

1. Install Isaac Gym

[official document for install IsaacGym](#)

step1. create conda env python3.7

因为之后的ASE可视化需要，建议安装3.7版本的conda

step2. git clone

step3. pip install -e .

2. (solved) ImportError: libpython3.7m.so.1.0

当我在python3.7的conda环境中装libpython的时候，出现了上面的问题

Solution:

step1. sudo apt-get install libpython3.7

step2. Find conda env lib (E.g. miniconda3/envs/isaacgym/lib

And “ls” you will find libpython3.7.so inside this folder.

Finally quit()= /path/to/libpython/directory

<https://github.com/deepmind/acme/issues/47>

3. (solved) X Error of failed requests:

这个在每一次跑他们的代码的时候都可能出现，所以重启电脑之后最好先运行一个这个代码。具体问题可能是由于在 xorg.conf 文件中的设置出现错误或不兼容，导致了问题的发生。通过设置 VK_ICD_FILENAMES 环境变量来指定NVIDIA Vulkan Installable Client Driver (ICD) 文件的路径，是绕过直接更改 xorg.conf 设置的一种方法

Solution:

```
- export VK_ICD_FILENAMES="/usr/share/vulkan/icd.d/nvidia_icd.json"
```

[ref link](#)

4. (solved) loading checkpoint 'calm/data/models/calm_llc_reallusion_sword_shield.pth' Exception invalid load key, 'v'. when trying to execute <function load at 0x7f83462ff0d0> with args:('calm/data/models/calm_llc_reallusion_sword_shield.pth',) and kwargs: {}...

这个问题的出现是因为我没有下全他们的checkpoints，需要拉取他们的大文件

Git LFS (Git Large File Storage) 是一个Git扩展, 旨在处理大型文件的版本控制和存储。在传统的Git版本控制中, 所有文件的内容都会被存储在Git仓库中, 这对于文本文件等小型文件是合适的。然而, 当涉及大型文件 (例如图像、音频、视频、数据集等) 时, 将它们直接存储在Git仓库中可能会导致仓库变得庞大, 影响克隆、推送和拉取的性能。

Git LFS 解决了这个问题, 它通过在Git仓库中存储大型文件的指针, 而实际文件内容则存储在一个专门的存储服务器上。当你克隆、推送或拉取一个包含大型文件的Git仓库时, Git LFS会自动处理大文件的下载和上传。

Solution:

```
step1. sudo apt-get install git-lfs
step2. git lfs install
step3. git lfs pull
https://github.com/NVlabs/CALM/issues/7
```

5. (solved) vision control: ‘

我的电脑在一开始出现很多版本问题, 后来发现是因为nvidia3080支持的cuda版本相对过高。

Solution:

```
`conda install pytorch==1.8.1 torchvision torchaudio cudatoolkit=11.1 -c pytorch -c
nvidia`
`pip install numpy==1.19.5`
```

nvidia3090 require cuda11.1

ref: <https://blog.csdn.net/chumingqian/article/details/125387959>

公司的服务器也是一样的问题

- 可以通过这个代码来看当前CUDA可以支持的pytorch版本: `torch.zeros(1).cuda()`

NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4090 with CUDA capability sm_89 is not compatible with the current PyTorch installation.

The current PyTorch install supports CUDA capabilities sm_37 sm_50 sm_60 sm_70.

If you want to use the NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4090 GPU with PyTorch, please check the instructions at <https://pytorch.org/get-started/locally/>

- `conda install pytorch==1.8.1 torchvision torchaudio cudatoolkit=11.8 -c pytorch -c conda-forge`

- 6. (solved) **RuntimeError: CUDA out of memory.** Tried to allocate 700.00 MiB (GPU 0; 11.74 GiB total capacity; 469.86 MiB already allocated; 472.00 MiB free; 478.00 MiB reserved in total by PyTorch)

在跑深度学习或者强化学习的代码时，CUDA out of memory 是很常见的问题，基本的解决方法就是将batch size改小。

1. 我想要首先检查我的GPU内存

command to check the VRAM:

```
'nvidia-smi --query-gpu=memory.total --format=csv,noheader,nounits'
```

我的电脑GPU内存:

```
nvidia-smi3080 has VRAM: 12288, approximate 12 GB
```

- 更改Batch size:

<https://github.com/NVlabs/CALM/issues/4>

I was running on a 12 GB VRAM so I changed the minibatch size and env number even smaller, at the cost of more training time:

我最后更改的参数:

256 environments

1024 minibatch_size

256 amp_minibatch_size

10000 buffer sizes

7. If this call came from a _pb2.py file, your generated code is out of date and must be regenerated with protoc >= 3.19.0.

SOLUTION:

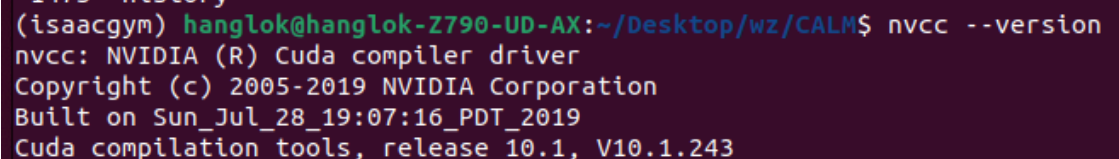
1. Downgrade the protobuf package to 3.20.x or lower.
2. Set PROTOCOL_BUFFERS_PYTHON_IMPLEMENTATION=python (but this will use pure-Python parsing and will be much slower).

More information:

<https://developers.google.com/protocol-buffers/docs/news/2022-05-06#python-updates>

1. command to check my cuda version:

```
nvcc -version
```



```
(isaacgym) hanglok@hanglok-Z790-UD-AX:~/Desktop/wz/CALM$ nvcc --version
nvcc: NVIDIA (R) Cuda compiler driver
Copyright (c) 2005-2019 NVIDIA Corporation
Built on Sun_Jul_28_19:07:16_PDT_2019
Cuda compilation tools, release 10.1, V10.1.243
```

so now the server' s cuda version is 10.1

If not installed, using command:

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt install nvidia-cuda-toolkit
```

2. `pip install protobuf==3.20.0`

8. `RuntimeError: CUDA error: no kernel image is available for execution on the device`

1. see current torch support version

```
import torch
torch.version.cuda
```

It seems that my `torch.cuda.version` is 10.2 but my computer only support 10.1

a). `nvidia-smi` CUDA version 12.0

`nvcc` - version CUDA 10.1

b). `torch.cuda.get_arch_list()`
`['sm_37', 'sm_50', 'sm_60', 'sm_70']`

9. 远程连接服务器的时候出现运行问题: `Importing module 'rlgpu_37'`

(`/home/hanglok/Desktop/wz/CALM/isaacgym/python/isaacgym/_bindings/linux-x86_64/rlgpu_37.so`)

Setting seed: 7778

Started to play

Not connected to PVD

+++ Using GPU PhysX

Physics Engine: PhysX

Physics Device: cuda:0

GPU Pipeline: enabled

Segmentation fault (core dumped)

- 解决办法: 加 `-headless`

Useful command:

1. check Ubuntu version:

```
lsb_release -a
```