Rendus 3D

TIPE de Yann RUELLAN

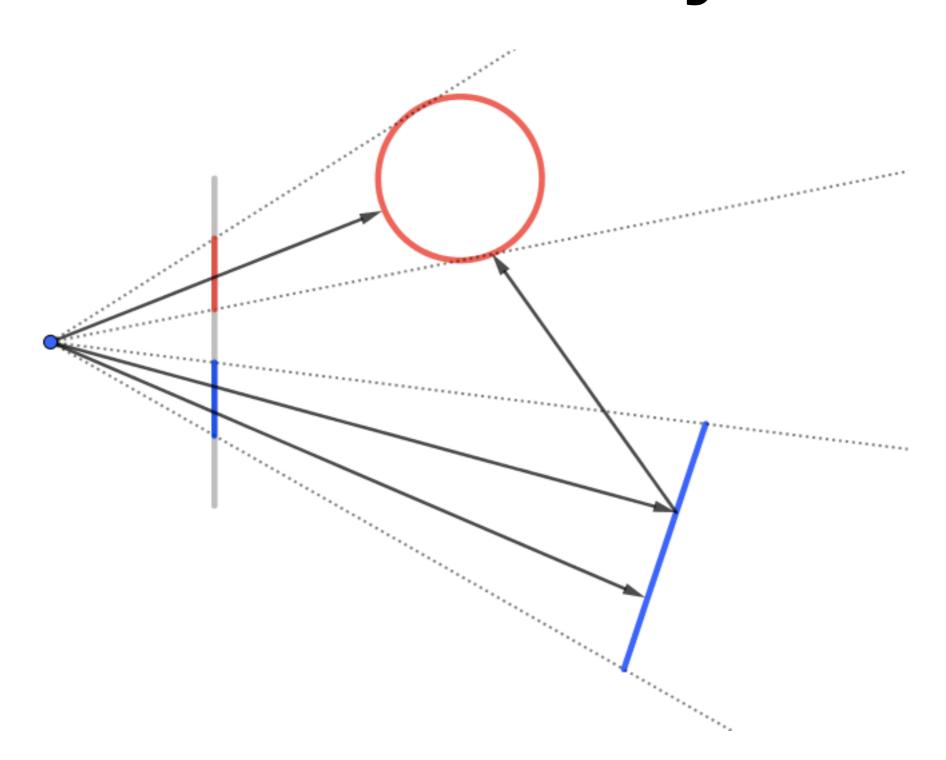
Comment afficher des objets en trois dimensions sur un écran en deux dimensions ?



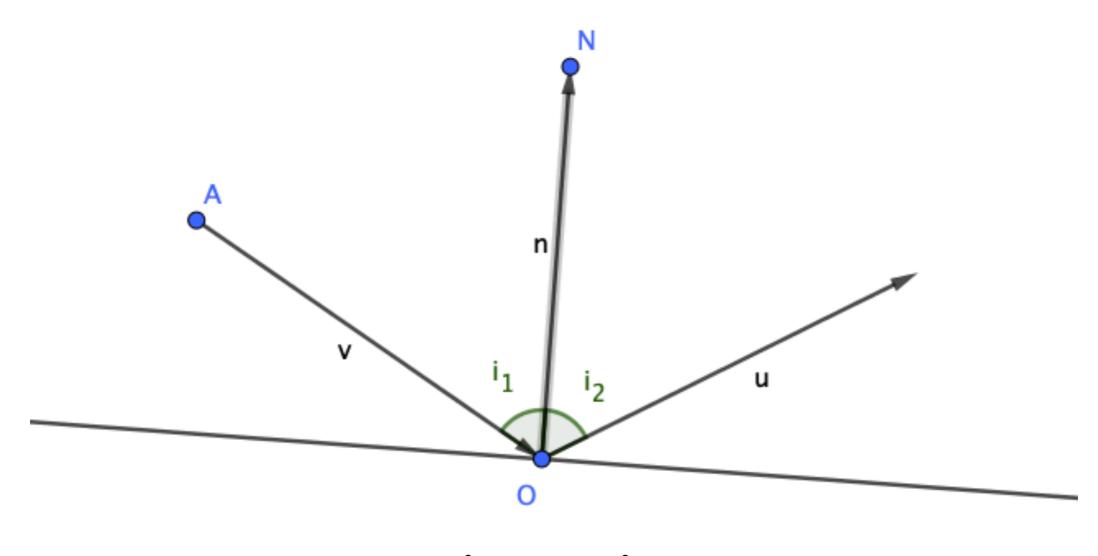
Plan

- Lancer de Rayon
- Optique
- Géométrie
- Programmation

Le lancer de rayons

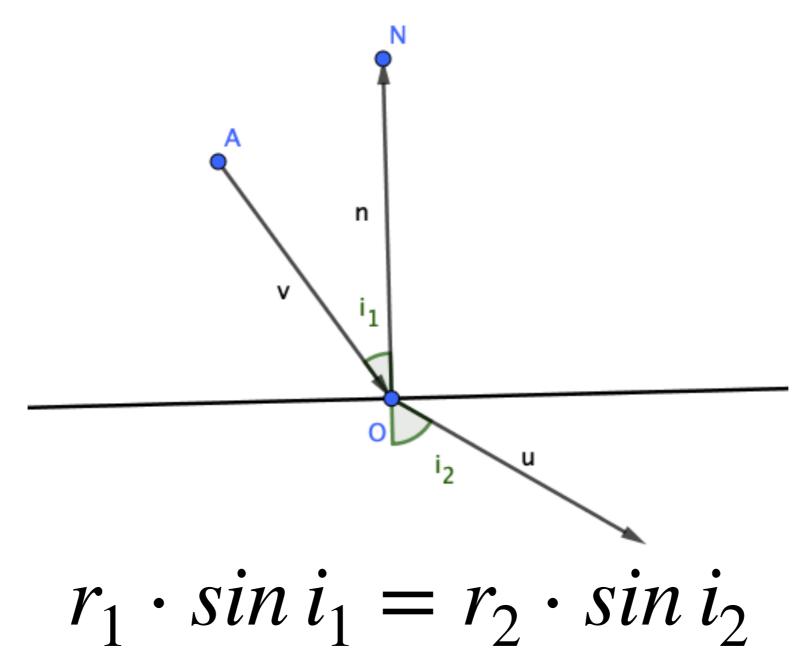


Optique Lois de Descartes : Réflexion

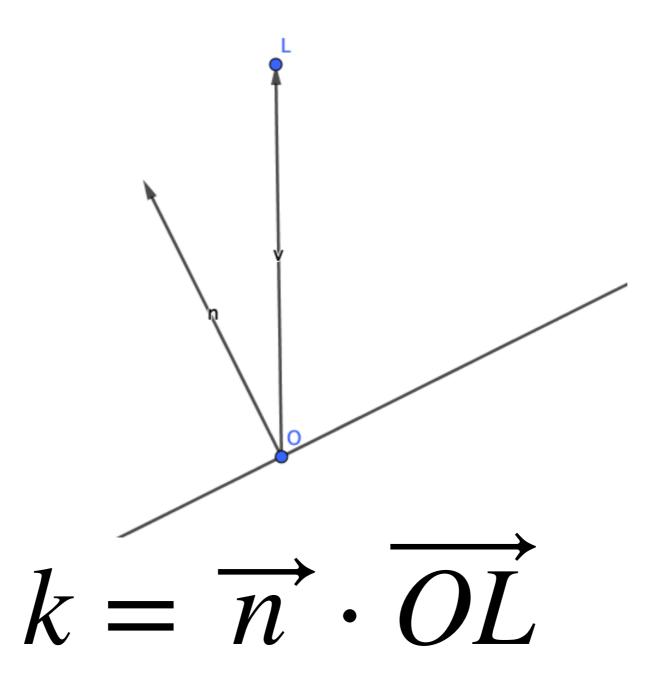


$$i_1 = i_2$$

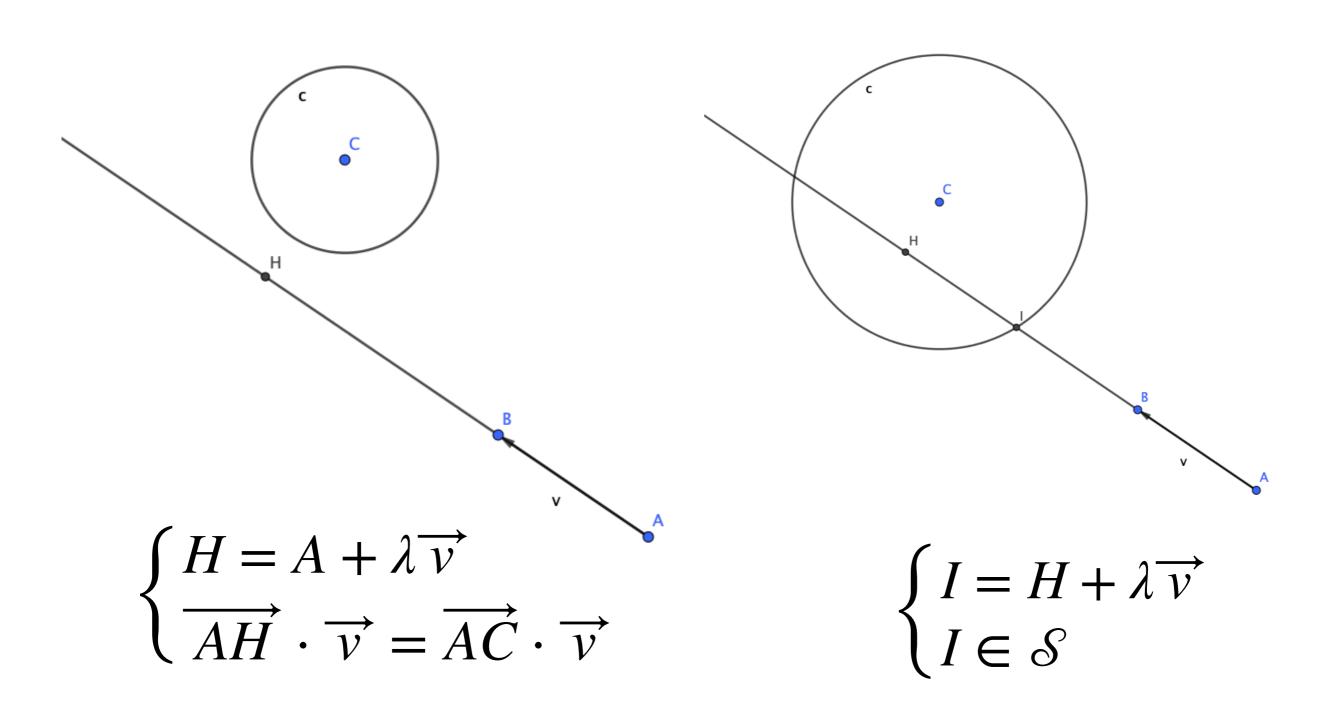
Optique Lois de Descartes : Réfraction



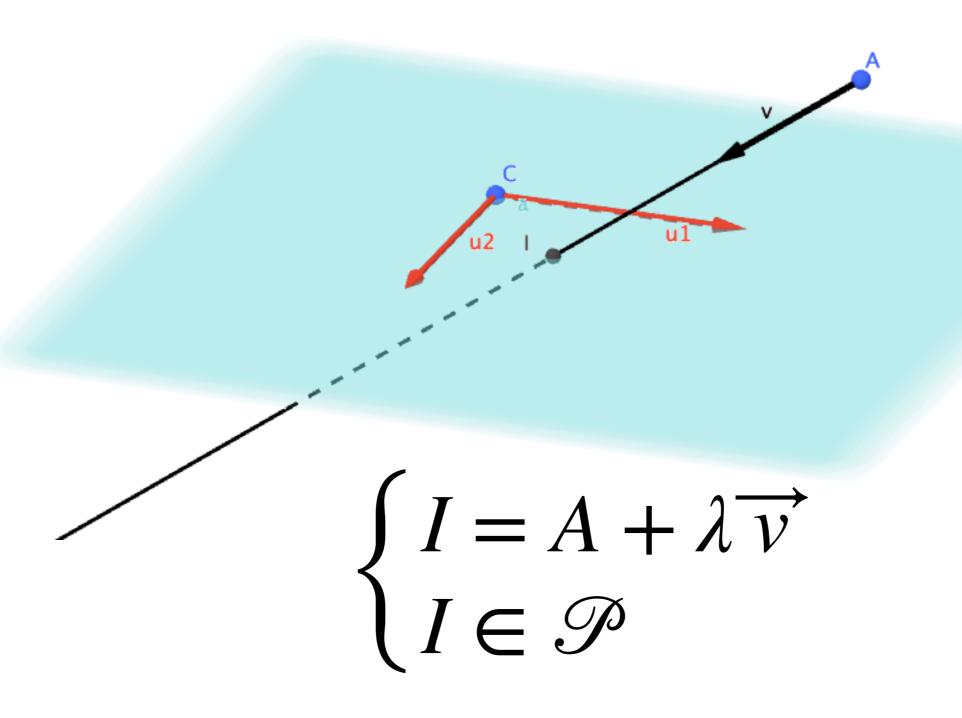
Optique Luminosité



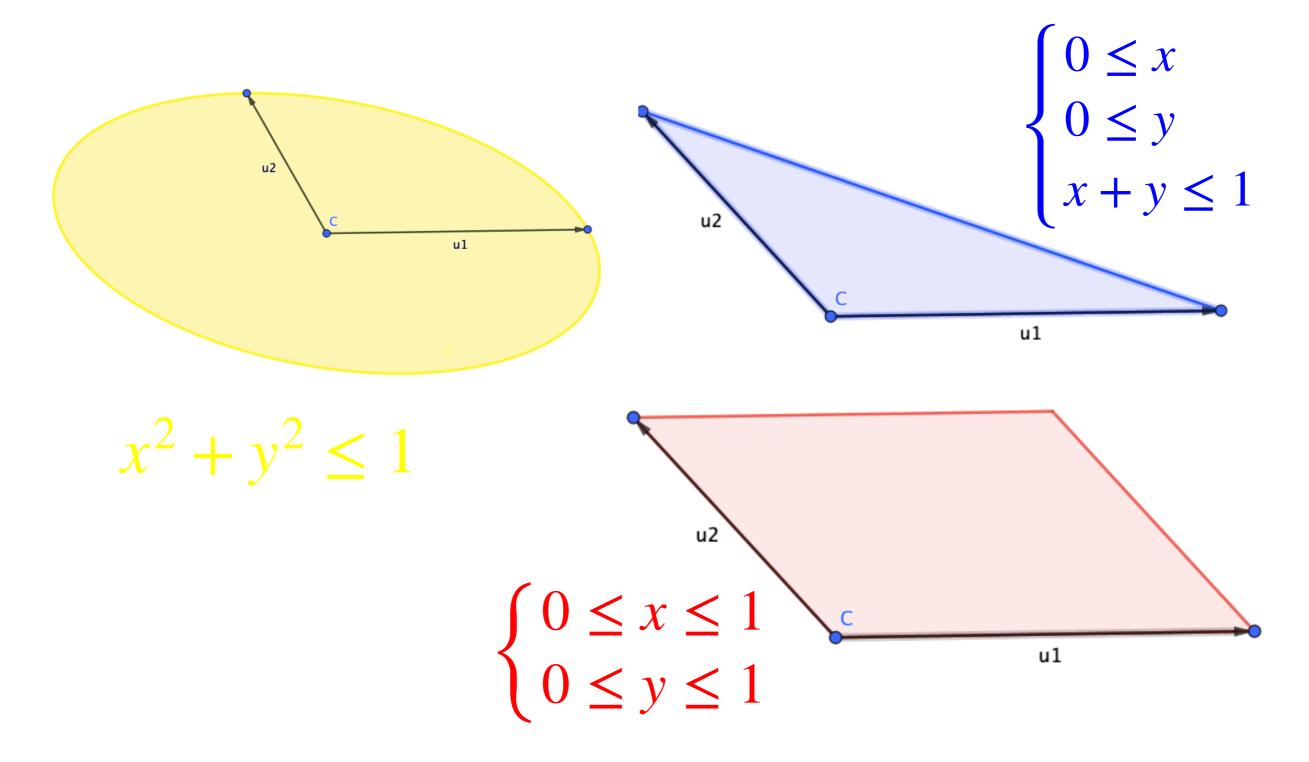
Géométrie Intersection d'une Sphère



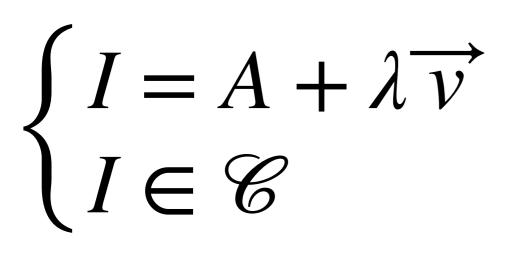
Géométrie Intersection d'un Plan

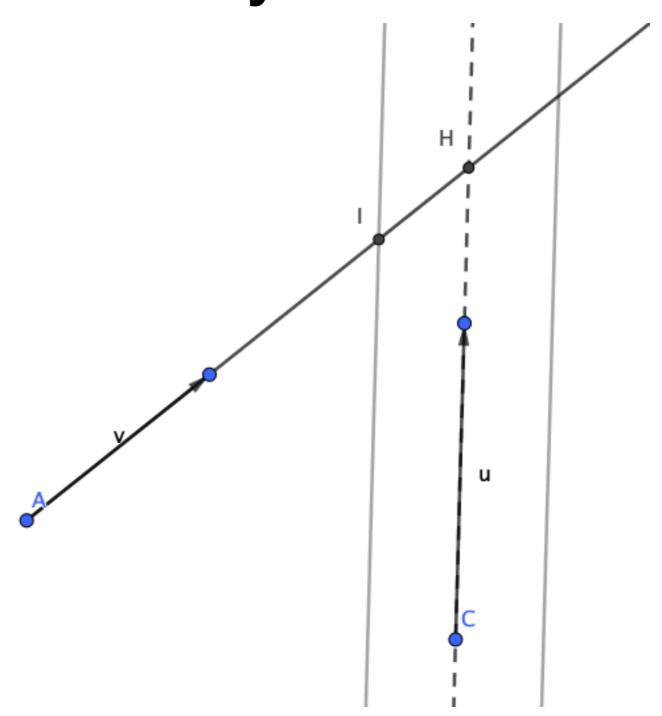


Géométrie Intersection d'un Plan

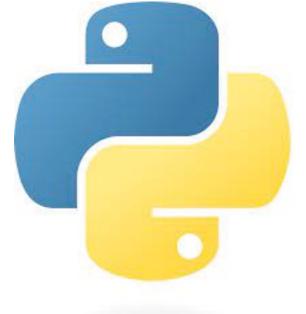


Géométrie Intersection d'un Cylindre





Programmation GLSL





Python3

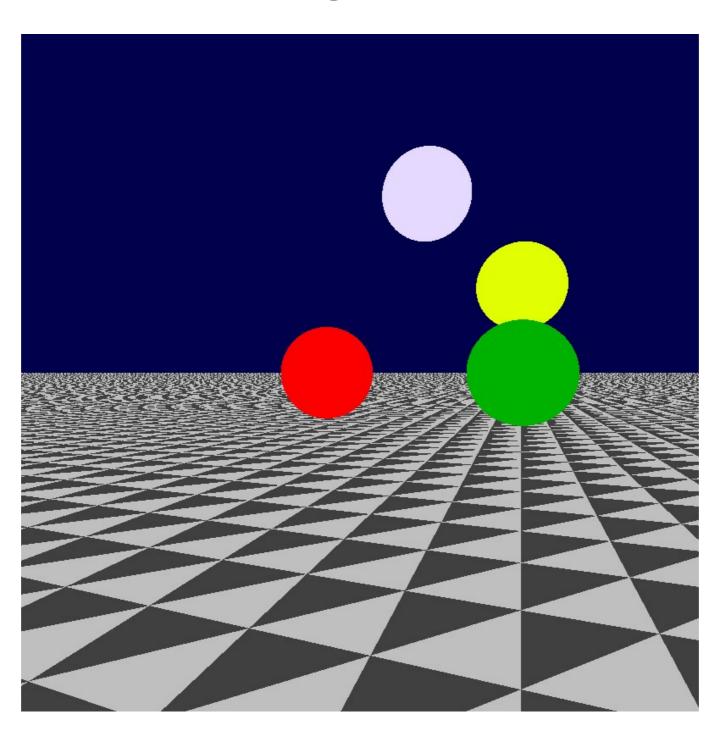
GLSL

Image 400x400: 160 000 pixels

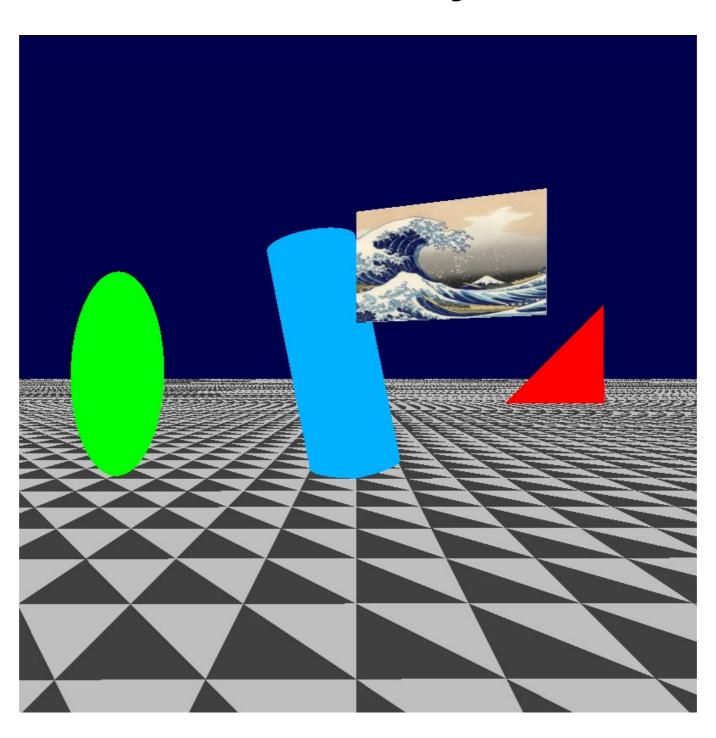
2 minutes

0.1 secondes

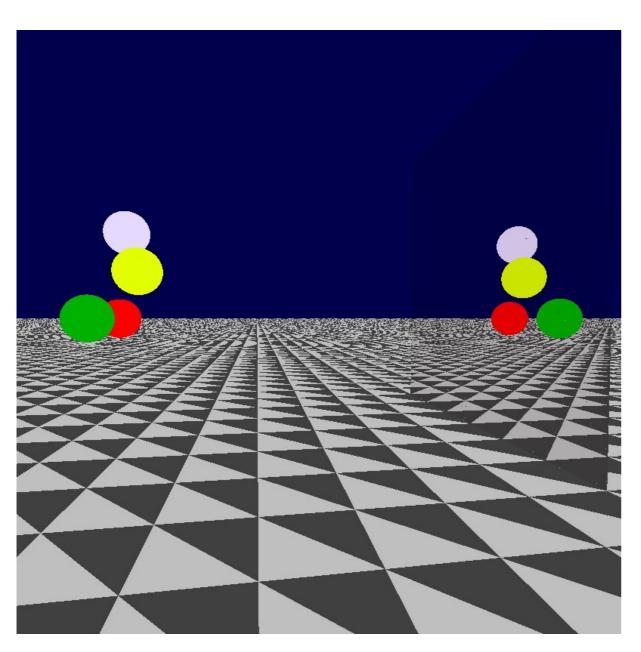
Programmation Affichage Simple

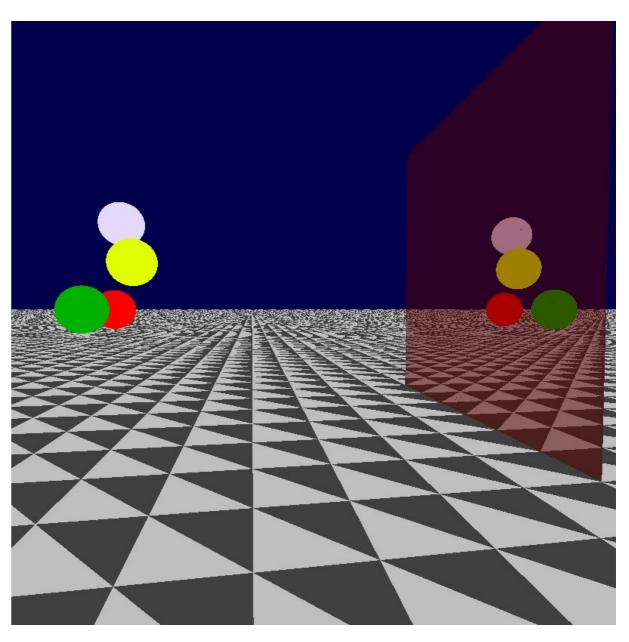


Programmation Divers Objets

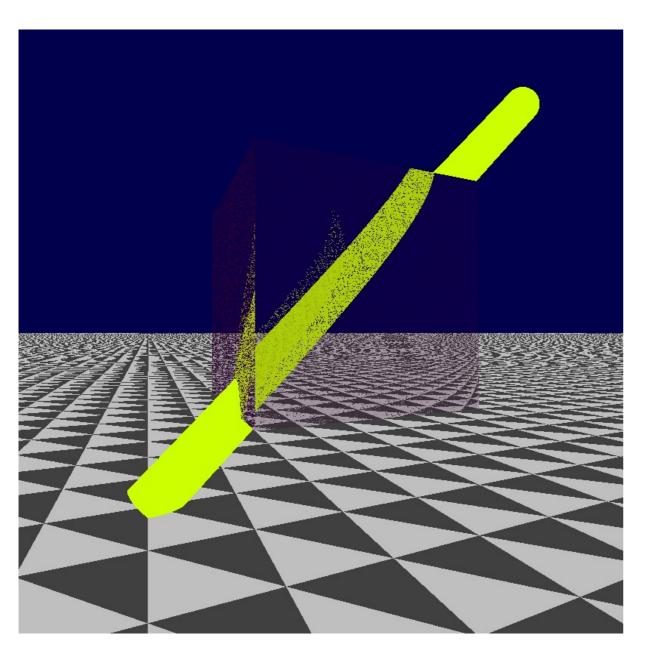


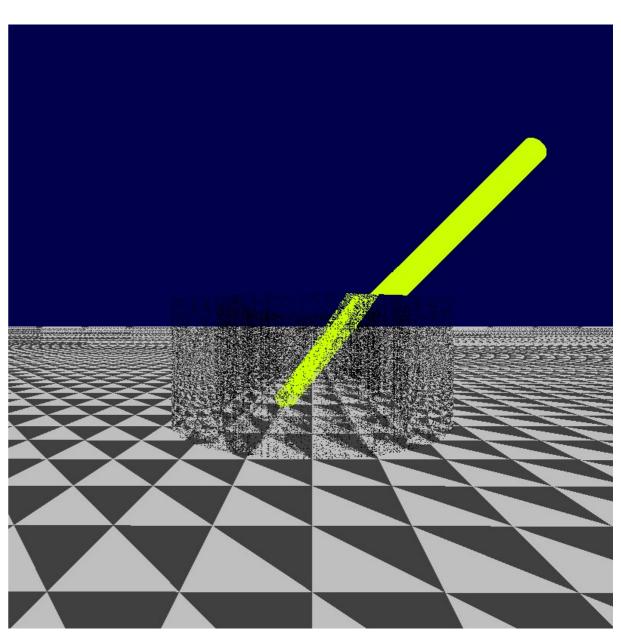
Programmation Reflexion



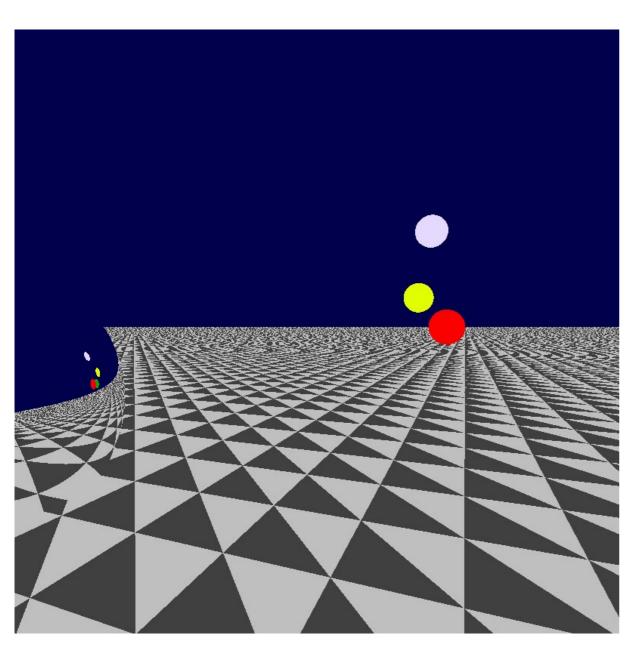


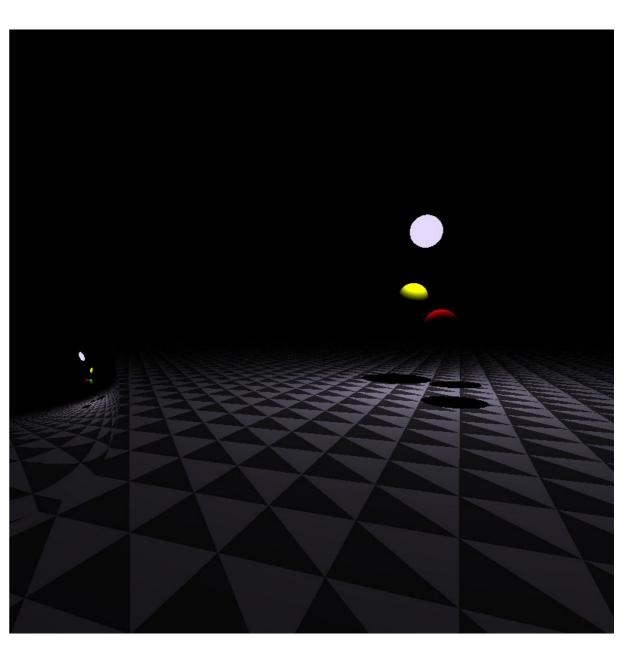
Programmation Refraction





Programmation Lumière





« Toute science commence comme philosophie et se termine en art »

-William James Durant

Lois d'Optique

```
vec3 reflexion(vec3 v, vec3 n){
    return v - 2.0 * dot(v,n) / dot(n,n) * n;
vec3 refraction(vec3 v_, vec3 n, float r){
   vec3 v = normalize(v);
   float a = dot(n,n);
    float b = r * dot(n,v);
    float c = r * r * dot(v,v) - 1;
    if (b * b - a * c < 0) return vec3(0.);
   // if (b * b - a * c < 0) return reflexion(v,n);
    float d = sqrt(b * b - a * c);
    if (dot(v,n) < 0) d*= -1;
    float k = (-b + d) / a;
    return k * n + r * v;
```

Intersection d'une Sphère

```
Line get_intersection(Line L, Sphere S){
    // Return the intersection and the normal of the sphere
    float d = dot(S.center - L.origin, L.v);
    if (d \le 0.0) return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
    vec3 H = L.origin + d / norm2(L.v) * L.v;
    vec3 u = H - S.center;
    float l = S.radius * S.radius - dot(u,u);
    // H isnt in the sphere
    if (l < 0.) return Line(H, vec3(0.));
   // H is in the sphere
    // We calculate the intersection based on H
    vec3 I = H ;
    if (d - sqrt(l) < 0) I += sqrt(l) * normalize(L_v);
    else I -= sqrt(l) * normalize(L.v);
    vec3 n = I - S.center;
    return Line(I, n);
```

Intersection d'un Cylindre

```
Line get_intersection(Line L, Cylinder C){
                                                         vec3 I = L.origin + lambda * L.v ;
                                                         vec3 N = I - C.origin - dot(I - C.origin,
    vec3 v1 = cross(L.v,C.v);
    vec3 v2 = cross(L.origin - C.origin, C.v);
                                                     C.v) * C.v / norm2(C.v);
                                                         if (
    float a = norm2(v1):
                                                             dot(I-C.origin, C.v) < 0.0
                                                             || dot(I-C.origin, C.v) > norm2(C.v)
    float b = dot(v1, v2);
    float c = norm2( v2 ) - C.radius *
                                                             || dot(I-L.origin, L.v) < 0.0
C.radius * norm2(C.v);
                                                         ) return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
    float d = b*b - a*c;
                                                         return Line(I,N);
    float lambda :
                                                     }
    if (d < 0.)
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
    else if (d == 0.0) lambda = -b / a;
    else {
        float lambda1 = (-b + sqrt(d)) / a;
        float lambda2 = (-b - sqrt(d)) / a;
        if ( lambda1 < 0 && lambda2 < 0)</pre>
            return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
        else if (lambda1 < 0)</pre>
            lambda = lambda2:
        else if (lambda2 < 0)</pre>
            lambda = lambda1;
        else if (lambda1 < lambda2)</pre>
            lambda = lambda1;
        else lambda = lambda2;
```

Intersection d'un Plan

```
Line get_intersection(Line L, Plane T, int
type){
    vec3 n = cross(T.u1,T.u2);
                                                     <= 1.){
    if (dot(n,L.v) == 0.)
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
    // The line intersect the plane of the
                                                          }
plane
    float lambda = dot(n, T.origin - L.origin)
/ dot(n,L.v);
    if (lambda <= 0.0)</pre>
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
    // H is the intersection
    vec3 H = L.origin + lambda * L.v ;
    vec3 v = H - T.origin ;
    vec3 normal = dot(L.v,n) > 0.0 ? -n : n ;
                                                          }
    if (type == 2) return Line(H, normal);
    // a and b are coordinate relative to the
                                                     0 = <= b)
local base of the plane (T.u1, T.u2)
    vec3 coordinate =
locals cord(v,T.u1,T.u2);
    if (coordinate.z == 0.0)
                                                     }
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));;
    float a = coordinate.x / coordinate.z;
    float b = coordinate.y / coordinate.z;
```

```
// The intersection is in the rectangle
if (type == 3){
    if (0. <= a && a <= 1. && 0. <= b && b
        return Line(H, normal);
    } else {
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
// The intersection is in the circle
if (type == 4){
    if (a*a + b*b < 1)
        return Line(H, normal);
    } else {
        return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));
// The intersection is in the triangle
if (0. <= a+b && a+b <= 1. && 0. <= a &&
    return Line(H, normal);
} else { return Line(vec3(0.), vec3(0.));}
```

Calcul d'une Couleur

```
vec4 calc color(Object Obj, Line Normal, float
dist from origin){
                                                                       if (
   vec3 col = vec3(0.);
                                                                           inter.type == Obj.type &&
                                                                           inter.color == Obj.color &&
    vec3 obj col;
    float n col = 0.0;
                                                                           inter.mirror == Obj.mirror &&
                                                                           inter.is light == Obj.is light &&
    if ( Obj.color == vec3(0.0, 0.0, 0.01)){
                                                                           inter.sphere == Obj.sphere &&
         // Color with image
                                                                           inter.plane == Obj.plane
        vec3 v = Normal.origin - Obj.plane.origin ;
                                                                      ) {
                                                                          // angle : 1 if normal
                                                                                                     0 if colinear
        vec3 pos =
locals cord(v,Obj.plane.u1,Obj.plane.u2);
                                                                           float angle =dot(
        obj col = texture2D(u tex0, vec2(pos.x / pos.z,
                                                                               normalize(Normal.v),
                                                                               normalize(light dir));
1-pos.y / pos.z) ).rgb;
                                                                           angle = clamp(angle, 0., 1.);
                                                                           float dist = norm2(light dir);
    } else if ( Obj.color == vec3(.5,.5,.5)) {
                                                                           float coef = 4 * angle / dist;
         // Color the floor
                                                                           if (angle != 0)\{x
        vec3 H = Normal.origin ;
                                                                               if (light type == 2) col += coef *
        bool cond = fract(H.x)-fract(H.z) < 0.0;</pre>
                                                              Light.color * obj col;
        obj col = cond ? vec3(0.25) : vec3(0.75) ;
                                                                               else col += coef * Light.color;
    } else {
                                                                               n col += coef;
         // base color
        obj col = Obj.color;
                                                                       } else {
                                                                           col += vec3(0);
                                                                           n col += 1;
    if (Obj.is light){
        return vec4(Obj.color,-1.0);
                                                                  }
    else if (light type != 0 && Obj.mirror != 1.0) {
                                                                   if (light type != 2) { // Ambient light
        // Add liaht
                                                                       col += (1 - Obj.mirror) * obj_col;
       Object Light = objects[0];
                                                                      n col += (1 - Obj.mirror);
        vec3 center = Light.type == 0 ?
                                                                   }
            Light.sphere.center : Light.plane.origin ;
        vec3 light dir = center - Normal.origin ;
                                                                   return vec4(col,n col);
       Line ray = Line(center,-light_dir);
        Object inter = get_intersection(ray);
```

Calcul d'un pixel

```
vec3 draw(Line Ray){
    vec3 col = vec3(0.);
                                                                  col += col weight * res.w * res.xyz ;
    float n_col = 0;
                                                                  n col += col weight * res.w ;
    float col weight = 1:
                                                                  col weight *= best obj.mirror;
    float dist from origin = 0;
                                                                  if (col weight == 0) break;
    const int n_reflection = 4;
                                                                  if (best_obj.refrac != 1.0 ){
                                                                      bool is reverse;
    for (int i = 0; i < n_reflection; i++){</pre>
                                                                      if (best_obj.type == 0) is_reverse =
                                                          dot(N.origin - best obj.sphere.center,Ray.v) >
        Object best_obj = get_intersection(Ray);
                                                          0.0;
                                                                      else if (best obj.type == 1)
        if (best obj.type == -1){
                                                                          is reverse = dot(N.v,Ray.v) > 0.0;
            if (light type == 2) col += col weight
* \text{ vec3}(0.0) ;
                                                                      else is reverse =
            else col += col_weight * vec3(0.0, 0.0,
                                                          dot(cross(best_obj.plane.u1,best_obj.plane.u2),Ray.
0.3);
                                                          V) > 0:
            n_col += col_weight ;
                                                                      float r = is reverse ?
            break ;
                                                                          1/best_obj.refrac : best_obj.refrac
        Line N = get intersection(Ray, best obj);
                                                                      Ray.v = refraction(Ray.v,N.v,r);
        dist_from_origin += distance(N.origin,
                                                                      if (Ray.v == vec3(0.0)) break;
Ray.origin);
                                                                  } else {
        vec4 res = calc color(best obj, N,
                                                                      Ray.v = reflection(Ray.v,N.v);
dist_from_origin );
                                                                  Ray.origin = N.origin ;
        if ( res.w == -1.0) {
            // if best obj is a light
            col += col weight * res.xyz;
                                                              }
            n col += col weight;
                                                              return col / n_col ;
            break:
        }
                                                          }
```

Fonction main

```
void main() {
    float size = max(u_resolution.x,u_resolution.y);
    vec2 st = 1.0 * (gl_FragCoord.xy / vec2(size, size) - .5);
    vec3 col = vec3(0);
    const int calc_by_pixel = 2 ;
    for (int i = 0; i < calc_by_pixel; i++){</pre>
        for (int j = 0; j < calc_by_pixel; j++){</pre>
            vec2 mouse = 3 * ((u_mouse + vec2(i,j)/calc_by_pixel) /
u resolution - .5);
            mat3 M = rot(0, -2*mouse.x, mouse.y);
            vec3 B = vec3(st.x,st.y,0.66);
            vec3 A = vec3(position.x,0,position.y);
            Line Ray = Line(
                Α,
                normalize(M * B)
            col += draw(Ray);
    gl_FragColor = vec4(col / (calc_by_pixel * calc_by_pixel), 1.0);
}
```