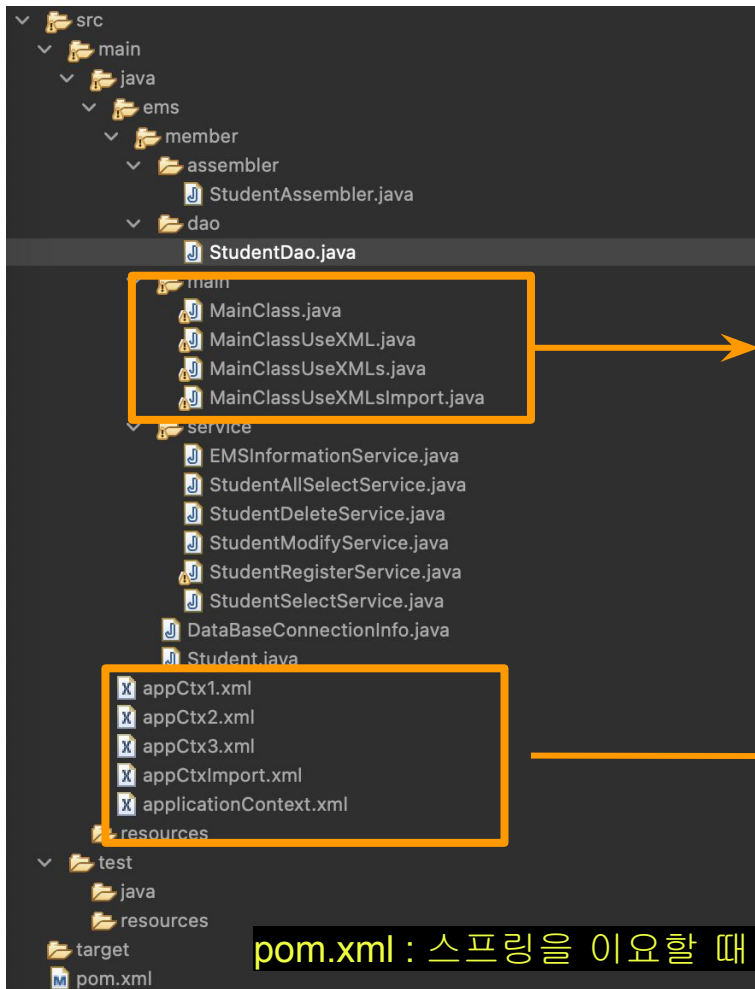


# EMS

**E**ducation **M**anagement **S**ystem

분석하기. 2023-01-30-월

## # 파일 구조



가장 먼저 실행할 수 있는 파일 (여기서 시작)

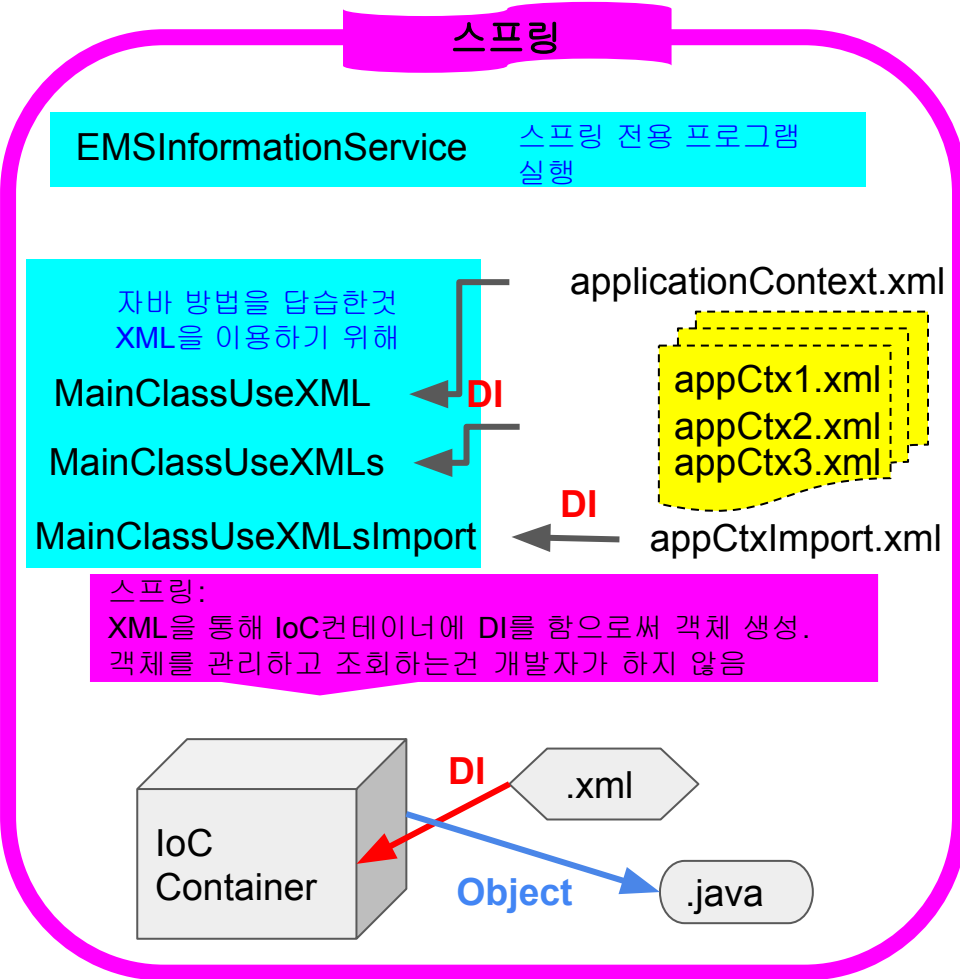
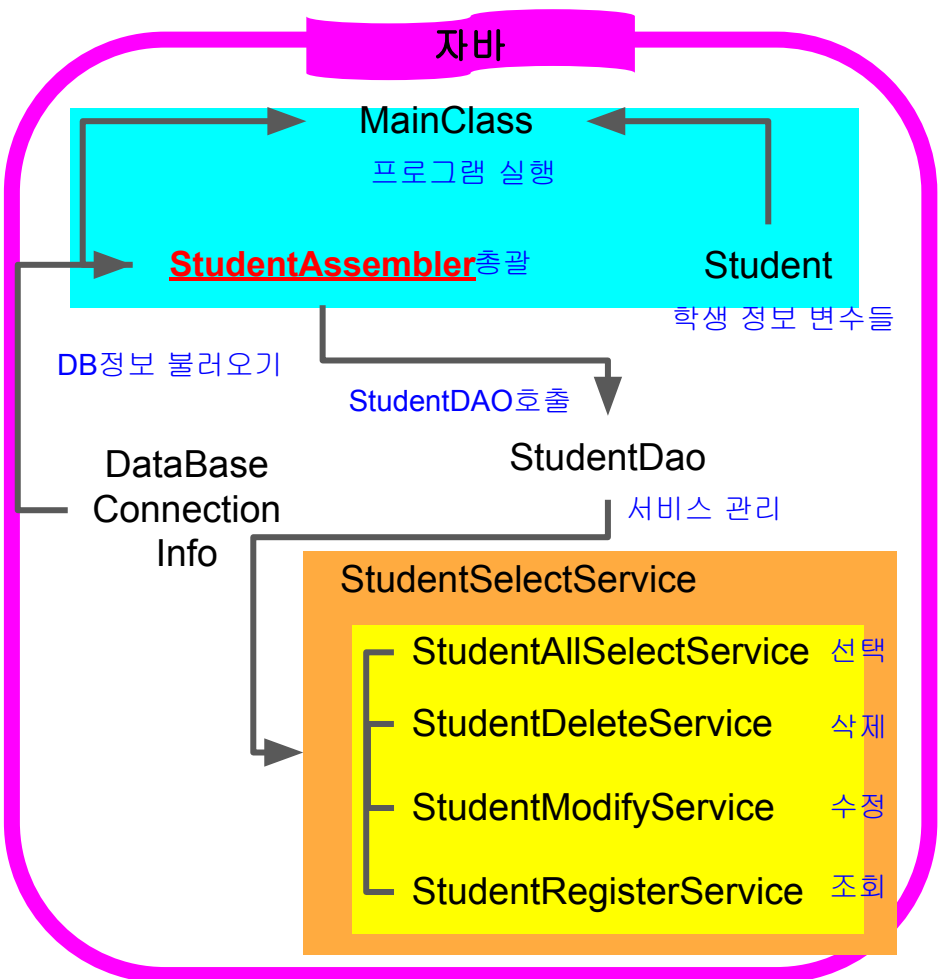
1. MainClass.java : 기존의 자바 객체 방법을 이용
2. ~~~XML ~~ .java: XML을 이용해 IoC에 DI하는 스프링 방법

1. EMSInformationService.java: XML방법을 이용할 때 필요

XML을 통해 IoC컨테이너에 DI

pom.xml : 스프링을 이요할 때 기본적으로 필요

\$ 실행 수형도 (.xml제외하고 모두 자바 파일임 ~.java생략)



# StudentDao.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.

```
1 package ems.member.dao;|
2
3+ import java.util.HashMap;|
7
8 public class StudentDao {
9
10     private Map<String, Student> studentDB = new HashMap<String, Student>();
11
12- public void insert(Student student) {
13         studentDB.put(student.getNum(), student);
14     }
15
16- public Student select(String sNum) {
17         return studentDB.get(sNum);
18     }
19
20- public void update(Student student) {
21         studentDB.put(student.getNum(), student);
22     }
23
24- public void delete(String sNum) {
25         studentDB.remove(sNum);
26     }
27
28- public Map<String, Student> getStudentDB() {
29         return studentDB;
30     }
31 }
32
33
```

맵 (컬렉션 프레임워크)로 선언

맵에 넣을 때에는 put 매서드를 이용, 학번을 가장 먼저 넣

위에서 선언한 StudentDB에서 sNums(학번)을 기준으로 객체 선언

학번을 기준으로 정보 수정

학번을 삭제

생성한 Map을 받아오는 getter

# StudentAssembler.java: StudentDao를 통해 다른 패키지들과 연결해주는 컨트롤러 역할을 하는 자바

```
package ems.member.assembler;

import ems.member.dao.StudentDao;

public class StudentAssembler {

    private StudentDao studentDao;
    private StudentRegisterService registerService;
    private StudentModifyService modifyService;
    private StudentDeleteService deleteService;
    private StudentSelectService selectService;
    private StudentAllSelectService allSelectService;

    public StudentAssembler() {
        studentDao = new StudentDao();
        registerService = new StudentRegisterService(studentDao);
        modifyService = new StudentModifyService(studentDao);
        deleteService = new StudentDeleteService(studentDao);
        selectService = new StudentSelectService(studentDao);
        allSelectService = new StudentAllSelectService(studentDao);
    }
}
```

필요한 자바 파일들을 이용하기 위해 import문에서 모두 불러

→ 필드 멤버 변수로 선언

studentDao는 기본적으로 모두 이용.

객체로 선언

```
StudentAssembler assembler = new StudentAssembler();
```

이런 식으로 다른 패키지에 있는 객체로 선언해서 이용

```
StudentRegisterService registerService = assembler.getRegisterService();
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < sNums.length; j++) {
    Student student = new Student(sNums[j], sIds[j], sPws[j], sNames[j],
        sAges[j], sGenders[j], sMajors[j]);
    registerService.register(student);
}
```

# StudentAssembler.java: StudentDao를 통해 다른 패키지들과 연결해주는 컨트롤러 역할을 하는  
자바

```
StudentModifyService modifyService = assembler.getModifyService();  
modifyService.modify(new Student("H39lesvj7544vf89", "deer", "00000", "melissa",  
    26, "W", "Vocal Music"));
```

modify 매서드를 이용해  
임의 학번 수정

```
StudentSelectService selectService = assembler.getSelectService();  
Student modifiedStudent = selectService.select("H39lesvj7544vf89");  
System.out.print("sNum:" + modifiedStudent.getNum() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sId:" + modifiedStudent.getId() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sPw:" + modifiedStudent.getPw() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sName:" + modifiedStudent.getName() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sAge:" + modifiedStudent.getAge() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sGender:" + modifiedStudent.getGender() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sMajor:" + modifiedStudent.getMajor() + "\n\n");
```

# MainClass.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.

```
package ems.member.main;
```

```
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
import java.util.Set;
```

```
import ems.member.Student;
import ems.member.assembler.StudentAssembler;
import ems.member.service.StudentAllSelectService;
import ems.member.service.StudentModifyService;
import ems.member.service.StudentRegisterService;
import ems.member.service.StudentSelectService;
```

```
public class MainClass {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        String[] sNums = {"H39r8djakndfae32", "H39asdfaelu42o23", "H39iiemamca8w9h4",
                           "H39lkmn754fghia7", "H39plo865cuy8k92", "H39mnbviiad89q1",
                           "H399omjjyv56t3d5", "H39lczaqwg644gj8", "H39ymbcsh74thgh2",
                           "H39lesvj7544vf89"};

        String[] sIds = {"rabbit", "hippo", "raccoon", "elephant", "lion",
                         "tiger", "pig", "horse", "bird", "deer"};

        String[] sPws = {"96539", "94875", "15284", "48765", "28661",
                         "60915", "30028", "29801", "28645", "28465"};

        String[] sNames = {"agatha", "barbara", "chris", "doris", "elva",
                           "fiona", "holly", "jasmin", "lena", "melissa"};

        int[] sAges = {19, 22, 20, 27, 19, 21, 19, 25, 22, 24};
        String[] sGenders = {"M", "W", "W", "M", "M", "M", "W", "M", "W", "W"};
        String[] sMajors = {"English Literature", "Korean Language and Literature",
                           "French Language and Literature", "Philosophy", "History",
                           "Law", "Statistics", "Computer", "Economics", "Public Administration"};
```

MainClass.java를 이용하기 위해 가장 먼저 선언하는 코드

필요한 자바 “유틸” 패키지 임포트

다른 패키지에 있는 자바 파일을 이용하기 위해서 임포트

메인 클래스!!!!

필드 멤버 변수 초기화

|          |             |
|----------|-------------|
| sNums    | 학생 번호(학번)   |
| sIds     | 학생 아이디(닉네임) |
| sPws     | 학생 비밀번호     |
| sNames   | 학생 이름       |
| sAges    | 학생 나이       |
| sGenders | 학생 성별       |
| sMajors  | 학생 전공       |



## # MainClass.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.

```
while(true) {  
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);  
    String str = "";
```

MainClass에서 실행 실행되는 부분

실행화면

```
System.out.println("\n=====");  
    + "=====");  
System.out.println("Select number.");  
System.out.println("1. Check student information");  
System.out.println("2. Exit");
```

```
str = scanner.next();  
if(str.equals("2")) {  
    System.out.println("Bye~~");  
    break;  
} else {  
    System.out.println("Please input your class number.");
```

```
str = scanner.next();  
Student student = selectService.select(str);  
System.out.print("sNum:" + student.getNum() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sId:" + student.getId() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sPw:" + student.getPw() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sName:" + student.getName() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sAge:" + student.getAge() + "\t");  
System.out.print("|sGender:" + student.getGender() + "\t");  
System.out.println("|sMajor:" + student.getMajor() + "\t");
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

|                       |              |           |               |         |           |                        |
|-----------------------|--------------|-----------|---------------|---------|-----------|------------------------|
| sNum:H39lesvj7544vf89 | sId:deer     | sPw:00000 | sName:melissa | sAge:26 | sGender:W | sMajor:Vocal Music     |
| sNum:H39lczaqwg644gj8 | sId:horse    | sPw:29801 | sName:jasmin  | sAge:25 | sGender:M | sMajor:Computer        |
| sNum:H39r8djakndfae32 | sId:rabbit   | sPw:96539 | sName:agatha  | sAge:19 | sGender:M | sMajor:English Lite    |
| sNum:H39lkmn754fghia7 | sId:elephant | sPw:48765 | sName:doris   | sAge:27 | sGender:M | sMajor:Philosophy      |
| sNum:H39iieamca8w9h4  | sId:raccoon  | sPw:15284 | sName:chris   | sAge:20 | sGender:W | sMajor:French Language |
| sNum:H39ymbcsh74thgh2 | sId:bird     | sPw:28645 | sName:lena    | sAge:22 | sGender:W | sMajor:Economics       |
| sNum:H399omjjyv56t3d5 | sId:pig      | sPw:30028 | sName:holly   | sAge:19 | sGender:W | sMajor:Statistics      |
| sNum:H39mnbvilaed89q1 | sId:tiger    | sPw:60915 | sName:fiona   | sAge:21 | sGender:M | sMajor:Law             |
| sNum:H39lesvj7544vf89 | sId:deer     | sPw:00000 | sName:melissa | sAge:26 | sGender:W | sMajor:Vocal Music     |
| sNum:H39plo865cuy8k92 | sId:lion     | sPw:28661 | sName:elva    | sAge:19 | sGender:M | sMajor:History         |
| sNum:H39asdfaelu42o23 | sId:hippo    | sPw:94875 | sName:barbara | sAge:22 | sGender:W | sMajor:Korean Language |

```
Select number.  
1. Check student information  
2. Exit  
1
```

```
Please input your class number.  
H39lczaqwg644gj8
```

|                       |           |           |              |         |           |                 |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|
| sNum:H39lczaqwg644gj8 | sId:horse | sPw:29801 | sName:jasmin | sAge:25 | sGender:M | sMajor:Computer |
|-----------------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|---------|-----------|-----------------|

```
Select number.  
1. Check student information  
2. Exit
```



# MainClass.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.

```
StudentSelectService selectService = assembler.selectService();
Student modifiedStudent = selectService.select("H39lesvj7544vf89");
System.out.print("sNum:" + modifiedStudent.getNum() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sId:" + modifiedStudent.getId() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sPw:" + modifiedStudent.getPw() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sName:" + modifiedStudent.getName() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sAge:" + modifiedStudent.getAge() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sGender:" + modifiedStudent.getGender() + "\t");
System.out.print("|sMajor:" + modifiedStudent.getMajor() + "\n\n");
```

학번을 기준으로 수정하는 코드

```
StudentAllSelectService allSelectService = assembler.getAllSelectService();
Map<String, Student> allStudent = allSelectService.allSelect();
Set<String> keys = allStudent.keySet();
Iterator<String> iterator = keys.iterator();
```

selectServiced에서

select메서드를 사용해 특정 학번을 불러옴

방법: Map의 key, iterator();

```
while (iterator.hasNext()) {
    String key = iterator.next();
    Student student = allStudent.get(key);
    System.out.print("sNum:" + student.getNum() + "\t");
    System.out.print("|sId:" + student.getId() + "\t");
    System.out.print("|sPw:" + student.getPw() + "\t");
    System.out.print("|sName:" + student.getName() + "\t");
    System.out.print("|sAge:" + student.getAge() + "\t");
    System.out.print("|sGender:" + student.getGender() + "\t");
    System.out.println("|sMajor:" + student.getMajor() + "\t");
}
```

}

# StudentAllSelectService.java: StudentDao를 이용해 DB에서 불러옴

```
public class StudentAllSelectService {  
    private StudentDao studentDao;  
    public StudentAllSelectService(StudentDao studentDao) {  
        this.studentDao = studentDao;  
    }  
    public Map<String, Student> allSelect() {  
        return studentDao.getAllStudentDB();  
    }  
}
```

# StudentModifyService.java: 학번을 기준으로 수정

```
public class StudentModifyService {  
    private StudentDao studentDao;  
    public StudentModifyService(StudentDao studentDao) {  
        this.studentDao = studentDao;  
    }  
    public void modify(Student student) {  
        if (verify(student.getsNum())) {  
            studentDao.update(student);  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Student information is not available.");  
        }  
    }  
    public boolean verify(String sNum) {  
        Student student = studentDao.select(sNum);  
        return student != null ? true : false;  
    }  
}
```

# StudentRegisterService.java: 이미 있는 학생인지 검사

```
public class StudentRegisterService {  
    private StudentDao studentDao;  
    public StudentRegisterService(StudentDao studentDao) {  
        this.studentDao = studentDao;  
    }  
    public void register(Student student) {  
        String sNum = student.getsNum();  
        if (verify(student.getsNum())) {  
            studentDao.insert(student);  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("The student has already registered.");  
        }  
    }  
    public boolean verify(String sNum) {  
        Student student = studentDao.select(sNum);  
        return student == null ? true : false;  
    }  
}
```

# StudentSelectService.java: 학번을 기준으로 선택

```
public class StudentSelectService {  
    private StudentDao studentDao;  
    public StudentSelectService(StudentDao studentDao) {  
        this.studentDao = studentDao;  
    }  
    public Student select(String sNum) {  
        if (verify(sNum)) {  
            return studentDao.select(sNum);  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Student information is not available.");  
        }  
        return null; StudentDao에 학번이 없으면 false 반환  
    }  
    public boolean verify(String sNum) {  
        Student student = studentDao.select(sNum);  
        return student != null ? true : false;  
    }  
}
```

## # DataBaseConnectionInfo.java: DB연동을 위한 자바

```
public class DataBaseConnectionInfo {  
  
    private String jdbcUrl;  
    private String userId;  
    private String userPw;  
  
    public String getJdbcUrl() {  
        return jdbcUrl;  
    }  
    public void setJdbcUrl(String jdbcUrl) {  
        this.jdbcUrl = jdbcUrl;  
    }  
    public String getUserId() {  
        return userId;  
    }  
    public void setUserId(String userId) {  
        this.userId = userId;  
    }  
    public String getUserPw() {  
        return userPw;  
    }  
    public void setUserPw(String userPw) {  
        this.userPw = userPw;  
    }  
}
```

## # Student.java: 학생정보를 셋팅하는 자바 (setter, getter)

```
public class Student {  
  
    private String sNum;  
    private String sId;  
    private String sPw;  
    private String sName;  
    private int sAge;  
    private String sGender;  
    private String sMajor;  
  
    public Student(String sNum, String sId, String sPw, String sName,  
        int sAge, String sGender, String sMajor) {  
        this.sNum = sNum;  
        this.sId = sId;  
        this.sPw = sPw;  
        this.sName = sName;  
        this.sAge = sAge;  
        this.sGender = sGender;  
        this.sMajor = sMajor;  
    }  
}
```

# StudentDeleteService.java: 학번을 기준으로 삭제하는 자바. → 실행할 때 되지 않음!!??

```
public class StudentDeleteService {  
    private StudentDao studentDao;  
  
    public StudentDeleteService(StudentDao studentDao) {  
        this.studentDao = studentDao;  
    }  
  
    public void delete(Student student) {  
        if(verify(student.getNum())) {  
            studentDao.delete(student.getNum());  
        } else {  
            System.out.println("Student information is not available.");  
        }  
    }  
  
    public boolean verify(String sNum){ StudentDao에 학번이 없으면 false 반환  
        Student student = studentDao.select(sNum);  
        return student != null ? true : false;  
    }  
}
```



# MainClass.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.

```
package ems.member.main;
```

```
import java.util.Iterator;  
import java.util.Map;  
import java.util.Scanner;  
import java.util.Set;
```

MainClass.java를 이용하기 위해 가장 먼저 선언하는 코드

패키지 임포트

```
import ems.member.Student;  
import ems.member.assembler.StudentAssembler;  
import ems.member.service.StudentAllSelectService;  
import ems.member.service.StudentModifyService;  
import ems.member.service.StudentRegisterService;  
import ems.member.service.StudentSelectService;
```

```
public class MainClass {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        String[] sNums = {"H39r8djakndfae32", "H39asdfaelu42o23", "H39iemamca8w9h4",  
                           "H39lkmn754fghia7", "H39plo865cuy8k92", "H39mnbviiad89q1",  
                           "H399omjjyv56t3d5", "H39lczaqwg644gj8", "H39ymbcsh74thgh2",  
                           "H39lesvj7544vf89"};
```

```
        String[] sIds = {"rabbit", "hippo", "raccoon", "elephant", "lion",  
                          "tiger", "pig", "horse", "bird", "deer"};
```

```
        String[] sPws = {"96539", "94875", "15284", "48765", "28661",  
                          "60915", "30028", "29801", "28645", "28465"};
```

```
        String[] sNames = {"agatha", "barbara", "chris", "doris", "elva",  
                            "fiona", "holly", "jasmin", "lena", "melissa"};
```

```
        int[] sAges = {19, 22, 20, 27, 19, 21, 19, 25, 22, 24};
```

```
        String[] sGenders = {"M", "W", "W", "M", "M", "M", "W", "M", "W", "W"};
```

```
        String[] sMajors = {"English Literature", "Korean Language and Literature",  
                             "French Language and Literature", "Philosophy", "History",  
                             "Law", "Statistics", "Computer", "Economics", "Public Administration"};
```

# MainClass.java: 기존 자바에서 객체 생성하는 방법으로 구현한 것.



**MainClass.java**를 이용하기 위해 가장 먼저 선언하는 코드

패키지 임포트



# appCtx1.xml: 생성자를 주입을 통해 bean 객체 생성

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
```

```
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
```

```
<bean id="studentDao" class="ems.member.dao.StudentDao" ></bean>
```

StudentDao 빈객체 생성

```
<bean id="registerService" class="ems.member.service.StudentRegisterService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

StudentDao를 참조변수로 받아서  
StudentRegisterService 객체생성

```
<bean id="modifyService" class="ems.member.service.StudentModifyService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

StudentDao를 참조변수로 받아서  
StudentModifyService 객체생성

# appCtx1.xml: 생성자를 주입을 통해 bean 정의

```
<bean id="deleteService" class="ems.member.service.StudentDeleteService">  
    <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>  
</bean>
```

StudentDao를 참조변수로 받아서  
StudentDeleteService 객체 생성

```
<bean id="selectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentSelectService">  
    <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>  
</bean>
```

StudentDao를 참조변수로 받아서  
StudentSelectService 객체 생성

```
<bean id="allSelectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentAllSelectService">  
    <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>  
</bean>
```

StudentDao를 참조변수로 받아서  
StudentAllSelectService 객체 생성

```
</beans>
```

# appCtx2.xml: setter를 통한 주입으로 필드에 값 저장하고 bean 정의

```
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans.xsd">
```

```
  <bean id="dataBaseConnectionInfoDev" class="ems.member.DataBaseConnectionInfo">
    <property name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe" />
    <property name="userId" value="scott" />
    <property name="userPw" value="tiger" />
  </bean>
```

DataBaseConnectionInfo 클래스  
객체에서 일치하는 필드값을 찾아  
value값을 매칭하여 저장(name값과  
클래스의 필드값이 일치해야함)

```
  <bean id="dataBaseConnectionInfoReal" class="ems.member.DataBaseConnectionInfo">
    <property name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@192.168.0.1:1521:xe" />
    <property name="userId" value="masterid" />
    <property name="userPw" value="masterpw" />
  </bean>
```

하나의 클래스에 빈객체를 2개 생성

```
</beans>
```

## # DataBaseConnectionInfo.java: DB와 연결하는 코드

```
package ems.member;
```

```
public class DataBaseConnectionInfo {
```

```
    private String jdbcUrl;  
    private String userId;  
    private String userPw;
```

appCtx2.xml 파일에서 setter를  
통한 주입으로 필드에 값 저장

```
    public String getJdbcUrl() {  
        return jdbcUrl;  
    }  
    public void setJdbcUrl(String jdbcUrl) {  
        this.jdbcUrl = jdbcUrl;  
    }  
    public String getUserId() {  
        return userId;  
    }  
    public void setUserId(String userId) {  
        this.userId = userId;  
    }  
    public String getUserPw() {  
        return userPw;  
    }  
    public void setUserPw(String userPw) {  
        this.userPw = userPw;  
    }  
}
```

private 접근제한자로 설정한  
필드값에 접근하기 위해 getter,  
setter로 값을 설정

```
}
```

# appCtx3.xml: setter를 통한 주입으로 필드값에 값 저장하고 bean 정의

```
<bean id="informationService" class="ems.member.service.EMSInformationService">
  <property name="info">
    <value>Education Management System program was developed in 2015.</value>
  </property>
  <property name="copyRight">
    <value>COPYRIGHT(C) 2015 EMS CO., LTD. ALL RIGHT RESERVED. CONTACT MASTER FOR MORE INFORMATION.</value>
  </property>
  <property name="ver">
    <value>The version is 1.0</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sYear">
    <value>2015</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sMonth">
    <value>1</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sDay">
    <value>1</value>
  </property>
  <property name="eYear" value="2015" />
  <property name="eMonth" value="2" />
  <property name="eDay" value="28" />
  <property name="developers">
    <list>
      <value>Cheney.</value>
      <value>Eloy.</value>
      <value>Jasper.</value>
      <value>Dillon.</value>
      <value>Kian.</value>
    </list>
  </property>
</bean>
```

EMSInformationService클래스  
객체에서 일치하는 필드값을 찾아  
value값을 매칭하여 저장  
(name값과 클래스의 필드값이  
일치해야함)



# appCtx3.xml: setter를 통한 주입으로 필드값에 값 저장하고 bean 정의

```
<property name="administrators">
  <map>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>Cheney</value>
      </key>
      <value>cheney@springPjt.org</value>
    </entry>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>Jasper</value>
      </key>
      <value>jasper@springPjt.org</value>
    </entry>
  </map>
</property>
<property name="dbInfos">
  <map>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>dev</value>
      </key>
      <ref bean="dataBaseConnectionInfoDev"/>
    </entry>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>real</value>
      </key>
      <ref bean="dataBaseConnectionInfoReal"/>
    </entry>
  </map>
</property>
</bean>
</beans>
```

```
private void outputDataBaseInfo() {
    Set<String> keys = dbInfos.keySet();
    Iterator<String> iterator = keys.iterator();

    while (iterator.hasNext()) {
        String key = iterator.next();
        DataBaseConnectionInfo info = dbInfos.get(key);
        System.out.println "[" + key + "]");
        System.out.print("jdbcUrl:" + info.getJdbcUrl() + "\t");
        System.out.print("userId:" + info.getUserId() + "\t");
        System.out.print("userPw:" + info.getUserPw() + "\n");
    }
}
```



## # appCtxImport.xml: import문으로 경로를 설정해서 자동주입

```
<import resource="classpath:appCtx2.xml"/>
<import resource="classpath:appCtx3.xml"/>
```

```
<bean id="studentDao" class="ems.member.dao.StudentDao" ></bean>
```

```
<bean id="registerService" class="ems.member.service.StudentRegisterService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="modifyService" class="ems.member.service.StudentModifyService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="deleteService" class="ems.member.service.StudentDeleteService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="selectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentSelectService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="allSelectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentAllSelectService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
</beans>
```

**<import>태그는 하나의 xml설정에서 다른 xml설정을 함께 사용한다는 것을 지정할 때 사용하는 태그이다.**

# # applicationContext.xml: 생성자 주입, setter 주입을 이용해서 bean 정의

MainClassUseXml에서 이용

```
<bean id="studentDao" class="ems.member.dao.StudentDao" ></bean>
```

```
<bean id="registerService" class="ems.member.service.StudentRegisterService">
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="modifyService" class="ems.member.service.StudentModifyService"
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="deleteService" class="ems.member.service.StudentDeleteService"
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="selectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentSelectService"
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="allSelectService" class="ems.member.service.StudentAllSelectService"
  <constructor-arg ref="studentDao" ></constructor-arg>
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="dataBaseConnectionInfoDev" class="ems.member.DataBaseConnectionInfo"
  <property name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe" />
  <property name="userId" value="scott" />
  <property name="userPw" value="tiger" />
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="dataBaseConnectionInfoReal" class="ems.member.DataBaseConnectionInfo">
  <property name="jdbcUrl" value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@192.168.0.1:1521:xe" />
  <property name="userId" value="masterid" />
  <property name="userPw" value="masterpw" />
</bean>
```

```
<bean id="informationService" class="ems.member.service.EMSInformationService">
  <property name="info">
    <value>Education Management System program was developed in 2015.</value>
  </property>
  <property name="copyRight">
    <value>COPYRIGHT(C) 2015 EMS CO., LTD. ALL RIGHT RESERVED. CONTACT MASTER FOR MORE INFORMATION.</value>
  </property>
  <property name="ver">
    <value>The version is 1.0</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sYear">
    <value>2015</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sMonth">
    <value>1</value>
  </property>
  <property name="sDay">
    <value>1</value>
  </property>
  <property name="eYear" value="2015" />
  <property name="eMonth" value="2" />
  <property name="eDay" value="28" />
  <property name="developers">
    <list>
      <value>Cheney.</value>
      <value>Eloy.</value>
      <value>Jasper.</value>
      <value>Dillon.</value>
      <value>Kian.</value>
    </list>
  </property>
```

```
<property name="administrators">
  <map>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>Cheney</value>
      </key>
      <value>cheney@springPjt.org</value>
    </entry>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>Jasper</value>
      </key>
      <value>jasper@springPjt.org</value>
    </entry>
  </map>
</property>
<property name="dbInfos">
  <map>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>dev</value>
      </key>
      <ref bean="dataBaseConnectionInfoDev"/>
    </entry>
    <entry>
      <key>
        <value>real</value>
      </key>
      <ref bean="dataBaseConnectionInfoReal"/>
    </entry>
  </map>
</property>
</bean>
```