Major Historical Eras

Ancient Civilizations

Ancient civilizations laid the foundation for the world as we know it today. These included Mesopotamia, Egypt, Greece, and Rome, known for their contributions to law, architecture, and philosophy.

The Middle Ages

Spanning from 5th to 15th century AD, this era was marked by feudal societies, the rise of the Church, and the invention of crucial technologies. It was a turbulent period of cultural and scientific growth amidst wars and invasions.

Modern Age

The Modern Age, from 15th century to the present, saw scientific revolutions, industrial advancements, democratization, and global wars. These profound changes reshaped society and laid the groundwork for the contemporary world.