

of America

# Congressional Record

Proceedings and debates of the  $110^{th}$  congress, first session

Vol. 153

WASHINGTON, FRIDAY, MAY 4, 2007

# House of Representatives

The House was not in session today. Its next meeting will be held on Monday, May 7, 2007, at 12:30 p.m.

# Senate

FRIDAY, MAY 4, 2007

The Senate met at 9:30 a.m. and was called to order by the Honorable SHERROD BROWN, a Senator from the State of Ohio.

#### PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

O God, our Father, bless the United States Senate. If anything is dark in it, illumine; if anything is low, raise; if anything is wanting, supply; if anything is in error, correct. Create in this legislative body a unified force for good in which its Members strive to find common ground. May the leaders who debate in this Chamber be led by their conscience and speak to You before they speak to each other. Make Your way clear to them, and may Your glory be their greatest desire.

We pray in Your holy Name. Amen.

#### PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The Honorable Sherrod Brown led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

#### APPOINTMENT OF ACTING PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will please read a communication to the Senate from the President pro tempore (Mr. BYRD).

The legislative clerk read the following letter:

U.S. SENATE, PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE, Washington, DC, May 4, 2007.

To the Senate:

Under the provisions of rule L paragraph 3. of the Standing Rules of the Senate, I hereby appoint the Honorable SHERROD BROWN, a Senator from the State of Ohio, to perform the duties of the Chair.

ROBERT C. BYRD. President pro tempore.

Mr. BROWN thereupon assumed the chair as Acting President pro tempore.

#### RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. The majority leader is recognized.

#### SCHEDULE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, the Senate will be in a period of morning business today. There are no rollcall votes. Yesterday, cloture was filed on the substitute amendment to S. 1082, the FDA bill, and cloture was filed on the bill. In addition, cloture was filed on the motion to proceed to H.R. 1495, the Water Resources Development Act. Votes will begin Monday at about 4 p.m., and there will be several votes at that time. We are disappointed we were not able to finish FDA yesterday, as anticipated. I am confident we can finish it Monday night or Tuesday.

We have a lot to do next week. As I have indicated, I am going to move to the immigration bill on Wednesday so debate on that can start on the following Monday. We also have the op-

portunity to complete our budget for the year. I have spoken to Senator CONRAD on a number of occasions. I have spoken to the Speaker on this issue. It is very close to being in a position that we can bring it to the floor. It is my understanding the House will appoint conferees on Monday, and we will do that on the next day. It is a privileged motion. There is 10 hours of debate, and there are some procedural issues dealing with motions to instruct. We will find out how many there will be on either side. That will take up a lot of time.

The WRDA bill is extremely important. It passed overwhelmingly in the House. I hope we can do the same here.

#### MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR—S. 1301 AND S. 1305

Mr. REID. It is my understanding there are two bills at the desk due for a second reading.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, the clerk will report.

The legislative clerk read as follows: A bill (S. 1301) to preserve and protect the

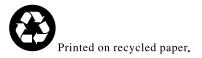
free choice of individual employees to form. ioin. or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities.

A bill (S. 1305) making emergency appropriations for American troops overseas, without unnecessary pork barrel spending and without mandating surrender or retreat in Iraq, for the fiscal year ending September

30, 2007, and for other purposes.

Mr. REID. I object to any further proceedings with respect to these bills en bloc.

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.



The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Objection is heard. The bills will be placed on the calendar.

#### **IRAQ**

Mr. REID. Mr. President, this week a historic discussion began between Congress and the White House about the way forward in Iraq. On Wednesday, a meeting occurred between the President and congressional leadership following the President's veto of a spending bill that would have made America more secure, fully funded the troops, and changed the course in Iraq. It has taken almost 4½ years, but it appears the President finally is willing to consider what most Americans and Members of Congress have long known, that we must change course in Iraq and move toward a strategy that will make our country more secure.

It took 6 years and 3 months for the President to accept Congress as a coequal branch of Government. Prior to last Wednesday, the President basically had ignored the constitutionally framed equal branch of Government, the legislative branch. From that perspective, it was a positive step forward.

During the first 6 years of this congressional term, the President basically ignored us. There was a big rubber stamp. Anything the Republican Congress thought the President wanted, they gave him. But yesterday, the minority leader and I met with the President's Chief of Staff Josh Bolton to further that discussion that started Wednesday in the White House, I thought the meeting was constructive, comfortable. It is clear, at this early point in the negotiations, that nothing is off the table. We agreed to meet again early next week. Meanwhile, I will be talking with members of my caucus, Senator McConnell, and with our experts, and we will continue to work on ideas for a way forward in the quagmire in Iraq.

I know many of my Republican friends in the Senate believe strongly that a change of course in Iraq strategy is needed, one that holds the administration and the Iragis accountable for real results. I know many of my Republican friends intend to be part of that solution on the way forward. I look forward to working with them, as I have the last few weeks. Work is now in progress, and we will work to reach agreement on a bill that fully funds the troops while providing a responsible new course that makes America more secure and leads to an early end to America's involvement in the Iraq civil war.

Events on the ground give this challenge great urgency. The month of April saw an American death toll of more than 100, making it the deadliest month of the year for our troops in Iraq and one of the deadliest in the 51 months of this war.

The President's own Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction released his quarterly report last week-

end which painted a dispiriting picture of waste, ineffectiveness, and failure to achieve even minimally satisfactory results. Despite burning through most of the 20 billion American dollars planned for reconstruction, most Iraqis are without basic necessities such as electricity and clean drinking water. Only a third of Iraq's children are regularly attending school, and 70 percent are suffering from symptoms of trauma that will likely paralyze an entire generation on which we are counting to harvest the seeds of democracy.

Iraqi Prime Minister al-Malaki, a Shia, is accused of sabotaging efforts for peace and stability by firing some of the country's top law enforcement officials for doing too good a job of combating violent Shia militias. President Bush speaks of pressuring the Iraqi people to take responsibility for their own future. Yet while American troops are fighting and dying to secure the country, the Iraqi Government is planning a 2-month summer vacation.

We throw around a lot of numbers and statistics to highlight the failures and high stakes of the war. We must also remember that behind each of these numbers—104 deaths during the month of April—is a personal story.

Yesterday, a Las Vegas newspaper published an article about a 26-year-old Nevadan named John Shoup. After surviving 7 months in Iraq, John returned home to Nevada without apparent physical injury. Many of his friends were not so fortunate, he said. At home, though, almost immediately, John's wife Lori knew he was not well. She said:

I noticed in the first week he wasn't sleeping...he started to get a little snappy...he started crying and started throwing things.

John told his wife about the four roadside bomb attacks he survived.

The article goes on to say, among other things:

But the worst, [his wife] said, were the times he was called to bag up body parts of dead soldiers who had been blown up by improvised explosive devices on patrols ahead of his platoon . . .

With her husband displaying the same classic symptoms of PTSD, or post-traumatic stress disorder, she checked him into a privately owned psychiatric hospital where he was treated for major depression related to [post-traumatic stress disorder].

He was given anti-depressants and while he was there, she said, his first sergeant called to inform him he would be listed as absent without leave and his paycheck for May would be canceled if he didn't report back to his squadron in Iraq, one of the many regular Army units whose tours had been extended.

Lori Shoup said her husband told the first sergeant about his battle with PTSD. The sergeant's response to him, she said, was: "How's that different from the way you normally act?" [She said] that really upset him. It was if they didn't care.

With his mental problems persisting, John Shoup met with doctors at O'Callaghan Federal Hospital at Nellis Air Force Base. Doctors there tried to help him, but on April 16, the day before he was supposed to report to Fort Drum, his condition took a turn for the worse. While at home, he took too many

drugs, described as a suicide attempt, and Lori had to rush him back to Nellis hospital. His stomach was pumped and he was put in supervised care.

He continues to struggle with his illness and now awaits another transfer from the hospital at Nellis Air Force Base near his home in Nevada to Walter Reed here in Washington.

We all know that war comes with casualties. I have talked about John Shoup. I have read quotes from Lori Shoup, his wife. She is also a casualty. She had to be hospitalized. She had a nervous breakdown.

Our soldiers have always shouldered the burden when the mission is to protect America's security. John Shoup did that.

What is our mission today? When he was asked that question, he replied:

All we do is drive around and wait to get blown up.

Our troops are interjected between warring factions, kicking down doors, trying to sort Shia from Sunni or friend from foe. Meanwhile, Afghanistan is deteriorating. Osama bin Laden remains at large, and al-Qaida is rebuilding its strength. Our current strategy is not a strategy for success. It is a recipe for more death and destruction, overburdening our military and leaving America less secure.

Today's USA Today newspaper talked about a lot of John Shoups. In fact, they said there are 150,000 brain injuries caused by what has happened in Iraq to our troops; 15,000 is what USA Today reports.

We approach these discussions with the White House with an open mind and sincere desire to move forward. But John and Lori Shoup and all Americans deserve to know what our resolve to change course in Iraq will be. Our course cannot be one to waiver from doing everything we can to get the President to change the mission, to transition the mission in Iraq. Fiftyone months of what has happened in Iraq has not been good for the country, certainly not good for the world.

I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the article from the Las Vegas Review-Journal.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

[From reviewjournal.com, May 2, 2007]
IRAQ DEPLOYMENT CHANGED SOLDIER: POSTTRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER DELAYS RETURN

#### (By Keith Rogers)

When Army Spc. John Shoup came home on leave two months ago after serving seven months in Iraq, he wasn't the same man his wife, Lori, had known since they married four years ago. "We noticed he was very different," Lori Shoup said Monday, sitting on the porch of their Las Vegas condominium not far from where fighter jets take off from Nellis Air Force Base. I noticed in the first week he wasn't sleeping," she said. "He started to get a little snappy and stuff. . . . He told me he didn't want to talk about it."

Before his two-week leave was over, the nightmares and the horrifying memories of the so-called Triangle of Death in south

Baghdad had set in. "He started crying and started throwing things," she said about her 26-year-old husband from Frackville, Pa.

Little by little, though, the things he didn't want to talk about came to light. Among them were the four roadside bomb attacks that he survived but left some of his buddies wounded. But the worst, she said, were the times he was called to bag up body parts of dead soldiers who had been blown up by improvised explosive devices on patrols ahead of his platoon, a mortar troop of the 1st Squadron, 89th Cavalry Regiment from the 10th Mountain Division out of Fort Drum. N.Y.

With her husband displaying the classic symptoms of PTSD, or post-traumatic stress disorder, she checked him into a privately owned psychiatric hospital where he was treated for major depression related to PTSD. He was given anti-depressants and while he was there, she said, his first sergeant called to inform him he would be listed as absent without leave and his paycheck for May would be canceled if he didn't report back to his squadron in Iraq, one of many regular Army units whose tours had been extended.

Lori Shoup said her husband told the first sergeant about his bout with PTSD. The sergeant's response to him, she said, was: 'How's that different from the way you normally act?' That really upset him. It was as if they didn't care."

With his mental problems persisting, John Shoup met with doctors at O'Callaghan Federal Hospital at Nellis Air Force Base. Doctors there tried to help him, but on April 16, the day before he was supposed to return to Fort Drum, his condition took a turn for the worse. While at home, he took too many drugs described as a suicide attempt, and Lori had to rush him back to the Nellis hospital. His stomach was pumped and he was put in supervised care.

In the meantime, Lori has been struggling to make ends meet by continuing to work as a bartender at a cantina on the Strip while caring for their 3-year-old son, Levan, and her 8-year-old daughter, Emily, from a previous marriage. "I'm at wit's end," she said. "There's no way I can do it all by myself."

Her father, Joseph Godlewski, a retired Army staff sergeant, has been trying to help with babysitting. He is also helping his daughter understand what John is trying to endure. "The poor kid has seen so much death," he said. "Once the smell of death is in your nose it never goes away."

in your nose it never goes away."

For Lori, the gravity of the situation became too much last week, when she experienced a nervous breakdown that resulted in a trip to the Nellis hospital emergency room. Now back at home, she was feeling better Monday even though she learned that John's status with his overseas unit had officially changed to AWOL while he's still at the federal hospital. His paycheck had not been deposited. "I couldn't believe it. My heart went right down into my stomach." she said.

In a telephone interview from his hospital room, John Shoup said he had served his four-year obligation but his orders had been extended. He said his first sergeant had called him to say he had "better hurry up and stop fooling around and get back to Iraq." "All we do is drive around and wait to get blown up," he said. "I just want to get back to the Army and get out and get back to my family."

On Tuesday, a spokesman at Fort Drum acknowledged that John Shoup had called the fort to say he needed mental help. They directed him to the Nellis hospital to continue PTSD treatment until he was well enough to return to Fort Drum. "Then they would make a determination if his future is best not serving in the Army," Fort Drum spokesman Ben Abel said.

Given the current circumstances, Abel said he could not foresee the Army sending him back to Iraq. As for stopping his pay, that was a misunderstanding that stemmed from his overseas unit, Abel said, noting, "It's on its way to being cleared up."

Lori Shoup said, however, that her husband won't be returning to Fort Drum immediately. Instead, he will be transferred today from the Nellis hospital to Walter Reed Army Medical Center in Washington, D.C.

In the meantime, she wants to see "all of our boys come home" from Iraq. "I believe our job is done there. . . . I believe that our troops are doing a lot of good there. I back our soldiers 100 percent. I've heard it referred to as a modern-day Vietnam. "It's getting uglier and uglier. It's really unfortunate because our society is going to suffer from it because there's a lot of fathers and sons and brothers who will never return. And some will never return the same people they were when they left."

#### RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.

#### MORNING BUSINESS

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, there will be a period for the transaction of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak for up to 10 minutes each.

#### YOUTHS AND FIREARMS

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, often discussions about combating gun violence center around preventing criminal access to dangerous firearms. Another important component of the issue is the ability of our children and teenagers to access firearms. Most fatal firearm incidences occur when children and teens discover loaded and unsecured firearms in their homes. Over the years, accidental shootings and suicides have claimed the lives of thousands of young people. Sadly, many of these tragedies could have been prevented through common sense gun legislation.

On April 14, two 14-year-old boys were playing in one of their homes in Iosco Township, MI, when they found an unlocked .45-caliber handgun. After playing with it for a short time, the gun went off. The two boys were home alone, so no adult was aware of what happened until one of the boys called 911 and uttered the words, "I shot him." The other boy was pronounced dead after being airlifted to the University of Michigan Medical Center.

The very next day not far away in Battle Creek, MI, a 19-year-old accidentally shot and killed his 17-year-old best friend and cousin. The two were sitting on a couch in the living room, playing with an unregistered gun. They had removed the gun's clip but were not aware of the single bullet remaining in the chamber.

These are two examples of the misery gun violence can inflict. The Centers

for Disease Control and Prevention have released some staggering statistics on gun-related deaths among young people:

In 2002 a child or teen was killed in a firearm-related accident or suicide every 9 hours.

On average, four children died every day in non-homicide firearm incidents between 1999–2002.

From 1997–2002, more than 1,324 children were killed in firearm accidents.

In 2004, 13,846 kids were injured by a firearm.

Over the last 10 years, an average of 1,213 kids committed suicide with a firearm each year; on average more than 135 each year were under the age of 15.

The overall firearm-related death rate among U.S. children under the age of 15 was nearly 12 times higher than among children in 25 other industrialized countries combined.

As adults, parents and grandparents, we have a responsibility to protect our children from gun-related deaths. Trigger locks and other sensible gun safety measures can have a significant impact. I urge my colleagues to wait no longer to act on such measures.

#### ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS

# IN MEMORY—ARTHUR H. GUENTHER, PH.D.

• Mr. BINGAMAN. Mr. President, today I note the passing away of Dr. Art Guenther on April 21, 2007.

Art Guenther was born April 18, 1931, in Hoboken, NJ. As a kid he loved the outdoors and became New Jersey's youngest Eagle Scout. He wanted to be a forest ranger and hoped to attend a college with a good forestry program, but those schools didn't accept out-of-state students. A teacher had noticed Guenther's aptitude in math and science and got him into Rutgers. There he majored in chemistry, earning his bachelor's degree in 1953.

As a grad student at Penn State, he wanted to pursue optics. His thesis advisor asked, "Why optics? The cream is gone," meaning all the good research had been done. Guenther persisted, receiving his Ph.D. in chemistry and physics in 1957. He joined the Air Force and was sent to Kirtland Air Force Base. His mother wondered why they were sending him out of the country on his first assignment. After serving 2 years, he left the Air Force and became a civilian employee and a New Mexican for the remainder of his life. His optics work would pay off in 1960, after the laser was first demonstrated. As the only person at Kirtland with a background in optics, Guenther was asked by the commander of the research directorate to evaluate lasers for potential Air Force use. He toured the country and reported back on the promise of the new technology. At the request of the Air Force, he established a laser program and later became chief scientist of the Air Force Weapons Lab, a

position he held for 15 of his 31 years with the Air Force.

By 1965 Guenther had become one of the world's leading experts in simulating effects of atomic explosions. He also gained experience in advanced optical systems, high-power lasers, highpower microwaves, pulsed power, materials science, and weapons effects. Guenther is considered a pioneer in the development of pulsed-power technology and its defense applications. Dr. Guenther stood out as not only a scientist but someone who was deeply concerned about bettering the lives of New Mexicans by promoting the spread of science outside the laboratory gates through education and high technology economic development. Art Guenther helped develop an optics curriculum at Albuquerque Technical Vocational Institute. The program was so successful it had a waiting list.

In the 1980s, Guenther was one of the first to see a high-tech future for New Mexico. Gov. Bruce King in 1981 established the Governor's Technical Excellence Committee, GTEC, with Guenther as a member. King asked GTEC to assess the State's high-tech assets; they found 15,000 Ph.D.s, major research universities and three Federal laboratories along the Rio Grande.

At a time when other States had their Silicon Valley or Research Triangle, it was Guenther who coined the term "Rio Grande Research Corridor." He chaired the State Science and Technology Committee, which proposed and got the five Centers of Technical Excellence in 1983. One of those was the Center for High-Tech Materials at UNM.

In 1988, Guenther became chief scientist for advanced defense technology at Los Alamos National Laboratory. In that post, he was science adviser to Gov. Garrey Carruthers and again for Gov. Bruce King. In 1991 he became scientific adviser for laboratory development and manager of alliances at Sandia.

Guenther retired in 1998, but his family and colleagues know he didn't really retire. He became a research professor at UNM's Center for High-Tech Materials and was also on contract with the Air Force Office of Scientific Research. He maintained a staggering schedule of travel, meetings, research and civic involvement. Also in 1998. after identifying a wealth of optics activity in the State, he became cofounder of the New Mexico Optics Industry Association. And through NMOIA, he was instrumental in founding the Photonics Academy at West Mesa High School. He also helped organize the Directed Energy Professionals Society.

Art received numerous honors and awards. Some of these awards include the Distinguished Executive Rank Award from President Reagan, the Harry Diamond Award from the Institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers, the Director's Award of the International Society of Optical Engineering, the David Richardson Medal of the Optical Society of America, and the Arthur L. Schawlow Medal from the Laser Institute of America in 1983. He has twice received the New Mexico Distinguished Public Service Award. In 1992 he was one of the first Americans to be named to the Russian Academy of Sciences. He had worked with Russian scientists since the 1960s and was credited with improving communication between the two countries.

Guenther brought so many technical meetings to Albuquerque that he earned a special award from the Albuquerque Convention and Visitors Bureau. On April 25, the New Mexico Optics Industry Association honored him with the organization's first Lifetime Service Award.

Mr. President, my State was blessed by Art Guenther's energy and dedication and we will miss him.●

## MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bills were read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

S. 1301. A bill to preserve and protect the free choice of individual employees to form, join, or assist labor organizations, or to refrain from such activities.

S. 1305. A bill making emergency war appropriations for American troops overseas, without unnecessary pork barrel spending and without mandating surrender or retreat in Iraq, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2007, and for other purposes.

#### REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following reports of committees were submitted:

By Mr. LEAHY, from the Committee on the Judiciary, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute:

S. 735. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to improve the terrorist hoax statute (Rept. No. 110-61).

By Mr. LEAHY, from the Committee on

the Judiciary, without amendment: S. 621. A bill to establish commissions to review the facts and circumstances surrounding injustices suffered by European Americans, European Latin Americans, and Jewish refugees during World War II (Rept. No. 110-62).

### INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first

and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Mr. KERRY:

S. 1311. A bill to permanently prohibit oil and gas leasing in the North Aleutian Basin Planning Area, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 469

At the request of Mr. BAUCUS, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. NELSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 469, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent the special rule for contributions of qualified conservation contributions.

S. 604

At the request of Mr. LAUTENBERG, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. CARDIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 604, a bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to limit increases in the certain costs of health care services under the health care programs of the Department of Defense, and for other purposes.

S. 673

At the request of Mr. SALAZAR, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. KERRY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 673, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide credits for the installation of wind energy property, including by rural homeowners, farmers, ranchers, and small businesses, and for other purposes.

S. 749

At the request of Mr. Nelson of Florida, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. ISAKSON) was added as a cosponsor of S. 749, a bill to modify the prohibition on recognition by United States courts of certain rights relating to certain marks, trade names, or commercial names.

S. 935

At the request of Mr. Nelson of Florida, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Cardin) was added as a cosponsor of S. 935, a bill to repeal the requirement for reduction of survivor annuities under the Survivor Benefit Plan by veterans' dependency and indemnity compensation, and for other purposes.

S. 960

At the request of Mrs. CLINTON, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mrs. LINCOLN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 960, a bill to establish the United States Public Service Academy.

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

#### FOREIGN TRAVEL FINANCIAL REPORTS

In accordance with the appropriate provisions of law, the Secretary of the Senate herewith submits the following reports for standing committees of the Senate, certain joint committees of the Congress, delegations and groups, and select and special committees of the Senate, relating to expenses incurred in the performance of authorized foreign travel.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION AND FORESTRY FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Tot	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Hayden Milberg: Switzerland United States	Swiss Franc		1,464.00		7,425.11				1,464.00 7,425.11
Total			1,464.00		7,425.11				8,889.11

TOM HARKIN,

Chairman, Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry, Apr. 18, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscel	aneous	Tot	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Senator Sam Brownback: Ethiopia Ethiopia United States	Dollar		69.00 531.00		9,827.23				69.00 531.00 9,827.23
Joshua Carter: Ethiopia Ethiopia United States	Birr Dollar		69.00 531.00		9,827.23				69.00 531.00 9,827.23
Jeremy Weirich: New Zealand United States Howard Sutton:	Dollar		766.00		11,691.16				766.00 11,691.10
New Zealand	Dollar		766.00		11,691.16				766.00 11,691.10
New Zealand United States Augusta Wilson: New Zealand	Dollar		766.00 766.00		11,691.16				766.0 11,691.1 766.0
United States Senator Patrick J. Leahy: Switzerland	Dollar		390.00		11,691.16				11,691.1 390.0
Greece Paul Grove: Afghanistan	Afghani		186.00 225.00 591.00						186.0 225.0 591.0
Pakistan United Kingdom United Stafes Michele Gordon:	Pound		1,306.00		9,046.01				1,306.0 9,046.0
Afghanistan Pakistan United Kingdom United States	Rupee		225.00 591.00 1,306.00		9,046.01				225.0 591.0 1,306.0 9,046.0
Senator Robert Bennett: Germany United Kingdom Belgium	Pound Euro		380.00 400.00 400.00						380.0 400.0 400.0
United States Nathan Graham: Germany United Kingdom	Euro		355.00 380.00		7,230.00				7,230.0 355.0 380.0
Belgium United States	Euro		390.00		7,230.00				390.0 7,230.0
Total			11,389.00		98,971.12				110,360.1

ROBERT C. BYRD, Chairman, Committee on Appropriations, Apr. 12, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, AMENDED FROM 4TH QUARTER, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2006

		Per o	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Total	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency		U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency
Derek J. Maurer:									
United States	Dollar				6,666,96				6,666.96
Germany	Dollar		325.90						325.9
Romania	Dollar		362.23						362.2
Italy	Dollar		368.38						368.3
Great Britain	Dollar		517.52						517.5
Senator John Warner:									
Jordan	Dollar		273.00						273.0
Israel	Dollar		330.00						330.00
United States	Dollar				2,606.00				2,606.0
Senator Carl Levin:									
Jordan	Dollar		273.00						273.0
Israel	Dollar		397.00						397.0
United States	Dollar				2,606.00				2,606.0
Richard D. DeBobes:									
Jordan	Dollar		273.00						273.00
Israel	Dollar		794 00						794 00

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, AMENDED FROM 4TH QUARTER, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2006—Continued

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Tot	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dolla equivaler or U.S. currency
aniel J. Cox, Jr.:	Dellar		273.00						273.
Jordan Israel			794.00						794.
illiam Caniano:	D-II		072.00						070
Jordan	Dollar		273.00 794.00						273. 794.
Israelenator Jack Reed:	Dollar		794.00						794.
Pakistan	Dollar		212.00				166.00		378.
Qatar			208.00				100.00		208.
United States			200.00		15.525.41				15.525
izabeth King:	20101				10,020.11				10,020
Pakistan	Dollar		212.00						212
Qatar	Dollar		209.00						209
United States					12,385.41				12.385
enator James M. Inhofe:					,				,
Belgium	Dollar		344.46						344
United States	Dollar				9,336.62				9,33
Afghanistan			782.24						782
hn Bonsell:									
Belgium	Dollar		931.77						931
United States	Dollar				5,506.93				5,506
Afghanistan	Dollar		812.24						812
enator Joseph I. Lieberman:									
Israel	Dollar		3,970.00				832.00		4,802
United States	Dollar				3,907.00				3,90
ederick M. Downey:									
Israel			2,349.00						2,34
United States	Dollar				4,154.00				4,15
n Shapiro:	D II		1 000 00						1.00
Israel			1,038.00						1,03
Jordan			244.00						24
Lebanon	Dollar		105.00						10
Saudi Arabia	Dollar		430.00						43
Bahrainnator Joseph I. Lieberman:	Dollar		226.00						22
Kuwait	Dollar		338.00						33
ederick M. Downey:			330.00						33
Kuwait	Dollar		338.00						33
chard Fontaine:	Dollai		330.00						33
Kuwait	Dollar		406.00						40
Afghanistan			75.00						7
Pakistan			39.00						3
Israel			434.00						43
			707.00						
Total			19.751.74		62.694.33		998.00		83.44

JOHN WARNER, Chairman, Committee on Armed Services, Mar. 6, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95–384—22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	To	tal
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
enator Hillary Rodham Clinton:									
Kuwait			80.95						80.9 4.6
Pakistan			4.62 93.70						
Germany	Euro		93.70						93.7
ndrew J. Shapiro:	D:		00.05						80.9
Kuwait	Dinar		80.95 4.62						80.5 4.6
Pakistan			93.70						
Germany	Euro		93.70						93.7
uma Abedin:	Dinas		41 20						41.5
Kuwait	Dinar		41.38						41.3 4.6
Pakistan			4.62 93.70						93.7
Germanyenator Bill Nelson:	Euro		93.70						93.7
	Courdo		58.00				24.00		82.0
Haiti Bahamas	Gourde		60.00						60.0
aroline Tess:	Dollar		00.00						00.0
	Courdo		164.00						164.0
HaitiBahamas			515.00						515.0
enator Lindsey Graham:	Dullai		313.00						313.0
	Franc		390.00						390.0
SwitzerlandGreece			186.00						186.0
enator Mel Martinez:	Luiv		100.00						100.0
Switzerland	Franc		390.00						390.0
Greece			186.00						186.0
lichael Zehr:	Euro		100.00						100.0
Switzerland	Franc		390.00						390.0
Greece			186.00						186.0
enator Saxby Chambliss:	Euro		100.00						100.0
Switzerland	Franc		390.00						390.0
enator Saxby Chambliss:			030.00						030.0
Greece	Euro		186.00						196.0
enator Lindsev Graham:	Laio		100.00						130.0
Germany	Dollar		130.00						130.0
enator Joseph I. Lieberman:			100.00						100.0
Germany	Dollar		90.00						90.0
rederick M. Downey:			00.00						00.0
Germany	Dollar		120.00						120.0
ance Serchuk:									
Germany	Dollar		120.00						120.0
enator Bill Nelson:									
Costa Rica	Colon		148.00						148.0
Nicaragua	Cordoba		324.79				100.00		424.7
Ecuador			207.22				100.00		307.2
Peru	Nuevo Sol		397.92				100.00		497.9
arolina Tess:									
Costa Rica	Colon		128.00						128.0

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007—Continued

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Tot	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Nicaragua	Cordoba		237.00						237.00
Ecuador			110.82						110.82
Peru	Nuevo Sol		213.00						213.00
Sherry Davich:									
Costa Rica			280.40						280.40
Nicaragua	Cordoba		389.34						389.34
Ecuador			263.20						263.20
Peru	Nuevo Sol		365.38						365.38
William K. Sutey:									
United States	Dollar				7,623.58				7,623.58
Kuwait	Dollar		107.00						107.00
Derek J. Mauer:									
United States	Dollar				7,623.58				7,623.58
Kuwait	Dollar		155.00						155.00
Richard Fontaine:									
Switzerland	Dollar		342.00						342.00
Michael J. Kuiken:									
Kenya	Shilling		186.00						186.00
Ethiopia	Birr		492.00						492.00
Michael J. Kuiken:	-								
Germany	Euro		108.00						108.00
United States	Dollar		100.00		9.625.64				9.625.64
Richard Fontaine:					3,020.04				3,020.04
Germany	Dollar		200.00						200.00
Evelyn N. Farkas:	Donar		200.00						200.00
United States	Dollar				7.528.41				7.528.41
Population of Koroa	Won		543.28		,				543.28
Republic of Korea			307.00						307.00
China	Yuan		852.22						852.22
India			10.416.81		32.401.21		224.00		43.142.02
Total			10,410.61		32,401.21		324.00		45,142.02

CARL LEVIN,

Chairman, Committee on Armed Services, Mar. 27, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Tota	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Senator Amy Klobuchar:									
Kuwait	Dinar Dmark		9.40 56.95						9.40 56.95
Jake Sullivan:									
Kuwait	Dinar Dmark		9.40 56.95						9.40 56.95
Margaret Cummisky:	Dillain		00.30						00.00
United States	Dollar				9,015.43				9,015.43
New Zealand	Dollar		526,44						526.44
Michael Daum:	Deller				0 021 42		157.00		0.000.41
United States New Zealand	Dollar Dollar		566.05		8,831.43 78.62		157.00		8,988.43 661.98
Australia	Dollar		10.53		70.02		17.51		10.53
Margaret Spring:	Dollar		10.00						10.00
Switzerland	Franc		390.00						390.00
Greece	Euro		186.00						186.00
Susan Keenom:									
Switzerland			390.00						390.00
Greece	Euro		186.00						186.00
Todd Bertoson:	B. II				0.000.00				0.000.00
United States	Dollars		1.832.82		2,660.36 369.60		91.08		2,660.36 2,293.50
Italy	Euro		1,032.02		309.00		91.08		۷,293.3۱
Total			4,220.54		20,955.44		265.39		25,441.37

DANIEL K. INOUYE,

Chairman, Committee on Commerce, Science and Transportation, Apr. 17, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON FINANCE FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2006

U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency
400.00		890.00				1,290.00
138.00						138.00
				904.00		1,524.00
120.00						138.00
						747.00
	138.00 620.00 138.00 747.00	138.00	138.00	138.00	138.00 904.00 620.00 904.00 138.00 747.00	138.00 904.00 904.00

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON ENERGY & NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	aneous	Total	
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Allen Stayman: United States Japan Joshua Johnson: United States Japan	Dollar		719.53		6,373.08				6,373.08 719.53 6,373.00 850.00
Total			1,569.53		12,746.08				14,315.61

JEFF BINGAMAN, Chairman, Committee on Energy & Natural Resources, Mar. 30, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007.

		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscell	laneous	Tot	tal
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Senator Bob Corker: United States	. Dollar				2.750.10				2.750.10
Senator John F. Kerry:	. Dullai				2,730.10				2,730.10
Switzerland	. Dollar		390.00						390.00
United States	Dollar				3,666,41				3.666.41
Senator Lisa Murkowski:					-,				-,
Kuwait	. <u>Dinar</u>		264.61						264.61
Germany	Euro		56.95						56.95
Senator John E. Sununu:									
Kuwait	. Dinar		155.00						155.00
Germany			328.00						328.00
Tyler J. Birkel:									
Cuba			450.00		449.00				899.00
United States	. Dollar				848.79				848.79
Isaac Edwards:									
Kuwait			264.61						264.61
Germany	. Euro		56.95						56.95
Mark Helmke:									
Norway	. Krone		1,432.00						1,432.00
United States	. Dollar				7,163.00				7,163.00
Jessica Lewis:									
Guatemala	. Quetzal		738.00						738.00
United States	. Dollar				1,411.00				1,411.00
Kenneth Myers, III:	_								
Kazakhstan	. Tenge		800.00						800.00
United States	. Dollar				10,293.36				10,293.36
Kenneth Myers, III:	Double		700.00						700.00
Russia			700.00						700.00
United States	. Dollar				6,398.63				6,398.63
Turkev	Deller		632.00						632.00
			542.00						542.00
United Kingdom					6.903.82				6.903.82
United States	. Dollar				0,903.62				0,903.82
	. Dram		436.00						436.00
Armenia			399.00						399.00
Germany Turkey	. New Lira		1.155.00						1.155.00
United States	Dollar		,		10,001.29				10,001.29
United States	. Duliai				10,001.23				10,001.23
Total			8.800.12		49.885.40				58.685.52

JOSEPH R. BIDEN, Jr., Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations, Apr. 17, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, AMENDMENT TO FOURTH QUARTER OF 2006, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754, COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2006

		Per (	diem	Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Senator Christopher Dodd: Jordan Syria Israel United States	Dollar		639.00 195.31 446.00		8,434.21				639.00 195.31 446.00 8,434.21
Totals			1,280.31		8,434.21				9,714.52

RICHARD G. LUGAR, Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations, Apr. 18, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

		Per	diem	Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Elise Bean: United States	Dollar		1,309.00		814.28				814.28 1,309.00

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007—Continued

		Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Total			1,309.00		814.28				2,123.28

JOSEPH I. LIEBERMAN, Chairman, Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, Mar. 22, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE FOR TRAVEL FROM JAN. 1 TO MAR. 31, 2007

Name and country		Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Todd Rosenblum			662.97						662.97
Senator Christopher S. Bond			2,143.00						2,143.00
	dollar				9,276.74				9,276.74
Louis Tucker			2,093.00						2,093.00
	dollar				9,276.74				9,276.74
Eric Rosenbach			1,567.00		10 100 00				1,567.00
D 111	dollar		1.555.00		13,168.00				13,168.00
Daniel Jones	dellas		1,555.00		12 100 00				1,555.00
Craser, Thislmann	dollar		1.555.00		13,168.00				13,168.00 1,555.00
Gregory Thielmann	dellas		1,555.00		8,858.19				8,858.19
Jannifer Wagner	dollar		1,653.00						1,653.00
Jennifer Wagner	dollar		1,055.00		8,867.98				8,867.98
Thomas J. Pack			1.779.03						1,779.03
INOMAS J. Pack	dollar		,		8.847.98				8,847.98
Senator Sheldon Whitehouse			66.35		.,.				66.35
John Maguire			66.00						66.00
Mindy Myers			68.60						68.60
Senator Evan Bayh			242.24						242.24
Total			13,051.19	71,463.63					84,514.82

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER IV, Chairman, Select Committee on Intelligence, Apr. 30, 2007.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS FOR FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2006

		Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Tota	al
Name and country	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Edward B. Pusey: United States Germany Luxembourg Italy Dahlia Melendrez:	Dollar		656.00 369.00 645.00		6,375.96				6,375.96 656.00 369.00 645.00
United States Germany Luxembourg Italy	Dollar Euro Euro		656.00 369.00 645.00		6,355.96				6,355.96 656.00 369.00 645.00
Total			3,340.00		12,731.92				16,071.92

LARRY E. CRAIG, Chairman, Committee on Veterans' Affairs, Dec. 31, 2006.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON CODEL REID—CANCELLED FOR TRAVEL FROM MAR. 15 TO MAR. 18, 2007

Name and country	Name of currency	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		Total	
		Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Delegation Expenses: Mexico	Pesos						6,318.00		6,318.00
Total							6,318,00		6,318.00

HARRY REID.

\* Delegation expenses include payments and reimbursements to the Department of State and the Department of Defense under the authority of Sec. 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Sec. 22 of P.L. 95–384, and S. Res 179 agreed to May 25 1997.

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON CODEL REID FOR TRAVEL FROM DEC. 27 TO JAN. 2, 2007

Name and country		Per	Per diem		Transportation		Miscellaneous		al
	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Senator Harry Reid:	Roliviano		247 00						247 00

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384-22 U.S.C. 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON CODEL REID FOR TRAVEL FROM DEC. 27 TO JAN. 2, 2007—Continued

Name and country		Per	diem	Transp	ortation	Miscellaneous		Total	
	Name of currency	Foreign currency	U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency						
Ecuador			584.00 508.00						548.00 508.00
Senator Richard Durbin: BoliviaEcuador	Boliviano		71.00 383.00						71.00 383.00
Peru			358.00						358.00
Bolivia			247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00
PeruSenator Judd Gregg:	Dollar		508.00						508.00
Bolivia Ecuador	Dollar		247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00
Peru Senator Robert Bennett: Bolivia			508.00 247.00						508.00 247.00
Ecuador Peru	Dollar		584.00 508.00						584.00 508.00
Senator Ken Salazar: Bolivia	Boliviano		247.00						247.00
Ecuador			584.00 508.00						584.00 508.00
Dr. John Eisold: BoliviaEcuador			247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00
Peru			508.00						508.00
BoliviaEcuador	Dollar		247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00
Peru Jim Manley: Bolivia			508.00 247.00						508.00 247.00
Ecuador Peru	Dollar		584.00 508.00						584.00 508.00
Marcela Urrutia: Bolivia	Boliviano		247.00						247.00
Ecuador			584.00 508.00						584.00 508.00
Bolivia			247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00
PeruSally Walsh:	Dollar		508.00						508.00
Bolivia Ecuador	Dollar		247.00 584.00						247.00 584.00 508.00
Peru* * Delegation Expenses: Bolivia			508.00				22.145.19		22.145.1
Ecuador Peru	Dollar						10,844.05 31,191.07		10,844.05 31,191.07
Total			15,541.00				64,180.31		79,721.31

#### ORDER FOR REPORTING AND RECORD TO REMAIN OPEN

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that on Friday, May 4, 2007, notwithstanding a recess or adjournment of the Senate, Senate committees may report Legislative and Executive Calendar business and that the RECORD remain open for the submission

of statements and the introduction of legislation until 1 p.m.

The ACTING PRESIDENT pro tempore. Without objection, it is so or-

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL MONDAY, MAY 7, 2007, AT 2:15 P.M.

Mr. REID. Mr. President, I know of no further business to come before the

Senate today, so I thank the Chair for presiding and I ask unanimous consent that the Senate stand adjourned under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 10:21 a.m., adjourned until Monday, May 7, 2007, at 2:15 p.m.

<sup>\*</sup>Delegation expenses include payments and reimbursements to the Department of State, and the Department of Defense under the authority of Sec. 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Sec. 22 of P.L. 95–384, and S. Res. 179 agreed to May 25, 1977.