J, L)	1 MHz
\pm (19 MHz to 20 MHz)	-125 dBm (--> point I, J)	1 MHz

Note 3) Δf is the separation between the center frequency of both carriers and the center of the measurement bandwidth. Each linear limit line section is defined by a pair of points (I, J), (J, K), (K, L) and (M, N), assuming a linear power/frequency dependence. They are implemented as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.9D.

3.2.6 Measurement Results

The results of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement are displayed in several different views. Use the "Display > Select View ..." combination to select the views and to change the appearance and contents of the views. The views are described in the following sections.

● Overview	703
● Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE	705
● Detailed Views: Relative CDE	706
● Detailed Views: I/Q Constellation Diagram	707
● Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps	708
● Detailed Views: Phase Discontinuity	710
● Detailed Views: CD Monitor	712
● Detailed Views: ACLR	713
● Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask	715
● TX Measurement and RX Measurement	716
● Selecting and Modifying Views	718
● Using Markers	719
● Common View Elements	719

3.2.6.1 Overview

In the overview a selection of the following results can be displayed:

- Error vector magnitude (multislot and vs chip)
- Magnitude error (multislot and vs chip)
- Phase error (multislot and vs chip)
- I/Q constellation diagram
- Phase discontinuity
- Frequency error
- UE power

- Power steps
- Code domain monitor (CDM)
- Code domain power (CDP) vs slot
- Code domain error (CDE) vs slot
- Relative CDE vs slot
- ACLR
- Spectrum emission mask
- Most important results of detailed views TX measurement and RX measurement

See also: "TX Measurements" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Figure 3-10: WCDMA multi-evaluation: overview

The results to be measured and displayed in the overview can be limited using the hotkey "Assign Views", see ["Assign Views \(Hotkey\)" on page 731](#).

You can enlarge one of the diagrams in the overview and show a detailed view with additional measurement results, see [Chapter 3.2.6.11, "Selecting and Modifying Views", on page 718](#).

The traces and bar graphs are described in the "Detailed Views" sections.

3.2.6.2 Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE

This section applies to the following detailed views:

- Error vector magnitude (multislot and vs chip)
- Magnitude error (multislot and vs chip)
- Phase error (multislot and vs chip)
- Frequency error
- Code domain power (CDP) vs slot
- Code domain error (CDE) vs slot

Each of the detailed views shows one diagram per carrier and a statistical overview of single-slot results.

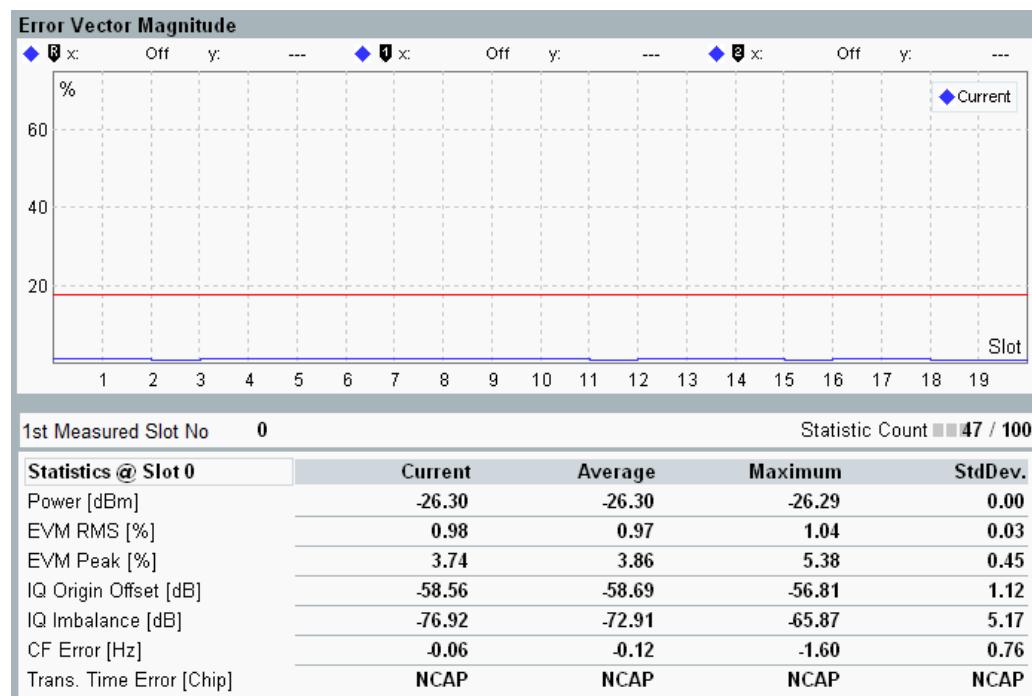


Figure 3-11: WCDMA multi-evaluation: EVM

- Error vector magnitude, magnitude error, phase error and frequency error
The diagrams cover a time interval of up to 120 slots. The "Current" traces contain one measurement result per slot or half-slot. Each result is calculated as the average of all samples in the slot or half-slot, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and at the end.
- Error vector magnitude vs chip, magnitude error vs chip, and phase error vs chip
The diagrams cover all 2560 chips of the preselected slot and contain one measurement result per chip.
- CDP vs slot and CDE vs slot
The diagrams cover a time interval of up to 120 slots. The CDP or CDE of all uplink dedicated physical channels can be displayed simultaneously. A gap within a line indicates that the channel was not present (detected) during that time. The code

domain measurements are not relevant for QPSK-modulated signals (see parameter "[UL Configuration](#)" on page 727).

See also [Chapter 3.2.4.1, "Dedicated Physical Channels"](#), on page 690

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.3 Detailed Views: Relative CDE

The relative code domain error (RCDE) results are displayed in one diagram per carrier and two tables.

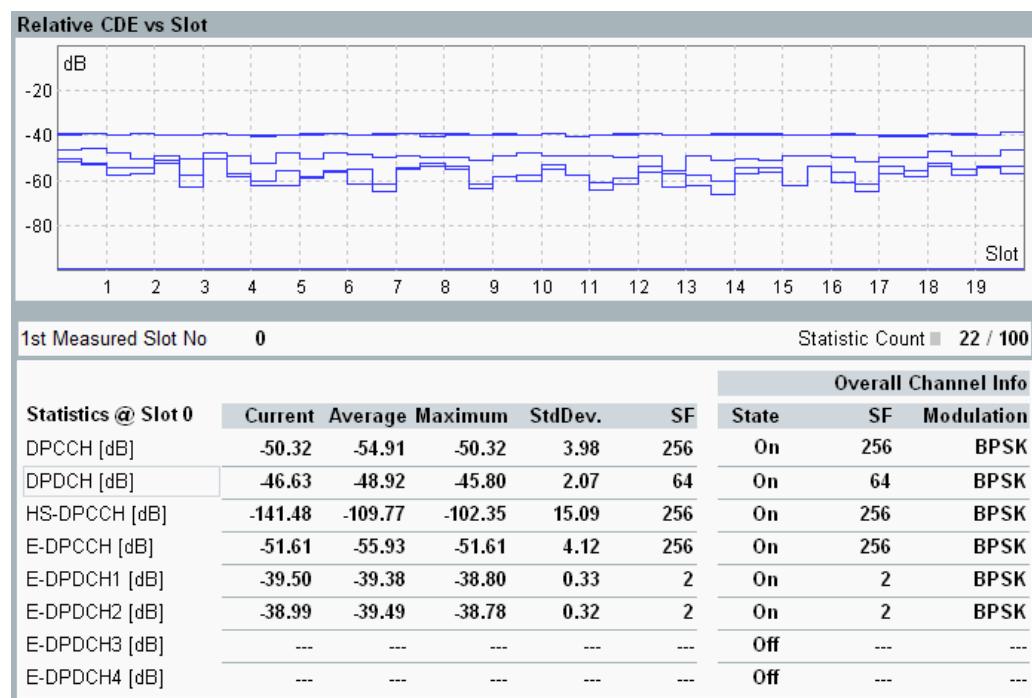


Figure 3-12: WCDMA multi-evaluation: RCDE results

Each RCDE vs slot value is determined by projecting the error vector onto the code domain. As defined by 3GPP, the error vector is calculated relative to the reference signal of the channel. In contrast to CDE vs slot results, for which the error vector is calculated relative to the entire composite reference signal.

The diagram covers a time interval of up to 120 slots with one measurement result per slot or half-slot. The RCDE of all uplink dedicated physical channels can be displayed simultaneously. A gap within a line indicates that the channel was not present (detected) during that time. See also [Chapter 3.2.4.1, "Dedicated Physical Channels"](#), on page 690.

The table to the left provides a statistical overview of RCDE single-slot results and the current spreading factor (SF).

The "Overall Channel Info" table to the right shows results related to the entire measurement duration. The results allow you to assess the stability of the physical channels concerning presence, SF and modulation type.

- State:
On = channel on since start of measurement
Off = channel off since start of measurement
Var = channel has been on and off
- SF:
 $\langle SF \rangle$ = constant spreading factor $\langle SF \rangle$
 $\langle SF \rangle$ (Var) = varying spreading factor, $\langle SF \rangle$ is smallest value
- Modulation:
BPSK / 4PAM = constant modulation type
4PAM (Var) = BPSK and 4PAM occurred

You can use the overall channel info to verify the success of the measurement. Critical values are:

- Var values (instability)
- State = Off for configured channels
- Unexpected SF or modulation type

In the configuration with dual uplink carrier, the scalar results appear in two individual views: statistics and channel info view. For an appearance, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.11, "Selecting and Modifying Views"](#), on page 718.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.4 Detailed Views: I/Q Constellation Diagram

The constellation diagram shows the modulation symbols as points in the I/Q plane.

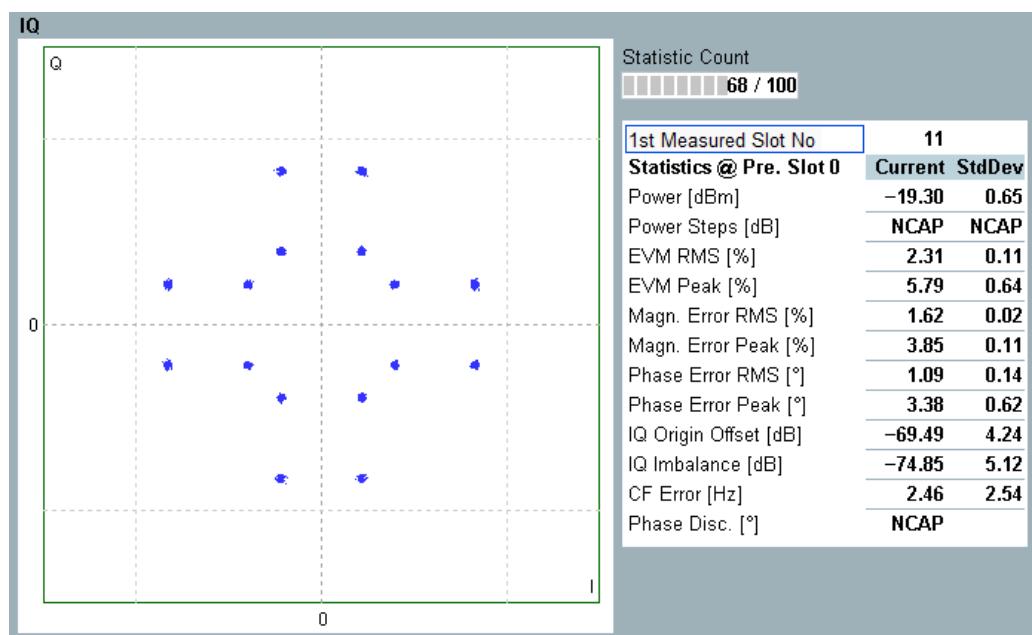


Figure 3-13: WCDMA multi-evaluation: I/Q constellation diagram

The constellation diagram depends on the modulation type. For an ideal single QPSK signal, the constellation diagram consists of four points on a circle around the origin, with relative phase angles of 90 deg. If several physical channels with different power levels contribute to the analyzed signal, more constellation points occur. The example above shows a signal configuration including high-speed channels.

For QPSK signals, select the correct orientation of the diagram to determine correct I/Q imbalance results, see parameter "["Rotation"](#)" on page 735.

See also: "I/Q Constellation Diagram" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.5 Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps

Each of the detailed views shows a diagram per carrier and a statistical overview of single-slot results.

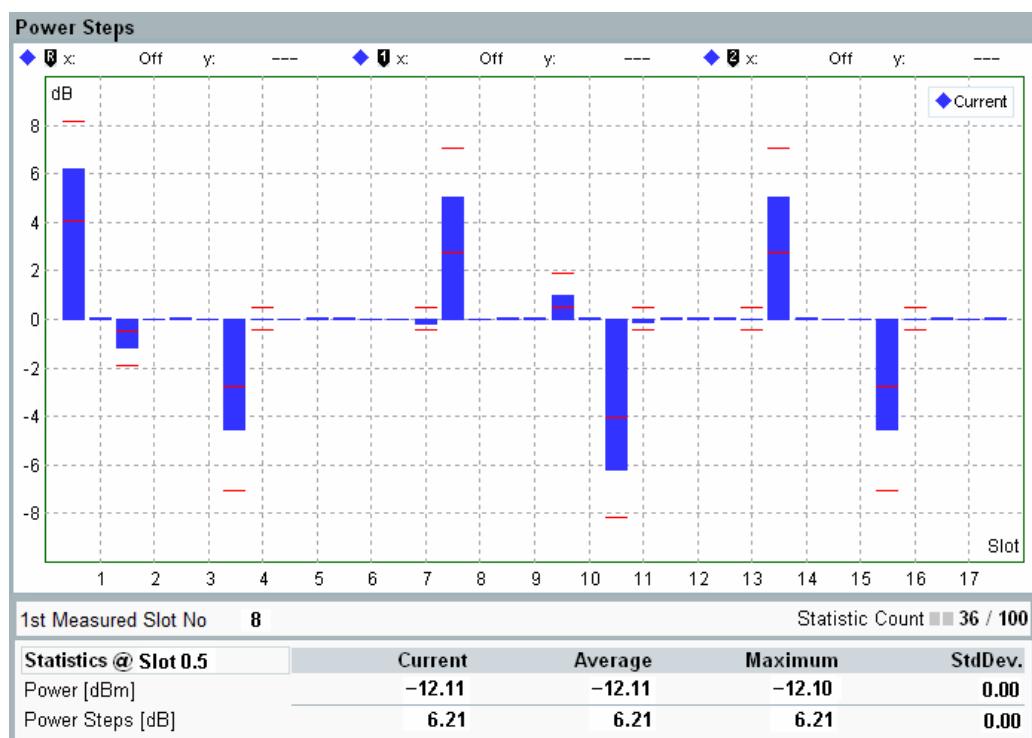


Figure 3-14: WCDMA multi-evaluation: power steps (with HSPA channels, test case TPC 0 dB)

- Power

Transmitter output power of the UE, measured in a bandwidth of at least $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate, where α is the roll-off factor of the WCDMA channel filter. The UE power corresponds to the mean power defined in 3GPP TS 34.121.

The diagram covers a time interval of up to 120 slots. The "Current" traces contain one measurement result per slot or half-slot. Each result is calculated as the average of all samples in the slot or half-slot, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and at the end.

- Power steps

The bar graph covers a time interval of up to 120 slots. For each slot boundary, it displays the difference between the UE power of the previous and the next slot (for a half-slot measurement period: the difference between the previous and next half-slot for each half-slot boundary).

The example above shows a half-slot measurement. The red limit lines display the limit ranges resulting from the HS-DPCCH limit set with test case TPC 0 dB, see [Chapter 3.2.5.3, "Power Control Limits"](#), on page 697.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

Additional UE power and power step measurements of release 99 uplink signals are provided by the TPC measurement, see [Chapter 4, "WCDMA TPC Measurement"](#), on page 911.

3.2.6.6 Detailed Views: Phase Discontinuity

The phase discontinuity is displayed in a bar graph and as statistical data.

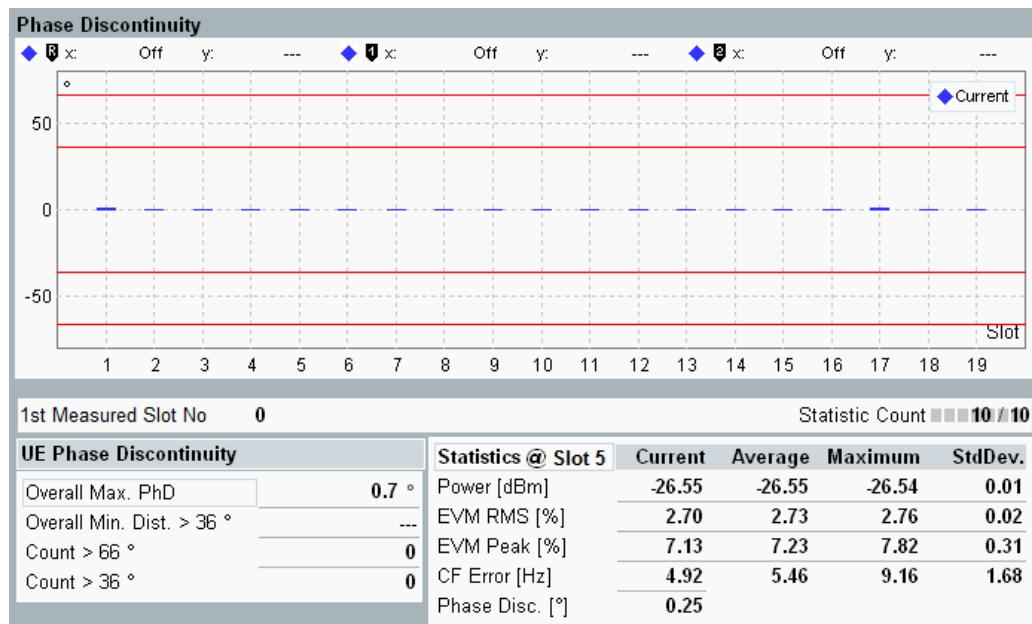


Figure 3-15: WCDMA multi-evaluation: phase discontinuity (configuration without HSPA channels)

The bar graph of a full-slot measurement shows the phase discontinuity at up to 119 slot boundaries. The bar graph of a half-slot measurement shows the phase discontinuity at the boundaries between first and second half-slot of up to 120 slots.

Below the bar graph two tables display statistical data. The table to the left is directly related to the limits. The applicable limits depend on the measurement period. Different data is displayed for half-slot measurements (used to measure signals with HSPA channels) and full-slot measurements (used to measure signals without HSPA channels). Both table versions are described below.

See also parameter "[Measurement Period](#)" on page 733 and [Chapter 3.2.5.1, "Transmit Modulation Limits"](#), on page 693

UE phase discontinuity (configuration without HSPA channels)

All values are related to the entire measurement duration:

- Overall maximum phase discontinuity since the start of the measurement
- Overall minimum distance > 36°: Minimum slot distance (since the start of the measurement) between phase discontinuity results exceeding the dynamic limit
- Count > 66°: Number of phase discontinuity results exceeding the upper limit. The value 66° is the default upper limit. If the upper limit has been modified, the new value is displayed instead.
- Count > 36°: Number of phase discontinuity results exceeding the dynamic limit. The value 36° is the default dynamic limit. If the dynamic limit has been modified, the new value is displayed instead.

The values 36° and 66° are administrable limits.

Phase discontinuity HS-DPCCH (configuration with HS-DPCCH)

The following data is displayed instead of the UE phase discontinuity.

Phase Discontinuity HS-DPCCH		
Overall Max. PhD	43.1 °	
Measure Points	76	
Count > 36 °	0	0.00 %
PhD (HS-DPCCH)	Current	Maximum
A @ Slot 0.5	6.1 °	17.1 °
B @ Slot 10.5	2.5 °	17.7 °

- Overall maximum phase discontinuity since the start of the measurement
- Measure points: number of points (A + B) measured since the start of the measurement
- Count > 36°: Number of phase discontinuity results exceeding the limit. All results measured at point A or B are considered. The count is indicated as absolute number and as percentage of the measure points. The value 36° is the default limit value. If the limit has been modified, the new value is displayed instead.
- Phase discontinuity at point A and point B. "Current" shows the result obtained in the last measurement interval while "Maximum" refers to the largest "Current" value since the start of the measurement.



Additional information: Phase discontinuity

Phase discontinuity is the change in phase between two adjacent timeslots. The phase discontinuity is measured in accordance with the definition of the conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121:

For full-slot measurements (no HSPA channels):

- A linear best-fit to the phase error curve in each timeslot (excluding the 25 µs transient periods on either side of the timeslot boundaries) and
- An extrapolation onto the slot boundaries yields an estimate of the phase error at the beginning and at the end of each slot.
- The phase discontinuity is defined as:
 - The difference between the extrapolated phase at the end of the timeslot preceding the slot boundary and
 - The extrapolated phase at the start of the timeslot following the slot boundary.

For configurations with HSPA channels, a timing offset of one half-slot between a DPCCH timeslot and an HS-DPCCH timeslot is required (according to 3GPP TS 34.121). Thus the HS-DPCCH slot boundaries are at the middle of the DPCCH timeslots, between the first and second half-slot:

- Using a half-slot measurement, a linear best-fit is applied to the phase error curve in each half-slot (excluding the 25 µs transient periods) and
- Extrapolated onto the boundary between the first and second half-slot.
- The phase discontinuity is defined as:
 - The difference between the extrapolated phase at the end of the first half-slot and
 - The extrapolated phase at the start of the second half-slot.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.7 Detailed Views: CD Monitor

The code domain monitor displays the code domain power (CDP) and code domain error (CDE) for all code channels, measured in the preselected slot. The code domain measurements are not relevant for QPSK-modulated signals (see parameter "[UL Configuration](#)" on page 727).

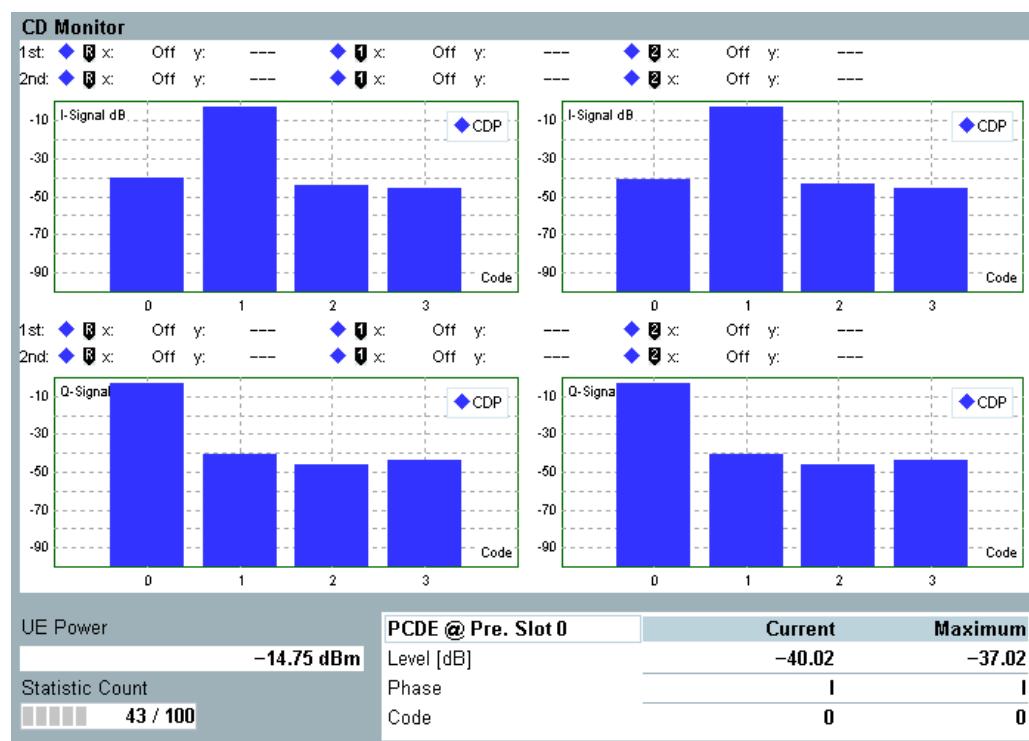


Figure 3-16: WCDMA multi-evaluation: CD monitor (half-slot measurement, CDP only)

Separate bar graphs are available for the I-branch and the Q-branch of the signal. For each bar graph, the displayed trace type (CDP and/or CDE) can be selected. The example above shows the bar graphs of a half-slot measurement. Both the results for the first half-slot (left) and the second half-slot (right) are displayed. For a full-slot measurement, the view contains two bar-graphs instead of four.

The results are determined assuming a selectable uniform spreading factor (SF) for all channels (see parameter "CDP Spreading Factor" on page 735). The number of displayed bars (code channels) corresponds to the selected SF. A signal component with a spreading factor smaller than the selected SF occupies several adjacent bars.

The table below the bar graphs provides information concerning the peak code domain error (PCDE). In addition to the PCDE value (level in dB) the phase (I-Signal or Q-Signal) and the code of the channel where the PCDE was measured are displayed in the table. For a PCDE measurement according to 3GPP TS 34.121, the spreading factor must be set to 4.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.8 Detailed Views: ACLR

The ACLR results are measured in the preselected slot. The results are displayed in a bar graph and as a table of statistical results.

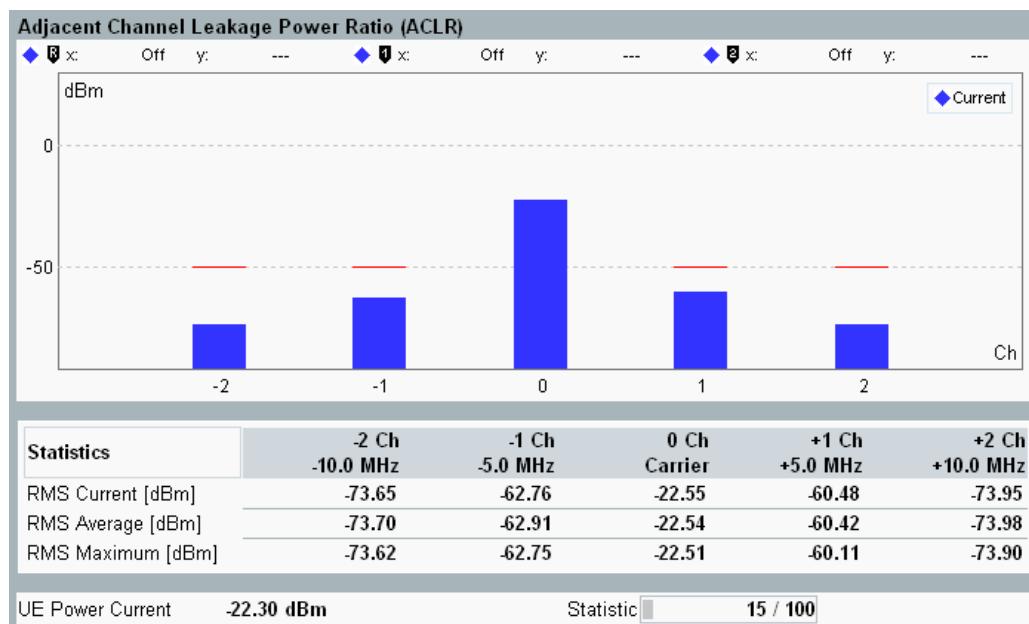


Figure 3-17: WCDMA multi-evaluation: ACLR

The method of measurement ensures that the results correspond to the ACLR specified in 3GPP TS 34.121 where a WCDMA channel filter is used. According to the specification, ACLR tests must be carried out at maximum output power of the UE.

The central bar shows the power at the nominal UL carrier frequency. Either the "Current", "Average" or "Maximum" values can be displayed in the bar graph. The table below the bar graph provides all these values.

- In the configuration with single uplink carrier, the bars ± 1 correspond:
 - To the first adjacent channels (± 5 MHz from the UL frequency) and
 - The second adjacent channels (± 10 MHz from the UL frequency).
- In the configuration with dual uplink carrier,
 - The 1st adjacent channels are ± 7.5 MHz from the center carrier frequency and
 - The 2nd adjacent channels are ± 12.5 MHz from the center carrier frequency.

The center carrier frequency is in the middle between the carrier one and the carrier two displayed as "Carrier Sum". Also the values measured at the center frequencies of carrier one and carrier two are displayed.

The adjacent channel powers can be displayed as relative power levels (dB) referenced to the carrier power or as absolute power levels (dBm). The absolute power levels are derived from the relative power levels via a conversion procedure. For current values, the conversion is based on the current carrier power. For average and maximum values, it is based on the average carrier power.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

3.2.6.9 Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask

The spectrum emission of the UE is measured in the preselected slot. The results are displayed in a diagram and as a table of statistical results.

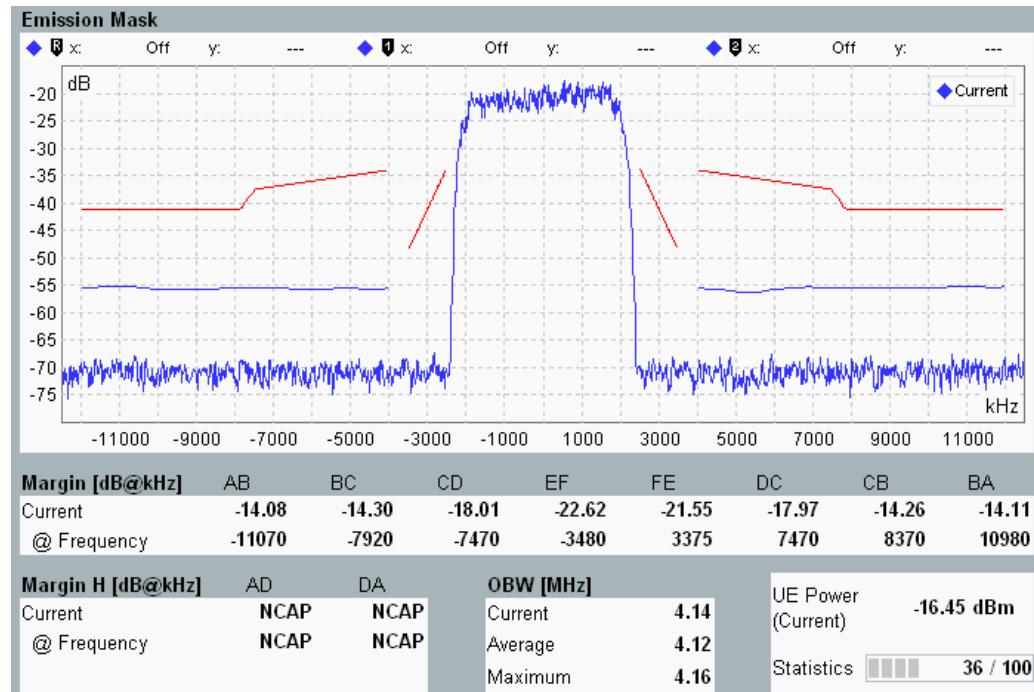


Figure 3-18: WCDMA multi-evaluation: emission mask

The measurement covers a symmetric, 25 MHz wide frequency range around the UE center carrier frequency. The maximum display range is [carrier frequency -12.5 MHz, carrier frequency +12.5 MHz]. According to the specification 3GPP TS 34.121, a resolution filter of Gaussian shape with a bandwidth of 30 kHz, 100 kHz or 1 MHz is used. All measured spectrum emission values are relative to the UE output power measured in a 3.84 MHz bandwidth (reference power).

The example shows results measured with the 30 kHz filter bandwidth (lower blue curve, including the center) and 1 MHz bandwidth (curves at offset frequencies larger than 4 MHz).

Either the "Current", "Average" or "Maximum" values can be displayed in the diagram. The margin tables below the diagram provide all these values.

The margin and margin H tables contain values which are relevant for the limit check; see [Chapter 3.2.5.5, "Spectrum Emission Mask", on page 700](#).

The margin values indicate the vertical distance between the spectrum emission mask and the result trace. Within each limit line section (e.g. AB) the margin represents the worst value, i.e. the maximum determined for the frequencies of the section:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{maximum } (P(f)\text{trace} - P(f)\text{mask})$$

A positive margin indicates that the limit is exceeded. The X-position of each margin (offset frequency at which the margin has been found) is displayed below the margin value.

In the same way, the margin H values indicate distances to limit line H (additional requirements for single carrier in uplink).

The occupied bandwidth (OBW) is defined as width of a frequency range around the assigned channel frequency containing 99% of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum.

In the configuration with dual uplink carrier, the measurement is extended to the frequency range of 40 MHz around the center frequency between the two carriers. The results are analogical to the results of single uplink carrier. Margin H is not relevant in this setup.

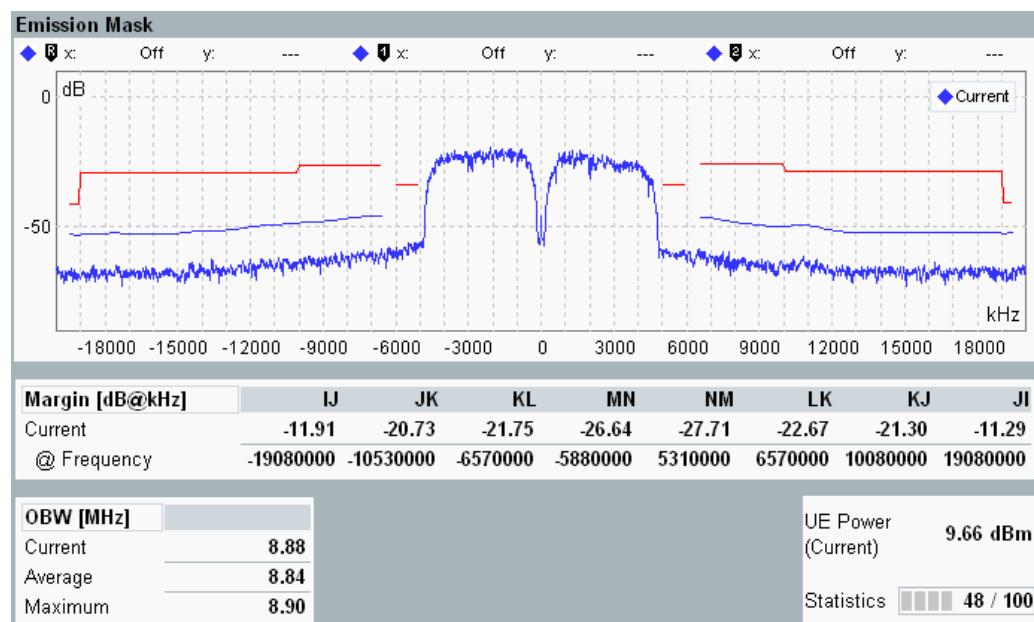


Figure 3-19: WCDMA multi-evaluation: emission mask (dual carrier in uplink)

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719 and [Chapter 3.2.6.11, "Selecting and Modifying Views"](#), on page 718.

3.2.6.10 TX Measurement and RX Measurement

This view contains tables of statistical results for the TX and RX measurements.

TX Measurement					
1st Measured Slot No	14		Statistic Count ■ 100 / 100		
Statistics @ Pre. Slot 0 1st Half	Current	Average	Max	StdDev	
Power [dBm]	-14.74	-14.74	-14.73	0.01	
Power Steps [dB]	NCAP	NCAP	NCAP	NCAP	
EVM RMS [%]	2.13	2.20	2.50	0.12	
EVM Peak [%]	4.66	4.86	6.39	0.56	
Magnitude Error RMS [%]	1.58	1.60	1.64	0.02	
Magnitude Error Peak [%]	3.81	3.71	-3.92	0.11	
Phase Error RMS [°]	0.81	0.86	1.11	0.10	
Phase Error Peak [°]	-2.28	2.62	3.56	0.36	
IQ Origin Offset [dB]	-63.10	-66.27	-60.41	3.57	
IQ Imbalance [dB]	-72.04	-72.35	-66.43	5.19	
CF Error [Hz]	-1.91	-0.86	-6.49	2.43	
Trans. Time Error [Chip]	NCAP	NCAP	NCAP	NCAP	
Phase Disc. [°]	-21.57				
OBW [MHz]	4.11	4.12	4.16		

RX Measurement					
Transport Block Count	0 / 100	BER	NCAP	BLER	NCAP

Figure 3-20: WCDMA multi-evaluation: overview of statistical results

TX measurement

The table provides an overview of statistical values measured in the preselected slot. In a dual uplink carrier operation, the results are displayed per carrier. Other detailed views provide a subset of these values:

- Power: Transmitter output power of the UE, see also [Chapter 3.2.6.5, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#), on page 708.
- Power steps: Difference between the UE power of the preselected (half-) slot and the previous (half-) slot, see also [Chapter 3.2.6.5, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#), on page 708.
- EVM, magnitude error, phase error, I/Q origin offset, I/Q imbalance and carrier frequency error.
- Transmit time error: Difference between the actual timing and the expected timing. The timing error measurement requires an external trigger signal to derive the expected timing. Suitable trigger signals are e.g. the frame trigger signal provided by the signaling application or an external trigger fed in at the TRIG A or TRIG B connector. Availability depends on instrument model.
Please check the data sheet to verify whether the timing error measurement has already been officially released and provides sufficient accuracy.
- Phase discontinuity: change in phase between two adjacent timeslots, see also ["Additional information: Phase discontinuity"](#) on page 712.
- Occupied bandwidth (OBW): width of a frequency range around the assigned channel frequency containing 99% of the total integrated power of the transmitted spectrum.

See also: "TX Measurements" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

RX measurement

For information about this measurement, refer to [Chapter 3.2.2, "WCDMA RX Tests"](#), on page 685.

The table provides the following results:

- Transport block count: Number of transport data blocks received since the start of the measurement
- Bit error rate (BER): Percentage of received data bits that were erroneous
- Block error ratio (BLER): Percentage of received transport data blocks containing at least one erroneous bit. One data block contains 244 bits.

For additional information, refer to [Chapter 3.2.6.13, "Common View Elements"](#), on page 719.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 3.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 740.

Multi-Evaluation List Mode: Settings View

Although the [Multi-Evaluation List Mode](#) can only be configured via remote commands (see [Chapter 3.2.3.1, "List Mode Configuration"](#), on page 686), its segment setup can be displayed at the GUI via the softkey/hotkey combination "Display > Select View ... > TX Measurement (Scalar)."

UL Frequency: 1922.6000000 MHz Ref. Level: 0.00 dBm Connector: DIG IQ IN 1 Meas. Period: Full Slot List Mode!						
Nr of Segments:		10	Retrigger Mode:	Once	Retrigger Offset:	0 Slot CMWS Connector Mode: Global
Segm. No.	Length	Ref. Level [dBm]	Frequency [MHz]	Retrigger	CMWS Connector	Results Reliability
1	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
2	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
3	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
4	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
5	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
6	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
7	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
8	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
9	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---
10	1	0.00	1922.6000000	Off	CMWS 1.1	---

Figure 3-21: Multi-evaluation list mode settings

3.2.6.11 Selecting and Modifying Views

Use the "Display" parameters to select the views and to change the appearance and contents of the views. Depending on the selected view, the following "Display" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Select View ..."	Switch to a certain detailed view or overview. Alternatively select a diagram in the overview and press ENTER or the rotary knob.
"Select Trace ..."	Select the trace types to be displayed in the view.
"X Scale... / Y Scale... / Scale IQ"	Modify the ranges of the X-axis and the Y-axis. For the Y-axis, both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.
"Half Slot 1st / 2nd"	Toggle between the results for the first and second half slot (half-slot measurements only).
"Statistics / Channel Info"	Select the scalar view to be displayed.
"Slot Number Table"	Select a slot for display of statistical results.
"Select Unit ACLR"	Select the unit of the Y-axis: dBm or dB (relative to carrier power level).

Additional options are available in the "Measurement Control" section of the configuration dialog, e.g. change the preselected slot or the spreading factor (SF).

3.2.6.12 Using Markers

Use the "Marker" parameters to activate markers and to modify their position. The following "Marker" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Ref. Marker ..."	Enable or disable the reference marker, select a trace and the marker position on that trace.
"Marker 1 / 2 ..."	Enable or disable marker 1 or 2 and define the marker position (absolute or relative to the reference marker). Depending on the trace mode, a trace can also be selected.
"Select Trace Mode"	Define whether all markers are collectively set to the same trace or to individual traces.

See also: "Markers" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

3.2.6.13 Common View Elements

Below the title bar, all views show the most important RF and analyzer settings as shown below.

UL Frequency: **1922.600000 MHz** Ref. Level: **0.00 dBm** Connector: **RF1COM** Meas. Period: **Full Slot**

For configuration, see [Chapter 3.3.2.1, "Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings"](#), on page 721.

Tables

Most detailed views show tables providing a statistical evaluation of results measured in a selected slot (or half-slot). For multislots measurements (e.g. CDE vs slot) the "Slot Number Table" is used while for single slot measurements (e.g. emission mask, EVM vs chip) the **preselected slot** is used.

The selected slot number is displayed in most tables. For half-slot measurements, also the selected half-slot is displayed. Modify the (half-) slot to display the results of another (half-) slot. A restart of the measurement is not required.

The statistical values in the tables are calculated as follows:

- **Current:** Value of the result obtained in the last measurement interval. For some modulation results the following values are also available:
 - The current RMS value (the average over all samples in the selected (half-) slot except the guard period) and
 - The current peak value (the peak of all samples in the selected (half-) slot except the guard period).
- **Average:** Average of all "Current" values referenced to the last statistics cycle.
- **Max:** Largest or smallest "Current" value that the R&S CMW obtained since the start of the measurement.
- **StdDev:** Standard deviation of all "Current" values since the start of the measurement.

All statistical results (statistical tables and "Average" or "Max" traces) are calculated according to the general rules for statistical results.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

1st measured slot number

Number of the first slot measured in the current measurement interval. For most detailed views, this number is displayed above the table of statistical values.

Statistic count

Progress bar for the measurement, displayed in all detailed views. During the first single shot after the start of the measurement, the bar shows the number of elapsed measurement intervals relative to the statistic count. A filled progress bar indicates that the first shot is complete and the statistical depth has been reached.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

3.3 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the graphical user interface (GUI) and the parameters of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement.

• Measurement Control	721
• Parameters and Settings	721
• Measurement Results	740

3.3.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Multi Evaluation (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:STATE?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:STATE:ALL?
```

3.3.2 Parameters and Settings

The most important settings of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement are displayed in the measurement dialog.

UL Frequency: **1922.6000000 MHz** Ref. Level: **0.00 dBm** Connector: **RF1COM** Meas. Period: **Full Slot**

All settings are defined via softkeys and hotkeys or using the "WCDMA Multi Evaluation Configuration" dialog. The configuration dialog is described in the following sections. To open the dialog, select the "Multi Evaluation" tab and press the "Config" hotkey.

3.3.2.1 Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings

The following parameters configure the RF input path.

All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all WCDMA measurements (multi-evaluation measurement, TPC measurement and PRACH measurement).

See also: "Connection Control (Measurements)" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

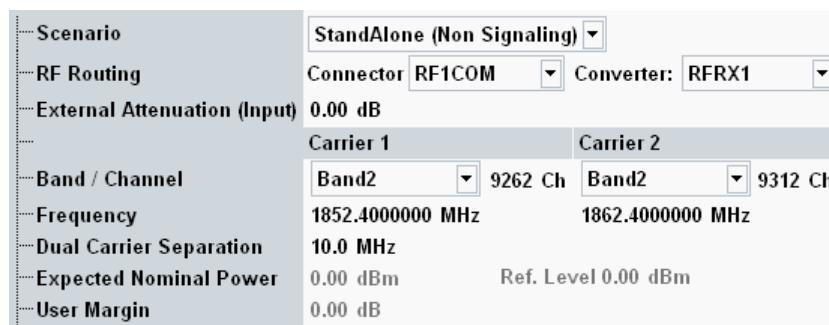


Figure 3-22: Signal routing and analyzer settings (dual uplink carrier)

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Scenario = Combined Signal Path.....	722
Scenario = Measure@ProtocolTest.....	723
RF Routing.....	723
External Attenuation (Input).....	723
Band / Channel / Frequency.....	724
Dual Carrier Separation.....	724
Expected Nominal Power.....	724
User Margin.....	725
UL Target Power.....	725

Scenario = StandAlone

The measurements are used in non signaling mode.

Remote command:

```
ROUTe:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone
ROUTe:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario?
ROUTe:WCDMa:MEAS<i>?
```

Scenario = Combined Signal Path

Allows you to use a WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400) in parallel to the WCDMA measurements. The signaling application is selected by the additional parameter "Controlled by".

The parameters described in this section display values determined by the signaling application. The corresponding measurement settings are remembered in the background and displayed again when switching back to the standalone scenario. The same applies to some other parameters (see parameter descriptions).

The additional parameter "UL Target Power" is a signaling parameter added to the measurement dialog for fast access.

Connection status information of the signaling application is displayed at the bottom of the measurement views. Softkeys and hotkeys provide access to the settings of the signaling application and allow you to switch the downlink signal on or off, see [Chapter 3.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys"](#), on page 739.

For additional information, see:

- Multi-evaluation measurement: [Chapter 3.2.1.4, "Parallel Signaling and Measurement"](#), on page 683

- TPC measurement: [Chapter 4.2.3, "Parallel Signaling and Measurement"](#), on page 914
- PRACH measurement: [Chapter 5.2.4, "Parallel Signaling and Measurement"](#), on page 999
- WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement: [Chapter 6.2.4, "Parallel Signaling and Measurement"](#), on page 1055
- WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement: [Chapter 7.2.4, "Parallel Signaling and Measurement"](#), on page 1084

Remote command:

```
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:CSPath  
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario?  
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>?
```

Scenario = Measure@ProtocolTest

Allows you to use a WCDMA protocol test application in parallel to the WCDMA measurements. The protocol test application is selected by the additional parameter "Controlled by".

The signal routing and analyzer settings described in this section are ignored. For the other settings, you must configure values compatible with the settings of the protocol test application.

Remote command:

```
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:MAPProtocol  
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario?
```

RF Routing

Selects the input path for the measured RF signal, i.e. the input connector and the RX module to be used.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, these parameters are controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, they are controlled by the signaling application.

For connector and converter settings in the combined signal path scenario, use one of the ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:... signaling commands.

Remote command:

```
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone (SA)  
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:... (CSP)
```

External Attenuation (Input)

Defines the value of an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative) in the input path. The power readings of the R&S CMW are corrected by the external attenuation value.

The external attenuation value is also used in the calculation of the maximum input power that the R&S CMW can measure.

If a correction table for frequency-dependent attenuation is active for the chosen connector, then the table name and a button are displayed. Press the button to display the table entries.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:EATTenuation (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPut  
(CSP)
```

Band / Channel / Frequency

Center frequency of the RF analyzer. Set this frequency to the frequency of the measured RF signal to obtain a meaningful measurement result. The relation between operating band, frequency and channel number is defined by 3GPP (see [Chapter 3.2.4.3, "Operating Bands", on page 691](#)).

You can specify the RF frequency in two ways:

- Enter the frequency directly. The band and channel settings can be ignored or used for validation of the entered frequency. For validation, select the designated band. The channel number resulting from the selected band and frequency is displayed. For an invalid combination, no channel number is displayed.
- Select a band and enter a channel number valid for this band. The R&S CMW calculates the resulting frequency.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, these parameters are controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, they are controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND (CSP)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DBDC (CSP)
```

Dual Carrier Separation

In the dual carrier measurements, the center uplink frequency of carrier 2 equals the center frequency of carrier 1 plus carrier separation value. Exception: at the upper end of an operating band, carrier 2 uses the center frequency of carrier 1 minus carrier separation value. If you configure one uplink channel, the other uplink channel is configured automatically.

Use the value of 5 MHz for adjacent channels.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:DCArrier:SEParation (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCArrier:SEParation (CSP)
```

Expected Nominal Power

Defines the nominal power of the RF signal to be measured.

Configure it as follows:

- Multi-evaluation measurement: peak output power at the DUT expected during the measurement interval
- TPC measurement: peak output power at the DUT expected during the measurement. Even if you start the measurement with minimum UE power, consider the maximum power expected at a later stage of the measurement.

- PRACH measurement: peak output power at the DUT expected for the first preamble. For subsequent preambles the expected power is calculated automatically from this value and a power step limit setting, see also [Chapter 5.2.6.5, "Power Step Limits", on page 1003](#).
- DPCCH open loop power measurement: peak output power as a sum of both carriers plus tolerance of ~13 dB.
- Out-of-sync handling measurement requires high dynamics: from maximum to minimum output power of UE and vice versa. For the measurement, expected nominal power is set automatically with respect these level transitions. The manual setting of expected nominal power is ignored. Therefore for the measurements aligned to specification, the exact UE level cannot be exactly determined in the intervals A to C and E to F.

While the combined signal path scenario is active, this parameter is controlled by the signaling application. Configure the signaling application, so that it calculates the expected nominal power from the UL power control settings (expected nominal power mode = "According to UL Power Control Settings"). Do not use the manual mode.

The Ref. level is calculated as follows: *Reference Level* = *Expected Nominal Power* + *User Margin*

The actual input power at the connectors is calculated as the reference level minus the external attenuation (input). If all power settings are configured correctly the value must be within the level range of the selected RF input connector, refer to the data sheet.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:ENPower (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode (CSP)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower (CSP)
```

User Margin

Margin that the R&S CMW adds to the "Expected Nominal Power" to determine its reference power ("Ref. Level"). The "User Margin" is typically used to account for the known variations of the RF input signal power, e.g. the variations due to a specific channel configuration.

The appropriate values depend on the configuration of the UL WCDMA signal, e.g. on the active channels and gain factors. For a 12.2 kbps reference measurement channel (RMC), a value of 5 dB is appropriate.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:UMARgin (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:MARGIN (CSP)
```

UL Target Power

"UL Target Power" is a signaling parameter added to the measurement dialog for fast access.

For description, see "[Target Power](#)" on page 206.

This parameter is available in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REference (CSP)`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:TPC:TPOWer (CSP)`

3.3.2.2 UE Signal Info

The "UE Signal Info" parameters describe properties of the measured uplink WCDMA signal that the R&S CMW needs for synchronization and decoding. The parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. a parameter has the same value in all WCDMA measurements for which it is relevant (e.g. PRACH measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

While the combined signal path scenario is active, these parameters are automatically set to suitable values, compatible with the WCDMA signaling application. See also parameter "["Scenario = Combined Signal Path"](#)" on page 722.

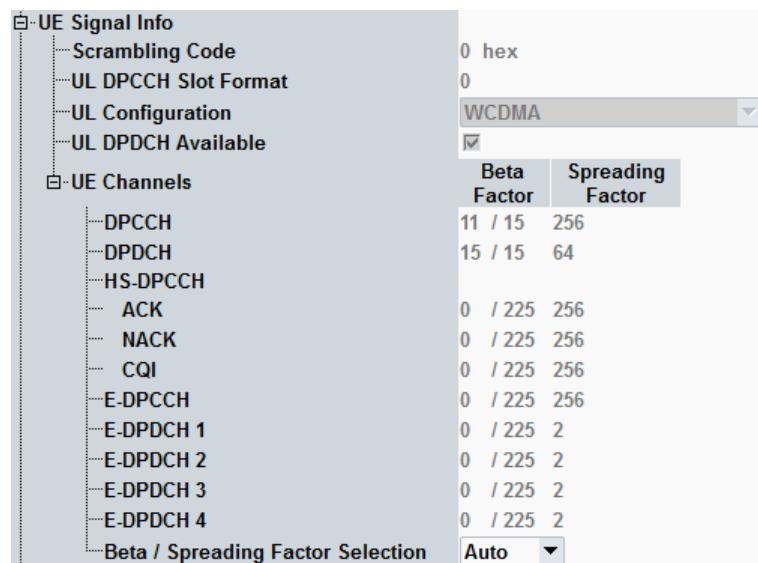


Figure 3-23: UE signal info settings (combined signal path)

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UL DPCCH Slot Format.....	727
UL Configuration.....	727
UL DPDCH Available.....	728
UE Channels.....	728
Beta / Spreading Factor Selection.....	729

Scrambling Code

Number of the long code that is used to scramble the uplink WCDMA signal. The scrambling code number must be in the range 0 to FFFFFF (hex) corresponding to 0 to 16777215 decimal.

Individual values can be set per carrier in a dual uplink carrier configuration.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CARRier<c>:SCODE (SA)`

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:SCODE (CSP)`

UL DPCCH Slot Format

Uplink DPCCH slot format in the range between 0 and 5. The slot format defines the length of the individual data fields in the DPCCH. The multi-evaluation measurement can be performed with arbitrary UL slot formats, including the slot formats with variable transport format (1, 3, 4).

Individual values can be set per carrier in a dual uplink carrier configuration.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:UESignal:SFORmat (SA)`

Automatic configuration (CSP)

UL Configuration

The following uplink signal configurations can be selected:

- **QPSK**: QPSK signal (one DPCCH and one DPDCH with the same gain factor). Measurements related to the code domain (CD monitor, CDP vs. slot, CDE vs. slot) are not performed in this mode.
- "**WCDMA- "**HSDPA- "**HSUPA- "**HSDPA+HSUPA- "**HSDPA Plus- "**HSDPA Plus + HSUPA- "**DC-HSDPA Plus + DC-HSUPA**************

The following values cannot be selected but can be displayed while the combined signal path scenario is active:

- "**DC-HSDPA Plus- "**DC-HSDPA Plus + HSUPA- "**3C-HSDPA Plus- "**3C-HSDPA Plus + HSUPA- "**3C-HSDPA Plus + DC-HSUPA- "**4C-HSDPA Plus- "**4C-HSDPA Plus + HSUPA- "**4C-HSDPA Plus + DC-HSUPA****************

For more information concerning the listed channels, refer to [Chapter 3.2.4.1, "Dedicated Physical Channels"](#), on page 690.

The high-speed signal configurations (WCDMA + HS...) require option R&S CMW-KM401, HSPA+ requires option R&S CMW-KM403. Also, the measurements of dual band dual carrier HSDPA, three carrier HSDPA, four carrier HSDPA and dual carrier HSUPA require option R&S CMW-KM405.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:ULConfig (SA)`

Automatic configuration (CSP)

UL DPDCH Available

Indicates whether a DPDCH is configured for the UL DPCH signal or not. This parameter is ignored for "UL Configuration" = QPSK.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:DPDCh (SA)`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH (CSP)`

UE Channels

Indicates which physical channels are contained in the measured signal and which beta factors and spreading factors are used for these channels.

For the HS-DPCCH three sets of values can be configured, depending on whether it transports an ACK, NACK or CQI.

In multi-evaluation measurement, the settings are for example required to determine the effective code domain power (ECDP). They can also be configured as part of the limit settings. The limit settings and the "UE Channels" settings are synchronized. See also [Chapter 3.2.5.2, "Code Domain Limits"](#), on page 695.

Individual values can be set per carrier in a dual uplink carrier configuration.

- These parameters are controlled by the WCDMA UE TX measurement
 - In the standalone (SA) scenario or
 - In the combined signal path scenario while the [Beta / Spreading Factor Selection](#) = "Manual".
- These parameters are controlled by the WCDMA signaling
In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario while the [Beta / Spreading Factor Selection](#) = "Auto". The displayed parameters are automatically set to suitable values. Please note that:
 - For call types containing an RMC, the displayed beta factors for DPCCH and DPDCH can be computed gain factors for the transport format combination (TFC) used during the TX tests. These values can slightly differ from the values signaled to the UE by the signaling application.
 - The HS- and E-channels in general can have variable power, or even be off from time to time. In that case the displayed beta factors reflect the actual UL signal properties only temporarily.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UEChannels:CARRier<c>:DPCCh (SA)`

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UEChannels:CARRier<c>:DPDCh (SA)`

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch (SA)
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFIG (SA)
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPCch (SA)
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no> (SA)
Automatic configuration of spreading factor while the Beta / Spreading Factor Selection = "Auto" (CSP)
Setting of beta factor while the Beta / Spreading Factor Selection = "Auto":
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:RMC<no> (CSP)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:VIDeo (CSP)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:VOICe (CSP)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:PDATA<no> (CSP)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:HSDPa (CSP)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:HSUPa:EDPCch (CSP)
```

Beta / Spreading Factor Selection

Specifies, which application controls the settings in **UE Channels** table, while the combined signal path scenario is active.

- **Auto:** the configuration of UE channels is controlled by the WCDMA signaling application
- **Manual:** the configuration of UE channels is controlled by the WCDMA UE TX measurement application

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection (CSP)
```

3.3.2.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

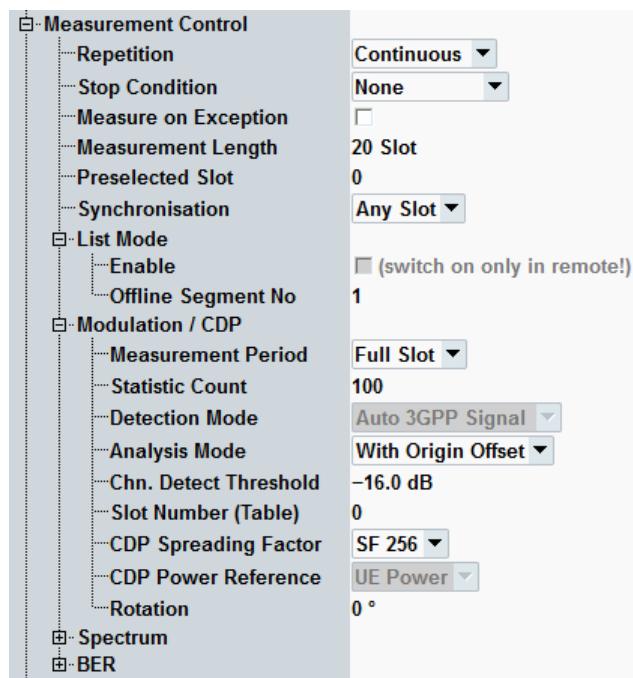


Figure 3-24: Measurement control settings

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Spectrum.....	735
BER.....	735

Assign Views (Hotkey)

The hotkey "Assign Views" selects the view types to be displayed in the overview. The R&S CMW does not evaluate the results for disabled views. Therefore, limiting the number of assigned views can speed up the measurement. Press the softkey "Multi Evaluation" to activate the hotkey.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult[:ALL]
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:EVMagnitude
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:MERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:PERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:ACLR
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:EMASK
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CDPMonitor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CDPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CDError
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CHIP:EVM
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CHIP:MERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:CHIP:PERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:UEPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:FERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:PHD
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:PSTeps
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:BER
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:IQ
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REsult:RCDerror
```

Repetition

Defines how often the measurement is repeated if it is not stopped explicitly or by a failed limit check.

- **Continuous:** The measurement is continued until it is explicitly terminated; the results are periodically updated.
- **Single-Shot:** The measurement is stopped after one statistics cycle.

Single-shot is preferable if only a single measurement result is required under fixed conditions, which is typical for remote-controlled measurements. Continuous mode is suitable for monitoring the evolution of the measurement results in time and observe how they depend on the measurement configuration, which is typically done in manual control. The reset/preset values therefore differ from each other.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:REPetition
```

Stop Condition

Specifies the conditions for an early termination of the measurement:

- **"None":** The measurement is performed according to its "Repetition" mode and "Statistic Count", irrespective of the limit check results.
- **"On Limit Failure":** The measurement is stopped when one of the limits is exceeded, irrespective of the repetition mode set. If no limit failure occurs, it is performed according to its "Repetition" mode and "Statistic Count". Use this setting for measurements that are intended for checking limits, e.g. production tests.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCondition
```

Measure on Exception

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected. A faulty result occurs e.g. when an overload is detected. In remote control, the cause of the error is indicated by the "reliability indicator".

- **Off:** Faulty results are rejected. The measurement is continued; the statistical counters are not reset. Use this mode to ensure that a single faulty result does not affect the entire measurement.
- **On:** Results are never rejected. Use this mode e.g. for development purposes, if you want to analyze the reason for occasional wrong transmissions.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MOEXception
```

Measurement Length

Defines the number of consecutive slots that form a single measurement interval. The measured slots are displayed in all multislot diagrams, e.g. error vector magnitude, CDP vs. slot, and UE power.

See also [Chapter 3.2.1.3, "Defining the Scope of the Measurement"](#), on page 683

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount
```

Preselected Slot

Selects the slot to be used for all single slot measurements, e.g. error vector magnitude vs chip, CD monitor, ACLR, emission mask. Do not confuse the preselected slot with the slot used for tables of statistical values for multislot measurements, see parameter "[Slot Number \(Table\)](#)" on page 734.

See also [Chapter 3.2.1.3, "Defining the Scope of the Measurement"](#), on page 683

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot
```

Synchronization

Selects a slot number (0 to 14) that the R&S CMW displays as the first slot in the measurement interval. "Any" means that the measurement starts as fast as possible, beginning with the first captured slot. "Free Run" measurements use always "Any".

Selecting a synchronization slot number can speed up the synchronization process. The trigger settings must be configured according to the selected slot. Example: To use an external frame trigger with synchronization slot number 5, a trigger delay corresponding to 5 slots has to be entered. Omitting the trigger delay results in a synchronization error because slot number 5 is expected but slot number 0 is found after the measurement has been triggered.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SYNCh
```

List Mode

The list mode is essentially a remote control feature; for an introduction see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode", on page 686](#).

Option R&S CMW-KM012 required.

Enable ← List Mode

Shows whether the list mode is enabled and disables an enabled list mode. Enabling the list mode is only possible via the remote control command below.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST
```

Offline Segment No ← List Mode

For future extensions.

Modulation / CDP

Controls modulation and CDP measurements.

Measurement Period ← Modulation / CDP

Selects a half-slot or a full-slot measurement.

- **Full-Slot:**

The modulation and code domain measurement results are based on the entire WCDMA slots (667 µs). A 25 µs guard period at the beginning and at the end is excluded. The diagrams/traces contain one value per slot. This measurement mode is appropriate for signal configurations where the UE power is not expected to change within the slot (e.g. a pure DPCH without HSDPA channels). The BER measurement is only supported as full-slot measurement.

- **Half-Slot:**

The modulation and code domain measurement results are based on half the WCDMA slot (333 µs). A 25 µs guard period at the beginning and at the end of each half-slot is excluded. The diagrams/traces contain two values per slot. This measurement is appropriate for signal configurations where the UE power changes within the slot (e.g. a DPCH + HSDPA channel configuration with appropriate timing offset).

Half-slot measurements require option R&S CMW-KM401.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation
```

Statistic Count ← Modulation / CDP

Defines the number of measurement intervals (for BER transport blocks) per measurement cycle (statistics cycle, single-shot measurement). This value is also relevant for continuous measurements, because the averaging procedures depend on the statistic count.

In the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement, the measurement interval is completed when the R&S CMW has measured the full sequence of measured slots. The measurement provides two independent statistic lengths for the modulation and spectrum results. In single-shot mode and with a shorter spectrum statistic length, the ACLR evaluation is stopped while the R&S CMW still continues providing new modulation results.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:MODulation
```

Detection Mode ← Modulation / CDP

In the "Auto 3GPP Signal" detection mode, the R&S CMW uses the scrambling code and slot format information to synchronize to the received signal, irrespective of the channel configuration.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DMode:MODulation
```

Analysis Mode ← Modulation / CDP

Defines whether a possible origin offset is included in the measurement results (modulation and code domain) or subtracted out.

See also: "I/Q Offset, I/Q Imbalance, Waveform Quality" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

- **With origin offset:**

The results include a possible origin offset. This mode conforms to 3GPP specifications.

- **No origin offset:**

The origin offset is subtracted out.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:AMode:MODulation
```

Chn. Detect Threshold ← Modulation / CDP

Minimum signal strength of the DPDCH and the E-DPDCHs in the WCDMA signal (if present) to be detected and evaluated. The threshold corresponds to the ratio of the (E-)DPDCH power to the (E-)DPCCCH power in dB. Channels with power below the threshold are not considered for the calculation of modulation and CDP results.

The channel detection threshold is important to distinguish the (E-)DPDCH from unwanted signals, e.g. noise or non-orthogonal components that can be detected as fictitious (E-)DPDCHs. A low threshold value represents a weaker selection criterion and increases the risk of detecting unwanted signals. On the other hand, a high threshold can prevent the detection of real (E-)DPDCH signals.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CDTHreshold:MODulation
```

Slot Number (Table) ← Modulation / CDP

Selects a particular slot within the measurement length where the R&S CMW displays a table of statistical measurement results for the multislot measurements. These results are measured for all slots and can be displayed for one slot at a time.

See also [Chapter 3.2.1.3, "Defining the Scope of the Measurement", on page 683](#)

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSCalar:MODulation
```

CDP Spreading Factor ← Modulation / CDP

Selects the spreading factor used for display of the code domain monitor results. The values range from 4 to 256 in powers of 2. For a PCDE measurement according to 3GPP TS 34.121, the spreading factor must be set to 4.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DSFactor:MODulation
```

CDP Power Reference ← Modulation / CDP

Selects the reference for the code domain power (CDP vs. slot and CDP in CD monitor). In the current software version, the CDP is defined relative to the total power of the signal, i.e. to the UE power.

Rotation ← Modulation / CDP

Defines the initial phase reference ($\phi=0$) for I/Q constellation diagrams of QPSK signals (see parameter "UL Configuration" on page 727).

For QPSK signals the symbol mapping between the logic data and the constellation points cannot be evaluated. As a consequence the overall phase of the diagram is random. The I/Q imbalance results depend on this random overall phase.

To get correct I/Q imbalance results, select the rotation as follows:

- **0°**: Suitable for QPSK signals with constellation points on the I and Q axes (e.g DPCCH plus DPDCH).
- **45°**: Suitable for QPSK signals with constellation points on the angle bisectors between the I and Q axes (e.g. DPCCH only).

For WCDMA signals ("UL Configuration" ≠ QPSK), the rotation setting is irrelevant. The symbol mapping can be evaluated and the position of the constellation points is fixed.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:ROTation:MODulation
```

Spectrum

Controls spectrum measurements.

For the description of statistic count, see [Statistic Count](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:SPECTrum
```

BER

Controls BER measurements.

For the description of statistic count, see [Statistic Count](#).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:BER
```

3.3.2.4 Trigger Settings

The trigger parameters configure the trigger system for the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement.



Figure 3-25: Trigger settings

Trigger Source.....	736
Trigger Slope.....	737
Trigger Threshold.....	737
Trigger Delay.....	737
Trigger Time Out.....	737
Minimum Trigger Gap.....	737

Trigger Source

Selects the source of the trigger event. Some of the trigger sources require additional options.

- **"Free Run (Standard)":**

The measurement starts immediately after it is initiated. The R&S CMW decodes the signal to derive its slot and frame timing. This procedure is repeated after each measurement cycle.

- **"Free Run (Fast Sync)":**

Similar to "Free Run (Standard)", however, the R&S CMW assumes that the frame period of the detected signal is close to the nominal 10 ms WCDMA frame length. The timing is only corrected after each measurement cycle using a faster algorithm, which results in faster continuous measurements.

If you experience problems with this trigger mode, use "Free Run (Standard)" instead.

- **"IF Power":**

The measurement is triggered by the power of the received signal, converted into an IF signal. The trigger event coincides with the rising or falling edge of the detected WCDMA power step. This setting can be used to measure short signal bursts when no continuous WCDMA signal is available.

- **"IF Power (Sync)":**

Similar to "IF Power", however the R&S CMW tries to synchronize to the signal during a full slot after the trigger event. This setting can be used to measure short signal bursts where the beginning of the burst does not exactly coincide with a slot boundary. The start of the measurement takes longer than with "IF Power".

- **"...External...":**

External trigger signal fed in via TRIG A or TRIG B on the rear panel of the instrument (availability depends on instrument model).

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURCE
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CATalog:SOURce?
```

Trigger Slope

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements and for evaluation of trigger pulses provided by other firmware applications.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SLOPE
```

Trigger Threshold

Defines the input signal power where the trigger condition is satisfied and a trigger event is generated. The trigger threshold is valid for power trigger sources. It is a dB value, relative to the reference level minus the external attenuation ("<Ref. Level> – <External Attenuation (Input)> – <Frequency Dependent External Attenuation>"). If the reference level equals the maximum output power of the DUT and the external attenuation settings are correct, the trigger threshold is relative to the maximum input power.

A low threshold can be required to ensure that the R&S CMW can always detect the input signal. A higher threshold can prevent unintended trigger events.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:THreshold
```

Trigger Delay

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. A delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on free run measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DElay
```

Trigger Time Out

Sets a time after which an initiated measurement must have received a trigger event. If no trigger event is received, a trigger timeout is indicated in manual operation mode. In remote control mode, the measurement is automatically stopped. The parameter can be disabled so that no timeout occurs.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT
```

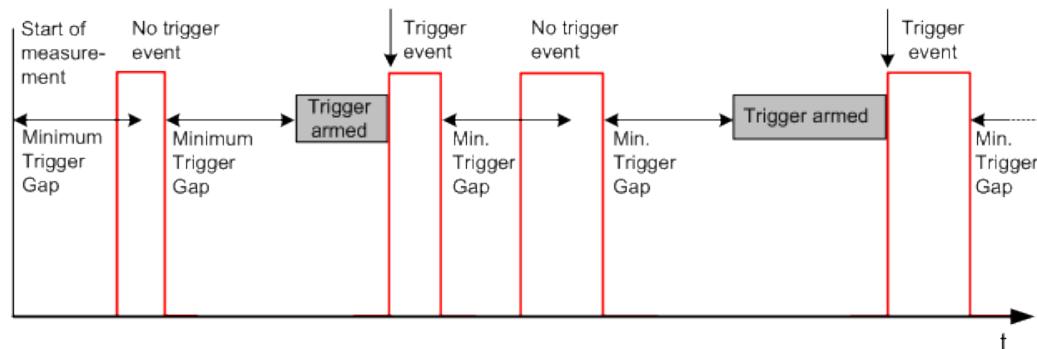
Minimum Trigger Gap

Defines a minimum duration of the power-down periods (gaps) between two triggered power pulses. This setting is valid for an "(IF) Power" trigger source.

The trigger system is controlled by a timer which is reset to zero in the following instances:

- At the IF power-down ramp of each triggered or untriggered pulse, even if the previous counter has not yet elapsed. A power-down ramp is detected when the signal power falls below the trigger threshold.
- At the beginning of each measurement. The minimum gap defines the minimum time between the start of the measurement and the first trigger event.

The trigger system is rearmed when the timer has reached the specified minimum gap.



This parameter can be used to prevent unwanted trigger events due to fast power variations.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MGAP
```

3.3.2.5 Limit Settings

The limits in the "Multi Evaluation Configuration" dialog define upper limits for the modulation, power and spectrum results including the spectrum emission mask.

For details, see [Chapter 3.2.5, "Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements"](#), on page 693.

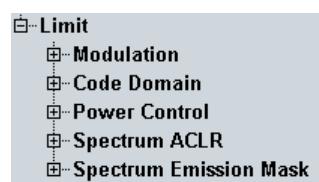


Figure 3-26: Limit settings

Limits

The limits can be configured via the remote commands described in the following sections:

- [Chapter 3.5.3.9, "Limits \(Modulation\)"](#), on page 799
- [Chapter 3.5.3.10, "Limits \(Code Domain\)"](#), on page 802
- [Chapter 3.5.3.11, "Limits \(Power Control\)"](#), on page 809
- [Chapter 3.5.3.12, "Limits \(Spectrum\)"](#), on page 810

Some examples are listed below.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:MERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:RCDerror:ECDP
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:PCONTrol:HSDPcch
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:EMASK:RELative
```

3.3.2.6 Generator Shortcut

This feature simplifies starting the GPRF generator and provides GPRF-related hotkeys and softkeys within the measurement application. It improves the usability for non signaling tests where the DUT's reaction on varying generator signals is measured.

The "Generator Shortcut" is only relevant for "Standalone (Non Signaling)" mode.



Figure 3-27: GPRF generator shortcut

When a connection to the GPRF generator instance is established, two additional softkeys with corresponding hotkey bars provide access to the generator configuration, see "["ARB/List Mode, GPRF<i> Generator"](#)" on page 740.

Use the appropriate softkey/hotkey combination to access the generator parameters.

For details on the available parameters, see the GPRF generator documentation.

3.3.2.7 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

In the combined signal path, if you press ON | OFF while the "WCDMA Signaling" softkey is selected and the cell signal is on, a warning can be displayed. It asks you whether you really want to switch off the cell signal.

The checkbox enables/disables the warning.

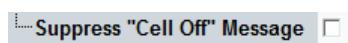


Figure 3-28: Display of cell off message

No remote control is provided for this feature.

3.3.2.8 Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement provides some softkey/hotkey combinations which have no equivalent in the configuration dialog. Most of these hotkeys provide display configurations (like diagram scaling). They are self-explanatory and do not have any remote-control commands assigned.

The remaining softkeys > hotkeys are described below. They are displayed only while the combined signal path scenario is active. These softkeys are provided by the "WCDMA Signaling" application selected as master application. See also "["Scenario = Combined Signal Path"](#)" on page 722.

The measurement provides no remote-control commands corresponding to these hotkeys. Use the remote-control commands of the signaling application instead.

Using these softkeys, the "Config" hotkey opens the configuration dialog of the signaling application, not the configuration dialog of the measurement.

Signaling Parameter > ...

Provides access to the most essential settings of the "WCDMA Signaling" application.

WCDMA-UE Signaling

Select this softkey and press ON | OFF to turn the downlink signal transmission on or off.

Press the softkey two times (select it and press it again) to switch to the signaling application.

ARB>List Mode, GPRF<i> Generator

Select these softkeys to vary GPRF generator signals during non signaling tests. Use the appropriate softkey/hotkey combination to access the generator parameters directly from the WCDMA measurement GUI.

The "Configure Generator..." hotkey opens the configuration tree of the connected GPRF generator instance.

3.3.3 Measurement Results

The results of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement are displayed in several different views.

For detailed description, see [Chapter 3.2.6, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 703.

The multi-evaluation measurement provides an overview dialog and a detailed view for each diagram in the overview. The overview dialog shows the modulation, power, spectrum and code domain power results as traces or bar graphs. A selection of statistical results of TX and RX measurements is also shown.



Figure 3-29: WCDMA multi-evaluation: Overview

Most of the detailed views show a diagram and a statistical overview of single-slot results.

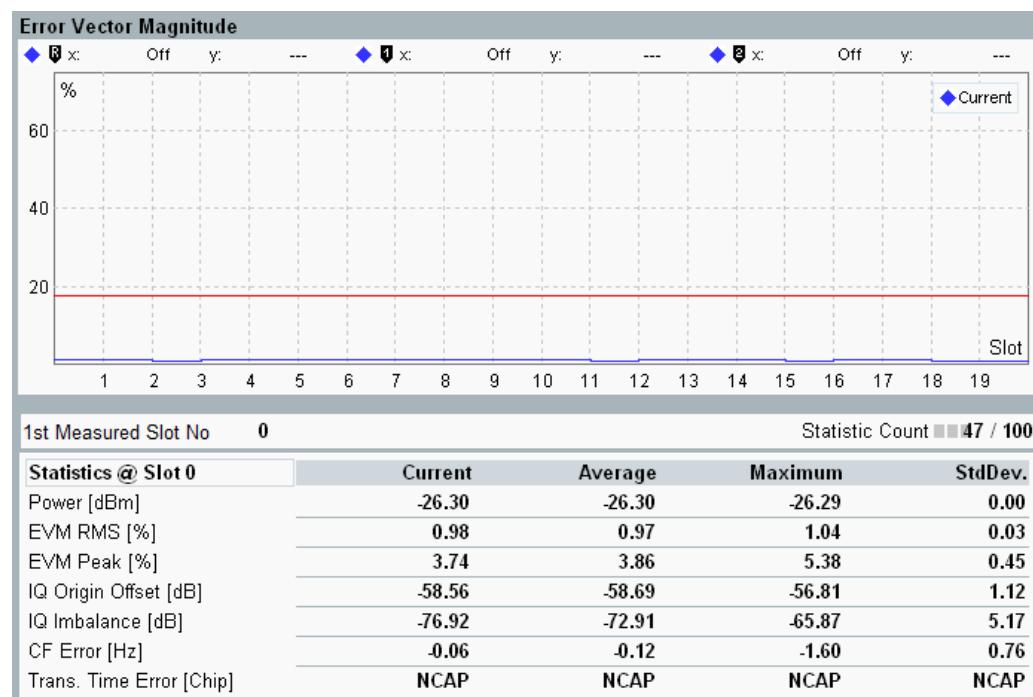


Figure 3-30: WCDMA multi-evaluation: EVM

Traces and Bar Graphs

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?  
etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PHD:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?  
etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRENT?  
etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:IQ:CURRENT? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDError:DPCCh:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCError:DPCCh:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:QSIGNAL:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMOnitor:QSIGNAL:  
CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SPECTrum:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent? etc.
```

Statistical Overviews

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRENT?  
etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDError:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCError:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PCDE:CURRent? etc.  
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:BER? etc.
```

3.4 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement.

The examples have been tested with the aid of a simple software tool.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

- [General Examples](#).....743
- [Using WCDMA List Mode](#).....749

3.4.1 General Examples

The WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation... .
- Use general commands of the type ...:WCDMa:MEAS... (no :MEValuation mnemonic) to define the signal routing and perform RF and analyzer settings.
- Use general commands of the type ...:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal... (no :MEValuation mnemonic) to inform the R&S CMW about the basic properties of the measured WCDMA signal.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use
READ:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation...?.
- For synchronization and proper decoding, some UE signal settings must be in accordance with the measured signal; see [Chapter 3.4.1.2, "Specifying Required Settings", on page 744](#).

3.4.1.1 Specifying General Measurement Settings

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Define signal routing, perform RF and analyzer settings
// for a WCDMA uplink signal (operating band I, channel no. 9815,
// corresponding to a carrier frequency of 1963 MHz) with a
// peak power of 7 dBm, allowing for a 5 dB user margin
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENario:SALone RF1C, RX1
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:EATTenuation 2
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:ENPower 7
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:UMARgin 5
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:FREQuency 1963E+6

// ****
// Alternatively set the frequency indirectly via band and channel.
// Query the carrier separation during dual carrier measurement.
```

```
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:BAND OB3
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:RFSettings:FREQuency 1162 CH
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:RFSettings:DCARrier:SEParation?
```

3.4.1.2 Specifying Required Settings

```
// ****
// Specify required UE signal settings: presence of a DPDCH, slot format 1,
// scrambling code 5, channel configuration with HSUPA channels
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal:DPDCh ON
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal:SFORmat 1
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal:CARRier1:SCODE 5
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal:ULConfig HSUPa
```

3.4.1.3 Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings

```
// ****
// Define stop condition (stop on limit failure) and error handling,
// select a measurement length of 30 slots (2 WCDMA frames),
// starting with slot 0 and using slot no. 3 as the preselected slot.
// Display slot 0 of the frame as first slot.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:SCONDition SLFail
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:MOEXception ON
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:MSCount 30
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:PSlot 3
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:SYNCh SLO

// ****
// Specifiy modulation/CDP settings:
// Full-slot measurement over 20 statistics cycles,
// analysis without origin offset, channel detection threshold -5 dB,
// statistical results in slot 4, spreading factor 16, query detection mode,
// set offset 45° for I/Q constellation diagram.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:MPERiod:MODulation FULL
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:SCount:MODulation 20
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:AMode:MODulation NOOF
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:CDTHreshold:MODulation -5
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:SSCalar:MODulation 4
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:DSFactor:MODulation SF16
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:DMode:MODulation?
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:ROTation:MODulation 45

// ****
// Specify spectrum settings:
// select a measurement length of 30 slots (2 WCDMA frames)
```

```
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SCount:SPECtrum 30

// ****
// Specify BER settings:
// select a measurement length of 30 slots (2 WCDMA frames)
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SCount:BER 30
```

3.4.1.4 Configuring the Trigger System

```
// ****
// Set trigger source, timeout, trigger level, slope, delay
// and minimum trigger gap.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SOURce 'IF Power'
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:TOUT 1
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:THreshold -30
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SLOPe FEDGe
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:DELay 0.001
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MGAP 0.00002
```

3.4.1.5 Specifying Limits

```
// ****
// Define all modulation limits
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:MERRor 20, OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:EVMagnitude 20, 40
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:PERRor 20, OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:PHD ON, 70, 40
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:PHSDpcch ON, 5.5, 20, 40
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:IQOFFset -20
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:IQIMbalance ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:CFERror 150

// ****
// Define relative CDE limits and specify the uplink channel configuration
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEV:LIMit:RCDerror:ECDP -20,-30,-15,-36,-25,-30,-17,-43
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:DPCCh ON,4,256
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:DPDCh ON,14,64
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:HSDPcch:CONFig ACK
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:HSDPcch ON,50,256
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:EDPCch ON,20,256
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:EDPDch2 ON,160,4

// ****
// Define all power control limits
```

```
// ****
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:PControl:EPSTep 0.5, 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2.5
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:PControl:HSDPcch ON, 6, -2, -5, T0DB

// ****
// Define all ACLR limits
// ****
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute ON
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:RELative -35, -47

// ****
// Define spectrum emission mask
// ****
CONF:WCDMA:MEAS:MEV:LIMit:EMASK:ABSolute -50, -13, -15, A
CONF:WCDMA:MEAS:MEV:LIMit:EMASK:RELative -50.5,-47.5,-37.5,-33.5,-48.275,-33.725
CONF:WCDMA:MEAS:MEV:LIMit:EMASK:DCARrier:ABSolute -20, -13, -15, -10
```

3.4.1.6 Performing Single-Shot Measurements

```
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?  
  
// *****  
// Read relative CDE traces obtained in the last measurement  
// without re-starting the measurement.  
// *****  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch2:AVERage?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPDCh?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:HSDPcch?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPDch2?  
  
// *****  
// Read spectrum traces obtained in the last  
// measurement without re-starting the measurement.  
// *****  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:CURRent?  
  
// *****  
// Read modulation and power traces obtained in the last  
// measurement without re-starting the measurement.  
// *****  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:MERRor:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:MERRor:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PERRor:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PERRor:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PHD:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:FERRor:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:UEPower:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:PSTeps:SDEviation?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?  
  
// *****  
// Read statistical results obtained in the last measurement  
// without re-starting the measurement  
// *****
```

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:CDPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:CDERror:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:RCDerror:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:RCDerror:SF?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:RCDerror:OCINfo?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:PCDE:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SPECtrum:CURRent? REL
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:BER?

// ****
// Read limit check results obtained in the last measurement
// without re-starting the measurement
// ****
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:CURRent?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:RCDerror:AVERage?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:SPECtrum:CURRent?

```

3.4.1.7 Single-Shot and Continuous Measurements

```

// ****
// Start single-shot measurement, return magnitude error trace.
// Return maximum magnitude error trace and maximum phase (without repeating
// the measurement. Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:STATE?

// ****
// Start continuous measurement; wait for 5 ms and return average result.
// Query measurement state and substates (should be "RUN,ADJ,ACT").
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:REPetition CONTinuous
INIT:WCDMA:MEAS:MEValuation
Pause 5000
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:STATE:ALL?

```

3.4.2 Using WCDMA List Mode

The WCDMA multi-evaluation list mode is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST...
- Use general commands of the type ...:WCDMa:MEAS... (no :MEValuation mnemonic) to define the signal routing and perform RF and analyzer settings.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off and list mode is disabled. Use CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST ON to enable the list mode and INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation to initiate a single-shot measurement.
- Use FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:...? commands to retrieve the results.

Speed considerations

The following measurement settings have an impact on the measurement speed:

- The number and size of the segments and the number of measured slots in each segment
- The number and type of results that the R&S CMW needs to calculate

3.4.2.1 Specifying Global Measurement Settings

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Define signal routing and external attenuation
// (Note: The general RF frequency and expected power settings are
// not used in list mode)
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENario:SALone RF1C, RX1
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:RFSettings:EATTenuation 2
```

3.4.2.2 Specifying List Mode Settings

```
// ****
// Define 2 segments with a length of 20 timeslots each
// and different analyzer settings.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT 2
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT1:SETup 20, 1, 19.41E+8, OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT2:SETup 20, -10, 19.42E+8, OFF

// ****
```

```

// Enable code domain results, UE power results and phase discontinuity results
// for all segments, modulation and spectrum results for segment 2 only.
// Select an averaging length of 20 (all measured slots in the segment).
// Set the evaluation offset to 0 slots.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT1:CDPower 20,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:CDPower 20,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT1:UEPower ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:UEPower ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT1:PHD ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:PHD ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:MODulation 20,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:SPECtrum 20,ON,ON,ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:EOFFset 0

// ****
// Use a power trigger without retriggering to start the measurement.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODE ONCE
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:SOURce 'IF Power'

// ****
// Only for measurements with R&S CMWS:
// Configure the RF input connector per segment.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:CMWS:CMODe LIST
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT1:CMWS:CONNECTor R11
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:CMWS:CONNECTor R12

// ****
// Enable the list mode.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST ON

```

3.4.2.3 Performing Single-Shot Measurements

```

// ****
// Start single-shot measurement, return current CDP results
// (average CDP in the last slot in segment 1).
// Return results of segment 2: average CDP and CDE results,
// maximum PCDE results, current and average modulation results,
// average spectrum results, UE power results,
// the phase discontinuity results.
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT1:CDPower:CURREnt?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:CDPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEEvaluation:LIST:SEGMENT2:CDERror:AVERage?

```

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:PCDE:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:MODulation:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:MODulation:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:SPECtrum:AVERage? REL
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment2:PHD:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:STATE?

// ****
// Alternatively use segment-independent commands
// to retrieve the results for all segments.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:AVERage? ABS
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:PHD:CURRent?

```

3.4.2.4 Retrieving Single Results for All Segments

```

// ****
// Return selected peak code domain error results.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:ERRor:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:PHASE:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CODE:MAXimum?

// ****
// Return selected code domain power and code domain error results.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPDCh:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:EDPCch:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch2:MAXimum?

// ****
// Return selected spectrum emission and ACLR results.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M1:AVERage? REL
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P2:AVERage? REL
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:MAXimum?

```

```
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:MAXimum?  
  
// *****  
// Return selected modulation results.  
// *****  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:AVERage?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:AVERage?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFFset:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:AVERage?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:MAXimum?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:CURRent?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:AVERage?  
  
// *****  
// Return the individual segment reliability indicators  
// *****  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:MEValuation:LIST:SREliability?
```

3.5 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement and the general commands applicable to all WCDMA measurements.

- [Conventions and General Information](#)..... 752
- [General Measurement Settings](#)..... 759
- [Multi-Evaluation Measurement Commands](#)..... 771
- [Combined Signal Path Commands](#)..... 896

3.5.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

3.5.1.1 MEAS<i>

MEAS<i> is used as abbreviation of "MEASurement<instance>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

3.5.1.2 CARRier<c>

CARRier<c> is used as abbreviation of "CARRier<carrier>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <carrier> is relevant for the multi-carrier configurations. It can be omitted for the single-carrier configuration.

3.5.1.3 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (`INITiate...`, measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK**: The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/enabled for this result.
 - **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The FETCh result is located above the limit.
 - **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The FETCh result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

3.5.1.4 Current and Statistical Results

The R&S CMW repeats measurements according to the selected statistic count and repetition mode. Consecutive measurement values are stored and used to calculate statistical results, e.g. average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

3.5.1.5 Values for RF Path Selection

To select an RF input path, you must specify an RF connector and an RX module (converter).

Which connectors and modules can be specified in a command, depends on the installed hardware, the test setup and the active subinstrument or instance <i>.

This section lists all values available for path selection. Depending on your configuration, only a subset is relevant for you. Virtual connector names are only relevant for setting commands. Queries return the physical connector names.

Additional information is available in the base software documentation. It describes typical instrument configurations with the allowed RF connector - TX/RX module combinations and the mapping of virtual connector names to physical connectors.

See also: "Signal Path Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

R&S CMW100

The following values are applicable for one or two radio test heads connected to a single PC.

RF path selection values:

- RX module:

RX11 | RX21

RX<a>1: radio test head <a>, RX 1

- RX connector:

R11 | R12 | R13 | R14 | R15 | R16 | R17 | R18

R21 | R22 | R23 | R24 | R25 | R26 | R27 | R28

RA1 | RA2 | RA3 | RA4 | RA5 | RA6 | RA7 | RA8

R<a><n>: radio test head <a>, connector RF <n>

RA<n>: virtual name for R1<n> / R2<n>

Single R&S CMW500 / 270 / 290

RF path selection values:

- RX module:

RX1 | RX2 | RX3 | RX4

- RX connector:

RF1C | RF2C | RF3C | RF4C | RFAC | RFBC

RF 1 COM to RF 4 COM plus virtual connector names

One R&S CMW plus one R&S CMWS

RF path selection values:

- RX module:

RX1 | RX2 | RX3 | RX4

- RX connector:

R11 | R12 | R13 | R14 | R15 | R16 | R17 | R18

R21 | R22 | R23 | R24 | R25 | R26 | R27 | R28

R31 | R32 | R33 | R34 | R35 | R36 | R37 | R38

RA1 | RA2 | RA3 | RA4 | RA5 | RA6 | RA7 | RA8

RB1 | RB2 | RB3 | RB4

R<m><n>: R&S CMWS connector <m>.<n>

RA<n>: virtual name for R1<n> / R3<n>

RB<n>: virtual name for R2<n> / R2<n+4>

Multi-CMW setup with R&S CMWC and several R&S CMW500

RF path selection values:

- RX module:

RX11 | RX12 | RX13 | RX14 | RX21 | RX22 | RX23 | RX24
RX31 | RX32 | RX33 | RX34 | RX41 | RX42 | RX43 | RX44

RX<a>: CMW <a>, RX

Example RX34: RX module 4 of CMW 3

- RX connector:

R11C | R12C | R13C | R14C | R21C | R22C | R23C | R24C
R31C | R32C | R33C | R34C | R41C | R42C | R43C | R44C

R<a>C: CMW <a>, connector RF COM

Example R34C: RF 4 COM of CMW 3

For CMW 1, you can alternatively use the single-CMW RF path selection values.

3.5.1.6 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
- "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
- "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
- "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query

- **Firmware/Software:**

Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

3.5.1.7 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCH...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**
Measurement values available, no error detected.
- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**
The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout.
Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INValid` results or has not completed the full statistic count.
- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**
The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.
- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.
- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**
The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.
- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.
- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in combined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.
- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**
The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.
- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**

For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.

For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.

- **23 ("Missing Option"):**

The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.

- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**

The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.

- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**

The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.

Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.

- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**

The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.

- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**

One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.

- **30 ("File not Found"):**

The specified file could not be found.

- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**

The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.

- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**

The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.

- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**

The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.

- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**

The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.

- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**

The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.

- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**

The selected ARB file could not be found.

- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**

The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.

- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**

The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.

- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**

The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".

$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$

- **50 ("Startup Error"):**

The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.

- **51 ("No Reply"):**
The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.
- **52 ("Connection Error"):**
The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.
- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**
The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.
- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**
The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting")**
The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.
Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.
- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.
- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**
Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.

If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:
 - Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings.
To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
 - If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".
 - Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.
- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**
Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".
- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**
Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.
A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.
If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).
- **104 ("Not Functional"):**
The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

3.5.2 General Measurement Settings

The commands valid for all WCDMA measurements are divided into the groups listed below.

- [Signal Routing](#)..... 759
- [Analyzer Settings](#)..... 761
- [UE Signal Info](#)..... 764

3.5.2.1 [Signal Routing](#)

The following commands configure the scenario, select the input path for the measured signal and define an external attenuation value.

ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone	759
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:CSPath	759
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:MAPProtocol	760
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario?	760
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>?	760
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:EATTenuation	761

ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone <RXConnector>, <RFConverter>

Activates the standalone scenario and selects the RF input path for the measured RF signal.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 3.5.1.5, "Values for RF Path Selection", on page 753](#).

Parameters:

<RXConnector> RF connector for the input path

<RFConverter> RX module for the input path

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

V2.0.10: additional RF and RX values

Manual operation: See "[Scenario = StandAlone](#)" on page 722

ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:CSPath <Master>

Activates the combined signal path scenario and selects a master. The master controls the signal routing settings, analyzer settings and UE signal info settings while the combined signal path scenario is active.

Parameters:

<Master> String parameter selecting the master application
e.g. 'WCDMA Sig1' or 'WCDMA Sig2'

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20

Manual operation: See "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722

ROUTE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:SCENario:MAPRotocol [<Controller>]

Activates the Measure@ProtocolTest scenario and optionally selects the controlling protocol test application.

The signal routing and analyzer settings of the measurement application are ignored. Configure the corresponding settings within the protocol test application used in parallel.

Setting parameters:

<Controller> String parameter selecting the protocol test application
e.g. 'Protocol Test1'

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.20
V2.1.30: added <Controller>

Manual operation: See "[Scenario = Measure@ProtocolTest](#)" on page 723

ROUTE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:SCENario?

Returns the active scenario.

Return values:

<Scenario> SALone | CSPPath | MAPRotocol
SALone: "Standalone (Non Signaling)"
CSPPath: "Combined Signal Path"
MAPRotocol: "Measure@Protocol Test"

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Scenario = StandAlone](#)" on page 722

ROUTE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>?

Returns the configured routing settings.

For possible connector and converter values, see [Chapter 3.5.1.5, "Values for RF Path Selection](#)", on page 753.

Return values:

<Scenario> SALone | CSPPath | MAPRotocol
SALone: Standalone (Non Signaling)
CSPPath: "Combined Signal Path"
MAPRotocol: "Measure@Protocol Test"

<Controller> Controlling application for scenario CSPPath or MAPRotocol
<RXConnector> RF connector for the input path
<RXConverter> RX module for the input path

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

Manual operation: See "[Scenario = StandAlone](#)" on page 722

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:EATTenuation <RFInputExtAtt>

Defines an external attenuation (or gain, if the value is negative), to be applied to the RF input connector.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPUT](#).

Parameters:

<RFInputExtAtt>	Range: -50 dB to 90 dB *RST: 0 dB Default unit: dB
-----------------	--

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[External Attenuation \(Input\)](#)" on page 723

3.5.2.2 Analyzer Settings

The following commands configure the RF input path.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:ENPower	761
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:UMargin	762
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND	762
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency	763
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:DCARRier:SEParation	763

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:ENPower <ExpNomPower>

Sets the expected nominal power of the measured RF signal.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode](#)
- [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower](#)

Parameters:

<ExpNomPower>	The range of the expected nominal power can be calculated as follows:
---------------	---

*Range (Expected Nominal Power) = Range (Input Power) +
External Attenuation - User Margin*

The input power range is stated in the data sheet.

*RST:	0 dBm
Default unit:	dBm

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4
V3.0.10: enhanced range

Manual operation: See "[Expected Nominal Power](#)" on page 724

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:UMARgin <UserMargin>

Sets the margin that the R&S CMW adds to the expected nominal power to determine its reference power. The reference power minus the external input attenuation must be within the power range of the selected input connector; refer to the data sheet.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:Margin](#).

Parameters:

<UserMargin>	Range: 0 dB to (55 dB + external attenuation - expected nominal power)
	*RST: 0 dB
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4
V3.0.10: enhanced range

Manual operation: See "[User Margin](#)" on page 725

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND <Band>

Selects the operating band (OB).

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DBDC](#)

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the affected carrier - only relevant for dual band dual carrier measurement

Parameters:

<Band>	OB1 ... OB14 OB19 ... OB22 OB25 OB26 OBS1 ... OBS3 OBL1
	OB1 , ..., OB14 : operating band I to XIV
	OB19 , ..., OB22 : operating band XIX to XXII
	OB25 , OB26 : operating band XXV and XXVI
	OBS1 : operating band S
	OBS2 : operating band S 170 MHz
	OBS3 : operating band S 190 MHz
	OBL1 : operating band L
	*RST: not documented
	Default unit: OB1

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

V1.0.15.0: added OBS

V2.0.10: added OB19 to OB21

V2.1.20: added OBL1

V3.2.60: command renamed (added CARRier<c>)

V3.2.70: added OB25, OB26

V3.2.80: added OB22

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual band dual carrier HSDPA

Manual operation: See "[Band / Channel / Frequency](#)" on page 724

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency <Frequency>

Selects the center frequency of the RF analyzer.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:UL](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:UL](#)

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Uplink carrier

Parameters:

<Frequency> Range: 70E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz
*RST: 1.9226E+9 Hz
Default unit: Hz
Using the unit CH the frequency can be set via the channel number. The allowed channel number range depends on the operating band, see [Chapter 3.2.4.3, "Operating Bands"](#), on page 691.

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

V3.0.10: Minimum value decreased to 70 MHz

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for multi-carrier in uplink

Manual operation: See "[Band / Channel / Frequency](#)" on page 724

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation <DCFreqSep>

Sets the carrier 1 and carrier 2 frequency separation for measurements with dual uplink carrier.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation](#).

Parameters:

<DCFreqSep> Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz
 Increment: 200 kHz
 *RST: 5 MHz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Specifying General Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

Manual operation: See "Dual Carrier Separation" on page 724

3.5.2.3 UE Signal Info

The following commands define expected properties of the UE signal.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CARRier<c>:SCODe.....	764
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:SFORmat.....	765
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:ULConfig.....	765
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:DPDCh.....	766
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:DPCCh.....	766
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:DPDCh.....	767
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch.....	768
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig.....	768
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPCch.....	769
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPDCh<no>.....	770
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection.....	770

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CARRier<c>:SCODe <Code>

Selects the number of the long code that is used to scramble the received uplink WCDMA signal.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFigure :WCDMa :SIGN<i>:UL :CARRier<c>:SCODe](#).

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Code> Range: #H0 to #FFFFFF
 *RST: #H0

Example: See [Specifying Required Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "Scrambling Code" on page 726

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:SFORmat <SlotFormat>

Selects the slot format for the UL DPCCH.

Parameters:

<SlotFormat> Range: 0 to 5
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Specifying Required Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "UL DPCCH Slot Format" on page 727

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:ULConfig <ULConfiguration>

Selects the uplink signal configuration.

Parameters:

<ULConfiguration> QPSK | WCDMa | HSDPa | HSUPa | HSPA | HSPLus | DCHS |
 HDUPlus | DDUPlus | DHDU | 3CHS | 3DUPlus | 3HDU | 4CHS |
 4DUPlus | 4HDU

QPSK: QPSK signal

WCDMa: WCDMA R99 signal

HSDPa: signal with HSDPA-related channels

HSUPa: signal with HSUPA channels

HSPA: HSDPA related and HSUPA channels

HSPLus: HSDPA+ related channels

HDUPlus: HSDPA+ related and HSUPA channels

DHDU: dual carrier HSDPA+ and dual carrier HSUPA active
The following values cannot be set, but can be returned while
the combined signal path scenario is active:

DCHS: dual carrier HSDPA+ active

DDUPlus: dual carrier HSDPA+ and HSUPA active

3CHS: three carrier HSDPA+ active

3DUPlus: three carrier HSDPA+ and HSUPA active

3HDU: three carrier HSDPA+ and dual carrier HSUPA active

4CHS: four carrier HSDPA+ active

4DUPlus: four carrier HSDPA+ and HSUPA active

4HDU: four carrier HSDPA+ and dual carrier HSUPA active

*RST: WCDM

Example: See [Specifying Required Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

V3.0.20: added HDUPlus, DCHS and DDUPlus

V3.2.60: added DHDU

V3.5.20: added 3CHS, 3DUPlus, 3HDU, 4CHS, 4DUPlus, 4HDU

Options:

R&S CMW-KM401 for all HS... values

R&S CMW-KM403 also needed for HSDPA+ (HSPLus, HDU-
Plus, DCHS, DDUPlus)

R&S CMW-KM405 required for dual carrier HSUPA (DHDU)

Manual operation: See "[UL Configuration](#)" on page 727

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:DPDCh <DPDCH>

Defines whether the UL DPDCH contains a DPDCH.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVEL:DPCH](#).

Parameters:

<DPDCH> OFF | ON

OFF: DPCCH only

ON: DPCCH plus DPDCH

*RST: ON

Example: See [Specifying Required Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[UL DPDCH Available](#)" on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UEChannels:CARRier<c>:DPCCh <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of a DPCCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting:
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:PDATA<no>](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:RMC<no>](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VIDeo](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VOICE](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

Channel disabled | enabled

*RST: ON

<BetaFactor> Range: 1 to 15

*RST: 2

<SpreadingFactor> Range: 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256

*RST: 256

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "UE Channels" on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:DPDCh <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of a DPDCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting:
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:PDATA<no>](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:RMC<no>](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VIDeo](#)
 - [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACtor:VOICe](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Channel disabled enabled *RST: ON
<BetaFactor>	Range: 0 to 15 *RST: 15
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 *RST: 64

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "UE Channels" on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of an HS-DPCCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel.

For the HS-DPCCH three sets of beta factor and spreading factor can be configured, depending on whether it transports an ACK, NACK or CQI. This command configures/ returns the values related to the currently active set.

For selection of the active set, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig](#) on page 768.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting: [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:HSDPA](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
*RST:	ON
<BetaFactor>	Range: 5 to 570
	*RST: 60
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
	*RST: 256

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See ["UE Channels"](#) on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig <Type>

Selects whether the HS-DPCCH transports an ACK, NACK or CQI and thus which set of beta factor and spreading factor values is used.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting: [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:HSDPA](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Type> ACK | NACK | CQI
*RST: ACK

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "UE Channels" on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UEChannels:CARRier<c>:EDPCch <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of an E-DPCCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting: [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:HSUPa:EDPCch](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
Channel disabled | enabled
*RST: OFF

<BetaFactor> Range: 5 to 3585
*RST: 30

<SpreadingFactor> Range: 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
*RST: 256

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "UE Channels" on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no> <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of a selected E-DPDCH (1 to 4) in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- Beta factor setting: [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACToR:HSUPa:EDPCch](#)
- Setting of spreading factor via automatic configuration depending on connection configuration

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the E-DPDCH
<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
*RST:	OFF
<BetaFactor>	Range: 5 to 5655
	*RST: 168
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
	*RST: 4

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See ["UE Channels"](#) on page 728

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection <Selection>

Specifies the application controlling beta factor and spreading factor configuration in combined signal path.

Parameters:

<Selection>	AUTO MANual
	AUTO: settings controlled by WCDMA signaling
	MAN: settings controlled by WCDMA UE TX measurement
	*RST: AUTO

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See ["Beta / Spreading Factor Selection"](#) on page 729

3.5.3 Multi-Evaluation Measurement Commands

The commands for the WCDMA multi-evaluation measurement are divided into the groups listed below. The general measurement settings also affect the measurement, see [Chapter 3.5.2, "General Measurement Settings", on page 759](#).

● Measurement Control and States.....	771
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● Measurement Parameters.....	781
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● Spectrum Settings.....	795
● BER Settings.....	795
● Trigger Settings.....	796
● Limits (Modulation).....	799
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● Limits (Power Control).....	809
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● Phase Error Results (Traces).....	821
● I/Q Constellation Results (Traces).....	824
● Phase Discontinuity Results (Traces).....	824
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● Power Results (Traces).....	826
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● CDP vs. Slot Results (Traces).....	832
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● RCDE vs. Slot Results (Traces).....	843
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● CDP vs. Slot Results (Single Values).....	859
● CDE vs. Slot Results (Single Values).....	860
● RCDE vs. Slot Results (Single Values).....	861
● CD Monitor Results (Single Values).....	864
● RX Results (Single Values).....	865
● List Mode Results (One Segment).....	865
● List Mode Results (All Segments, One Result).....	873
● List Mode Results (All Segments, Result Groups).....	889

3.5.3.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation.....	772
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation.....	772
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation.....	772
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:STATe?.....	772
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:STATe:ALL?.....	773

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation**STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation****ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATe? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See ["Multi Evaluation \(Softkey\)" on page 721](#)

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATe:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RUN | RDY

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Multi Evaluation \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 721

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATe? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Multi Evaluation \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 721

3.5.3.2 Enabling Results and Views

The following commands select the evaluated results and the displayed views.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt[:ALL].....	774
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:EVMagnitude.....	776
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:MERRor.....	776
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:PERRor.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:ACLR.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:EMASK.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CDPMonitor.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CDPower.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CDError.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:UEPower.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:FERRor.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:PHD.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:PSTeps.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:BER.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:IQ.....	781
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt:RCDFerror.....	781

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt[:ALL] <EnableEVM>, <EnableMagError>, <EnablePhaseErr>, <EnableACLR>, <EnableEMask>, <EnableCDmonitor>, <EnableCDP>, <EnableCDE>, <EnableEVMchip>, <EnableMERRor>, <EnablePhErrChip>, <EnableUEpower>, <EnableFreqError>, <EnablePhaseDisc>, <EnablePowSteps>, <EnableBER>[, <EnableIQ>, <EnableRCDE>]

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the views in the multi-evaluation measurement. This command combines all other CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:RESUlt... commands.

Parameters:

<EnableEVM>	OFF ON
	Error vector magnitude
	OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view
	ON: Evaluate results and show the view
*RST:	ON
<EnableMagError>	OFF ON
	Magnitude error
	*RST: OFF
<EnablePhaseErr>	OFF ON
	Phase error
	*RST: OFF

<EnableACLR>	OFF ON Adjacent channel leakage power ratio *RST: ON
<EnableEMask>	OFF ON Spectrum emission mask *RST: ON
<EnableCDmonitor>	OFF ON Code domain monitor *RST: ON
<EnableCDP>	OFF ON Code domain power *RST: ON
<EnableCDE>	OFF ON Code domain error *RST: OFF
<EnableEVMchip>	OFF ON EVM vs. chip *RST: ON
<EnableMErrChip>	OFF ON Magnitude error vs. chip *RST: OFF
<EnablePhErrChip>	OFF ON Phase error vs. chip *RST: OFF
<EnableUEpower>	OFF ON UE power *RST: ON
<EnableFreqError>	OFF ON Frequency error *RST: ON
<EnablePhaseDisc>	OFF ON Phase discontinuity *RST: OFF
<EnablePowSteps>	OFF ON Power steps *RST: ON

<EnableBER>	OFF ON Bit error rate *RST: OFF
<EnableIQ>	OFF ON I/Q constellation diagram *RST: OFF
<EnableRCDE>	OFF ON Relative CDE *RST: OFF
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.3.6 V1.0.4.11: <EnableEVMchip> to <EnableBER> V1.0.10.1: <EnableIQ> V1.0.15.0: <EnableRCDE>
Manual operation:	See " Assign Views (Hotkey) " on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:EVMagnitude <EnableEVM>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the error vector magnitude view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableEVM>	OFF ON OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view ON: Evaluate results and show the view *RST: ON
-------------	---

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:MERRor <EnableMagError>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the magnitude error view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableMagError>	OFF ON OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view ON: Evaluate results and show the view *RST: OFF
------------------	--

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PERRor <EnablePhaseErr>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the phase error view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePhaseErr> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:ACLR <EnableACLR>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the adjacent channel leakage power ratio view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableACLR> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:EMASK <EnableEMask>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the spectrum emission mask view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableEMask> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDPMonitor

<EnableCDmonitor>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the code domain monitor view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableCDmonitor> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDPower <EnableCDP>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the code domain power view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableCDP> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDERror <EnableCDE>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the code domain error view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableCDE> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.3.6

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM <EnableEVMchip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the EVM vs. chip view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableEVMchip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor
<EnableMERRChip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the magnitude error vs. chip view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableMERRChip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor
<EnablePhERRChip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the phase error vs. chip view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePhERRChip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:UEPower <EnableUEpower>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the UE power view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableUEpower> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:FERRor <EnableFreqError>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the frequency error view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableFreqError> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PHD <EnablePhaseDisc>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the phase discontinuity view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePhaseDisc> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PSTeps <EnablePowSteps>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the power steps view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePowSteps> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:BER <EnableBER>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the bit error rate view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableBER> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view**ON:** Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11**Manual operation:** See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:IQ <EnableIQ>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the I/Q constellation diagram view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableIQ> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view**ON:** Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1**Manual operation:** See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:RCDError <EnableRCDE>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the relative CDE view in the multi-evaluation measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableRCDE> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view**ON:** Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: OFF

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0**Manual operation:** See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 731

3.5.3.3 Measurement Parameters

The following commands define general settings for the multi-evaluation measurement.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT	782
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:REPetition	782
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCONDition	782
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MOEXception	783
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount	783
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSLot	783
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SYNCh	784

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCH** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Firmware/Software: V2.0.10

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:REPetition <Repetition>

Specifies the repetition mode of the measurement. The repetition mode specifies whether the measurement is stopped after a single-shot or repeated continuously. Use **CONFFigure:...:MEAS<i>:...:SCount** to determine the number of measurement intervals per single shot.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<Repetition> SINGleshot | CONTinuous

SINGleshot: Single-shot measurement

CONTinuous: Continuous measurement

*RST: SING

Example: See [Single-Shot and Continuous Measurements](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Repetition](#)" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCOndition <StopCondition>

Qualifies whether the measurement is stopped after a failed limit check or continued. **SLFail** means that the measurement is stopped and reaches the **RDY** state when one of the results exceeds the limits.

Parameters:

<StopCondition> NONE | SLFail

NONE: Continue measurement irrespective of the limit check

SLFail: Stop measurement on limit failure

*RST: NONE

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "Stop Condition" on page 731

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MOException <MeasOnException>

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected.

Parameters:

<MeasOnException> OFF | ON

OFF: Faulty results are rejected.

ON: Results are never rejected.

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "Measure on Exception" on page 732

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount <SlotCount>

Selects the total number of measured slots.

Parameters:

<SlotCount> Range: 1 slot to 120 slots

*RST: 1 slot

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "Measurement Length" on page 732

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot <SlotNumber>

Selects the slot where the R&S CMW calculates the results of single slot measurements: ACLR, emission mask, EVM vs. chip, CD monitor. The number of the preselected slot must be smaller than the number of measured slots ([CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#)).

Parameters:

<SlotNumber> Range: 0 to 119

*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Preselected Slot](#)" on page 732

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SYNCh <SlotNumber>

Selects a slot number within the UL WCDMA frames (0 to 14) that the R&S CMW displays as the first slot in the measurement interval.

Parameters:

<SlotNumber> ANY | SL1 | SL2 | SL3 | SL4 | SL5 | SL6 | SL7 | SL8 | SL9 | SL10 | SL11 | SL12 | SL13 | SL14 | SL0

ANY: No frame synchronization

SL0 ... SL14: First slot = slot 0 ... slot 14

*RST: ANY

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

Manual operation: See "[Synchronization](#)" on page 732

3.5.3.4 List Mode Settings

The following commands configure the list mode. For retrieving list mode results, see [Chapter 3.5.3.32, "List Mode Results \(One Segment\)", on page 865](#) and subsequent sections.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST	784
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:EOFFset	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CMWS:CMODe	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:CMWS:CONNECTor	786
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:SETup	786
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:MODulation	788
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:SPECtrum	789
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:CDPower	790
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:UEPower	790
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGment<no>:PHD	791
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODE	791

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST <Enable>

Enables or disables the list mode.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

OFF: Disable list mode

ON: Enable list mode

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

Manual operation: See "[Enable](#)" on page 733

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNt <Segments>

Defines the number of segments in the entire measurement interval, including active and inactive segments.

Parameters:

<Segments> Range: 1 to 1000
*RST: 10

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

V3.2.10: range extended

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:EOFFset <Offset>

Defines the evaluation offset. The specified number of slots at the beginning of each segment is excluded from the evaluation.

Set the trigger delay to 0 when using an evaluation offset (see [TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DElay](#) on page 798).

Parameters:

<Offset> Range: 0 slots to 1024 slots
*RST: 0 slots

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.0.11

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CMWS:CMODe

<ConnectorMode>

Specifies how the input connector is selected for WCDMA list mode measurements with the R&S CMWS.

Parameters:

<ConnectorMode> GLOBal | LIST

GLOBal: The same input connector is used for all segments. It is selected in the same way as without list mode, for example via ROUTe : WCDMa : MEAS<i> : SCENario : SALone.

LIST: The input connector is configured individually for each segment. See [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CMWS:CONNector](#).

*RST: GLOB

Example: See [Specifying List Mode Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CMWS:CONNector <CMWSConnector>

Selects the RF input connector for segment <no> for WCDMA list mode measurements with the R&S CMWS. This setting is only relevant for connector mode LIST, see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CMWS:CMODE](#).

All segments of a list mode measurement must use connectors of the same bench.

For possible connector values, see [Chapter 3.5.1.5, "Values for RF Path Selection"](#), on page 753.

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000
Segment number

Parameters:

<CMWSConnector> Selects the input connector of the R&S CMWS
*RST: R11

Example: See [Specifying List Mode Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SETup <SegmentLength>, <Level>, <Frequency>[, <Retrigger>]

Defines the length and analyzer settings of a selected segment. In general, this command must be sent for all segments measured.

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000
The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see [CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#) on page 785).

Parameters:

<SegmentLength>	<p>Number of measured timeslots in the segment. The sum of the length of all active segments must not exceed 6000. Ignoring this limit results in NCAPs for the remaining slots. The statistical length for result calculation covers at most the first 1000 slots of a segment. The sum of the length of all segments (active plus inactive) must not exceed 192000. "Inactive" means that no measurement at all is enabled for the segment.</p> <p>Range: 1 to 192000 *RST: 1 Default unit: slot</p>
<Level>	<p>Expected nominal power in the segment. The range of the expected nominal power can be calculated as follows: $\text{Range (Expected Nominal Power)} = \text{Range (Input Power)} + \text{External Attenuation} - \text{User Margin}$</p> <p>The input power range is stated in the data sheet.</p> <p>*RST: 0 dBm Default unit: dBm</p>
<Frequency>	<p>Range: 100E+6 Hz to 6E+9 Hz *RST: 1.9226E+9 Hz Default unit: Hz</p>
<Retrigger>	<p>OFF ON IFPower IFPSync</p> <p>Specifies whether a trigger event is required for the segment or not. The setting is ignored for the first segment of a measurement and for trigger mode ONCE (see TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODE on page 791).</p> <p>OFF: measure the segment without retrigger</p> <p>ON: trigger event required, trigger source configured via TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURce</p> <p>IFPower: trigger event required, "IF Power" trigger</p> <p>IFPSync: trigger event required, "IF Power (Sync)" trigger</p> <p>*RST: OFF</p>
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.5.3 V2.0.11: <Retrigger> added V2.1.10: <SegmentLength> enhanced for inactive segments V3.0.30: new <Retrigger> values IFPower and IFPSync V3.2.10: increased number of segments
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation

<ModStatistics>, <EnableUEpower>, <EnableEVM>, <EnableMagError>, <EnablePhaseErr>, <EnableFreqError>, <EnableIQ>

Defines the statistical length for the AVERage, MAXimum, and SDEVIation calculation and enables the calculation of the different modulation results in segment no. <no>; see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode", on page 686](#).

The statistical length for CDP, CDE and modulation results is identical (see also [CONFigure:WCDMa :MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower](#) on page 790).

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000

The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see [CONFigure:WCDMa :MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#) on page 785).

Parameters:

<ModStatistics>	The statistical length is limited by the length of the segment (see CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SETUp on page 786).
	Range: 1 to 1000 *RST: 10
<EnableUEpower>	OFF ON OFF: Disable measurement ON: Enable measurement of UE power *RST: OFF
<EnableEVM>	OFF ON Disable or enable measurement of EVM *RST: OFF
<EnableMagError>	OFF ON Disable or enable measurement of magnitude error *RST: OFF
<EnablePhaseErr>	OFF ON Disable or enable measurement of phase error *RST: OFF
<EnableFreqError>	OFF ON Disable or enable measurement of frequency error *RST: OFF
<EnableIQ>	OFF ON Disable or enable measurement of I/Q origin offset and imbalance *RST: OFF

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3
V3.2.10: increased number of segments

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:SPECtrum
<SpecStatistics>, <EnableACLR>, <EnableEMask>, <EnableOBW>

Defines the statistical length for the AVERage and MAXimum calculation and enables the calculation of the different spectrum results in segment no. <no>; see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode", on page 686](#).

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000
The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#) on page 785).

Parameters:

<SpecStatistics> The statistical length is limited by the length of the segment (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:SETup](#) on page 786).

Range: 1 to 1000
*RST: 10

<EnableACLR> OFF | ON

OFF: Disable measurement
ON: Enable measurement of ACLR

*RST: OFF

<EnableEMask> OFF | ON

Disable or enable measurement of spectrum emission mask
*RST: OFF

<EnableOBW> OFF | ON

Disable or enable measurement of occupied bandwidth
*RST: OFF

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3
V3.2.10: increased number of segments

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower
 <ModStatistics>, <EnableCDP>, <EnableCDE>[, <EnablePCDE>]

Defines the statistical length for the AVERage, MINimum, MAXimum and SDEVIation calculation and enables the calculation of the different code domain results in segment no. <no>; see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode", on page 686](#).

The statistical length for CDP, CDE, PCDE and modulation results is identical (see also [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation](#) on page 788).

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000

The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#) on page 785).

Parameters:

<ModStatistics> The statistical length is limited by the length of the segment (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SETUP](#) on page 786).

Range: 1 to 1000

*RST: 10

<EnableCDP> OFF | ON

OFF: Disable measurement

ON: Enable measurement of code domain power

*RST: OFF

<EnableCDE> OFF | ON

Disable or enable measurement of code domain error

*RST: OFF

<EnablePCDE> OFF | ON

Disable or enable measurement of peak code domain error

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3 (PCDE V1.0.15.0)
V3.2.10: increased number of segments

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:UEPower
 <EnableUEpower>

Enables the calculation of the current UE power vs. slot results in segment no. <no>; see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode", on page 686](#).

Suffix:	
<no>	1..1000 The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see CONF igure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT on page 785).
Parameters:	
<EnableUEpower>	OFF ON OFF: Disable measurement ON: Enable measurement of UE power *RST: OFF
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.10 V3.2.10: increased number of segments
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

CONF igure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PHD
<EnablePhD>

Enables the calculation of the phase discontinuity vs. slot results in segment no. <no>; see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode"](#), on page 686.

Suffix:	
<no>	1..1000 The segment number must not exceed the total number of segments measured (see CONF igure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT on page 785).
Parameters:	
<EnablePhD>	OFF ON OFF: Disable measurement ON: Enable measurement of phase discontinuity *RST: OFF
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20 V3.2.10: increased number of segments
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODE <Mode>

Specifies the trigger mode for list mode measurements. For configuration of retrigger flags, see [CONF igure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SETup](#) on page 786.

Parameters:

<Mode>	ONCE SEGMENT
	ONCE: A trigger event is only required to start the measurement. As a result, the entire range of segments to be measured is captured without additional trigger event. The retrigger flags of the segments are ignored.
	SEGMENT: The retrigger flag of each segment is evaluated. It defines whether the measurement waits for a trigger event before capturing the segment, or not.
	*RST: ONCE
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Firmware/Software:	V2.0.11
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

3.5.3.5 Modulation Settings

The following commands specify settings relevant for the modulation and code domain measurements.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation	792
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:MODulation	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DMode:MODulation	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:AMode:MODulation	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CDTHreshold:MODulation	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SScalar:MODulation	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DSFactor:MODulation	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:ROTation:MODulation	795

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation <MeasPeriod>

Selects the width of the basic measurement period within each measured slot. To define the number of measured slots, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783.

Parameters:

<MeasPeriod>	FULLslot HALFslot
	FULLslot: Full-slot measurement
	HALFslot: Half-slot measurement
	*RST: FULL

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Options: R&S CMW-KM401 for HALFslot

Manual operation: See "Measurement Period" on page 733

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:MODulation <StatisticCount>

Specifies the statistic count of the measurement. The statistic count is equal to the number of measurement intervals per single shot. Use

CONFigure:...:MEAS<i>:...:REPetition SINGleshot | CONTinuous to select either single-shot or continuous measurements.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<StatisticCount> Number of measurement intervals

Range: 1 to 1000

*RST: 10

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Statistic Count](#)" on page 733

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DModE:MODulation <DetectionMode>

Selects the detection mode for uplink WCDMA signals.

Parameters:

<DetectionMode> A3G

A3G: "3GPP Signal Auto"

*RST: A3G

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Detection Mode](#)" on page 734

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:AModE:MODulation <AnalysisMode>

Defines whether a possible origin offset is included in the measurement results (WOOFset) or subtracted out (NOOFset).

Parameters:

<AnalysisMode> WOOFset | NOOFset

WOOFset: With origin offset

NOOFset: No origin offset

*RST: WOOF

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Analysis Mode](#)" on page 734

**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CDTHreshold:MODulation
<Threshold>**

Defines the minimum relative signal strength of the (E-)DPDCH in the WCDMA signal (if present) to be detected and evaluated.

Parameters:

<Threshold> Range: -25 dB to 10 dB
 *RST: -16 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Chn. Detect Threshold](#)" on page 734

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSScalar:MODulation <SlotNumber>

Selects a particular slot or half-slot within the measurement length where the R&S CMW evaluates the statistical measurement results for multislot measurements. The slot number must be smaller than the number of measured slots (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

Parameters:

<SlotNumber> Range: 0 to 119.5
 Increment: 0.5
 *RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Slot Number \(Table\)](#)" on page 734

**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DSFactor:MODulation
<SpreadingFactor>**

Selects the spreading factor for the displayed code domain monitor results.

Parameters:

<SpreadingFactor> SF4 | SF8 | SF16 | SF32 | SF64 | SF128 | SF256
 Spreading factor 4 to 256
 *RST: SF4

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[CDP Spreading Factor](#)" on page 735

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:ROTation:MODulation <Rotation>

Defines the initial phase reference ($\varphi=0$) for I/Q constellation diagrams of QPSK signals.

Parameters:

<Rotation>	The entered value is rounded to 0 deg or 45 deg. 0 deg : constellation points on I and Q axes 45 deg : constellation points on angle bisectors between I and Q axes Range: 0 deg to 45 deg *RST: 0 deg Default unit: deg
------------	---

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "[Rotation](#)" on page 735

3.5.3.6 Spectrum Settings

The following commands specify the scope of the spectrum measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:SPECTrum <StatisticCount>

Specifies the statistic count of the measurement. The statistic count is equal to the number of measurement intervals per single shot. Use

`CONFigure:...:MEAS<i>:...:REPetition SINGleshot | CONTinuous` to select either single-shot or continuous measurements.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<StatisticCount>	Number of measurement intervals Range: 1 to 1000 *RST: 10
------------------	---

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Spectrum](#)" on page 735

3.5.3.7 BER Settings

The following commands specify the scope of the bit error rate (BER) measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:BER <StatisticCount>

Specifies the statistic count of the measurement. The statistic count is equal to the number of measurement intervals per single shot. Use

`CONFigure:...:MEAS<i>:...:REPetition SINGleshot | CONTinuous` to select either single-shot or continuous measurements.

See also: "Statistical Settings" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Parameters:

<StatisticCount> Number of transport blocks
Range: 1 to 1000
*RST: 100

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[BER](#)" on page 735

3.5.3.8 Trigger Settings

The following commands define the trigger parameters.

<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CATalog:SOURce?</code>	796
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURce</code>	797
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SLOPe</code>	797
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:THReshold</code>	797
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT</code>	798
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DELay</code>	798
<code>TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MGAP</code>	798

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CATalog:SOURce?

Lists all trigger source values that can be set using `TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURce`.

Return values:

<TriggerList> Comma-separated list of all supported values. Each value is represented as a string.

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 736

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURce <Source>

Selects the source of the trigger events. Some values are always available in this firmware application. They are listed below. Depending on the installed options, additional values are available. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using TRIGger:...:CATalog:SOURce?.

Parameters:

<Source>	'Free Run (Standard)': Free Run (standard synchronization) 'Free Run (Fast Sync)': Free Run (fast synchronization) 'IF Power': Power trigger (normal synchronization) 'IF Power (Sync)': Power trigger (extended synchronization) *RST: 'Free Run (Standard)'
----------	---

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11
V2.0.11: 'IF Power (Sync)' added

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 736

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SLOPe <Slope>

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse (valid for external and power trigger sources).

Parameters:

<Slope>	REDGe FEDGE REDGe: Rising edge FEDGE: Falling edge *RST: REDG
---------	--

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Slope](#)" on page 737

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:THReShold <Level>

Defines the trigger threshold for power trigger sources.

Parameters:

<Level>	Range: -47 dB to 0 dB *RST: -26 dB Default unit: dB (full scale, i.e. relative to reference level minus external attenuation)
---------	---

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Threshold](#)" on page 737

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT <TimeOut>

Selects the maximum time that the R&S CMW waits for a trigger event before it stops the measurement in remote control mode or indicates a trigger timeout in manual operation mode. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<TimeOut> Range: 0.01 s to 10 s
 *RST: 2 s
 Default unit: s
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the timeout

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11
V3.0.10: OFF | ON added

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Time Out](#)" on page 737

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DELay <Delay>

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. A delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on free run measurements.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: -666.7E-6 s to 0.24 s
 *RST: 0 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Delay](#)" on page 737

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MGAP <MinimumGap>

Sets a minimum time during which the IF signal must be below the trigger threshold before the trigger is armed so that an IF power trigger event can be generated.

Parameters:

<MinimumGap> Range: 0 s to 0.01 s
 *RST: 25E-6 s
 Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Manual operation: See "Minimum Trigger Gap" on page 737

3.5.3.9 Limits (Modulation)

The following commands define limits for results which characterize the modulation accuracy.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:MERRor.....	799
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:EVMagnitude.....	799
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:PERRor.....	800
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:PHD.....	800
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:PHSDpcch.....	801
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:IQOFFset.....	801
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:IQIMbalance.....	801
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:CFERror.....	802

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:MERRor <RMS>, <Peak>

Defines upper limits for the RMS and peak values of the magnitude error.

Parameters:

<RMS>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 50 %, OFF Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<Peak>	Range: 0 % to 99 % *RST: 50 % Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "Limits" on page 738

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIMit:EVMagnitude <RMS>, <Peak>

Defines upper limits for the RMS and peak values of the error vector magnitude (EVM).

Parameters:

<RMS>	Range: 0 % to 100 % *RST: 50 %, OFF Default unit: % Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
-------	---

<Peak> Range: 0 % to 99 %
 *RST: 50 %
 Default unit: %
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PERRor <RMS>, <Peak>

Defines symmetric limits for the RMS and peak values of the phase error. The limit check fails if the absolute value of the measured phase error exceeds the specified values.

Parameters:

<RMS> Range: 0 deg to 45 deg
 *RST: 10 deg, OFF
 Default unit: deg
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

<Peak> Range: 0 deg to 45 deg
 *RST: 45 deg, OFF
 Default unit: deg
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHD <Enable>, <Upper>, <Dynamic>

Defines upper and dynamic limits for the phase discontinuity determined by full-slot measurements (signals without HSPA channels).

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 Disables | enables the limit check
 *RST: ON

<Upper> Range: 0 deg to 90 deg
 *RST: 66 deg
 Default unit: deg

<Dynamic> Range: 0 deg to 90 deg
 *RST: 36 deg
 Default unit: deg

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

CONFFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHSDpcch <Enable>, <MeasurePointA>, <MeasurePointB>, <Dynamic>

Defines a dynamic limit for the phase discontinuity determined by half-slot measurements (signals with HS-DPCCH). The limit is checked at point A and point B. As the phase discontinuity is measured at half-slot boundaries (x.5, not x.0) points A and B have to be set to half-slot positions.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check
	*RST: ON
<MeasurePointA>	Range: 0.5 slots to 119.5 slots Increment: 0.5 slots *RST: 0.5 slots Default unit: slot
<MeasurePointB>	Range: 0.5 slots to 119.5 slots Increment: 0.5 slots *RST: 10.5 slots Default unit: slot
<Dynamic>	Range: 0 deg to 90 deg *RST: 36 deg Default unit: deg

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

CONFFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:IQOffset <IQoffset>

Defines an upper limit for the I/Q origin offset.

Parameters:

<IQoffset>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -25 dB, OFF Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
------------	--

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

CONFFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:IQIMbalance <IQimbalance>

Defines an upper limit for the I/Q imbalance.

Parameters:

<IQimbalance> Range: -99 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -15 dB, OFF
 Default unit: dB
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:CFERrror <FrequencyError>

Defines an upper limit for the carrier frequency error.

Parameters:

<FrequencyError> Range: 0 Hz to 4000 Hz
 *RST: 200 Hz
 Default unit: Hz
 Additional OFF | ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

3.5.3.10 Limits (Code Domain)

The following commands define limits for relative code domain error (CDE) results and specify the channel configuration of the uplink signal. Knowledge of the channel configuration is required for relative CDE limit checks.

The channel configuration can also be specified via the general commands CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS:UECHannels: . . . , see [Chapter 3.5.2.3, "UE Signal Info", on page 764](#).

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPCCh....	803
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPDCh....	803
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>: HSDPcch.....	804
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>: HSDPcch:CONFIG.....	805
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>: EDPCch.....	805
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>: EDPDch<no>.....	806
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>.....	807
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EDCP.....	808

**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:
DPCCCh <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>**

Specifies the presence of a DPCCCh in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel. A query returns also the nominal CDP and effective CDP resulting from these settings.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Channel disabled enabled
	*RST: ON
<BetaFactor>	Range: 1 to 15 *RST: 2
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 *RST: 256

Return values:

<NominalCDP>	Range: -60 dB to 0 dB *RST: -17.9 dB Default unit: dB
<EffectiveCDP>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -17.9 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:
DPDCh <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>**

Specifies the presence of a DPDCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel. A query returns also the nominal CDP and effective CDP resulting from these settings.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
	*RST: ON
<BetaFactor>	Range: 0 to 15
	*RST: 15
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
	*RST: 64

Return values:

<NominalCDP>	Range: -60 dB to 0 dB
	*RST: -0.4 dB
	Default unit: dB
<EffectiveCDP>	Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
	*RST: -6.4 dB
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of an HS-DPCCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel. A query returns also the nominal CDP and effective CDP resulting from these settings.

For the HS-DPCCH three sets of beta factor and spreading factor can be configured, depending on whether it transports an ACK, NACK or CQI. This command configures/ returns the values related to the currently active set.

For selection of the active set, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFIG](#) on page 805.

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
	*RST: ON
<BetaFactor>	Range: 5 to 570
	*RST: 60

<SpreadingFactor> Range: 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
 *RST: 256

Return values:

<NominalCDP> Range: -70 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -11.9 dB
 Default unit: dB

<EffectiveCDP> Range: -90 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: -11.9 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig <Type>

Selects whether the HS-DPCCH transports an ACK, NACK or CQI and thus which set of beta factor and spreading factor values is used.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Type> ACK | NACK | CQI
 *RST: ACK

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPCch <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of an E-DPCCH in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel. A query returns also the nominal CDP and effective CDP resulting from these settings.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
	*RST: OFF
<BetaFactor>	Range: 5 to 3585
	*RST: 30
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
	*RST: 256

Return values:

<NominalCDP>	Range: -70 dB to 0 dB
	*RST: NAV
	Default unit: dB
<EffectiveCDP>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB
	*RST: NAV
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no> <Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>

Specifies the presence of a selected E-DPDCH (1 to 4) in the uplink signal and the beta factor and spreading factor of the channel. A query returns also the nominal CDP and effective CDP resulting from these settings.

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the E-DPDCH
<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Channel disabled enabled
	*RST: OFF
<BetaFactor>	Range: 5 to 5655
	*RST: 168
<SpreadingFactor>	Range: 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
	*RST: 4

Return values:

<NominalCDP> Range: -70 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: NAV
 Default unit: dB

<EffectiveCDP> Range: -90 dB to 0 dB
 *RST: NAV
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>{<Enable>, <BetaFactor>, <SpreadingFactor>}*8

Specifies the channel configuration in the uplink signal. This command has the same effect as the sum of the following commands:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPCCh](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPDCh](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPCch](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no>](#)

Please refer to these commands for additional information (ranges and *RST values).

The parameter array described below is repeated for each channel (eight times) in the following order: DPCCH, DPDCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH 1, ..., E-DPDCH 4.

Thus a setting requires 3*8 values and a query returns 5*8 values.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Channel disabled enabled
<BetaFactor>	Beta value of the channel
<SpreadingFactor>	2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 Spreading factor of the channel

Return values:

<NominalCDP> Values calculated from the settings, returned also for information
<EffectiveCDP>

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:ECDP

<ThresholdBPSK1>, <ThresholdBPSK2>, <LimitBPSK1>, <LimitBPKS2>,
<Threshold4PAM1>, <Threshold4PAM2>, <Limit4PAM1>, <Limit4PAM2>

Defines upper limits for the relative CDE (RCDE) of BPSK and 4PAM modulated channels. For each modulation type, two requirements are defined.

Parameters:

<ThresholdBPSK1> Lower ECDP threshold for BPSK requirement 1

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -21 dB
Default unit: dB

<ThresholdBPSK2> Lower ECDP threshold for BPSK requirement 2

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -30 dB
Default unit: dB

<LimitBPSK1> RCDE limit for BPSK requirement 1

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -15.5 dB
Default unit: dB

<LimitBPKS2> RCDE limit for BPSK requirement 2 (limit = this value minus ECDP)

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -36.5 dB
Default unit: dB

<Threshold4PAM1> Lower ECDP threshold for 4PAM requirement 1

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -25.5 dB
Default unit: dB

<Threshold4PAM2> Lower ECDP threshold for 4PAM requirement 2

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -30 dB
Default unit: dB

<Limit4PAM1> RCDE limit for 4PAM requirement 1

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -17.5 dB
Default unit: dB

<Limit4PAM2> RCDE limit for 4PAM requirement 2 (limit = this value minus ECDP)

Range: -50 dB to 0 dB

*RST: -43 dB

Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

Manual operation: See "Limits" on page 738

3.5.3.11 Limits (Power Control)

The following commands define limits related to transmit power control.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PCONtrol:EPSTep

<Expected0dB>, <Expected1dB>, <Expected2dB>, <Expected3dB>,
<Expected4to7dB>

Defines tolerance values ("Expected Power Step Limits") depending on the nominal power step size.

Parameters:

<Expected0dB> Tolerance value for power step size 0 dB

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB

*RST: 0.5 dB

Default unit: dB

<Expected1dB> Tolerance value for power step size 1 dB

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB

*RST: 0.5 dB

Default unit: dB

<Expected2dB> Tolerance value for power step size 2 dB

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB

*RST: 1.0 dB

Default unit: dB

<Expected3dB> Tolerance value for power step size 3 dB

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB

*RST: 1.5 dB

Default unit: dB

<Expected4to7dB> Tolerance value for power step size 4 dB to 7 dB

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB

*RST: 2.0 dB

Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PCONtrol:HSDPcch <Enable>, <DTXtoNACK>, <NACKtoCQI>, <CQItodTX>[, <TestCase>]

Defines nominal power steps for the HS-DPCCH limit set. Measurements at maximum UE power and below maximum UE power are supported. Separate values can be defined for the boundaries DTX > (N)ACK, (N)ACK > CQI and CQI > DTX. Also the limit check can be enabled or disabled.

See also [Chapter 3.2.5.3, "Power Control Limits", on page 697](#)

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<DTXtoNACK>	Range: -10 dB to 10 dB *RST: 6.14 dB Default unit: dB
<NACKtoCQI>	Range: -10 dB to 10 dB *RST: -1.38 dB Default unit: dB
<CQItodTX>	Range: -10 dB to 10 dB *RST: -4.76 dB Default unit: dB
<TestCase>	T0DB T1DB T0DB: measurement below maximum UE power with TPC command = 0 dB T1DB: measurement at maximum UE power with TPC command = 1 dB *RST: T1DB
Example:	See Specifying Limits
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.4.11 V3.2.60: added <TestCase>
Manual operation:	See " Limits " on page 738

3.5.3.12 Limits (Spectrum)

The following commands define limits for the adjacent channel leakage power ratio (ACLR) and the spectrum emission mask.

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute.....	811
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:RELative.....	811
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:ABSolute.....	812
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:RELative.....	812
CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:DCARrier:ABSolute.....	813

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute <Limit3M84>

Defines an absolute upper limit for the ACLR. If the absolute upper limit is exceeded, relative limits are evaluated ([CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:RELative](#)).

Parameters:

<Limit3M84>	Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -50 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
-------------	--

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 738

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:RELative <ChannelFirst>, <ChannelSecond>

Defines upper limits for the ACLR in channels one and two relative to the carrier power. Relative limits are only evaluated when the absolute limit is exceeded ([CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute](#)).

Parameters:

<ChannelFirst>	For single uplink carrier: ± 5 MHz from the center frequency For dual uplink carrier: ± 7.5 MHz from the center frequency of both carriers Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -32.2 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<ChannelSecond>	For single uplink carrier: ± 10 MHz from the center frequency For dual uplink carrier: ± 12.5 MHz from the center frequency of both carriers Range: -80 dB to 0 dB *RST: -42.2 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:ABSolute

<LimitG3M84>, <LimitH1MHz>, <LimitH30kHz>, <LimitHmode>

Defines absolute limits for the spectrum emission curves.

Parameters:

<LimitG3M84>	Absolute limit line G referenced to a 3.84 MHz filter Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -48.5 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<LimitH1MHz>	Absolute limit line H referenced to a 1 MHz or 100 kHz filter, depending on the line H mode Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -15 dBm, OFF Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<LimitH30kHz>	Absolute limit line H referenced to a 30 kHz filter Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -13 dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<LimitHmode>	A B C Line H mode *RST: A

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)**Firmware/Software:** V1.0.10.1**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:RELative <PointA>,**

<PointB>, <PointC>, <PointD>, <PointE>, <PointF>

Defines relative limits for the spectrum emission curves.

Parameters:

<PointA>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -47.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointB>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -33.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

<PointC>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -48.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointD>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -47.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointE>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -33.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointF>	Range: -90 dB to 0 dB *RST: -48.5 dB Default unit: dB Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V1.0.0.4

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 738

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:DCARRIER:ABSolute
<PointIJ>, <PointJK>, <PointKL>, <PointMN>

Defines absolute limits for the spectrum emission curves of DC HSPA connections.

Parameters:

<PointIJ>	Absolute limit line I-J referenced to a 1 MHz filter. Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -11.5 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointJK>	Absolute limit line J-K referenced to a 1 MHz filter. Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -8.5 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values

<PointKL>	Absolute limit line K-L referenced to a 1 MHz filter. Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -23.5 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
<PointMN>	Absolute limit line M-N referenced to a 30 kHz filter. Range: -80 dBm to 33 dBm *RST: -16.5 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional OFF ON disables/enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values
Example:	See Specifying Limits
Firmware/Software:	V3.2.80

3.5.3.13 EVM Results (Traces)

The following commands return the EVM trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: CURRent?	815
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: AVERage?	815
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: MAXimum?	815
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: SDEViation?	815
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: CURRent?	815
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: AVERage?	815
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: MAXimum?	815
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: SDEViation?	815
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: CURRent?	816
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: AVERage?	816
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: MAXimum?	816
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: SDEViation?	816
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: CURRent?	816
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: AVERage?	816

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: MAXimum?	816
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK: SDEViation?	816
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?	817
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:AVERage?	817
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:MAXimum?	817
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?	817
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:AVERage?	817
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:MAXimum?	817
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: SDEViation?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: AVERage?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: MAXimum?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]: SDEViation?	

Returns the values of the RMS EVM traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:Modulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<EVM_1> ... RMS EVM trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
 <EVM_n> Range: 0 % to 100 % (SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %)*
 Default unit: %

* Test head with detached computing module calculates results without upper limitation, even if results of 100% (SDEViation: 50 %) mean, that the signal cannot be decoded.

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  CURRent?  

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  AVERage?  

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  MAXimum?  

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  SDEviation?  

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  CURRent?  

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  AVERage?  

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  MAXimum?  

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:  

  SDEviaton?
```

Returns the values of the peak EVM traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is determined for a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:Modulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVM_1> ...	Peak EVM trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<EVM_n>	Range: 0 % to 100 % (SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %)* Default unit: % * Test head with detached computing module calculates results without upper limitation, even if results of 100% (SDEViation: 50 %) mean, that the signal cannot be decoded.

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)**Usage:** Query only**Firmware/Software:** V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).**Options:** R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:MAXimum?
```

Returns the values of the RMS EVM vs. chip traces, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot](#) on page 783). One value per chip is returned. The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVM1> ...	Range: 0 % to 100 %
<EVM2560>	Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)**Usage:** Query only**Firmware/Software:** V1.0.4.11

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.14 Magnitude Error Results (Traces)

The following commands return the magnitude error trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?.....	818
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:AVERage?....	818
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:MAXimum?....	818
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: SDEviation?.....	818
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?.....	818
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:AVERage?....	818
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:MAXimum?....	818
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:SDEviation?....	818
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?....	819
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:AVERage?....	819
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?....	819
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?....	819
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?....	819
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:AVERage?....	819
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?....	819
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?....	819
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?.....	820
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:AVERage?.....	820
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?.....	820
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?.....	820
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:AVERage?.....	820
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?.....	820

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: SDEviation?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: AVERage?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: MAXimum?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]: SDEviation?	

Returns the values of the RMS magnitude error traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<MagErr_1> ...	RMS magnitude error trace results, one result per measured slot
<MagErr_n>	Range: 0 % to 100 % (SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %)* Default unit: % * Test head with detached computing module calculates results without upper limitation, even if results of 100% (SDEViation: 50 %) mean, that the signal cannot be decoded.

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    SDEViation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:  
    SDEViation?
```

Returns the values of the peak magnitude error traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is determined for a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<MagErr_1> ...	Peak magnitude error trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<MagErr_n>	Range: -100 % to 100 % (AVERage: 0% to 100 %, SDEVi- ation: 0 % to 50 %)* Default unit: % * Test head with detached computing module calculates results without upper limitation, even if results of 100% (SDEVi- ation: 50 %) mean, that the signal cannot be decoded.

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURREnt?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?
```

Returns the values of the magnitude error vs. chip traces, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot](#) on page 783). One value per chip is returned. The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<MagErr_1> ...	Range: -100 % to 100 %
<MagErr2560>	Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.15 Phase Error Results (Traces)

The following commands return the phase error trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?..... 821
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:AVERage?..... 821
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:MAXimum?.... 821
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    SDEviation?..... 821
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CARRier<c>:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?..... 821
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:AVERage?..... 821
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:MAXimum?.... 822
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:SDEviation?.... 822
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?..... 822
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?..... 822
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?.... 822
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?... 822
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?..... 822
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?..... 822
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?.... 823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?.... 823
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?..... 823
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:AVERage?..... 823
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?..... 823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?..... 823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:AVERage?..... 823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?..... 823
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    SDEviation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CARRier<c>:PERRor[:RMS]:
    CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:
    AVERage?
```

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:SDEviation?

Returns the values of the RMS phase error traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseErr_1> ...	RMS phase error trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<PhaseErr_n>	Range: 0 deg to 180 deg (SDEviation: 0 deg to 90 deg) Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURREnt?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:

MAXimum?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:

SDEviation?

Returns the values of the peak phase error traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is determined for a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c>

1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>

[Reliability Indicator](#)

<PhaseErr_1> ...

Peak phase error trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot

<PhaseErr_n>

Range: -180 deg to 180 deg (AVERage: 0 deg to 180 deg, SDEviation: 0 deg to 90 deg)

Default unit: deg

Example:

See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options:

R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:AVERage?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?

Returns the values of the RMS phase error vs. chip traces, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFIGure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot](#) on page 783).

One value per chip is returned. The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator
<PhaseErr1> ... Range: -180 deg to 180 deg
<PhaseErr2560> Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.16 I/Q Constellation Results (Traces)

The following commands return the results in the I/Q constellation diagram.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?

Returns the results in the I/Q constellation diagram. Every fourth value corresponds to a constellation point. The other values are located on the path between two constellation points.

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator
<I_1> <Q_1> ... 10240 pairs of normalized I and Q amplitudes, four values per symbol period
<I_10240>
<Q_10240> Range: -2.0 to 2.0

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.17 Phase Discontinuity Results (Traces)

The following commands return the phase discontinuity trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PHD:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PHD:CURRent?

Returns the values of the phase discontinuity traces for up to 120 slots. One value per measured slot is returned (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The meaning of the value depends on the measurement period (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792):

- For full-slot measurements, each value indicates the phase discontinuity at the boundary between a slot and the previous slot. As there is no previous slot for slot 0, the first returned phase discontinuity value equals NCAP.
- For half-slot measurements, each value indicates the phase discontinuity at the boundary between the first and second half-slot of a slot. This value can be measured for all slots, including slot 0.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.6, "Detailed Views: Phase Discontinuity"](#), on page 710

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseDisc_1> ...	One value per measured slot
<PhaseDisc_n>	Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.18 Frequency Error Results (Traces)

The following commands return the frequency error trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	825
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:AVERage?	825
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:MAXimum?	825
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:SDEviation?	825
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	825
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:AVERage?	825
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:MAXimum?	825
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:SDEviation?	825

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:MAXimum?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:
SDEviation?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:AVERage?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:MAXimum?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:FERRor:SDEviation?

Returns the values of the carrier frequency error traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA
-----	--

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<FreqErr_1> ... <FreqErr_n>	Carrier frequency error trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz (SDEViation: 0 Hz to 60000 Hz) Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.19 Power Results (Traces)

The following commands return the UE power and UE power steps trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	827
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:AVERage?	827
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MINimum?	827
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MAXimum?	827
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:SDEViation?	827
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	827
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:AVERage?	827
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MINimum?	827
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MAXimum?	827
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:SDEViation?	827
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	828
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:AVERage?	828
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MINimum?	828

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MAXimum? 828
 FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:SDEviation? 828
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent? 828
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:AVERage? 828
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MINimum? 828
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MAXimum? 828
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:SDEviation? 828

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
 FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:AVERage?
 FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MINimum?
 FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:
 MAXimum?
 FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:
 SDEviation?
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:AVERage?
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MINimum?
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:MAXimum?
 READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:
 SDEviation?

Returns the values of the UE power traces for up to 120 slots.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The minimum and standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.5, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#), on page 708

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEpower_1> ...	One result per measured slot or half-slot
<UEpower_n>	Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm (SDEviation: 0 dB to 77 dB) Default unit: dBm (SDEviation: dB)

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:SDEViation?

Returns the values of the UE power step traces for up to 120 slots.

Each power step is calculated as the difference between the UE power of a half-slot or full-slot and the preceding half-slot or full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792).

As there is no previous (half-)slot for slot 0, the first returned power step value equals NCAP. The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The minimum and standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.5, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#), on page 708

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<PowStep_1> ... One result per measured slot or half-slot

<PowStep_n> Range: -50 dB to 50 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB)

Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.20 Spectrum Emission Results (Traces)

The following commands return the spectrum emission trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFigure : WCDMa : MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot](#) on page 783).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent?	829
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:AVERage?	829
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:MAXimum?	829
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:CURRent?	829
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:AVERage?	829
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:MAXimum?	829
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent?	829
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:AVERage?	829
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:MAXimum?	829
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:CURRent?	829
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:AVERage?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:MAXimum?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:CURRent?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:AVERage?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:MAXimum?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:CURRent?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:AVERage?	830
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:MAXimum?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:CURRent?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:AVERage?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLeft:MAXimum?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:CURRent?	830
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:AVERage?	831
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRight:MAXimum?	831
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:CURRent?	831
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:AVERage?	831
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:MAXimum?	831
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:CURRent?	831
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:AVERage?	831
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:KFILter:MAXimum?	831

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFLeft:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:MFRight:CURRent?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:MFRight:AVERage?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:MFRight:MAXimum?

Returns the values of the spectrum emission 1 MHz traces. The left section and the right section of each trace are retrieved by separate commands (distinguished by the terms MFLeft and MFRight). The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.9, "Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask"](#), on page 715

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EMask_1M_1>...	Comma-separated list of values, the covered frequency range differs for single and dual uplink carrier: Single carrier: n = 89 values correspond to test points that are separated by 90 kHz. The covered frequency ranges are: Left section: -11970 kHz to -4050 kHz from the center carrier frequency Right section: 4050 kHz to 11970 kHz from the center carrier frequency
<EMask_1M_n>	Dual carrier in uplink: n = 144 values correspond to test points that are separated by 90 kHz. The covered frequency ranges are: Left section: -19440 kHz to -6570 kHz from the center frequency of both carriers, e.g. from $f = (f_{C2} - f_{C1})/2$. Right section: 6570 kHz to 19440 kHz from the center frequency of both carriers Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.80: extended range for dual carrier HSPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLefT:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLefT:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFLefT:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRighT:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRighT:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASK:HKFRighT:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFLefT:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFLefT:AVERage?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFLefT:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFRighT:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFRight:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:HKFRight:MAXimum?

Returns the values of the spectrum emission 100 kHz traces. The left section and the right section of each trace are retrieved by separate commands (distinguished by the terms HKFLleft and HKFRright). The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

The covered frequency range depends on the limit line H mode (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:ABSolute](#) on page 812).

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.9, "Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask"](#), on page 715

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<Value1> ...	These values correspond to test points that are separated by 30 kHz. The covered frequency ranges are:
<Value297/327>	Left section, line H mode B/C: -12450 kHz to -3570 kHz/-2670 kHz from the carrier Right section, line H mode B/C: 3570 kHz/2670 kHz to 12450 kHz from the carrier Line H mode A is not used for 100 kHz traces (NCAPs returned)
	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:CURREnt?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:EMASk:KFILter:MAXimum?

Returns the values of the spectrum emission 30 kHz traces. The results of the current, average and maximum traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.9, "Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask"](#), on page 715

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
---------------	---------------------------------------

<EMask_30k_1>... Comma-separated list of values, the covered frequency range differs for single and dual uplink carrier:
 <EMask_30k_n>

Single carrier: n = 1665 values correspond to test points that are separated by 15 kHz and cover the frequency range between -12480 kHz and 12480 kHz from the center carrier frequency.

Dual carrier in uplink: n = 2665 values correspond to test points that are separated by 15 kHz. The results cover the frequency range between -19980 kHz and 19980 kHz from the center frequency of both carriers, e.g. from $f = (f_{C2} - f_{C1})/2$.

Range: -100 dB to 0 dB

Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.80: extended range for dual carrier HSPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.21 CDP vs. Slot Results (Traces)

The following commands return the code domain power (CDP) vs. slot trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: CURRent?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: AVERage?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MINimum?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MAXimum?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: SDEviation?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: CURRent?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: AVERage?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MINimum?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MAXimum?	834
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: SDEviation?	834
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: CURRent?	834
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: AVERage?	835

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MINimum?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MAXimum?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: SDEviation?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: CURREnt?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: AVERage?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MINimum?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MAXimum?	835
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: SDEviation?	835
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: CURREnt?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: AVERage?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: MINimum?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: MAXimum?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: SDEviation?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: CURREnt?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: AVERage?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: MINimum?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: MAXimum?	836
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: SDEviation?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: CURREnt?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: AVERage?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: MINimum?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: MAXimum?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch: SDEviation?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: CURREnt?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: AVERage?	836

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: MINimum?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: MAXimum?	836
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch: SDEviation?	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: CURREnt?	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: MINimum?	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: SDEviation?	837
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: CURREnt?	837
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?	837
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: MINimum?	837
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?	837
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>: SDEviation?	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: CURREnt?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MINimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: SDEviation?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: CURREnt?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MINimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh: SDEviation?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh: CURREnt?	

```

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:
    AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:
    MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:
    MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:
    SDEviation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:
    CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:
    MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:
    MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:
    SDEviation?

```

Returns the values of the RMS CDP vs. slot traces for the DPCCH and the DPDCH.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:Modulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<CDP_1> ... RMS CDP trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot

<CDP_n> Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEviation: 0 dB to 50 dB)

Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    MINimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    SDEviation?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    MINimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    SDEviation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    MINimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:  
    SDEviation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    MINimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:  
    SDEviation?
```

Returns the values of the RMS CDP vs. slot traces for the HS-DPCCH and the E-DPCCH.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CDP_1> ...	RMS CDP trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<CDP_n>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:
    EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?

```

Returns the values of the RMS CDP vs. slot traces for the E-DPDCH 1 to 4.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the E-DPDCH for which the results are retrieved
<c>	1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CDP_1> ...	RMS CDP trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<CDP_n>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.22 CDE vs. Slot Results (Traces)

The following commands return the code domain error (CDE) vs. slot trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: CURRENT?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPCCh: AVERage?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPCCh: MAXimum?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPCCh: SDEViation?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPDCh: CURRENT?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPDCh: AVERage?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPDCh: MAXimum?	840
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPDCh: SDEViation?	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERrror:DPCCh:CURRENT? ...	840

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh:AVERage?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: MAXimum?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: SDEViation?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:CURRent?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:AVERage?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: MAXimum?.....	840
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: SDEViation?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: CURRent?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: AVERage?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: MAXimum?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: SDEViation?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: CURRent?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: AVERage?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: MAXimum?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: SDEViation?.....	841
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: CURRent?.....	841
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: AVERage?.....	841
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: MAXimum?.....	841
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch: SDEViation?.....	841
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: CURRent?.....	842
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: AVERage?.....	842
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: MAXimum?.....	842
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch: SDEViation?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: CURRent?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?.....	842

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: SDEViation?	842
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: CURRent?	843
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?	843
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?	843
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>: SDEViation?	843

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: SDEViation?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: AVERage?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: MAXimum?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: SDEViation?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: AVERage?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: MAXimum?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh: SDEViation?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: AVERage?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: MAXimum?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh: SDEViation?	

Returns the values of the RMS CDE vs. slot traces for the DPCCH and the DPDCH. Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator
<CDE_1> ... RMS CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<CDE_n> Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB)
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (added CARRier<c>).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    SDEViation?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:  
    SDEViation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:  
    SDEViation?
```

**READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:
CURRent?**
**READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:
AVERage?**
**READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:
MAXimum?**
**READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:
SDEViation?**

Returns the values of the RMS CDE vs. slot traces for the HS-DPCCH and the E-DPCCH.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CDE_1> ...	RMS CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<CDE_n>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
EDPDch<no>:CURRent?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
EDPDch<no>:AVERage?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?**

```

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
    EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
    EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
    EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:
    EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?

```

Returns the values of the RMS CDE vs. slot traces for the E-DPDCH 1 to 4.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:Modulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation, CDP and CDE"](#), on page 705

Suffix:

<no>	1..4 Selects the E-DPDCH for which the results are retrieved
<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EDPDCH>	RMS CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.23 RCDE vs. Slot Results (Traces)

The following commands return the relative code domain error (RCDE) vs. slot trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: CURRent?	845
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: AVERage?	845
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: MAXimum?	845
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: SDEviation?	846
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: CURRent?	846
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: AVERage?	846
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: MAXimum?	846
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: SDEviation?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: CURRent?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: AVERage?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: MAXimum?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: SDEviation?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: CURRent?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: AVERage?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: MAXimum?	846
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh: SDEviation?	846
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: CURRent?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: AVERage?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: MAXimum?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: SDEviation?	847
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: CURRent?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: AVERage?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: MAXimum?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: SDEviation?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: CURRent?	847

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: AVERage?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: MAXimum?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch: SDEviation?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: CURREnt?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: AVERage?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: MAXimum?	847
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch: SDEviation?	847
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: CURREnt?	848
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?	848
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?	848
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: SDEviation?	848
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: CURREnt?	848
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: AVERage?	848
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: MAXimum?	848
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPDch<no>: SDEviation?	848
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPCCh?	849
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPDCh?	849
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPCCh?	849
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPDCh?	849
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPCch?	850
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:HSDPcch?	850
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPCch?	850
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:HSDPcch?	850
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF: EDPDch<no>?	851
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPDch<no>? ...	851

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh: MAXimum?

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:
    SDEViation?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:
    CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:
    AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:
    MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPCCh:
    SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:DPDCh:
    SDEViation?

```

Returns the values of the relative CDE vs. slot traces for the DPCCH and the DPDCH.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.3, "Detailed Views: Relative CDE"](#), on page 706

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<RCDE_1> ...	Relative CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<RCDE_n>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example:

See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    SDEviation?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    CURRent?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    AVERage?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    MAXimum?  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    SDEviation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:HSDPcch:  
    SDEviation?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    CURRent?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    AVERage?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    MAXimum?  
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:EDPCch:  
    SDEviation?
```

Returns the values of the relative CDE vs. slot traces for the HS-DPCCH and the E-DPCCH.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation traces cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.3, "Detailed Views: Relative CDE"](#), on page 706

Suffix:

<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA
-----	--

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<RCDE_1> ... <RCDE_n>	Relative CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:
    EDPDch<no>:SDEViation?

```

Returns the values of the relative CDE vs. slot traces for the E-DPDCH 1 to 4.

Each current value is averaged over a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

The results of the current, average, maximum and standard deviation traces can be retrieved. The standard deviation trace cannot be displayed at the GUI.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.3, "Detailed Views: Relative CDE"](#), on page 706

Suffix:

<no>	1..4
	Selects the E-DPDCH for which the results are retrieved
<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<RCDE_1> ...	Relative CDE trace results, one result per measured slot or half-slot
<RCDE_n>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation: 0 dB to 50 dB) Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPCCh?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPDCh?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPCCh?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:DPDCh?

Returns the current spreading factors for the DPCCH and the DPDCH. Each value refers to a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period ([CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#)). The number of results depends on the measurement length ([CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#)).

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <SF_1> ... <SF_n> 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
 Spreading factors, one result per measured slot or half-slot

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPCcch?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:HSDPcch?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:EDPCcch?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:HSDPcch?

Returns the current spreading factors for the E-DPCCH and the HS-DPCCH.

Each value refers to a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

Suffix:

<c> 1..2
 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <SF_1> ... <SF_n> 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256
 Spreading factors, one result per measured slot or half-slot

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
 R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:

EDPDch<no>?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:RCDerror:SF:

EDPDch<no>?

Returns the spreading factors for the E-DPDCH 1 to 4.

Each current value refers to a half-slot or a full-slot, depending on the measurement period (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation](#) on page 792). The number of results depends on the measurement length (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount](#) on page 783).

Suffix:

<no>	1..4 Selects the E-DPDCH for which the results are retrieved
<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<SF_1> ... <SF_n>	2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 Spreading factors, one result per measured slot or half-slot

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM401
R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.24 CD Monitor Results (Traces)

The following commands return the code domain monitor trace results of the multi-evaluation measurement, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSlot](#) on page 783).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	852
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	852
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	852
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	852
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	852

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	852
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	852
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	852

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDPMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	

Returns the values of the code domain power traces of the code domain monitor. The results of the I-Signal and Q-Signal traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.7, "Detailed Views: CD Monitor"](#), on page 712

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CDP_1> ...	One value per code channel. The number of values/channels corresponds to the spreading factor (e.g. 8 values/channels for SF8).
<CDP_SF>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.2.7

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:QSIGnal:CURRent?	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:CDEMonitor:ISIGnal:CURRent?	

Returns the values of the code domain error traces of the code domain monitor. The results of the I-Signal and Q-Signal traces can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.7, "Detailed Views: CD Monitor"](#), on page 712

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CDE_1> ...	One value per code channel. The number of values/channels corresponds to the spreading factor (e.g. 8 values/channels for SF8).
<CDE_SF>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.2.7

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.25 Spectrum Results

The following commands return the results of the spectrum multi-evaluation measurement, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:PSlot](#) on page 783).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent?	853
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage?	853
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	853
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent?	853
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage?	853
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	853
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent?	853
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage?	853
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	853

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent? [<ACLRMode>]	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage? [<ACLRMode>]	
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum? [<ACLRMode>]	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent? [<ACLRMode>]	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage? [<ACLRMode>]	
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum? [<ACLRMode>]	
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:CURRent?	
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:AVERage?	
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	

Returns the ACLR power and spectrum emission single value results of the multi-evaluation measurement. The current, average and maximum values can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.8, "Detailed Views: ACLR"](#), on page 713 and [Chapter 3.2.6.9, "Detailed Views: Spectrum Emission Mask"](#), on page 715

The return values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return limit check results instead, one value for each of the results 1 to 18, 29 and 30 listed below. The frequency positions are only returned by FETCh and READ commands.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Query parameters:

<ACLRMode>	ABSolute RELative
	ABSolute : ACLR power displayed in dBm as absolute value
	RELative : ACLR power displayed in dB relative to carrier power

Query parameter is only relevant for FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return a limit check independent from the used <ACLRMode>.

Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_CarrierPower>	Power at the nominal carrier UL frequency Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<3_ACLRminus2>	Power of the adjacent channels ($\pm 1^{\text{st}}$ adjacent channels at ± 5 MHz from the UL frequency, $\pm 2^{\text{nd}}$ adjacent channels at ± 10 MHz from the UL frequency)
<4_ACLRminus1>	Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
<5_ACLRplus1>	Default unit: dBm
<6_ACLRplus2>	Power of the adjacent channels ($\pm 1^{\text{st}}$ adjacent channels at ± 5 MHz from the UL frequency, $\pm 2^{\text{nd}}$ adjacent channels at ± 10 MHz from the UL frequency)
<7_OBW>	Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz Default unit: Hz
<8_MarginABIJ>	Margin between 1 MHz trace and limit line in the eight emission mask areas. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<9_MarginBCJK>	Range: -100 dB to 90 dB
<10_MarginCDKL>	Default unit: dB
<11_MarginEFMN>	Margin between 1 MHz trace and limit line H. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<12_MarginFENM>	Range: -130 dB to 130 dB
<13_MarginDCLK>	Default unit: dB
<14_MarginCBKJ>	Frequency offsets between the margin points and the center frequency in the 10 emission mask areas.
<15_MarginBAJI>	These values are only returned for <code>FETCh</code> and <code>READ</code> commands. They are skipped in <code>CALCulate</code> commands.
<16_UEpower>	Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<17_MarginHAD>	Margin between 1 MHz trace and limit line H. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<18_MarginHDA>	Range: -130 dB to 130 dB Default unit: dB
<19_FreqABIJ>	Frequency offsets between the margin points and the center frequency in the 10 emission mask areas.
<20_FreqBCJK>	These values are only returned for <code>FETCh</code> and <code>READ</code> commands. They are skipped in <code>CALCulate</code> commands.
<21_FreqCDKL>	Range: -12500 kHz to 12500 kHz (for DC HSUPA: -19500 kHz to 19500 kHz)
<22_FreqEFMN>	Default unit: Hz
<23_FreqFENM>	
<24_FreqDCLK>	
<25_FreqCBKJ>	
<26_FreqBAJI>	
<27_FreqHAD>	
<28_FreqHDA>	
<29_CarrierPowerL>	Power at the nominal carrier frequency; left/right carrier of the dual carrier HSPA connection Range: -90 dBm to 0 dBm Default unit: dBm
<30_CarrierPowerR>	
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

V3.0.20: added result <19_FreqAB> to <28_FreqHDA>

V3.2.70: added <ACLRMode>

V3.2.80: added <29_CarrierPowerL>,
<30_CarrierPowerR>

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.26 Modulation Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the modulation results of the multi-evaluation measurement, measured in a selected slot (see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSScalar:MODulation](#) on page 794).

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?	855
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?	855
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?	855
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?	856
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?	856
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?	856
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?	857
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?	857
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?	857
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?	857
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?	857
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?	857
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?	857
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?	857
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?	857
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?	857
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?	857
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?	857

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?

CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPHd?

Returns the UE phase discontinuity single value results for signals without HSPA channels. The results depend on the upper limit and the dynamic limit, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHD](#) on page 800.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.6, "Detailed Views: Phase Discontinuity"](#), on page 710

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCULATE commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Return values:

<Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

<OverallMaxPhD>	Overall maximum phase discontinuity Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<OverallMinDist>	Overall minimum slot distance between two results exceeding the dynamic limit Default unit: slots
<CountUpperLimit>	Number of results exceeding the upper limit Range: 0 to 99999999
<CountDynLimit>	Number of results exceeding the dynamic limit Range: 0 to 99999999
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.10.1

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?

Returns the phase discontinuity HS-DPCCH single value results for signals with HS-DPCCH. The results depend on the dynamic limit and points A and B (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHSDpcch](#) on page 801).

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.6, "Detailed Views: Phase Discontinuity"](#), on page 710

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_MaxPhD>	Overall maximum phase discontinuity Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<3_MeasPoints>	Total number of results measured since the start of the measurement (point A + point B) Range: 0 to 99999999
<4_CountDynLimit>	Number of results exceeding the limit Range: 0 to 99999999

<5_RatioDynLimit>	Percentage of results exceeding the limit Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<6_PointAcurr>	Current phase discontinuity at point A Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<7_PointAmax>	Maximum phase discontinuity at point A Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<8_PointBcurr>	Current phase discontinuity at point B Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<9_PointBmax>	Maximum phase discontinuity at point B Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:
                           SDEviation?

```

Return the current, average, maximum and standard deviation single value results.

The return values described below are returned by **FETCH** and **READ** commands. **CALCulate** commands return limit check results instead, one value for each of the first 14 results listed below. The TX time alignment is only returned by **FETCH** and **READ** commands.

The ranges indicated below apply to all results except standard deviation results. The minimum for standard deviation results equals 0. The maximum equals the width of the indicated range divided by two. Exceptions are explicitly stated.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Prefix:

<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_EVMrms>	Error vector magnitude RMS and peak value
<3_EVMpeak>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<4_MagErrorRMS>	Magnitude error RMS value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<5_MagErrorPeak>	Magnitude error peak value Range: -100 % to 100 % (AVERage: 0% to 100 %, SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %) Default unit: %
<6_PhErrorRMS>	Phase error RMS value Range: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<7_PhErrorPeak>	Phase error peak value Range: -180 deg to 180 deg (AVERage: 0 deg to 180 deg, SDEViation: 0 deg to 90 deg) Default unit: deg
<8_IQoffset>	I/Q origin offset Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<9_IQimbalance>	I/Q imbalance Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<10_CarrFreqErr>	Carrier frequency error Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz Default unit: Hz
<11_TransTimeErr>	Transmit time error Range: -250 chips to 250 chips Default unit: chip
<12_UEpower>	User equipment power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

<13_PowerSteps>	User equipment power step Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<14_PhaseDisc>	Phase discontinuity Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<15_TxTimeAlign>	Time difference between the two UL carriers Range: -150 chips to 100 chips Default unit: chip
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.10.1 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added) V3.2.70: added <15_TxTimeAlign>
Options:	R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.27 CDP vs. Slot Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the results of the code domain power (CDP) vs. slot measurement, measured in a selected slot (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSCalar:MODulation](#) on page 794).

```

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:SDEviation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:SDEviation?

```

Returns the RMS CDP vs. slot values measured in a selected slot. In addition to the current values, average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation values can be retrieved.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:	
<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<1_Relability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_DPCCH>	RMS CDP values for the indicated channels
<3_DPDCH>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
<4_HSDPCCH>	Default unit: dB
<5_EDPCCH>	
<6_EDPDCH1>	
<7_EDPDCH2>	
<8_EDPDCH3>	
<9_EDPDCH4>	

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)**Usage:** Query only**Firmware/Software:** V1.0.4.11
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).**Options:** R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPAFor additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).**3.5.3.28 CDE vs. Slot Results (Single Values)**

The following commands return the results of the code domain error (CDE) vs. slot measurement, measured in a selected slot (see [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SScalar:MODulation](#) on page 794).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:SDEViation?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:AVERage?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:SDEViation?
```

Returns the RMS CDE vs. slot values measured in a selected slot. In addition to the current values, average, maximum and standard deviation values can be retrieved.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
-----------------	-----------------------

<2_DPCCH> RMS CDE values for the indicated channels
 <3_DPDCH> Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
 <4_HSDPCCH> Default unit: dB
 <5_EDPCCH>
 <6_EDPDCH1>
 <7_EDPDCH2>
 <8_EDPDCH3>
 <9_EDPDCH4>

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.29 RCDE vs. Slot Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the results of the relative code domain error (RCDE) vs. slot measurement, measured in a selected slot (see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSScalar:MODulation](#) on page 794) or determined from all measured slots.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?	861
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?	861
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?	861
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?	861
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?	862
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SF?	862
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SF?	862
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:OCInfo?	863
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:OCInfo?	863

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?

Returns the RCDE vs. slot values measured in a selected slot. In addition to the current values, average, maximum and standard deviation values can be retrieved.

The values described below are returned by **FETCH** and **READ** commands. **CALCulate** commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<c>	1..2
	Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_DPCCH>	RCDE values for the indicated channels
<3_DPDCH>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
<4_HSDPCCH>	Default unit: dB
<5_EDPCCH>	
<6_EDPDCH1>	
<7_EDPDCH2>	
<8_EDPDCH3>	
<9_EDPDCH4>	

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.15.0
V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SF?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SF?

Returns the spreading factors of the dedicated physical channels determined from a selected slot.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:	
<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_DPCCH>	2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256
<3_DPDCH>	Spreading factors for the indicated channels
<4_HSDPCCH>	
<5_EDPCCH>	
<6_EDPDCH1>	
<7_EDPDCH2>	
<8_EDPDCH3>	
<9_EDPDCH4>	
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).
Options:	R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA
For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to Conventions and General Information .	

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:OCInfo?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:OCInfo?

Returns the overall channel information for the RCDE measurement. This information is determined from all measured slots.

The parameters <State>, <SpreadFactor> and <Modulation> are returned for the individual channels:

- Values 2 to 4: DPCCH
- Values 5 to 7: DPDCH
- Values 8 to 10: HSDPCCH
- Values 11 to 13: EDPCCH
- Values 14 to 16: EDPDCH1
- Values 17 to 19: EDPDCH2
- Values 20 to 22: EDPDCH3
- Values 23 to 25: EDPDCH4

Suffix:	
<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:	
<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<State>	OFF VAR ON State of the channel OFF : Channel off since start of measurement VAR : Channel has been on and off ON : Channel on since start of measurement
<SpreadFactor>	V2 2 V4 4 V8 8 V16 16 V32 32 V64 64 V128 128 V256 256 Spreading factor of the channel 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256 : constant spreading factor V2 V4 V8 V16 V32 V64 V128 V256 : varying spreading factor, indicates smallest occurred value
<Modulation>	BPSK 4PAM 4PVar Modulation type of the channel BPSK : Constantly BPSK modulated 4PAM : Constantly 4PAM modulated 4PVar : BPSK and 4PAM occurred
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added).
Options:	R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA
For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to Conventions and General Information .	

3.5.3.30 CD Monitor Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the PCDE results of the code domain monitor measurement, measured in the preselected slot (see [CONFigure : WCDMa : MEAS<i> : MEValuation : PSLot](#) on page 783).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PCDE:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PCDE:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PCDE:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PCDE:MAXimum?
```

Returns the peak code domain error (PCDE) results. In addition to the current PCDE value, the maximum PCDE value can be retrieved.

See also [Chapter 3.2.6.7, "Detailed Views: CD Monitor"](#), on page 712

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
---------------	-----------------------

<PCDError>	Peak code domain error Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<PCDErrorPhase>	IPHase QPHase Phase where the peak code domain error was measured IPHase : I-Signal QPHase : Q-Signal
<PCDErrorCodeNo>	Code number for which the PCDE was measured Range: 0 to 255
Example:	See Performing Single-Shot Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.2.7

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.31 RX Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the results of the RX measurements.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:BER?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:BER?

Returns the bit error rate and the block error ratio.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<BER>	Percentage of received data bits that were erroneous Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<BLER>	Percentage of received transport data blocks containing at least one erroneous bit Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing Single-Shot Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.4.11

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

3.5.3.32 List Mode Results (One Segment)

The following commands return the list mode results for a selected segment.

To configure the list mode, use the commands described in [Chapter 3.5.3.4, "List Mode Settings"](#), on page 784.

For a description of the list mode, see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode"](#), on page 686.

Indicated ranges apply to all statistical results except standard deviation results. The minimum for standard deviation results equals 0. The maximum equals the width of the indicated range divided by two. Exceptions are explicitly stated.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PCDE:CURRent?	866
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PCDE:MAXimum?	866
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower:CURRent?	867
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower:AVERage?	867
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower:MINimum?	867
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower:MAXimum?	867
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDPower:SDEViation?	867
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDERror:CURRent?	868
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDERror:AVERage?	868
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDERror:MAXimum?	868
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:CDERror:SDEViation?	868
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SPECtrum:CURRent?	869
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SPECtrum:AVERage?	869
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	869
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation:CURRent?	870
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation:AVERage?	870
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation:MAXimum?	870
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:MODulation:SDEViation?	870
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:UEPower:CURRent?	871
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PHD:CURRent?	872

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PCDE:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMENT<no>:PCDE:MAXimum?

Returns the peak code domain error (PCDE) results for segment <no> in list mode.

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
<ReturnCode>	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.
<PCDError>	Peak code domain error Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

<PCDE_Phase>	IPHase QPHase Phase where the peak code domain error was measured IPHase: I-Signal QPHase: Q-Signal
<PCDE_CodeNo>	Code number for which the PCDE was measured Range: 0 to 255
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0 V3.2.10: increased number of segments
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDPower:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDPower:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDPower:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDPower:
MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDPower:
SDEViation?

Returns the RMS CDP vs. slot results for segment <no> in list mode.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:	
<no>	1..1000
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
<2_ReturnCode>	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.
<3_DPCCH>	RMS CDP values for the indicated channels
<4_DPDCH>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
<5_HSDPCCH>	Default unit: dB
<6_EDPCCH>	
<7_EDPDCH1>	
<8_EDPDCH2>	
<9_EDPDCH3>	
<10_EDPDCH4>	
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3
V3.2.10: increased number of segments

Options: R&S CMW-KM012
R&S CMW-KM401 for HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDERror:CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDERror:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDERror:MAXimum?
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMen<no>:CDERror:
SDEviation?**

Returns the RMS CDE vs. slot results for segment <no> in list mode.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:
<no> 1..1000

Return values:
<1_Reliability> **Reliability Indicator**
In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<2_ReturnCode> Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<3_DPCCH> RMS CDE values for the indicated channels
Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEviation 0 dB to 50 dB)
Default unit: dB

<4_DPDCH>
<5_HSDPCCH>
<6_EDPCCH>
<7_EDPDCH1>
<8_EDPDCH2>
<9_EDPDCH3>
<10_EDPDCH4>

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3
V3.2.10: increased number of segments

Options: R&S CMW-KM012
R&S CMW-KM401 for HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:SPECtrum:

CURRent? [<ACLRMode>]

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:SPECtrum:

AVERage? [<ACLRMode>]

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:SPECtrum:

MAXimum? [<ACLRMode>]

Returns the ACLR power and spectrum emission single value results for segment <no> in list mode.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000

Query parameters:

<ACLRMode> ABSolute | RELative

ABSolute: ACLR power displayed in dBm as absolute value

RELative: ACLR power displayed in dB relative to carrier power

Return values:

<1_Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<2_ReturnCode> Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<3_CarrierPower> Power at the nominal carrier UL frequency

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

<4_ACLRminus2> Power of the adjacent channels ($\pm 1^{\text{st}}$ adjacent channels at ± 5 MHz from the UL frequency, $\pm 2^{\text{nd}}$ adjacent channels at ± 10 MHz from the UL frequency)

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

<8_OBW> Occupied bandwidth

Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz

Default unit: Hz

<9_MarginAB> Limit line margin values in the 8 emission mask areas. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.

Range: -100 dB to 90 dB

Default unit: dB

<17_UEpower>	User equipment power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<18_MarginHAD>	Limit line margin values for limit line H. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<19_MarginHDA>	Range: -130 dB to 130 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.10.1 V3.2.10: increased number of segments V3.2.70: added <ACLRMode>
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:MODulation: CURRENT?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:MODulation: AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:MODulation: MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:MODulation: SDEviation?

Returns modulation single value results for segment <no> in list mode.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:	
<no>	1..1000
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
<2_ReturnCode>	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.
<3_EVMrms>	Error vector magnitude RMS and peak value
<4_EVMpeak>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<5_MagErrorRMS>	Magnitude error RMS value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

<6_MagErrorPeak>	Magnitude error peak value Range: -100 % to 100 % (AVERage: 0% to 100 %, SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %) Default unit: %
<7_PhErrorRMS>	Phase error RMS value Range: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<8_PhErrorPeak>	Phase error peak value Range: -180 deg to 180 deg (AVERage: 0 deg to 180 deg, SDEViation: 0 deg to 90 deg) Default unit: deg
<9_IQoffset>	I/Q origin offset Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<10_IQimbalance>	I/Q imbalance Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<11_CarrFreqErr>	Carrier frequency error Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz Default unit: Hz
<12_TransTimeErr>	Transmit time error (for future use) Range: -250 chips to 250 chips Default unit: chips
<13_UE Power>	User equipment power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.5.3 V3.2.10: increased number of segments
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:UEPower:CURREnt?

Returns the UE power vs. slot results for segment <no> in list mode.

Suffix:

<no>	1..1000
------	---------

Return values:

<Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<ReturnCode>

Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<UEpower>

User equipment power, one value per slot. The list contains results for the indicated segment <no>.

If another measurement has been enabled for a segment, but the UE power vs. slot measurement is disabled, NCAP is returned.

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

Example:

See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software:

V3.2.60

Options:

R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMenT<no>:PHD:CURRent?

Returns the phase discontinuity vs. slot results for segment <no> in list mode.

Each value indicates the phase discontinuity at the boundary between the slot and the previous slot. If the slot or the previous slot is not measured, NCAP is returned.

Suffix:

<no> 1..1000

Return values:

<Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<ReturnCode>

Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<PhD>

Comma-separated list of phase discontinuity results, one value per slot. The list contains results for the indicated segment <no>. If another measurement has been enabled for a segment, but the phase discontinuity measurement is disabled, NCAPs are returned for that segment.

Range: -180 deg to 180 deg

Default unit: deg

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

3.5.3.33 List Mode Results (All Segments, One Result)

Each of the following commands returns a selected list mode result for all measured segments. The number of returned results depends on the number of measured segments, see [CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#) on page 785.

To configure the list mode, use the commands described in [Chapter 3.5.3.4, "List Mode Settings"](#), on page 784.

For a description of the list mode, see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode"](#), on page 686.

Indicated ranges apply to all statistical results except standard deviation results. The minimum for standard deviation results equals 0. The maximum equals the width of the indicated range divided by two. Exceptions are explicitly stated.

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SREliability?	876
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:ERRQ:CURRent?	876
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:ERRQ:MAXimum?	876
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:PHASE:ERRQ?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:PHASE:MAXimum?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CODE:ERRQ?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CODE:MAXimum?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:ERRQ?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:AVERage?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:MINimum?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:MAXimum?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:SDEviation?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPCCh:ERRQ?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPCCh:AVERage?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPCCh:MAXimum?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPCCh:SDEviation?	877
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:ERRQ?	878
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FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:SDEviation?	878
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FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPDCh:AVERage?	878
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPDCh:MAXimum?	878
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERrror:DPDCh:SDEviation?	878
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FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:AVERage?	878
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:MINimum?	878
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:MAXimum?	879
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:SDEviation?	879
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:CURRent?	879
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:AVERage?	879
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:MAXimum?	879
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?	879
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:AVERage?	879
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:AVERage?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?	880
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:CURRent?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:AVERage?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:MAXimum?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:CURRent?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:AVERage?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:MAXimum?	880
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:CURRent?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:AVERage?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:MAXimum?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:CURRent?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:AVERage?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:MAXimum?	881
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:CURRent?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:AVERage?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:MAXimum?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:CURRent?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:AVERage?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:MAXimum?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:CURRent?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:AVERage?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:MAXimum?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:CURRent?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:AVERage?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:MAXimum?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:CURRent?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:AVERage?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:MAXimum?	882
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:AVERage?	883

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:AVERage?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:AVERage?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:AVERage?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:AVERage?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:CURRent?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:AVERage?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:MAXimum?	883
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:CURRent?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:AVERage?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:MAXimum?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:SDEviation?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:CURRent?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:AVERage?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:MAXimum?	884
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:CURRent?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:AVERage?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:MAXimum?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:SDEviation?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:AVERage?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?	885
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:CURRent?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:AVERage?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:MAXimum?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:SDEviation?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:AVERage?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:MAXimum?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:SDEviation?	886
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFset:CURRent?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFset:AVERage?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFset:MAXimum?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFset:SDEviation?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:CURRent?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:AVERage?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:MAXimum?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:SDEviation?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:CURRent?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:AVERage?	887

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:MAXimum?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:SDEViation?	887
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:CURREnt?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:AVERage?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:MAXimum?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:SDEViation?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:CURREnt?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:AVERage?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:MAXimum?	888
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:SDEViation?	888

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SRELiability?

Returns the segment reliability for all measured list mode segments.

A common reliability indicator of zero indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments. If you get a non-zero common reliability indicator, you can use this command to retrieve the individual reliability values of all measured segments for further analysis.

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<SegReliability> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:ERRor:CURREnt?**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:ERRor:MAXimum?**

Return peak code domain error values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<PCDError> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:PHASE:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:PHASE:MAXimum?

Return the phase where the peak code domain error was measured, for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PCDErrorPhase>	IPHase QPHase Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment IPHase: I-Signal QPHase: Q-Signal
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CODE:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CODE:MAXimum?

Return the code number for which the peak code domain error was measured, for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PCDErrorCodeNr>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: 0 to 255

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPCCh:SDEviation?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPCCh:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPCCh:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPCCh:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPCCh:SDEviation?

Return RMS CDP and CDE vs. slot values for the DPCCH for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <DPCCH> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:DPDCh:SDEviation?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPDCh:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPDCh:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPDCh:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:DPDCh:SDEviation?

Return RMS CDP and CDE vs. slot values for the DPDCH for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <DPDCH> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:HSDPcch:SDEviation?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:HSDPcch:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:HSDPcch:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:HSDPcch:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:HSDPcch:SDEViation?

Return RMS CDP and CDE vs. slot values for the HS-DPCCH for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <HSDPCCH> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012, R&S CMW-KM401

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPCch:SDEViation?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPCch:SDEViation?

Return RMS CDP and CDE vs. slot values for the E-DPCCH for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <EDPCCH> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012, R&S CMW-KM401

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:
 SDEViation?**

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:SDEviation?

Return RMS CDP and CDE vs. slot values for a selected E-DPDCH for all measured list mode segments.

Suffix:

<no> 1..4
 Selects the E-DPDCH

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EDPDCH>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012, R&S CMW-KM401

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CPOWer:MAXimum?

Return the power at the nominal carrier frequency for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<CarrierPower>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:UEPower:MAXimum?

Return the UE power for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <UEpower> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:CURRent?
  [<ACLRMode>]
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:AVERage?
  [<ACLRMode>]
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:M<no>:
  MAXimum? [<ACLRMode>]
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:CURRent?
  [<ACLRMode>]
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:AVERage?
  [<ACLRMode>]
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:ACLR:P<no>:MAXimum?
  [<ACLRMode>]
```

Return the power of the adjacent channels for all measured list mode segments.

The adjacent channel selected via M<no>/P<no> is at the following frequency relative to the carrier frequency:

- M1 = -5 MHz, M2 = -10 MHz
- P1 = +5 MHz, P2 = +10 MHz

Suffix:

<no> 1..2

Query parameters:

<ACLRMode> ABSolute | RELative

ABSolute: ACLR power displayed in dBm as absolute value

RELative: ACLR power displayed in dB relative to carrier power

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
 <ACLR> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
 Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10
V3.2.70: added <ACLRMode>

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:OBW:MAXimum?

Return the occupied bandwidth for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<OBW>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:AB:MAXimum?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BC:MAXimum?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CD:MAXimum?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:AVERage?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:EF:MAXimum?

Return the limit line margin values in the 4 emission mask areas below the carrier frequency for all measured list mode segments.

A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EMaskMargin>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -100 dB to 90 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:FE:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:DC:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:CB:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:BA:MAXimum?

Return the limit line margin values in the 4 emission mask areas above the carrier frequency for all measured list mode segments.

A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<EMaskMargin> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: -100 dB to 90 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HAD:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:EMASK:HDA:MAXimum?

Return the limit line margin values for limit line H for all measured list mode segments.

A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<EMaskMargin>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -130 dB to 130 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.10
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:RMS:SDEViation?
 Return error vector magnitude RMS values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:	
<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVMrms>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.10
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:MAXimum?
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:MODulation:EVM:PEAK:
SDEViation?**
 Return error vector magnitude peak values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:	
<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVMPeak>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.10
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:  
    CURRent?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:  
    AVERage?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:  
    MAXimum?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:RMS:  
    SDEViation?
```

Return magnitude error RMS values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MagErrorRMS> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: 0 % to 100 %
Default unit: %

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:  
    CURRent?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:  
    AVERage?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:  
    MAXimum?
```

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MERRor:PEAK:  
    SDEViation?
```

Return magnitude error peak values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<MagErrorPeak> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: -100 % to 100 % (AVERage: 0% to 100 %, SDEVi-
ation: 0 % to 50 %)
Default unit: %

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:
CURRent?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:
AVERage?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:
MAXimum?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:RMS:
SDEViation?**

Return phase error RMS values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseErrorRMS>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.10
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:
CURRent?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:
AVERage?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:
MAXimum?**
**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:PERRor:PEAK:
SDEViation?**

Return phase error peak values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseErrorPeak>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -180 deg to 180 deg (AVERage: 0 deg to 180 deg, SDEViation: 0 deg to 90 deg) Default unit: deg
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.10
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFFset:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFFset:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFFset:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQOFFset:SDEviation?

Return I/Q origin offset values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
<IQoffset> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:
MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:IQIMbalance:
SDEviation?

Return I/Q imbalance values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)
<IQimbalance> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
Range: -100 dB to 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:FERRor:SDEviation?

Return carrier frequency error values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<CarrierFreqErr> Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment
 Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz
 Default unit: Hz

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:TTERror:SDEviation?

Return transmit time error values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<TransmitTimeErr>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -250 chips to 250 chips Default unit: chip

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:UEPower:SDEviation?

Return user equipment power values for all measured list mode segments.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEpower>	Comma-separated list of values, one per measured segment Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.10

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

3.5.3.34 List Mode Results (All Segments, Result Groups)

The following commands return groups of list mode results for all segments.

To configure the list mode, use the commands described in [Chapter 3.5.3.4, "List Mode Settings"](#), on page 784.

For a description of the list mode, see [Chapter 3.2.3, "Multi-Evaluation List Mode"](#), on page 686.

Indicated ranges apply to all statistical results except standard deviation results. The minimum for standard deviation results equals 0. The maximum equals the width of the indicated range divided by two. Exceptions are explicitly stated.

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CURRent?	889
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:MAXimum?	889
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:CURRent?	890
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:AVERage?	890
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:MINimum?	890
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:MAXimum?	890
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:SDEviation?	890
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:CURRent?	891
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:AVERage?	891
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:MAXimum?	891
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDERror:SDEviation?	891
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CURRent?	892
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:AVERage?	892
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:MAXimum?	892
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:CURRent?	893
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:AVERage?	893
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MAXimum?	893
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:SDEviation?	893
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:UEPower:CURRent?	894
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PHD:CURRent?	895

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PCDE:MAXimum?

Return the peak code domain error (PCDE) results in list mode.

The values listed below in curly brackets {} are returned for the segments $\{\dots\}_{\text{seg } 1}$, $\{\dots\}_{\text{seg } 2}$, ..., $\{\dots\}_{\text{seg } n}$, with n determined by [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

{<2_ReturnCode>}	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.
<3_PCDError>	Peak code domain error Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<4_PCDE_Phase>	IPHase QPHase Phase where the peak code domain error was measured IPHase: I-Signal QPHase: Q-Signal
<5_PCDE_CodeNo>}	Code number for which the PCDE was measured Range: 0 to 255
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.15.0
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CDPower:SDEviation?

Return the RMS CDP vs. slot results in list mode.

The values listed below in curly brackets {} are returned for the segments {...}_{seg 1}, {...}_{seg 2}, ..., {...}_{seg n}, with n determined by [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
{<2_ReturnCode>}	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<3_DPCCH> RMS CDP values for the indicated channels
 <4_DPDCH> Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
 <5_HSDPCCH> Default unit: dB
 <6_EDPCCH>
 <7_EDPDCH1>
 <8_EDPDCH2>
 <9_EDPDCH3>
 <10_EDPDCH4>

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Options: R&S CMW-KM012
R&S CMW-KM401 for HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:CDERror:CURREnt?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:CDERrror:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:CDERrror:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:CDERrror:SDEViation?

Return the RMS CDE vs. slot results in list mode.

The values listed below in curly brackets {} are returned for the segments {...}_{seg 1}, {...}_{seg 2}, ..., {...}_{seg n}, with n determined by [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEEvaluation:LIST:COUNT](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
{<2_ReturnCode>}	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.
<3_DPCCH>	RMS CDE values for the indicated channels
<4_DPDCH>	Range: -100 dB to 0 dB (SDEViation 0 dB to 50 dB)
<5_HSDPCCH>	Default unit: dB
<6_EDPCCH>	
<7_EDPDCH1>	
<8_EDPDCH2>	
<9_EDPDCH3>	
<10_EDPDCH4>	

Example: See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.5.3

Options: R&S CMW-KM012
R&S CMW-KM401 for HS-DPCCH, E-DPCCH, E-DPDCH

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:CURRent?

[<ACLRMode>]

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:AVERage?

[<ACLRMode>]

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SPECtrum:MAXimum?

[<ACLRMode>]

Returns the ACLR power and spectrum emission single value results in list mode.

The values listed below in curly brackets {} are returned for the segments {...}_{seg 1}, {...}_{seg 2}, ..., {...}_{seg n}, with n determined by **CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT**.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Query parameters:

<ACLRMode> ABSolute | RELative

ABSolute: ACLR power displayed in dBm as absolute value

RELative: ACLR power displayed in dB relative to carrier power

Return values:

<1_Reliability> **Reliability Indicator**

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<2_ReturnCode> Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<3_CarrierPower> Power at the nominal carrier frequency in uplink
Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
Default unit: dBm

<4_ACLRminus2> Power of the adjacent channels ($\pm 1^{\text{st}}$ adjacent channels at ± 5 MHz from the UL frequency, $\pm 2^{\text{nd}}$ adjacent channels at ± 10 MHz from the UL frequency)
<5_ACLRminus1>
<6_ACLRplus1>
<7_ACLRplus2>

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
Default unit: dBm

<8_OBW> Occupied bandwidth
Range: 0 MHz to 10 MHz
Default unit: Hz

<9_MarginAB>	Limit line margin values in the 8 emission mask areas. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<10_MarginBC>	
<11_MarginCD>	
<12_MarginEF>	Range: -100 dB to 90 dB
<13_MarginFE>	Default unit: dB
<14_MarginDC>	
<15_MarginCB>	
<16_MarginBA>	
<17_UEpower>	User equipment power
	Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm
	Default unit: dBm
<18_MarginHAD>	Limit line margin values for limit line H. A positive result indicates that the trace is located above the limit line, i.e. the limit is exceeded.
<19_MarginHDA>}	Range: -130 dB to 130 dB
	Default unit: dB
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.10.1 V3.2.70: added <ACLRMode>
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODulation:SDEViation?

Return modulation single value results in list mode.

The values listed below in curly brackets {} are returned for the segments {...}_{seg 1}, {...}_{seg 2}, ..., {...}_{seg n}, with n determined by [CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT](#).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.
{<2_ReturnCode>}	Reliability indicator for the segment. The meaning of the returned values is the same as for the common reliability indicator, see previous parameter.

<3_EVMrms>	Error vector magnitude RMS and peak value
<4_EVMpeak>	Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<5_MagErrorRMS>	Magnitude error RMS value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<6_MagErrorPeak>	Magnitude error peak value Range: -100 % to 100 % (AVERage: 0% to 100 %, SDEViation: 0 % to 50 %) Default unit: %
<7_PhErrorRMS>	Phase error RMS value Range: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<8_PhErrorPeak>	Phase error peak value Range: -180 deg to 180 deg (AVERage: 0 deg to 180 deg, SDEViation: 0 deg to 90 deg) Default unit: deg
<9_IQoffset>	I/Q origin offset Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<10_IQimbalance>	I/Q imbalance Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<11_CarrierFreqErr>	Carrier frequency error Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz Default unit: Hz
<12_TransTimeErr>	Transmit time error (for future use) Range: -250 chips to 250 chips Default unit: chips
<13_UEpower>}	User equipment power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
Example:	See Using WCDMA List Mode
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V1.0.5.3
Options:	R&S CMW-KM012

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:UEPower:CURRent?

Returns the UE power vs. slot results in list mode.

Return values:

<Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

{<UEpower_1> ...
<UEpower_m>}

User equipment power, one value per slot. The list contains results for all active segments (segments for which any measurement has been enabled).

If another measurement has been enabled for a segment, but the UE power vs. slot measurement is disabled, NCAPs are returned for that segment.

Example: segment 1 with 10 slots active, segment 2 with 50 slots inactive, segment 3 with 12 slots active. 22 power results are returned.

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

Example:

See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software: V1.0.10.1**Options:**

R&S CMW-KM012

`FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:PHD:CURRent?`

Returns the phase discontinuity vs. slot results in list mode.

Each value indicates the phase discontinuity at the boundary between the slot and the previous slot. If the slot or the previous slot is not measured, NCAP is returned.

Return values:

<Reliability>

Reliability Indicator

In list mode, a zero reliability indicator indicates that the results in all measured segments are valid. A non-zero value indicates that an error occurred in at least one of the measured segments.

<PhD>

Comma-separated list of phase discontinuity results, one value per slot. The list contains results for all active segments (segments for which any measurement has been enabled).

If another measurement has been enabled for a segment, but the phase discontinuity measurement is disabled, NCAPs are returned for that segment.

Example: segment 1 with 10 slots active, segment 2 with 50 slots inactive, segment 3 with 12 slots active. 22 phase discontinuity results are returned.

Range: -180 deg to 180 deg

Default unit: deg

Example:

See [Using WCDMA List Mode](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Options: R&S CMW-KM012

3.5.4 Combined Signal Path Commands

For some settings, the command to be used depends on the active scenario. While the combined signal path (CSP) scenario is active, these settings are configured via commands of the signaling application. While the standalone (SA) scenario is active, they are configured via measurement commands.

The following mapping tables provide an overview for general measurement settings and for multi-evaluation measurement commands.

Table 3-10: Mapping for general measurement settings

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
Connector, converter	<code>ROUTe:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone</code>	<code>ROUTe:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:CSPPath</code> <code>ROUTe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:SCENario:...</code> See Scenario, Fading .
External attenuation	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:EATTenuation</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:EATTenuation:INPut</code>
Band	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DBDC</code>
Frequency, channel	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency:UL</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FOFFset:UL</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:CHANnel:UL</code>
Dual carrier separation	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:DCARRIER:SEParation</code>
Expected nominal power	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:ENPower</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPMode</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:ENPower</code>
User margin	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:UMARgin</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:RFSettings:MARGIN</code>
UL target power	not relevant	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:TPOWer:REFerence</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:TPC:TPOWer</code>
UL configuration	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:ULConfig</code>	Automatic configuration depending on selected scenario and connection configuration

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
UE channels	<pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:DPCCCh</pre> <pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:DPDCh</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to manual, the settings are controlled by WCDMA measurements (use commands for standalone scenario) if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to auto, the settings are controlled by WCDMA Signaling as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic configuration for spreading factor depending on connection configuration Setting of beta factor is possible: <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:PDATa<no></code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:RMC<no></code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:VIDeo</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:VOICe</code>
	<pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:HSDPcch</pre> <pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFIG</pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to manual, the settings are controlled by WCDMA measurements (use commands for standalone scenario) if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to auto, the settings are controlled by WCDMA Signaling as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic configuration for spreading factor depending on connection configuration Setting of beta factor is possible: <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:HSDPa</code>
	<pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:EDPCch</pre> <pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels: CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no></pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to manual, the settings are controlled by WCDMA measurements (use commands for standalone scenario) if <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection</code> is set to auto, the settings are controlled by WCDMA Signaling as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Automatic configuration for spreading factor depending on connection configuration Setting of beta factor is possible: <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:GFACTOR:HSUPa:EDPCch</code>

Table 3-11: Mapping for multi-evaluation measurement commands

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
Scrambling code	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CARRier<c>:SCODE</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:SCODE</code>
UL DPCCH slot format	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:SFORmat</code>	Automatic configuration depending on connection configuration Settings for CPC are possible: <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CPC:SFORmat</code>
UL DPDCH available	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:DPDCh</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:LEVel:DPCH</code>

3.6 List of Commands

ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation.....	772
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?.....	857
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?.....	857
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?.....	857
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEviation?.....	857
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?.....	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?.....	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?.....	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEviation?.....	862
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:PHDHsdpcch?.....	856
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MODulation:UEPhd?.....	855
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SPECtrum:AVERage?.....	853
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SPECtrum:CURRent?.....	853
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SPECtrum:MAXimum?.....	853
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CARRier<c>:BAND.....	762
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:AMODe:MODulation.....	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CDTreshold:MODulation.....	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DMDe:MODulation.....	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DSFactor:MODulation.....	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:ABSolute.....	811
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:ACLR:RELative.....	811
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:CFERror.....	802
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:ABSolute.....	812
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:DCARRier:ABSolute.....	813
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EMASK:RELative.....	812
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:EVMagnitude.....	799
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:IQIMbalance.....	801
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:IQOFset.....	801
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:MERRor.....	799
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PCONTrol:EPSTep.....	809
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PCONTrol:HSDPcch.....	810
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PERRor.....	800
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHD.....	800
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:PHSDpcch.....	801

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:ECDP.....	808
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>.....	807
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPCCh.....	803
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:DPDCh.....	803
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPCch.....	805
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no>.....	806
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch.....	804
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIMit:RCDerror:EECDp:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig.....	805
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST.....	784
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:CMWS:CMODe.....	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:COUNT.....	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:EOFFset.....	785
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:CDPower.....	790
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:CMWS:CONNector.....	786
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:MODulation.....	788
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:PHD.....	791
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:SETup.....	786
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:SPECtrum.....	789
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:SEGMeNT<no>:UEPower.....	790
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MOEXception.....	783
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MPERiod:MODulation.....	792
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MSCount.....	783
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:PSLot.....	783
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:REPetition.....	782
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:ACLR.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:BER.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDERror.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDPMonitor.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CDPower.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM.....	778
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:EMASK.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:EVMagnitude.....	776
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:FERRor.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:IQ.....	781
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:MERRor.....	776
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PERRor.....	777
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PHD.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:PSTeps.....	780
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:RCDerror.....	781
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:UEPower.....	779
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:RESUlt:[ALL].....	774
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:ROTation:MODulation.....	795
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCOndition.....	782
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:BER.....	796
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:MODulation.....	793
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SCount:SPECtrum.....	795
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SSCalar:MODulation.....	794
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SYNCh.....	784

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT.....	782
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:CARRier<c>:FREQuency.....	763
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:DCARRier:SEParation.....	763
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:EATTenuation.....	761
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:ENPower.....	761
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:RFSettings:UMARgin.....	762
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:BSFSelection.....	770
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:DPCCh.....	766
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:DPDCh.....	767
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPCch.....	769
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:EDPDch<no>.....	770
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch.....	768
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UECHannels:CARRier<c>:HSDPcch:CONFig.....	768
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CARRier<c>:SCoDe.....	764
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:DPDCh.....	766
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:SFORmat.....	765
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:ULConfig.....	765
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:BER?.....	865
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:AVERage?.....	860
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:CURRent?.....	860
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:MAXimum?.....	860
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDERror:SDEViation?.....	860
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:AVERage?.....	859
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:CURRent?.....	859
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MAXimum?.....	859
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:MINimum?.....	859
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:CDPower:SDEViation?.....	859
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:AVERage?.....	857
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:CURRent?.....	857
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:MAXimum?.....	857
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:MODulation:SDEViation?.....	857
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:AVERage?.....	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:CURRent?.....	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:MAXimum?.....	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:OCInfo?.....	863
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SDEViation?.....	861
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:RCDerror:SF?.....	862
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh:AVERage?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh:CURRent?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh:MAXimum?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPCCh:SDEViation?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:AVERage?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:CURRent?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:MAXimum?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:DPDCh:SDEViation?.....	840
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:AVERage?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:CURRent?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:MAXimum?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPCch:SDEViation?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDCh<no>:AVERage?.....	842

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:EDPDch<no>:SDEviation?.....	842
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:AVERage?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:CURRent?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:MAXimum?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDERror:HSDPcch:SDEviation?.....	841
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:AVERage?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:CURRent?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:MAXimum?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:MINimum?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPCCh:SDEviation?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:AVERage?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:CURRent?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:MAXimum?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:MINimum?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:DPDCh:SDEviation?.....	834
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:AVERage?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:CURRent?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:MAXimum?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:MINimum?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPCch:SDEviation?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:AVERage?.....	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:CURRent?.....	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:MAXimum?.....	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:MINimum?.....	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:EDPDch<no>:SDEviation?.....	837
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:AVERage?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:CURRent?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:MAXimum?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:MINimum?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:CDPower:HSDPcch:SDEviation?.....	836
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:AVERage?.....	816
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CARRier<c>:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?.....	816
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READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:AVERage?.....	823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?.....	823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:MAXimum?.....	823
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TRACe:PHD:CURRent?.....	824
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:CSPath.....	759
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:MAPRotocol.....	760
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario:SALone.....	759
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:SCENario?.....	760
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS<i>?.....	760
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation.....	772
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:CATalog:SOURce?.....	796
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:DELay.....	798
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:LIST:MODE.....	791
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:MGAP.....	798
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SLOPe.....	797
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:SOURce.....	797
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:THReshold.....	797
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:MEValuation:TOUT.....	798

4 WCDMA TPC Measurement

In CDMA networks, control of the UE transmit power is essential to ensure stable transmission and an efficient radio resource management within the system. An output power of the UE transmitter that is too low decreases the coverage area while an excess output power causes interference to other channels or systems. Both effects decrease the system capacity.

For that reason, the NodeB controls the UE power via the transmission of transmit power control (TPC) commands on the DL DPCH. The UE is expected to adjust its transmit power according to the received TPC commands.

The "WCDMA TPC Measurement" included in option R&S CMW-KM400 determines the UE output power per timeslot of a WCDMA uplink signal and evaluates the power steps between adjacent timeslots. Thus it can evaluate the reaction of the UE to TPC commands. The TPC commands must be sent to the UE by another application, preferably by the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400). The signaling application is compatible with all TPC measurement modes and cooperates with the measurement for comfortable operation.

The TPC measurement provides the following modes:

- The "Monitor" mode measures the UE output power and presents the results without performing any limit checks. It does not care about the TPC commands sent to the UE and does not verify whether the UE reacts to the commands correctly.
- The "Inner Loop Power Control" mode verifies the correct reaction of the UE to TPC commands. The commands are received during test step A to H, defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2 "Inner Loop Power Control".
It evaluates the reaction to single TPC commands and to TPC command groups and checks whether the results are within the tolerances. Also it measures the minimum and maximum UE output power and checks the results against the limits.
- The "Max. Power E-DCH" mode measures the maximum UE power with active HS-DPCCH and E-DCH and checks whether the results are within the tolerances.
It is designed as combined signal path measurement. The signaling application in combination with the TPC measurement provides subtest 1 to 5 as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B "Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH".
- The "Change of TFC" mode is designed for measuring the UE power steps caused by switching the DPDCH on or off. Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.6 "Change of TFC". A limit check is performed for the measured step sizes.
- The "UL Compressed Mode" measures the UE transmit power during compressed mode, in particular during nonCM-CM-nonCM swapping.
It is designed as combined signal path measurement. The signaling application in combination with the TPC measurement allows you to perform tests as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7 "Power setting in uplink compressed mode".
- The "In-Band Emission" mode measures the UE transmit power during the dual carrier HSPA connection. One carrier is measured at minimal UE output power, while another one is measured at the maximal UE output power.

The test is designed as combined signal path measurement. The signaling application in combination with the TPC measurement allows you to perform tests as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5 "In-band emission for DC-HSUPA".

4.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA TPC Measurement" firmware application. Compared to version 3.2.80, there are only editorial changes.

4.2 General Description

The main purpose of the WCDMA TPC measurement included in option R&S CMW-KM400 is to verify the correct reaction of the UE to received TPC commands. The TPC commands must be sent to the UE by another application, e.g. the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400).

The following sections describe how to measure, using the individual measurement modes.

● Test Setup	912
● How to Perform a Measurement	912
● Parallel Signaling and Measurement	914
● Trigger Modes	915
● TPC Setups	916
● Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements	921
● Measurement Results	927

4.2.1 Test Setup

Connect the external RF signal source (mobile station, signal generator etc.) to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

A connection with dual carrier HSPA involves two uplink signals. The two uplink signals are received via only one RX module.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

4.2.2 How to Perform a Measurement

In addition to the TPC measurement and the UE, you need an application able to send TPC commands to the UE.

Use the WCDMA signaling application for this purpose (option R&S CMW-KS400). The signaling application is compatible with all TPC measurement modes.

In "Monitor" mode and "Inner Loop Power Control" mode, you can alternatively use a suitable waveform ARB file together with the GPRF generator. Option R&S CMW-KW400 is required to use WCDMA R99 waveform files generated via R&S WinIQSIM2.

General measurement procedure

The steps to be performed in detail depend on the application used to send the TPC commands to the UE. The general procedure is as follows:

1. Connect your WCDMA UE to the R&S CMW (see [Chapter 4.2.1, "Test Setup"](#), on page 912).
2. Configure the application used to send the TPC commands to the UE (do not yet start sending TPC commands).
The required signal configuration depends on the TPC setup. For details, see [Chapter 4.2.5, "TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.
3. Configure the WCDMA TPC measurement (see mandatory settings below).
4. Start the WCDMA TPC measurement.
5. Start sending TPC commands to the UE.
Auto execution is available for some combined signal path measurement modes. During auto execution, WCDMA signaling executes this step automatically when the TPC measurement starts.

Mandatory measurement settings

Adjust at least the following measurement settings to the properties of the analyzed UL WCDMA signal and the TPC commands to be sent to the UE. For combined signal path measurements, most of these settings are controlled by the signaling application.

- Analyzer "Frequency"
 - "Expected Nominal Power", "User Margin" and "External Attenuation (Input)"
 - For combined signal path measurements, let the signaling application calculate the expected nominal power from the UL power control settings (expected nominal power mode = "According to UL Power Control Settings"). Do not use the manual mode.
 - For standalone measurements, set the "Expected Nominal Power" to the expected peak power of the UE signal during the measurement. Even if you start the measurement with minimum UE power, consider the maximum power expected at a later stage of the measurement. Set the "User Margin" to 0 dB.
 - "TPC Setup"
Select the TPC setup corresponding to the TPC pattern to be sent to the UE. For details, see [Chapter 4.2.5, "TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.
 - "Trigger Source"
 - For combined signal path measurements, the trigger source is configured automatically when you select the TPC setup.
 - For standalone measurements, select a suitable trigger signal provided by the application that sends the TPC commands to the UE.
- For details, see [Chapter 4.2.4, "Trigger Modes"](#), on page 915.

Furthermore, it is recommended to disable the sending of UE measurement reports, because they cause power steps. For combined signal path measurements, disable the reports in the "WCDMA Signaling Configuration" dialog, section "UE Measurement Report".

Detailed step-by-step instructions for combined signal path TPC measurements are provided in the documentation of the WCDMA signaling application, section "Application Sheets". The application sheets describe an inner loop power control measurement (step A to H) and a maximum power E-DCH measurement (subtest 1 to 5).

4.2.3 Parallel Signaling and Measurement

The WCDMA TPC measurement can be used in parallel to the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400). The signaling application sends TPC commands to the UE and the TPC measurement evaluates the UE power and power steps.

To use both applications in parallel, the combined signal path scenario must be activated (see "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722). The signal routing and analyzer settings and some measurement control settings are then configured by the signaling application. The TPC measurement displays the corresponding signaling settings instead of its own settings. These signaling settings can be configured both in the measurement GUI and in the GUI of the signaling application. To configure the signaling settings via remote commands, the commands of the signaling application have to be used. For a command mapping table, see [Chapter 4.5.4, "Combined Signal Path Commands"](#), on page 993.

Additional signaling parameters, e.g. the TPC settings, can be accessed in the measurement GUI via hotkeys, see [Chapter 4.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys"](#), on page 948.

For combined signal path measurements, a suitable trigger signal provided by the signaling application is selected automatically. This selection is done for example when the combined signal path scenario is activated, the controlling application is changed or the TPC setup is changed.

The TPC measurement provides several ways to trigger the execution of a TPC setup by the signaling application:

- Press the softkey "TPC Meas." and the hotkey "Execute".
- Press the softkey "Signaling Parameter", the hotkey "TPC" and the "Execute" button.
- Enable auto execution. The TPC setup execution is triggered automatically whenever the measurement is started.

Auto execution is supported for the measurement modes "Inner Loop Power Control" and "Max. Power E-DCH". It can be enabled or disabled as part of the mode-specific settings, see [Chapter 4.3.2.3, "Measurement Control Settings"](#), on page 941.

4.2.4 Trigger Modes

Always trigger the TPC measurement by the application that sends the TPC commands to the UE. It ensures that the measurement is aligned correctly relative to the executed TPC pattern. Triggering the measurement incorrectly results in erroneous measurement results or measurement failure.

Select the trigger signal (the trigger source) depending on the used application as follows:

- WCDMA signaling application:
The appropriate trigger signal provided by the signaling application is selected automatically, depending on the measurement mode.
For the "Change of TFC" mode, the "Change of TFC" trigger signal is used.
For all other modes, the TPC trigger signal is used.
- GPRF generator plus waveform file:
Select a suitable waveform marker provided by the GPRF generator.
The marker must be located one slot before the slot carrying the first TPC command.
Example: If the first TPC bit is transferred in the first timeslot (slot 0), set the marker at the beginning of the last timeslot (slot 14) of the previous frame.
Waveform files can be used in inner loop power control mode and in monitor mode.
- Other customer-specific applications:
Provide an external trigger signal fed in via TRIG A or TRIG B on the rear panel of the instrument and select this trigger source "...External TRIG A/B" (availability depends on instrument model).
For "Inner Loop Power Control" and "Monitor" mode, the trigger event has to occur one slot before the UL slot reflecting the UE's reaction to the first TPC command.
Example: If the first TPC bit is transferred in the first timeslot (slot 0) of a DL frame, the UE's reaction is expected in the first timeslot of the UL frame. In that case, the trigger event must occur at the beginning of the last timeslot (slot 14) of the previous UL radio frame.
For "Change of TFC" mode, align the trigger event to a slot or frame boundary.

For optimum measurement results and measurement speed, it is recommended to select the trigger source according to these rules, even when using the monitor mode. However, the "Free Run" and "IF Power" trigger sources can sometimes be suitable for measurements in monitor mode. The effect of these trigger sources is as follows:

- "Free Run (Standard / Fast Sync)":
The measurement starts immediately after it is initiated. The R&S CMW decodes the signal to derive its slot timing so that the measurement length can start at a slot boundary of the UL WCDMA signal.
The "Standard" and "Fast Sync" modes differ in the synchronization procedure performed after each measurement cycle. As the TPC measurement is a single shot application and performs only one measurement cycle, there is no difference between the two modes.
- "IF Power":
With an internal IF power trigger, the measurement is triggered by the power ramp of the received bursts. This trigger can be used if no continuous WCDMA signal is available and a short signal burst has to be measured.

- "IF Power (Sync)":

Similar to "IF Power", however, the R&S CMW tries to synchronize to the signal during a full slot after the trigger event. This setting can be used to measure short signal bursts where the beginning of the burst does not exactly coincide with a slot boundary. The start of the measurement takes longer than with "IF Power".

For configuration, see [Chapter 4.3.2.4, "Trigger Settings", on page 945](#).

4.2.5 TPC Setups

The WCDMA signaling application provides several predefined and partly configurable TPC setups with different TPC command patterns. This section provides an overview of these TPC setups from point of view of the TPC measurement. For more details concerning the individual TPC setups, please refer to the description of the corresponding application.

The used measurement mode depends directly on the selected TPC setup.

4.2.5.1 Inner Loop Power Control TPC Setups

The conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2 "Inner Loop Power Control" defines the TPC test steps A to H inducing a power ramp of the following shape:

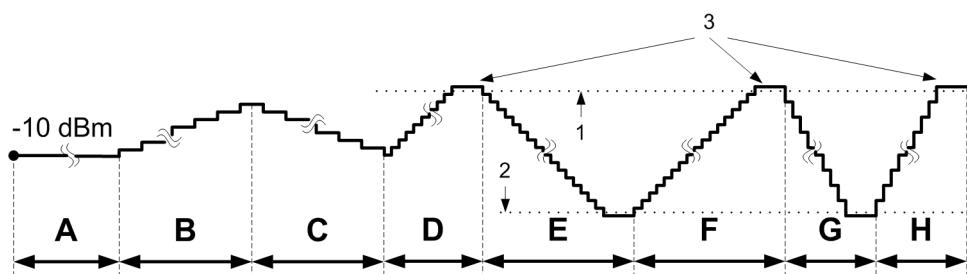


Figure 4-1: TPC test steps A to H as defined by 3GPP

- 1 = max power threshold for test
- 2 = min power threshold for test
- 3 = measured maximum output power

Most of these test steps can be selected as TPC setup. These TPC setups result in the measurement mode "Inner Loop Power Control".

The following table provides an overview of the test steps, the transferred bit patterns and the expected reaction of the UE, i.e. of the expected UE power steps. The algorithm and step size to be configured is also listed, for an explanation see "[Algorithm and step size](#)" on page 917.

TPC setup name	Transferred pattern	Algorithm / step size	Expected power steps
TPC test step ABC	A: 60-bit 3GPP pattern B: 50 x 1 C: 50 x 0	2 / 1 dB	A: 60 x 0 dB B: (4 x 0 dB, 1 x +1 dB) x 10 C: (4 x 0 dB, 1 x -1 dB) x 10
TPC test step E	m x 0	1 / 1 dB	-1 dB until min power, then 0 dB
TPC test step F	n x 1	1 / 1 dB	+1 dB until max power, then 0 dB
TPC test step GH	G: p x 0 H: q x 1	1 / 2 dB	G: -2 dB until min power, then 0 dB H: +2 dB until max power, then 0 dB

m, n, p and q are configurable. 3GPP requests "at least 10 more than the number required to ensure that the UE reaches the relevant maximum or minimum power threshold".
The additional setup "TPC Test Step EF" equals "TPC Test Step E" followed by "TPC Test Step F".

When the TPC measurement for inner loop power control pattern ABC, EF, GH is started in combined signal path, the UE measurement reporting is disabled automatically.

Algorithm and step size

When the UE receives TPC bits, it has to adjust its transmit power depending on the configured algorithm and step size as defined in 3GPP TS 25.214.

Two algorithms are available:

- **Algorithm 1:**

The UE receives one TPC bit per timeslot. If the received TPC bit equals 1 (0), then the power control parameter TPC_cmd for that timeslot is +1 (-1). It implies that the UE output power changes after each timeslot.

- **Algorithm 2:**

The UE receives one TPC bit per timeslot. The slots are grouped into sets of 5 slots, aligned to the frame boundaries, so that there is no overlap between different sets of 5 slots.

If the received TPC bit equals 1 (0) in all 5 slots of a set, then the power control parameter TPC_cmd for the 5th slot is +1 (-1). Otherwise the TPC_cmd for the 5th slot is 0. It implies that the UE transmitter output power always remains constant for 4 slots and can change for the 5th slot.

For both algorithms, the UE output power changes by TPC_cmd multiplied with the TPC step size of 1 dB or 2 dB.

Segmented TPC test patterns

To improve the accuracy of the measured power step values, it is possible to split the TPC patterns for test steps E, F, G, and H into segments.

Segmentation means that inverse TPC commands are inserted into each of the four test step patterns: A ...1111...1111... pattern changes to ...11011...11011..., a ...0000...0000... pattern changes to ...00100...00100...

The positions of the inverse TPC commands (segment borders) are fixed and known both by the signaling application and by the TPC measurement. The measurement

uses the inverse TPC periods to adjust the instrument hardware to the next input power range. The two UE power steps before and after each segment border are assumed to be equal. A difference in the measured UE power steps is attributed to the changed hardware settings and subtracted off:

- For the falling TPC patterns (E, G), the power steps after the segment borders are corrected.
- For the rising TPC patterns (F, H), the power steps before the segment borders are corrected.

Therefore, the correction in the segment near the maximum UE output power is zero. The segment near the minimum UE output power contains the sum of all corrections in the test step.

Unsegmented TPC test patterns correspond to the unmodified patterns described in 3GPP TS 34.121. However, segmented test patterns still comply with 3GPP specifications. Use segmented TPC test patterns to measure all power steps with maximum accuracy. Note that the corrections can add up to a systematic error of the measured absolute powers, especially in the segments near the minimum UE output power.

If the UE power steps are systematically above or below the specified values, the UE power towards the end of a test step can get outside the linear analyzer range. It causes, that the TPC measurement generates an overflow or underflow message. It can be due to the fixed segment borders and the correction method. It does not necessarily mean that any of the single UE power steps are out of their specified range.

For a detailed example of an "Inner Loop Power Control" measurement comprising step A to step H, refer to the "Application Sheets" section of the signaling application chapter.

4.2.5.2 Change of TFC TPC Setup

The conformance test specification 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.6 "Change of TFC" defines a test for verification of the UE power steps caused by a changing data rate. For this test, the UE is induced to transmit a discontinuous DPDCH. The power step between a slot with DPDCH on and an adjacent slot with DPDCH off is measured. For this power step, test requirements are specified.

To generate the discontinuous DPDCH, an RMC with 12.2 kbps, loopback and 50 % downlink resources in use must be set up. As a result, the DPDCH is alternately switched on and off for 30 slots (two frames). To prevent the power control mechanism from counterbalancing the induced power steps, a power control algorithm 2 with alternating TPC pattern is used.

Setup-specific settings

To perform a "Change of TFC" measurement, select the TPC setup "Change of TFC". It results in an alternating TPC pattern with algorithm 2 and the measurement mode "Change of TFC".

Configure an RMC connection with loopback and usage of 50 % downlink resources. For combined signal path measurements, you can configure the usage of downlink

resources in the configuration dialog of the measurement, see [Chapter 4.3.2.2, "UE Signal Info Settings"](#), on page 938.

Remember to reset the usage of downlink resources to 100 % when switching to another measurement mode.

If you use a customer-specific application instead of the signaling application, note that the measurement expects alternating up and down power steps, one power step every 30 slots. Any other signal configuration leads to erroneous power step results.

4.2.5.3 Max Power E-DCH TPC Setup

The conformance test specification 3GPP defines a test for verification of the maximum UE power with active HS-DPCCH and E-DCH. The test 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B "Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH" comprises five subtests.

The test procedure for subtest 1 to 4 is complex. It requires that the E-TFCI sent by the UE is monitored and that the TPC pattern reacts to the monitored values. The test procedure is implemented in the WCDMA signaling application.

At the end of the test procedure, the UE power is kept constant via an alternating pattern and algorithm 2. According to 3GPP, this more or less constant UE power is measured. The measurement can be performed with the TPC measurement, triggered by the signaling application.

So a "Max Power E-DCH" measurement does only make sense as combined signal path measurement. A standalone "Max Power E-DCH" measurement does not evaluate any E-TFCI values sent by the UE. It only measures the UE power.

For description of the combined signal path "Max Power E-DCH" measurement, please refer to the documentation of the signaling application. The "Application Sheets" section of the signaling application chapter provides a detailed step-by-step description of a "Max Power E-DCH" measurement, including subtest 1 to 5.

4.2.5.4 Monitor Mode TPC Setups

When one of the TPC setups listed in [Table 4-1](#) is selected, the measurement is run in monitor mode. In this mode, the measurement does not need to know which TPC commands are sent to the UE.

If you use the standalone scenario, you can select any monitor mode TPC setup to measure in monitor mode. The measurement still works correctly if the monitor mode TPC setup selected in the measurement differs from the monitor mode TPC setup executed.

Only if you use the combined signal path scenario, it is important which monitor mode TPC setup you select in the measurement. The reason is that the measurement displays the TPC setup parameter of the signaling application. So the parameter determines which TPC setup is executed by the signaling application.

The following table provides an overview of the monitor mode TPC setups.

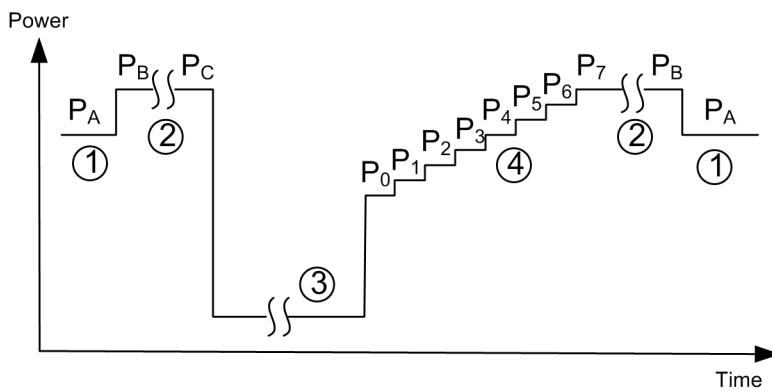
Table 4-1: TPC setups measured in monitor mode

TPC setup name	Pattern
"Closed Loop"	Pattern suitable to command the UE to a selected target power, followed by an alternating pattern when the target power is reached. Provided by WCDMA signaling application, but not by GPRF generator.
"Alternating"	(1)010101010...
"All 1"	1111111111...
"All 0"	0000000000...
"Single Pattern + Alternating"	<Pattern>(0)101010101...
"Single Pattern + All 1"	<Pattern>1111111111...
"Single Pattern + All 0"	<Pattern>0000000000...
"Continuous Pattern"	<Pattern><Pattern><Pattern><Pattern>...
"Phase Discontinuity Up"	n x 111110000, followed by alternating pattern
"Phase Discontinuity Down"	m x 000001111, followed by alternating pattern

4.2.5.5 TPC Test Step UL CM Setup

The TPC test step uplink compressed mode (UL CM) activates the TPC pattern for CM test cases.

The R&S CMW measures the UE power according to the selected CM pattern, see "[Pattern Type](#)" on page 940. The UE is commanded to operate in compressed mode using one of the compressed mode patterns A or B. During the test, the UE is commanded to use TPC power control algorithm 1 and step size 2 dB for pattern A and step size 1 dB for pattern B. The TPC patterns induce a UE power ramp of the following shape:

**Figure 4-2: UL compressed mode TX test**

1 = non-compressed mode with initial UE output power P_A

2 = compressed frame with power levels P_B (first slot) and P_C (last slot before gap)

3 = transmission gap

4 = recovery period with the power ramp steps P_0 to P_7

This measurement includes a limit check for each step.

As a precondition before a pattern execution, the UE output power must be set within the ranges specified in standard, see table below.

Table 4-2: TPC setup TPC test step UL CM

CM pattern	Initial UE output power P_A	TPC commands specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, ...
Pattern A (rising TPC)	-36 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.6
Pattern A (falling TPC)	2 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.7
Pattern B	-10 ± 9 dBm	table 5.7.8

To simplify the settings, perform the TPC measurement in combined signal path, using preconditions and the UL CM trigger of the WCDMA signaling application.

4.2.5.6 DC HSPA In-Band Emission TPC Setup

The "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" test is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5.

The dual carrier in-band emission is measured as the ratio of the UE output power in one carrier to the UE output power in the other carrier. Set the UE transmit power in the tested carrier to the minimum output power and the power in the other carrier to the maximum output power. The basic in-band emission measurement interval is defined over one slot in the time domain.

The test is designed as combined signal path measurement. To simplify the settings, use the wizard implemented in the signaling application.

4.2.6 Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements

Conformance requirements for WCDMA transmitter tests are specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5, "Transmitter Characteristics".

The following sections give an overview of the TPC measurement limit settings and the related test requirements.

- [Maximum Output Power Limits \(Inner Loop Power\)](#)..... 921
- [Minimum Output Power Limits \(Inner Loop Power\)](#)..... 922
- [Power Step and Power Step Group Limits \(Inner Loop Power\)](#)..... 923
- [Max. Power E-DCH Limits](#)..... 924
- [Change of TFC Limits](#)..... 925
- [UL Compressed Mode Power Limits](#)..... 925
- [DC HSPA In-Band Emission Limit](#)..... 926

4.2.6.1 Maximum Output Power Limits (Inner Loop Power)

WCDMA equipment is divided into several power classes. For each power class 3GPP defines the maximum output power of the UE transmitter (averaged over one slot) and an upper and lower tolerance value. Example: According to the test requirements, the

maximum output power of a class 1 UE must be between 33 dBm - 3.7 dB and 33 dBm + 1.7 dB.

The nominal maximum power and tolerance values can be comfortably configured in the limits section by selecting the power class of the UE. The resulting settings are displayed in column "Active Limits". If you want to use different values, select "User Defined" for "Active Limit Select" and adjust the values in column "User Defined".

If the combined signal path scenario is active, an additional parameter "Use Reported", is displayed. If this parameter is enabled, the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report is used. The manually configured value is used if the parameter is disabled or no value has been reported.

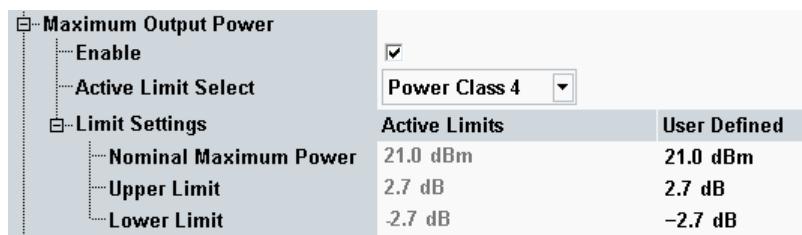


Figure 4-3: Maximum output power limits

The test requirements for the individual UE power classes are defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2 "Maximum Output Power" and listed in the following table.

UE power class	Nominal maximum power	Tolerances (upper and lower limit)
Class 1	33 dBm	+1.7 dB, -3.7 dB
Class 2	27 dBm	
Class 3	24 dBm	
Class 3-bis	23 dBm	+2.7 dB, -2.7 dB
Class 4	21 dBm	

To test the maximum output power, you can use the "TPC Test Step" setups F, EF and GH.

If the measured maximum output power is out of tolerance, please first ensure that the attenuation of any cables and/or antenna couplers used is considered, see "[External Attenuation \(Input\)](#)" on page 723.

The cables, RF connections and antenna couplers must also be in good condition for satisfactory measurements. Dirty or broken RF connections can cause problems at the high frequencies used by WCDMA networks.

4.2.6.2 Minimum Output Power Limits (Inner Loop Power)

The minimum controlled output power of a UE (averaged over one slot) has to be below -49 dBm. This test requirement is defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.3 "Minimum Output Power". A corresponding limit can be set in the configuration dialog.

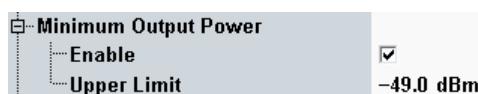


Figure 4-4: Minimum output power limit

To test the minimum output power, you can use the "TPC Test Step" setups E, EF and GH.

If the measured minimum output power is out of tolerance, please first ensure that the configured external attenuation value corresponds to your setup, see "["External Attenuation \(Input\)" on page 723](#)".

4.2.6.3 Power Step and Power Step Group Limits (Inner Loop Power)

When the UE receives transmit power control (TPC) commands in the downlink, it is expected to adjust its output power in accordance with the received commands. A TPC command orders the UE to increase or decrease the output power by a certain amount, the expected step size.

3GPP defines upper limits for the power step error, depending on the expected step size. In addition to error limits for single power steps, there are also error limits for groups of 10 or 50 power steps.

The configuration dialog allows you to set symmetrical error limits for single power steps and power step groups, depending on the expected step size.



Figure 4-5: Power step (group) limit settings

The test requirements are defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.2 "Inner Loop Power Control in the Uplink". An overview is provided in the following tables. The default limit values correspond to the test requirements.

Table 4-3: Allowed step sizes for single TPC steps

Expected step size	Error limit	Allowed step size	Relevant for test step
0 dB	±0.6 dB	-0.6 dB to +0.6 dB	A, B, C
±1 dB	±0.6 dB	+0.4 dB to +1.6 dB	B, F
		-0.4 dB to -1.6 dB	C, E

Expected step size	Error limit	Allowed step size	Relevant for test step
$\pm 2 \text{ dB}$	$\pm 1.15 \text{ dB}$	+0.85 dB to +3.15 dB	H
		-0.85 dB to -3.15 dB	G

Table 4-4: Allowed step sizes for TPC step groups

Expected step group size / algorithm	Error limit	Allowed Step group size	Relevant for Test step
$10 \times 0 \text{ dB} = 0 \text{ dB}$ (alg. 2)	$\pm 1.1 \text{ dB}$	-1.1 dB to +1.1 dB	A
$10 \times \pm 1 \text{ dB} + 40 \times 0 \text{ dB} = \pm 10 \text{ dB}$ (alg. 2)	$\pm 4.3 \text{ dB}$	+5.7 dB to +14.3 dB	B
		-5.7 dB to -14.3 dB	C
$10 \times \pm 1 \text{ dB} = \pm 10 \text{ dB}$ (alg. 1)	$\pm 2.3 \text{ dB}$	+7.7 dB to +12.3 dB	F
		-7.7 dB to -12.3 dB	E
$10 \times \pm 2 \text{ dB} = \pm 20 \text{ dB}$ (alg. 1)	$\pm 4.3 \text{ dB}$	+15.7 dB to +24.3 dB	H
		-15.7 dB to -24.3 dB	G

The multi-evaluation measurement provides additional power control tests and limit checks, see [Chapter 3.2.5.3, "Power Control Limits"](#), on page 697.

4.2.6.4 Max. Power E-DCH Limits

The conformance test specification defines a test for verification of the maximum UE power with active HS-DPCCH and E-DCH. Refer to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2B "Maximum Output Power with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH". The test comprises five subtests.

At the end of each subtest procedure, the maximum output power has to be measured and checked against tolerance values.

You can configure the expected maximum power and a pair of tolerance values in the configuration dialog. The limit applies to measurements with TPC setup "Max. Power E-DCH".

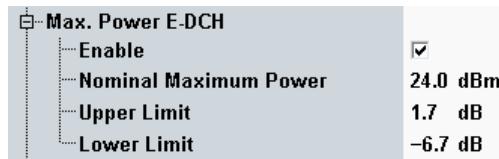


Figure 4-6: Max. power E-DCH limit settings

3GPP defines the following requirements depending on the subtest and on the power class of the UE. The default settings correspond to subtest 1 for power class 3.

Table 4-5: Nominal maximum power and tolerances, depending on subtest and power class

Subtest	Power class 3		Power class 4	
	Power in dBm	Tolerance in dB	Power in dBm	Tolerance in dB
1	24	+1.7 / -6.7	21	+2.7 / -5.7
2	22	+3.7 / -5.2	19	+4.7 / -4.2
3	23	+2.7 / -5.2	20	+3.7 / -4.2
4	22	+3.7 / -5.2	19	+4.7 / -4.2
5	24	+1.7 / -3.7	21	+2.7 / -2.7

4.2.6.5 Change of TFC Limits

When the uplink transport format combination (TFC) changes, it results that the data rate changes and also that the uplink power changes. 3GPP defines a power step tolerance for a specific data rate change: the change between a signal with DPCCH only and a signal with DPCCH and DPDCH.

The "Change of TFC" test is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.6. A requirement is defined for an RMC signal with 12.2 kbps, $\beta_c=8/15$ and $\beta_d=15/15$. For this signal, a power step size of 7 dB is expected between a slot with DPDCH on and an adjacent slot with DPDCH off (DTX). The tolerance specified as test requirement equals ± 2.3 dB.

The default limit settings in the configuration dialog correspond to the test requirements. The expected step size can be calculated automatically from the configured beta factors and is rounded to the closest integer dB value as requested by 3GPP. Alternatively you can disable "Calculate from Beta Factors" and enter the expected step size manually.

**Figure 4-7: Change of TFC limit settings**

The limit is relevant for TPC setup "Change of TFC".

4.2.6.6 UL Compressed Mode Power Limits

During uplink compressed frames a change of output power is required, since the transmission of data is performed in a shorter interval. The ratio of the amplitude between the DPDCH codes and the DPCCH code also varies. The power step during compressed mode is calculated in the UE following the inner loop power control.

Excess error in transmit power setting in compressed mode increases the interference to other channels, or increases transmission errors in the uplink.

The "UL CM TX" test is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7. A requirement of the initial connection without CM is defined for an RMC signal with 12.2 kbps, $\beta_c = 8/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Set the UE output power according to the used compressed mode pattern as described in table below.

Table 4-6: Requirements of 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.7

CM pattern	Initial UE output power P_A	Algorithm / step size
Pattern A (rising TPC)	-36 ± 9 dBm	1 / 2 dB
Pattern A (falling TPC)	2 ± 9 dBm	1 / 2 dB
Pattern B	-10 ± 9 dBm	1 / 1 dB

The default limit settings in the configuration dialog correspond to the conformance test requirements.

Power Control in UL CM		
Pattern A		
	Limit	Nominal Step Size
Initial Power Step (Gap)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 4.3 dB	± 11.0 dB
Recovery Power Step	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 1.7 dB	3.0 dB
Recovery Power Step Group	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 5.3 dB	7x3.0 dB
Pattern B		
	Limit	Nominal Step Size
Initial Power Step (Gap)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 3.2 dB	0.0 dB
Power Step nonCM-CM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 2.3 dB	4.0 dB
Power Step CM-nonCM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ± 2.3 dB	-4.0 dB

Figure 4-8: UL CM power limit settings

The limits are relevant for TPC setup "TPC Step Test UL CM".

3GPP defines the following requirements for the recovery period. The Tx mean power steps due to inner loop power control have to be within the range shown in table below.

Table 4-7: Transmitter power control ranges for 3 dB step size

TPC command	+1	0	-1
TPC range	1.5 dB to 4.5 dB	-0.5 dB to 0.5 dB	-1.5 dB to -4.5 dB
TPC range after seven equal TPC commands	16 dB to 26 dB	-1 dB to 1 dB	-16 dB to -26 dB

4.2.6.7 DC HSPA In-Band Emission Limit

In-band emission requirement for dual carrier HSUPA is specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.13.5.5. A requirement of the connection is defined for a dual carrier HSUPA connection using fixed reference channel and BPSK modulation in uplink.

DC HSPA In-Band Emission	
Channel @ Min Power	-23.2 dB

Figure 4-9: DC HSPA in-band emission power limit setting

The measurement bandwidth is 3.84 MHz centered on each carrier frequency.

The in band emission of the tested carrier shall not exceed the value -23.2 dBc.

4.2.7 Measurement Results

The WCDMA TPC measurement provides all measurement results in a single view. This view displays two diagrams, showing the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. Configured limits are indicated by red limit lines.



Scaling the diagrams

To modify the ranges of the X-axis and of the Y-axis, press the "Display" softkey and use the hotkeys "Y Scale" and "X Scale".

Automatic scaling is used by default, adapting the X-axis to the measurement length and the Y-axis to the measured values.

Below the diagrams, a table providing a statistical evaluation of the UE power vs slot results is displayed. The contents of the table depend on the measurement mode and on the selected TPC setup.

For details, refer to the following sections.

● Monitor Mode	927
● Change of TFC Mode	929
● Max. Power E-DCH Mode	930
● Inner Loop - Test Steps A, B and C	931
● Inner Loop - Test Steps EFGH	932
● UL Compressed Mode	934
● DC HSPA In-Band Emission Mode	936
● Selecting and Modifying Views	937
● Using Markers	937

4.2.7.1 Monitor Mode

In monitor mode, the result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results.

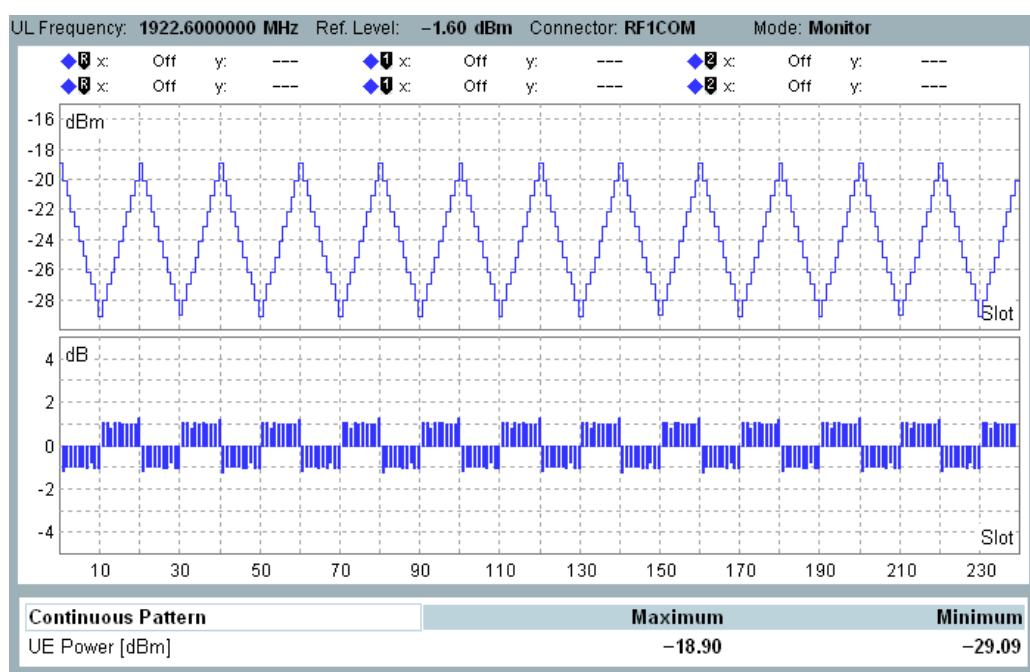


Figure 4-10: Results in monitor mode

Upper diagram - UE power vs slot

The diagram displays the transmitter output power of the UE. It is measured in a bandwidth of at least $(1+\alpha)$ times the chip rate, where α is the roll-off factor of the WCDMA channel filter. The values correspond to the mean power defined in 3GPP TS 34.121.

The diagram displays one measurement result per slot. Each result is calculated as the average of all samples in the slot, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and at the end of the slot.

The measured range of slots is configurable, see "[Monitor > Measurement Length](#)" on page 942.

Lower diagram - power steps

The bar graph in the lower diagram displays the power steps between the slots in the upper diagram. One value per slot boundary is displayed, indicating the difference between the UE power of the previous slot and the UE power of the next slot.

Maximum / minimum UE power

The table displays the maximum and minimum value of the upper diagram, i.e. of the measured UE power vs slot values.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.2 Change of TFC Mode

The result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results.

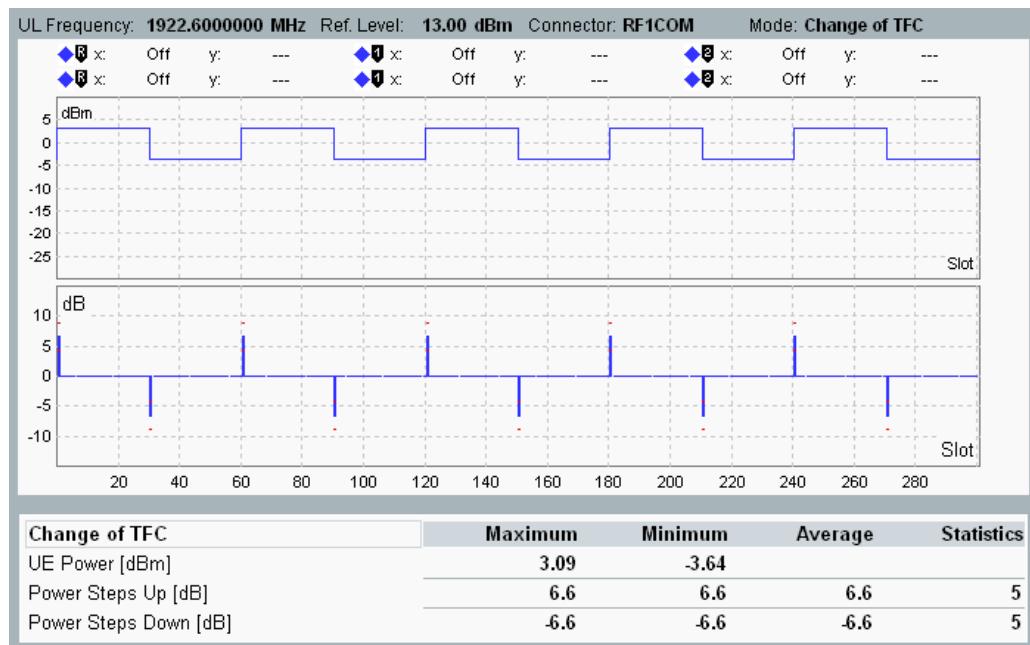


Figure 4-11: Results in change of TFC mode

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. For a detailed description, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.1, "Monitor Mode"](#), on page 927.

The measurement starts at a slot boundary with a power step. The measured range of slots depends on the configured number of steps to be measured, see "[Number of Steps Up/Down](#)" on page 944.

The measurement expects alternating up and down power steps every 30 slots

UE power

Maximum and minimum value of the measured UE power vs slot values displayed in the upper diagram.

Power steps Up/Down

These table rows provide a statistical evaluation of the measured power steps. The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average measured power step value. The column "Statistics" indicates how many power step values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.3 Max. Power E-DCH Mode

The result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results.

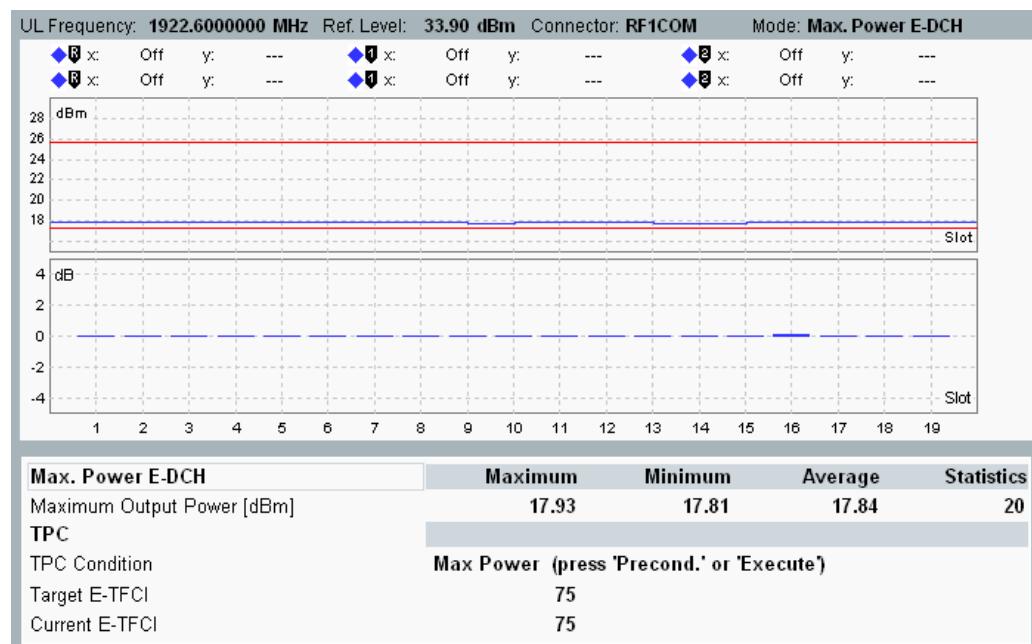


Figure 4-12: Results in Max. power E-DCH mode

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. For a detailed description, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.1, "Monitor Mode"](#), on page 927.

The measured range of slots is configurable, see "[Max. Power E-DCH](#)" on page 943.

Maximum output power

The maximum output power of the UE is determined from the UE power vs slot diagram. The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average UE power value within the diagram. The column "Statistics" indicates how many UE power values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

In the configuration with dual uplink carrier, the maximum output power per carrier and the total maximum output power is displayed

TPC condition / target E-TFCI / current E-TFCI

This information is only available for combined signal path measurements. It is reported by the signaling application.

For details refer to the description of the signaling application, parameter "TPC Condition" and "Max. Power E-DCH Condition".

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.4 Inner Loop - Test Steps A, B and C

This section describes the results in inner loop power control mode for the TPC setup "TPC Test Step ABC".

Diagrams and scalar results appear in two individual views. For selecting an appearance, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.8, "Selecting and Modifying Views"](#), on page 937.

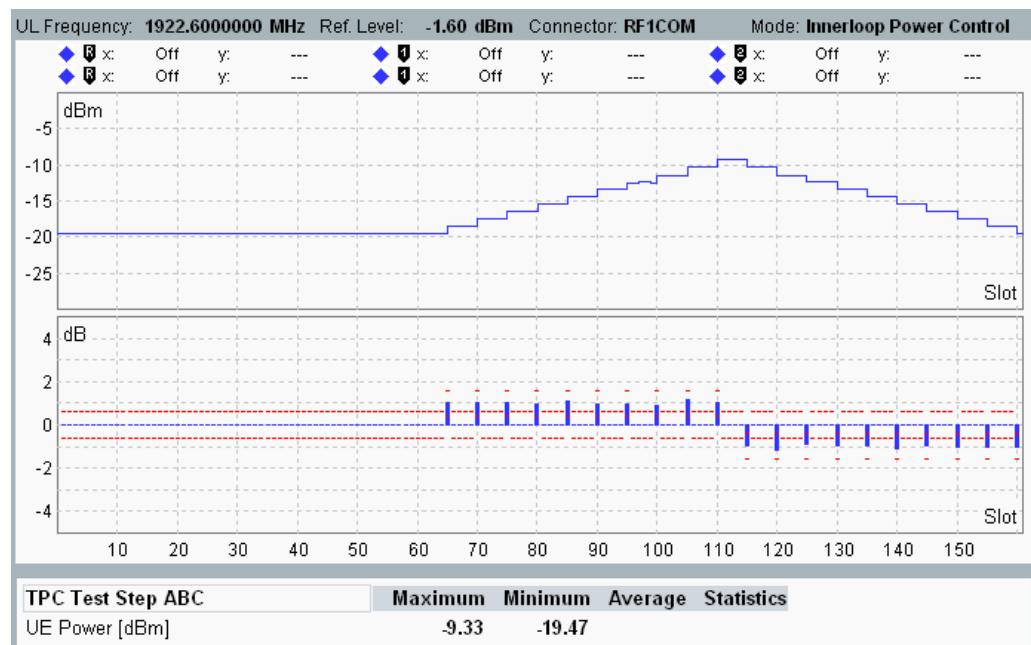


Figure 4-13: Results for test steps A, B and C

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. For a detailed description, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.1, "Monitor Mode"](#), on page 927.

The measured range of slots depends on the TPC setup. For "TPC Test Step ABC", the upper diagram covers 161 slots. For background information concerning the test steps, see [Chapter 4.2.5.1, "Inner Loop Power Control TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.

UE power

Maximum and minimum value of the measured UE power vs slot values displayed in the upper diagram. The results of UE power are available in both the diagram and scalar view. All other statistical results are displayed only in the scalar view.

Power steps...

These table rows provide a statistical evaluation of the measured power steps for which the indicated step size has been expected.

In test step A, a size of 0 dB is expected for all 60 power steps. In test step B (C) a size of 0 dB is expected for 4 consecutive power steps and a size of +1 dB (-1 dB) for the fifth power step. So there are 40 steps of 0 dB and 10 steps of ± 1 dB in step B and C.

The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average measured power step value. The column "Statistics" indicates how many power step values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

Power steps group 0 dB A

This table row provides a statistical evaluation of the power step groups within test step A. Each group comprises 10 adjacent power steps. The step sizes within a group are summed up and result in a power step group value. Thus the total step sizes of power step 1 to 10, 2 to 11, 3 to 12 etc. are calculated.

The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average power step group value determined in this way. The column "Statistics" indicates how many power step group values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

For the determined minimum and maximum value, the number of the first slot of the group is indicated as "Beginning @ Slot".

Power steps group +/- 10 dB B/C

These rows consider all power steps within test step B or C. The sizes of all 50 power steps of the test step are summed up and result in a power step group value. The expected total step size equals +10 dB for step B: $(4 \times 0 \text{ dB} + 1 \times 1 \text{ dB}) \times 10$. For step C, it equals -10 dB.

Thus there is only one power step group value for test step B and one value for test step C. They are indicated in column "Maximum".

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.5 Inner Loop - Test Steps EFGH

This section describes the results in inner loop power control mode for the TPC test step setups E, F, EF and GH.

The result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results. The results appear in two individual views ("Diagram", "Scalar") for the test step setups EF and GH. For selecting the result appearance, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.8, "Selecting and Modifying Views"](#), on page 937.

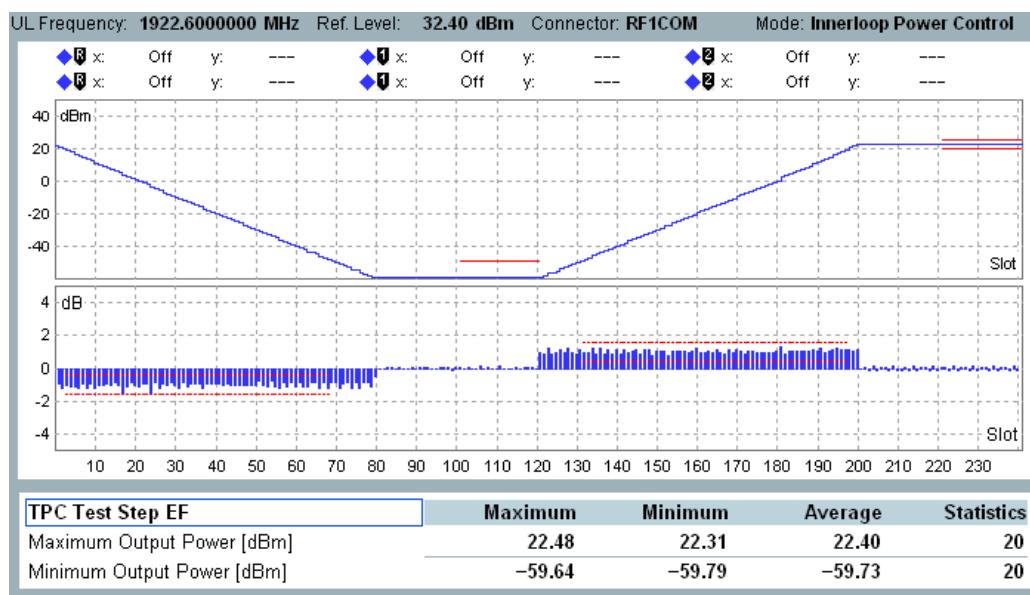


Figure 4-14: Results for test steps E and F - diagram view

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. For a detailed description, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.1, "Monitor Mode"](#), on page 927.

The measured range of slots is configurable, see "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 943. For background information concerning the test steps, see [Chapter 4.2.5.1, "Inner Loop Power Control TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.

Maximum / minimum output power

The maximum UE's output power is determined from the UE power vs slot diagram in a configurable number of slots at the end of test step F and H. The minimum output power is determined at the end of test step E and G.

For configuration of the slot ranges, see "[TPC Test Step Settings](#)" on page 943.

The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average UE power value within the slot range. The column "Statistics" indicates how many UE power values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

Limit lines are displayed in the UE power vs slot diagram for the relevant slots. The upper limit for the minimum output power and the lower and upper limit for the maximum output power are indicated.

Power steps... / power steps group...

For the test step setups EF and GH, the power steps statistical results are displayed only in the scalar view.

The "Power Steps..." table rows provide a statistical evaluation of the measured power steps within a test step. The power step sizes expected for the test steps E, F, G and H are -1 dB, +1 dB, -2 dB and +2 dB.

The "Power Steps Group..." table rows provide a statistical evaluation of the power step groups within a test step. Each group comprises 10 adjacent power steps. The step sizes within a group are summed up and result in a power step group value. Thus the total step sizes of power step 1 to 10, 2 to 11, 3 to 12 etc. are calculated. The expected power step group values for the test steps E, F, G and H are -10 dB, +10 dB, -20 dB and +20 dB.

Only power steps are considered, where the UE power of both adjacent slots is larger than the minimum output power and smaller than the maximum output power. Maximum and minimum output power is defined by the limit settings. The slots used for calculation of the maximum or minimum output power are not used for "Power Steps" and "Power Steps Group" calculation. The considered steps are also marked by limit lines in the lower diagram.

The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average determined power step or power step group value. The column "Statistics" indicates how many power steps or power step group values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

For the determined minimum and maximum power step group value, the number of the first slot of the group is indicated as "Beginning @ Slot".

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.6 UL Compressed Mode

This section describes the results in UL compressed mode.

The result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results.

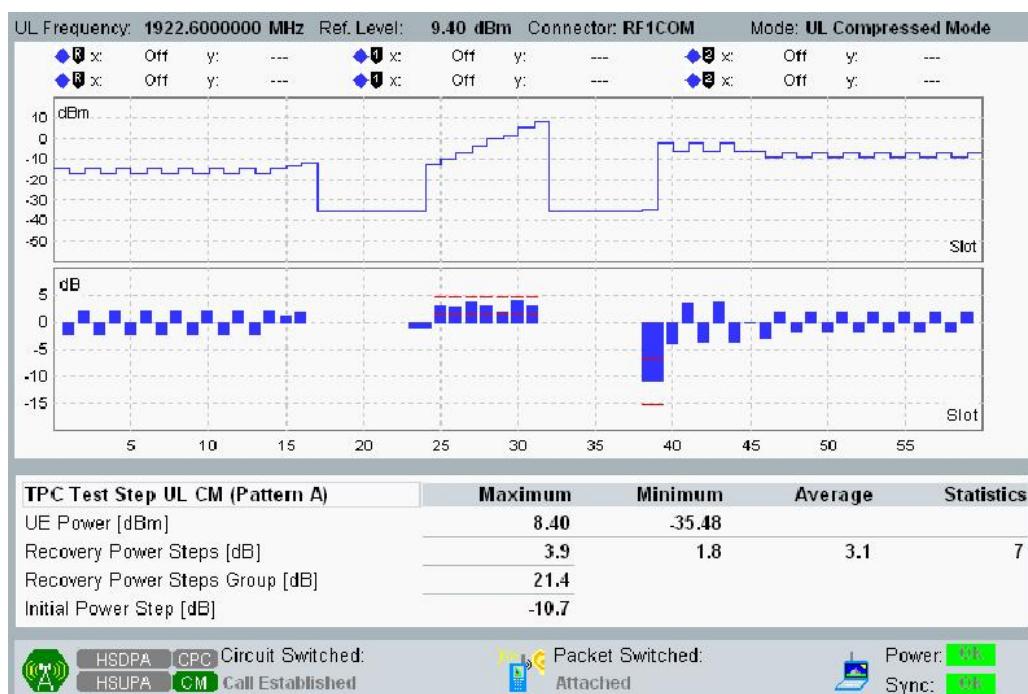


Figure 4-15: Results in UL compressed mode (pattern A)

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot and the corresponding power steps between the slots. For a detailed description, refer to [Chapter 4.2.7.1, "Monitor Mode"](#), on page 927.

The number of measured slots is fixed. Measurement interval includes two compressed mode frames plus one preceding and one succeeding frame.

Results - pattern A

The maximum and minimum output power of the UE is determined from the UE power vs slot diagram. The maximum, minimum and average recovery power step values are displayed within the table. The column "Statistics" indicates how many recovery power step values have been considered for the statistical evaluation. Also the recovery power step group and initial power step P_0 is displayed. The recovery power step group P_1 to P_7 represents the value for the aggregate UE TX power in the recovery period. This period comprises the 7 rising or falling power steps after each gap, see [Chapter 4.2.5.5, "TPC Test Step UL CM Setup"](#), on page 920.

Results - pattern B

The maximum and minimum output power of the UE is determined from the UE power vs slot diagram. The maximum and minimum power steps for nonCM-CM swapping are displayed within the table. Also the initial power step P_0 is displayed.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.7 DC HSPA In-Band Emission Mode

This section describes the results in in-band emission mode.

The result view displays two diagrams and a table with statistical results.

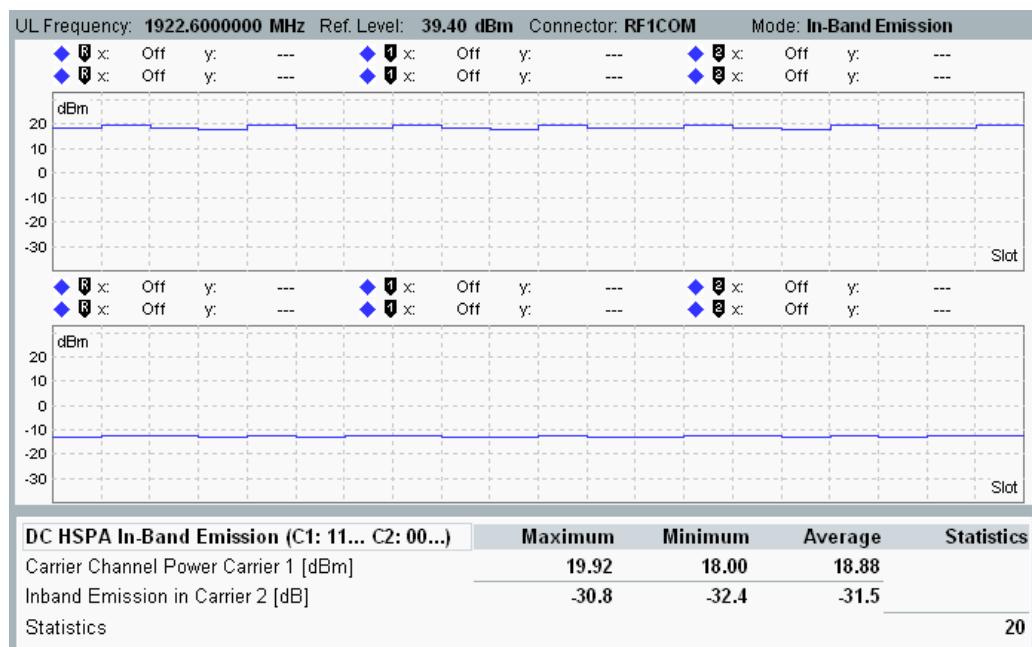


Figure 4-16: Results in in-band emission mode

Diagrams

The diagrams show the measured UE power vs slot of the uplink carrier one (upper diagram) and two (lower diagram).

The measured range of slots is configurable, see "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 945. For background information concerning the test steps, see [Chapter 4.2.5.6, "DC HSPA In-Band Emission TPC Setup"](#), on page 921.

Results

The first table row displays the carrier channel power. This result is provided for the carrier where the UE transmits at the maximum output power.

The second row provides the UE output power in the indicated carrier relative to the UE output power in the other carrier (as displayed in the first row). This result is provided for the carrier where the UE transmits at the minimum output power.

The columns indicate the maximum, minimum and average value.

"Statistics" indicates how many values have been considered for the statistical evaluation.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 4.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 949.

4.2.7.8 Selecting and Modifying Views

Use the "Display" parameters to select the views and to change the appearance and contents of the views. Depending on the selected view, the following "Display" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Diagram / Scalar"	Switch to a diagram or scalar view. Both, the scalar and the diagram view provide the same measurement results.
"X Scale..." / "Y Scale..."	Modify the ranges of the X-axis and the Y-axis. For the Y-axis, both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.

Additional options are available in the "Measurement Control" section of the configuration dialog, e.g. change of the measurement length.

4.2.7.9 Using Markers

Use the "Marker" parameters to activate markers and to modify their position. The following "Marker" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"UE Power / Power Steps"	Selects for which trace the markers are configured: the UE power vs slot trace or the power steps trace. The other hotkeys apply to the selected trace.
"Ref. Marker" ...	Enable or disable the reference marker and select the marker position.
"Marker 1 / 2 ..."	Enable or disable marker 1 or 2 and define the marker position (absolute or relative to the reference marker).

See also: "Markers" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

4.3 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the graphical user interface (GUI) and the parameters of the WCDMA TPC measurement.

- [Measurement Control](#).....937
- [Parameters and Settings](#).....938
- [Measurement Results](#).....949

4.3.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



TPC Meas. (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC  
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC  
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATE:ALL?
```

4.3.2 Parameters and Settings

The most important settings of the WCDMA TPC measurement are displayed in the measurement dialog.

UL Frequency: **1922.6000000 MHz** Ref. Level: **0.00 dBm** Connector: **RF1COM** Mode: **Monitor**

All settings are defined via softkeys and hotkeys or using the "WCDMA TPC Measurement Configuration" dialog. The configuration dialog is described in the following sections. To open the dialog, select the "TPC Measurement" tab and press the "Config" hotkey.

4.3.2.1 Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings

These parameters configure the RF input path. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.1, "Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings", on page 721](#).

4.3.2.2 UE Signal Info Settings

The "UE Signal Info" parameters describe properties of the measured uplink WCDMA signal. The parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. a parameter has the same value in all WCDMA measurements for which it is relevant (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

While the combined signal path scenario is active, all parameters display values determined by the controlling signaling application. Some parameters are not displayed for standalone measurements.

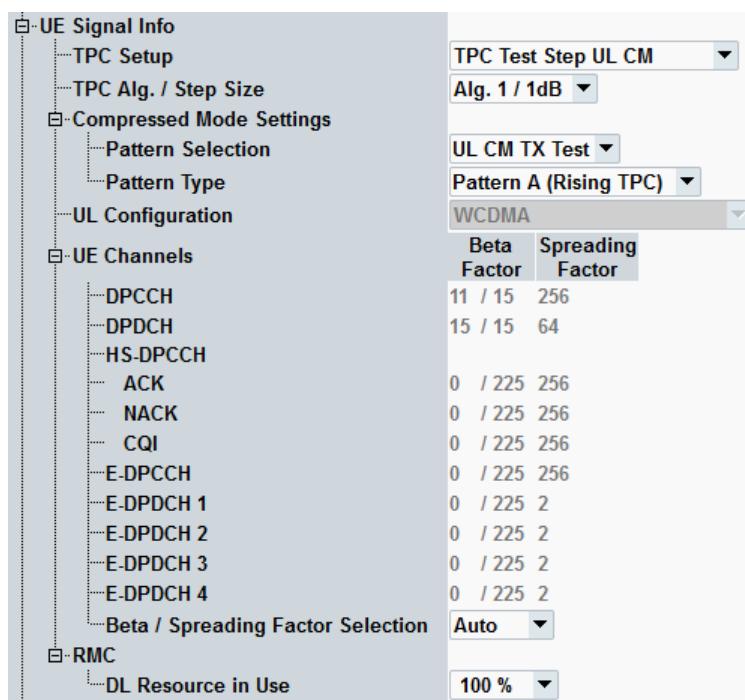


Figure 4-17: UE signal info settings with combined signal path

TPC Setup.....	939
Alg. / Step Size.....	940
Compressed Mode Settings.....	940
└ Pattern Selection.....	940
└ Pattern Type.....	940
UL Configuration.....	940
UE Channels.....	940
RMC > DL Resource in Use.....	941

TPC Setup

Selects the TPC setup (expected) to be executed during the measurement.

If the combined signal path scenario is active, this parameter is controlled by the signaling application and selects the TPC setup to be executed.

If the standalone scenario is active, this parameter selects the TPC setup which is expected to be executed, e.g. via the GPRF generator using a suitable ARB file.

For standalone measurements in monitor mode, you can select any monitor mode TPC setup. The effect of selecting e.g. "Closed Loop" or "Phase Disc Up" is the same.

The available setups depend on the selected [UL Configuration](#). The setup "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" is only available for the signal with dual carrier HSUPA.

For background information, see [Chapter 4.2.5, "TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:SETup (SA)`

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET (CSP)`

Alg. / Step Size

It selects the power control algorithm (1 or 2) and the TPC step size (1dB or 2dB) for TPC setups that do not use fixed values.

For description, see "[Alg. / Step Size](#)" on page 206.

This parameter is available in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MODE` (CSP)

Compressed Mode Settings

Configures parameters for the TPC setup "TPC Test Step UL CM".

Pattern Selection ← Compressed Mode Settings

For parameter description, see "[Pattern Selection](#)" on page 268.

This parameter is available in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CMODE:PATTERn` (CSP)

Pattern Type ← Compressed Mode Settings

Selects the compressed mode pattern to be executed during the TPC measurement in the TPC setup "TPC Test Step UL CM".

If the standalone scenario is active, this parameter selects the CM pattern which is expected to be executed, e.g. via the GPRF generator using a suitable ARB file.

Note that the wrong CM configuration in the signaling application leads to the UL CM trigger timeout.

If the combined signal path scenario is active, this parameter is controlled by the signaling application.

For background information, see [Chapter 4.2.5, "TPC Setups"](#), on page 916.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CMPattern` (SA)

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE` (CSP)

`CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:ACTIVATION` (CSP)

UL Configuration

This parameter is common measurement settings, i.e. it has the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, "[UL Configuration](#)" on page 727.

UE Channels

This parameter is common measurement settings, i.e. it has the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, "[UE Channels](#)" on page 728.

In TPC measurement, the settings are for example used to determine the expected power step size for the "Change of TFC" limits.

RMC > DL Resource in Use

This parameter is only displayed while the combined signal path scenario is active and if option R&S CMW-KS410 is available.

For measurement mode "Change of TFC" set 50 % to generate a discontinuous DPDCH. For all other measurement modes, 100 % is recommended to avoid undesired power steps.

For more details and remote commands, refer to the description of the WCDMA signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMode:RMC:DRate (CSP)`

4.3.2.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the WCDMA TPC measurement.

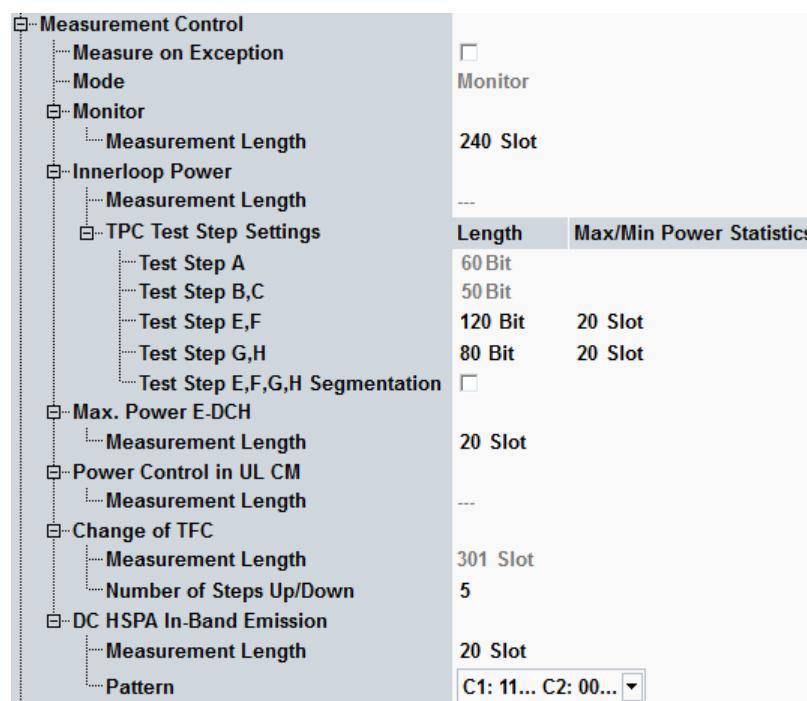


Figure 4-18: WCDMA TPC: measurement control settings (stand alone mode)

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Measure on Exception

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected. A faulty result occurs e.g. when an overload is detected or when the RF receiver is underdriven. In remote control, the cause of the error is indicated by the reliability indicator.

- **Off:** Faulty results are rejected. The measurement is continued; the statistical counters are not reset. Use this mode to ensure that a single faulty result does not affect the entire measurement.
- **On:** Results are never rejected. Use this mode e.g. for development purposes, if you want to analyze the reason for occasional wrong transmissions.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MOEXception
```

Mode

Indicates the measurement mode resulting from the currently selected TPC setup.

- "**Monitor**" for TPC setups: closed loop, alternating, all 1, all 0, single pattern alternating, single pattern all 1, single pattern all 0, continuous pattern, phase discontinuity up, and phase discontinuity down
- "**Change of TFC**"
- "**Max. Power E-DCH**"
- "**Inner Loop Power Control**" for TPC setups: TPC test step ABC, E, F, EF, GH,
- "**UL Compressed Mode**"
- "**In-Band Emission**" only applicable to dual carrier HSUPA measurements

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MODE?
```

Monitor > Measurement Length

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "Monitor" mode.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MONitor:MLENghth
```

Inner Loop Power

Controls measurements in "Inner Loop Power Control" mode.

Measurement Length ← Inner Loop Power

Displays the number of slots to be measured in "Inner Loop Power Control" mode. The value depends on the selected TPC setup and the test step settings.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:MLENgh?
```

TPC Auto Execute ← Inner Loop Power

This parameter is only available while the combined signal path scenario is active.

If it is enabled, starting or restarting the measurement in measurement mode "Inner Loop Power Control" triggers the execution of the TPC setup by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:AEXecution
```

TPC Test Step Settings ← Inner Loop Power

The table lists settings for the individual inner loop power control test steps.

Test steps A, B, and C are defined by 3GPP. The corresponding TPC bit patterns are fixed and the number of TPC bits per step is displayed as "Length".

For test steps E, F, G, and H the number of TPC bits per test step is configurable.

Example: "Test Step E,F" = "120 Bit" means that 120 zero bits are sent for step E and 120 "1"- bits for step F. It results in a measurement length of 241 slots for test step EF, so that all power steps are measured. While the combined signal path scenario is active, these parameters are controlled by the signaling application.

The second column defines the number of slots at the end of a test step, where the minimum output power or maximum output power results are measured. Example: 120 bits and 20 slots are defined for test step E. It means that 121 slots are measured for the test step. The last 20 slots of these 121 slots are used to measure the minimum output power.

For the test steps E, F, G, and H segmentation can be enabled via a checkbox. If you use the WCDMA signaling application (combined signal path), the setting is controlled by the signaling application.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, these parameters are controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, they are controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSEF (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSsegment (SA)  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSEF (CSP)  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSGH (CSP)  
CONFigure:WCDMA:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSsegment (CSP)
```

Max. Power E-DCH

Controls measurements in max. power E-DCH mode.

Measurement Length ← Max. Power E-DCH

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "Max. Power E-DCH" mode.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:MLENghth
```

TPC Auto Execute ← Max. Power E-DCH

This parameter is only available while the combined signal path scenario is active.

If it is enabled, starting or restarting the measurement in measurement mode "Max. Power E-DCH" triggers the execution of the TPC setup by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:AExecution
```

Power Control in UL CM

Controls measurements in "UL Compressed Mode".

Measurement Length ← Power Control in UL CM

Displays the number of slots to be measured in "UL Compressed Mode" mode. This value is fixed. The measurement interval includes two compressed mode frames plus one preceding and one succeeding frame.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:MLENghth
```

TPC Auto Execute ← Power Control in UL CM

This parameter is only available while the combined signal path scenario is active.

If it is enabled, starting or restarting the measurement in measurement mode "UL Compressed Mode" triggers the execution of the "TPC Test Step UL CM" setup by the signaling application. In particular, it sets target power, selects UL CM trigger, activates the selected UL CM test pattern, and resets target power afterwards.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:AExecution
```

Change of TFC

Controls measurements in change of TFC mode.

Measurement Length ← Change of TFC

Displays the number of slots to be measured in "Change of TFC" mode. The value is calculated from the configured "Number of Steps Up/Down", assuming alternating up/down power steps with 30 slots between subsequent steps.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CTFC:MLENghth
```

Number of Steps Up/Down ← Change of TFC

Defines the number of power steps to be measured per step direction (n up steps + n down steps).

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CTFC:MLENghth
```

DC HSPA In-Band Emission

Controls measurements in in-band emission mode. These settings are only available in dual carrier HSUPA measurements.

Option R&S CMW-KM405 is required.

Measurement Length ← DC HSPA In-Band Emission

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "In-Band Emission" mode.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MLENghth`

TPC Auto Execute ← DC HSPA In-Band Emission

This parameter is only available while the combined signal path scenario is active.

If it is enabled, starting or restarting the measurement in measurement mode "In-Band Emission" triggers the execution of the TPC setup by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AEXecution`

Pattern ← DC HSPA In-Band Emission

Specifies the carrier to be tested. Select the pattern 00... for the tested carrier and 11... for the other carrier. The UE is commanded to set the power in the tested carrier to the minimum output power and the power in the other carrier to the maximum output power.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:PATTERn`

4.3.2.4 Trigger Settings

The "Trigger" parameters configure the trigger system for the WCDMA TPC measurement.



Figure 4-19: Trigger settings

Trigger Source.....	946
Trigger Slope.....	946
Trigger Threshold.....	946
Trigger Delay.....	946
Trigger Time Out.....	946
Minimum Trigger Gap.....	947

Trigger Source

Use a trigger signal provided by the application sending the TPC commands to the UE.

For exceptional measurement scenarios or in monitor mode, a "Free Run" or "IF Power" trigger source can also be suitable.

For more detailed information, see [Chapter 4.2.4, "Trigger Modes"](#), on page 915.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SOURce  
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CATalog:SOURCE?
```

Trigger Slope

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements and for evaluation of trigger pulses provided by other firmware applications.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SLOPe
```

Trigger Threshold

Defines the input signal power where the trigger condition is satisfied and a trigger event is generated. The trigger threshold is valid for power trigger sources. It is a dB value, relative to the reference level minus the external attenuation ("<Ref. Level> – <External Attenuation (Input)> – <Frequency Dependent External Attenuation>"). If the reference level equals the maximum output power of the DUT and the external attenuation settings are correct, the trigger threshold is relative to the maximum input power.

A low threshold can be required to ensure that the R&S CMW can always detect the input signal. A higher threshold can prevent unintended trigger events.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:THreshold
```

Trigger Delay

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. The delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on free run measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DElay
```

Trigger Time Out

Sets a time after which an initiated measurement must have received a trigger event. If no trigger event is received, a trigger timeout is indicated in manual operation mode. In remote control mode, the measurement is automatically stopped. The parameter can be disabled so that no timeout occurs.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Remote command:

`TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT`

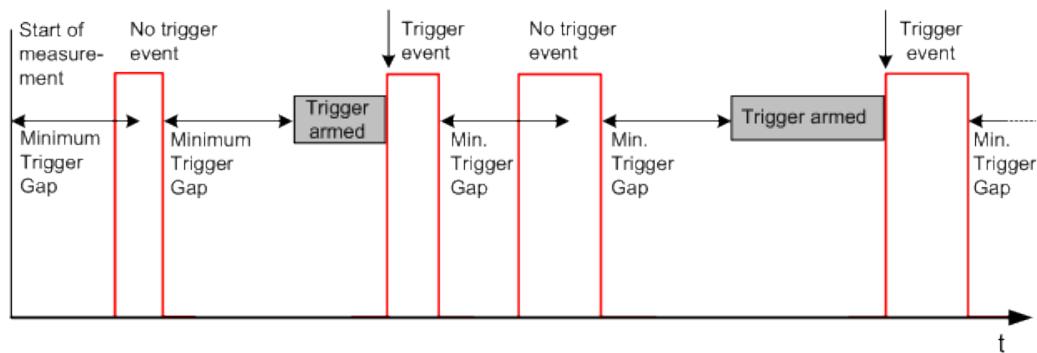
Minimum Trigger Gap

Defines a minimum duration of the power-down periods (gaps) between two triggered power pulses. This setting is valid for an "(IF) Power" trigger source.

The trigger system is controlled by a timer which is reset to zero in the following instances:

- At the IF power-down ramp of each triggered or untriggered pulse, even if the previous counter has not yet elapsed. A power-down ramp is detected when the signal power falls below the trigger threshold.
- At the beginning of each measurement. The minimum gap defines the minimum time between the start of the measurement and the first trigger event.

The trigger system is rearmed when the timer has reached the specified minimum gap.



This parameter can be used to prevent unwanted trigger events due to fast power variations.

Remote command:

`TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MGAP`

4.3.2.5 Limit Settings

The "Limits" section defines tolerances for the individual measurement modes.

For details, see [Chapter 4.2.6, "Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements"](#), on page 921.

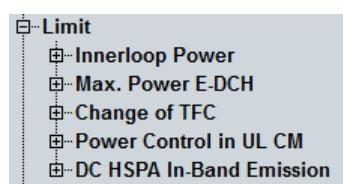


Figure 4-20: Limit settings

Limits

The limits can be configured via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:URPClass  
(CSP)  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:ACTive?  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:UDEFined  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MINPower  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSTep  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSGRoup  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:MPEDch  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:CTFC  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PA  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PB  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:DHIB
```

4.3.2.6 Generator Shortcut

This parameter enables starting the GPRF generator and using GPRF-related hotkeys and softkeys from the measurement GUI. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.6, "Generator Shortcut", on page 739](#).

4.3.2.7 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

For description, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement ([Chapter 3.3.2.7, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 739](#)).

4.3.2.8 Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys

The WCDMA TPC measurement provides some softkey/hotkey combinations which have no equivalent in the configuration dialog. Most of these hotkeys provide display configurations (like diagram scaling). They are self-explanatory and do not have any remote-control commands assigned.

The remaining softkeys > hotkeys are described below. They are displayed only while the combined signal path scenario is active and are provided by the "WCDMA Signaling" application selected as master application. See also ["Scenario = Combined Signal Path" on page 722](#).

The measurement provides no remote-control commands corresponding to these hotkeys. Use the remote-control commands of the signaling application instead.

While one of these softkeys is selected, the "Config" hotkey opens the configuration dialog of the signaling application, not the configuration dialog of the measurement.

TPC Meas. > Execute

This hotkey is available in all measurement modes except in "Monitor" mode. It triggers the execution of a TPC setup by the signaling application. So it has the same effect as pressing the "Execute" button in the signaling application.

Signaling Parameter > ...

Provides access to the most essential settings of the "WCDMA Signaling" application.

WCDMA-UE Signaling

Select this softkey and press ON | OFF to turn the downlink signal transmission on or off.

Press the softkey two times (select it and press it again) to switch to the signaling application.

4.3.3 Measurement Results

All results of the WCDMA TPC measurement are displayed in a single view.

For a detailed description, see [Chapter 4.2.7, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 927.

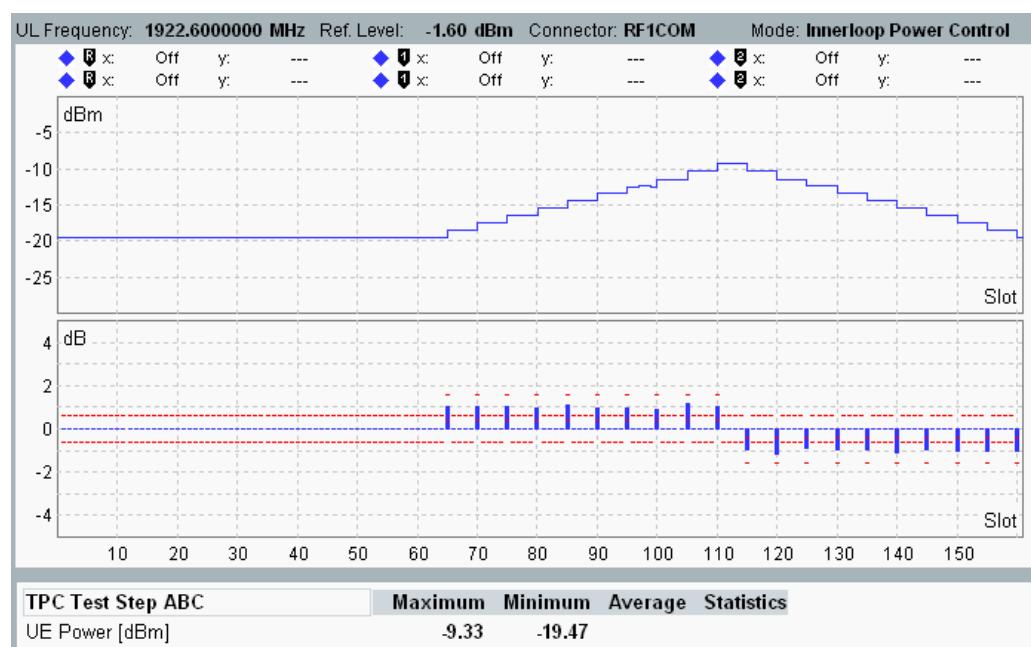


Figure 4-21: Measurement results for TPC test step ABC

Traces

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent? etc.  
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent? etc.
```

Statistical Overviews and other Single Values

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:STATistics? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics? etc.
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics? etc.
```

4.4 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA TPC measurement, using the standalone scenario or the combined signal path scenario.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

- [Measurements with Standalone Scenario](#).....950
- [Measurements with Combined Signal Path Scenario](#).....954

4.4.1 Measurements with Standalone Scenario

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA TPC measurement, using the standalone scenario. The GPRF generator with an appropriate ARB file is used to send TPC commands to the UE. The main focus is on measurement mode "Inner Loop Power Control".

The WCDMA TPC measurement is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMa:MEAS:TPC...
- Use general commands of the type ...WCDMa:MEAS... (no :TPC mnemonic) to define the signal routing and perform RF and analyzer settings.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC...?.

4.4.1.1 Specifying General Measurement Settings

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?
```

```
// ****
// Define signal routing, perform RF and analyzer settings for a WCDMA uplink
// signal with a carrier frequency of 1963 MHz and a peak power of 24 dBm.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMA:MEAS:SCENARIO:SALONE RF1C, RX1
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSETTINGS:EATTENUATION 2
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSETTINGS:ENPOWER 24
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSETTINGS:UMARGIN 0
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSETTINGS:FREQUENCY 1963E+6

// ****
// Alternatively set the frequency indirectly via band and channel.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:BAND OB3
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSETTINGS:FREQUENCY 1162 CH
```

4.4.1.2 Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings

```
// ****
// Define the error handling.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:MOEXCEPTION ON
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOUT 1800

// ****
// Select the TPC setup test step EF and query the measurement mode.
// Set the measurement length for the monitor mode,
// and query it for the inner loop power control mode.
// ****

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:SETUP TSEF
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:MODE?
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:MONITOR:MLENGTH 300
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:ILPCONTROL:MLENGTH?

// ****
// Configure the inner loop power control mode:
// Switch off automatic TPC setup execution, configure the test steps E to H,
// enable segmentation.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:ILPCONTROL:AEXECUTION OFF
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:ILPCONTROL:TSEF 130, 20
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:ILPCONTROL:TSGH 90, 20
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:ILPCONTROL:TSSEGMENT ON

// ****
// Alternatively configure TPC setup UL CM and select its pattern.
// Query measurement length and switch on automatic TPC setup execution.
```

```
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SETup ULCM
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MODE?
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UESignal:CMPattern AR
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:ULCM:MLENgh?
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:ULCM:AEXecution ON

// ****
// Alternatively configure TPC setup DC HSPA in-band emission and query
// the measurement mode. Set the measurement length, pattern and switch on
// automatic TPC setup execution.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SETup DHIB
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MODE?
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:PATTern UD
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:MLENgh 20
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:AEXecution ON
```

4.4.1.3 Configuring the Trigger System

```
// ****
// Set trigger source, timeout, trigger level, slope, delay
// and minimum trigger gap.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SOURce 'WCDMA Gen1: TPC Trigger'
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:TOUT 1
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:THreshold -30
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SLOPe FEDGE
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DELay 0
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MGAP 0.00002
```

4.4.1.4 Specifying Limits

```
// ****
// Configure limits for "Inner Loop Power Control" measurements:
// Enable the check of the maximum output power limits, apply user-defined
// limit values and define these values. Query the used limit values.
// Define a minimum output power limit and enable the limit check.
// Define power step and power step group limits and enable the limit check.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower ON, USER
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:UDEFined 27, 1.5, -3.5
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:ACTive?
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MINPower ON, -50
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSTep ON, 0.5, 0.5, 1.1
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSGRou ON, 1, 4.2, 2.2, 4.2
```

4.4.1.5 Configuring the GPRF Generator

Select the ARB waveform file compatible to the WCDMA TPC measurement. Especially the TPC settings must be compatible.

For a command description and programming examples, refer to the GPRF generator documentation.

4.4.1.6 Performing Measurements

```
// ****
// Switch on the GPRF generator, start the TPC measurement for primary
// uplink carrier and wait until command processing is complete.
// ****
SOURCE:GPRF:GEN:STATE ON
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CSELection C1
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC
*OPC?

// ****
// Query the traces obtained in the measurement.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

// ****
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:STATE?

// ****
// Query statistical results obtained in the measurement
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:STATistics?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:STATistics?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?

// ****
// Query limit check results obtained in the measurement
// ****
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:AVERage?
```

```
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:PSTeps:AVERage?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?
```

4.4.2 Measurements with Combined Signal Path Scenario

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA TPC measurement, using the combined signal path scenario. The WCDMA signaling application is used to send TPC commands to the UE. The main focus is on measurement mode "Max. Power E-DCH".

Many settings are controlled by the signaling application. These settings are configured via the commands of the signaling application. The related commands of the TPC measurement have no effect.

4.4.2.1 Specifying Basic Measurement Settings

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Define the error handling.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MOEXception ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:TOUT 1800

// ****
// Activate the combined signal path scenario and select instance 1 of the
// signaling application as master.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENario:CSPPath 'WCDMA Sig1'

// ****
// Use the commands of the signaling application to define the signal routing
// and to perform the RF and analyzer settings.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:BSFSelection MAN
...
// ****
// Use the wizard provided by the signaling application to configure a signal
// suitable for "Max. Power E-DCH" subtest 1.
// This action selects also the TPC setup.
```

```

// Query the measurement mode (must be MPED).
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:PSETtings:HUMP S1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:PSETtings HUMP
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MODE?

// ****
// Configure the "Max Power E-DCH" mode:
// Set the measurement length and enable auto execution.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MPEDch:MLENgth 30
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:MPEDch:AEXecution ON

// ****
// Set the measurement length for the "Change of TFC" mode.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CTFC:MLENgth 4

// ****
// Specify the uplink channel configuration, so that the expected power step
// size can be calculated for the "Change of TFC" mode.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:DPCCh ON,4,256
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:DPDCh ON,14,64
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:HSDPcch:CONFig ACK
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:HSDPcch ON,50,256
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:EDPCch1 ON,20,256
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:UEChannels:CARRier1:EDPDch2 ON,160,4

```

4.4.2.2 Configuring the Trigger System

```

// ****
// Select the UL compressed mode trigger for UL compressed mode and
// the change of TFC trigger for change of TFC mode. Use TPC trigger
// for all other modes.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SOURce 'WCDMA Sig1: UL Compressed Mode Trigger'
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SOURce 'WCDMA Sig1: Change of TFC Trigger'
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:SOURce 'WCDMA Sig1: TPC Trigger'

// ****
// A high trigger timeout is required for "Max. Power E-DCH" subtest 1 to 4.
// The UE power must be ramped up via algorithm 2, from the target power to the
// maximum power, before the measurement is triggered.
// The trigger source is selected automatically when the scenario is activated.
//
// Set a trigger timeout of 10 s.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:TOUT 10

```

4.4.2.3 Specifying Limits

```
// ****
// Configure UE power limits for "Max. Power E-DCH" measurements.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:MPEDch ON, 24, 1.7, -6.7

// ****
// Configure power step limit for "Change of TFC" measurements.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:CTFC 2.2, ON, 7

// ****
// Configure power step limit for "Power Control in UL CM" measurements,
// CM test type pattern A and B.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PA 5 1 5
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PB 3 2

// ****
// Set the limit for dual carrier HSPA in-band emission.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:LIMit:DHIB -22
```

4.4.2.4 Setting Up a Connection to the UE

```
// ****
// Connect the UE (switched off). Switch on the DL signal. Query the cell
// state until it equals ON,ADJ (DL signal available at RF connector).
// ****
SOURCE:WCDMA:SIGN:CELL:STATe ON
WHILE SOURce:WCDMA:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "ON,ADJ"

// ****
// Switch on the UE and wait until it is registered and attached.
// ****
WHILE FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:CSWitched:STATe? <> "REG"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:PSWitched:STATe? <> "ATT"

// ****
// Set up the test mode connection. For subtest 1 the wizard configures
// an RMC connection and an HSPA connection.
// Query the connection state until the connections have been established.
// ****
CALL:WCDMA:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion CONNECT
WHILE FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:CSWitched:STATe? <> "CEST"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMA:SIGN:PSWitched:STATe? <> "CEST"
```

4.4.2.5 Performing Measurements

```
// ****
// In dual uplink operation select the carrier to be measured.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CSELECTION C1

// ****
// Start the TPC measurement and wait until command processing is complete.
// The TPC setup is executed automatically.
// ****
INIT:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC
*OPC?

// ****
// Query the traces obtained in the measurement per carrier and
// over all carriers.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOTAl:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

// ****
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY"),
// the TPC state (should be "MAXP") and
// the E-TFCI information (should deliver two equal values).
// ****
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:STATE?
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN:UL:TPC:STATE?
CONFIGURE:WCDMA:SIGN:UL:TPC:MPEDch:STATE?

// ****
// Query statistical results obtained in the measurement per carrier and
// over all carriers.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER1:UEPower:STATistics?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:CARRIER2:UEPower:STATistics?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOTAl:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOTAl:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOTAl:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:TOTAl:UEPower:STATistics?
```

```
// ****
// Query limit check results obtained in the measurement
// ****
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:CARRier:UEPower:AVERage?
```

4.5 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA TPC measurement.

• Conventions and General Information	958
• General Measurement Settings	963
• TPC Measurement Commands	963
• Combined Signal Path Commands	993

4.5.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

4.5.1.1 MEAS<i>

MEAS<i> is used as abbreviation of "MEASurement<instance>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

4.5.1.2 CARRier<c>

CARRier<c> is used as abbreviation of "CARRier<carrier>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <carrier> is relevant for the multi-carrier configurations. It can be omitted for the single-carrier configuration.

4.5.1.3 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (INITiate..., measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK**: The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/enabled for this result.
 - **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The FETCh result is located above the limit.
 - **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The FETCh result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

4.5.1.4 Current and Statistical Results

The R&S CMW repeats measurements according to the selected statistic count and repetition mode. Consecutive measurement values are stored and used to calculate statistical results, e.g. average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

4.5.1.5 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
- "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
- "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
- "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query

- **Firmware/Software:**

Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

4.5.1.6 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCH...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**
Measurement values available, no error detected.
- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**
The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout. Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INValid` results or has not completed the full statistic count.
- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**
The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.
- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.
- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**
The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.
- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.
- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in combined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.
- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**

The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.

- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**
For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.
- **23 ("Missing Option"):**
The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.
- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**
The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.
- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**
The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.
Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.
- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**
The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.
- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**
One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.
- **30 ("File not Found"):**
The specified file could not be found.
- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**
The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.
- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**
The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.
- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**
The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.
- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**
The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.
- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**
The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.
- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**

The selected ARB file could not be found.

- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**

The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.

- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**

The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.

- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**

The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".

$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$

- **50 ("Startup Error"):**

The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.

- **51 ("No Reply"):**

The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.

- **52 ("Connection Error"):**

The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.

- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**

The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.

- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**

The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.

- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting")**

The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.

Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.

- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**

The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.

- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**

Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.

If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:

- Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings. To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
- If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".
- Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.

If you get firmware errors even with the properly installed latest software version, send a problem report including log files to Rohde & Schwarz.

- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**

Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".

- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**

Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.

A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.

If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).

- **104 ("Not Functional"):**

The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

4.5.2 General Measurement Settings

The commands valid for all WCDMA measurements are described here: [Chapter 3.5.2, "General Measurement Settings", on page 759](#)

4.5.3 TPC Measurement Commands

The commands for the WCDMA TPC measurement are divided into the groups listed below.

• Measurement Control and States	963
• UE Signal Info Settings	965
• Measurement Control Settings	967
• Trigger Settings	974
• Limits	976
• Results (Traces)	983
• Results (Single Values)	985

4.5.3.1 [Measurement Control and States](#)

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC	964
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC	964
ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC	964
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATe?	964
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATe:ALL?	965

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC**STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC****ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Meas. \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 938

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RUN | RDY

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Meas. \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 938

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Meas. \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 938

4.5.3.2 UE Signal Info Settings

The following commands define expected properties of the UE signal, specific for the TPC measurement. For additional common "UE Signal Info" commands, see [Chapter 3.5.2.3, "UE Signal Info"](#), on page 764.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CSELection.....	966
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SETup.....	966
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CMPPattern.....	967

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CSELection <Carrier>

Selects the uplink carrier to be measured.

This parameter is relevant only for the dual uplink carrier configuration.

Parameters:

<Carrier> C1 | C2

C1: primary uplink carrier

C2: secondary uplink carrier

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SETUp <SetType>

Selects the TPC setup (expected) to be executed during the measurement.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET](#).

Parameters:

<SetType> CLOop | ALTerating | ALL1 | ALL0 | SALT | SAL1 | SAL0 |
CONTinuous | TSE | TSF | PHUP | PHDown | TSABc | TSEF |
TSGH | MPEDch | ULCM | CTFC | DHIB
CLOop: "Closed Loop"
ALTerating: "Alternating"
ALL1: "All 1"
ALL0: "All 0"
SALT: "Single Pattern + Alternating"
SAL1: "Single Pattern + All 1"
SAL0: "Single Pattern + All 0"
CONTinuous: "Continuous Pattern"
TSE: "TPC Test Step E"
TSF: "TPC Test Step F"
PHUP: "Phase Discontinuity Up"
PHDown: "Phase Discontinuity Down"
TSABc: "TPC Test Step ABC"
TSEF: "TPC Test Step EF"
TSGH: "TPC Test Step GH"
MPEDch: "Max. Power E-DCH"
ULCM: "TPC Test Step UL CM"
CTFC: "Change of TFC"
DHIB: "DC HSPA In-Band Emission"
*RST: CLO

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
V3.0.30: added MPEDch and CTFC
V3.2.60: added ULCM
V3.2.80: added DHIB

Manual operation: See "[TPC Setup](#)" on page 939

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CMPattern <PatternType>

Selects the expected TPC pattern for UL compressed mode.

For the combined signal path scenario, use:

- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE](#)
- [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:ACTivation](#)

Parameters:

<PatternType> AR | AF | B

AR: pattern A (rising TPC) defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.6

AF: pattern A (falling TPC) defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.7

B: pattern B defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, table 5.7.8

*RST: AR

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Pattern Type](#)" on page 940

4.5.3.3 Measurement Control Settings

The following commands define measurement control parameters for the TPC measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT	968
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MOEXception	968
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MODE?	968
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MONitor:MLENgh	969
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:MLENgh?	969
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:AEXecution	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSEF	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSegment	971
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:MLENgh	971
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:AEXecution	971
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CTFC:MLENgh	972
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:MLENgh	972
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:AEXecution	972

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MLENgh.....	973
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:PATTern.....	973
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AEXecution.....	973

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a `READ` or `INIT` command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to `RDY`. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running `READ`, `FETCh` or `CALCulate` commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MOEXception <MeasOnException>

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected.

Parameters:

<MeasOnException> OFF | ON

OFF: Faulty results are rejected.

ON: Results are never rejected.

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "Measure on Exception" on page 942

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MODE?

Queries the active measurement mode resulting from the currently selected TPC setup.

Return values:

<MeasMode> MONitor | ILPControl | MPEDch | CTFC | ULCM | DHIB

MONitor: "Monitor"

ILPControl: "Inner Loop Power Control"

MPEDch: "Max. Power E-DCH"

CTFC: "Change of TFC"

ULCM: "UL Compressed Mode"

DHIB: "DC HSPA In-Band Emission"

*RST: MON

Example:

See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software:

V2.1.20

V3.0.30: added MPEDch and CTFC

V3.2.60: added ULCM

V3.2.80: added DHIB

Options:

R&S CMW-KM405 for DHIB

Manual operation:

See "[Mode](#)" on page 942

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MONitor:MLENgh <MeasLength>

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "Monitor" mode.

Parameters:

<MeasLength> Range: 1 slot to 341 slots
*RST: 240 slots
Default unit: slots

Example:

See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software:

V2.1.20

Manual operation:

See "[Monitor > Measurement Length](#)" on page 942

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:MLENgh?

Query the number of slots measured in "Inner Loop Power Control" mode. The value depends on the selected TPC setup and the test step settings.

It can only be determined while the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode is active. In other modes INV is returned.

Return values:

<MeasLength> Range: 101 slots to 341 slots
*RST: INV
Default unit: slots

Example:

See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Usage:

Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:AEXecution <Enable>

Enables or disables automatic execution of the TPC setup for combined signal path measurements in "Inner Loop Power Control" mode.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Auto Execute](#)" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSEF <Length>, <Statistics>

Configures the inner loop power control test steps E and F.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSEF](#).

Parameters:

<Length> Number of TPC bits per test step

Range: 100 to 170

*RST: 120

<Statistics> Number of slots at the end of test step E (F), where the minimum (maximum) output power results are measured.

Range: 1 slot to 20 slots

*RST: 20 slots

Default unit: slots

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[TPC Test Step Settings](#)" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH <Length>, <Statistics>

Configures the inner loop power control test steps G and H.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH](#).

Parameters:

<Length> Number of TPC bits per test step

Range: 60 to 170

*RST: 80

<Statistics> Number of slots at the end of test step G (H), where the minimum (maximum) output power results are measured.

Range: 1 slot to 20 slots

*RST: 20 slots

Default unit: slots

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "TPC Test Step Settings" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSSegment <Enable>

Enables or disables segmentation for test steps E, F, G and H.

For the combined signal path scenario, use [CONFFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PCONfig:TSSegment](#).

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "TPC Test Step Settings" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:MLENgh <MeasLength>

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "Max. Power E-DCH" mode.

Parameters:

<MeasLength> Range: 1 slot to 341 slots

*RST: 20 slots

Default unit: slots

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Manual operation: See "Measurement Length" on page 943

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:AEXecution <Enable>

Enables or disables automatic execution of the TPC setup for combined signal path measurements in "Max. Power E-DCH" mode.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: ON

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Manual operation: See "[TPC Auto Execute](#)" on page 944

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CTFC:MLENgh <NrSteps>

Specifies the number of power steps to be measured per step direction (n up steps + n down steps). A query returns the configured number of steps and the resulting measurement length.

Parameters:

<NrSteps>	Number of steps to be measured per direction
	Range: 1 to 5
	*RST: 5

Return values:

<MeasLength>	Number of slots to be measured
	Range: 1 slot to 301 slot
	*RST: 301 slots

Default unit: slot

Example: See [Specifying Basic Measurement Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Manual operation: See "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 944

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:MLENgh <MeasLength>

Query the number of slots measured in "UL Compressed Mode" mode. The value is fixed.

It can only be determined while the "UL Compressed Mode" mode is active.

Parameters:

<MeasLength>	Range: 60 slots
	*RST: 60 slots
	Default unit: slots

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 944

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:AEXecution <Enable>

Enables or disables automatic execution of the TPC setup for combined signal path measurements in "UL Compressed Mode" mode.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

Manual operation: See "[TPC Auto Execute](#)" on page 944

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MLENgh <MeasLength>

Defines the number of slots to be measured in "DC HSDPA In-Band Emission" mode.

Parameters:

<MeasLength> Range: 1 to 20
 *RST: 20
 Default unit: slots

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

Manual operation: See "[Measurement Length](#)" on page 945

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:PATTern <Pattern>

Specifies the pattern and in the same time the carrier to be tested. Select the pattern 00... for the tested carrier and 11... for the other carrier.

Parameters:

<Pattern> UD | DU
 UD: C1: 11... C2: 00...
 DU: C1: 00... C2: 11...
 *RST: UD

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

Manual operation: See "[Pattern](#)" on page 945

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AEXecution <Enable>

Enables or disables automatic execution of the TPC setup for combined signal path measurements in "In-band Emission" mode.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
 *RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

Manual operation: See "[TPC Auto Execute](#)" on page 945

4.5.3.4 Trigger Settings

The following commands define the trigger parameters.

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CATalog:SOURce?	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SOURce.....	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SLOPe.....	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:THreshold.....	975
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DELay.....	975
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT.....	976
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MGAP.....	976

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CATalog:SOURce?

Lists all trigger source values that can be set using `TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SOURce`.

Return values:

<TriggerList> Comma-separated list of all supported values. Each value is represented as a string.

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SOURce <Source>

Selects the source of the trigger events. Some values are always available in this firmware application. They are listed below. Depending on the installed options, additional values are available. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using `TRIGger:...:CATalog:SOURce?`.

Parameters:

<Source>
 'Free Run (Standard)': Free Run (standard synchronization)
'Free Run (Fast Sync)': Free Run (fast synchronization)
'IF Power': Power trigger (normal synchronization)
'IF Power (Sync)': Power trigger (extended synchronization)
 *RST: 'Free Run (Standard)'

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SLOPe <Slope>

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse (valid for external and power trigger sources).

Parameters:

<Slope> REDGe | FEDGE

REDGe: Rising edge

FEDGE: Falling edge

*RST: REDG

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Slope](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:THreshold <Threshold>

Defines the trigger threshold for power trigger sources.

Parameters:

<Threshold> Range: -47 dB to 0 dB

*RST: -26 dB

Default unit: dB (full scale, i.e. relative to reference level minus external attenuation)

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Threshold](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DELay <Delay>

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. The delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time yields a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: -666.7E-6 s to 0.24 s

*RST: 0 s

Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Delay](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT <TimeOut>

Selects the maximum time that the R&S CMW waits for a trigger event before it stops the measurement in remote control mode or indicates a trigger timeout in manual operation mode. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<TimeOut>	Range: 0.01 s to 10 s *RST: 2 s Default unit: s Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the timeout)
-----------	---

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

V3.0.10: OFF | ON added

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Time Out](#)" on page 946

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MGAP <MinimumGap>

Sets a minimum time during which the IF signal must be below the trigger threshold before the trigger is armed so that an IF power trigger event can be generated.

Parameters:

<MinimumGap>	Range: 0 s to 0.01 s *RST: 25E-6 s Default unit: s
--------------	--

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Minimum Trigger Gap](#)" on page 947

4.5.3.5 Limits

The following commands define limits for the individual measurement modes. For "Monitor" mode, there are no limits.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower.....	977
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:URPClass.....	977
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:ACTive?.....	977
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:UDEFined.....	978
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MINPower.....	979
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSTep.....	979
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSGRoup.....	980
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:MPEDch.....	980
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:CTFC.....	981
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PA.....	982
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PB.....	982
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:DHIB.....	983

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower <Enable>, <ActiveLimit>

Enables or disables the check of the maximum UE output power limits for the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode and selects the set of limit settings to be used.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<ActiveLimit>	USER PC1 PC2 PC3 PC3B PC4 To use the limits defined by 3GPP, select the power class of the UE (PC1 to PC4 = power class 1, 2, 3, 3bis, 4). To use the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report, see also CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:URPClass . For user-defined limit values, select USER and define the limits via CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:UDEFined . *RST: PC4

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:URPClass <Enable>

Enables or disables the use of the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report.

This command is only relevant for combined signal path "Inner Loop Power Control" measurements and only if the predefined limit sets are used.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON *RST: ON
----------	----------------------------

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:ACTive?

Queries the active limit values for the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode.

These limit values result either from the configured UE power class or from the reported UE power class or have been defined manually.

Return values:

<NominalMaxPower>	Nominal maximum output power of the UE Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm Default unit: dBm
<UpperLimit>	Tolerance value for too high maximum UE power Range: 0 dB to 5 dB Default unit: dB
<LowerLimit>	Tolerance value for too low maximum UE power Range: -5 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Specifying Limits
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20
Manual operation:	See " Limits " on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:UDEFined
<NominalMaxPower>, <UpperLimit>, <LowerLimit>

Sets the user-defined maximum output power limits for the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode. To activate the usage of this limit set, see [CONFFigure :WCDMa :MEAS<i> :TPC :LIMit :ILPControl :MAXPower](#).

Parameters:

<NominalMaxPower>	Nominal maximum output power of the UE Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm *RST: 21 dBm Default unit: dBm
<UpperLimit>	Tolerance value for too high maximum UE power Range: 0 dB to 5 dB *RST: 2.7 dB Default unit: dB
<LowerLimit>	Tolerance value for too low maximum UE power Range: -5 dB to 0 dB *RST: -2.7 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Specifying Limits
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20
Manual operation:	See " Limits " on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MINPower <Enable>, <UpperLimit>

Defines an "Inner Loop Power Control" limit: upper limit for the minimum UE output power. Also enables or disables the limit check.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<UpperLimit>	Range: -70 dBm to 34 dBm *RST: -49 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See ["Limits"](#) on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSTep <Enable>, <Step0dB>, <Step1dB>, <Step2dB>

Defines "Inner Loop Power Control" limits: upper limits for the absolute value of the power step error, depending on the expected step size. Also enables or disables the limit check.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<Step0dB>	Limit for steps with expected step size 0 dB Range: 0 dB to 5 dB *RST: 0.6 dB Default unit: dB
<Step1dB>	Limit for steps with expected step size ± 1 dB Range: 0 dB to 5 dB *RST: 0.6 dB Default unit: dB
<Step2dB>	Limit for steps with expected step size ± 2 dB Range: 0 dB to 5 dB *RST: 1.15 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See ["Limits"](#) on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSGRoup <Enable>, <Group10x0dB>, <Group10x1dBAlg2>, <Group10x1dB>, <Group10x2dB>

Defines "Inner Loop Power Control" limits: upper limits for the absolute value of the power step group error, depending on the expected step size. Also enables or disables the limit check.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<Group10x0dB>	Limit for groups with expected step size 10 x 0 dB (algorithm 2) Range: 0 dB to 9 dB *RST: 1.1 dB Default unit: dB
<Group10x1dBAlg2>	Limit for groups with expected step size 10 x ±1 dB + 40 x 0 dB (algorithm 2) Range: 0 dB to 9 dB *RST: 4.3 dB Default unit: dB
<Group10x1dB>	Limit for groups with expected step size 10 x ±1 dB (algorithm 1) Range: 0 dB to 9 dB *RST: 2.3 dB Default unit: dB
<Group10x2dB>	Limit for groups with expected step size 10 x ±2 dB (algorithm 1) Range: 0 dB to 9 dB *RST: 4.3 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:MPEDch <Enable>, <NomMaxPower>, <UpperLimit>, <LowerLimit>

Configures UE power limits for the measurement mode "Max. Power E-DCH".

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
----------	--

<NomMaxPower>	Nominal maximum UE power Range: -47 dBm to 34 dBm *RST: 24 dBm Default unit: dBm
<UpperLimit>	Upper limit = nominal power + this value Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 1.7 dB Default unit: dB
<LowerLimit>	Lower limit = nominal power + this value Range: -10 dB to 0 dB *RST: -6.7 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:CTFC <PowerStepLimit>, <CalcBetaFactors>[, <PowerStepSize>]

Configures a power step limit for the measurement mode "Change of TFC".

Parameters:

<PowerStepLimit>	Symmetrical tolerance value for the power step size Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 2.3 dB Default unit: dB
<CalcBetaFactors>	OFF ON Enables or disables the automatic calculation of the expected power step size from the configured beta factors *RST: ON
<PowerStepSize>	Expected power step size applicable if the automatic calculation from beta factors is disabled Range: 0 dB to 24 dB *RST: 7 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.30

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PA <InitialPwrStep>, <PowerStep>, <PowerStepGroup>

Configures a power step limit for the measurement mode "UL Compressed Mode", CM pattern A.

Parameters:

<InitialPwrStep>	Symmetrical tolerance value for UE TX power in the first slot after the gap Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 4.3 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the limit)
<PowerStep>	Symmetrical tolerance value for UE TX power in a recovery period Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 1.7 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the limit)
<PowerStepGroup>	Symmetrical tolerance value for the aggregate UE TX power in the recovery period comprising the 7 rising or falling power steps after each gap Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 5.3 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the limit)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See ["Limits"](#) on page 947

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PB <InitialPwrStep>, <PowerStep>

Configures a power step limit for the measurement mode "UL Compressed Mode", CM pattern B.

Parameters:

<InitialPwrStep>	Symmetrical tolerance value for the UE TX power in the first slot after the gap Range: 0 dB to 10 dB *RST: 3.2 dB Default unit: dB Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the limit)
------------------	---

<PowerStep> Symmetrical tolerance value for the UE TX power in the nonCM - CM and CM - nonCM power step

Range: 0 dB to 10 dB

*RST: 2.3 dB

Default unit: dB

Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the limit)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.60

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:DHIB <MinPower>

Defines a "DC HSPA In-Band Emission" limit: upper limit for the ratio of the UE output power in one carrier to the UE output power in the other carrier.

Parameters:

<MinPower> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -23.2 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 947

4.5.3.6 Results (Traces)

The following commands return the results displayed in the diagrams at the GUI.

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	983
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	983
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	983
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	984
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	984
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	984
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	984
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	984

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

Return the values of the UE power vs slot trace per carrier.

You can query the number of measured slots using the

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:...:MLENgh? command of the used measurement mode.

The values described below are returned by `FETCh` and `READ` commands. `CALCulate` commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Prefix:

`<c>` 1..2

Return values:

`<Reliability>` Reliability Indicator

`<UEpower>` N power results, one per measured slot

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

V3.2.60: added `CALCulate` command

V3.2.70: command renamed (`CARRier<c>` added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

Return the values of the UE power vs slot trace over all carriers.

You can query the number of measured slots using the

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS:TPC:...:MLENgh?` command of the used measurement mode.

Return values:

`<Reliability>` Reliability Indicator

`<UEpower>` N power results, one per measured slot

Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm

Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

Return the values of the power steps trace per carrier.

Each power step is calculated as the difference between the UE power of a slot and the UE power of the preceding slot. For the first measured slot, a 0 is returned.

You can query the number of measured slots using the `CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS:TPC:...:MLENgth?` command of the used measurement mode.

The values described below are returned by `FETCh` and `READ` commands. `CALCulate` commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Suffix:

`<c>` 1..2
Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<code><Reliability></code>	Reliability Indicator
<code><PowerSteps></code>	N power step results, one per measured slot Power step result number m indicates the difference between the UE power results number m and number m-1. The first power step result equals NCAP. Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20
V3.2.60: added `CALCulate` command
V3.2.70: command renamed (`CARRier<c>` added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

4.5.3.7 Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the statistical results displayed in tables at the GUI.

<code>CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?</code>	986
<code>CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?</code>	986
<code>CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?</code>	986
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?</code>	986
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?</code>	986
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?</code>	986
<code>READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?</code>	986
<code>READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?</code>	986
<code>READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?</code>	986
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum?</code>	987
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MINimum?</code>	987
<code>FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:AVERage?</code>	987
<code>READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum?</code>	987
<code>READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MINimum?</code>	987

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:AVERage?	987
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?	988
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CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?	988
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:STATistics?	991
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:STATistics?	991
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics?	991
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics?	991
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?	992
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?	992
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics?	992
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics?	992

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?

Return the UE power and minimum/maximum output power single value results per carrier. The minimum, maximum and average values of these results can be retrieved.

The command returns all parameters listed below, independent of the selected TPC setup. However, only for some of the parameters measured values are available. For the other parameters, only an indicator is returned (e.g. NAV).

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCULATE commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEPower>	UE power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<MaxOutputPower>	Maximum output power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<MinOutputPower>	Minimum output power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)**Usage:** Query only**Firmware/Software:** V2.1.20V3.0.20: added `CALCulate` commandsV3.2.70: command renamed (`CARRIER<c>` added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:AVERage?
```

Return the UE power and maximum output power single value results over all carriers. The minimum, maximum and average values of these results can be retrieved.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEPower>	UE power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<MaxOutputPower>	Maximum output power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)**Usage:** Query only**Firmware/Software:** V3.2.70

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimumc?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?

Return the dual carrier in-band emission results. The minimum, maximum and average results can be retrieved.

The values described below are returned by **FETCh** and **READ** commands. **CALCulate** commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
----------------------------	------------------------------

<CarrierChPower>	Level of the uplink carrier, where the UE transmits at the maximal output power Range: -100 dBm to 40 dBm Default unit: dBm
-------------------------------	---

<InbandEmission>	Relative level of the other uplink carrier transmitting at minimal output power Range: -99 dB to 99 dB Default unit: dB
-------------------------------	---

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?

Return the power step and power step group single value results per carrier. The minimum, maximum and average results can be retrieved.

The command returns all parameters listed below, independent of the selected TPC setup. However, only for some of the parameters measured values are available. For the other parameters, only an indicator is returned (e.g. NAV).

"Step A" to "step H" refer to the test steps of the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode (result <2_Step0dB_ABC> to <14_StartFH>).

The values described below are returned by `FETCH` and `READ` commands. `CALCulate` commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<c>	1..2 Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_Step0dB_ABC>	Power step, expected 0 dB, test steps A, B, C Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<3_Step1dB_B>	Power step, expected +1 dB, test step B Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<4_StepM1dB_C>	Power step, expected -1 dB, test step C Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<5_Group0dB_A>	Power step group, expected 0 dB, test step A Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<6_Group10dB_B>	Power step group, expected +10 dB, test step B Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<7_GroupM10dB_C>	Power step group, expected -10 dB, test step C Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<8_Start0dB_A>	First slot of the group where the result <5_Group0dB_A> has been measured Range: 1 to 51
<9_StepEG>	Power step, expected -1 dB in step E / -2 dB in step G Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<10_StepFH>	Power step, expected +1 dB in step F / +2 dB in step H Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB

<11_GroupEG>	Power step group, expected -10 dB in step E / -20 dB in step G Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<12_GroupFH>	Power step group, expected +10 dB in step F / +20 dB in step H Range: -50 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<13_StartEG>	First slot of the group where the result <11_GroupEG> has been measured Range: 1 to 161
<14_StartFH>	First slot of the group where the result <12_GroupFH> has been measured Range: 1 to 161
<15_StepsUp>	Power steps up result of "Change of TFC" mode Range: -25 dB to 25 dB Default unit: dB
<16_StepsDown>	Power steps down result of "Change of TFC" mode Range: -25 dB to 25 dB Default unit: dB
<17_InitStep>	Initial power step P_0 result of "UL Compressed Mode"
<18_RSteps>	Recovery power steps result of "UL Compressed Mode" - pattern A.
<19_RGroup>	Recovery power steps group (P_1 to P_7) result of "UL Compressed Mode" - pattern A.
<20_StepnCMCM>	NonCM-CM power steps result of "UL Compressed Mode" - pattern B.
<21_StepCMnCM>	CM-nonCM power steps result of "UL Compressed Mode" - pattern B.
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20 V3.0.20: added <code>CALCulate</code> commands V3.0.30: added results <15_StepsUp> and <16_StepsDown> V3.2.60: added results <17_InitStep>, <18_RSteps>, <19_RGroup>, <20_StepnCMCM>, and <21_StepCMnCM> V3.2.70: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:STATistics?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:STATistics?

Return the "Statistics" values, indicating how many trace values have been considered to derive the results. The results are the maximum, minimum and average values of the maximum output power and the minimum output power per carrier.

The command returns all parameters listed below, independent of the selected TPC setup. Depending on the TPC setup, either a result value or an indicator is returned (e.g. NAV).

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<MaxOutputPower> Number of trace values for maximum output power
Range: 0 to 341

<MinOutputPower> Number of trace values for minimum output power
Range: 0 to 341

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V2.1.20

V3.2.70: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics?

Return the "Statistics" values, indicating how many trace values have been considered to derive the maximum, minimum and average values of the maximum output power over all carriers.

Return values:

<Reliability> Reliability Indicator

<MaxOutputPower> Number of trace values for maximum output power over all carriers
Range: 0 to 341

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.70

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?

Return the "Statistics" values, indicating how many trace values have been considered to derive the maximum, minimum and average dual carrier in-band emission results.

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Statistics> Range: 0 to 1000

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.2.80

Options: R&S CMW-KM405

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics?**READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics?**

Return the "Statistics" values per carrier, indicating how many trace values have been considered to derive the maximum, minimum and average power step and power step group results.

The command returns all parameters listed below, independent of the selected TPC setup. However, only for some of the parameters result values are available. For the other parameters, only an indicator is returned (e.g. NAV).

"Step A" to "step H" refer to the test steps of the "Inner Loop Power Control" mode (result <2_Step0dB_ABC> to <9_GroupFH>).

The number to the left of each result parameter is provided for easy identification of the parameter position within the result array.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Return values:

<1_Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<2_Step0dB_ABC> Power step, expected 0 dB, test steps A, B, C
Range: 140 (fixed value)

<3_Step1dB_B> Power step, expected +1 dB, test step B
Range: 10 (fixed value)

<4_StepM1dB_C> Power step, expected -1 dB, test step C
Range: 10 (fixed value)

<5_Group0dB_A>	Power step group, expected 0 dB, test step A Range: 51 (fixed value)
<6_StepEG>	Power step, expected -1 dB in step E / -2 dB in step G Range: 0 to 170
<7_StepFH>	Power step, expected +1 dB in step F / +2 dB in step H Range: 0 to 170
<8_GroupEG>	Power step group, expected -10 dB in step E / -20 dB in step G Range: 0 to 161
<9_GroupFH>	Power step group, expected +10 dB in step F / +20 dB in step H Range: 0 to 161
<10_PwrStepsUp>	Power steps up result of "Change of TFC" mode Range: 0 to 5
<11_PwrStepsDown>	Power steps down result of "Change of TFC" mode Range: 0 to 5
<12_RPwrSteps>	Recovery power steps result of "UL Comperssed Mode" - pattern A
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V2.1.20 V3.0.30: added results <10_PwrStepsUp> and <11_PwrSteps-Down> V3.2.60: added results <12_RPwrSteps> and <11_PwrSteps-Down> V3.2.70: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

4.5.4 Combined Signal Path Commands

For some settings, the command to be used depends on the active scenario. While the combined signal path (CSP) scenario is active, these settings are configured via commands of the signaling application. While the standalone (SA) scenario is active, they are configured via measurement commands.

The following table provides the mapping for TPC measurement commands. For general measurement settings, see [Mapping for general measurement settings](#).

Table 4-8: Mapping for TPC measurement commands

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
TPC setup	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SETup</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:SET</code>
CM pattern selection	not relevant	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:PATTERn</code>

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
CM pattern	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CMPattern</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:TYPE</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CMODE:ULCM:ACTivation</code>
TPC alg. / step size	not relevant	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPC:MODE</code>
RMC DL resource in use	not relevant	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CONNnection:TMODe:RMC:DRATE</code>
TPC test step E to H settings	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSEF</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSsegment</code>	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSEF</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSGH</code> <code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:TPCSet:PConfig:TSsegment</code>
Use reported UE power class	-	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:URPClass</code>

4.6 List of Commands

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CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?.....	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?.....	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURrent?.....	984
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURrent?.....	983
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:AVERage?.....	986
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?.....	986
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MINimum?.....	986
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AVERage?.....	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MAXimum?.....	988
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?.....	988
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CSELection.....	966
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CTFC:MLENghth.....	972
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:AEXecution.....	973
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MLENghth.....	973
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:PATTERn.....	973
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:AEXecution.....	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:MLENghth?.....	969
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSEF.....	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSGH.....	970
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ILPControl:TSsegment.....	971
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:CTFC.....	981
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:DHIB.....	983
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower.....	977
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MAXPower:ACTive?.....	977
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CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:MINPower.....	979
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CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ILPControl:PSTep.....	979
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:MPEDch.....	980
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PA.....	982
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:LIMit:ULCM:PB.....	982
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MODE?.....	968
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MOEXception.....	968
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CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:AEXecution.....	971
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MPEDch:MLENgh.....	971
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SETup.....	966
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT.....	968
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:AEXecution.....	972
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:ULCM:MLENgh.....	972
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:UESignal:CMPattern.....	967
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:AVERage?.....	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MAXimum?.....	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:MINimum?.....	988
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:PSTeps:STATistics?.....	992
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:PSTeps:CURREnt?.....	984
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURREnt?.....	983
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FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:UEPower:MAXimum?.....	986
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READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CARRier<c>:TRACe:UEPower:CURREnt?.....	983
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READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:MINimum?	988
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DHIB:STATistics?	992
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	984
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:AVERage?	987
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MAXimum?	987
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:MINimum?	987
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOTal:UEPower:STATistics?	991
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC	964
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:CATalog:SOURce?	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:DELay	975
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:MGAP	976
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SLOPe	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:SOURce	974
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:THRehold	975
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:TPC:TOUT	976

5 WCDMA PRACH Measurement

The "WCDMA PRACH Measurement" provides quick and flexible tests on random access preambles. The tests cover the following UE transmitter properties:

- Modulation accuracy (EVM, magnitude error, phase error, frequency error)
- Preamble power (ON power), transmit OFF power and power steps between the preambles
- I/Q constellation diagram

The PRACH measurement requires option R&S CMW-KM400.

5.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA PRACH Measurement" firmware application. Compared to version 3.2.80, there are only editorial changes.

5.2 General Description

The WCDMA PRACH measurement captures an uplink (UL) WCDMA PRACH signal and provides TX measurement results for up to five subsequent random access preambles. The OFF power before and after an additional preamble can also be measured.

The following sections describe how to perform and configure the measurement.

● Test Setup	997
● How to Perform a Measurement	998
● Defining the Scope of the Measurement	998
● Parallel Signaling and Measurement	999
● Trigger Modes	1000
● Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements	1000
● Measurement Results	1003

5.2.1 Test Setup

Connect the external RF signal source (mobile station, signal generator etc.) to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

5.2.2 How to Perform a Measurement

The measurement expects a WCDMA PRACH UL signal. Any other signals, e.g. a WCDMA UL signal without preambles (established connection) does not yield measurement results.

After preparing the physical test setup, you have to adjust at least the following analyzer settings to the properties of the analyzed PRACH signal:

- Analyzer "Frequency"
- "Expected Nominal Power", "User Margin" (optional) and "External Attenuation (Input)"
Recommended values: "Expected Nominal Power" = peak power of the first preamble; "User Margin" = 0 dB. The smallest possible value of the "Expected Nominal Power" plus the "User Margin" ensures maximum dynamic range.
For combined signal path scenario, let the signaling application calculate the expected nominal power from the UL power control settings (expected nominal power mode = "According to UL Power Control Settings"). Do not use the manual mode.
- "UE Signal Info" setting "DL Scrambling Code"
Configure this parameter for a standalone measurement. For the combined signal path scenario, it is set automatically.
- Power step limit setting "Preamble Power Steps"
For a standalone measurement, configure the power step size expected for consecutive preambles. The value is used to calculate the expected nominal power of the second preamble and of subsequent preambles.
For the combined signal path scenario, the value is set automatically.

The default trigger settings are usually appropriate, see [Chapter 5.2.5, "Trigger Modes"](#), on page 1000.

Start the measurement before switching on the UE. It ensures that the measurement starts with the first preamble of the preamble cycle.

5.2.3 Defining the Scope of the Measurement

The WCDMA PRACH measurement analyzes up to five preambles of a random access preamble cycle, starting with the first preamble of the cycle. Also it measures the transmit OFF power.

Depending on the type of measurement result, there are three different measurement scopes, listed and illustrated below:

- Most results are available per preamble, for the first N preambles of the preamble cycle.
The maximum value of N equals 5. So the results can be provided for up to 5 preambles, labeled ""Measured preambles" in the figure.
N is configured via parameter "[No of Measured Preambles](#)" on page 1012
- For one preselected preamble, the "... vs. Chip" diagrams and an I/Q constellation diagram provide more detailed results.

This preamble can be freely selected within the range of measured preambles. It must be selected before the measurement is started.

The preselected preamble is configured via parameter "[Preselected Preamble](#)" on page 1013.

- The transmit OFF power is measured before and after the preamble following the "Measured preambles". This preamble is labeled "Subsequent preamble" in the figure. Only the power before and after the preamble is measured. The preamble itself is not evaluated.

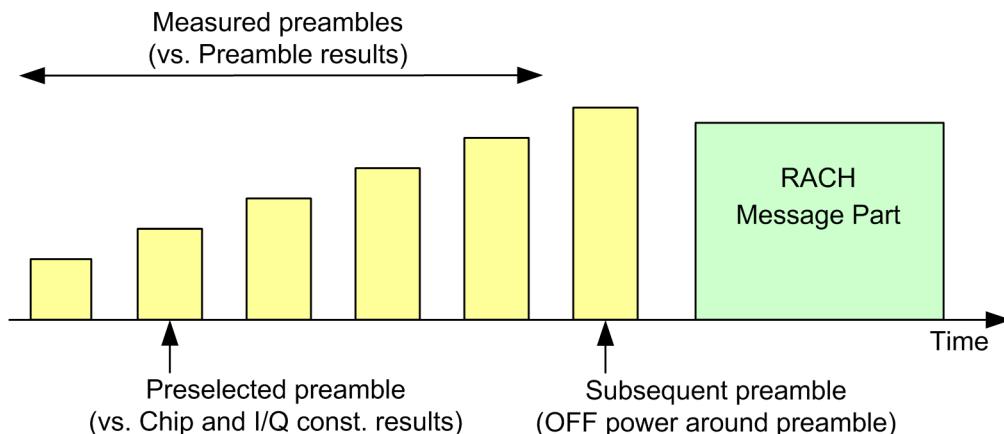


Figure 5-1: Measured preambles, preselected preamble and OFF power preamble

5.2.4 Parallel Signaling and Measurement

The PRACH measurement can be used in parallel to the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS400). The signaling application emulates a UTRAN cell signal so that the UE tries to attach and sends random access preambles. These preambles can then be measured using the PRACH measurement.

To use both applications in parallel, the combined signal path scenario must be activated (see "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722). The signal routing and analyzer settings, the UE signal info settings and some measurement control settings are then configured by the signaling application. The PRACH measurement displays the corresponding signaling settings instead of its own settings. These signaling settings can be configured both in the measurement GUI and in the GUI of the signaling application. To configure the signaling settings via remote commands, the commands of the signaling application have to be used. For a command mapping table, see [Chapter 5.5.4, "Combined Signal Path Commands"](#), on page 1051.

Additional signaling parameters, e.g. the PRACH settings, can be accessed in the measurement GUI via hotkeys, see [Chapter 5.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys"](#), on page 1017.

Whenever the combined signal path scenario is activated or the controlling application is changed, the PRACH trigger signal provided by the controlling signaling application is selected automatically as trigger source.

You can configure the signaling application so that it does not answer the received preambles (enhanced AICH settings, "Acknowledge = Negative") and the UE performs several preamble cycles. However, this setting is not recommended, as the measurement is designed to measure one preamble cycle only. Correct triggering on the first preamble of a cycle can only be ensured for the first preamble cycle.

5.2.5 Trigger Modes

The WCDMA PRACH measurement requires a trigger event for the first preamble to be measured. It can be performed in the following trigger modes:

- "IF Power" (default mode for standalone scenario): With an internal IF power trigger, the measurement is triggered by the power ramp of the first received preamble.
- "WCDMA Sig<n>: PRACH Trigger" (default mode for combined signal path scenario): Trigger signal provided by the WCDMA signaling application, suitable for combined signal path measurements.
- "External Trigger A/B": External trigger signal fed in via TRIG A or TRIG B on the rear panel of the instrument (availability depends on instrument model).
The trigger signal must be slot aligned to the CPICH and the trigger event must occur within 18 slots after the rising edge of the preamble.

Initiate the measurement before starting a preamble cycle, not during a preamble cycle. It ensures that the measurement starts with the first preamble of the cycle. By default a large trigger timeout value is configured so that you can initiate the measurement before switching on the UE.

For configuration, see [Chapter 5.3.2.4, "Trigger Settings"](#), on page 1013.

5.2.6 Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements

Conformance requirements for WCDMA transmitter tests are specified in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5, "Transmitter Characteristics".

The following sections give an overview of the WCDMA PRACH limit settings and the related test requirements.

- | | |
|---|------|
| • Transmit Modulation Limits | 1000 |
| • Maximum Output Power Limits | 1001 |
| • Open Loop Power Limits | 1002 |
| • Off Power Limit | 1002 |
| • Power Step Limits | 1003 |

5.2.6.1 [Transmit Modulation Limits](#)

The WCDMA PRACH measurement provides a subset of the modulation limits available in the multi evaluation measurement.

Limit		Peak	RMS	
Modulation				
Magnitude Error	<input type="checkbox"/>	50.0 %	<input type="checkbox"/>	17.5 %
EVM	<input type="checkbox"/>	50.0 %	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	17.5 %
Phase Error	<input type="checkbox"/>	45.0 °	<input type="checkbox"/>	10.0 °
IQ Origin Offset	<input type="checkbox"/>	-25.0 dB		
IQ Imbalance	<input type="checkbox"/>	-15.0 dB		
Carrier Frequency Error	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	200 Hz		

Figure 5-2: Modulation limit settings

For background information refer to [Chapter 3.2.5.1, "Transmit Modulation Limits"](#), on page 693.

5.2.6.2 Maximum Output Power Limits

WCDMA equipment is divided into several power classes. For each power class 3GPP defines the maximum output power of the UE transmitter and an upper and lower tolerance value. Example: According to the test requirements, the maximum output power of a class 1 UE must be between 33 dBm - 3.7 dB and 33 dBm + 1.7 dB.

The nominal maximum power and tolerance values can be comfortably configured in the limits section by selecting the power class of the UE. The resulting settings are displayed in column "Active Limits". If you want to use different values, select "User Defined" for "Active Limit Select" and adjust the values in column "User Defined".

If the combined signal path scenario is active, an additional parameter "Use Reported", is displayed. If this parameter is enabled, the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report is used. The manually configured value is used if the parameter is disabled or no value has been reported.

Maximum Output Power	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Active Limit Select	Power Class 4
Limit Settings	
Nominal Maximum Power	21.0 dBm
Upper Limit	2.7 dB
Lower Limit	-2.7 dB

Figure 5-3: Maximum output power limits

The test requirements for the individual UE power classes are defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.2 "Maximum Output Power" and listed in the following table.

The measured power of all preambles must not exceed the "Nominal Maximum Power" + "Upper Limit".

The "Lower Limit" is relevant for power steps, see [Chapter 5.2.6.5, "Power Step Limits"](#), on page 1003.

UE Power Class	Nominal Maximum Power	Tolerances (Upper and Lower Limit)
Class 1	33 dBm	+1.7 dB, -3.7 dB
Class 2	27 dBm	
Class 3	24 dBm	
Class 3bis	23 dBm	+2.7 dB, -2.7 dB
Class 4	21 dBm	

5.2.6.3 Open Loop Power Limits

The UE shall calculate the output power for the first transmitted preamble from system information received via the BCCH and from the received signal power level of the CPICH.

According to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.1 "Open Loop Power Control in the Uplink", the tolerance for the power of the first preamble is ± 10 dB under normal conditions and ± 13 dB under extreme conditions.

You can define the expected power of the first (initial) preamble and a symmetrical tolerance value in the configuration dialog.

When the combined signal path scenario is active, the initial preamble power parameter is controlled by the signaling application.



Figure 5-4: Open loop power limit

5.2.6.4 Off Power Limit

The UE power measured when the UE transmitter is off is called "OFF power". According to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.5.1 "Transmit OFF Power", the measured value must be below -55 dBm. The same limit is defined in section 5.5.2 "Transmit ON/OFF Time Mask".

You can set a corresponding upper limit in the configuration dialog. It is applied to the OFF power measured before and after the last preamble received by the R&S CMW.



Figure 5-5: Off power limit

5.2.6.5 Power Step Limits

During a random access procedure the UE is expected to transmit RACH preambles at increasing power until the Node B sends an ACK on the AICH or until the maximum number of preambles within one cycle is exceeded.

In the configuration dialog you can specify the expected step size and a symmetrical tolerance value. The limit applies to all preamble steps. Exception: If the preamble power exceeds the nominal maximum power plus the lower limit (see [Chapter 5.2.6.2, "Maximum Output Power Limits", on page 1001](#)), no limit check is applied to the related steps.

When the combined signal path scenario is active, the expected step size parameter ("Preamble Power Steps") is controlled by the signaling application.

The expected step size "Preamble Power Steps" is also used to calculate the expected preamble power and to adapt the expected nominal power internally during the preamble cycle.

Please note that 3GPP TS 34.121 specifies no test requirement for the accuracy of the preamble power step size. But the minimum requirements section 5.5.2 "Transmit ON/OFF Time Mask" contains a reference to 3GPP TS 25.101, section 6.5.2.1 and a table of power step size tolerances.



Figure 5-6: Power step limits

5.2.7 Measurement Results

The results of the WCDMA PRACH measurement are displayed in several different views. Use the "Display" parameters to select the views and to change the appearance and contents of the views. The views are described in the following sections.

- [Overview](#)..... 1003
- [Detailed Views: Modulation](#)..... 1004
- [Detailed Views: I/Q Constellation Diagram](#)..... 1005
- [Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps](#)..... 1006
- [Detailed Views: TX Measurement](#)..... 1007
- [Selecting and Modifying Views](#)..... 1008
- [Using Markers](#)..... 1009

5.2.7.1 Overview

In the overview a selection of the following results can be displayed:

- Error Vector Magnitude (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Magnitude Error (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Phase Error (vs preamble and vs chip)

- I/Q Constellation Diagram
- Frequency Error
- UE Power (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Power Steps
- Most important results of detailed view "TX Measurement"

See also: "TX Measurements" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

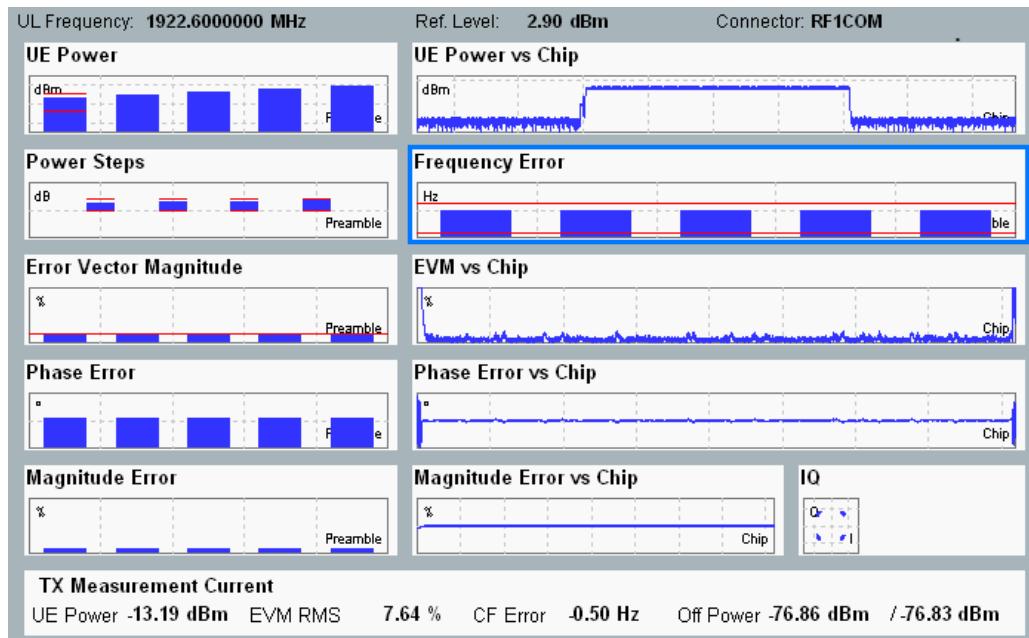


Figure 5-7: WCDMA PRACH: Overview

The results to be measured and displayed in the overview can be limited using the hotkey "Assign Views", see "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012.

You can enlarge one of the diagrams in the overview and show a detailed view with additional measurement results, see [Chapter 5.2.7.6, "Selecting and Modifying Views"](#), on page 1008.

The traces and bar graphs are described in the "Detailed Views" sections.

5.2.7.2 Detailed Views: Modulation

This section applies to the following detailed views:

- Error Vector Magnitude (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Magnitude Error (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Phase Error (vs preamble and vs chip)
- Frequency Error (vs preamble)

Each of the detailed views shows a bar graph or diagram and a table of results per preamble.

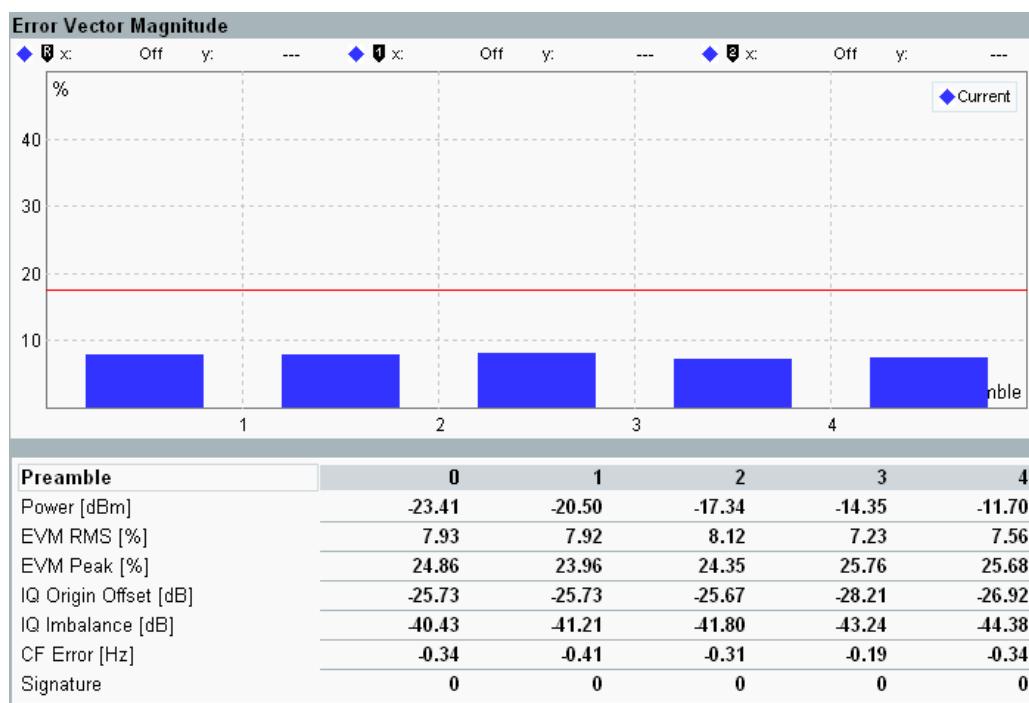


Figure 5-8: WCDMA PRACH: EVM

- Error Vector Magnitude, Magnitude Error, Phase Error and Frequency Error
The bar graphs cover up to 5 preambles and display one result per preamble, calculated as the average of the measured quantity of all samples in the preamble, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and end of the preamble.
- Error Vector Magnitude vs Chip, Magnitude Error vs Chip, and Phase Error vs Chip
The diagrams cover all 4096 chips of the "Preselected Preamble" and contain one measurement result per chip.

5.2.7.3 Detailed Views: I/Q Constellation Diagram

The constellation diagram shows the modulation symbols of the preselected preamble in the I/Q plane.

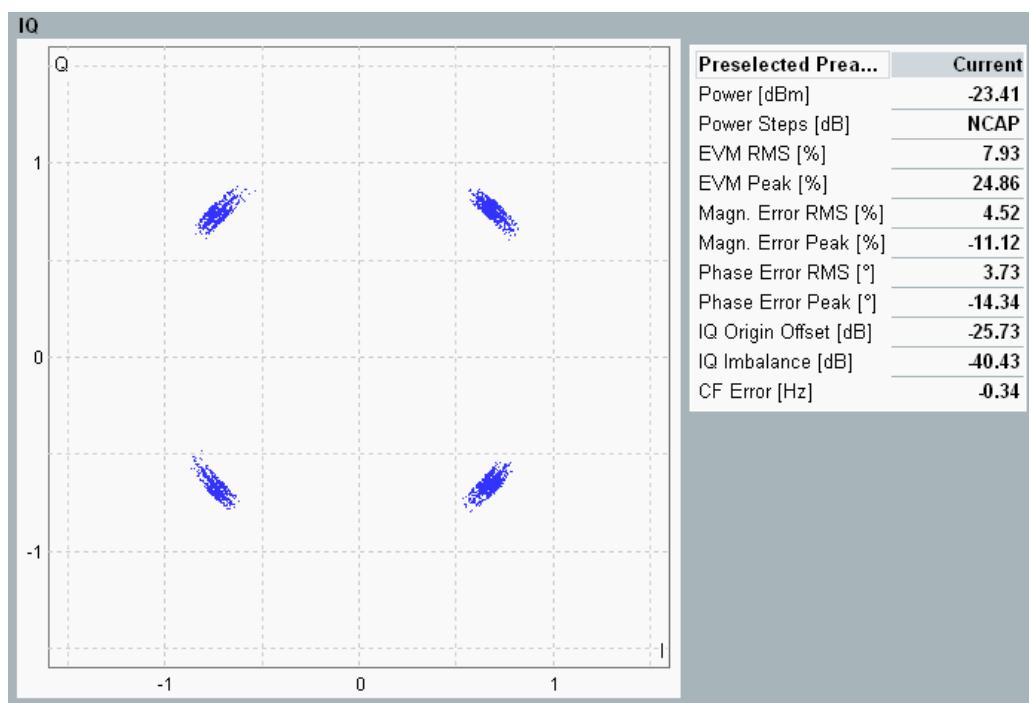


Figure 5-9: WCDMA PRACH: I/Q constellation diagram

All samples in the preamble are evaluated, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and end of the preamble. Thus 3904 points are displayed.

PRACH preambles are QPSK modulated, so that the points are grouped in four spots, ideally located on a circle around the origin, with relative phase angles of 90 deg.

See also: "I/Q Constellation Diagram" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

5.2.7.4 Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps

Each of the detailed views shows a bar graph or diagram and a table of results per preamble.

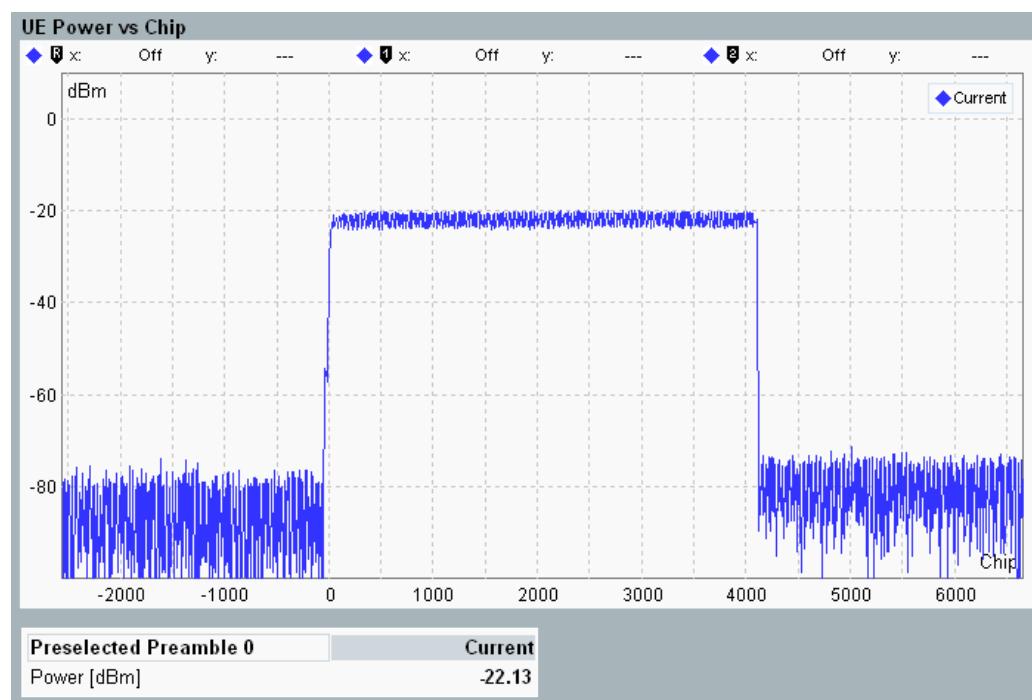


Figure 5-10: WCDMA PRACH: UE Power vs Chip

- **UE Power**
The bar graph covers up to 5 preambles and displays the mean power of each preamble, calculated as the average of the power of all samples in the preamble, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and end of the preamble.
- **UE Power vs Chip**
The diagram covers all 4096 chips of the "Preselected Preamble", labeled 0 to 4095. Additionally the diagram shows the power for 2560 chips before and after the last evaluated preamble. These results are labeled -2560 to -1 and 4096 to 6655.
- **Power Steps**
For each preamble the bar graph displays the UE power difference to the previous preamble. For the first preamble there is no power step result.

5.2.7.5 Detailed Views: TX Measurement

This view provides an overview of all results presented in the tables of the other detailed views.

TX Measurement					
Preamble	0	1	2	3	4
Power [dBm]	-13.19	-10.60	-7.49	-4.37	-0.41
Power Steps [dB]	NCAP	2.60	3.11	3.12	3.96
EVM RMS [%]	7.64	7.70	7.87	7.65	7.91
EVM Peak [%]	22.59	24.73	24.70	25.87	33.80
Magnitude Error RMS [%]	4.11	4.13	4.06	4.09	3.86
Magnitude Error Peak [%]	-11.37	-11.14	-12.01	-11.91	-11.45
Phase Error RMS [°]	3.69	3.72	3.86	3.70	3.95
Phase Error Peak [°]	-12.90	-14.20	-13.66	-14.35	-19.36
IQ Origin Offset [dB]	-26.80	-26.93	-27.44	-27.81	-27.08
IQ Imbalance [dB]	-43.96	-44.50	-46.06	-46.72	-41.50
CF Error [Hz]	-0.50	-0.12	-0.33	-0.36	-0.32
Signature	0	0	0	0	0
Preamble	Before		After		
Off Power [dBm]	-76.86		-76.83		

Figure 5-11: WCDMA PRACH: Overview of table results

Available results:

- Power: Mean preamble power
- Power Steps: Difference between the mean power of the preamble and the mean power of the previous preamble. For the first preamble there is no previous preamble, so NCAP is always displayed.
- EVM, Magnitude Error, Phase Error
The RMS / Peak values are calculated as the average / peak of the measured quantity of all samples in the preamble, excluding a 25 µs guard period at the beginning and end of the preamble.
- I/Q Origin Offset, I/Q Imbalance and Carrier Frequency Error.
- Signature: detected preamble signature (0 to 15)
- Off Power: Transmit OFF power measured before and after the last evaluated preamble, see also [Chapter 5.2.3, "Defining the Scope of the Measurement"](#), on page 998.
The OFF power is calculated as the average power within one slot before and after the preamble, excluding a 25 µs guard period next to the preamble. In the UE power vs. chip diagram these ranges are labeled -2560 to -97 and 4192 to 6655.

See also: "TX Measurements" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 5.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 1017.

5.2.7.6 Selecting and Modifying Views

Use the "Display" parameters to select the views and to change the appearance and contents of the views. Depending on the selected view the following "Display" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Select View ..."	Switch to a certain detailed view or overview. Alternatively select a diagram in the overview and press ENTER or the rotary knob.
"X Scale... / Y Scale... / Scale IQ"	Modify the ranges of the X-axis and the Y-axis. For the Y-axis both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.

Additional options are available in the "Measurement Control" section of the configuration dialog, e.g. change the preselected preamble or the number of measured preambles.

5.2.7.7 Using Markers

Use the "Marker" parameters to activate markers and to modify their position. The following "Marker" hotkeys are available at the bottom of the GUI:

Hotkey	Description
"Ref. Marker ..."	Enable or disable the reference marker and set the marker position.
"Marker 1/2 ..."	Enable or disable marker 1 or 2 and define the marker position (absolute or relative to the reference marker).

See also: "Markers" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

5.3 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the graphical user interface (GUI) and the parameters of the WCDMA PRACH measurement.

- [Measurement Control](#).....1009
- [Parameters and Settings](#).....1010
- [Measurement Results](#).....1017

5.3.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



PRACH (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATE?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATE:ALL?
```

5.3.2 Parameters and Settings

The most important settings of the WCDMA PRACH measurement are displayed in the measurement dialog.

UL Frequency: 1922.600000 MHz	Ref. Level: 0.00 dBm	Connector: RF1COM
--------------------------------------	-----------------------------	--------------------------

All settings are defined via softkeys and hotkeys or using the "WCDMA PRACH Configuration" dialog. The configuration dialog is described in the following sections. To open the dialog, select the "PRACH Measurement" tab and press the "Config" hotkey.

5.3.2.1 Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings

The following parameters configure the RF input path. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. PRACH measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

Signal routing and analyzer settings for PRACH measurements are configurable for one carrier only.

For parameter descriptions refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.1, "Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings"](#), on page 721.

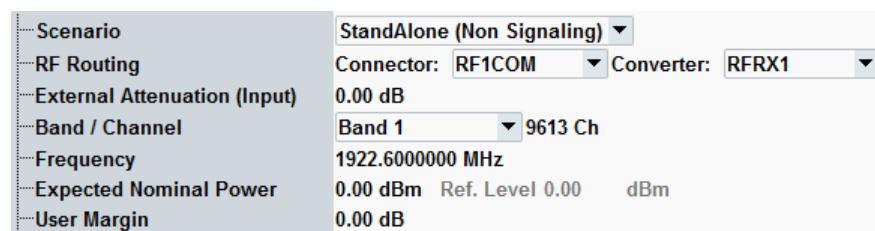


Figure 5-12: Signal routing and analyzer settings

5.3.2.2 UE Signal Info

The "UE Signal Info" parameters describe properties of the measured uplink signal that the R&S CMW needs for synchronization and decoding. The parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. a parameter has the same value in all WCDMA measurements for which it is relevant.

While the combined signal path scenario is active, these parameters are controlled by the signaling application.



Figure 5-13: UE signal info settings (combined signal path)

DL Scrambling Code

Index i for calculation of the downlink primary scrambling code number by multiplication with 16.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCoDe (SA)
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCoDe (CSP)
```

Preamble Signature

For description, see "[Preamble Signature](#)" on page 202

This parameter is available in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SIGNature (CSP)
```

5.3.2.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameters configure the scope of the WCDMA PRACH measurement.

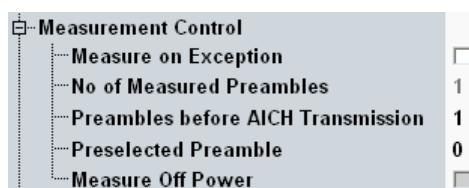


Figure 5-14: WCDMA PRACH: measurement control settings (combined signal path)

Assign Views (Hotkey).....	1012
Measure on Exception.....	1012
No of Measured Preambles	1012
Preambles before AICH Transmission.....	1012
Preselected Preamble.....	1013
Measure Off Power.....	1013

Assign Views (Hotkey)

The hotkey "Assign Views" selects the view types to be displayed in the overview. The R&S CMW does not evaluate the results for disabled views. Therefore, limiting the number of assigned views can speed up the measurement. Press the softkey PRACH to activate the hotkey.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt[:ALL]
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:UEPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PSTeps
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:FERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:EVMagnitude
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:MERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:UEPower
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:IQ
```

Measure on Exception

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected. A faulty result occurs e.g. when an overload is detected. In remote control, the cause of the error is indicated by the "reliability indicator".

- **Off:** Faulty results are rejected. The measurement is continued; the statistical counters are not reset. Use this mode to ensure that a single faulty result does not affect the entire measurement.
- **On:** Results are never rejected. Use this mode e.g. for development purposes, if you want to analyze the reason for occasional wrong transmissions.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MOEXception
```

No of Measured Preambles

Defines the number of preambles to be measured.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble (SA)
```

Automatic configuration - depends on the value of [Preambles before AICH Transmission](#) (CSP)

Preambles before AICH Transmission

The number of preambles to be received before AICH transmission is a signaling parameter added to the measurement dialog for fast access.

For description, see "[Preambles before AICH Transmission](#)" on page 202.

The parameter "Preambles before AICH Transmission" influences the other parameters as follows:

- If it is set to 1, exactly one preamble is measured; the off power is not measured:

- "No of Measured Preambles" = 1, "Measure Off Power" = off
- If it is set to a value from the interval [2, 6], all but the last preamble are measured; the last preamble is used to determine the off power:
"No of Measured Preambles" = "Preambles before AICH Transmission" - 1, "Measure Off Power" = on
 - If it is set to a value greater 6, first five preambles are measured; the off power is not measured:
"No of Measured Preambles" = 5, "Measure Off Power" = off

This parameter is available in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:AICH` (CSP)

Preselected Preamble

Selects one preamble within the range of measured preambles. This preamble is used to determine all single preamble results, i.e. the "... vs. Chip" results and the I/Q diagram.

The single preamble results are only available for the preselected preamble. To derive the results for another preamble, modify the parameter and repeat the measurement.

In the standalone (SA) scenario, this parameter is controlled by the measurement. In the combined signal path (CSP) scenario, it is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PPreamble` (SA)

Fixed value 0 (CSP)

Measure Off Power

Selects whether the off power is measured (before and after the last preamble) or not.

While the combined signal path scenario is active, this parameter is set automatically. If at least two preambles are available, it is enabled, else disabled. The number of available preambles is determined by the signaling parameter "Preambles before AICH Transmission".

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower`

5.3.2.4 Trigger Settings

The "Trigger" parameters configure the trigger system for the WCDMA PRACH measurement.



Figure 5-15: Trigger settings

Trigger Source.....	1014
Trigger Slope.....	1014
Trigger Threshold.....	1015
Trigger Delay.....	1015
Trigger Time Out.....	1015
Minimum Trigger Gap.....	1015

Trigger Source

Selects the source of the trigger event. Some of the trigger sources require additional options.

- **"IF Power (Sync)":**

The measurement is triggered by the power of the received signal, converted into an IF signal. The trigger event coincides with the rising or falling edge of the detected WCDMA power step. The R&S CMW tries to synchronize to the signal during a full slot after the trigger event.

- **"WCDMA Sig<n> PRACH Trigger":**

PRACH trigger signal provided by WCDMA signaling application instance <n>. This selection is suitable for combined signal path measurements (or for standalone measurements if the signaling application uses another RF path than the measurement).

- **"...External...":**

External trigger signal fed in via TRIG A or TRIG B on the rear panel of the instrument (availability depends on instrument model).

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SOURce  
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:CATalog:SOURce?
```

Trigger Slope

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse. This setting is relevant for "IF Power (Sync)" and external trigger signals (TRIG A or TRIG B - availability depends on instrument model). For "IF Power (Sync)", select "Rising Edge".

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SLOPe
```

Trigger Threshold

Defines the input signal power where the trigger condition is satisfied and a trigger event is generated. The trigger threshold is valid for power trigger sources. It is a dB value, relative to the reference level minus the external attenuation ("<Ref. Level> – <External Attenuation (Input)> – <Frequency Dependent External Attenuation>"). If the reference level equals the maximum output power of the DUT and the external attenuation settings are correct, the trigger threshold is relative to the maximum input power.

A low threshold can be required to ensure that the R&S CMW can always detect the input signal. A higher threshold can prevent unintended trigger events.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:THreshold
```

Trigger Delay

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:DELAY
```

Trigger Time Out

Sets a time after which an initiated measurement must have received a trigger event. If no trigger event is received, a trigger timeout is indicated in manual operation mode. In remote control mode, the measurement is automatically stopped. The parameter can be disabled so that no timeout occurs.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT
```

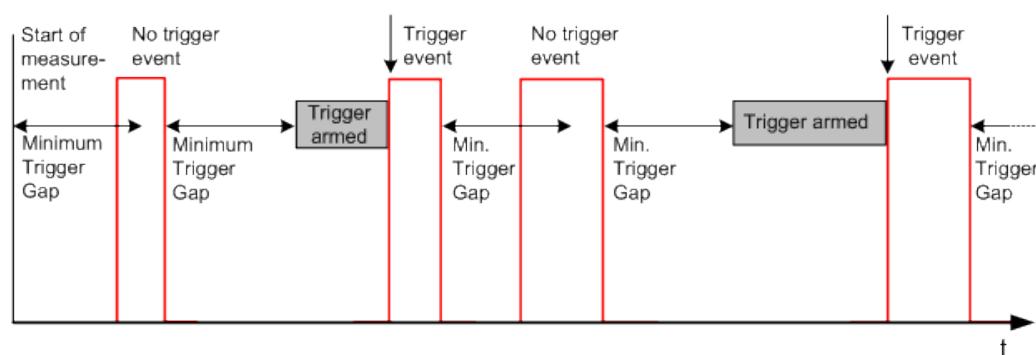
Minimum Trigger Gap

Defines a minimum duration of the power-down periods (gaps) between two triggered power pulses. This setting is valid for an "IF Power" trigger source.

The trigger system is controlled by a timer which is reset to zero in the following instances:

- At the IF power-down ramp of each triggered or untriggered pulse, even if the previous counter has not yet elapsed. A power-down ramp is detected when the signal power falls below the trigger threshold.
- At the beginning of each measurement. The minimum gap defines the minimum time between the start of the measurement and the first trigger event.

The trigger system is rearmed when the timer has reached the specified minimum gap.



This parameter can be used to prevent unwanted trigger events due to fast power variations.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MGAP
```

5.3.2.5 Limit Settings

The "Limits" section defines limits for the modulation and power results.

For details, see [Chapter 5.2.6, "Limit Settings and Conformance Requirements", on page 1000](#).



Figure 5-16: Limit settings

Limits

The limits can be configured via the remote commands described in the following sections:

- [Chapter 5.5.3.5, "Limits \(Modulation\)", on page 1038](#)
- [Chapter 5.5.3.6, "Limits \(Power Control\)", on page 1041](#)

Some examples are listed below.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:EVMagnitude  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:MAXPower  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:OLPower  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:OFFPower  
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:PSTep
```

5.3.2.6 Generator Shortcut

This parameter enables starting the GPRF generator and using GPRF-related hotkeys and softkeys from the measurement GUI. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.6, "Generator Shortcut", on page 739](#).

5.3.2.7 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

For description, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement ([Chapter 3.3.2.7, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 739](#)).

5.3.2.8 Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys

The WCDMA PRACH measurement provides some softkey/hotkey combinations which have no equivalent in the configuration dialog. Most of these hotkeys provide display configurations (like diagram scaling). They are self-explanatory and usually do not have any remote-control commands assigned.

The remaining softkeys and hotkeys are displayed only while the combined signal path scenario is active and are provided by the "WCDMA Signaling" application selected as master application. For the description refer to [Chapter 3.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys", on page 739](#).

5.3.3 Measurement Results

The results of the WCDMA PRACH measurement are displayed in several different views.

For detailed description see [Chapter 5.2.7, "Measurement Results", on page 1003](#).

The PRACH measurement provides an overview dialog and a detailed view for each diagram in the overview. The overview dialog shows the modulation and power results as traces or bar graphs. A selection of single value results is also shown.

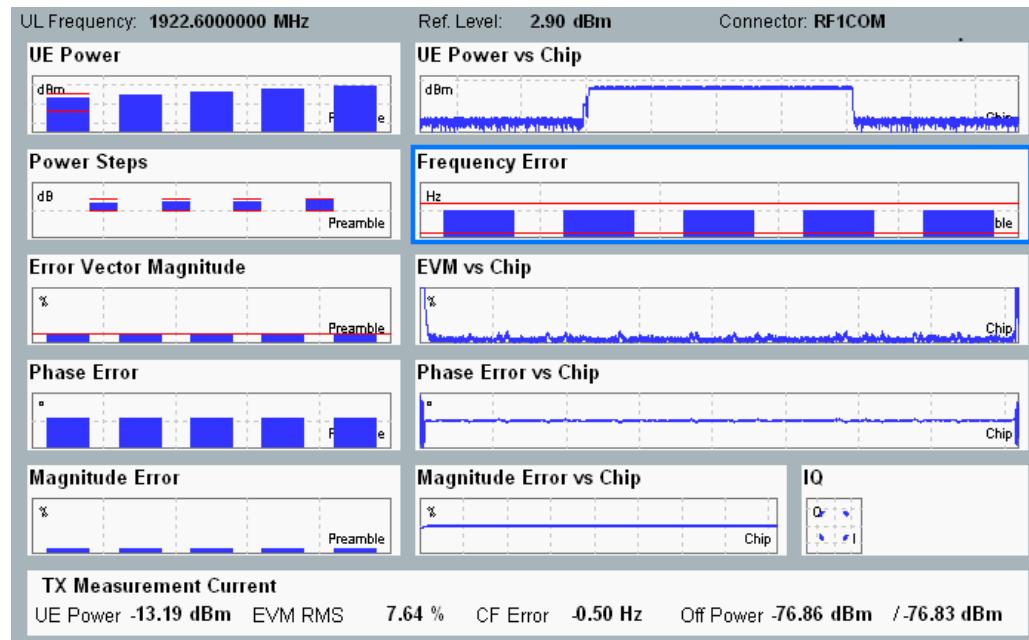


Figure 5-17: WCDMA PRACH: Overview

Traces and Bar Graphs

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

`FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:UEPower:CURREnt? etc.`

`FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURREnt? etc.`

```

FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:IQ:CURRent? etc.

```

Single Values

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```

FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent? etc.
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower? etc.

```

5.4 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA PRACH measurement, using the standalone scenario.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

● Key Features.....	1018
● Specifying General and Common Measurement Settings.....	1019
● Configuring Required Signal Settings.....	1019
● Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings.....	1019
● Configuring the Trigger System.....	1020
● Specifying Limits.....	1020
● Performing Measurements.....	1020

5.4.1 Key Features

The WCDMA PRACH measurement is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMA:MEAS:PRACH...
- Use general commands of the type ...WCDMA:MEAS... (no :PRACH mnemonic) to define the signal routing and perform RF and analyzer settings.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMA:MEAS:PRACh...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMA:MEAS:PRACh and retrieve the results using FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS:PRACh...?.

- For synchronization and proper decoding, some UE signal settings must be in accordance with the measured signal; see [Chapter 5.4.3, "Configuring Required Signal Settings", on page 1019](#).

5.4.2 Specifying General and Common Measurement Settings

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Define signal routing, perform RF and analyzer settings for a WCDMA uplink
// signal with a carrier frequency of 1963 MHz and a peak power of 24 dBm.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENario:SALone RF1C, RX1
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:EATTenuation 2
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:ENPower 24
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:UMARgin 0
Configure:WCDMA:MEAS:RFSettings:FREQuency 1963E+6
```

5.4.3 Configuring Required Signal Settings

```
// ****
// Specify required UE signal settings: DL scrambling code
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:CELL:CARRIER1:SCODE #H1A
```

5.4.4 Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings

```
// ****
// Define the error handling.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:MOEXception ON
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TOUT 1800

// ****
// Configure number of measured preambles and preselected preamble.
// Enable measurement of off power.
// ****
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:MPreamble 5
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PPreamble 1
Configure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:OFFPower ON
```

5.4.5 Configuring the Trigger System

```
// ****
// Set trigger source, timeout, trigger level, slope, delay
// and minimum trigger gap.
// ****
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:SOURce 'IF Power (Sync)'
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TOUT 15
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:THreshold -30
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:SLOPe REDGe
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:DELay 0
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:MGAP 0.00002
```

5.4.6 Specifying Limits

```
// ****
// Define all modulation limits
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:MERRor 20, OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:EVMagnitude 20, 40
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PERRor 20, OFF
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:IQOFFset -20
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:IQIMbalance ON
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:CFERror 150

// ****
// Enable the check of the maximum output power limits, apply user-defined
// limit values and define these values. Query the used limit values.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:MAXPower ON, USER
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:MAXPower:UDEFined 27, 1.5, -3.5
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:MAXPower:ACTive?

// ****
// Define open loop power limits, OFF power limit and power step limits.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:OLPower ON, -20, 9
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:OFFPower -56
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:LIMit:PCONTrol:PSTep ON, 2, 1.5
```

5.4.7 Performing Measurements

```
// ****
// Enable all measurements and start the measurement.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:RESULT:ALL ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON,ON
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH
```

```

// ****
// Query all trace results.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:RMS:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:RMS:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:RMS:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

// ****
// Query all single value results.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:OFFPower?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PREamble1:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PREamble2:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PREamble3:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PREamble4:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACH:PREamble5:CURRent?

// ****
// Query limit check results.
// ****
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:OFFPower?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:PREamble1:CURRent?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:PREamble2:CURRent?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:PREamble3:CURRent?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:PREamble4:CURRent?
CALCULATE:WCDMa:MEAS:PRACh:PREamble5:CURRent?

```

5.5 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA PRACH measurement.

- [Conventions and General Information](#)..... 1022
- [General Measurement Settings](#)..... 1026
- [PRACH Measurement Commands](#)..... 1026
- [Combined Signal Path Commands](#)..... 1051

5.5.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

5.5.1.1 MEAS<i>

MEAS<i> is used as abbreviation of "MEASurement<instance>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

5.5.1.2 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (INITiate..., measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK**: The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/enabled for this result.
 - **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The FETCh result is located above the limit.
 - **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The FETCh result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

5.5.1.3 Current and Statistical Results

The R&S CMW repeats measurements according to the selected statistic count and repetition mode. Consecutive measurement values are stored and used to calculate statistical results, e.g. average, minimum, maximum and standard deviation.

See also: "Statistical Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"

5.5.1.4 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
- "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
- "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
- "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query

- **Firmware/Software:**

Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

5.5.1.5 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCH...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**

Measurement values available, no error detected.

- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**

The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout. Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INVALID` results or has not completed the full statistic count.

- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**

The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.

- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**

The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.

- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**

The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.

- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**

The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.

- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in combined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.
- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**
The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.
- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**
For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.
- **23 ("Missing Option"):**
The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.
- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**
The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.
- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**
The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.
Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.
- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**
The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.
- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**
One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.

- **30 ("File not Found"):**
The specified file could not be found.
- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**
The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.
- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**
The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.
- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**
The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.
- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**
The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.
- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**
The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.
- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**
The selected ARB file could not be found.
- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**
The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.
- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**
The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.
- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**
The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".
$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$
- **50 ("Startup Error"):**
The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **51 ("No Reply"):**
The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.
- **52 ("Connection Error"):**
The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.
- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**
The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.
- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**
The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting")**
The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.
Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.
- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.
- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**

Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.

If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:

- Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings. To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
- If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".
- Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.

If you get firmware errors even with the properly installed latest software version, send a problem report including log files to Rohde & Schwarz.

- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**
Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".
- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**
Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.
A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.
If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).
- **104 ("Not Functional"):**
The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

5.5.2 General Measurement Settings

The commands valid for all WCDMA measurements are described here: [Chapter 3.5.2, "General Measurement Settings", on page 759](#)

5.5.3 PRACH Measurement Commands

The commands for the WCDMA PRACH measurement are divided into the groups listed below.

● Measurement Control and States	1027
● Enabling Results and Views	1029
● Signal and Measurement Control Parameters	1034
● Trigger Settings	1036
● Limits (Modulation)	1038
● Limits (Power Control)	1041
● Results (Traces)	1044
● Results (Single Values)	1049

5.5.3.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH.....	1027
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH.....	1027
ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH.....	1027
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATe?.....	1027
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATe:ALL?.....	1028

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH**STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH****ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[PRACH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1010

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State>	OFF RUN RDY
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results may be available
*RST:	OFF
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20
Manual operation:	See " PRACH (Softkey) " on page 1010

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results may be available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<RessourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[PRACH \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1010

5.5.3.2 Enabling Results and Views

The following commands select the evaluated results and the displayed views.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt[:ALL].....	1029
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:UEPower.....	1030
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PSTeps.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:FERRor.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:EVMagnitude.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:MERRor.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PERRor.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:UEPower.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor.....	1033
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor.....	1033
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:IQ.....	1033

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt[:ALL] <EnableUEpower>, <EnablePowSteps>, <EnableFreqError>, <EnableEVM>, <EnableMagError>, <EnablePhaseErr>, <EnableUEPchip>, <EnableEVMchip>, <EnableMERRchip>, <EnablePhErrChip>, <EnableIQ>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the views in the PRACH measurement. This command combines all other

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt... commands.

Parameters:

<EnableUEpower>	OFF ON
	UE Power
	OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view
	ON: Evaluate results and show the view
	*RST: ON
<EnablePowSteps>	OFF ON
	Power Steps
	*RST: ON
<EnableFreqError>	OFF ON
	Frequency Error
	*RST: ON
<EnableEVM>	OFF ON
	Error Vector Magnitude
	*RST: ON

<EnableMagError>	OFF ON Magnitude Error *RST: ON
<EnablePhaseErr>	OFF ON Phase Error *RST: ON
<EnableUEPchip>	OFF ON UE Power vs. Chip *RST: ON
<EnableEVMchip>	OFF ON EVM vs. Chip *RST: ON
<EnableMErrChip>	OFF ON Magnitude Error vs. Chip *RST: ON
<EnablePhErrChip>	OFF ON Phase Error vs. Chip *RST: ON
<EnableIQ>	OFF ON I/Q Constellation Diagram *RST: ON

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:UEPower <EnableUEpower>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the UE Power view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableUEpower> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PSTeps <EnablePowSteps>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Power Steps view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePowSteps> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:FERRor <EnableFreqError>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Frequency Error view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableFreqError> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:EVMagnitude <EnableEVM>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Error Vector Magnitude view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableEVM> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:MERRor <EnableMagError>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Magnitude Error view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableMagError> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PERRor <EnablePhaseErr>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Phase Error view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePhaseErr> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:UEPower <EnableUEPChip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the UE Power vs. Chip view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableUEPChip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM <EnableEVMchip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the EVM vs. Chip view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableEVMchip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor <EnableMErrChip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Magnitude Error vs. Chip view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableMErrChip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:PERRor <EnablePhErrChip>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the Phase Error vs. Chip view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnablePhErrChip> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:IQ <EnableIQ>

Enables or disables the evaluation of results and shows or hides the I/Q constellation diagram view in the PRACH measurement.

Parameters:

<EnableIQ> OFF | ON

OFF: Do not evaluate results, hide the view

ON: Evaluate results and show the view

*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Assign Views \(Hotkey\)](#)" on page 1012

5.5.3.3 Signal and Measurement Control Parameters

The following commands define signal and measurement control parameters for the PRACH measurement.

<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE</code>	1034
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT</code>	1034
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MOException</code>	1035
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble</code>	1035
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PPreamble</code>	1035
<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower</code>	1036

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE <Code>`

Specifies index i for calculation of the primary downlink scrambling code number by multiplication with 16.

For the combined signal path scenario, use `CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE`.

Suffix:

<c> 1..2

Selects the carrier to be queried - only relevant for dual carrier HSUPA

Parameters:

<Code> Range: #H0 to #H1FF
*RST: #H0

Example: See [Configuring Required Signal Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

V3.2.60: command renamed (CARRier<c> added)

Options: R&S CMW-KM405 for dual carrier HSUPA

Manual operation: See "DL Scrambling Code" on page 1011

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT <Timeout>`

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a READ or INIT command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to RDY. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running READ, FETCh or CALCulate commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MOEXception <MeasOnException>

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected.

Parameters:

<MeasOnException> OFF | ON

OFF: Faulty results are rejected.

ON: Results are never rejected.

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Measure on Exception" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble <Preambles>

Specifies the number of preambles to be measured.

Parameters:

<Preambles> Range: 1 to 5

*RST: 5

Example: See [Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "No of Measured Preambles" on page 1012

CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PPreamble <Preamble>

Selects the preamble used to determine the single preamble results, i.e. the "... vs Chip" results and the I/Q diagram. The number of the preselected preamble must be smaller than the number of measured preambles ([CONFFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble](#)).

Parameters:

<Preamble> Range: 0 to 4

*RST: 0

Example: See [Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Preselected Preamble" on page 1013

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower <Enable>

Enables or disables the measurement of the off power before and after the last preamble.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON *RST: ON
----------	---------------------------

Example: See [Configuring PRACH Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Measure Off Power" on page 1013

5.5.3.4 Trigger Settings

The following commands define the trigger parameters.

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:CATalog:SOURce?	1036
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SOURce.....	1036
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SLOPe.....	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:THReshod.....	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:DELay.....	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT.....	1038
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MGAP.....	1038

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:CATalog:SOURce?

Lists all trigger source values that can be set using `TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SOURce`.

Return values:

<TriggerList> Comma separated list of all supported values. Each value is represented as a string.

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Trigger Source" on page 1014

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SOURce <Source>

Selects the source of the trigger events. Some values are always available in this firmware application. They are listed below. Depending on the installed options, additional values are available. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using `TRIGger:...:CATalog:SOURce?`.

Parameters:

<Source>	'IF Power (Sync)': Power trigger (extended synchronization) *RST: 'IF Power (Sync)'
----------	---

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 1014

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:SLOPe <Slope>

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse (valid for external and power trigger sources).

Parameters:

<Slope> REDGe | FEDGE

REDGe: Rising edge

FEDGE: Falling edge

*RST: REDG

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Slope](#)" on page 1014

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:THreshold <Level>

Defines the trigger threshold for power trigger sources.

Parameters:

<Level> Range: -47 dB to 0 dB

*RST: -26 dB

Default unit: dB (full scale, i.e. relative to reference level minus external attenuation)

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Threshold](#)" on page 1015

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:DELay <Delay>

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: -666.7E-6 s to 0.24 s

*RST: 0 s

Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Delay](#)" on page 1015

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT <TimeOut>

Selects the maximum time that the R&S CMW will wait for a trigger event before it stops the measurement in remote control mode or indicates a trigger timeout in manual operation mode.

Parameters:

<TimeOut>	Range: 0.01 s to 60 s *RST: 20 s Default unit: s Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the timeout)
-----------	--

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Trigger Time Out" on page 1015

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MGAP <MinimumGap>

Sets a minimum time during which the IF signal must be below the trigger threshold before the trigger is armed so that an IF power trigger event can be generated.

Parameters:

<MinimumGap>	Range: 0 s to 0.01 s *RST: 25E-6 s Default unit: s
--------------	--

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "Minimum Trigger Gap" on page 1015

5.5.3.5 Limits (Modulation)

The following commands define limits for results which characterize the modulation accuracy.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:MERRor.....	1038
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:EVMagnitude.....	1039
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PERRor.....	1039
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:IQOFFset.....	1040
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:IQIMbalance.....	1040
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:CFERror.....	1040

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:MERRor <RMS>, <Peak>

Defines upper limits for the RMS and peak values of the magnitude error.

Parameters:

<RMS>	Range: 0 % to 99 % *RST: 17.5 %, OFF Default unit: % Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)
<Peak>	Range: 0 % to 99 % *RST: 50 %, OFF Default unit: % Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.0.20**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:EVMagnitude <RMS>, <Peak>**

Defines upper limits for the RMS and peak values of the error vector magnitude (EVM).

Parameters:

<RMS>	Range: 0 % to 99 % *RST: 17.5 %, ON Default unit: % Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)
<Peak>	Range: 0 % to 99 % *RST: 50 %, OFF Default unit: % Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.0.20**Manual operation:** See "[Limits](#)" on page 1016**CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:PERRor <RMS>, <Peak>**

Defines symmetric limits for the RMS and peak values of the phase error. The limit check fails the UE if the absolute value of the measured phase error exceeds the specified values.

Parameters:

<RMS>	Range: 0 deg to 45 deg *RST: 10 deg, OFF Default unit: deg Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)
-------	--

<Peak> Range: 0 deg to 45 deg
*RST: 45 deg, OFF
Default unit: deg
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the limit check | enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:IQOFFset <IQoffset>

Defines an upper limit for the I/Q origin offset.

Parameters:

<IQoffset> Range: -80 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -25 dB, OFF
Default unit: dB
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the limit check | enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:IQIMbalance <IQimbalance>

Defines an upper limit for the I/Q imbalance.

Parameters:

<IQimbalance> Range: -99 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -15 dB, OFF
Default unit: dB
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the limit check | enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:CFERror <FrequencyError>

Defines an upper limit for the carrier frequency error.

Parameters:

<FrequencyError> Range: 0 Hz to 4000 Hz
*RST: 200 Hz
Default unit: Hz
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables the limit check | enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

5.5.3.6 Limits (Power Control)

The following commands define limits for preamble power, OFF power and preamble power step results.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower.....	1041
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:URPClass.....	1041
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:ACTive?.....	1042
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:UDEFined.....	1042
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:OLPower.....	1043
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:OFFPower.....	1043
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:PSTep.....	1043

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower <Enable>, <ActiveLimit>

Enables or disables the check of the maximum output power limits and selects the set of limit settings to be used.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Disables enables the limit check
*RST:	ON
<ActiveLimit>	USER PC1 PC2 PC3 PC3B PC4
	To use the limits defined by 3GPP, select the power class of the UE (PC1 to PC4 = power class 1, 2, 3, 3bis, 4). To use the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report, see also CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:URPClass .
	For user-defined limit values, select USER and define the limits via CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:UDEFined .
	*RST: PC4

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 1016

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:URPClass <Enable>

Enables or disables the usage of the UE power class value reported by the UE in the capability report.

This is only relevant if the combined signal path scenario is active and not relevant if user-defined limits are used instead of the predefined limit sets.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON
*RST: ON

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:ACTive?

Queries the active maximum output power limit values.

These limit values result either from the configured UE power class or from the reported UE power class or have been defined by the user.

Return values:

<NominalMaxPower> Nominal maximum output power of the UE

Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm
Default unit: dBm

<UpperLimit> Tolerance value for too high maximum UE power

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB
Default unit: dB

<LowerLimit> Tolerance value for too low maximum UE power

Range: -5 dB to 0 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:UDEFined

<NominalMaxPower>, <UpperLimit>, <LowerLimit>

Sets the user-defined maximum output power limits. To activate the usage of this limit set, see [CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower](#).

Parameters:

<NominalMaxPower> Nominal maximum output power of the UE

Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm
*RST: 21 dBm
Default unit: dBm

<UpperLimit> Tolerance value for too high maximum UE power

Range: 0 dB to 5 dB
*RST: 2.7 dB
Default unit: dB

<LowerLimit> Tolerance value for too low maximum UE power

Range: -5 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -2.7 dB
Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:OLPower <Enable>, <InitPreamblePwr>, <OLPLimit>

Enables or disables the check of the open loop power limits and specifies these limits.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON Disables enables the limit check *RST: ON
<InitPreamblePwr>	Initial preamble power Range: -50 dBm to 34 dBm *RST: -18.6 dBm Default unit: dBm
<OLPLimit>	Open loop power tolerance value Range: 0 dB to 15 dB *RST: 10 dB Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 1016

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:OFFPower <Limit>

Defines an upper OFF power limit. Also enables or disables the limit check.

Parameters:

<Limit>	Range: -90 dBm to 53 dBm *RST: -55 dBm Default unit: dBm Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables the limit check enables the limit check using the previous/default limit values)
---------	--

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See "[Limits](#)" on page 1016

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:PSTep <Enable>, <PreamblePwrStep>, <PwrStepLimit>

Enables or disables the check of the preamble power step limits and specifies these limits.

Parameters:

<Enable>	OFF ON
	Disables enables the limit check
*RST:	ON
<PreamblePwrStep>	Expected preamble power step size
	Range: 0 dB to 15 dB
	*RST: 2 dB
	Default unit: dB
<PwrStepLimit>	Preamble power step tolerance value
	Range: 0 dB to 15 dB
	*RST: 2 dB
	Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limits](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

Manual operation: See ["Limits"](#) on page 1016

5.5.3.7 Results (Traces)

The following commands return the results displayed in the diagrams and bar graphs at the GUI.

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	1045
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	1045
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?	1045
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?	1045
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	1045
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	1045
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1047
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PEAK:CURRent?	1047
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?	1047
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	1048

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	1048
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?	1049
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?	1049

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?

Return the values of the UE power bar graph.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.4, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#),
on page 1006

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEpower>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preambles (see CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:MPreamble on page 1035) Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?

Return the values of the UE power vs. chip diagram.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.4, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#),
on page 1006

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEpowerChip>	Comma separated list of 9216 values, one per chip: 2560 values before last preamble, 4096 values for preselected preamble, 2560 values after last preamble Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?

Return the values of the power steps bar graph.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.4, "Detailed Views: UE Power and Power Steps"](#),
on page 1006

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PowerSteps>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preamble (see CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble on page 1035) For the first preamble NCAP is returned. Range: -10 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20

FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?

Return the EVM RMS and peak values for each measured preamble.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVM>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preamble (see CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble on page 1035) Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20

FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?
FETCH:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?

Return the magnitude error RMS and peak values for each measured preamble.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
---------------	---------------------------------------

<MagnitudeError>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preamble (see CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble on page 1035) Range: PEAK: -100 % to 100 %, RMS: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?

Return the phase error RMS and peak values for each measured preamble.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseError>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preamble (see CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble on page 1035) Range: PEAK: -180 deg to 180 deg, RMS: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?

Return the values of the error vector magnitude vs. chip diagram.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation"](#), on page 1004

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<EVMchip>	Comma separated list of 4096 values, one per chip of the preselected preamble Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?

Return the values of the magnitude error vs. chip diagram.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation", on page 1004](#)

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<MagErrorChip>	Comma separated list of 4096 values, one per chip of the pre-selected preamble Range: -100 % to 100 % Default unit: %

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?

Return the values of the phase error vs. chip diagram.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation", on page 1004](#)

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<PhaseErrorChip>	Comma separated list of 4096 values, one per chip of the pre-selected preamble Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?

Return the values of the frequency error bar graph.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.2, "Detailed Views: Modulation", on page 1004](#)

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
---------------	---------------------------------------

<FrequencyError>	Comma separated list of values, one result per measured preamble (see CONFIGURE:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble on page 1035) Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz Default unit: Hz
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.0.20

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?

Returns the results in the I/Q constellation diagram, see also [Chapter 5.2.7.3, "Detailed Views: I/Q Constellation Diagram"](#), on page 1005.

The constellation points are returned as pairs of I and Q values:

<Reliability>, <Iphase>₁, <Qphase>₁, ..., <Iphase>₃₉₀₄, <Qphase>₃₉₀₄

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<Iphase> I amplitude of a constellation point

Range: -5 to 5

<Qphase> Q amplitude of a constellation point

Range: -5 to 5

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

5.5.3.8 Results (Single Values)

The following commands return the single value results displayed in tables at the GUI.

CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?	1049
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?	1049
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?	1049
CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?	1051
FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?	1051
READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?	1051

CALCulate:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?

FETCh:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?

READ:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?

Return the single value results for a selected preamble.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.5, "Detailed Views: TX Measurement"](#), on page 1007

Suffix:	
<no>	1..5 Number of the preamble
Return values:	
<1_Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<2_UEpower>	Mean preamble power Range: -100 dBm to 55 dBm Default unit: dBm
<3_PowerSteps>	Mean preamble power minus mean power of previous preamble For first preamble NCAP is returned. Range: -10 dB to 50 dB Default unit: dB
<4_CarrierFreqErr>	Carrier frequency error Range: -60000 Hz to 60000 Hz Default unit: Hz
<5_EVMrms>	Error vector magnitude RMS value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<6_EVMpeak>	Error vector magnitude peak value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<7_MagErrorRMS>	Magnitude error RMS value Range: 0 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<8_MagErrorPeak>	Magnitude error peak value Range: -100 % to 100 % Default unit: %
<9_PhErrorRMS>	Phase error RMS value Range: 0 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<10_PhErrorPeak>	Phase error peak value Range: -180 deg to 180 deg Default unit: deg
<11_IQoffset>	I/Q origin offset Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB
<12_IQimbalance>	I/Q imbalance Range: -100 dB to 0 dB Default unit: dB

<13_Signature> Detected preamble signature
 Range: 0 to 15
Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)
Usage: Query only
Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?

Return the OFF power results.

See also [Chapter 5.2.7.5, "Detailed Views: TX Measurement"](#), on page 1007

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<OffPower>	<OFF power before preamble>, <OFF power after preamble> Range: -100 dBm to -24 dBm Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.0.20

5.5.4 Combined Signal Path Commands

For some settings, the command to be used depends on the active scenario. While the Combined Signal Path (CSP) scenario is active, these settings are configured via commands of the signaling application. While the Standalone (SA) scenario is active, they are configured via measurement commands.

The following table provides the mapping for PRACH measurement commands. For general measurement settings, see [Mapping for general measurement settings](#).

Table 5-1: Mapping for PRACH measurement commands

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
DL scrambling code	CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE	CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE
Preamble signature	not relevant	CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:SIGNature
No of measured preambles	CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPreamble	Automatic configuration - depends on the value of Preambles before AICH Transmission

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
Preambles before AICH transmission	not relevant	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:PRACH:PREamble:AICH</code>
Preselected preamble	<code>CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PPreamble</code>	Fixed value 0

5.6 List of Commands

ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH.....	1027
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?.....	1051
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?.....	1049
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:CELL:CARRier<c>:SCODE.....	1034
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:CFERror.....	1040
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:EVMagnitude.....	1039
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:IQIMbalance.....	1040
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:IQOFset.....	1040
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:MERRor.....	1038
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower.....	1041
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:ACTive?.....	1042
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:UDEFined.....	1042
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:MAXPower:URPClass.....	1041
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:OFFPower.....	1043
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:OLPower.....	1043
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PCONtrol:PSTep.....	1043
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:LIMit:PERror.....	1039
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MOEXception.....	1035
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:MPRreamble.....	1035
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower.....	1036
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PPRreamble.....	1035
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:EVM.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:MERRor.....	1033
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:PERror.....	1033
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:CHIP:UEPower.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:EVMagnitude.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:FERRor.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:IQ.....	1033
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:MERRor.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PERror.....	1032
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:PSTeps.....	1031
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt:UEPower.....	1030
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:RESUlt[:ALL].....	1029
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TOUT.....	1034
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:OFFPower?.....	1051
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:PREamble<no>:CURRent?.....	1049
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATe:ALL?.....	1028
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:STATE?.....	1027
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACH:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?.....	1047

List of Commands

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	1048
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?	1049
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1047
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1047
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	1045
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?	1045
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	1045
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh	1027
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:OFFPower?	1051
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:PREamble<no>:CURRent?	1049
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:CHIP:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:EVMagnitude[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:FERRor:CURRent?	1048
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:IQ:CURRent?	1049
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:MERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1046
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:CHIP:CURRent?	1048
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor:PEAK:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PERRor[:RMS]:CURRent?	1047
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:PSTeps:CURRent?	1045
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CHIP:CURRent?	1045
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TRACe:UEPower:CURRent?	1045
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh	1027
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:CATalog:SOURce?	1036
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:DELay	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:MGAP	1038
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:SLOPe	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:SOURce	1036
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:THReshold	1037
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:PRACh:TOUT	1038

6 WCDMA DPCCH Open Loop Power Measurement

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement provides quick and flexible tests on dual uplink open power control mechanism of the UE upon establishment of DPCCH.

The DPCCH open loop power measurement requires option R&S CMW-KM405.

6.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA DPCCH Open Loop Power Measurement" firmware application. Compared to the initial version 3.5.20, it provides only editorial changes.

6.2 General Description

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement verifies the uplink open power control mechanism of the UE for initial dual carrier HSUPA transmission. The measurement captures both uplink WCDMA DPCCHs and provides TX measurement results for each carrier. The results contain UE power measurements per carrier during ramp up of each uplink carrier.

The following sections describe how to perform and configure the measurement.

● Test Setup	1054
● How to Perform a Measurement	1055
● Defining the Scope of the Measurement	1055
● Parallel Signaling and Measurement	1055
● Trigger Modes	1056
● Limit	1056
● Measurement Results	1057

6.2.1 Test Setup

Connect the external RF signal source (mobile station, signal generator etc.) to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

A connection with dual carrier HSPA involves two uplink signals. The two uplink signals are received via only one RX module.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

6.2.2 How to Perform a Measurement

In addition to the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement and the UE, you need the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS405). It can establish dual uplink HSPA connection with the UE and in the same time trigger suitable DPCCH power control preamble events.

The measurement expects the test setup with dual uplink HSUPA carrier and trigger events indicating DPCCH changes of each carrier.

Measurement procedure with combined signal path

The measurement procedure is as follows:

1. Connect your WCDMA UE to the R&S CMW according to the dual uplink carrier test setup (see [Chapter 6.2.1, "Test Setup"](#), on page 1054).
2. Configure the WCDMA signaling application for dual uplink HSPA connection.
3. Switch on the cell.
4. Switch on the UE and wait until it registers.
5. Select combined signal path scenario. See "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722.
The trigger source is automatically set to DPCCH power control preamble trigger.
6. Initiate the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement.
7. Establish dual uplink HSPA connection between the UE and the WCDMA signaling application.
8. Analyze the measurement results.

6.2.3 Defining the Scope of the Measurement

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement analyzes UE TX power vs. slot per carrier during the power ramp up of each carrier. The measurement is executed in single shot mode with the measurement interval from the slot -15 to the slot 45. The measurement is triggered by the WCDMA signaling application and starts so that the power ramping of a particular carrier appears between the slots 0 and 14.

6.2.4 Parallel Signaling and Measurement

The DPCCH open loop power measurement uses in parallel the WCDMA signaling application (option R&S CMW-KS405). The signaling application emulates a UTRAN multi-cell signal so that the UE establishes a connection with dual uplink carrier. The R&S CMW triggers the DPCCH open loop power measurement.

To use both applications in parallel, the combined signal path scenario must be activated (see "[Scenario = Combined Signal Path](#)" on page 722). The signal routing and analyzer settings, the UE signal info settings and some measurement control settings are

then configured by the signaling application. The DPCCH open loop power measurement displays the corresponding signaling settings instead of its own settings. These signaling settings can be configured in the GUI of the signaling application. To configure the signaling settings via remote commands, the commands of the signaling application have to be used. For a command mapping table, see [Chapter 6.5.4, "Combined Signal Path Commands"](#), on page 1080.

Whenever the combined signal path scenario is activated or the controlling application is changed, the DPCCH power control preamble trigger signal is selected automatically. The trigger provided by the controlling signaling application is selected as trigger source.

6.2.5 Trigger Modes

The DPCCH open loop power measurement must be triggered by the WCDMA signaling application, which establishes DC-HSUPA connection with the UE. It ensures that the measurement is aligned correctly. The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement requires the "WCDMA Sig<n>: DPCCH Power Control Preamble Trigger". It is automatically selected in combined signal path scenario.

It is necessary to register the UE first, then to initiate the measurement and finally to establish a DC-HSUPA connection. It ensures that the power ramp up of a particular uplink carrier is correctly aligned.

For configuration, see [Chapter 6.3.2.5, "Trigger Settings"](#), on page 1061.

6.2.6 Limit

The UE has to calculate its output power for initial DPCCH at each carrier. Particular system information is received via the BCCH (DPCCH power offset) and from the received signal power level of the CPICH.

The requirements for the test are defined by 3GPP TS 34.121, in section 5.4.1A "Open Loop Power Control in the Uplink for DC-HSUPA".

The tolerance for the UE TX power of initial dual uplink carrier transmission at any carrier is:

- ± 10 dB under normal conditions and
- ± 13 dB under extreme conditions.

You can define a symmetrical tolerance value in the configuration dialog.

The DPCCH power offset parameter is controlled by the signaling application in the combined signal path.



Figure 6-1: Open loop power limit

6.2.7 Measurement Results

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement provides all measurement results in a single view. This view displays four diagrams, showing the measured UE power vs slot per carrier during the ramp up of each carrier.

Configured limits are indicated by red limit lines.



Scaling the diagrams

To modify the ranges of the Y-axis, press the "Display" softkey and use the hotkey "Y Scale...".

Both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.

Automatic scaling is used by default, adapting the Y-axis to the measured values.

Below the diagrams, statistical evaluation of the results is displayed.

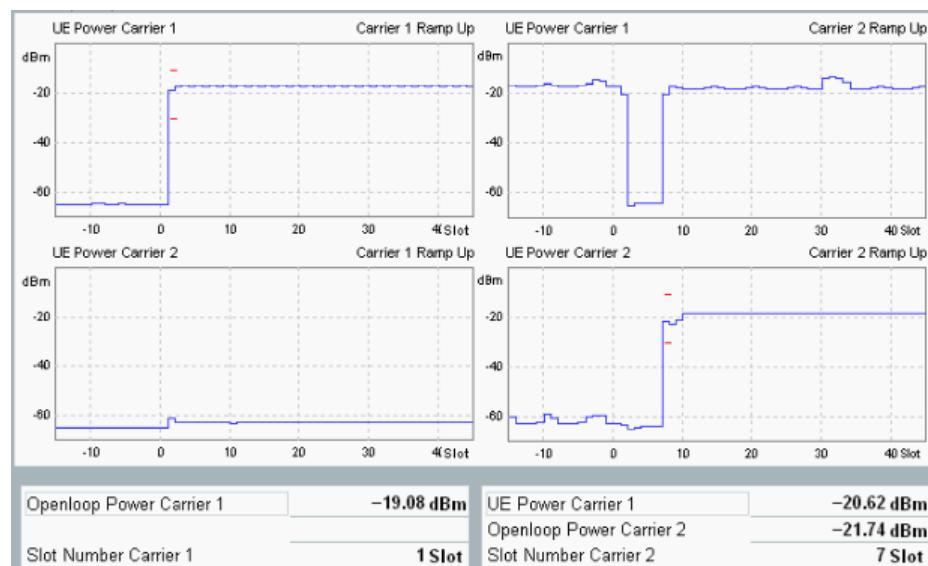


Figure 6-2: WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement results

Diagrams

Diagrams to the left show the measured UE power vs slot per carrier during the ramp up of carrier one. Diagrams to the right show the measured UE power vs slot per carrier during the ramp up of carrier two. The measurement covers the slots -15 to 45. The measurement is triggered by WCDMA signaling application and starts so that the power ramping of a particular carrier appears between the slots 0 and 14.

Statistics

- **"Open Loop Power"**: the average UE TX power in the DPCCH power control preamble.

- **"UE Power Carrier 1"**: the UE power of carrier one during the ramp up measurement of carrier two, averaged over measurement interval of 60 slots. The UE power of carrier two is not displayed, as it can be usually neglected during the power ramping of carrier one.
- **"Slot Number"**: slot where the power ramp up of a particular carrier has been detected

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 6.3.3, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 1064.

6.3 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the graphical user interface (GUI) and the parameters of the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement.

- [Measurement Control](#).....1058
- [Parameters and Settings](#).....1058
- [Measurement Results](#).....1064

6.3.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



DPCCH OLP (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl  
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl  
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATE?  
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATE:ALL?
```

6.3.2 Parameters and Settings

The most important settings of the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement are displayed in the measurement dialog.

UL Frequency: **1922.6000000 MHz** Ref. Level: **0.00 dBm** Connector: **RF1COM**

All settings are defined via softkeys and hotkeys or using the "WCDMA DPCCH Open-loop Power Configuration" dialog. The configuration dialog is described in the following sections. To open the dialog, select the "DPCCH Open Loop Power" tab and press the "Config" hotkey.

6.3.2.1 Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings

These parameters configure the RF input path. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.1, "Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings", on page 721](#).

6.3.2.2 UE Signal Info Settings

The "UE Signal Info" parameters describe properties of the measured uplink WCDMA signal that the R&S CMW needs for synchronization and decoding. Most settings in this section are common measurement settings. The most of parameters have the same value in all WCDMA TX measurements (e.g. DPCCH open loop power measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

While the combined signal path scenario is active, these parameters are controlled by the signaling application.

For description of common parameters refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, see [Chapter 3.3.2.2, "UE Signal Info", on page 726](#).

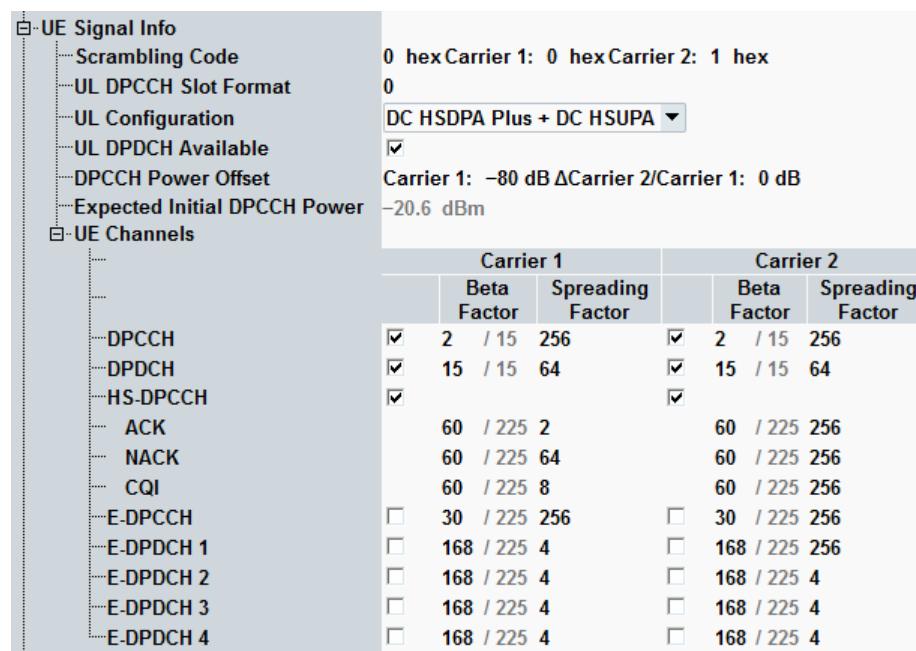


Figure 6-3: UE signal info settings

In addition to the common parameters, the following settings are specific for DPCCH open loop power measurements.

DPCCH Power Offset

Displays the value for the initial DPCCH power of the UE in CELL_DCH, signaled in IE uplink DPCH power control info.

Individual values can be set per carrier in a dual uplink carrier configuration.

For description, see "[DPCCH Power Offset](#)" on page 200.

This parameter is relevant in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRIER<c>:POFFset (CSP)`

Expected Initial DPCCH Power

Displays the expected power of the first DPCCH received from the UE in CELL_DCH. The value is calculated as follows (see also 3GPP TS 25.331):

$Expected_Initial_DPCCH_Power = DPCCH\ Power\ Offset \cdot CPICH_RSCP,$

Where the CPICH_RSCP value is measured by the UE

For description, see "[Expected Initial DPCCH Power](#)" on page 200.

This parameter is relevant in the combined signal path (CSP) scenario only. It is controlled by the signaling application.

Remote command:

`SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:EIPower? (CSP)`

6.3.2.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameter configures the scope of the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement.

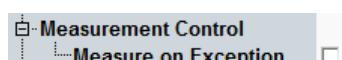


Figure 6-4: WCDMA DPCCH open loop power: measurement control setting

Measure on Exception

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected. A faulty result occurs e.g. when an overload is detected. In remote control, the cause of the error is indicated by the "reliability indicator".

- **Off:** Faulty results are rejected. The measurement is continued; the statistical counters are not reset. Use this mode to ensure that a single faulty result does not affect the entire measurement.
- **On:** Results are never rejected. Use this mode e.g. for development purposes, if you want to analyze the reason for occasional wrong transmissions.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MOEXception`

6.3.2.4 Limit Setting

The "Limit" section defines tolerances for the open loop power results.

For details, see [Chapter 6.2.6, "Limit", on page 1056](#).



Figure 6-5: Limit settings

Limits

The limit can be configured via the following remote command.

Remote command:

```
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:LIMit
```

6.3.2.5 Trigger Settings

The trigger parameters configure the trigger system for the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement.

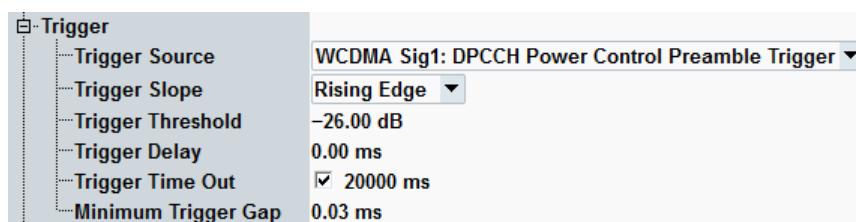


Figure 6-6: Trigger settings

Trigger Source.....	1061
Trigger Slope.....	1062
Trigger Threshold.....	1062
Trigger Delay.....	1062
Trigger Time Out.....	1062
Minimum Trigger Gap.....	1062

Trigger Source

Selects the source of the trigger event. Some of the trigger sources require additional options.

The only suitable trigger source is the following uplink frame aligned trigger:

"WCDMA Sig<n>: DPCCH Power Control Preamble Trigger": DPCCH open loop power trigger signal provided by WCDMA signaling application instance <n>. This selection is suitable for combined signal path measurements (or for standalone measurements if the signaling application uses another RF path than the measurement).

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SOURce  
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CATalog:SOURce?
```

Trigger Slope

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements and for evaluation of trigger pulses provided by other firmware applications.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SLOPe
```

Trigger Threshold

Defines the input signal power where the trigger condition is satisfied and a trigger event is generated. The trigger threshold is valid for power trigger sources. It is a dB value, relative to the reference level minus the external attenuation ("<Ref. Level> – <External Attenuation (Input)> – <Frequency Dependent External Attenuation>"). If the reference level equals the maximum output power of the DUT and the external attenuation settings are correct, the trigger threshold is relative to the maximum input power.

A low threshold can be required to ensure that the R&S CMW can always detect the input signal. A higher threshold can prevent unintended trigger events.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:THreshold
```

Trigger Delay

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. A delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on free run measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:DElay
```

Trigger Time Out

Sets a time after which an initiated measurement must have received a trigger event. If no trigger event is received, a trigger timeout is indicated in manual operation mode. In remote control mode, the measurement is automatically stopped. The parameter can be disabled so that no timeout occurs.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT
```

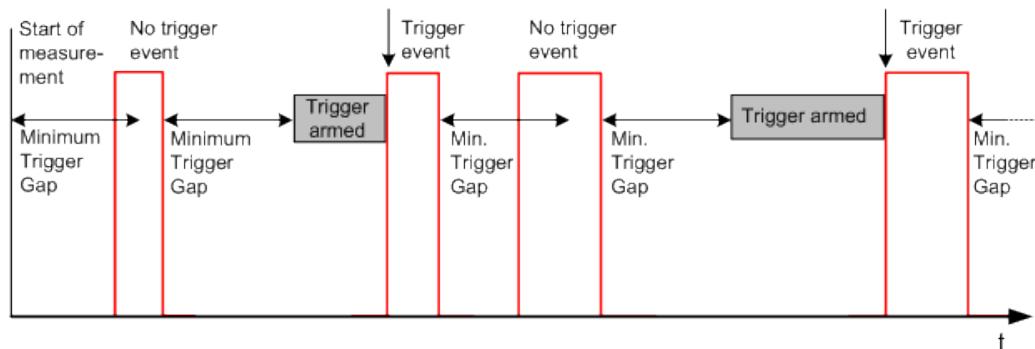
Minimum Trigger Gap

Defines a minimum duration of the power-down periods (gaps) between two triggered power pulses. This setting is valid for an "(IF) Power" trigger source.

The trigger system is controlled by a timer which is reset to zero in the following instances:

- At the IF power-down ramp of each triggered or untriggered pulse, even if the previous counter has not yet elapsed. A power-down ramp is detected when the signal power falls below the trigger threshold.
- At the beginning of each measurement. The minimum gap defines the minimum time between the start of the measurement and the first trigger event.

The trigger system is rearmed when the timer has reached the specified minimum gap.



This parameter can be used to prevent unwanted trigger events due to fast power variations.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MGAP
```

6.3.2.6 Generator Shortcut

This parameter enables starting the GPRF generator and using GPRF-related hotkeys and softkeys from the measurement GUI. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.6, "Generator Shortcut"](#), on page 739.

6.3.2.7 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

For description, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement ([Chapter 3.3.2.7, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message"](#), on page 739).

6.3.2.8 Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement provides some softkey/hotkey combinations which have no equivalent in the configuration dialog. Most of these hotkeys provide display configurations (like diagram scaling). They are self-explanatory and usually do not have any remote-control commands assigned.

The remaining softkeys and hotkeys are displayed only while the combined signal path scenario is active and are provided by the "WCDMA Signaling" application selected as

master application. For the description, refer to [Chapter 3.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys"](#), on page 739.

6.3.3 Measurement Results

All results of the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement are displayed in a single view.

For detailed description, see [Chapter 6.2.7, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 1057.

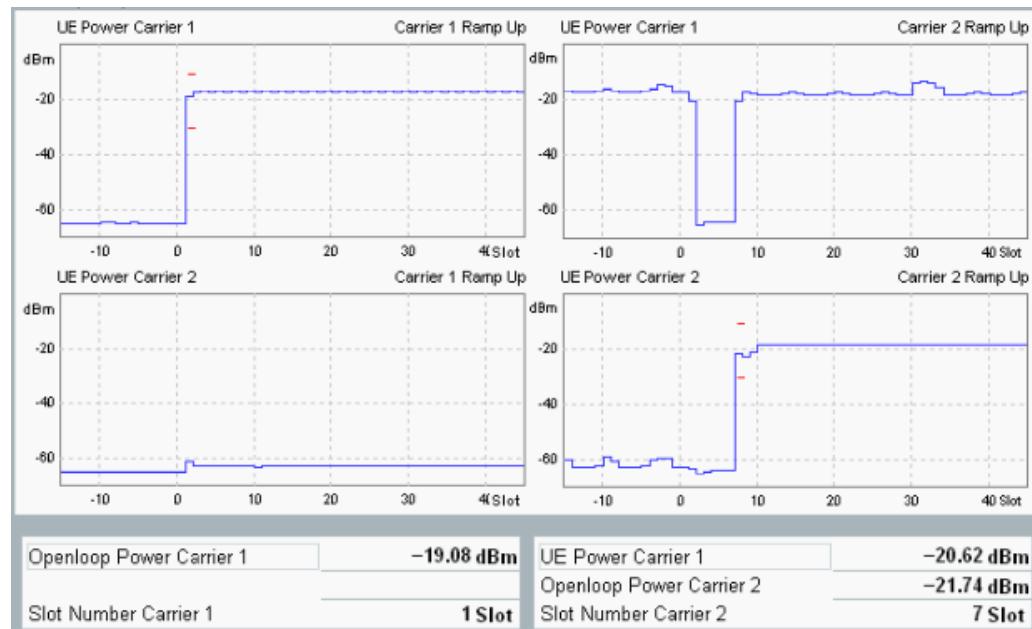


Figure 6-7: WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement results

Traces

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:  
RUP<rumpcarrier>? etc.
```

Single Values

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

```
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl? etc.
```

6.4 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement, using the combined signal path scenario.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

● Key Features.....	1065
● Specifying Measurement Settings.....	1065
● Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings.....	1066
● Configuring the Trigger System.....	1066
● Specifying Limit.....	1066
● Setting Up a Connection to the UE.....	1066
● Performing Measurements.....	1067

6.4.1 Key Features

The WCDMA DPCCH open loop power control measurement is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl...
- Use signaling commands of the type ...WCDMa:SIGN... to define the signal routing and perform RF settings.
- Use general commands of the type ...WCDMa:MEAS... (no :OLPControl mnemonic) to define the general analyzer settings.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use
READ:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl and retrieve the results using
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl...?.

6.4.2 Specifying Measurement Settings

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement, using the combined signal path scenario. The WCDMA signaling application is used to control the UE and to trigger the measurement.

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Activate the combined signal path scenario and select instance 1 of the
// signaling application as master.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENARIO:CSPATH 'WCDMA Sig1'

// ****
// Use the commands of the signaling application to define the signal routing
// and DPCCH power offset.
```

```
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENARIO:DCHSpa RF1C,RX1,RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF1C,TX1
CONFIGURE:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:CARRIER1:POFFSET -75
CONFIGURE:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:CARRIER2:POFFSET 0
...

```

6.4.3 Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings

```
// ****
// Define the error handling.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:MOEXCEPTION ON
CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:TOUT 1800
```

6.4.4 Configuring the Trigger System

```
// ****
// Set trigger source, timeout, trigger level, slope, delay
// and minimum trigger gap.
// ****
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLP:SOURCE 'WCDMA Sig1: DPCCH Power Control Preamble Trigger'
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:TOUT 20
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:THRESHOLD -26
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:SLOPE REDGE
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:DELAY 0.000
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:MGAP 0.00003
```

6.4.5 Specifying Limit

```
/ ****
// Query expected initial DPCCH power
// ****
SENSE:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:EIPOWER?

// ****
// Specify maximum power deviation with respect to the expected
// nominal UE TX power.
// ****
CONFIGURE:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:LIMIT 7
```

6.4.6 Setting Up a Connection to the UE

```
// ****
// Connect the UE (switched off). Switch on the DL signal. Query the cell
// state until it equals ON,ADJ (DL signal available at RF connector).
// ****
```

```

SOURCE:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE ON
WHILE SOURce:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "ON,ADJ"

// ****
// Switch on the UE and wait until it is registered and attached.
// ****
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATE? <> "REG"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:STATE? <> "ATT"

// ****
// Set up the test mode HSPA connection.
// Query the connection state until the connections have been established.
// ****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:ACTion CONNect
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"

```

6.4.7 Performing Measurements

```

// ****
// Start the DPCCH OLP measurement and wait until command processing is complete.
// The TPC setup is executed automatically.
// ****
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl
*OPC?

// ****
// Query the traces obtained in the measurement per carrier.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:CARRier1:UEPPower:RUP1?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:CARRier1:UEPPower:RUP2?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:CARRier2:UEPPower:RUP1?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:CARRier2:UEPPower:RUP2?

// ****
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl:STATE?

// ****
// Query statistical results obtained in the measurement.
// ****
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl?

// ****
// Query limit check results obtained in the measurement
// ****
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:OLPControl?

```

6.5 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement.

● Conventions and General Information.....	1068
● General Measurement Settings.....	1072
● DPCCH Open Loop Power Measurement Commands.....	1072
● Combined Signal Path Commands.....	1080

6.5.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

6.5.1.1 MEAS<i>

MEAS<i> is used as abbreviation of "MEAsurement<instance>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

6.5.1.2 CARRier<c>

CARRier<c> is used as abbreviation of "CARRier<carrier>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <carrier> is relevant for the multi-carrier configurations. It can be omitted for the single-carrier configuration.

6.5.1.3 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (INITiate..., measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK:** The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/ enabled for this result.

- **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The `FETCh` result is located above the limit.
- **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The `FETCh` result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

6.5.1.4 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
- "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
- "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
- "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query

- **Firmware/Software:**

Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

6.5.1.5 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCh...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**

Measurement values available, no error detected.

- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**

The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout. Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INVALID` results or has not completed the full statistic count.

- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**

The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.

- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.
- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**
The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.
- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.
- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in combined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.
- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**
The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.
- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**
For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.
- **23 ("Missing Option"):**
The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.
- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**
The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.
- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**
The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.
Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.

- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**
The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.
- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**
One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.
- **30 ("File not Found"):**
The specified file could not be found.
- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**
The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.
- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**
The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.
- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**
The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.
- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**
The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.
- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**
The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.
- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**
The selected ARB file could not be found.
- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**
The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.
- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**
The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.
- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**
The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".
$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$
- **50 ("Startup Error"):**
The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **51 ("No Reply"):**
The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.
- **52 ("Connection Error"):**
The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.
- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**
The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.
- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**
The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting")**

The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.
Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.

- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**

The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.

- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**

Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.

If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:

- Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings. To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
- If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".
- Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.

If you get firmware errors even with the properly installed latest software version, send a problem report including log files to Rohde & Schwarz.

- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**

Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".

- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**

Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.

A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.

If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).

- **104 ("Not Functional"):**

The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

6.5.2 General Measurement Settings

The commands valid for all WCDMA measurements are described here: [Chapter 3.5.2, "General Measurement Settings", on page 759](#)

6.5.3 DPCCH Open Loop Power Measurement Commands

The commands for the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement are divided into the groups listed below.

• Measurement Control and States	1073
• Measurement Control Parameters	1075
• Trigger Settings	1076
• Limit	1078
• Results	1079

6.5.3.1 Measurement Control and States

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl	1073
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl	1073
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl	1073
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATe?	1073
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATe:ALL?	1074

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl

STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl

ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCH...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[DPCCH OLP \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1058

FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use `FETCH:...:STATE:ALL?` to query the measurement state including the substates. Use `INITiate...`, `STOP...`, `ABORT...` to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State>	OFF RUN RDY
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
*RST:	OFF
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.20
Manual operation:	See " DPCCH OLP (Softkey) " on page 1058

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATe:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATe? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

<RessourceState> QUE | ACT | INV

QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")

ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")

INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[DPCCH OLP \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1058

6.5.3.2 Measurement Control Parameters

The following commands define measurement control parameters for the DPCCH open loop power measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a **READ** or **INIT** command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to **RDY**. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running **READ**, **FETCH** or **CALCulate** commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MOEXception <MeasOnException>

Specifies whether measurement results that the R&S CMW identifies as faulty or inaccurate are rejected.

Parameters:

<MeasOnException> OFF | ON

OFF: faulty results are rejected

ON: results are never rejected

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)**Firmware/Software:** V3.5.20**Manual operation:** See "Measure on Exception" on page 1060

6.5.3.3 Trigger Settings

The following commands define the trigger parameters.

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CATalog:SOURce?	1076
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SOURce	1076
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SLOPe	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:THreshold	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:DELay	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT	1078
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MGAP	1078

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CATalog:SOURce?

Lists all trigger source values that can be set using `TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SOURce`.

Return values:

<TriggerList> Comma-separated list of all supported values. Each value is represented as a string.

Usage: Query only**Firmware/Software:** V3.5.20**Manual operation:** See "Trigger Source" on page 1061**TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SOURce <Source>**

Selects the source of the trigger events. Some values are always available in this firmware application. They are listed below. Depending on the installed options, additional values are available. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using `TRIGger:...:CATalog:SOURce?`.

Parameters:<Source> **'Free Run (Standard)'**: Free Run (standard synchronization)**'Free Run (Fast Sync)'**: Free Run (fast synchronization)**'IF Power'**: Power trigger (normal synchronization)**'IF Power (Sync)'**: Power trigger (extended synchronization)

*RST: 'Free Run (Standard)'

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Source](#)" on page 1061

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SLOPe <Slope>

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse (valid for external and power trigger sources).

Parameters:

<Slope> REDGe | FEDGe

REDGe: Rising edge

FEDGe: Falling edge

*RST: REDG

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Slope](#)" on page 1062

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:THreshold <Level>

Defines the trigger threshold for power trigger sources.

Parameters:

<Threshold> Range: -47 dB to 0 dB

*RST: -26 dB

Default unit: dB (full scale, i.e. relative to reference level minus external attenuation)

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Threshold](#)" on page 1062

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:DELay <Delay>

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. The delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: -666.7E-6 s to 0.24 s
*RST: 0 s
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Delay](#)" on page 1062

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT <TimeOut>

Selects the maximum time that the R&S CMW waits for a trigger event before it stops the measurement in remote control mode or indicates a trigger timeout in manual operation mode. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<TimeOut> Range: 0.01 s to 60 s
*RST: 20 s
Default unit: s
Additional parameters: OFF | ON (disables | enables the timeout)

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Time Out](#)" on page 1062

TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MGAP <MinimumGap>

Sets a minimum time during which the IF signal must be below the trigger threshold before the trigger is armed so that an IF power trigger event can be generated.

Parameters:

<MinimumGap> Range: 0 s to 0.01 s
*RST: 25E-6 s
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "[Minimum Trigger Gap](#)" on page 1062

6.5.3.4 Limit

The following command defines limit for open loop power results.

CONFigure:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:LIMit <OLPLimit>

Sets the maximum deviation at any carrier regarding the expected nominal UE TX power.

Parameters:

<OLPLimit> Upper limit for DPCCH preamble power
 Range: 0 dB to 15 dB
 *RST: 10 dB
 Default unit: dB

Example: See [Specifying Limit](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

Manual operation: See "Limits" on page 1061

6.5.3.5 Results

The following commands return the results displayed in tables and diagrams at the GUI.

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?	1079
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?	1079
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?	1079
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?	1080
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?	1080

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?

READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?

Return the single value results for open loop power control measurements.

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Return values:

<Reliability>	Reliability Indicator
<UEPwrC1>	UE power of carrier one during measurement of the ramp up of carrier two Range: -100 dBm to 100 dBm
<OLPC1>	UE power in DPCCH power control preamble of carrier one during measurement of the ramp up of carrier one Range: -100 dBm to 100 dBm
<SlotNoC1>	Slot where the power ramp up of carrier one has been detected Range: 0 slots to 14 slots
<OLPC2>	UE power in DPCCH power control preamble of carrier two during measurement of the ramp up of carrier two Range: -100 dBm to 100 dBm
<SlotNoC2>	Slot where the power ramp up of carrier two has been detected Range: 0 slots to 14 slots

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?

Return the traces of the UE power vs slot during the ramp up of selected carrier per uplink carrier measured in slots -15 to 45.

The values described below are returned by FETCh and READ commands. CALCulate commands return limit check results instead, one value for each result listed below.

Suffix:

<c> 1..*
Uplink carrier to be measured

<rupcarrier> 1..*
Number of the carrier specifying a ramp up power measurement

Return values:

<Reliability> [Reliability Indicator](#)

<UEPower> 60 UE power results, one per measured slot
Range: -100 dBm to 100 dBm
Default unit: dBm

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.20

For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to [Conventions and General Information](#).

6.5.4 Combined Signal Path Commands

For some settings, the command to be used depends on the active scenario. While the combined signal path (CSP) scenario is active, these settings are configured via commands of the signaling application. While the standalone (SA) scenario is active, they are configured via measurement commands.

The following table provides the mapping for DPCCH open loop power measurement commands. For general measurement settings, see [Mapping for general measurement settings](#).

Table 6-1: Mapping for DPCCH open loop power measurement commands

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
DPCCH power offset	n/a	CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:CARRier<c>:POFFset
Expected initial DPCH power	n/a	SENSe:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:UL:EIPower?

6.6 List of Commands

ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl.....	1073
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?.....	1079
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:LIMit.....	1078
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MOEXception.....	1075
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT.....	1075
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?.....	1080
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATE:ALL?.....	1074
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:STATE?.....	1073
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?.....	1079
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl.....	1073
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CARRier<c>:UEPPower:RUP<rupcarrier>?.....	1080
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl?.....	1079
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl.....	1073
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:CATalog:SOURce?.....	1076
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:DELay.....	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:MGAP.....	1078
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SLOPe.....	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:SOURce.....	1076
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:THReshold.....	1077
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OLPControl:TOUT.....	1078

7 WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement

During a WCDMA connection, the UE monitors the quality of downlink dedicated physical channel (DPCH). For poor quality, the UE has to switch off its transmitter. When the DPCH quality improves, the UE has to turn its transmitter on again. The conditions and requirements for this DPCH out-of-sync handling are defined by 3GPP.

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement is included in option R&S CMW-KM400. It verifies the UE's ability to monitor the downlink DPCH quality and its reaction based on the quality level.

The test is designed as combined signal path measurement. The WCDMA signaling application changes the downlink DPCH level as defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, "Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power", section 5.4.4.5. The UE is expected to turn off and turn on its transmitter within defined time intervals.

7.1 What's New

This user manual describes version 3.5.50 and later of the "WCDMA Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement" firmware application. This version is the initial software version.

7.2 General Description

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement verifies the reaction of the UE to the changes of DPCH quality. The measurement captures UE output power vs. slot over 15.4 s plus 1 slot.

The test is designed as combined signal path measurement. For a stand-alone scenario, an appropriate external trigger is required.

The following sections describe how to perform and configure the measurement.

● Test Setup	1082
● How to Perform a Measurement	1083
● Defining the Scope of the Measurement	1084
● Parallel Signaling and Measurement	1084
● Trigger Modes	1084
● Limit	1084
● Measurement Results	1086

7.2.1 Test Setup

Connect the external RF signal source (mobile station, signal generator etc.) to one of the bidirectional RF connectors on the front panel of the R&S CMW.

See also: "RF Connectors" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Getting Started"

7.2.2 How to Perform a Measurement

In addition to the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement and the UE, you need the WCDMA signaling (option R&S CMW-KS400). It establishes a connection with the UE, controls the DPCH level and at the same time triggers suitable out-of-sync event (point A).

The measurement expects the UE to transmit at the beginning at maximum power. For poor DPCH signal quality, the UE has to switch off its transmitter. When the DPCH quality improves, the UE has to turn its transmitter on again. The measurement monitors the UE's reactions.



HW requirements

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement requires BB measurement board R&S CMW-H100D with 4 GB memory.

Measurement procedure with combined signal path

The measurement procedure is as follows:

1. Connect your WCDMA UE to the R&S CMW (see [Chapter 7.2.1, "Test Setup"](#), on page 1082).
2. In the WCDMA signaling, switch on the cell.
3. Switch on the UE and wait until it registers.
4. In the WCDMA measurement, set the measurement trigger timeout to 60 s. See ["Trigger Time Out"](#) on page 1091
5. Enable [Auto Active DPCH Level Sequence](#)
6. In the WCDMA signaling, execute the wizard "Out of Sync Handling"

The following parameters are automatically set according to 3GPP: "T313 Timeout", "N313", network timeout "Out of Synch", "AWGN Noise (loc)", output power (l0r), level of downlink channels, "RX Level Strategy", "Active TPC Setup", "Out of Sync Sequence Trigger".

For details, refer to [Table 2-32](#).

The UE transmits at maximal power.

7. Establish a single carrier connection between the UE and the WCDMA signaling.
8. Initiate the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement in combined signal path.

By initiating the measurement, appropriate RF signal is generated by the WCDMA signaling application. The signaling application triggers WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurements.

9. Analyze the measurement results.

7.2.3 Defining the Scope of the Measurement

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement analyzes the switch-off and switch-on times of the UE transmitter as a reaction of downlink DPCH level transitions. The R&S CMW measures Tx power of the UE vs. time. The measurement is executed in single shot mode with the measurement interval A to F (slot 0 to slot 23000). The measurement is triggered by the WCDMA signaling.

7.2.4 Parallel Signaling and Measurement

The out-of-sync handling measurement uses in parallel the WCDMA signaling (option R&S CMW-KS400). The WCDMA signaling application emulates a UTRAN cell and establishes a connection with the UE. It changes the downlink DPCH level according to 3GPP specification. It also triggers the out-of-sync handling measurement.

To use both applications in parallel, the combined signal path scenario must be activated (see ["Scenario = Combined Signal Path" on page 722](#)). The signal routing and analyzer settings, the UE signal info settings and some measurement control settings are then configured by the signaling application. The out-of-sync handling measurement displays the corresponding signaling settings instead of its own settings. These signaling settings can be configured in the GUI of the signaling application. To configure the signaling settings via remote commands, the commands of the signaling application have to be used. For a command mapping table, see [Chapter 7.5.4, "Combined Signal Path Commands"](#), on page 1109.

Whenever the combined signal path scenario is activated or the controlling application is changed, the "Out of Sync Sequence Trigger" signal is selected automatically. The trigger provided by the controlling signaling application is selected as trigger source.

7.2.5 Trigger Modes

The out-of-sync handling measurement must be triggered by the WCDMA signaling, which establishes a connection with the UE. It ensures that the measurement is aligned correctly. The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement requires the "WCDMA Sig<n>: Out of Sync Sequence Trigger". It is automatically selected in combined signal path scenario.

For configuration, see [Chapter 7.3.2.5, "Trigger Settings"](#), on page 1090.

7.2.6 Limit

The requirements for the test are defined by 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.4 "Out-of-synchronisation handling of output power".

<input type="checkbox"/>	Limit
	Power Off Upper Limit -55.0 dBm
	Power On Lower Limit -49.0 dBm
	Power Threshold Limit -50.0 dB

The following limits can be set in the configuration dialog:

- "Power Off Upper Limit": The UE power measured when the UE transmitter is off is called "OFF power". According to 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.5.1 "Transmit OFF Power", the measured value must be below -55 dBm (Q_{out} value). The power off limit is used to detect whether the UE transmitter is OFF (point C) or NOT OFF (interval A-B).
- "Power On Lower Limit": The minimum controlled output power of a UE averaged over one slot has to be below -49 dBm (Q_{in} value). This test requirement is defined in 3GPP TS 34.121, section 5.4.3 "Minimum Output Power". The power on limit is used to detect whether the UE transmitter is ON (point F) or NOT ON (interval C-E).
- "Power Threshold Limit" is not applied in the standard conforming version of the test. It is only relevant for "RX Level Strategy" ≠ "Max A off F Max". This limit is more suitable to monitor the on power periods and to check if the test result is still reliable or not, during these tests.

The power mask displayed in the following figure is defined by 3GPP. The level of DPCH generated by the signaling application within DPCH complies 3GPP recommendations.

DPCH_Ec/Ior

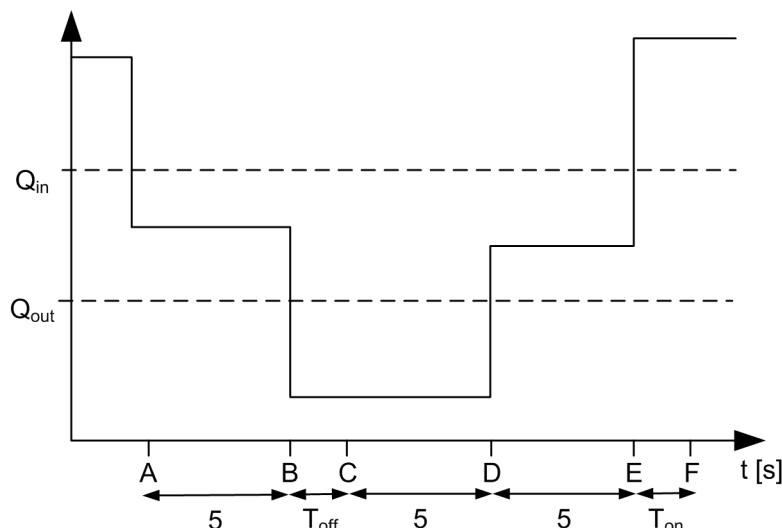


Figure 7-1: Out-of-sync power mask

Q_{out} = threshold for the UE to switch off its transmitter

T_{off} = timeout for the UE to switch off its transmitter (200 ms)

Q_{in} = threshold for the UE to switch on its transmitter

T_{on} = timeout for the UE to switch on its transmitter (200 ms)

The parameters of power mask are controlled by the signaling application in the combined signal path (CSP). See [CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN*i*:DL:ENHANCED:DPCH:LSEQquence](#) (CSP)

7.2.7 Measurement Results

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement provides all measurement results in a single view. In the upper part, a diagram shows the measured UE power vs slot within the interval A to F plus one slot.



Scaling the diagrams

To modify the ranges of the Y-axis, press the "Display" softkey and use the hotkey "Y Scale...".

Both manual scaling and automatic scaling are possible. Manual scaling allows you to enter a range, to display the full range or to display the default range.

Automatic scaling is used by default, adapting the Y-axis to the measured values.

Below the diagram, statistical evaluation of the results is displayed.



Figure 7-2: WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement results

Diagrams

The diagram shows the measured UE power vs slot. The measurement captures UE output power vs. slot over 15.4 s plus 1 slot (slot 0 to slot 23000). The measurement is triggered by WCDMA signaling.

The red limit lines indicate configured limits.

- "Power Off Upper Limit" is displayed within the interval AC
- "Power On Lower Limit" is displayed within the interval CF
- The "Power Threshold Limit" is not displayed. It is only used to indicate the reliability of results for "RX Level Strategy" ≠ "Max A off F Max", if the UE transmitter is expected to be on.
 - If measured power < power threshold limit, then results are unreliable.
 - If measured power > power threshold limit, then results are reliable.

Statistics

- **"Output Power"**: Output power is the measured power in the uplink. Due to the definition of the test, the output power cannot be correctly measured when the UE transmitter is on. In that case, the actual UE transmit power is sure greater than the measured value. This uncertainty is indicated by \geq sign.
The sign \leq indicates, the uncertainty due to the low Tx level of the UE.
 - **"Max / Min"**: Maximal / minimal measured value within the specified interval
 - **"Current"**: UE output power measured during the specified point
- **"Output Power State"**: The state of UE transmitter
 - For point C: off / not off
 - For point F: on / not on

For test reasons, also non-default Rx strategies are provided, to verify the real power-on values of the UE transmitter. Note, that for low-level values (below the "Power Threshold Limit") the results are unreliable.

For query of the results via remote control, see [Chapter 7.5.3.5, "Results"](#), on page 1108.

7.3 GUI Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the graphical user interface (GUI) and the parameters of the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement.

- [Measurement Control](#).....1087
- [Parameters and Settings](#).....1088
- [Measurement Results](#).....1092

7.3.1 Measurement Control

To turn the measurement on or off, select the control softkey and press ON | OFF or RESTART | STOP. Alternatively, right-click the control softkey.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "System Overview"



Out-of-Sync (Softkey)

The softkey shows the current measurement state. Additional measurement substates can be retrieved via remote control.

Remote command:

```
INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc
ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSync:STATE?
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSync:STATE:ALL?
```

7.3.2 Parameters and Settings

The most important settings of the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement are displayed in the measurement dialog.

UL Frequency: 1922.6000000 MHz	Ref. Level: 0.00 dBm	Connector: RF1COM
---------------------------------------	-----------------------------	--------------------------

All settings are defined via softkeys and hotkeys or using the "Out-of-Sync Handling Configuration" dialog. The configuration dialog is described in the following sections. To open the dialog, select the "Out-of-Sync Handling" tab and press the "Config" hotkey.

7.3.2.1 Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings

These parameters configure the RF input path. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.1, "Signal Routing and Analyzer Settings", on page 721](#).

7.3.2.2 UE Signal Info Settings

The "UE Signal Info" parameters describe properties of the measured uplink WCDMA signal for your information. The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement ignores all settings in this section. The application only measures the UE power.

For description of parameters refer to the WCDMA DPCCH open loop power measurement, see [Chapter 6.3.2.2, "UE Signal Info Settings", on page 1059](#).

7.3.2.3 Measurement Control Settings

The "Measurement Control" parameter enables automatic settings of the signal generated by WCDMA signaling in combined signal path

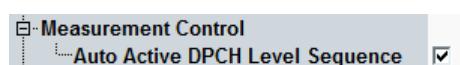


Figure 7-3: WCDMA out-of-sync handling: measurement control setting

Auto Active DPCH Level Sequence

With enabled setting, the WCDMA signal changes the downlink DPCH level according to 3GPP TS 34.121 5.4.4.2 and triggers the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement automatically, when the measurement starts.

With disabled setting, the generation of DPCH level transitions must be initiated manually in the signaling application.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:AADPchlevel`

7.3.2.4 Limit Setting

The "Limit" section defines tolerances for the UE's responses to the DPCCH level transitions in downlink.

For details, see [Chapter 7.2.6, "Limit"](#), on page 1084.

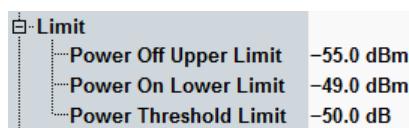


Figure 7-4: Limit settings

Power Off Upper Limit.....	1089
Power On Lower Limit.....	1089
Power Threshold Limit.....	1089

Power Off Upper Limit

Specifies the transmitted power of the UE below which the UE's transmitter is considered to be off.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:POFFupper`

Power On Lower Limit

Specifies the transmitted power of the UE above which the UE's transmitter is considered to be on.

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:PONupper`

Power Threshold Limit

Specifies the limit for non-default strategy. If the UE transmitter is expected to be on and the UE power is below the limit, results are not reliable.

This setting is relevant if `RX Level Strategy ≠ "Max A off F Max"`

Remote command:

`CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:THreshold`

7.3.2.5 Trigger Settings

The trigger parameters configure the trigger system for the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement.

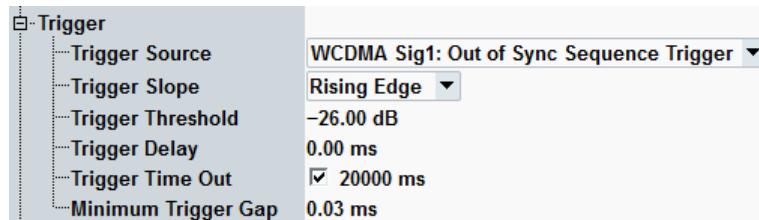


Figure 7-5: Trigger settings

Trigger Source.....	1090
Trigger Slope.....	1090
Trigger Threshold.....	1090
Trigger Delay.....	1091
Trigger Time Out.....	1091
Minimum Trigger Gap.....	1091

Trigger Source

Selects the source of the trigger event. Some of the trigger sources require additional options.

The only suitable trigger source is the following uplink frame aligned trigger:

"WCDMA Sig<n>: Out of Sync Sequence Trigger": out-of-sync handling trigger signal provided by WCDMA signaling application instance <n>. This selection is suitable for combined signal path measurements (or for standalone measurements if the signaling application uses another RF path than the measurement).

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SOURce
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:CATalog:SOURce?
```

Trigger Slope

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements and for evaluation of trigger pulses provided by other firmware applications.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SLOPe
```

Trigger Threshold

Defines the input signal power where the trigger condition is satisfied and a trigger event is generated. The trigger threshold is valid for power trigger sources. It is a dB value, relative to the reference level minus the external attenuation ("<Ref. Level> - <External Attenuation (Input)> - <Frequency Dependent External Attenuation>"). If the reference level equals the maximum output power of the DUT and the external attenuation settings are correct, the trigger threshold is relative to the maximum input power.

A low threshold can be required to ensure that the R&S CMW can always detect the input signal. A higher threshold can prevent unintended trigger events.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:THreshold
```

Trigger Delay

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. This delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on free run" measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:DElay
```

Trigger Time Out

Sets a time after which an initiated measurement must have received a trigger event. If no trigger event is received, a trigger timeout is indicated in manual operation mode. In remote control mode, the measurement is automatically stopped. The parameter can be disabled so that no timeout occurs.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT
```

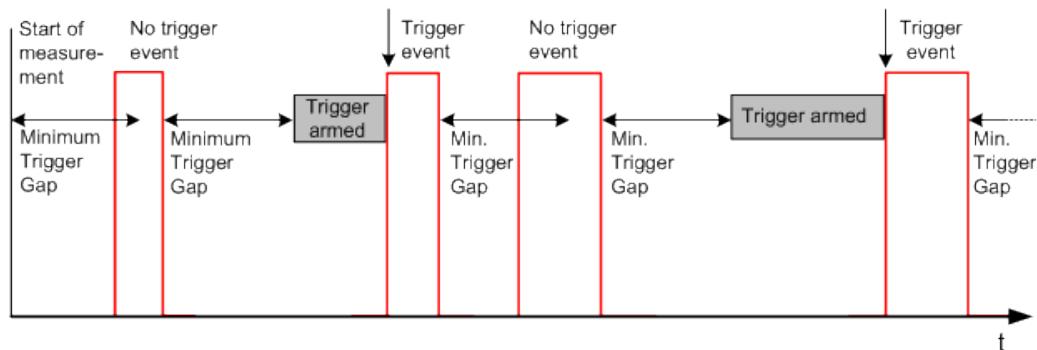
Minimum Trigger Gap

Defines a minimum duration of the power-down periods (gaps) between two triggered power pulses. This setting is valid for an "(IF) Power" trigger source.

The trigger system is controlled by a timer which is reset to zero in the following instances:

- At the IF power-down ramp of each triggered or untriggered pulse, even if the previous counter has not yet elapsed. A power-down ramp is detected when the signal power falls below the trigger threshold.
- At the beginning of each measurement. The minimum gap defines the minimum time between the start of the measurement and the first trigger event.

The trigger system is rearmed when the timer has reached the specified minimum gap.



This parameter can be used to prevent unwanted trigger events due to fast power variations.

Remote command:

```
TRIGger:WCDMA:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:MGAP
```

7.3.2.6 Generator Shortcut

This parameter enables starting the GPRF generator and using GPRF-related hotkeys and softkeys from the measurement GUI. All parameters are common measurement settings, i.e. they have the same value in all measurements (e.g. TPC measurement and multi-evaluation measurement).

For parameter descriptions, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement, [Chapter 3.3.2.6, "Generator Shortcut", on page 739](#).

7.3.2.7 Suppress "Cell Off" Message

For description, refer to the multi-evaluation measurement ([Chapter 3.3.2.7, "Suppress "Cell Off" Message", on page 739](#)).

7.3.2.8 Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement provides some softkey/hotkey combinations which have no equivalent in the configuration dialog. Most of these hotkeys provide display configurations (like diagram scaling). They are self-explanatory and usually do not have any remote-control commands assigned.

The remaining softkeys and hotkeys are displayed only while the combined signal path scenario is active and are provided by the "WCDMA Signaling" application selected as master application. For the description, refer to [Chapter 3.3.2.8, "Additional Softkeys and Hotkeys", on page 739](#).

7.3.3 Measurement Results

All results of the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement are displayed in a single view.

For detailed description, see [Chapter 7.2.7, "Measurement Results"](#), on page 1086.

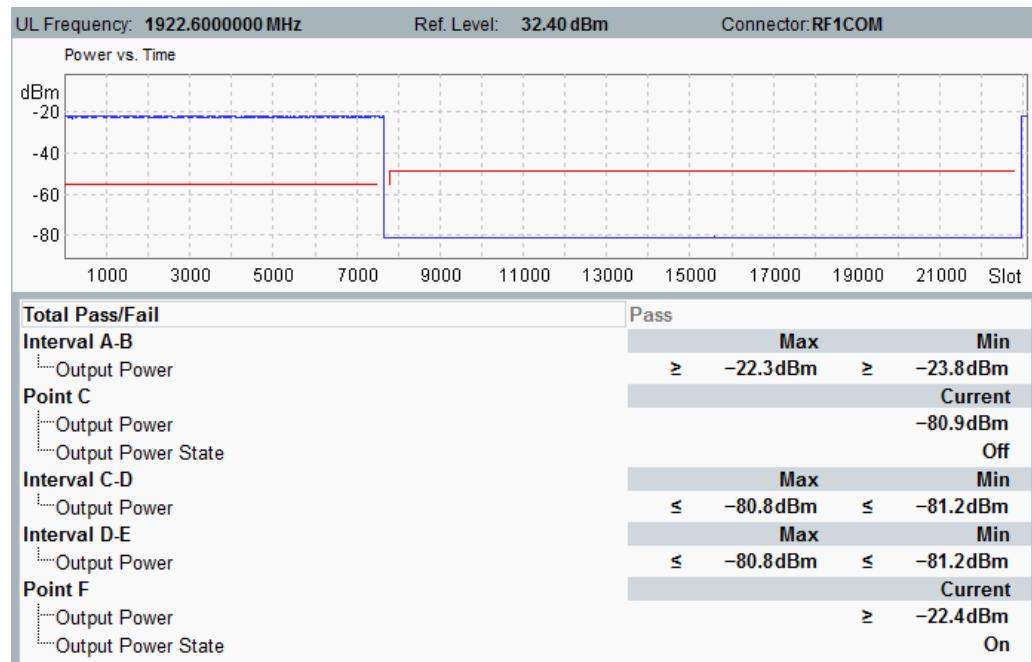


Figure 7-6: WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement results

Single Values

The results can be retrieved via the following remote commands.

Remote command:

`FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSync?` etc.

7.4 Programming

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement, using the combined signal path scenario.

See also: "Remote Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual

- [Key Features](#).....1094
- [Specifying Measurement Settings](#).....1094
- [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#).....1095
- [Configuring the Trigger System](#).....1095
- [Specifying Limit](#).....1095
- [Setting Up a Connection to the UE](#).....1095
- [Performing Measurements](#).....1096

7.4.1 Key Features

The WCDMA out-of-sync handling control measurement is programmed as follows:

- The measurement is controlled by SCPI commands with the following syntax: ...WCDMa:MEAS:OOSync...
- Use signaling commands of the type ...WCDMa:SIGN... to define the signal routing and perform RF settings.
- Use general commands of the type ...WCDMa:MEAS... (no :OOSync mnemonic) to define the general analyzer settings.
- After a *RST, the measurement is switched off. Use READ:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSync...? to initiate a single-shot measurement and retrieve the results. You can also start the measurement using INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSync and retrieve the results using FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSync...?.

7.4.2 Specifying Measurement Settings

The following sections provide programming examples for the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement, using the combined signal path scenario. The WCDMA signaling application is used to control the UE and to trigger the measurement.

```
// ****
// System-Reset
// ****
*RST; *OPC?
*CLS; *OPC?

// ****
// Activate the combined signal path scenario and select instance 1 of the
// signaling application as master.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:MEAS:SCENARIO:CSPATH 'WCDMA Sig1'

// ****
// Use the commands of the signaling application to define the signal routing.
// Set T313 and N313.
// ****
ROUTE:WCDMa:SIGN:SCENARIO:DCHSpa RF1C,RX1,RF1C,RX1,RF1C,TX1,RF1C,TX1
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:RXLStrategy AF
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence -22,-28,-24,-18
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence:STATE?
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:T313 15
Configure:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:TOUT:N313 N200
```

7.4.3 Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings

```
// ****
// Define the measurement timeout and enable automatic
// activation of DPCH level sequence for combine signal path.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:TOUT 18
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:AADPchlevel ON
```

7.4.4 Configuring the Trigger System

```
// ****
// Set trigger source, timeout, trigger level, slope, delay
// and minimum trigger gap.
// ****
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:SOURCE 'WCDMA Sig1: Out of Sync Sequence Trigger'
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:TOUT 20
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:THreshold -26
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:SLOPe REDGe
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:DELay 0.000
TRIGGER:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:MGAP 0.00003
```

7.4.5 Specifying Limit

```
// ****
// Specify threshold and timeout limits.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:P0FFupper:LIMit -55
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:PONupper:LIMit -49
CONFIGure:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:THreshold:LIMit -50
```

7.4.6 Setting Up a Connection to the UE

```
// ****
// Connect the UE (switched off). Switch on the DL signal. Query the cell
// state until it equals ON,ADJ (DL signal available at RF connector).
// ****
SOURCE:WCDMa:SIGN:CELL:STATE ON
WHILE SOURCE:WCDMA:SIGN:CELL:STATE:ALL? <> "ON,ADJ"

// ****
// Switch on the UE and wait until it is registered and attached.
// ****
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSwitched:STATe? <> "REG"
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:PSwitched:STATe? <> "ATT"

// ****
```

```
// Set up the test mode HSPA connection.
// Query the connection state until the connections have been established.
// ****
CALL:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:ACTion CONNect
WHILE FETCh:WCDMa:SIGN:CSWitched:STATE? <> "CEST"
```

7.4.7 Performing Measurements

```
// ****
// Start the DPCCH OLP measurement and wait until command processing is complete.
// The TPC setup is executed automatically.
// ****
INIT:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc
*OPC?

// ****
// Set the max UE level, change the DPCCH level via signaling application.
// ****
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:UL:TPC:SET ALL1
CONFIGure:WCDMa:SIGN:DL:ENHanced:DPCH:LSEQuence:EXECute

// ****
// Query the measurement state (should be "RDY").
// ****
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc:STATE?

// ****
// Query statistical results obtained in the measurement.
// ****
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc?

// ****
// Query limit check results obtained in the measurement
// ****
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS:OOSYnc?
```

7.5 Command Reference

The following sections provide detailed reference information on the remote control commands of the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement.

- [Conventions and General Information](#)..... 1097
- [General Measurement Settings](#)..... 1101
- [Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement Commands](#)..... 1101
- [Combined Signal Path Commands](#)..... 1109

7.5.1 Conventions and General Information

The following sections describe the most important conventions and general information concerning the command reference.

7.5.1.1 MEAS<i>

MEAS<i> is used as abbreviation of "MEASurement<instance>". For better readability only the abbreviated form (which is also accepted by the instrument) is given in the command reference.

The <instance> is relevant for instruments supporting several instances of the same firmware application. It can be omitted if the instrument supports only one instance, or to address the first instance.

See also: "Firmware Applications" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

7.5.1.2 FETCh, READ and CALCulate Commands

All commands are used to retrieve measurement results:

- FETCh... returns the results of the current measurement cycle (single-shot measurement) after they are valid. FETCh... must be used after the measurement has been started (INITiate..., measurement states RUN or RDY).
- READ... starts a new single-shot measurement and returns the results.
- CALCulate... returns one limit check result per FETCh result:
 - **OK**: The FETCh result is located within the limits or no limit has been defined/enabled for this result.
 - **ULEU** ("User limit exceeded upper"): An upper limit is violated. The FETCh result is located above the limit.
 - **ULEL** ("User limit exceeded lower"): A lower limit is violated. The FETCh result is located below the limit.

See also: "Retrieving Measurement Results" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

7.5.1.3 Keywords

Selected keywords used in the command description are described in the following.

- **Command usage**

If the usage is not explicitly stated, the command allows you to set parameters and query parameters. Otherwise the command usage is stated as follows:

- "Setting only": Command can only be used to set parameters.
- "Query only": Command can only be used to query parameters.
- "Event": Command initiates an event.

- **Parameter usage**

The parameter usage is indicated by the keyword preceding the parameters:

- "Parameters" are sent with a setting or query command and are returned as the result of a query
 - "Setting parameters" are only sent with a setting command
 - "Query parameters" are only sent with a query command (to refine the query)
 - "Return values" are only returned as the result of a query
- **Firmware/Software:**
Indicates the lowest software version supporting the command. Command enhancements in later software versions are also indicated.

7.5.1.4 Reliability Indicator

The first value in the output arrays of `FETCH...?`, `READ...?` and `CALCulate...?` queries indicates the most severe error that has occurred during the measurement.

Example for an output array: 0, 10.22, 10.15, 10.01, 10.29, 100 (reliability = 0, followed by 5 numeric measurement values).

The reliability indicator has one of the following values:

- **0 ("OK"):**
Measurement values available, no error detected.
- **1 ("Measurement Timeout"):**
The measurement has been stopped after the configured measurement timeout. Measurement results can be available. However, at least a part of the measurement provides only `INValid` results or has not completed the full statistic count.
- **2 ("Capture Buffer Overflow"):**
The measurement configuration results in a capture length that exceeds the available memory.
- **3 ("Overdriven") / 4 ("Underdriven"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the input signal level was too high / too low.
- **6 ("Trigger Timeout"):**
The measurement could not be started or continued because no trigger event was detected.
- **7 ("Acquisition Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not properly decode the RF input signal.
- **8 ("Sync Error"):**
The R&S CMW could not synchronize to the RF input signal.
- **9 ("Uncal"):**
Due to an inappropriate configuration of resolution bandwidth, video bandwidth or sweep time, the measurement results are not within the specified data sheet limits.
- **15 ("Reference Frequency Error"):**
The instrument has been configured to use an external reference signal. But the reference oscillator could not be phase-locked to the external signal (for example signal level too low, frequency out of range or reference signal not available at all).
- **16 ("RF Not Available"):**
The measurement could not be started because the configured RF input path was not active. This problem can occur for example if a measurement is started in com-

bined signal path mode and the master application has not yet activated the input path. The LEDs above the RF connectors indicate whether the input and output paths are active.

- **17 ("RF Level not Settled") / 18 ("RF Frequency not Settled"):**
The measurement could not be started because the R&S CMW was not yet ready to deliver stable results after a change of the input signal power / the input signal frequency.
- **19 ("Call not Established"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because no signaling connection to the DUT was established.
For DAU IMS service: Establishing a voice over IMS call failed.
- **20 ("Call Type not Usable"):**
For measurements: The measurement could not be started because the established signaling connection had wrong properties.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS settings could not be applied.
- **21 ("Call Lost"):**
For measurements: The measurement was interrupted because the signaling connection to the DUT was lost.
For DAU IMS service: The voice over IMS call was lost.
- **23 ("Missing Option"):**
The ARB file cannot be played by the GPRF generator due to a missing option.
- **24 ("Invalid RF Setting"):**
The desired RF TX level or RF RX reference level could not be applied.
- **26 ("Resource Conflict"):**
The application could not be started or has been stopped due to a conflicting hardware resource or software option that is allocated by another application.
Stop the application that has allocated the conflicting resources and try again.
- **27 ("No Sensor Connected"):**
The GPRF external power sensor measurement could not be started due to missing power sensor.
- **28 ("Unexpected Parameter Change"):**
One or more measurement configuration parameters were changed while the measurement completed. The results were not obtained with these new parameter values. Repeat the measurement. This situation can only occur in remote single-shot mode.
- **30 ("File not Found"):**
The specified file could not be found.
- **31 ("No DTM reply"):**
The EUT did not reply to the direct test mode (DTM) command.
- **32 ("ACL Disconnected"):**
The ACL connection has been disconnected or lost.
- **40 ("ARB File CRC Error"):**
The cyclic redundancy check of the ARB file failed. The ARB file is corrupt and not reliable.
- **42 ("ARB Header Tag Invalid"):**
The ARB file selected in the GPRF generator contains an invalid header tag.

- **43 ("ARB Segment Overflow"):**
The number of segments in the multi-segment ARB file is higher than the allowed maximum.
- **44 ("ARB File not Found"):**
The selected ARB file could not be found.
- **45 ("ARB Memory Overflow"):**
The ARB file length is greater than the available memory.
- **46 ("ARB Sample Rate out of Range"):**
The clock rate of the ARB file is either too high or too low.
- **47 ("ARB Cycles out of Range"):**
The repetition mode equals "Single Shot" and the playback length is greater than 40 s. Reduce the playback length or set the repetition mode to "Continuous".
$$<\text{Length}> = (<\text{Cycles}> * <\text{Samples}> + <\text{Additional Samples}>) / <\text{Clock Rate}>$$
- **50 ("Startup Error"):**
The data application unit (DAU), a DAU service or a DAU measurement could not be started. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **51 ("No Reply"):**
The DAU has received no response, for example for a ping request.
- **52 ("Connection Error"):**
The DAU could not establish a connection to internal components. Restart the instrument.
- **53 ("Configuration Error"):**
The current DAU configuration is incomplete or wrong and could not be applied. Check especially the IP address configuration.
- **54 ("Filesystem Error"):**
The hard disk of the DAU is full or corrupt. Execute a DAU self-test.
- **60 ("Invalid RF-Connector Setting"):**
The individual segments of a list mode measurement with R&S CMWS use different connector benches. All segments must use the same bench.
Check the "Info" dialog for the relevant segment numbers.
- **93 ("OCXO Oven Temperature too low"):**
The accuracy of measurement results can be impaired because the oven-controlled crystal oscillator has a too low temperature. After switching-on the instrument, the OCXO requires a warm-up phase to reach its operating temperature.
- **101 ("Firmware Error"):**
Indicates a firmware or software error. If you encounter this error for the first time, restart the instrument.
If the error occurs again, consider the following hints:
 - Firmware errors can often be repaired by restoring the factory default settings. To restore these settings, restart your instrument and press the "Factory Default" softkey during startup.
 - If a software package (update) has not been properly installed, this failure is often indicated in the "Setup" dialog, section "SW/HW-Equipment > Installed Software".

- Check for software updates correcting the error. Updates are for example provided in the CMW customer web on GLORIS (registration required): <https://extranet.rohde-schwarz.com>.

If you get firmware errors even with the properly installed latest software version, send a problem report including log files to Rohde & Schwarz.

- **102 ("Unidentified Error"):**
Indicates an error not covered by other reliability values. For troubleshooting, follow the steps described for "101 (Firmware Error)".
- **103 ("Parameter Error"):**
Indicates that the measurement could not be performed due to internal conflicting parameter settings.
A good approach to localize the conflicting settings is to start with a reset or preset or even restore the factory default settings. Then reconfigure the measurement step by step and check when the error occurs for the first time.
If you need assistance to localize the conflicting parameter settings, contact Rohde & Schwarz (see <http://www.service.rohde-schwarz.com>).
- **104 ("Not Functional"):**
The application could not be started with the configured parameter set.

7.5.2 General Measurement Settings

The commands valid for all WCDMA measurements are described here: [Chapter 3.5.2, "General Measurement Settings", on page 759](#)

7.5.3 Out-Of-Sync Handling Measurement Commands

The commands for the WCDMA out-of-sync handling measurement are divided into the groups listed below.

● Measurement Control and States	1101
● Measurement Control Parameters	1103
● Trigger Settings	1104
● Limit	1107
● Results	1108

7.5.3.1 [Measurement Control and States](#)

The following commands control the measurement and return the current measurement state.

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc	1102
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc	1102
ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc	1102
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:STATe?	1102
FETCH:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:STATe:ALL?	1103

INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc**STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc****ABORT:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc**

Starts, stops, or aborts the measurement:

- INITiate... starts or restarts the measurement. The measurement enters the "RUN" state.
- STOP... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "RDY" state. Measurement results are kept. The resources remain allocated to the measurement.
- ABORT... halts the measurement immediately. The measurement enters the "OFF" state. All measurement values are set to NAV. Allocated resources are released.

Use FETCh...STATE? to query the current measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Event

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Out-of-Sync \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1088

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:STATe?

Queries the main measurement state. Use FETCh:...:STATE:ALL? to query the measurement state including the substates. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<State> OFF | RUN | RDY

OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after ABORT...)

RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued

RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available

*RST: OFF

Example: See [Performing Measurements](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Out-of-Sync \(Softkey\)](#)" on page 1088

FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:STATE:ALL?

Queries the main measurement state and the measurement substates. Both measurement substates are relevant for running measurements only. Use FETCh:...:STATE? to query the main measurement state only. Use INITiate..., STOP..., ABORT... to change the measurement state.

See also: "Measurement Control" in the R&S CMW base unit manual, chapter "Remote Control"

Return values:

<MainState>	OFF RDY RUN
	OFF: measurement switched off, no resources allocated, no results available (when entered after STOP...)
	RDY: measurement has been terminated, valid results are available
	RUN: measurement running (after INITiate..., READ...), synchronization pending or adjusted, resources active or queued
*RST:	OFF
<SyncState>	PEND ADJ INV
	PEND: waiting for resource allocation, adjustment, hardware switching ("pending")
	ADJ: all necessary adjustments finished, measurement running ("adjusted")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
<ResourceState>	QUE ACT INV
	QUE: measurement without resources, no results available ("queued")
	ACT: resources allocated, acquisition of results in progress but not complete ("active")
	INV: not applicable because <MainState>: OFF or RDY ("invalid")
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.50
Manual operation:	See " Out-of-Sync (Softkey) " on page 1088

7.5.3.2 Measurement Control Parameters

The following commands define measurement control parameters for the out-of-sync handling measurement.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT <Timeout>

Defines a timeout for the measurement. The timer is started when the measurement is initiated via a READ or INIT command. It is not started if the measurement is initiated manually (ON/OFF key or RESTART/STOP key).

When the measurement has completed the first measurement cycle (first single shot), the statistical depth is reached and the timer is reset.

If the first measurement cycle has not been completed when the timer expires, the measurement is stopped. The measurement state changes to RDY. The reliability indicator is set to 1, indicating that a measurement timeout occurred. Still running READ, FETCh or CALCulate commands are completed, returning the available results. At least for some results, there are no values at all or the statistical depth has not been reached.

A timeout of 0 s corresponds to an infinite measurement timeout.

Parameters:

<Timeout> Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:AADPchlevel <Enable>

Enables or disables automatic activation of DPCH level sequence, provided by WCDMA signaling application. With auto execution, the sequence is activated by starting the measurement.

Parameters:

<Enable> OFF | ON

*RST: ON

Example: See [Configuring Measurement-Specific Settings](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Auto Active DPCH Level Sequence" on page 1089

7.5.3.3 Trigger Settings

The following commands define the trigger parameters.

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:CATalog:SOURce?	1104
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:DELay	1105
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:MGAP	1105
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SLOPe	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SOURce	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:THRehold	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT	1107

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:CATalog:SOURce?

Lists all trigger source values that can be set using `TRIGger : WCDMa : MEAS<i> : OOSYnc : SOURce`.

Return values:

<TriggerList> Comma-separated list of all supported values. Each value is represented as a string.

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Usage: Query only

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Trigger Source" on page 1090

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:DELay <Delay>

Defines a time delaying the start of the measurement relative to the trigger event. The delay is useful if the trigger event and the uplink DPCH slot border are not synchronous. A measurement starts always at an uplink DPCH slot border. Triggering a measurement at another time can yield a synchronization error.

For internal trigger sources aligned to the downlink DPCH, an additional delay of 1024 chips is automatically applied. It corresponds to the assumed delay between downlink and uplink slot.

This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<Delay> Range: -666.7E-6 s to 0.24 s
*RST: 0 s
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Trigger Delay" on page 1091

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:MGAP <MinimumGap>

Sets a minimum time during which the IF signal must be below the trigger threshold before the trigger is armed so that an IF power trigger event can be generated.

Parameters:

<MinimumGap> Range: 0 s to 0.01 s
*RST: 25E-6 s
Default unit: s

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Minimum Trigger Gap" on page 1091

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SLOPe <Slope>

Qualifies whether the trigger event is generated at the rising or at the falling edge of the trigger pulse (valid for external and power trigger sources).

Parameters:

<Slope>	REDGe FEDGE
	REDGe: Rising edge
	FEDGE: Falling edge
*RST:	REDG

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Trigger Slope" on page 1090

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SOURce <Source>

Selects the source of the trigger events. Some values are always available in this firmware application. They are listed below. Depending on the installed options, additional values are available. A complete list of all supported values can be displayed using TRIGger:...:CATalog:SOURce?.

Parameters:

<Source>	'Free Run (Standard)': Free Run (standard synchronization)
	'Free Run (Fast Sync)': Free Run (fast synchronization)
	'IF Power': Power trigger (normal synchronization)
	'IF Power (Sync)': Power trigger (extended synchronization)
*RST:	'Free Run (Standard)'

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Trigger Source" on page 1090

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:THreshold <Level>

Defines the trigger threshold for power trigger sources.

Parameters:

<Level>	Range: -47 dB to 0 dB
	*RST: -26 dB
	Default unit: dB (full scale, i.e. relative to reference level minus external attenuation)

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Trigger Threshold" on page 1090

TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT <TimeOut>

Selects the maximum time that the R&S CMW waits for a trigger event before it stops the measurement in remote control mode or indicates a trigger timeout in manual operation mode. This setting has no influence on "Free Run" measurements.

Parameters:

<TimeOut>	Range: 0.01 s to 60 s *RST: 20 s Default unit: s Additional parameters: OFF ON (disables enables the timeout)
-----------	--

Example: See [Configuring the Trigger System](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Trigger Time Out](#)" on page 1091

7.5.3.4 Limit

The following command defines limits for out-of-sync handling tests.

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:POFFupper.....	1107
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:PONupper.....	1107
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:THreshold.....	1108

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:POFFupper <POULimit>

Specifies the transmitted power of the UE below which the UE's transmitter is considered to be off.

Parameters:

<POULimit>	Range: -90 dBm to 53 dBm *RST: -55 dBm
------------	---

Example: See [Specifying Limit](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "[Power Off Upper Limit](#)" on page 1089

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:PONupper <PONLower>

Specifies the transmitted power of the UE above which the UE's transmitter is considered to be on.

Parameters:

<PONLower>	Range: -70 dBm to 34 dBm *RST: -49 dBm
------------	---

Example: See [Specifying Limit](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Power On Lower Limit" on page 1089

CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:THReholdlevel <THREsholdlevel>

Specifies the reliability of results for "RX Level Strategy" ≠ "Max A off F Max". If the UE transmitter is expected to be on and the UE power is below the limit, results are not reliable.

Parameters:

<THREsholdlevel> Range: -65 dB to 0 dB
*RST: -50 dB

Example: See [Specifying Limit](#)

Firmware/Software: V3.5.50

Manual operation: See "Power Threshold Limit" on page 1089

7.5.3.5 Results

The following commands return the results displayed in tables and diagrams at the GUI.

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?	1108
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?	1108
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?	1108

CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?**FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?****READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?**

Return the the results of out-of-synchronization handling measurement.

Return values:

<Reliability>	See Reliability Indicator
<OutPowABmax>	Maximal output power measured in interval A-B Default unit: dBm
<OutPowABmin>	Minimal output power measured in interval A-B Default unit: dBm
<OutPowCcurrent>	Output power measured for point C Default unit: dBm
<OutPowCState>	OFF NOFF State of output power for point C OFF: UE transmitter off NOFF: UE transmitter not off
<OutPowCDmax>	Maximal output power measured in interval C-D Default unit: dBm

<OutPowCDmin>	Minimal output power measured in interval C-D Default unit: dBm
<OutPowDEmax>	Maximal output power measured in interval D-E Default unit: dBm
<OutPowDEmin>	Minimal output power measured in interval D-E Default unit: dBm
<OutPowFCurrent>	Output power measured for point F Default unit: dBm
<OutPowFState>	ON NON State of output power for point F ON : UE transmitter on NON : UE transmitter not on
Example:	See Performing Measurements
Usage:	Query only
Firmware/Software:	V3.5.50
For additional information concerning syntax elements and returned values, refer to Conventions and General Information .	

7.5.4 Combined Signal Path Commands

For some settings, the command to be used depends on the active scenario. While the combined signal path (CSP) scenario is active, these settings are configured via commands of the signaling application. While the standalone (SA) scenario is active, they are configured via measurement commands.

The following table provides the mapping for out-of-sync handling measurement commands. For general measurement settings, see [Mapping for general measurement settings](#).

Table 7-1: Mapping for out-of-sync handling measurement commands

Setting	Commands for SA scenario	Commands for CSP scenario
DPCCH level in downlink	n/a	<pre>CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH: LSEQuence CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH: LSEQuence:EXECute CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH: LSEQuence:STATE? CONFigure:WCDMa:SIGN<i>:DL:ENHanced:DPCH: RXLStrategy</pre>

7.6 List of Commands

ABORt:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc.....	1102
CALCulate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?.....	1108
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:AADPchlevel.....	1104
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:POFFupper.....	1107
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:PONupper.....	1107
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:LIMit:THReshold.....	1108
CONFigure:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT.....	1103
FETCh:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:STATe:ALL?.....	1103
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INITiate:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc.....	1102
READ:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc?.....	1108
STOP:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc.....	1102
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:CATalog:SOURce?.....	1104
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:DELay.....	1105
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:MGAP.....	1105
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SLOPe.....	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:SOURce.....	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:THReshold.....	1106
TRIGger:WCDMa:MEAS<i>:OOSYnc:TOUT.....	1107

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- 2nd scrambling code
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- $\Delta\text{ACK}, \Delta\text{NACK}, \Delta\text{CQI}$
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- $\Delta\text{E-DPCCH}$
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