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算法 2 DFS算法
Input: 序列s_i, 成本C_{lb}(s_i), 最优路线s_i^*, 最优成本C_{lb}(s_i^*), 当前概率p, 节点集合J
 1: if s_i已达到最大深度 & C_{lb}(s_i) < C_{lb}(s_i^*) then
         s_i^*, C_{lb}(s_i^*) := \mathfrak{D}\mathfrak{H}(s_i, C_{lb}(s_i), s_i^*, C_{lb}(s_i^*))
 2:
          return s_i^*, C_{lb}(s_i^*)
 4: else
          for i \in J do
 5:
              \operatorname{stack} := \operatorname{id}_{\mathfrak{F}}(s_i, C_{lb}(s_i), p)
 6:
              if C_{lb}(s_i + \{j\}) < C_{lb}(s_i^*) then % 剪枝
                   s_i := s_i + \{j\}
 8:
                   \bar{J} := \bar{J} \setminus \{j\}
 9:
10:
                   p := p * q_i
11:
                   s_i^*, C_{lb}(s_i^*) := \text{DFS}(s_i, C_{lb}(s_i), s^*, C_{lb}(s^*), ip, \bar{J}) \% 递归s_i.
                   C_{lb}(s_i), p :=  恢复(stack)
12:
              end if
13:
          end for
14:
15: end if
```

16: **return** $s_i^*, C_{lb}(s_i^*)$