WORD数组

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16:06

'什么是数组

'数组的申明

'与数组有关的常用函数：array,ubound,lbound,split,join

'动态数组

Sub test()

Dim arr()

arr = Array(1, 2, 3, 4)

arr(2) = "aaa"

End Sub

Sub test1()

Dim s(1 To 3)

Dim ss(1 To 3, 1 To 6)

Dim sss(4) '相当于0 to 4

Dim ssss As String

End Sub

Sub test2()

Dim ar(4 To 19, 7 To 99)

'arr = Array("a", "b", "c", 999)

'For Each ar In arr

' MsgBox ar

'Next ar

l = LBound(ar, 2) '第二个参数为维数的最小位置。

u = UBound(ar)

End Sub

Sub test3()

arr = Split("a-b-c-d-e", "-")

sr = Join(arr, "")

End Sub

Sub test4()

'Dim arr(1 To 3) '静态数组

Dim arr()

ReDim arr(3 To 9) '动态数组

End Sub

Sub test5()

Dim arr()

arr = Array(1, 2, 3, 4)

'ReDim arr(0 To 9) '重新声明

ReDim Preserve arr(0 To 9)

End Sub

'读取数组

Sub test6()

Dim arr()

arr = Array(1, 2, 3, 4)

MsgBox arr(2) '读取

arr(2) = "aaa" '修改元素

End Sub

Sub teste() '有条件筛选结果，将大于等于10000的数据的所有行筛选出来

Dim p As Paragraph, ar, n%, m%, arr()

For Each p In Selection.Range.Paragraphs

ar = Split(p.Range.Text, Chr(9))

n = ar(2)

If n >= 10000 Then

m = m + 1

ReDim Preserve arr(1 To m)

arr(m) = Join(ar, "\")

End If

Next p

Selection.Collapse 0

Selection.TypeParagraph

Selection.TypeText "------------筛选结果----------" & Chr(13)

For Each ar In arr '数组的写入

Selection.TypeText ar

Next ar

End Sub

'字体的设置

Sub teste()

Selection.Font.Italic = True '倾斜的设置

Selection.Font.Bold = True

Selection.Font.Underline = 11

Selection.Font.UnderlineColor = wdColorAutomatic

Selection.Font.Size = 50

Selection.Font.ColorIndex = wdBlue

Selection.Font.Fill.ForeColor.RGB = RGB(255, 0, 0)

End Sub

Sub teste1()

Dim x%, y%, n&

Do

For x = 8 To 30 Step 2

If n >= ActiveDocument.Characters.Count Then End

n = n + 1

ActiveDocument.Characters(n).Font.Size = x

Next x

For y = 28 To 6 Step -2

If n >= ActiveDocument.Characters.Count Then End

n = n + 1

ActiveDocument.Characters(n).Font.Size = y

Next y

Loop

End Sub

Sub teste2()

n = 1

If n = 1 Then End

MsgBox "你好"

End Sub

Sub teste3()

n = 1

If n = 1 Then GoTo 99

MsgBox "你好"

99

End Sub