Keyword: friend

```
class Account
{
    friend class Bank;
    Public:
       unsigned int Id() const;
    private:
       unsigned int id;
};
```

How does this affect Bank?

```
class Account
{
  friend class Bank;
  Public:
    unsigned int Id() const;
  private:
    unsigned int id;
};
```

- How does this affect Bank?
 - Bank can now directly access the id variable
 - All other classes have to go through the Id() function

```
Account* Bank::AccountData(int id) const
             int i;
             for (i = 0; i < Bank::MAX_ACCOUNTS; i++)
                if (accounts[i] != NULL && accounts[i] ->id == id)
                  break;
             //could not find
             if (i >= Bank::MAX_ACCOUNTS)
                return NULL;
             return accounts[i];
class Account
 friend class Bank;
 Public:
   unsigned int Id() const;
 private:
   unsigned int id;
};
```

```
/* Main */
Account *account = bank.AccountData(accountId);
...
int id = account->Id();
```

```
class Account
{
  friend class Bank;
  Public:
    unsigned int Id() const;
  private:
    unsigned int id;
};
```

```
class Money
{
  public:
    int Amount() const;
  private:
    int amt;
};
```

 But what if we didn't want an entire class to have full access?

Friend Functions

```
class Money
{
    friend void PrintDollars(const Money &m);
    public:
        int Amount() const;
    private:
        int amt;
};
...
void PrintDollars(const Money &m);
```

- But what if we didn't want an entire class to have full access?
 - We can grant access to specific functions instead
 - Now only PrintDollars() can access the amt variable

Friend Functions

```
void PrintDollars(const Money &money)
              int amt = money.amt;
              if (amt < 0)
                amt *= -1;
                std::cout << "-";
              std::cout << "$" << amt / 100 << "." << amt % 100;
class Money
 friend void PrintDollars (const Money &m);
 public:
   int Amount() const;
 private:
   int amt;
};
void PrintDollars(const Money &m);
```