

PART 1: Quick setup

1.1 Connect to RT-AC66U

Plug one end of the network cable into the RJ45 outlet on the wall and the other end into the WAN port of the router.
Plug one end of the power adapter in to the DC-IN port of the router and the other end into the power outlet on the wall.
Press the power button and wait until Wi-Fi LEDs on.
Search Wi-Fi SSID for the name **ASUS** or **ASUS_5G** at your laptop computer.
Connect to **ASUS** or **ASUS_5G** which is password-free.
Type "http://192.168.50.1/" at your web browser to access the initial web configuration interface.

1.2 Change the language to English



1.3 Complete Quick Internet Setup Wizard

ASUS RT-AC66U

English

Skip Setup Wizard

Quick Internet Setup

1 Check Connection

2 Internet Setup

3 Router Setup

Welcome to the ASUS Networking Family!

ASUS RT-AC66U


Please plug in the cable to WAN port. System will detect your network setting automatically.

Automatic Setting

Expert mode, offline settings

Manual Setting

Please ensure that the cable is properly connected between RT-AC66U WAN port and the modem.



You are a wireless networking expert and want to skip the internet setup wizard? Click **Manual Setting** to manually set up advanced router settings or set up RT-AC66U to work in Access Point(AP) mode / Repeater mode / Media Bridge . Click **Restore setting** to load saved configuration settings.

① Click Manual Setting

ASUS RT-AC66U

English

Skip Setup Wizard

Quick Internet Setup

1 Check Connection

2 Internet Setup

3 Router Setup

Login Information Setup

Change the router password to prevent unauthorized access to your AS

Router Login Name

admin

New Password

.....

Strong

Retype Password

.....

☐ Show password

• Your router login information is used for accessing your router's administration settings.

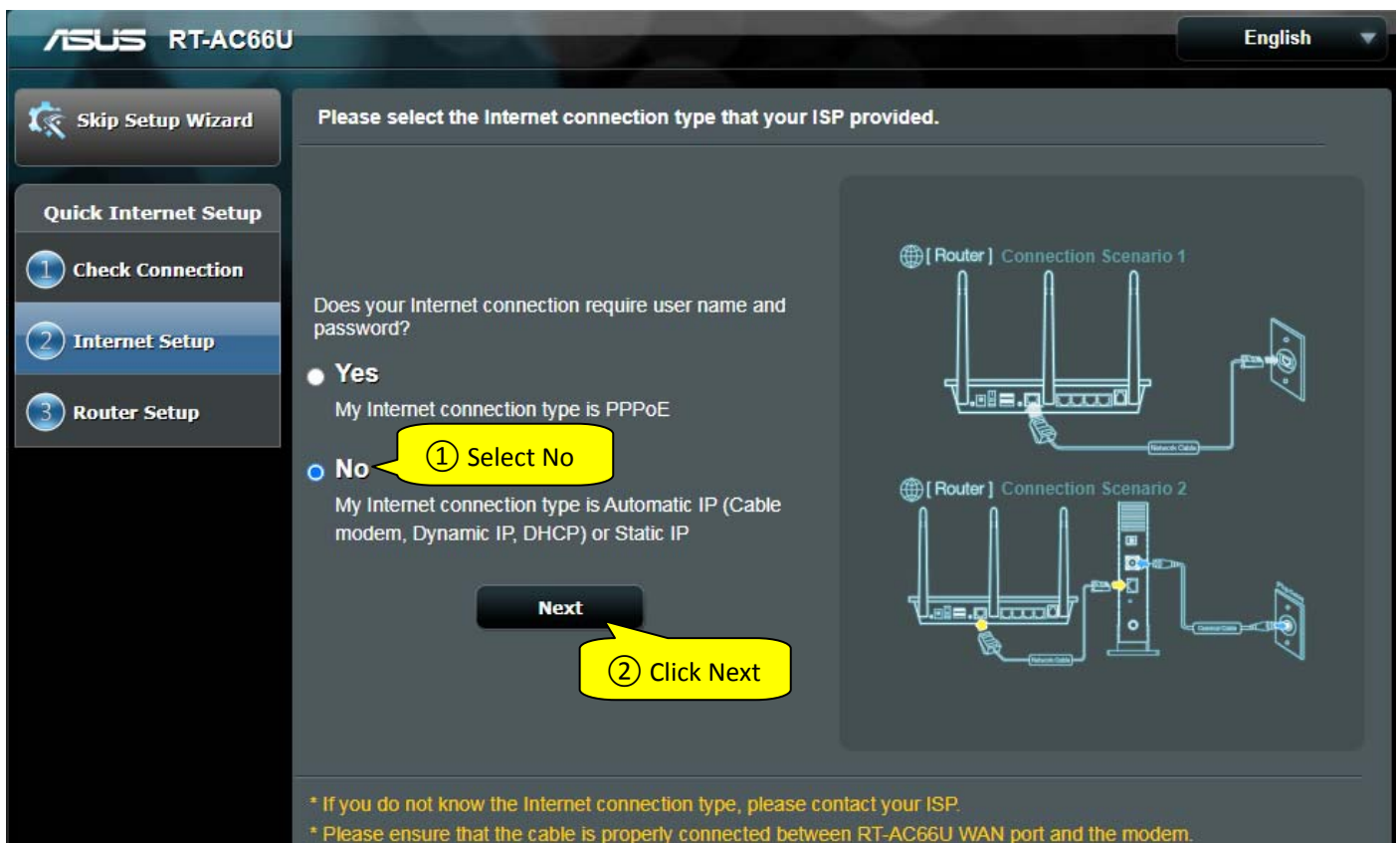
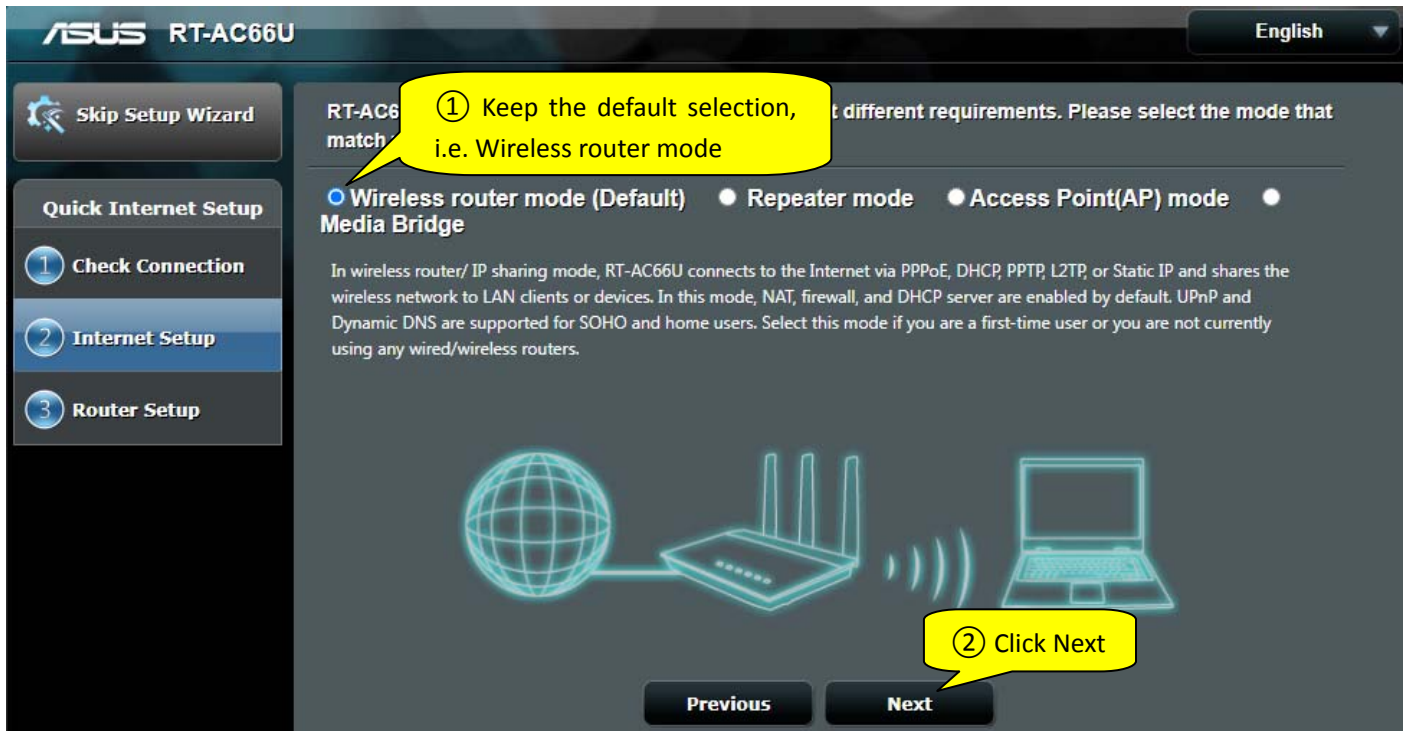
Previous

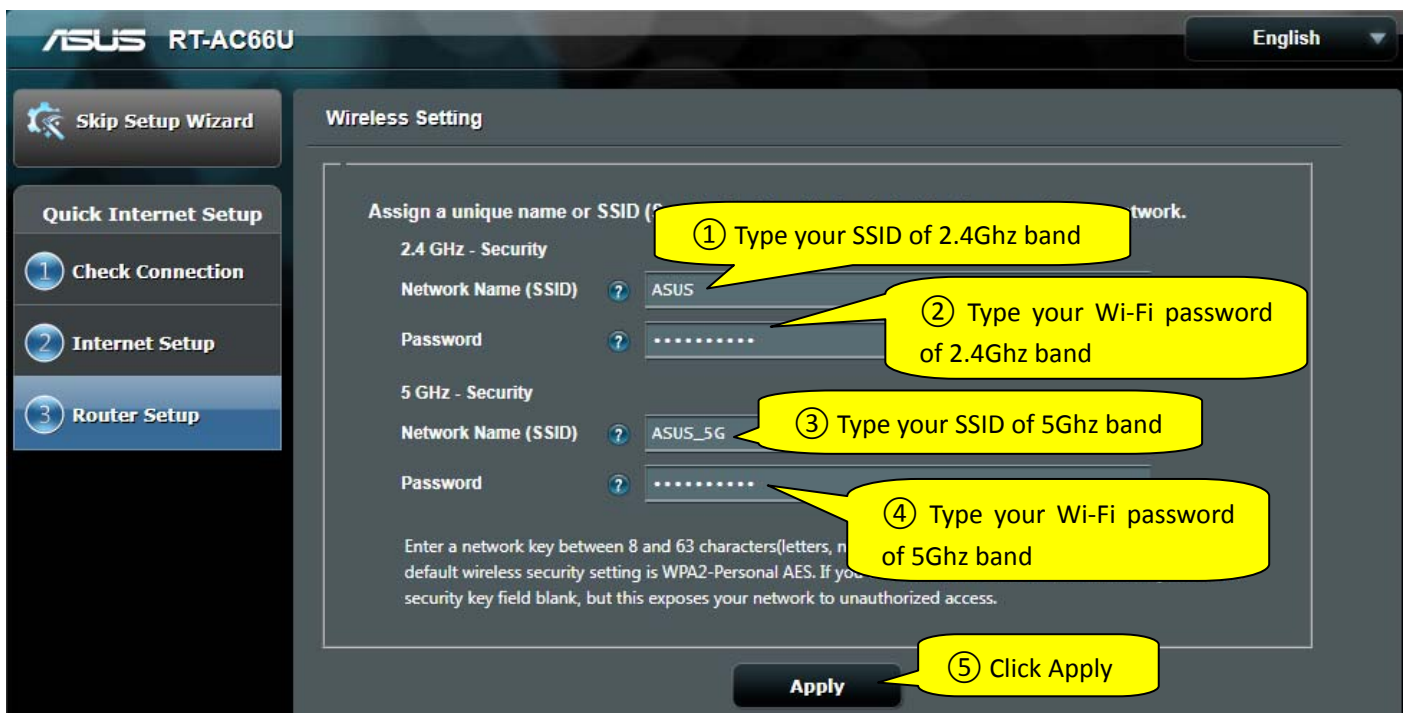
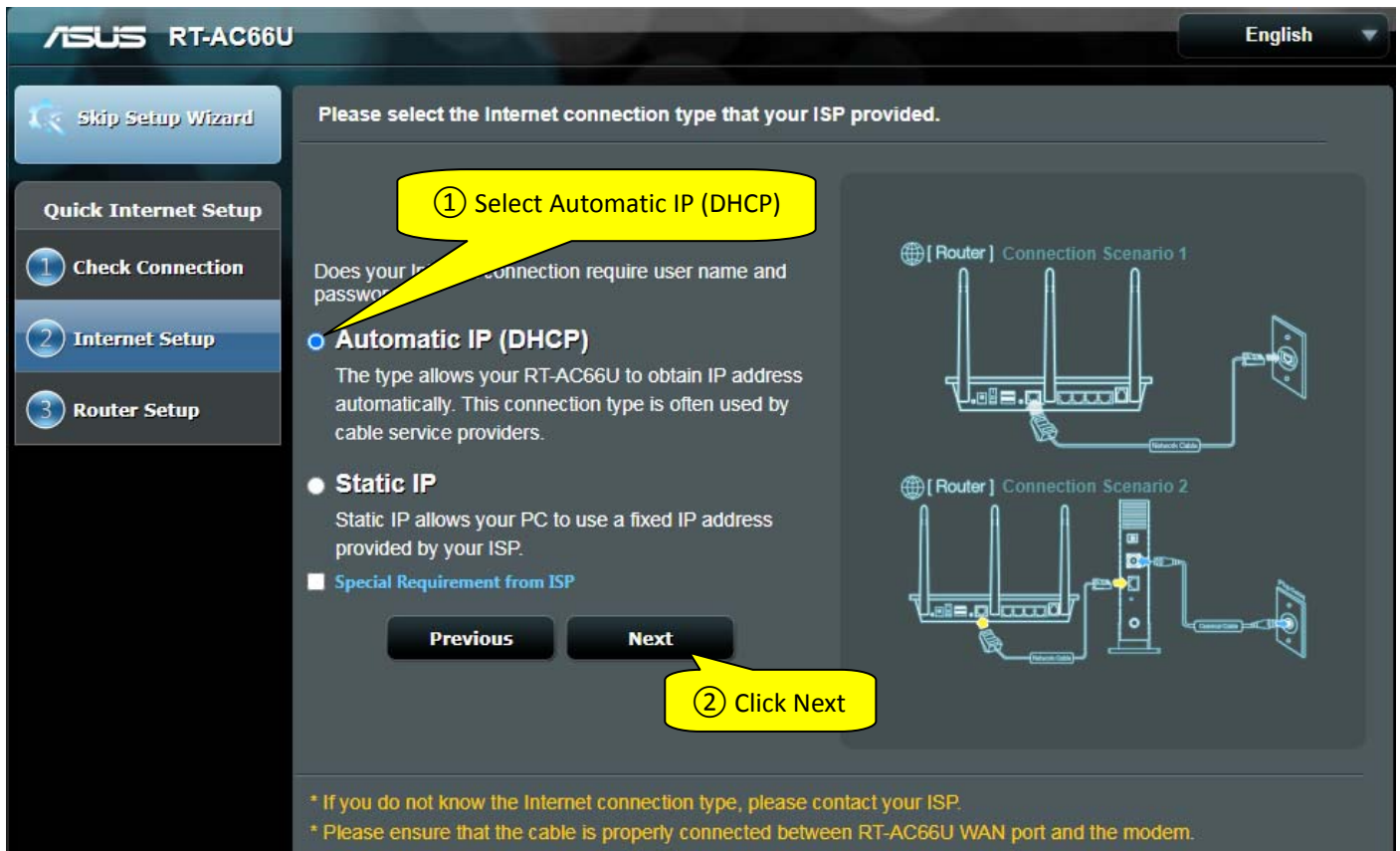
Next

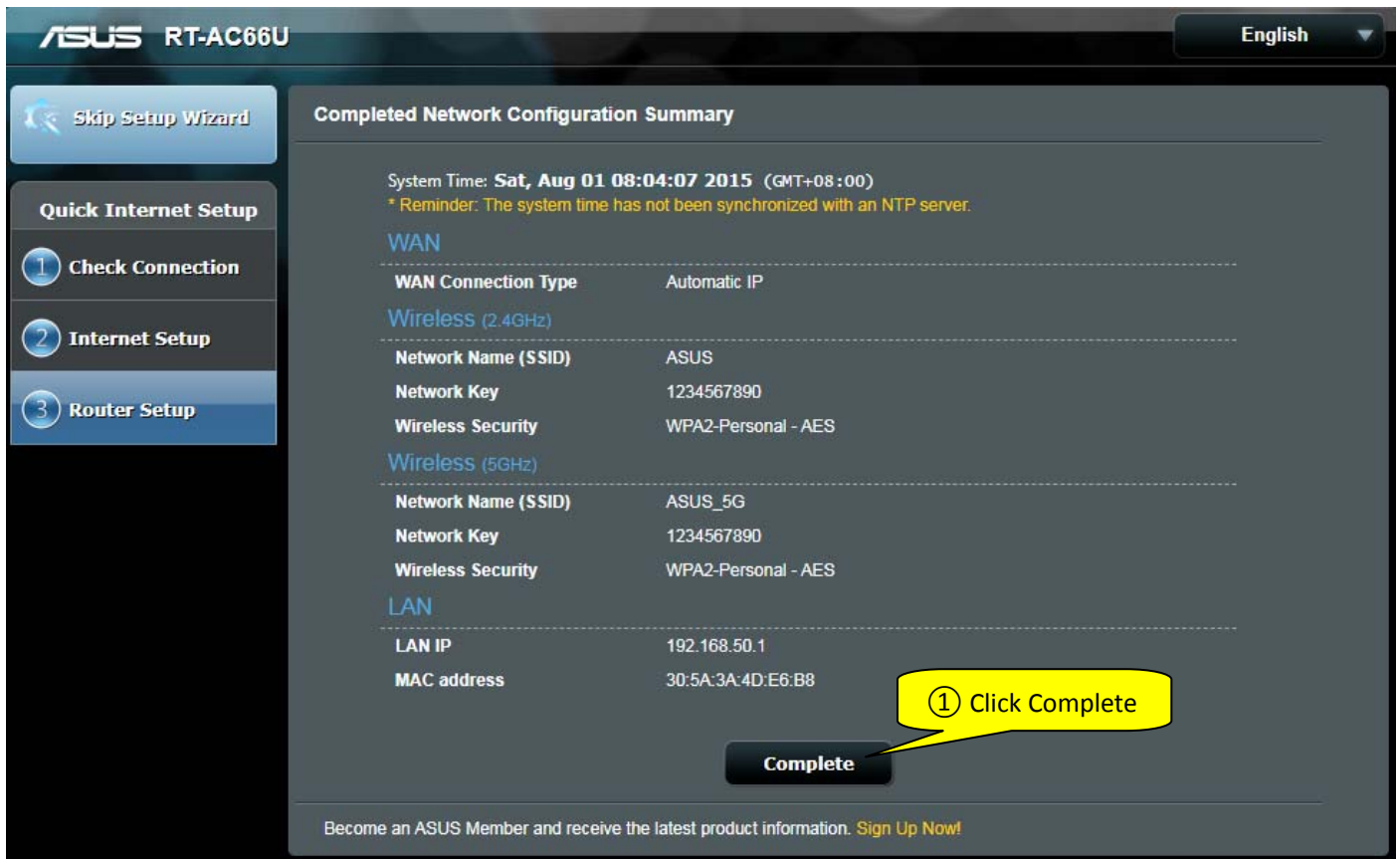
① Type your administrative password here

② Retype your administrative password here

③ Click Next







1.4 setup EAP_TTLS/PAP which is the new 802.1x authentication methods added in this modified firmware

Quick Internet Setup

Operation Mode: **Wireless router** Firmware: **380.70** SSID: **ASUS ASUS_5G**

Internet Connection | Dual WAN | Port Trigger | Virtual Server / Port Forwarding | DMZ | DDNS | NAT Passthrough

WAN - Internet Connection

RT-AC66U supports several connection types to WAN (wide area network). These types are selected from the dropdown menu beside WAN Connection Type. The setting fields differ depending on the connection type you selected.

Configure the Ethernet WAN settings of RT-AC66U.

Basic Config

WAN Connection Type	Automatic IP
Enable WAN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Enable NAT	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Enable UPnP UPnP FAQ	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
UPnP: Allowed internal port range	1024 to 65535
UPnP: Allowed external port range	1 to 65535

WAN DNS Setting

Connect to DNS Server automatically	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
-------------------------------------	---

Account Settings

Authentication	802.1x_ttls
PPP Username	username@some.where
Password <input type="checkbox"/> Show password
Anonymous Identity	anonymous@some.where
Inner Authentication	PAP

① Click here

② Select Automatic IP

③ Select 802.1x_ttls

④ Type your username of 802.1x authentication

⑤ Type your password of 802.1x authentication

⑥ Type your Anonymous Identity of 802.1x authentication

⑦ Select PAP as the phase 2 authentication method

Don't forget to click 'APPLY' button to save your change.

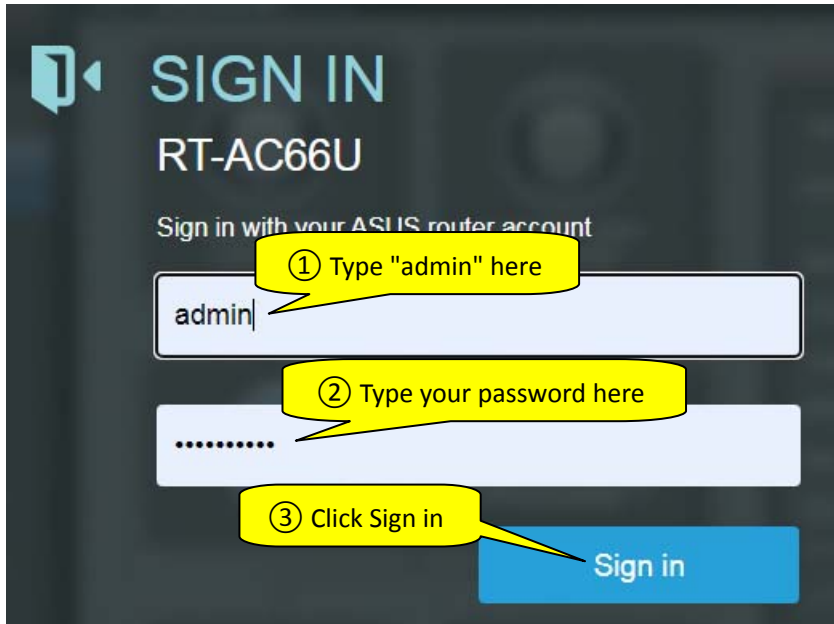
That's all. Now you can check if you can visit Internet at the wireless device connected to this router.

PART 2: Further configuration

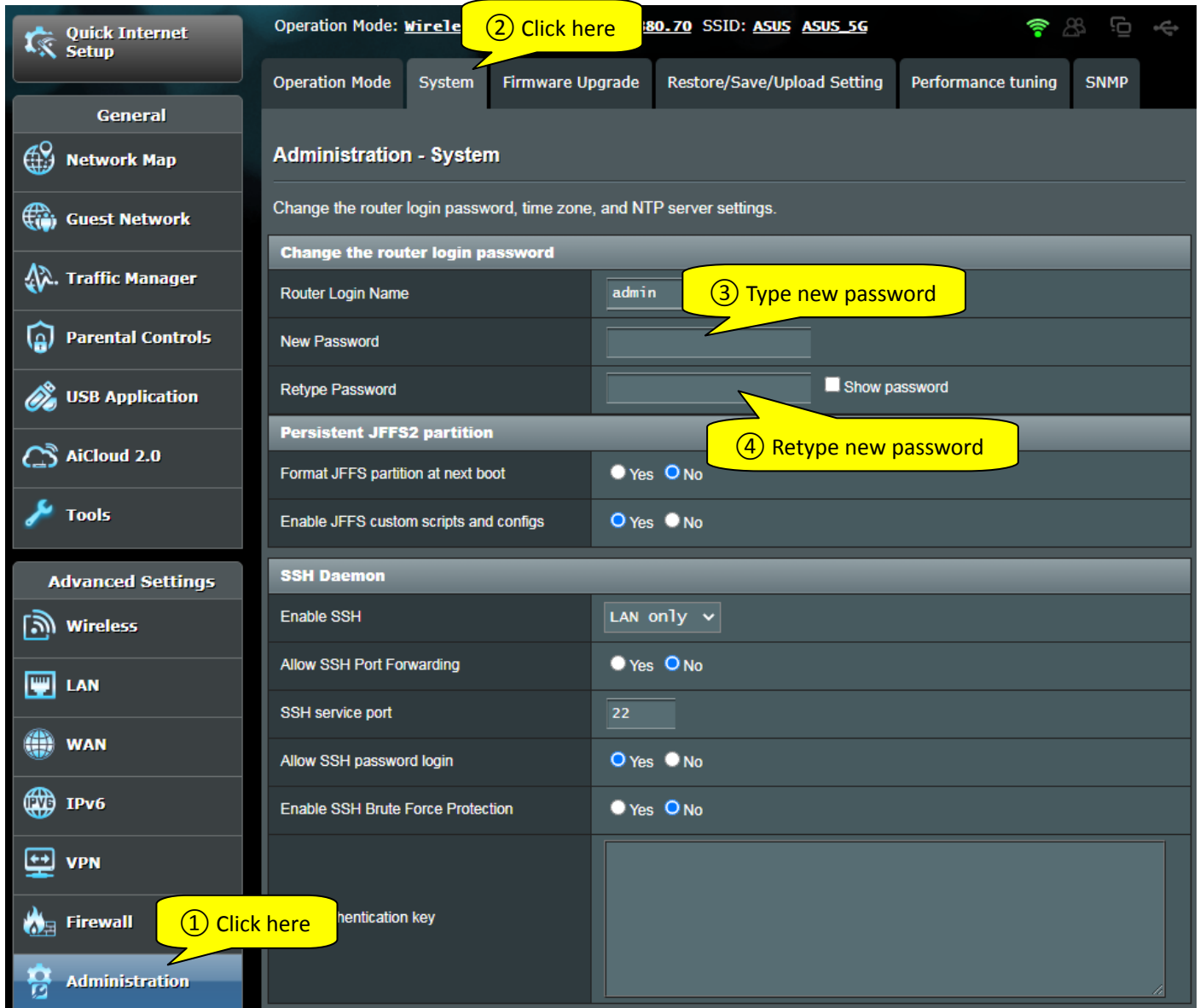
2.1 Login to the web management interface of RT-AC66U

Connect your laptop computer to the router via Wi-Fi

Type "http://192.168.50.1/" at your web browser



2.2 Modify the administrative password of RT-AC66U



Don't forget to click 'APPLY' button to save your change.

2.3 Modify the Wi-Fi SSID or the Wi-Fi password of RT-AC66U

RT-AC66U has two Wi-Fi band, 2.4Ghz and 5Ghz. Each band has independent SSID and password. You should modify them separately.

Quick Internet Setup

Operation Mode: **Wireless router** Firmware: **380.70** SSID: **ASUS ASUS_5G**

General WPS WDS Wireless MAC Filter RADIUS Setting Professional Site Survey

Wireless - General

Set up the wireless related information below.

Band	2.4GHz	② Select 2.4GHz or 5Ghz
Network Name (SSID)	ASUS	③ Type new SSID
Hide SSID	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	
Wireless Mode	Auto <input type="checkbox"/> Optimized for Xbox <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b/g Protection	
Channel bandwidth	20/40 MHz	
Control Channel	Auto <input type="checkbox"/> Auto select channel including channel 12, 13	
Authentication Method	WPA2-Personal	
WPA Encryption	AES	④ Type new password
WPA Pre-Shared Key	
Group Key Rotation Interval	3600	⑤ Click Apply

Apply

① Click here

2.4 Modify the Wi-Fi region of RT-AC66U If you wireless device can't find SSID of 5GHz Wi-Fi band, e.g. ASUS_5G

Quick Internet Setup

Operation Mode: **Wireless router** Firmware: **380.70** SSID: **ASUS ASUS_5G**

General WPS WDS Wireless MAC Filter RADIUS Setting Professional Site Survey

Advanced Wireless

① Click here

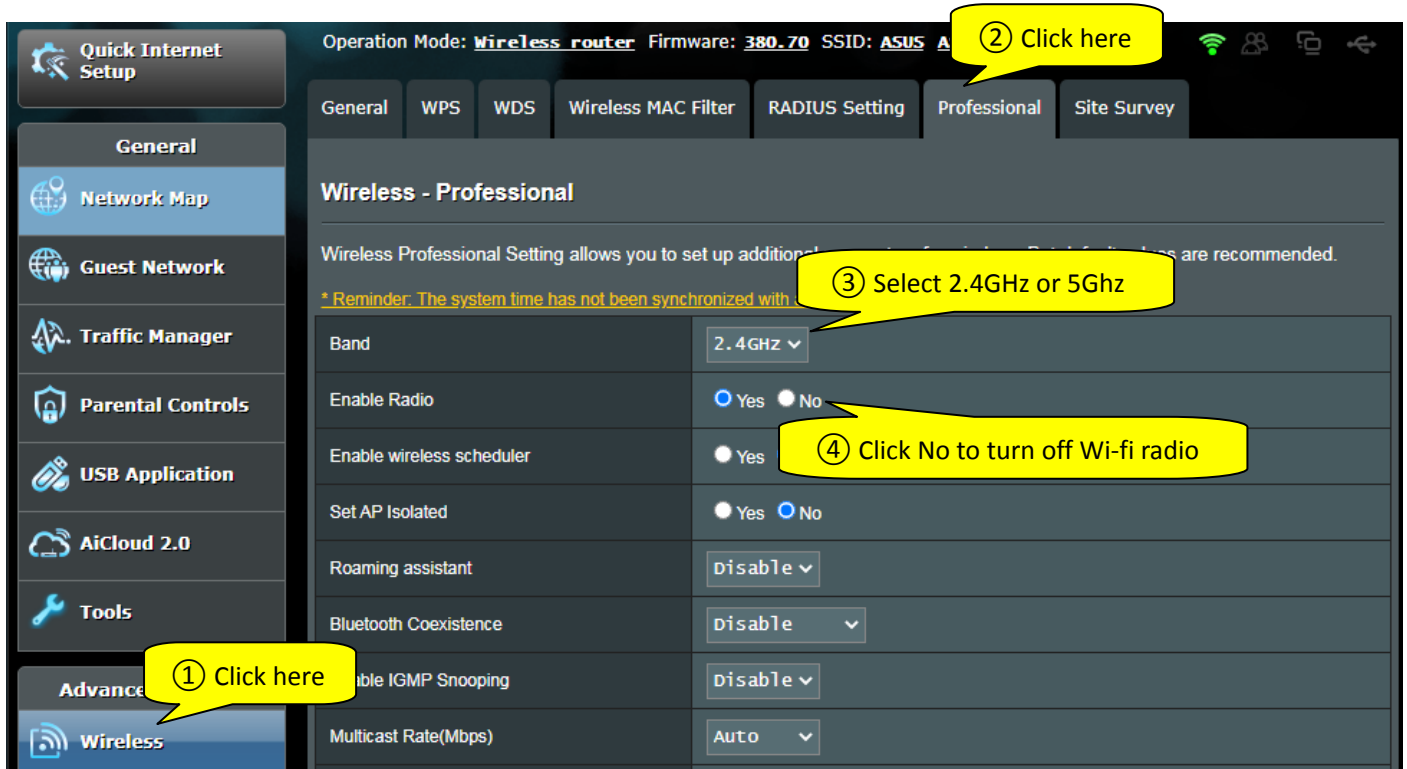
IGMP Snooping	Disable
Multicast Rate(Mbps)	Auto
Preamble Type	Long
RTS Threshold	2347
DTIM Interval	3
Beacon Interval	100
Enable TX Bursting	Enable
Enable WMM APSD	Enable
Enhanced interference management	Disable
Optimize AMPDU aggregation	Disable
Optimize ack suppression	Disable
Tx power adjustment	③ Select your prefer region
Region	Europe ④ Click Apply

Apply

② Click here



If your wireless device can't connect to the 5GHz band, e.g. ASUS_5G, one possible reason is your wireless device's Wi-Fi 5GHz channels are locked in certain region. Try to change the Wi-Fi region on the router side. Due to the regulation, only some selected channels are permitted in a given region. So try it one by one to test if the select region works for all your wireless devices . Please read the following link for more details. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_WLAN_channels

2.5 Turn Wi-Fi radio off



Don't forget to click 'APPLY' button to save your change.

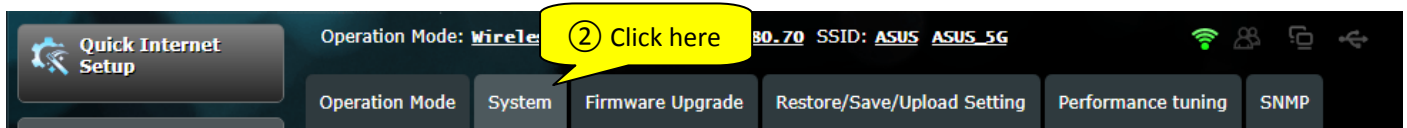
For example, if all your wireless devices support the 5GHz band, you can turn the legacy 2.4GHz band off.

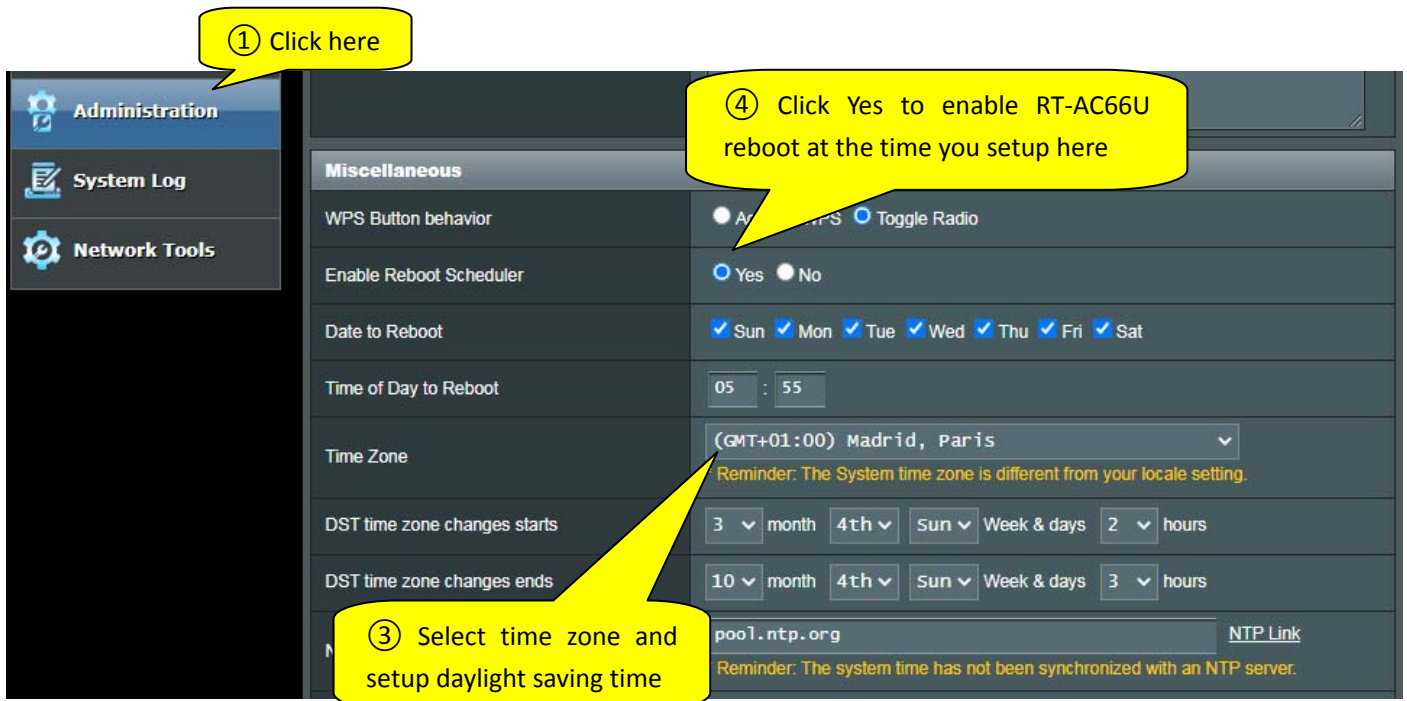
You will notice the Wi-Fi icon is changed from  to .

2.6 set the time zone and set a reboot scheduler

You should set the correct time zone according to your region.

Also a daily reboot scheduler will help RT-AC66U run healthily.



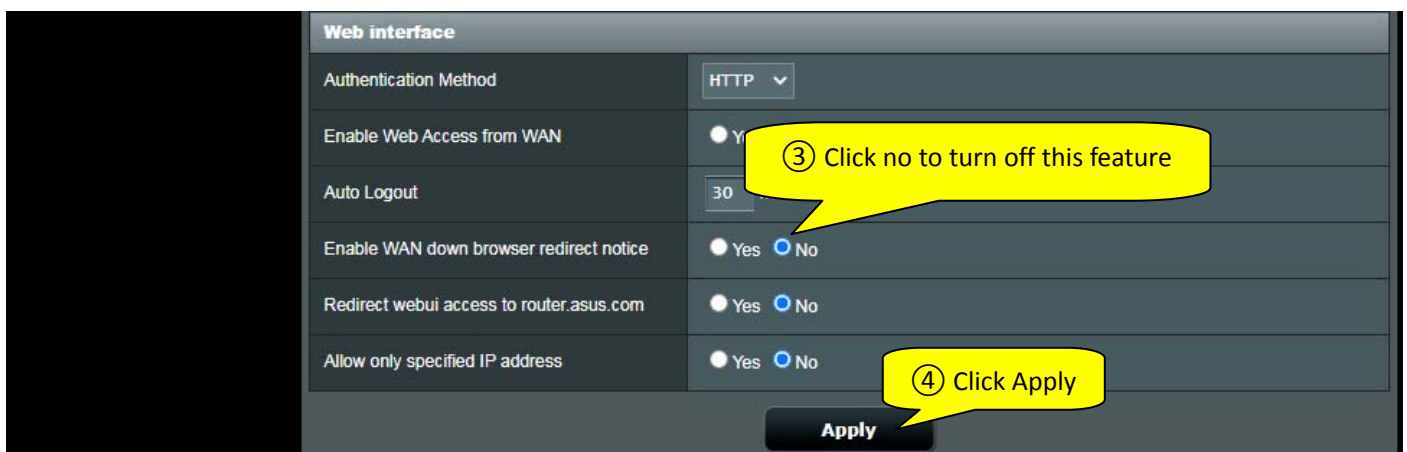


Don't forget to click 'APPLY' button to save your change.

2.7 Fix a weird DNS problem

Here is a weird DNS problem that any DNS domain will resolved to 10.0.0.1 if WAN has gone down. You can fix this problem by turning off the feature "Enable WAN down browser redirect notice".

① Please click "Administration" at left menu column and ② then click "System" at the top tabs.



2.8 Change the ip address of RT-AC66U

The default ip address of LAN is 192.168.50.1 and its subnet mask is 255.255.255.0. If you change the ip address of LAN and the subnet mask of LAN, it will modify the scope of DHCP ip pool automatically.

Quick Internet Setup

Operation Mode: **Wireless router** Firmware: **380.70** SSID: **ASUS ASUS 5G**

LAN IP DHCP Server Route IPTV Switch Control

LAN - LAN IP

Configure the LAN setting of RT-AC66U.

Device Name	RT-AC66U-E688
IP Address	192.168.123.4
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0

Apply

① Click here

② Type new ip address here

③ Type new subnet mask if it is necessary

④ Click Apply

Quick Internet Setup

Operation Mode: **Wireless router** Firmware: **380.70** SSID: **ASUS ASUS 5G**

LAN IP DHCP Server Route IPTV Switch Control

LAN - DHCP Server

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a protocol for the automatic configuration used on IP networks. The DHCP server can assign each client an IP address and informs the client of the DNS server IP and default gateway IP. RT-AC66U supports up to 253 IP addresses for your local network.

RT-AC66U IP address: 192.168.11.5

Basic Config	
Enable the DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No
Hide DHCP/RA queries	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No
RT-AC66U's Domain Name	
IP Pool Starting Address	192.168.123.1
IP Pool Ending Address	192.168.123.254
Lease time	86400
Default Gateway	

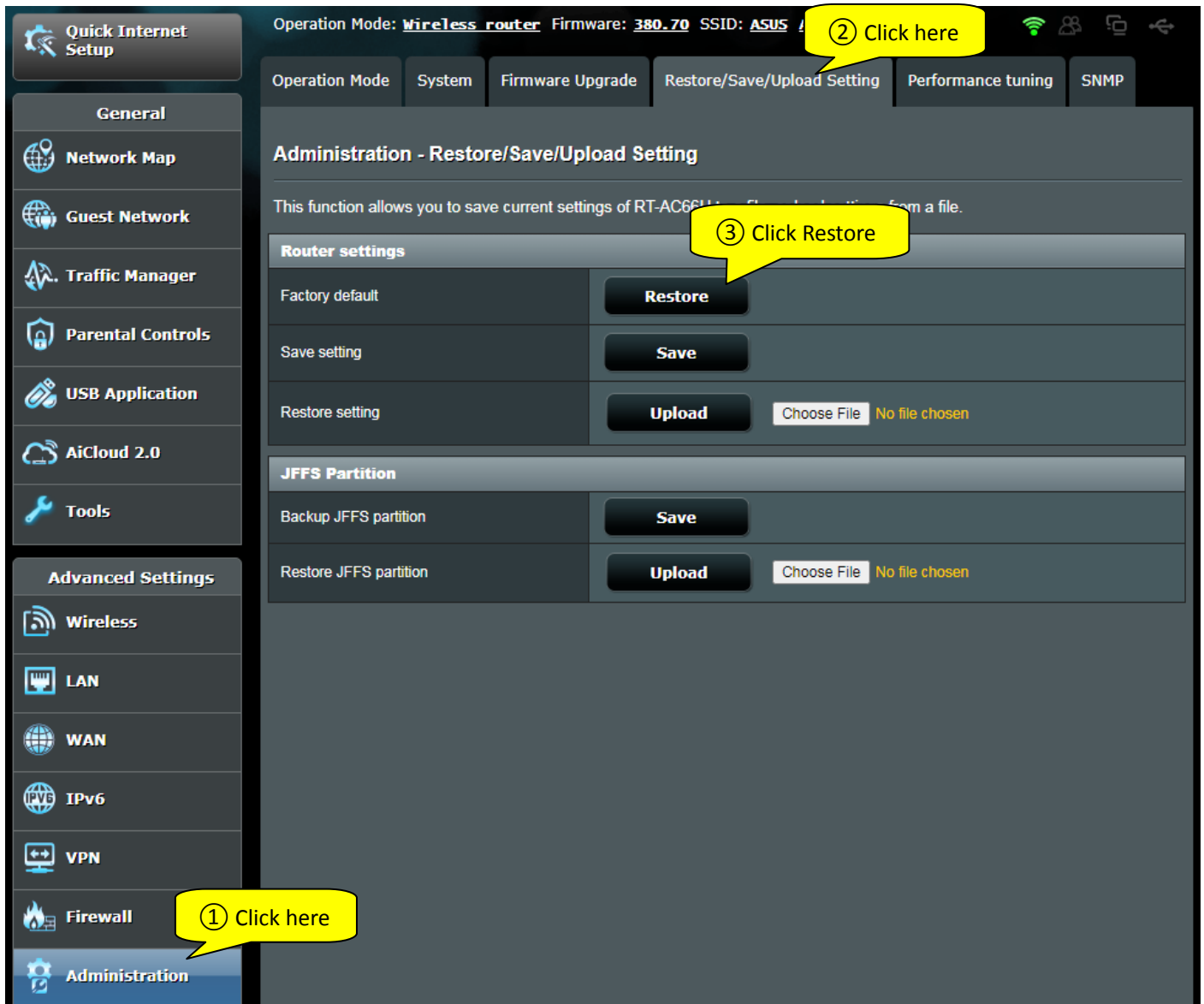
① Click here

② Click here

DHCP ip pool will changed consequently if subnet of LAN has changed

Please remember the new ip address of LAN. You will return the web management interface using this new ip address.

2.9 restore all the setting of RT-AC66U to the factory default



2.10 revert the firmware back to the official release version 380.70 of ASUSWRT-MERLIN

At first you should download the firmware image following the instruction provided by ASUSWRT-MERLIN.

The official ASUSWRT-MERLIN website is here. <https://www.asuswrt-merlin.net/>

You can download a zip file named RT-AC66U_380.70_0.zip when you click the link below

https://sourceforge.net/projects/asuswrt-merlin/files/RT-AC66U/Release/RT-AC66U_380.70_0.zip/download

The official release image file is RT-AC66U_380.70_0.trx which can be extracted from the zip file RT-AC66U_380.70_0.zip.

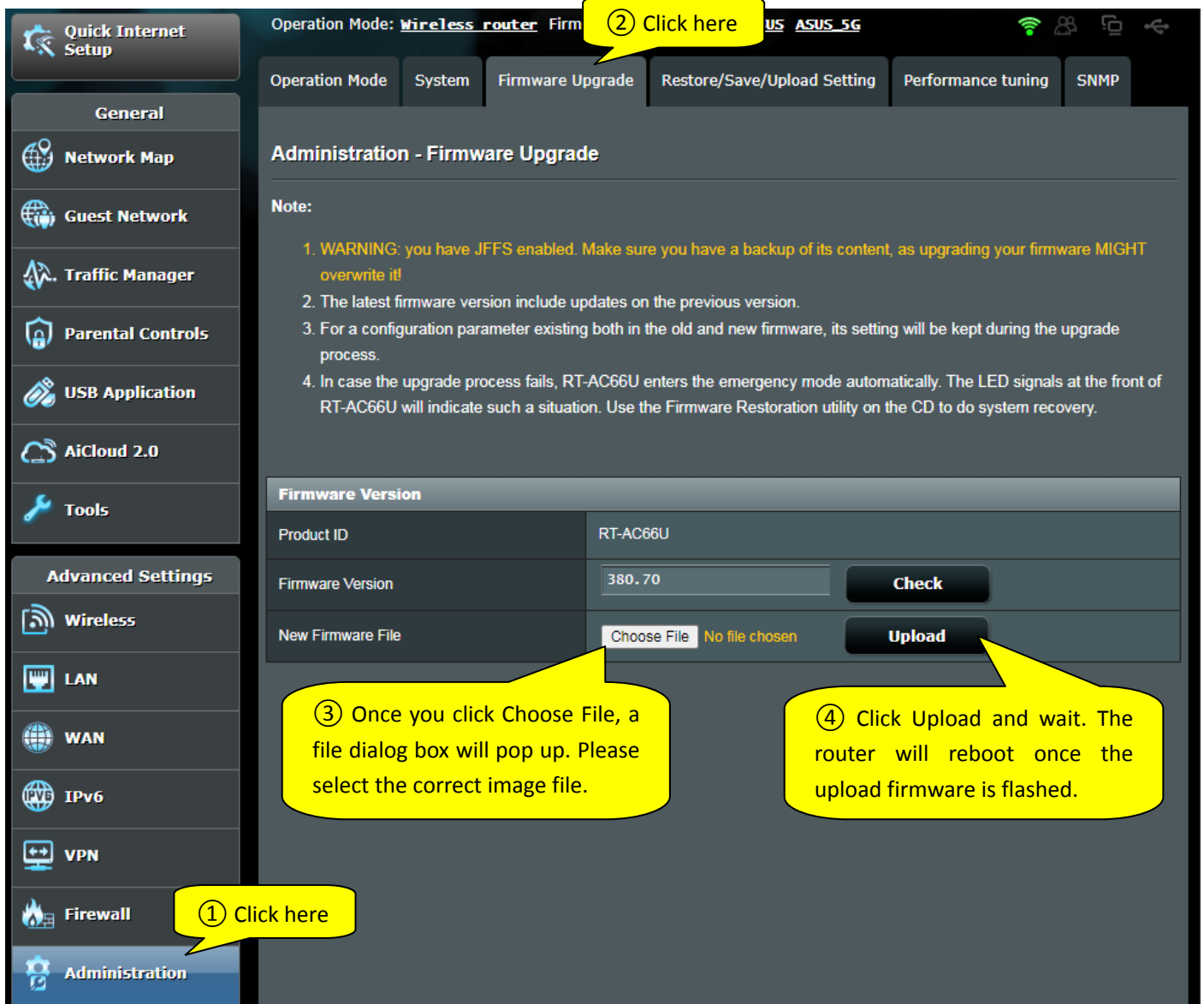
Now you could upload the file RT-AC66U_380.70_0.trx to RT-AC66U to overwrite the current firmware .

I have upload both the official release image and the modified image to GitHub. You can download them directly following the links below.

the official release image: https://github.com/ypyd/asuswrt-merlin-ypyd/raw/main/RT-AC66U_380.70_0.trx

the modified image: https://github.com/ypyd/asuswrt-merlin-ypyd/raw/main/RT-AC66U_380.70_0_ttls.trx

Furthermore if you have a old RT-AC66U, either flashed with Asus stock firmware of Asuswrt-Merlin firmware, you can use the same web interface to upgrade the legacy firmware to the new modified firmware to enjoy the new EAP_TTLS/PAP feature.



If you have a old RT-AC66U which has be flashed with third-party firmware, such as Fresh Tomato WRT or DD-WRT, you can use the rescue mode method to flash the new firmware. Read the following link for the details.

<https://www.asus.com/support/FAQ/1000814/>

You can download the utility, ASUS Firmware Restoration (version 2.1.0.3), following the link below and selecting "Windows 7 b4 bits".

https://www.asus.com/us/Networking-IoT-Servers/WiFi-Routers/ASUS-WiFi-Routers/RTAC66U/HelpDesk_Download/

2.11 Factory Reset vs. Hard Factory Reset

If you forget the administrative password or the ip address of LAN, or if RT-AC66U doesn't boot correctly, you can perform a Factory Reset / Hard Factory Reset to take the router back to factory default.

Method Factory Reset:

Step 1: Press the POWER button. Wait 1-2 minutes until Wi-Fi LEDs turn on constantly. Now the router boots normally.

Step 2: Use a toothpick to press and hold the RESET button for 3 seconds until your power LED light starts to blink. Now you can release the RESET button.

Step 3: The router will reboot and clear all the settings. Wait 1-2 minutes until the router boots normally. You will see Wi-Fi LEDs turn on constantly. Now your laptop can connect to the router via Wi-Fi SSID ASUS or ASUS_5G without password.

Type "https://192.168.50.1/" in your browser, you can setup the router again from the very beginning.

If it still fail to connect to the router, try the next method.

Method Hard Factory Reset:

Step 1: Turn off the router

Step 2: Press and hold the WPS button, then Press the POWER button to turn on the router.

Step 3: Don't release the WPS button for 5 to 10 seconds. During this period The router will erase NVRAM partition. If you see the power LED light is flashing, you can release the WPS button.

Step 4: Now the power light stops flashing and the router will automatically reboot. Wait for 2 minutes you can connect to the router again for the initial setup.

Here are the links for more details.

[Wireless Router] How to reset the router to factory default setting?

<https://www.asus.com/support/FAQ/1000925/>

[Wireless Router] ASUS router Hard Factory Reset - Method 1

<https://www.asus.com/support/FAQ/1039077>

2.12 Further references

RT-AC66U is a powerful router with lots of functions, such as network printer sharing, port forwarding, firewall, etc. Here I give you some import links for help.

The official home page of RT-AC66U.

<https://www.asus.com/us/Networking-IoT-Servers/WiFi-Routers/ASUS-WiFi-Routers/RTAC66U/>

The download page of the official manuals

https://www.asus.com/us/Networking-IoT-Servers/WiFi-Routers/ASUS-WiFi-Routers/RTAC66U/HelpDesk_Manual/

The official home page of Asuswrt-Merlin which is an open-source custom firmware written for Asus routers with lots of enhanced features.

<https://www.asuswrt-merlin.net/>

The official Wiki/documentation for Asuswrt- Merlin

<https://github.com/RMerl/asuswrt-merlin.ng/wiki>

I created a patch to modify the codes of Asuswrt- Merlin firmware in version 380.70 for RT-AC66U. The patch, the document and firmware images were uploaded to GitHub. Here is the link.

<https://github.com/ypyd/asuswrt-merlin-ypyd>

Read the link below to understand what is 802.1X and how does it work?

<https://www.securew2.com/solutions/802-1x>

Wpa_supplicant, which is used in Asus-Merlin, is an open-source implement of 802.1x supplicant. If you want to know how to turn on the requisite authentication methods in compiling the codes, please read the link below.

https://w1.fi/wpa_supplicant/

PART 3: How to build the firmware image from the modified source codes

3.1 Prepare a host to build the firmware image

The operating system I used to build the firmware image is Ubuntu 20.04.4 LTS.
You can install the OS either on a real PC or on a virtual machine.

3.2 Install the required packages

Next you should install the necessary packages to build the firmware image.

```
sudo apt-get install libtool-bin cmake libproxy-dev uuid-dev liblz2-dev autoconf automake bash bison \
bzip2 diffutils file flex m4 g++ gawk groff-base libncurses-dev libtool libslang2 make patch perl pkg-config shtool \
subversion tar texinfo zlib1g zlib1g-dev git-core gettext libexpat1-dev libssl-dev cvs gperf unzip \
python libxml-parser-perl gcc-multilib gconf-editor libxml2-dev g++-multilib gitk libncurses5 mtd-utils \
libncurses5-dev libvorbis-dev git autopoint autogen sed build-essential intltool libelf1:i386 libglib2.0-dev \
xutils-dev lib32z1-dev lib32stdc++6 xsltproc gtk-doc-tools
```

```
sudo apt-get install lib32z1-dev lib32stdc++6
```

3.3 Download the source code of Asuswrt-Merlin

```
cd ~
git clone https://github.com/RMerl/asuswrt-merlin
```

3.4 Prepare the build environment

```
sudo ln -s ~/asuswrt-merlin/tools/brcm /opt/brcm
sudo ln -s ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src-rt-6.x.4708/toolchains/hndtools-arm-linux-2.6.36-uclibc-4.5.3 /opt/brcm-arm
```

```
export PATH=$PATH:/opt/brcm/hndtools-mipsel-linux/bin:/opt/brcm/hndtools-mipsel-uclibc/bin:/opt/brcm-arm/bin
```

```
sudo mkdir -p /media/ASUSWRT/
sudo ln -s ~/asuswrt-merlin /media/ASUSWRT/asuswrt-merlin
```

3.5 fix the codes to avoid some problems which will occur during the building process on Ubuntu 20.04.4 LTS

```
cp /usr/include/proxy.h ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/neon/
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/libdaemon
aclocal
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/libxml2
sed -i s/AM_C_PROTOTYPES/#AM_C_PROTOTYPES/g ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/libxml2/configure.in
aclocal
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/libvorbis
aclocal
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/libogg
aclocal
automake
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/wget
aclocal
automake
```

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src/router/tor
aclocal
automake
```

```
sed -i '/#include <sys\stat.h>/a#include <sys\sysmacros.h>'
~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src-rt/linux/linux-2.6/scripts/squashfs/mksquashfs.c
```

3.6 apply the patch to support EAP_TTLS/PAP in the legacy asuswrt-merlin

I have made a patch to modify the source code in order to offer the EAP_TTLS/PAP method. Five files will be modified.

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin
curl -sLf https://github.com/ypyd/asuswrt-merlin-ypyd/raw/main/rt-ac66u_380.70_0_ttls.patch | patch -p0
```

3.7 build the image

```
cd ~/asuswrt-merlin/release/src-rt-6.x
make clean
make rt-ac66u
```

3.8 all-in-one script

I have integrated the above steps into an all-in-one script. You can run the following command directly after Ubuntu is installed

```
sh <(curl -sLf https://github.com/ypyd/asuswrt-merlin-ypyd/raw/main/build_image_rt-ac66u_380.70_0_ttls.sh)
```

3.9 Further readings

<https://github.com/RMerl/asuswrt-merlin.ng/wiki/OBSOLETE-Compile-Firmware-from-source-using-Ubuntu>

PART 4: How to modify the source codes of asuswrt-merlin to support EAP-TTLS/PAP

4.1 What has been change in the firmware

The last version of the legacy Asuswrt-Merlin which supports the ASUS RT-AC66U is 380.70. The developers have moved the codes to asuswrt-merlin.ng which never supports ASUS RT-AC66U again. The version 380.70 supports EAP-MD5 as the only method of IEEE 802.1x authentication. We can find the setting interface at the web management of RT-AC66U. It looks like this.

Configure the Ethernet WAN settings of RT-AC66U.

Basic Config

WAN Connection Type: Automatic IP

Enable WAN: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Enable NAT: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Enable UPnP: ☒ Yes ☐ No

UPnP: Allowed internal port range: 1024 to 65535

PNP: Allowed external port range: 1 to 65535

WAN DNS Setting

Connect to DNS Server automatically: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Account Settings

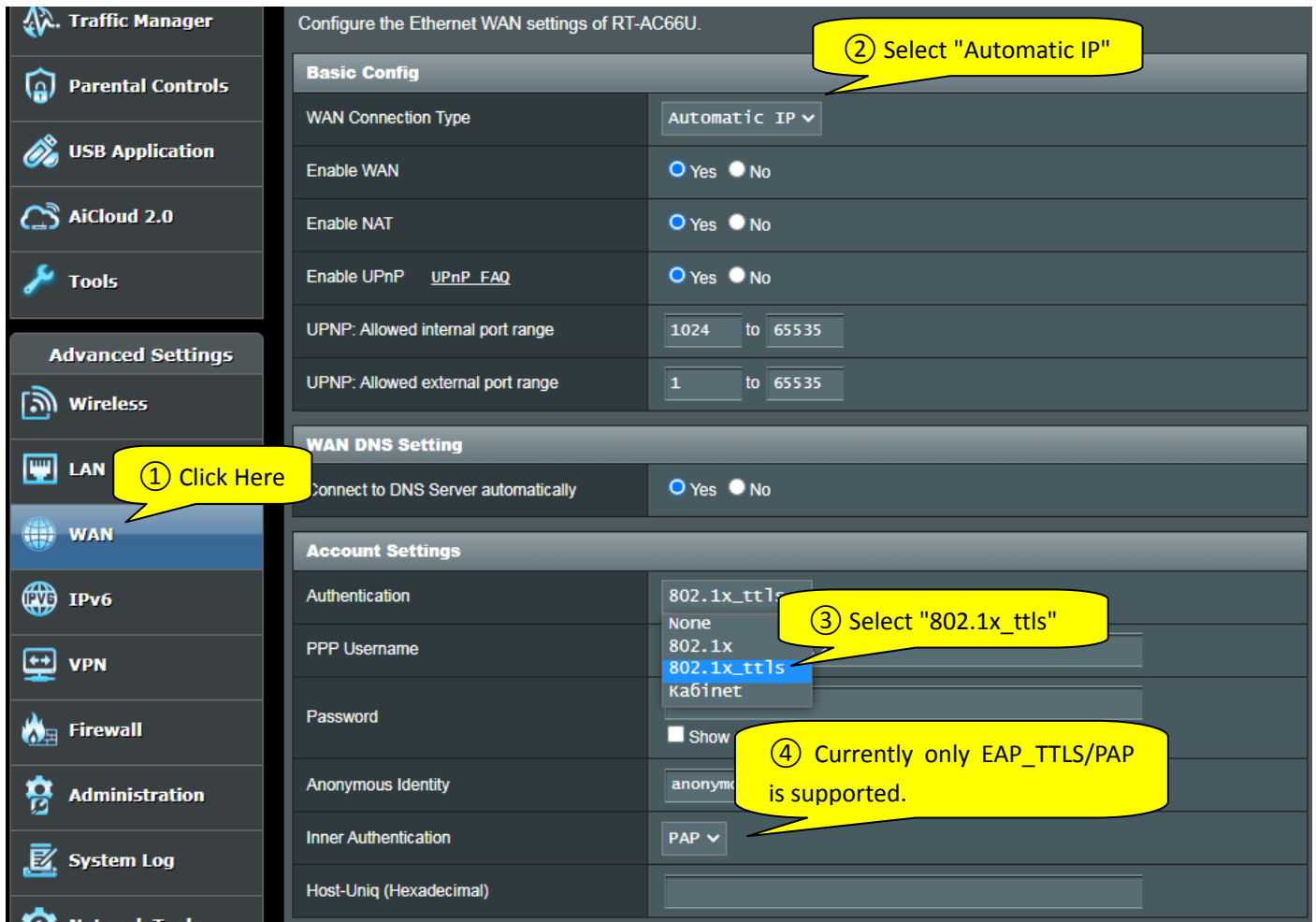
Authentication: 802.1x

PPP Username:

Password: Show password

Host-Uniq (Hexadecimal):

Fortunately the WPA implement in the version 380.70, i.e. /usr/sbin/wpa_supplicant, supports EAP-TTLS/PAP which is a popular IEEE 802.1x authentication method used by eduroam in many universities. We can modify some files of asuswrt-merlin to add the support of EAP-TTLS/PAP. The modified setting interface looks like this.



We can read the following link to understand the different IEEE 802.1x authentication methods.

https://support.brother.com/g/s/id/html/doc/mfc/cv_mfc4335dw/use/html/GUID-671FA87D-2269-46C5-9C98-BECAA50C7C5E_289.html

4.2 the modification of the web interface

The web page we saw in the above picture was rendered by /usr/sbin/httpd with the template file Advanced_WAN_Content.asp.

Firstly we should modify the source file `./release/src/router/www/Advanced_WAN_Content.asp`

- to add the option "8021x-ttls" under entry "Authentication",
- to add two new entries, i.e. "Anonymous Identity" and "Inner Authentication",
- to show these two new entries if we select "8021x-ttls" and hide them otherwise,
- to show the stored value of "Anonymous Identity" while the web page is rendering with option "8021x-ttls".

Asuswrt-merlin supports support multiple languages. The strings of different languages are stored in dict files. Next we should modify the source file `./release/src/router/www/EN.dict` to add some new strings as we will saw them in the web page .

When we move mouse point over the lable "Anonymous Identity" or "Inner Authentication" and click the left button of the mouse, a hint window will pop up. We should modify the source file `./release/src/router/www/help_content.js` to register these two new hints.

4.3 understanding the mechanism of web interaction

Step 1: Once we filled the entries of the web page "Advanced_WAN_Content.asp" and click the button "Apply", the browser will encode all the data of these entries and post to the httpd server of RT-AC66U.

Step 2: Once the httpd program of RT-AC66U, i.e. /usr/sbin/httpd, receives this post information, it will decode it. Based on the decoded information, httpd will render the template file ./release/src/router/www/start_apply.htm and send this rendering result back to the browser.

Step 3: Now we will see the browser showing "Applying Settings ...". Once the browser read all the bounced back rendering result of start_apply.htm, It will post new data to httpd server based on the received data.

Step 4: Again httpd received this new post information and decode it. Again based on the decoded information, httpd will determine which template file will be rendered and send the result back to the browser. As we will see on the browser, httpd renders Advanced_WAN_Content.asp again with the filled information we typed before.

After these four steps, the information we typed or selected on the web interface takes into effect.

OK. Let's take look at step two and read the source file ./release/src/router/www/start_apply.htm. We find update_variables() and notify_services() will be called while httpd is rendering start_apply.htm.

Once httpd calls update_variables(), it will compare the entry values of html forms with the values of the persistent variables stored in NVRAM. if the values of the same variable name are not the same, update_variables() will update the new value into NVRAM. In brief, update_variables() save what we filled on the web interface into the storage of RT-AC66U.

these persistent variables are declared in the file ./release/src/router/shared/defaults.c. We should add two new variables, i.e. "wan_8021x_anonymous" and "wan_8021x_innerauth", in this source file.

4.4 the modification of the background works

Similar to update_variables(), notify_services() will execute /sbin/rc to take the new configuration of WAN into effect. We should modify the source file ./release/src/router/rc/auth.c to add support of EAP_TTLS/PAP.

That's all. Please read those modified source files for details. Now we can build the new image from the modified codes and test the new image once it is upload into RT-AC66U.

All the modifications are based on the codes of version 380.70 and the modified firmware works well in the test of RT-AC66U only.